# Package 'xpectr'

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Title Generates Expectations for 'testthat' Unit Testing
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<b>Description</b> Helps systematize and ease the process of building unit tests with the 'testthat' package by providing tools for generating expectations.
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<pre>BugReports https://github.com/ludvigolsen/xpectr/issues</pre>
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 ${\tt assertCollectionAddin} \ \ \textit{Inserts code for a checkmate assert collection}$ 

# Description

# [Experimental]

RStudio Addin: Inserts code for initializing and reporting a checkmate assert collection. See `Details` for how to set a key command.

# Usage

```
assertCollectionAddin(add_comments = TRUE, insert = TRUE, indentation = NULL)
```

# Arguments

add_comments	Whether to add comments around. (Logical)
	This makes it easy for a user to create their own addin without the comments.
insert	Whether to insert the code via rstudioapi::insertText() or return it. (Logical)
	<b>N.B.</b> Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.
indentation	Indentation of the code. (Numeric)
	<b>N.B.</b> Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

#### **Details**

# How to set up a key command in RStudio:

After installing the package. Go to:

Tools >> Addins >> Browse Addins >> Keyboard Shortcuts.

Find "Insert checkmate AssertCollection Code" and press its field under Shortcut.

Press desired key command, e.g. Alt+C.

Press Apply.

Press Execute.

#### Value

```
Inserts the following (excluding the ----):
----
# Check arguments ####
assert_collection <- checkmate::makeAssertCollection()
# checkmate::assert_, add = assert_collection)
checkmate::reportAssertions(assert_collection)
# End of argument checks ####
----
Returns NULL invisibly.</pre>
```

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

# See Also

Other addins: dputSelectedAddin(), initializeGXSFunctionAddin(), initializeTestthatAddin(), insertExpectationsAddin(), navigateTestFileAddin(), wrapStringAddin()

```
capture_parse_eval_side_effects

Capture side effects from parse eval
```

J

# **Description**

Wraps string in capture\_side\_effects() before parsing and evaluating it. The side effects (error, warnings, messages) are returned in a list.

When capturing an error, no other side effects are captured.

# Usage

```
capture_parse_eval_side_effects(
   string,
   envir = NULL,
   copy_env = FALSE,
   reset_seed = FALSE,
   disable_crayon = TRUE
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

string String of code that can be parsed and evaluated in envir.

envir Environment to evaluate in. Defaults to parent.frame().

copy\_env Whether to use deep copies of the environment when capturing side effects.

(Logical)

Disabled by default to save memory but is often preferable to enable, e.g. when the function alters non-local variables before throwing its error/warning/message.

reset\_seed Whether to reset the random state on exit. (Logical)

disable\_crayon Whether to disable crayon formatting. This can remove ANSI characters from

the messages. (Logical)

#### Value

named list with the side effects.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

Other capturers: capture\_side\_effects()

## **Examples**

```
# Attach package
library(xpectr)

capture_parse_eval_side_effects("stop('hi!')")
capture_parse_eval_side_effects("warning('hi!')")
capture_parse_eval_side_effects("message('hi!')")
```

# **Description**

Captures errors, warnings, and messages from an expression.

In case of an error, no other side effects are captured.

 $Simple \ wrapper for \ test that 's \ capture\_error(), capture\_warnings() \ and \ capture\_messages().$ 

Note: Evaluates expr up to three times.

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#### Usage

```
capture_side_effects(
  expr,
  envir = NULL,
  copy_env = FALSE,
  reset_seed = FALSE,
  disable_crayon = TRUE
)
```

# **Arguments**

expr Expression.

envir Environment to evaluate in. Defaults to parent.frame().

copy\_env Whether to use deep copies of the environment when capturing side effects.

(Logical)

Disabled by default to save memory but is often preferable to enable, e.g. when the function alters non-local variables before throwing its error/warning/message.

reset\_seed Whether to reset the random state on exit. (Logical)

disable\_crayon Whether to disable crayon formatting. This can remove ANSI characters from

the messages. (Logical)

#### Value

named list with the side effects.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

Other capturers: capture\_parse\_eval\_side\_effects()

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)

fn <- function(raise = FALSE){
   message("Hi! I'm Kevin, your favorite message!")
   warning("G'Day Mam! I'm a warning to the world!")
   message("Kevin is ma name! Yesss!")
   warning("Hopefully the whole world will see me :o")
   if (isTRUE(raise)){
     stop("Lord Evil Error has arrived! Yeehaaa")
   }
   "the output"
}

capture_side_effects(fn())
capture_side_effects(fn(raise = TRUE))
capture_side_effects(fn(raise = TRUE), copy_env = TRUE)</pre>
```

6 dputSelectedAddin

# **Description**

#### [Experimental]

RStudio Addin: Runs dput() on the selected code and inserts it instead of the selection.

