## GRTS Survey Designs for an Area Resource

Thomas Kincaid

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This document presents example GRTS survey designs for an area resource. The area resource used in the designs is Omernik level 3 ecoregions within Utah. Four survey designs will be presented: (1) an unstratified, equal probability design; (2) an unstratified, unequal probability design; (3) a stratified, equal probability design; and (4) an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. The sampling frame used for the survey designs is contained in either an ESRI shapefile or an sp package object. The frame contains the coordinates for a set of polygons that define the area resource in addition to attribute data associated with the polygons. The coordinate system for the set of points in the sampling frame is an equal area projection rather than latitude and longitude. An equal area projection is used so that calculation of distance between points is valid.

#### 1 **Preliminaries**

The intital step is to use the library function to load the spsurvey package. After the package is loaded, a message is printed to the R console indicating that the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

Load the spsurvey package

```
> # Load the spsurvey package
> library(spsurvey)
```

Version 2.1 of the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

Version 2.1 of the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

#### 2 Shapefile attribute data

The next step is to read the attribute data from the shapefile. The read dbf function in the spsurvey package is used to read the attribute (dbf) file in the shapefile and assign it to a data frame named att. The initial six lines in the att data frame are printed using the head function.

The ecoregion attribute will be used to define stratum codes and unequal selection probability (multidensity) categories for the survey designs. Ecoregion is contained in a variable named "level3\_nam" and includes seven unique values. Frame area is summarized for the ecoregion attribute. Note that ecoregion area measured in hectares is contained in the variable named "area\_ha". The tapply function is used to calculate total area for each ecoregion. The addmargins function is applied to the output from tapply to calculate total area for all all ecoregions, and the round function is used to round value to whole numbers. Finally, the resulting table is displayed.

Read the attribute table from the shapefile

```
> # Read the attribute table from the shapefile
> att <- read.dbf("eco_13_ut")
>
```

Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame

> # Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame
> head(att)

	level3	level3_nam a	area_ha	area_mdm
1	80	Northern Basin and Range 263	3999.04	2639990439
2	18	Wyoming Basin 293	1058.83	2910588302
3	13	Central Basin and Range 8200	6454.64	82064546355
4	19	Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 4256	6949.15	42569491524
5	20	Colorado Plateaus 8579	9716.31	85797163092
6	21	Southern Rockies 54	4090.91	540909129

>

Summarize frame area by ecoregion

```
> # Summarize frame area by ecoregion
> temp <- tapply(att$area_ha, att$level3_nam, sum)
> temp <- round(addmargins(temp), 0)
> temp
```

```
Central Basin and Range 8206455 8579716

Mojave Basin and Range Northern Basin and Range 193186 263999

Southern Rockies Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 94644 4353925

Wyoming Basin Sum 291059 21982984
```

>

Ecoregions in Utah are displayed in Figure 1. To produce the figure, first the read shape function in the spsurvey package is used to read the shapefile and assign it to an object named shp. The shp object takes the form of a spatial data object defined in the sp package. Specifically, shp belongs to class "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame". For further information about spatial data objects, see documentation for the sp package. The spplot function in the sp package is used to create the figure.

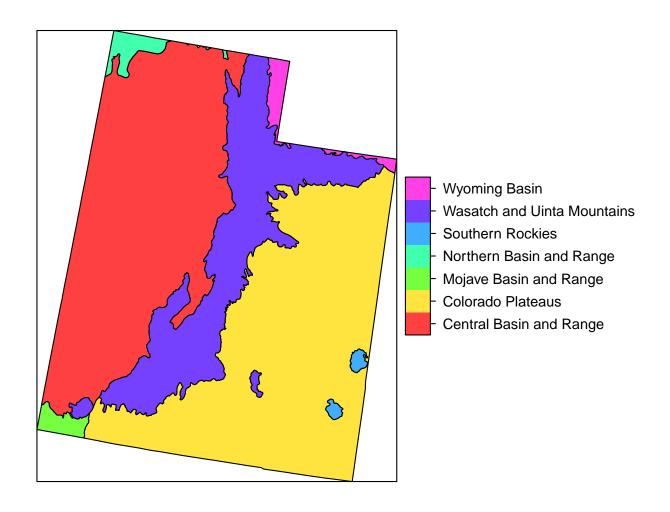


Figure 1: Ecoregions in Utah.

