GRTS Survey Designs for an Area Resource

Thomas Kincaid

May 24, 2012

Contents

1	Preliminaries	1
2	Shapefile attribute data	2
3	Unstratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design	3
4	Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design	7
5	Stratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design	9
6	Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time	12

1 Preliminaries

This document presents example GRTS survey designs for an area resource. The area resource used in the designs is Omernik level 3 ecoregions within Utah. Four survey designs will be presented: (1) an unstratified, equal probability design; (2) an unstratified, unequal probability design; (3) a stratified, equal probability design; and (4) an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. The sampling frame used for the survey designs is contained in either an ESRI shapefile or an sp package object. The frame contains the coordinates for a set of polygons that define the area resource in addition to attribute data associated with the polygons. The coordinate system for the set of points in the sampling frame is an equal area projection rather than latitude and longitude. An equal area projection is used so that calculation of distance between points is valid.

The initial step is to use the library function to load the spsurvey package. After the package is loaded, a message is printed to the R console indicating that the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

Load the spsurvey package

```
> # Load the spsurvey package
> library(spsurvey)
>
```

Version 2.1 of the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

2 Shapefile attribute data

The next step is to read the attribute data from the shapefile. The read.dbf function in the spsurvey package is used to read the attribute (dbf) file in the shapefile and assign it to a data frame named att. The initial six lines in the att data frame are printed using the head function.

The ecoregion attribute will be used to define stratum codes and unequal selection probability (multidensity) categories for the survey designs. Ecoregion is contained in a variable named "level3_nam" and includes seven unique values. Frame area is summarized for the ecoregion attribute. Note that ecoregion area measured in hectares is contained in the variable named "area_ha". The tapply function is used to calculate total area for each ecoregion. The addmargins function is applied to the output from tapply to calculate total area for all all ecoregions, and the round function is used to round value to whole numbers. Finally, the resulting table is displayed.

Read the attribute table from the shapefile

```
> # Read the attribute table from the shapefile
> att <- read.dbf("eco_13_ut")
>
```

Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame

> # Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame
> head(att)

```
level3
                           level3_nam
                                         area_ha
                                                     area_mdm
1
      80
            Northern Basin and Range
                                       263999.04
                                                   2639990439
2
                        Wyoming Basin
      18
                                       291058.83
                                                   2910588302
3
             Central Basin and Range 8206454.64 82064546355
      13
```

```
4
      19 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 4256949.15 42569491524
5
                    Colorado Plateaus 8579716.31 85797163092
      20
6
      21
                     Southern Rockies
                                         54090.91
                                                     540909129
>
Summarize frame area by ecoregion
> # Summarize frame area by ecoregion
> temp <- tapply(att$area_ha, att$level3_nam, sum)</pre>
> temp <- round(addmargins(temp), 0)</pre>
> temp
                                        Colorado Plateaus
    Central Basin and Range
                                                   8579716
                     8206455
     Mojave Basin and Range
                                 Northern Basin and Range
                      193186
                                                    263999
```

Southern Rockies Wasatch and Uinta Mountains

94644

291059

Wyoming Basin

>

Ecoregions in Utah are displayed in Figure 1. To produce the figure, first the read shape function in the spsurvey package is used to read the shapefile and assign it to an object named shp. The shp object takes the form of a spatial data object defined in the sp package. Specifically, shp belongs to class "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame". For further information about spatial data objects, see documentation for the sp package. The spplot function in the sp package is used to create the figure.

4353925

21982984

Sum

3 Unstratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The first survey design is an unstratified, equal probability design. The set seed function is called so that, if necessary, the designs can be replicated.