See `Details` for how to set a key command.

#### Usage

```
dputSelectedAddin(selection = NULL, insert = TRUE, indentation = 0)
```

## **Arguments**

selection String of code. (Character)

E.g. "stop('This gives an expect\_error test')".

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

insert Whether to insert the expectations via rstudioapi::insertText() or return

them. (Logical)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

indentation Indentation of the selection. (Numeric)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

#### **Details**

**How:** Parses and evaluates the selected code string, applies dput() and inserts the output instead of the selection.

#### How to set up a key command in RStudio:

After installing the package. Go to:

Tools >> Addins >> Browse Addins >> Keyboard Shortcuts.

Find "dput() Selected" and press its field under Shortcut.

Press desired key command, e.g. Alt+D.

Press Apply.

Press Execute.

#### Value

Inserts the output of running dput() on the selected code.

Does not return anything.

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

Other addins: assertCollectionAddin(), initializeGXSFunctionAddin(), initializeTestthatAddin(), insertExpectationsAddin(), navigateTestFileAddin(), wrapStringAddin()

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element\_classes

Gets the class of each element

# Description

# [Experimental]

Applies class() to each element of `x` (without recursion). When class() returns multiple strings, the first class string is returned.

# Usage

```
element_classes(x, keep_names = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

x List with elements.

keep\_names Whether to keep existing names. (Logical)

#### **Details**

Gets first string in class() for all elements.

## Value

The main class of each element.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

## See Also

Other element descriptors: element\_lengths(), element\_types(), num\_total\_elements()

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)

1 <- list("a" = c(1,2,3), "b" = "a", "c" = NULL)
element_classes(1)
element_classes(1, keep_names = TRUE)</pre>
```

8 element\_lengths

element\_lengths

Gets the length of each element

# **Description**

# [Experimental]

Applies length() to each element of `x` (without recursion).

# Usage

```
element_lengths(x, keep_names = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

x List with elements.

keep\_names Whether to keep existing names. (Logical)

# **Details**

```
Simple wrapper for unlist(lapply(x, length)).
```

# Value

The length of each element.

# Author(s)

```
Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>
```

# See Also

```
Other element descriptors: element_classes(), element_types(), num_total_elements()
```

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)

1 <- list("a" = c(1,2,3), "b" = 1, "c" = NULL)
element_lengths(l)
element_lengths(l, keep_names = TRUE)</pre>
```

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element\_types

Gets the type of each element

# Description

# [Experimental]

Applies typeof() to each element of `x` (without recursion).

# Usage

```
element_types(x, keep_names = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

x List with elements.

keep\_names Whether to keep existing names. (Logical)

# **Details**

Simple wrapper for unlist(lapply(x, typeof)).

# Value

The type of each element.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

# See Also

Other element descriptors: element\_classes(), element\_lengths(), num\_total\_elements()

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)

1 <- list("a" = c(1,2,3), "b" = "a", "c" = NULL)
element_types(1)
element_types(1, keep_names = TRUE)</pre>
```

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gxs\_function

Generate testhat expectations for argument values in a function

## **Description**

# [Experimental]

Based on a set of supplied values for each function argument, a set of testthat expect\_\* statements are generated.

**Included tests**: The first value supplied for an argument is considered the *valid baseline* value. For each argument, we create tests for each of the supplied values, where the other arguments have their baseline value.

When testing a function that alters non-local variables, consider enabling `copy\_env`.

See supported objects in details.