#### 3 Unstratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The first survey design is an unstratified, equal probability design. The set.seed function is called so that, if necessary, the designs can be replicated.

The initial step is to create a list named Equaldsgn that contains information for specifying the survey design. Since the survey design is unstratified, the list contains a single item named "None" that also is a list. The "None" list includes two items: panel, which is used to specify the sample size for each panel, and seltype, which is used to input the type of random selection for the design. For this example, panel is assigned a single value named "PanelOne" that is set equal to 115, and seltype is assigned the value "Equal", which indicates equal probability selection.

The grts function in the spsurvey package is called to select the survey design. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: the named list of stratum design specifications, which is assigned the Equaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: name for the design, which is used to create a site ID for each site and is assigned the value "EQUAL"; (3) type.frame: the type of frame, which is assigned the value "area" to indicate an area resource; (4) src.frame: source of the frame, which is assigned the value "shapefile" to indicate a shapefile frame; (5) in.shape: name of the input shapefile, which is assigned the value "eco\_l3\_ut"; (6) att.frame: the data frame of attributes associated with elements in the frame, which is assigned the att data frame; and (7) shapefile: option to create a shapefile containing the survey design information, which is assigned FALSE.

During execution of the grts function, messages are printed that indicate the initial number of hierarchical levels used for the GRTS grid, the current number of levels, and the final number of levels. The set of messages is printed for each stratum, and is labeled with the stratum name. For this example, the set of messages is labeled "None", i.e., the name used in the Equaldsgn list. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Call the set.seed function so that the design can be replicated

```
> # Call the set.seed function so that the survey designs can be replicate
> set.seed(4447864)
>
Create the design list
> # Create the design list
> Equaldsgn <- list(None=list(panel=c(PanelOne=115), seltype="Equal"))</pre>
Select the sample
> Equalsites <- grts(design=Equaldsgn,
                      DesignID="EQUAL";
                      type.frame="area",
                      src.frame="shapefile",
                      in.shape="eco_13_ut",
                      att.frame=att,
                      shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
```

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

```
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Equalsites@data)
```

```
siteID
              xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                            wgt stratum
                                                            panel EvalStatus
                               Equal 1911563856
1 EQUAL-001 -1380291 1957318
                                                    None PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
2 EQUAL-002 -1319532 2173926
                               Equal 1911563856
                                                    None PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
3 EQUAL-003 -1278955 1790044
                               Equal 1911563856
                                                    None PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
4 EQUAL-004 -1335829 1692360
                               Equal 1911563856
                                                    None PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
5 EQUAL-005 -1363873 2104922
                               Equal 1911563856
                                                    None PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
6 EQUAL-006 -1393612 2176841
                                                    None PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
                               Equal 1911563856
 EvalReason level3
                                      level3_nam area_ha
1
                         Central Basin and Range 8206455
                 13
2
                 19 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 4256949
3
                 20
                               Colorado Plateaus 8579716
4
                 20
                               Colorado Plateaus 8579716
5
                 13
                         Central Basin and Range 8206455
6
                 13
                         Central Basin and Range 8206455
>
```

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Equalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum None Sum 115 115

>

## 4 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design

The second survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design. Ecoregions are used to identify multidensity categories. List Unequaldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Unequaldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains three items: panel, seltype, and caty.n. The value for panel is the same as for the equal probability design, and seltype is assigned "Unequal" to indicate unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of seven multidensity categories, where ecoregion names are used as the categories. Note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the value in panel.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Unequaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "eco\_l3\_ut"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame;

(7) mdcaty: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the unequal probability category for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "level3\_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