The initial step is to create a list named Equaldsgn that contains information for specifying the survey design. Since the survey design is unstratified, the list contains a single item named "None" that also is a list. The "None" list includes two items: panel, which is used to specify the sample size for each panel, and seltype, which is used to input the type of random selection for the design. For this example, panel is assigned a single value named "PanelOne"

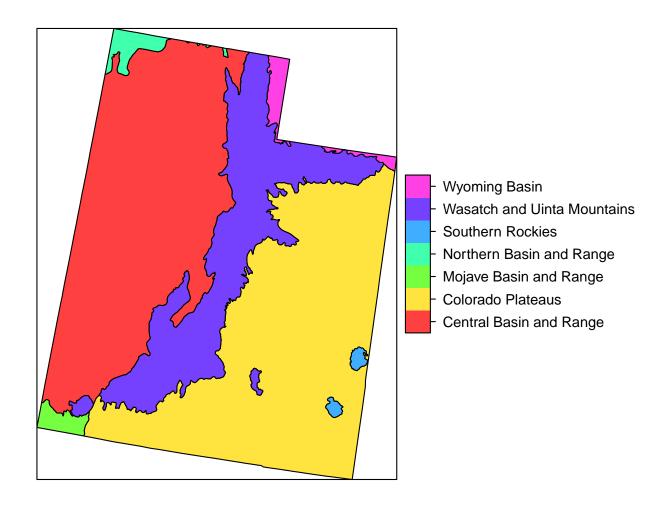


Figure 1: Ecoregions in Utah.

that is set equal to 115, and seltype is assigned the value "Equal", which indicates equal probability selection.

The grts function in the spsurvey package is called to select the survey design. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: the named list of stratum design specifications, which is assigned the Equaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: name for the design, which is used to create a site ID for each site and is assigned the value "EQUAL"; (3) type.frame: the type of frame, which is assigned the value "area" to indicate an area resource; (4) src.frame: source of the frame, which is assigned the value "shapefile" to indicate a shapefile frame; (5) in.shape: name of the input shapefile, which is assigned the value "eco_l3_ut"; (6) att.frame: the data frame of attributes associated with elements in the frame, which is assigned the att data frame; and (7) shapefile: option to create a shapefile containing the survey design information, which is assigned FALSE.

During execution of the grts function, messages are printed that indicate the initial number of hierarchical levels used for the GRTS grid, the current number of levels, and the final number of levels. The set of messages is printed for each stratum, and is labeled with the stratum name. For this example, the set of messages is labeled "None", i.e., the name used in the Equaldsgn list. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Call the set.seed function so that the design can be replicated

```
> # Call the set.seed function so that the survey designs can be replicate
> set.seed(4447864)
>
Create the design list
> # Create the design list
> Equaldsgn <- list(None=list(panel=c(PanelOne=115), seltype="Equal"))
Select the sample
> Equalsites <- grts(design=Equaldsgn,
                     DesignID="EQUAL",
                     type.frame="area",
                     src.frame="shapefile",
                     in.shape="eco_13_ut",
                     att.frame=att,
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 4
```

Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Equalsites@data)

```
panel EvalStatus
             xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                           wgt stratum
1 EQUAL-001 -1361882 1986078 Equal 1911563856
                                                  None PanelOne
                                                                   NotEval
2 EQUAL-002 -1304045 2195914 Equal 1911563856
                                                  None PanelOne
                                                                   NotEval
3 EQUAL-003 -1269657 1803336 Equal 1911563856
                                                  None PanelOne
                                                                   NotEval
4 EQUAL-004 -1311248 1689394
                             Equal 1911563856
                                                  None PanelOne
                                                                   NotEval
5 EQUAL-005 -1353690 2074387
                             Equal 1911563856
                                                  None PanelOne
                                                                   NotEval
                                                                   NotEval
6 EQUAL-006 -1389763 2190386
                             Equal 1911563856
                                                  None PanelOne
 EvalReason level3
                                 level3_nam area_ha
1
                 13 Central Basin and Range 8206455
2
                 13 Central Basin and Range 8206455
3
                 20
                          Colorado Plateaus 8579716
4
                          Colorado Plateaus 8579716
5
                 13 Central Basin and Range 8206455
                 13 Central Basin and Range 8206455
```

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Equalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum None Sum 115 115