# Usage

```
gxs_function(
  fn,
  args_values,
  extra_combinations = NULL,
  check_nulls = TRUE,
  indentation = 0,
  tolerance = "1e-4",
  round_to_tolerance = TRUE,
  strip = TRUE,
  sample_n = 30,
  envir = NULL,
  copy_env = FALSE,
  assign_output = TRUE,
  seed = 42,
  add_wrapper_comments = TRUE,
  add_test_comments = TRUE,
  start_with_newline = TRUE,
  end_with_newline = TRUE,
  out = "insert",
  parallel = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

fn
args\_values

Function to create tests for.

The arguments and the values to create tests for. Should be supplied as a named list of lists, like the following:

```
args_values = list(
"x1" = list(1, 2, 3),
"x2" = list("a", "b", "c")
)
```

The first value for each argument (referred to as the 'baseline' value) should be valid (not throw an error/message/warning).

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**N.B.** This is not checked but should lead to more meaningful tests.

**N.B.** Please define the list directly in the function call. This is currently necessary.

#### extra\_combinations

Additional combinations to test. List of lists, where each combination is a named sublist.

E.g. the following two combinations:

```
extra_combinations = list(
list("x1" = 4, "x2" = "b"),
list("x1" = 7, "x2" = "c")
)
```

**N.B.** Unspecified arguments gets the baseline value.

If you find yourself adding many combinations, an additional gxs\_function() call with different baseline values might be preferable.

check\_nulls

Whether to try all arguments with NULL. (Logical)

When enabled, you don't need to add NULL to your `args\_values`, unless it should be the baseline value.

indentation

Indentation of the selection. (Numeric)

tolerance

The tolerance for numeric tests as a string, like "1e-4". (Character)

round\_to\_tolerance

Whether to round numeric elements to the specified tolerance. (Logical)

This is currently applied to numeric columns and vectors (excluding some lists).

strip

Whether to insert strip\_msg() and strip() in tests of side effects. (Logical) Sometimes testthat tests have differences in punctuation and newlines on different systems. By stripping both the error message and the expected message of

non-alphanumeric symbols, we can avoid such failed tests.

sample\_n

The number of elements/rows to sample. Set to NULL to avoid sampling.

Inserts smpl() in the generated tests when sampling was used. A seed is set internally, setting sample.kind as "Rounding" to ensure compatibility with R versions < 3.6.0.

The order of the elements/rows is kept intact. No replacement is used, why no oversampling will take place.

When testing a big data. frame, sampling the rows can help keep the test files somewhat readable.

envir

Environment to evaluate in. Defaults to parent.frame().

copy\_env

Whether each combination should be tested in a deep copy of the environment. (Logical)

Side effects will be captured in copies of the copy, why two copies of the environment will exist at the same time.

Disabled by default to save memory but is often preferable to enable, e.g. when the function changes non-local variables.

assign\_output

Whether to assign the output of a function call or long selection to a variable. This will avoid recalling the function and decrease cluttering. (Logical)

Heuristic: when the `selection` isn't of a string and contains a parenthesis, it is considered a function call. A selection with more than 30 characters will be assigned as well.

The tests themselves can be more difficult to interpret, as you will have to look at the assignment to see the object that is being tested.

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```
seed
                  seed to set. (Whole number)
add_wrapper_comments
                  Whether to add intro and outro comments. (Logical)
add_test_comments
                  Whether to add comments for each test. (Logical)
start_with_newline, end_with_newline
                  Whether to have a newline in the beginning/end. (Logical)
                  Either "insert" or "return".
out
                    "insert" (Default): Inserts the expectations via rstudioapi::insertText().
                    "return": Returns the expectations in a list.
                    These can be prepared for insertion with prepare_insertion().
parallel
                  Whether to parallelize the generation of expectations. (Logical)
                  Requires a registered parallel backend. Like with doParallel::registerDoParallel.
```

# **Details**

The following "types" are currently supported or intended to be supported in the future. Please suggest more types and tests in a GitHub issue!

Note: A set of fallback tests will be generated for unsupported objects.

Type	Supported	Notes
Side effects	Yes	Errors, warnings, and messages.
Vector	Yes	Lists are treated differently, depending on their structure.
Factor	Yes	
Data Frame	Yes	List columns (like nested tibbles) are currently skipped.
Matrix	Yes	Supported but could be improved.
Formula	Yes	
Function	Yes	
NULL	Yes	
Array	No	
Dates	No	Base and lubridate.
ggplot2	No	This may be a challenge, but would be cool!

