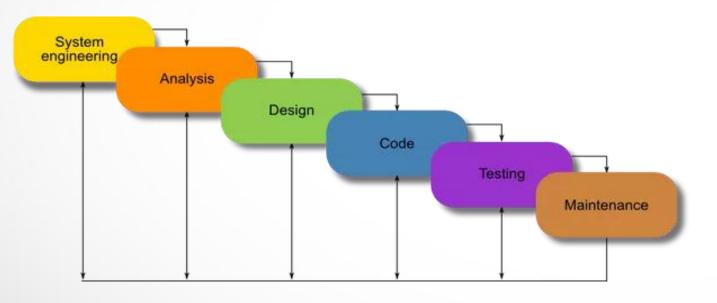
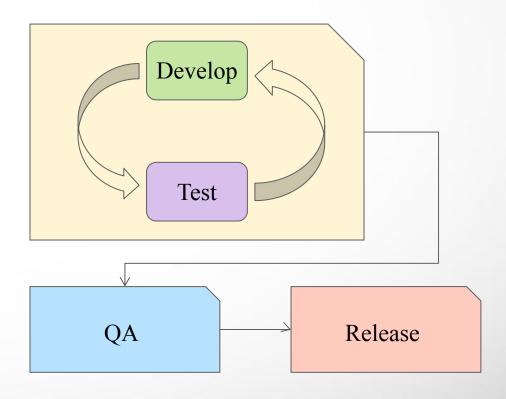


Test v.s. Quality Assurance

- Develop \Rightarrow QA
- Waterfall



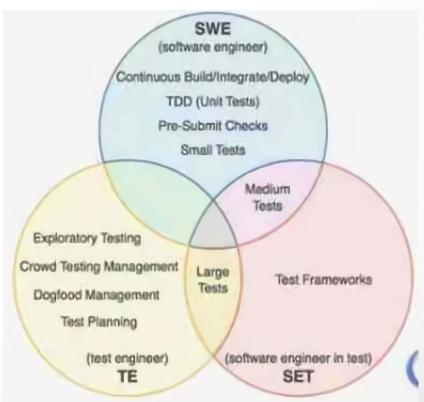
- (Develop+Test) \Rightarrow QA
- Agile



Experience of SSD Firmware Development

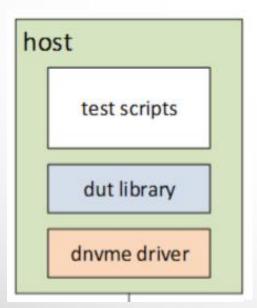
- Firmware Engineer & Test Engineer
 - FE develops firmware code
 - TE develops scripts to test firmware code
- test tool (DriveMaster):
 - difficult to develop and maintain
 - form a gap between FE and TE
 - source code is not open

- How Google Tests Software
 - SWE(FE), SET(TE), TE(QA)



Experience in a Startup: dnvme

- dnvme: @2015
 - wrap with python in userspace
 - functional tests
 - integrited with Jenkins
 - firmware engineers develop scripts
 - PASS IOL test on the first try



- challenges:
 - low performance:
 - IOPS, latency, consistency
 - test efficiency
 - stress tests
 - maintainness: kernel module
 - function coverage: PRP, ...
 - GPL License
- dnvme is good at NVMe test, but in-efficient on SSD test.