>

4 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design

The second survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design. Ecoregions are used to identify multidensity categories. List Unequaldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Unequaldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains three items: panel, seltype, and caty.n. The value for panel is the same as for the equal probability design, and seltype is assigned "Unequal" to indicate unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of seven multidensity categories, where ecoregion names are used as the categories. Note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the value in panel.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Unequaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "eco_l3_ut"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) mdcaty: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the unequal probability category for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "level3_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

Select the sample

Stratum: None

Initial number of levels: 4 Current number of levels: 4 Current number of levels: 6 Current number of levels: 7 Final number of levels: 7

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Unequalsites@data)

	siteID	xcoord	ycoord				mdcaty	wgt	stratum
1	UNEQUAL-001	-1250114	1975757	Wasatch a	and	Uinta	Mountains	1741570045	None
2	UNEQUAL-002	-1233142	1804211		Co	lorado	Plateaus	3431886524	None
3	UNEQUAL-003	-1308234	2197419	Centr	ral	Basin	and Range	3282581854	None
4	UNEQUAL-004	-1408362	1899295	Centr	ral	Basin	and Range	3282581854	None
5	UNEQUAL-005	-1200400	1849394		Co	lorado	Plateaus	3431886524	None
6	UNEQUAL-006	-1177572	1873275		Со	lorado	Plateaus	3431886524	None
	panel Eva	alStatus E	EvalReas	on level3	are	a_ha			
1	PanelOne	NotEval		19	425	6949			
2	PanelOne	NotEval		20	857	9716			
3	PanelOne	NotEval		13	820	6455			
4	PanelOne	NotEval		13	820	6455			
5	PanelOne	NotEval		20	857	9716			
6	PanelOne	NotEval		20	857	9716			

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Unequalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category)

${\tt mdcaty}$

Central Basin and Range	Colorado Plateaus			
30	23			
Mojave Basin and Range	Northern Basin and Range			
11	9			
Southern Rockies	Wasatch and Uinta Mountains			
11	21			
Wyoming Basin	Sum			
10	115			

5 Stratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The third survey design is a stratified, equal probability design. Ecoregions are used to identify strata. List Stratdsgn is assigned design specifications. The ecoregion attribute is used to identify strata. Stratdsgn includes seven lists, one for each stratum. The names for the lists match the levels of the stratum variable, i.e., the unique values of the ecoregion attribute. Each list in Stratdsgn contains two items: panel and seltype. The value for panel is the same as for the equal probability design, and seltype is assigned "Equal".

For this survey design, an sp package object will be used as the sampling frame. Recall that the read.shape function was used to read the shapefile and assign its output to an sp object named shp. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Stratdsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "STRATIFIED"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "sp.object" to indicate that the sampling frame is provided by an sp object; (5) sp.object: name of the sp object, which is assigned the shp object; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; 7) stratum: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the stratum code for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "level3_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

```
> Stratdsgn <- list("Central Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
                                                    seltype="Equal"),
                    "Colorado Plateaus"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
+
                                              seltype="Equal"),
                    "Mojave Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                                   seltype="Equal"),
                    "Northern Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                                     seltype="Equal"),
                    "Southern Rockies"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                             seltype="Equal"),
                    "Wasatch and Uinta Mountains"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
                                                        seltype="Equal"),
                    "Wyoming Basin"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                          seltype="Equal"))
Select the sample
> Stratsites <- grts(design=Stratdsgn,
                     DesignID="STRATIFIED",
```

```
type.frame="area",
                     src.frame="sp.object",
                     sp.object=shp,
                     att.frame=att,
                     stratum="level3_nam",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: Central Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Colorado Plateaus
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Mojave Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Final number of levels: 3
Stratum: Northern Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Southern Rockies
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Wasatch and Uinta Mountains
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Wyoming Basin
```

Initial number of levels: 2

```
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
```

