GRTS Survey Designs for a Finite Resource

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1 Processor

A little-endian processor is required for this vignette. The .Platform function is used to ensure that the processor is little-endian.

```
> # Ensure that the processor is little-endian
>
> if(.Platform$endian == "big")
```

```
+ stop("\nA little-endian processor is required for this vignette.")
>
```

2 Preliminaries

This document presents example GRTS survey designs for a finite resource. The finite resource used in the designs is lakes in the southern New England region of the U.S. Four survey designs will be presented: (1) an unstratified, equal probability design; (2) a stratified, equal probability design; (3) an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample; and (4) an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. The sampling frame used for the survey designs is contained in either an ESRI shapefile, a data frame, or an sp package object. The frame contains the coordinates for a set of points that define the finite resource in addition to attribute data associated with the points. The coordinate system for the set of points in the sampling frame is an equal area projection rather than latitude and longitude. An equal area projection is used so that calculation of distance between points is valid. Use of the three sources for the sampling frame will be illustrated in the example survey designs.

The initial step is to use the library function to load the spsurvey package. After the package is loaded, a message is printed to the R console indicating that the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

Load the spsurvey package

```
> # Load the spsurvey package
> library(spsurvey)
>
```

Version 3.4 of the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

3 Create a shapefile

For creating a survey design using the spsurvey package, the standard form of input regarding the resource is a shapefile. In order to conserve storage space, shapefiles are not included with the package. Instead, a data set from which a shapefile can be created is included in the data directory of the package. The data function is used to load the data set stored in the data directory into an object named NE_lakes. The sp2shape function is used to create a shapefile from the NE_lakes object. Note that objects loaded from the data sets in the data directory are stored in formats that are defined in the sp package. See documentation for the sp package for additional information regarding format of the objects.

```
> # Load the sp object in the data directory
> data(NE_lakes)
```

```
> # Create a shapefile
> sp2shape(sp.obj=NE_lakes, shpfilename="NE_lakes")
>
```

4 Shapefile attribute data

The next step is to read the attribute data from the shapefile. The read.dbf function in the spsurvey package is used to read the attribute (dbf) file in the shapefile and assign it to a data frame named att. The initial six lines in the att data frame are printed using the head function.

Two attributes, state name and lake area category, that will be used to define, respectively, stratum codes and unequal selection probability (multidensity) categories for the survey designs are examined. State name is contained in a variable named "state", and lake area category is contained in a variable named "area_cat". For lake area category, lakes are classified by surface area measured in hectares. The lake area categories are coded using values such as "(5,10]", which indicates that lake area is greater than five hectares but less than or equal to ten hectares. The table and addmargin functions are used to produce a table displaying number of lakes for each combination of values for the strata and multidensity category variables.

Read the attribute table from the shapefile

```
> # Read the attribute table from the shapefile
> att <- read.dbf("NE_lakes")
>
```

Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame

> # Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame
> head(att)

```
xcoord ycoord State Area_Cat
1 2012313 2474271
                          (10,50]
                      MA
2 2013905 2474343
                      MA
                            (1,5]
3 2008789 2472920
                      MA
                          (10,50]
4 2009814 2472036
                      MA (50,500]
5 2014014 2471614
                      MA
                           (5,10]
6 2015009 2468603
                          (10,50]
                      MA
```

>

Display number of lakes cross-classified by strata and multidensity category

```
> # Display number of lakes cross-classified by strata and multidensity
```

- > # category
- > addmargins(table("State"=att\$State, "Lake Area Category"=att\$Area_Cat))

Lake Area Category							
State	(0,1]	(1,5]	(10,50]	(5,10]	(50,500]	(500,1e+04]	Sum
CT	483	1181	284	270	90	4	2312
MA	194	1658	693	545	209	6	3305
RI	11	256	108	85	41	3	504
Sum	688	3095	1085	900	340	13	6121

Lakes in the southern New England region are displayed in Figure 1.

5 Unstratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The first survey design is an unstratified, equal probability design. The set seed function is called so that, if necessary, the designs can be replicated.

The initial step is to create a list named Equaldsgn that contains information for specifying the survey design. Since the survey design is unstratified, the list contains a single item named "None" that also is a list. The "None" list includes two items: panel, which is used to specify the sample size for each panel, and seltype, which is used to input the type of random selection for the design. For this example, panel is assigned a single value named "PanelOne" that is set equal to 300, and seltype is assigned the value "Equal", which indicates equal probability selection.