Born for NVMe: SPDK

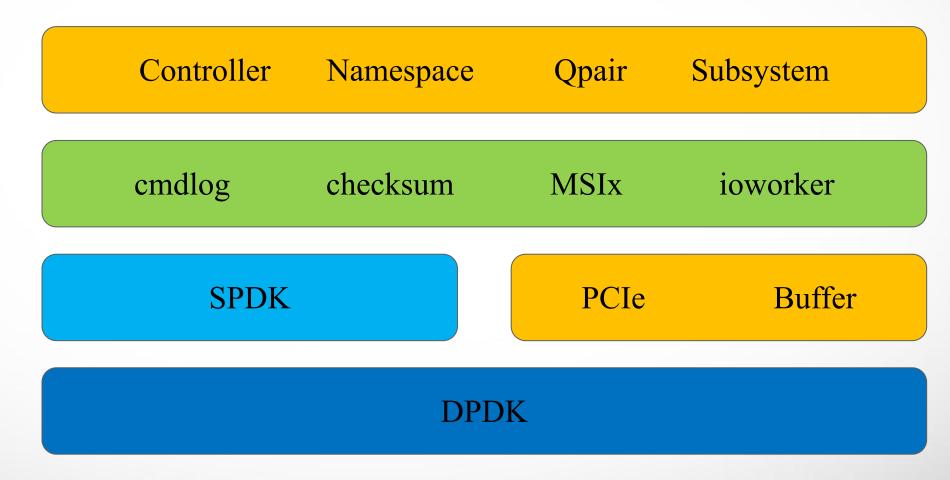
- SPDK is open from 2016
 - super high performance: <u>10M IOPS</u>
 - user space application
 - based on DPDK environment, which abstracts low-level resources
 - PCIe
 - memory



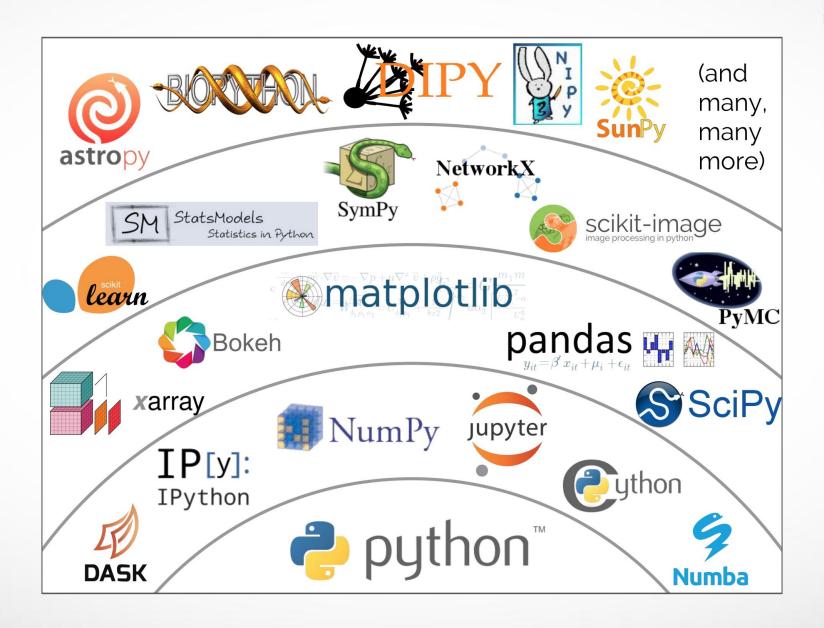
- meet challenges:
 - low performance:
 - IOPS, latency, consistency
 - test efficiency
 - stress tests
 - maintainness: kernel module
 - function coverage: PRP, ...
 - BSD License

pynvme: a software-defined SSD test framework

• pynvme abstracts test resources from low to high level, and provides Python API to access all these resources.