# Value

Either NULL or the unprepared expectations as a character vector.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

Other expectation generators: gxs\_selection(), initializeGXSFunctionAddin(), insertExpectationsAddin()

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## **Examples**

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)
## Not run:
fn <- function(x, y, z){</pre>
 if (x>3) stop("'x' > 3")
 if (y<0) warning("'y'<0")
 if (z==10) message("'z' was 10!")
 x + y + z
# Create expectations
# Note: define the list in the call
gxs_function(fn,
              args_values = list(
                x'' = list(2, 4, NA),
                "y" = list(0, -1),
                z'' = list(5, 10)
              )
# Add additional combinations
gxs_function(fn,
              args_values = list(
                "x" = list(2, 4, NA),
                "y" = list(0, -1),
                z'' = list(5, 10)),
              extra_combinations = list(
                list("x" = 4, "z" = 10),
list("y" = 1, "z" = 10))
## End(Not run)
```

gxs\_selection

Generate testhat expectations from selection

# **Description**

# [Experimental]

Based on the selection (string of code), a set of testthat expect\_\* statements are generated.

Example: If the selected code is the name of a data.frame object, it will create an expect\_equal test for each column, along with a test of the column names, types and classes, dimensions, grouping keys, etc.

See supported objects in details.

When testing a function that alters non-local variables, consider enabling `copy\_env`.

Feel free to suggest useful tests etc. in a GitHub issue!

Addin: insertExpectationsAddin()

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#### Usage

```
gxs_selection(
  selection,
  indentation = 0,
  tolerance = "1e-4",
  round_to_tolerance = TRUE,
  strip = TRUE,
  sample_n = 30,
  envir = NULL,
  copy_env = FALSE,
  assign_output = TRUE,
  seed = 42,
  test_id = NULL,
  add_wrapper_comments = TRUE,
  add_test_comments = TRUE,
  start_with_newline = TRUE,
  end_with_newline = TRUE,
  out = "insert"
)
```

## **Arguments**

selection String of code. (Character)

E.g. "stop('This gives an expect\_error test')".

indentation Indentation of the selection. (Numeric)

tolerance The tolerance for numeric tests as a string, like "1e-4". (Character)

round\_to\_tolerance

Whether to round numeric elements to the specified tolerance. (Logical)

This is currently applied to numeric columns and vectors (excluding some lists).

strip

Whether to insert strip\_msg() and strip() in tests of side effects. (Logical)

Sometimes testthat tests have differences in punctuation and newlines on different systems. By stripping both the error message and the expected message of

non-alphanumeric symbols, we can avoid such failed tests.

sample\_n The number of elements/rows to sample. Set to NULL to avoid sampling.

Inserts smpl() in the generated tests when sampling was used. A seed is set internally, setting sample.kind as "Rounding" to ensure compatibility with R versions < 3.6.0.

The order of the elements/rows is kept intact. No replacement is used, why no oversampling will take place.

When testing a big data.frame, sampling the rows can help keep the test files somewhat readable.

envir

Environment to evaluate in. Defaults to parent.frame().

copy\_env

Whether to work in a deep copy of the environment. (Logical)

Side effects will be captured in copies of the copy, why two copies of the environment will exist at the same time.

Disabled by default to save memory but is often preferable to enable, e.g. when the function changes non-local variables.

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assign\_output Whether to assign the output of a function call or long selection to a variable.

This will avoid recalling the function and decrease cluttering. (Logical)

Heuristic: when the `selection` isn't of a string and contains a parenthesis, it is considered a function call. A selection with more than 30 characters will be assigned as well.

The tests themselves can be more difficult to interpret, as you will have to look at the assignment to see the object that is being tested.

seed seed to set. (Whole number)

test\_id Number to append to assignment names. (Whole number)

For instance used to create the "output\_" name: output\_<test\_id>.

add\_wrapper\_comments

Whether to add intro and outro comments. (Logical)

 ${\tt add\_test\_comments}$ 

Whether to add comments for each test. (Logical)

start\_with\_newline, end\_with\_newline

Whether to have a newline in the beginning/end. (Logical)

out Either "insert" or "return".

"insert" (Default): Inserts the expectations via rstudioapi::insertText().

"return": Returns the expectations in a list.

These can be prepared for insertion with prepare\_insertion().

#### **Details**

The following "types" are currently supported or intended to be supported in the future. Please suggest more types and tests in a GitHub issue!

Note: A set of fallback tests will be generated for unsupported objects.

Type	Supported	Notes
Side effects	Yes	Errors, warnings, and messages.
Vector	Yes	Lists are treated differently, depending on their structure.
Factor	Yes	
Data Frame	Yes	List columns (like nested tibbles) are currently skipped.
Matrix	Yes	Supported but could be improved.
Formula	Yes	
Function	Yes	
NULL	Yes	
Array	No	
Dates	No	Base and lubridate.
ggplot2	No	This may be a challenge, but would be cool!

# Value

Either NULL or the unprepared expectations as a character vector.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

 $Other\ expectation\ generators:\ gxs\_function(),\ initializeGXSFunctionAddin(),\ insertExpectationsAddin(),\ ins$ 

# **Examples**

initialize GXSFunction Add in

Initialize gxs\_function() call

# Description

# [Experimental]

Initializes the gxs\_function() call with the arguments and default values of the selected function. See `Details` for how to set a key command.

# Usage