The grts function in the spsurvey package is called to select the survey design. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: the named list of stratum design specifications, which is assigned the Equaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: name for the design, which is used to create a site ID for each site and is assigned the value "EQUAL"; (3) type.frame: the type of frame, which is assigned the value "finite" to indicate a finite resource; (4) src.frame: source of the frame, which is assigned the value "shapefile" to indicate a shapefile frame; (5) in.shape: name of the input shapefile, which is assigned the value "NE_lakes"; (6) att.frame: the data frame of attributes associated with elements in the frame, which is assigned the att data frame; and (7) shapefile: option to create a shapefile containing the survey design information, which is assigned FALSE.

During execution of the grts function, messages are printed that indicate the initial number of hierarchical levels used for the GRTS grid, the current number of levels, and the final number of levels. The set of messages is printed for each stratum, and is labeled with the stratum name. For this example, the set of messages is labeled "None", i.e., the name used in the Equaldsgn list. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey

Southern New England Lakes

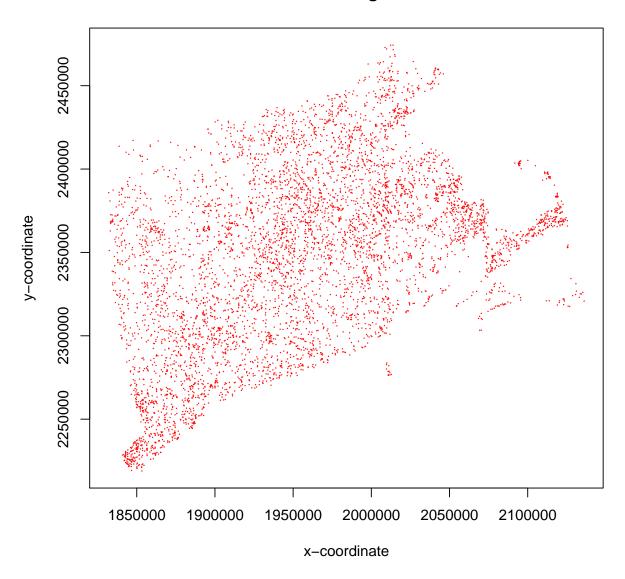


Figure 1: Location of lakes in the southern New England region.

design and a design summary are printed. The output object created by the grts function is assigned class "SpatialDesign". The design summary is created using the summary method for that class. In addition to summary, a plot method is available for the SpatialDesign class. For assistance using the summary and plot methods, see documentation for "SpatialDesign-class" on the R help page for spsurvey.

Call the set.seed function so that the design can be replicated

```
> # Call the set.seed function so that the survey designs can be replicate
> set.seed(4447864)
Create the design list
> # Create the design list
> Equaldsgn <- list(None=list(panel=c(PanelOne=300), seltype="Equal"))</pre>
Select the sample
> Equalsites <- grts(design=Equaldsgn,
                     DesignID="EQUAL",
                      type.frame="finite",
                      src.frame="shapefile",
                      in.shape="NE_lakes",
                      att.frame=att,
                      shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 6
Current number of levels: 7
Final number of levels: 7
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Equalsites@data)
                                                         panel EvalStatus
     siteID xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                         wgt stratum
1 EQUAL-001 2114167 2395530 Equal 20.40333
                                                None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
2 EQUAL-002 1980508 2343135 Equal 20.40333
                                                None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
```

```
3 EQUAL-003 1959920 2408654 Equal 20.40333
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                    NotEval
4 EQUAL-004 1907771 2302522
                              Equal 20.40333
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                    NotEval
5 EQUAL-005 2083109 2348787
                              Equal 20.40333
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                    NotEval
6 EQUAL-006 1985761 2418194
                              Equal 20.40333
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                    NotEval
  EvalReason xcoord.1 ycoord.1 State Area_Cat
1
              2114167
                        2395530
                                    MA
                                          (1,5]
2
                        2343135
                                          (1,5]
              1980508
                                    RΙ
3
              1959920
                        2408654
                                    MA
                                        (10,50]
4
              1907771
                        2302522
                                    CT
                                          (1,5]
5
                                          (1,5]
              2083109
                        2348787
                                    MA
6
              1985761
                        2418194
                                         (5,10]
                                    MA
```

Print the survey design summary

```
> # Print the survey design summary
```

> summary(Equalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum None Sum 300 300

>

6 Stratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The second survey design is a stratified, equal probability design. The state attribute is used to identify strata. List Stratdsgn is assigned design specifications. Stratdsgn includes six lists, one for each stratum. The names for the lists match the levels of the stratum variable, i.e., the unique values of the state attribute. Each list in Stratdsgn contains two items: panel and seltype. The value for panel is the same as the equal probability design (50), and seltype is assigned "Equal".