3 PanelOne

NotEval

```
> Unequaldsgn <- list(None=list(panel=c(PanelOne=115),
                                 seltype="Unequal",
                                 caty.n=c("Central Basin and Range"=25,
                                          "Colorado Plateaus"=25,
                                          "Mojave Basin and Range"=10,
                                          "Northern Basin and Range"=10,
                                          "Southern Rockies"=10,
                                          "Wasatch and Uinta Mountains"=25,
                                          "Wyoming Basin"=10)))
   Select the sample
> Unequalsites <- grts(design=Unequaldsgn,
                       DesignID="UNEQUAL",
+
                       type.frame="area",
                       src.frame="shapefile",
                        in.shape="eco_13_ut",
                        att.frame=att,
                       mdcaty="level3_nam",
                       shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 6
Current number of levels: 7
Final number of levels: 7
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Unequalsites@data)
                                                     mdcaty
       siteID
                xcoord ycoord
                                                                    wgt stratum
1 UNEQUAL-001 -1333484 1950644 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 1741570045
                                                                           None
2 UNEQUAL-002 -1232565 1759146
                                          Colorado Plateaus 3431886524
                                                                           None
3 UNEQUAL-003 -1093456 2059377
                                              Wyoming Basin 291058830
                                                                           None
4 UNEQUAL-004 -1482863 1750027 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 1741570045
                                                                           None
5 UNEQUAL-005 -1262770 1907683
                                          Colorado Plateaus 3431886524
                                                                           None
6 UNEQUAL-006 -1273126 1835302
                                          Colorado Plateaus 3431886524
                                                                           None
     panel EvalStatus EvalReason level3
                                           area_ha
1 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                      19 4256949.2
2 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                      20 8579716.3
```

18 291058.8

```
4 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                       19 4256949.2
5 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                      20 8579716.3
6 PanelOne
                                       20 8579716.3
              NotEval
Print the survey design summary
> # Print the survey design summary
> dsgnsum(Unequalsites)
Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category)
mdcaty
    Central Basin and Range
                                        Colorado Plateaus
                          23
                                                       32
     Mojave Basin and Range
                                Northern Basin and Range
           Southern Rockies Wasatch and Uinta Mountains
                                                       24
              Wyoming Basin
                                                      Sum
                                                      115
```

### 5 Stratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The third survey design is a stratified, equal probability design. Ecoregions are used to identify strata. List Stratdsgn is assigned design specifications. The ecoregion attribute is used to identify strata. Stratdsgn includes seven lists, one for each stratum. The names for the lists match the levels of the stratum variable, i.e., the unique values of the ecoregion attribute. Each list in Stratdsgn contains three items: panel, seltype, and caty.n. The value for panel is the same as for the equal probability design, and seltype is assigned "Equal". The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of seven multidensity categories, where ecoregion names are used as the categories. Note that the sum of values provided in caty.n must equal the value in panel.

For this survey design, an sp package object will be used as the sampling frame. Recall that the read shape function was used to read the shapefile and assign its output to an sp object named shp. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Stratdsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "STRATIFIED"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "sp.object" to indicate that the sampling frame is provided by an sp object; (5) sp.object: name of the sp object, which is assigned the shp object; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; 7) stratum: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the stratum code for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "level3\_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

>

```
> Stratdsgn <- list("Central Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
+ seltype="Equal"),</pre>
```

```
"Colorado Plateaus"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
                                              seltype="Equal"),
                    "Mojave Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                                   seltype="Equal"),
                    "Northern Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                                     seltype="Equal"),
                    "Southern Rockies"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                             seltype="Equal"),
                    "Wasatch and Uinta Mountains"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
                                                        seltype="Equal"),
                    "Wyoming Basin"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                          seltype="Equal"))
   Select the sample
> Stratsites <- grts(design=Stratdsgn,
                     DesignID="STRATIFIED",
                     type.frame="area",
                     src.frame="sp.object",
                     sp.object=shp,
                     att.frame=att,
                     stratum="level3_nam",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: Central Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Colorado Plateaus
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Mojave Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Final number of levels: 3
Stratum: Northern Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
```

```
Stratum: Southern Rockies
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Wasatch and Uinta Mountains
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Wyoming Basin
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Stratsites@data)
          siteID
                   xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                                                     stratum
                                                wgt
1 STRATIFIED-001 -1327851 2203770 Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
2 STRATIFIED-002 -1531726 1900391 Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
3 STRATIFIED-003 -1361791 1994423 Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
4 STRATIFIED-004 -1441361 2072010 Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
5 STRATIFIED-005 -1489655 1760500 Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
6 STRATIFIED-006 -1412103 1897607 Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
     panel EvalStatus EvalReason level3 area_ha
1 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                     13 8206455
2 PanelOne NotEval
                                     13 8206455
3 PanelOne
           {	t NotEval}
                                     13 8206455
4 PanelOne NotEval
                                     13 8206455
5 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                     13 8206455
6 PanelOne
           {	t NotEval}
                                     13 8206455
Print the survey design summary
> # Print the survey design summary
```