```
initializeGXSFunctionAddin(selection = NULL, insert = TRUE, indentation = 0)
```

# **Arguments**

selection	Name of function to test with gxs_function(). (Character)		
	<b>N.B.</b> Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.		
insert	Whether to insert the code via rstudioapi::insertText() or return them. (Logical)		
	<b>N.B.</b> Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.		
indentation	Indentation of the selection. (Numeric)		
	<b>N.B.</b> Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.		

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#### **Details**

**How:** Parses and evaluates the selected code string within the parent environment. When the output is a function, it extracts the formals (arguments and default values) and creates the initial `args\_values` for gxs\_function(). When the output is not a function, it throws an error.

#### How to set up a key command in RStudio:

After installing the package. Go to:

Tools >> Addins >> Browse Addins >> Keyboard Shortcuts.

Find "Initialize gxs\_function()" and press its field under Shortcut.

Press desired key command, e.g. Alt+F.

Press Apply.

Press Execute.

#### Value

Inserts gxs\_function() call for the selected function.

Returns NULL invisibly.

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

Other expectation generators: gxs\_function(), gxs\_selection(), insertExpectationsAddin()
Other addins: assertCollectionAddin(), dputSelectedAddin(), initializeTestthatAddin(), insertExpectationsAddin(), navigateTestFileAddin(), wrapStringAddin()

initialize Test that Addin

Initializes test\_that() call

# **Description**

#### [Experimental]

Inserts code for calling testthat::test\_that().
See `Details` for how to set a key command.

# Usage

```
initializeTestthatAddin(insert = TRUE, indentation = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

insert Whether to insert the code via rstudioapi::insertText() or return it. (Log-

ical)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

indentation Indentation of the code. (Numeric)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

#### **Details**

# How to set up a key command in RStudio:

```
After installing the package. Go to:

Tools >> Addins >> Browse Addins >> Keyboard Shortcuts.

Find "Initialize test_that()" and press its field under Shortcut.

Press desired key command, e.g. Alt+T.

Press Apply.
```

#### Value

Press Execute.

```
Inserts code for calling testthat::test_that().
Returns NULL invisibly.
```

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

Other addins: assertCollectionAddin(), dputSelectedAddin(), initializeGXSFunctionAddin(), insertExpectationsAddin(), navigateTestFileAddin(), wrapStringAddin()

insertExpectationsAddin

Creates testthat tests for selected code

### **Description**

#### [Experimental]

Inserts relevant expect\_\* tests based on the evaluation of the selected code.

Example: If the selected code is the name of a data.frame object, it will create an expect\_equal test for each column, along with a test of the column names.

Currently supports side effects (error, warnings, messages), data.frames, and vectors.

List columns in data. frames (like nested tibbles) are currently skipped.

See `Details` for how to set a key command.