For this survey design, a data frame will be used as the sampling frame. Since it includes spatial coordinates, the att data frame will be used as the frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Stratdsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "STRATIFIED"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "finite"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "att.frame" to indicate that the sampling frame is provided by argument att.frame; (5) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (6) xcoord: name of the column in the attributes

data frame that identifies x-coordinates, which is assigned the value "xcoord"; (7) ycoord: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies y-coordinates, which is assigned the value "ycoord"; (8) stratum: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the stratum code for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "state"; and (9) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

> head(Stratsites@data)

```
> Stratdsgn <- list(CT=list(panel=c(PanelOne=125), seltype="Equal"),
                    MA=list(panel=c(PanelOne=125), seltype="Equal"),
                    RI=list(panel=c(PanelOne=50), seltype="Equal"))
Select the sample
> Stratsites <- grts(design=Stratdsgn,
                     DesignID="STRATIFIED",
                      type.frame="finite",
                      src.frame="att.frame",
                      att.frame=att,
                      xcoord="xcoord",
                      ycoord="ycoord",
+
                      stratum="State",
                      shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: CT
Current number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 6
Final number of levels: 6
Stratum: MA
Current number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 6
Final number of levels: 6
Stratum: RI
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 5
Final number of levels: 5
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
```

```
wgt stratum
          siteID xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                                             panel EvalStatus
1 STRATIFIED-001 1956475 2298201
                                   Equal 18.496
                                                      CT PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
2 STRATIFIED-002 1941900 2358465
                                   Equal 18.496
                                                      CT PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
3 STRATIFIED-003 1922626 2337816
                                   Equal 18.496
                                                      CT PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
4 STRATIFIED-004 1880092 2258457
                                   Equal 18.496
                                                      CT PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
5 STRATIFIED-005 1935045 2301159
                                   Equal 18.496
                                                      CT PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
6 STRATIFIED-006 1955161 2348226
                                                      CT PanelOne
                                   Equal 18.496
                                                                      NotEval
  EvalReason xcoord.1 ycoord.1 Area_Cat
1
              1956475
                        2298201
                                    (0,1]
2
                        2358465
                                   (5,10]
              1941900
3
              1922626
                       2337816 (50,500]
4
              1880092
                       2258457
                                    (1,5]
5
              1935045
                       2301159
                                   (5,10]
6
              1955161
                       2348226
                                 (10,50]
>
Print the survey design summary
```

```
> # Print the survey design summary
```

> summary(Stratsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum CT MA RI Sum 125 125 50 300

>

7 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample

The third survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample. Lake area classes are used to identify multidensity categories. List Unequaldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Unequaldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains four items: panel, seltype, caty.n, and over. The value for panel is the same as the equal probability design, and seltype is assigned "Unequal" to indicate unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of the six multidensity categories. Note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the value in panel. The fourth item, over, is assigned the value 120, which specifies

an oversample of 120 sites. An oversample is replacement sites for the survey design. The grts function attempts to distribute the oversample proportionately among sample sizes for the multidensity categories. If the oversample proportion for one or more categories is not a whole number, a warning message is printed and the proportion is rounded to the next higher integer. For this example, the oversample is proportionate to the category sample sizes, and the warning message is not printed.

For this survey design, an sp package object will be used as the sampling frame. The read.shape function will be used to read the shapefile and assign its output to an sp object named shp. Note that the object created by the read.shape function is identical to the object that was loaded from the data directory at the beginning of this vignette. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Unequaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "finite"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "sp.object" to indicate that the sampling frame is provided by an sp object; (5) sp.object: name of the sp object, which is assigned the shp object; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) mdcaty: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the unequal probability category for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "area_cat"; (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

```
> # Read the shapefile
> shp <- read.shape("NE_lakes")
>
```

Create the design list

Select the sample

Stratum: None

Initial number of levels: 5 Current number of levels: 5 Current number of levels: 6 Current number of levels: 7 Current number of levels: 8 Current number of levels: 9 Final number of levels: 9