stratum

> dsgnsum(Stratsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

```
Central Basin and Range 25 25

Mojave Basin and Range Northern Basin and Range 10 10

Southern Rockies Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 10 25

Wyoming Basin Sum 10 115
```

>

# 6 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time

The fourth survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. List Paneldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Paneldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains four items: panel, seltype, caty.n, and over. A vector identifying sample sizes for five panels is assigned to panel. The value "Unequal" is assigned seltype, which indicates unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of seven multidensity categories, where ecoregion names are used as the categories. Note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the sum of sample sizes in panel. The value 100 is assigned to over, which specifies an oversample of 100 sites. An oversample is replacement sites for the survey design. The grts function attempts to distribute the oversample proportionately among sample sizes for the multidensity categories. If the oversample proportion for one or more categories is not a whole number, a warning message is printed and the proportionate to the category sample sizes, and the warning message is printed by calling the warnings function.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Paneldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "eco\_l3\_ut"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) mdcaty: assigned the value "level3\_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

#### Select the sample

```
> Panelsites <- grts(design=Paneldsgn,
                     DesignID="UNEQUAL",
+
                     type.frame="area",
+
                     src.frame="shapefile",
                     in.shape="reg1_lakes",
                     att.frame=att,
                     mdcaty="level3_nam",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 7
Final number of levels: 7
Print the warning message
> # Print the warning message
> warnings()
Warning message:
In grts(design = Paneldsgn, DesignID = "UNEQUAL", type.frame = "area", :
Oversample size is not proportional to category sample sizes for stratum
"None".
   Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Panelsites@data)
       siteID
                xcoord ycoord
                                                     mdcaty
                                                                   wgt stratum
1 UNEQUAL-001 -1168123 1995920
                                          Colorado Plateaus 1361859732
                                                                           None
2 UNEQUAL-002 -1239412 1992259
                                          Colorado Plateaus 1361859732
                                                                           None
3 UNEQUAL-003 -1302734 2022940 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 691099224
                                                                           None
4 UNEQUAL-004 -1527783 1703419
                                     Mojave Basin and Range 128790717
                                                                           None
                                          Colorado Plateaus 1361859732
5 UNEQUAL-005 -1224935 1798145
                                                                           None
6 UNEQUAL-006 -1307952 1898846 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 691099224
                                                                           None
    panel EvalStatus EvalReason level3
                                          area_ha
1 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                     20 8579716.3
2 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                     20 8579716.3
3 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    19 4256949.2
4 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    14 193186.1
5 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    20 8579716.3
6 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    19 4256949.2
```

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Panelsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category) and panel

]	panel					
mdcaty	OverSamp	${\tt Panel\_1}$	${\tt Panel\_2}$	${\tt Panel\_3}$	${\tt Panel\_4}$	Panel_5
Central Basin and Range	25	14	13	11	17	14
Colorado Plateaus	27	14	14	13	16	12
Mojave Basin and Range	6	3	3	5	3	2
Northern Basin and Range	7	2	2	3	3	2
Southern Rockies	7	3	3	2	0	3
Wasatch and Uinta Mountains	23	13	12	13	8	13
Wyoming Basin	7	1	3	3	3	4
Sum	102	50	50	50	50	50

	pane⊥
mdcaty	Sum
Central Basin and Range	94
Colorado Plateaus	96
Mojave Basin and Range	22
Northern Basin and Range	19
Southern Rockies	18
Wasatch and Uinta Mountains	82
Wyoming Basin	21
Sum	352

>