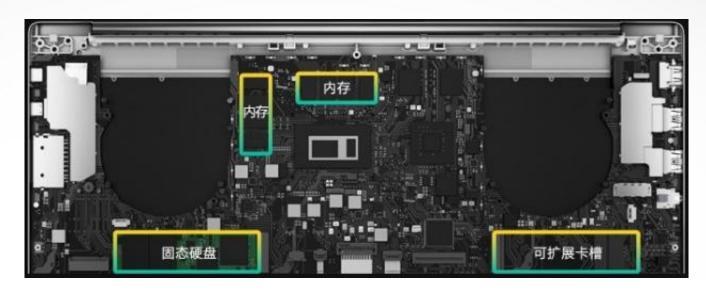


Open to the Ecosystem of Python



Flexible Hardware Configuration

- Single Node
 - laptop
 - workstation
- Mass Deploy
 - server







Test Scripts

```
import time
    import pytest
    import logging
 4
    import nyme as d
 5
 6
7
    # intuitive, spec, qpair, vscode, debug, cmdlog, assert
 8
    def test_hello_world(nvme0, nvme0n1, qpair):
 9
        # prepare data buffer and IO queue
10
        read_buf = d.Buffer(512)
11
12
        write buf = d.Buffer(512)
        write_buf[10:21] = b'hello world'
13
14
15
        # send write and read command
        def write_cb(cdw0, status1): # command callback function
16
            nvmeOn1.read(qpair, read_buf, 0, 1)
17
        nvmeOn1.write(qpair, write_buf, 0, 1, cb=write_cb)
18
19
        # wait commands complete and verify data
20
        assert read_buf[10:21] != b'hello world'
21
22
        qpair.waitdone(2)
        assert read_buf[10:21] == b'hello world'
23
```



```
def test_quarch_dirty_power_cycle_single(nvme0, nvme0n1, subsystem, buf, verify):
9
         # get the unsafe shutdown count before test
        nvme0.getlogpage(2, buf, 512).waitdone()
        orig_unsafe_count = buf.data(159, 144)
11
        logging.info("unsafe shutdowns: %d" % orig_unsafe_count)
12
        assert verify == True
14
15
        # 128K random write
        cmdlog_list = [None]*1000
17
        with nvmeOn1.ioworker(io_size=256,
18
                               lba_random=True,
19
                               read_percentage=30,
                               region_end=256*1000*1000,
21
                               time=30,
22
                               qdepth=1024,
23
                               output_cmdlog_list=cmdlog_list):
24
             # sudden power loss before the ioworker end
25
             time.sleep(10)
             subsystem.poweroff()
26
27
         # power on and reset controller
29
         time.sleep(5)
        subsystem.poweron()
31
        time.sleep(0)
        nvme0.reset()
```

Test Scripts: dirty power cycle

- PCIe Card Module
- Torridon Interface Kit
- poweroff process
 - poweroff when ioworker is alive
 - remove device from system
- poweron process
 - poweron
 - remove kernel driver
 - rescan device
 - nvme initialization





Test Scripts: 3 ways of sending IO



```
# intuitive, spec, qpair, vscode, debug, cmdlog, assert
     def test_hello_world(nvme0, nvme0n1, qpair):
        # prepare data buffer and IO queue
10
        read_buf = d.Buffer(512)
11
        write_buf = d.Buffer(512)
12
13
        write_buf[10:21] = b'hello world'
14
        # send write and read command
15
        def write_cb(cdw0, status1): # command callback function
16
            nvmeOn1.read(qpair, read_buf, 0, 1)
17
        nvmeOn1.write(qpair, write_buf, 0, 1, cb=write_cb)
18
```

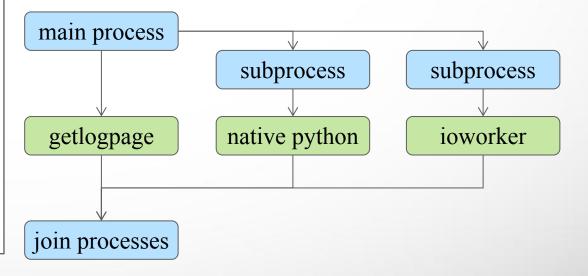
```
def test_ioworker_simplified(nvme0n1):
    nvme0n1.ioworker(io_size=2, time=2).start().close()
```

```
def test send single cmd(nvme0):
   cq = IOCQ(nvme0, 1, 10, PRP())
   sq = IOSQ(nvme0, 1, 10, PRP(), cqid=1)
   # first cmd, invalid namespace
   sq[0] = [8] + [0]*15
    sq.tail = 1
   time.sleep(0.1)
    status = (cq[0][3]>>17)&0x7ff
   assert status == 0x000b
    sq.delete()
   cq.delete()
```