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Unequalsites@data)

```
siteID xcoord ycoord
                                   mdcaty
                                                               panel EvalStatus
                                                wgt stratum
1 UNEQUAL-001 1978339 2290209
                                                       None PanelOne
                                     (1,5] 25.79167
                                                                        NotEval
2 UNEQUAL-002 2004648 2332660
                                     (1,5] 25.79167
                                                       None PanelOne
                                                                        NotEval
3 UNEQUAL-003 1918520 2396464 (500,1e+04]
                                                       None PanelOne
                                                                        NotEval
                                           2.60000
4 UNEQUAL-004 1885626 2325033
                                     (0,1] 13.76000
                                                       None PanelOne
                                                                        NotEval
5 UNEQUAL-005 2000332 2417941
                                  (50,500] 13.60000
                                                       None PanelOne
                                                                        NotEval
                                                       None PanelOne
6 UNEQUAL-006 2042863 2346316
                                     (1,5] 25.79167
                                                                        NotEval
  EvalReason xcoord.1 ycoord.1 State
1
              1978339 2290209
                                  CT
2
              2004648 2332660
                                  RΙ
3
              1918520 2396464
                                  MA
4
              1885626 2325033
                                  CT
5
              2000332 2417941
                                  MA
              2042863 2346316
                                  MA
```

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > summary(Unequalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category) and panel

mdcaty OverSamp PanelOne Sum (0,1] 20 49 69

(1,5]	43	124	167
(10,50]	20	44	64
(5,10]	24	52	76
(50,500]	13	22	35
(500,1e+04]	0	9	9
Sum	120	300	420

8 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time

The fourth survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. List Paneldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Paneldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains four items: panel, seltype, caty.n, and over. A vector identifying sample sizes for five panels is assigned to panel. The value "Unequal" is assigned to seltype, which indicates unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of six multidensity categories, where lake area classes are used as the categories. The value 100 is assigned to over, which specifies an oversample of 100 sites. For this example, the oversample is not proportionate to the category sample sizes, and the warning message is printed by calling the warnings function.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Paneldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "finite"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "NE_lakes"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) mdcaty: assigned the value "area_cat"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

Select the sample

```
> Panelsites <- grts(design=Paneldsgn,
                     DesignID="UNEQUAL",
+
                     type.frame="finite",
                     src.frame="shapefile",
                     in.shape="NE_lakes",
                     att.frame=att,
                     mdcaty="Area_Cat",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 7
Current number of levels: 8
Final number of levels: 8
Print the warning message
> # Print the warning message
> warnings()
Warning message:
In grts(design = Paneldsgn, DesignID = "UNEQUAL", type.frame = "finite", :
Oversample size is not proportional to category sample sizes for stratum
"None".
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Panelsites@data)
       siteID xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                        wgt stratum panel EvalStatus
1 UNEQUAL-001 1892325 2299346
                                (0,1] 13.76
                                               None Annual
                                                               NotEval
2 UNEQUAL-002 1850801 2376753 (10,50] 21.70
                                               None Annual
                                                               NotEval
3 UNEQUAL-003 1994373 2330947 (5,10] 18.00
                                               None Annual
                                                               NotEval
4 UNEQUAL-004 1985881 2411784
                                               None Annual
                                                              NotEval
                               (5,10] 18.00
5 UNEQUAL-005 1967384 2364767 (5,10] 18.00
                                               None Annual
                                                               NotEval
6 UNEQUAL-006 1949323 2389161 (10,50] 21.70
                                               None Annual
                                                              NotEval
  EvalReason xcoord.1 ycoord.1 State
```

1892325 2299346

1

2	1850801	2376753	MA
3	1994373	2330947	RI
4	1985881	2411784	MA
5	1967384	2364767	CT
6	1949323	2389161	MA

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > summary(Panelsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category) and panel

	panel							
mdcaty	Annual	OverSamp	Year1	Year2	Year3	Year4	Year5	Sum
(0,1]	10	12	10	8	6	10	8	64
(1,5]	13	41	17	25	27	23	17	163
(10,50]	11	19	5	7	4	6	11	63
(5,10]	11	19	11	7	9	8	8	73
(50,500]	5	9	4	3	4	2	4	31
(500,1e+04]	0	2	3	0	0	1	2	8
Sum	50	102	50	50	50	50	50	402

>