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Stratsites@data)

```
siteID
                   xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                                wgt
                                                                    stratum
1 STRATIFIED-001 -1332619 2220346
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
2 STRATIFIED-002 -1491714 2108847
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
3 STRATIFIED-003 -1359436 2108766
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
4 STRATIFIED-004 -1559161 1745238
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
5 STRATIFIED-005 -1500699 2000075
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
6 STRATIFIED-006 -1395238 2010544
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
    panel EvalStatus EvalReason level3 area ha
1 PanelOne
                                     13 8206455
              NotEval
2 PanelOne
             NotEval
                                     13 8206455
3 PanelOne
             NotEval
                                     13 8206455
4 PanelOne
             NotEval
                                     13 8206455
5 PanelOne
             NotEval
                                     13 8206455
             NotEval
6 PanelOne
                                     13 8206455
```

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Stratsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum

Central Basin and Range 25 25

Mojave Basin and Range Northern Basin and Range 10 10

Southern Rockies Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 10 25

Wyoming Basin Sum 10 115

>

6 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time

The fourth survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. List Paneldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Paneldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains four items: panel, seltype, caty.n, and over. A vector identifying sample sizes for five panels is assigned to panel. The value "Unequal" is assigned seltype, which indicates unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of seven multidensity categories, where ecoregion names are used as the categories. Note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the sum of sample sizes in panel. The value 100 is assigned to over, which specifies an oversample of 100 sites. An oversample is replacement sites for the survey design. The grts function attempts to distribute the oversample proportionately among sample sizes for the multidensity categories. If the oversample proportion for one or more categories is not a whole number, a warning message is printed and the proportionate to the category sample sizes, and the warning message is printed by calling the warnings function.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Paneldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "eco_l3_ut"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) mdcaty: assigned the value "level3_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

Select the sample

> Panelsites <- grts(design=Paneldsgn,

```
DesignID="UNEQUAL",
                     type.frame="area",
                     src.frame="shapefile",
                     in.shape="reg1_lakes",
                     att.frame=att,
                     mdcaty="level3_nam",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 7
Final number of levels: 7
Print the warning message
> # Print the warning message
> warnings()
Warning message:
In grts(design = Paneldsgn, DesignID = "UNEQUAL", type.frame = "area", :
Oversample size is not proportional to category sample sizes for stratum
"None".
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Panelsites@data)
                xcoord ycoord
                                                     mdcatv
       siteID
                                                                   wgt stratum
1 UNEQUAL-001 -1212767 2039497 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 691099224
                                                                          None
2 UNEQUAL-002 -1501559 2063485
                                   Central Basin and Range 1282258537
                                                                          None
3 UNEQUAL-003 -1147479 1672335
                                         Colorado Plateaus 1361859732
                                                                          None
4 UNEQUAL-004 -1435433 1784866 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 691099224
                                                                          None
5 UNEQUAL-005 -1287775 2102686 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 691099224
                                                                          None
6 UNEQUAL-006 -1427132 2240055
                                  Northern Basin and Range 175999363
                                                                          None
    panel EvalStatus EvalReason level3 area_ha
                                    19 4256949
1 Panel_1
             NotEval
2 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    13 8206455
3 Panel_1 NotEval
                                    20 8579716
4 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    19 4256949
5 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    19 4256949
6 Panel_1
             NotEval
                                    80 263999
```

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Panelsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category) and panel

	panel					
mdcaty	OverSamp	$Panel_1$	Panel_2	${\tt Panel_3}$	${\tt Panel_4}$	Panel_5
Central Basin and Range	29	9	11	13	16	10
Colorado Plateaus	26	11	13	13	12	11
Mojave Basin and Range	6	3	3	3	4	4
Northern Basin and Range	7	3	2	5	3	3
Southern Rockies	6	1	3	3	4	4
Wasatch and Uinta Mountains	22	20	14	10	9	13
Wyoming Basin	6	3	4	3	2	5
Sum	102	50	50	50	50	50

1	panel
mdcaty	Sum
Central Basin and Range	88
Colorado Plateaus	86
Mojave Basin and Range	23
Northern Basin and Range	23
Southern Rockies	21
Wasatch and Uinta Mountains	88
Wyoming Basin	23
Sum	352

>