COCI '07 Olympiad #4 Umnozak

The **digit-product** of a positive integer is the product of the number's decimal digits. For example, the digit-product of 2612 is $2 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 = 24$.

The **self-product** of a number is the product of the number and its digit-product. For example, the self-product of 2612 is $2612 \cdot 24 = 62\,688$.

Write a program that, given two positive integers A and B, calculates the number of positive integers whose self-product is between A and B, inclusive.

Input Specification

The first and only line contains two integers A and B $(1 \leq A \leq B < 10^{18})$.

Output Specification

Output should consist of a single integer, the number of positive integers whose twist is between A and B.

Scoring

In test cases worth a total of 25 points, A and B will be at most 10^8.

In test cases worth another 15, A and B will be at most 10^{12}.

Sample Input 1

```
20 30
```

Sample Output 1

```
2
```

Sample Input 2

```
145 192
```

Sample Output 2

4

Sample Input 3

```
2224222 2224222
```

Sample Output 3

```
1
```

Clarification of second example. The self-products of numbers $19, 24, 32$ and 41 are in order $171, 192, 192$ and 164.