Test Scripts: multiprocessing

```
def test_ioworker_with_temperature_and_trim(nvme0, nvme0n1):
        # start trim process
73
        import multiprocessing
74
        mp = multiprocessing.get_context("spawn")
75
        p = mp.Process(target = subprocess_trim,
76
                         args = (nvme0.addr.encode('utf-8'),
                                  300000))
78
        p.start()
79
80
         # start read/write ioworker and admin commands
81
         smart_log = d.Buffer(512, "smart log")
82
        with nvmeOn1.ioworker(io_size=8, lba_align=16,
83
84
                               lba_random=True, qdepth=16,
                               read_percentage=67, iops=10000, time=10):
            for i in range(15):
                nvme0.getlogpage(0x02, smart_log, 512).waitdone()
87
                ktemp = smart_log.data(2, 1)
                from pytemperature import k2c
                logging.info("temperature: %0.2f degreeC" % k2c(ktemp))
91
                 time.sleep(1)
         # wait trim process complete
94
         p.join()
96
```

```
# ioworker with admin commands, multiprocessing, log, cmdlog, pythonic
    def subprocess_trim(pciaddr, loops):
61
        nvme0 = d.Controller(pciaddr)
62
        nvme0n1 = d.Namespace(nvme0)
63
        q = d.Qpair(nvme0, 8)
64
65
        buf = d.Buffer(4096)
66
        buf.set_dsm_range(0, 8, 8)
67
        # send trim commands
68
        for i in range(loops):
69
            nvme0n1.dsm(q, buf, 1).waitdone()
70
71
```



Test Scripts: NVMe initialization for WRR

```
def nvme_init_wrr(nvme0):
        logging.info("user defined nyme init")
11
12
        nvme0[0x14] = 0
        while not (nvme0[0x1c]&0x1) == 0: pass
14
        # 3. set admin queue registers
        nvme0.init_adming()
17
        # 4. set register cc
        if (nvme0.cap>>17) & 0x1:
             logging.info("set WRR arbitration")
            nvme0[0x14] = 0x00460800
21
        else:
            nvme0[0x14] = 0x00460000
24
        # 5. enable cc.en
        nvme0[0x14] = nvme0[0x14] | 1
26
27
        # 6. wait csts.rdy to 1
        while not (nvme0[0x1c]&0x1) == 1: pass
        # 7. identify controller
31
        nvme0.identify(Buffer(4096)).waitdone()
        # 8. create and identify all namespace
34
        nvme0.init_ns()
        # 9. set/get num of queues
        nvme0.setfeatures(0x7, cdw11=0x00ff00ff).waitdone()
38
        nvme0.getfeatures(0x7).waitdone()
```

```
def test_ioworker_with_wrr(pcie):
        nvme0 = Controller(pcie, nvme init func=nvme init wrr)
43
44
        if (nvme0.cap>>17) & 0x1 == 0:
45
             pytest.skip("WRR is not supported")
46
47
        # 8:4:2
48
        assert nvme0[0x14] == 0x00460801
49
50
        nvme0.setfeatures(1, cdw11=0x07030103).waitdone()
        cdw0 = nvme0.getfeatures(1, cdw11=0x7313).waitdone()
51
52
        assert cdw0 == 0x07030103
53
54
        nvme0n1 = Namespace(nvme0, 1, 0x10000)
        nvme0n1.format(512)
56
        1 = []
57
58
        for i in range(3):
             a = nvme0n1.ioworker(io_size=8,
59
60
                                  read_percentage=100,
                                  region_end=0x10000,
61
62
                                  qprio=i+1,
                                  time=10)
63
             l.append(a)
64
```

ioworker: Parameters

Input Parameters:

- lba_start, lba_step, lba_align
- lba_random
- region_start, region_end
- distribution
- io_size (int, range, list, dict)
- read_percentage, io_percentage
- time, io count
- qdepth, qprio
- pvalue, ptype
- iops
- ...