# Usage

```
insertExpectationsAddin(
  selection = NULL,
  insert = TRUE,
  indentation = 0,
  copy_env = FALSE
)
insertExpectationsCopyEnvAddin(
  selection = NULL,
```

```
insert = TRUE,
indentation = 0,
copy_env = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

selection String of code. (Character)

E.g. "stop('This gives an expect\_error test')".

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

insert Whether to insert the expectations via rstudioapi::insertText() or return

them. (Logical)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

indentation Indentation of the selection. (Numeric)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

copy\_env Whether to work in a deep copy of the environment. (Logical)

Side effects will be captured in copies of the copy, why two copies of the envi-

ronment will exist at the same time.

Disabled by default to save memory but is often preferable to enable, e.g. when

the function changes non-local variables.

#### **Details**

**How:** Parses and evaluates the selected code string within the parent environment (or a deep copy thereof). Depending on the output, it creates a set of unit tests (like expect\_equal(data[["column"]], c(1,2,3))), and inserts them instead of the selection.

## How to set up a key command in RStudio:

After installing the package. Go to:

Tools >> Addins >> Browse Addins >> Keyboard Shortcuts.

Find "Insert Expectations" and press its field under Shortcut.

Press desired key command, e.g. Alt+E.

Press Apply.

Press Execute.

## Value

```
Inserts testthat::expect_* unit tests for the selected code.
```

Returns NULL invisibly.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

```
Other expectation generators: gxs_function(), gxs_selection(), initializeGXSFunctionAddin() Other addins: assertCollectionAddin(), dputSelectedAddin(), initializeGXSFunctionAddin(), initializeTestthatAddin(), navigateTestFileAddin(), wrapStringAddin()
```

navigateTestFileAddin Navigates to test file

#### **Description**

#### [Experimental]

RStudio Addin: Extracts file name and (possibly) line number of a test file from a selection or from clipboard content. Navigates to the file and places the cursor at the line number.

Supported types of strings: "test\_x.R:3", "test\_x.R#3", "test\_x.R".

The string must start with "test\_" and contain ".R". It is split at either ": " or "#", with the second element (here "3") being interpreted as the line number.

See `Details` for how to set a key command.

#### Usage

```
navigateTestFileAddin(selection = NULL, navigate = TRUE, abs_path = TRUE)
```

# **Arguments**

selection String with file name and line number. (Character)

E.g. "test\_x.R:3:", which navigates to the third line of "/tests/testthat/test\_x.R".

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

navigate Whether to navigate to the file or return the extracted file name and line number.

(Logical)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

abs\_path Whether to return the full path or only the file name when `navigate` is FALSE.

N.B. Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

#### **Details**

# How to set up a key command in RStudio:

After installing the package. Go to:

Tools >> Addins >> Browse Addins >> Keyboard Shortcuts.

Find "Go To Test File" and press its field under Shortcut.

Press desired key command, e.g. Alt+N.

Press Apply.

Press Execute.

#### Value

Navigates to file and line number.

Does not return anything.

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

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#### See Also

Other addins: assertCollectionAddin(), dputSelectedAddin(), initializeGXSFunctionAddin(), initializeTestthatAddin(), insertExpectationsAddin(), wrapStringAddin()

num\_total\_elements

Total number of elements

# **Description**

# [Experimental]

Unlists `x` recursively and finds the total number of elements.

# Usage

```
num_total_elements(x, deduplicated = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

```
x List with elements.
```

deduplicated Whether to only count the unique elements. (Logical)

#### **Details**

```
Simple wrapper for length(unlist(x, recursive = TRUE, use.names = FALSE)).
```

## Value

The total number of elements in `x`.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

# See Also

```
Other element descriptors: element_classes(), element_lengths(), element_types()
```

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prepare\_insertion

Prepare expectations for insertion

# Description

# [Experimental]

Collapses a list/vector of expectation strings and adds the specified indentation.

## Usage

```
prepare_insertion(
   strings,
   indentation = 0,
   trim_left = FALSE,
   trim_right = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

strings Expectation strings. (List or Character)

As returned with gxs\_\* functions with out = "return".

indentation Indentation to add. (Numeric)

trim\_left Whether to trim whitespaces from the beginning of the collapsed string. (Logi-

cal)

trim\_right Whether to trim whitespaces from the end of the collapsed string. (Logical)

## Value

A string for insertion with rstudioapi::insertText().

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

set\_test\_seed 23

set\_test\_seed

Set random seed for unit tests

# **Description**

# [Experimental]

In order for tests to be compatible with R versions < 3.6.0, we set the sample.kind argument in set.seed() to "Rounding" when using R versions >= 3.6.0.

# Usage

```
set_test_seed(seed = 42, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

seed Random seed.