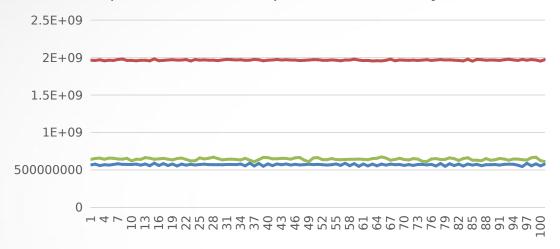
Output Parameters:

- io_count_read
- io_count_write
- mseconds
- latency_max_us
- latency_average_us
- error
- cpu usage
- output_io_per_second (optional)
- output_percentile_latency (optional)
- output cmdlog list (optional)
- ...

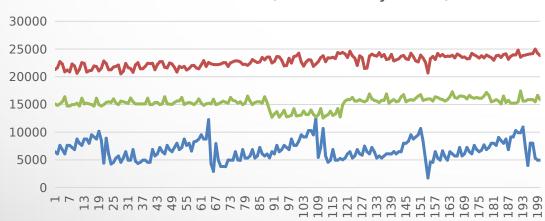
API document: https://pynvme.readthedocs.io/api.html

ioworker: Gallery

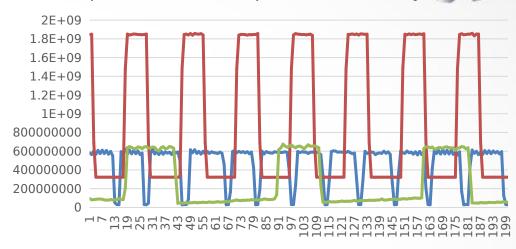
sequential write 1st pass (x: second, y: B/s)



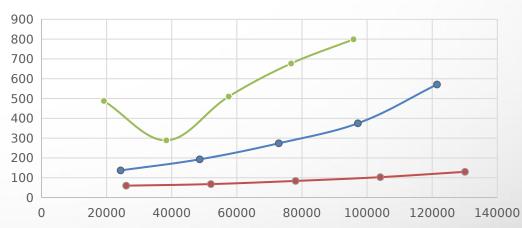
4K random write (x: second, y: IOPS)



sequential write 3rd pass (x: second, y: B/s)



latency against IOPS, 2R1W (x: IOPS, y: us)



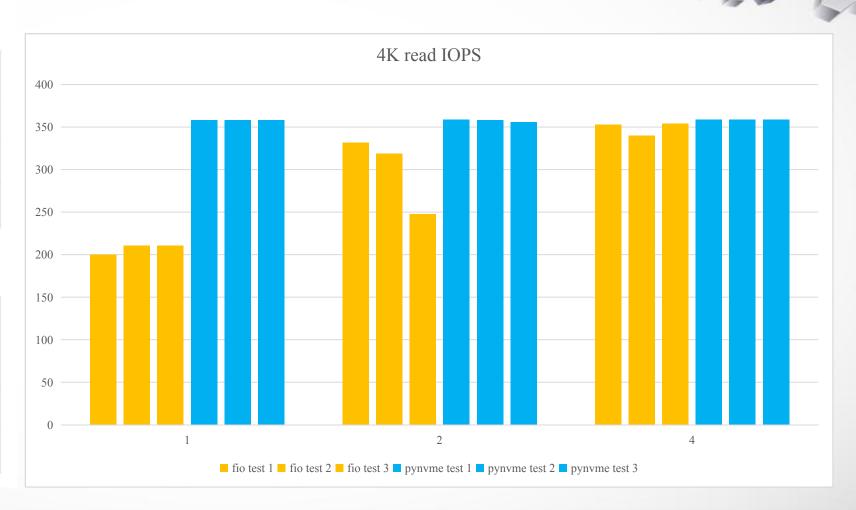
ioworker: Performance

fio (unit: K IOPS)