... Named arguments to set.seed().

#### **Details**

Initially contributed by R. Mark Sharp (github: @rmsharp).

#### Value

NULL.

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>
R. Mark Sharp

simplified\_formals

Extract and simplify a function's formal arguments

# Description

# [Experimental]

Extracts formals and formats them as an easily testable character vector.

# Usage

```
simplified\_formals(fn)
```

# Arguments

fn Function.

# Value

A character vector with the simplified formals.

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#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

# **Examples**

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)

fn1 <- function(a = "x", b = NULL, c = NA, d){
  paste0(a, b, c, d)
}
simplified_formals(fn1)</pre>
```

smp1

Random sampling

# **Description**

## [Experimental]

Samples a vector, factor or data.frame. Useful to reduce size of testthat expect\_\* tests. Not intended for other purposes.

Wraps sample.int(). data.frames are sampled row-wise.

The seed is set within the function with sample.kind as "Rounding" for compatibility with R versions < 3.6.0. On exit, the random state is restored.

# Usage

```
smpl(data, n, keep_order = TRUE, seed = 42)
```

#### **Arguments**

data vector or data. frame. (Logical)

n Number of elements/rows to sample.

**N.B.** No replacement is used, why n > the number of elements/rows in `data`

won't perform oversampling.

keep\_order Whether to keep the order of the elements. (Logical)

seed seed to use.

The seed is set with sample.kind = "Rounding" for compatibility with R ver-

sions < 3.6.0.

## Value

When `data` has <= `n` elements, `data` is returned. Otherwise, `data` is sampled and returned.

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

stop\_if 25

## **Examples**

```
# Attach packages library(xpectr) smpl(c(1,2,3,4,5),\ n=3) \\ smpl(data.frame("a"=c(1,2,3,4,5),\ "b"=c(2,3,4,5,6),\ stringsAsFactors=FALSE),\ n=3)
```

stop\_if

Simple side effect functions

#### **Description**

#### [Experimental]

If the `condition` is TRUE, generate error/warning/message with the supplied message.

#### Usage

```
stop_if(condition, message = NULL, sys.parent.n = 0L)
warn_if(condition, message = NULL, sys.parent.n = 0L)
message_if(condition, message = NULL, sys.parent.n = 0L)
```

# **Arguments**

condition The condition to check. (Logical)

message Message. (Character)

Note: If NULL, the `condition` will be used as message.

sys.parent.n The number of generations to go back when calling the message function.

# **Details**

```
When `condition` is FALSE, they return NULL invisibly.
When `condition` is TRUE:

stop_if(): Throws error with the supplied message.
```

warn\_if(): Throws warning with the supplied message.

message\_if(): Generates message with the supplied message.

#### Value

Returns NULL invisibly.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

26 strip

## **Examples**

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)
## Not run:
a <- 0
stop_if(a == 0, "'a' cannot be 0.")
warn_if(a == 0, "'a' was 0.")
message_if(a == 0, "'a' was so kind to be 0.")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

strip

Strip strings of non-alphanumeric characters

# Description

# [Experimental]

- 1. Removes any character that is not alphanumeric or a space.
- 2. (Disabled by default): Remove numbers.
- 3. Reduces multiple consecutive whitespaces to a single whitespace and trims ends.

Can for instance be used to simplify error messages before checking them.

# Usage

```
strip(
  strings,
  replacement = "",
  remove_spaces = FALSE,
  remove_numbers = FALSE,
  remove_ansi = TRUE,
  lowercase = FALSE,
  allow_na = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

```
strings vector of strings. (Character)

replacement What to replace blocks of punctuation with. (Character)

remove_spaces Whether to remove all whitespaces. (Logical)

remove_numbers Whether to remove all numbers. (Logical)

remove_ansi Whether to remove ANSI control sequences. (Logical)

lowercase Whether to make the strings lowercase. (Logical)

allow_na Whether to allow strings to contain NAs. (Logical)
```

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#### **Details**

```
    ANSI control sequences are removed with fansi::strip_ctl().
    gsub("[^[:alnum:][:blank:]]", replacement, strings))
    gsub('[0-9]+', '', strings) (Note: only if specified!)
    trimws(gsub("[[:blank:]]+", " ", strings)) (Or "" if remove_spaces is TRUE)
```

#### Value

The stripped strings.

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

```
Other strippers: strip_msg()
```

# **Examples**

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)

strings <- c(
   "Hello! I am George. \n\rDon't call me Frank! 123",
   " \tAs that, is, not, my, name!"
)

strip(strings)
strip(strings, remove_spaces = TRUE)
strip(strings, remove_numbers = TRUE)</pre>
```

strip\_msg

Strip side-effect messages of non-alphanumeric characters and rethrow them

# **Description**

## [Experimental]

Catches side effects (error, warnings, messages), strips the message strings of non-alphanumeric characters with strip() and regenerates them.

When numbers in error messages vary slightly between systems (and this variation isn't important to catch), we can strip the numbers as well.

Use case: Sometimes testthat tests have differences in punctuation and newlines on different systems. By stripping both the error message and the expected message (with strip()), we can avoid such failed tests.

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#### Usage

```
strip_msg(
   x,
   remove_spaces = FALSE,
   remove_numbers = FALSE,
   remove_ansi = TRUE,
   lowercase = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

x Code that potentially throws warnings, messages, or an error.
remove\_spaces Whether to remove all whitespaces. (Logical)
remove\_numbers Whether to remove all numbers. (Logical)
remove\_ansi Whether to remove ANSI control sequences. (Logical)
lowercase Whether to make the strings lowercase. (Logical)

#### Value

Returns NULL invisibly.

#### Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

# See Also

```
Other strippers: strip()
```

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suppress\_mw

Suppress warnings and messages

# Description

# [Experimental]

 $Run\ expression\ wrapped\ in\ both\ suppressMessages()\ and\ suppressWarnings().$ 

# Usage

```
suppress_mw(expr)
```

# Arguments

expr

Any expression to run within suppressMessages() and suppressWarnings().

# **Details**

```
suppressWarnings(suppressMessages(expr))
```

## Value

The output of expr.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

```
# Attach packages
library(xpectr)

fn <- function(a, b){
  warning("a warning")
  message("a message")
  a + b
}

suppress_mw(fn(1, 5))</pre>
```

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wrapStringAddin

Wraps the selection with paste0

# **Description**

#### [Experimental]

Splits the selection every n characters and inserts it in a paste0() call.

See `Details` for how to set a key command.

## Usage

```
wrapStringAddin(
  selection = NULL,
  indentation = 0,
  every_n = NULL,
  tolerance = 10,
  insert = TRUE
)
```

# **Arguments**

selection String of code. (Character)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

indentation Indentation of the selection. (Numeric)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

every\_n Number of characters per split.

If NULL, the following is used to calculate the string width:

max(min(80 - indentation, 70), 50)

**N.B.** Strings shorter than every\_n + tolerance will not be wrapped.

tolerance Tolerance. Number of characters.

We may prefer not to split a string that's only a few characters too long. Strings

shorter than every\_n + tolerance will not be wrapped.

insert Whether to insert the wrapped text via rstudioapi::insertText() or return

it. (Logical)

**N.B.** Mainly intended for testing the addin programmatically.

### **Details**

# How to set up a key command in RStudio:

After installing the package. Go to:

Tools >> Addins >> Browse Addins >> Keyboard Shortcuts.

Find "Wrap String with paste0" and press its field under Shortcut.

Press desired key command, e.g. Alt+P.

Press Apply.

Press Execute.

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# Value

```
Inserts the following (with newlines and correct indentation): 
paste0("first n chars", "next n chars")
Returns NULL invisibly.
```

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

#### See Also

 $Other\ addins:\ assertCollectionAddin(),\ dputSelectedAddin(),\ initializeGXSFunctionAddin(),\ initializeTestthatAddin(),\ insertExpectationsAddin(),\ navigateTestFileAddin()$ 

xpectr

xpectr: A package for generating tests for testthat unit testing

# Description

A set of utilities and RStudio addins for generating tests.

# Author(s)

Ludvig Renbo Olsen, <r-pkgs@ludvigolsen.dk>

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