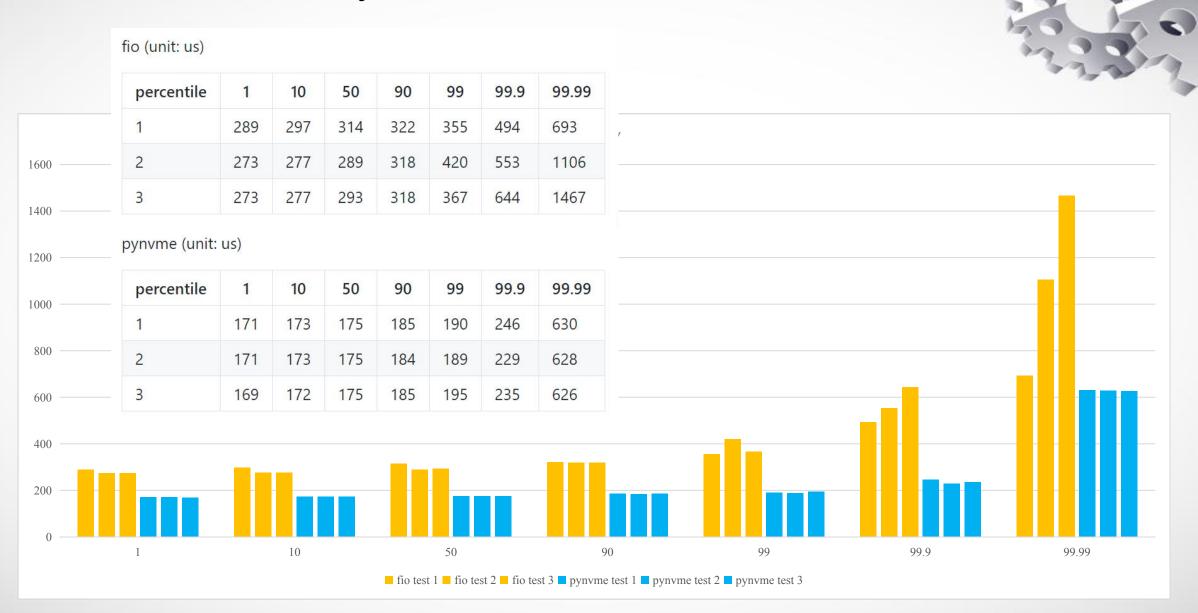
Q count	1	2	4
test 1	200	332	353
test 2	211	319	340
test 3	211	248	354

pynvme (unit: K IOPS)

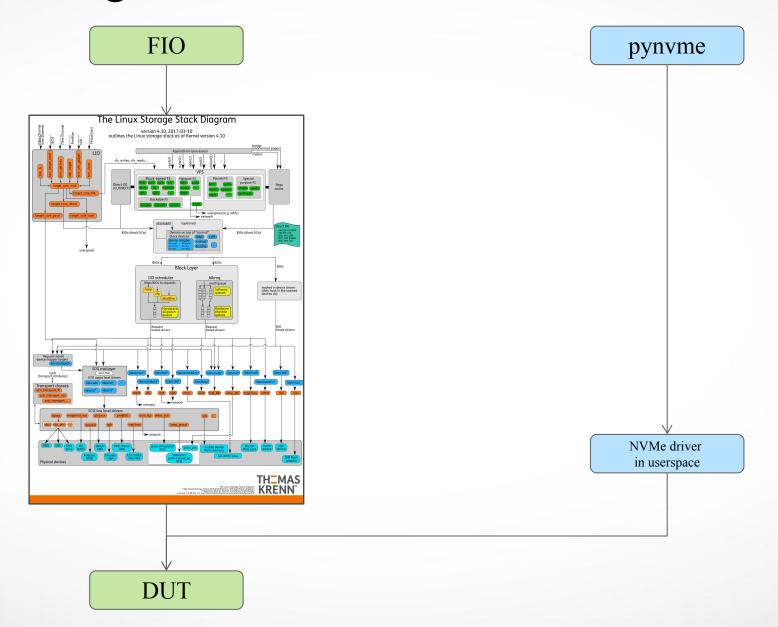
Q count	1	2	4
test 1	358	359	359
test 2	358	358	359
test 3	358	356	359



ioworker: Latency

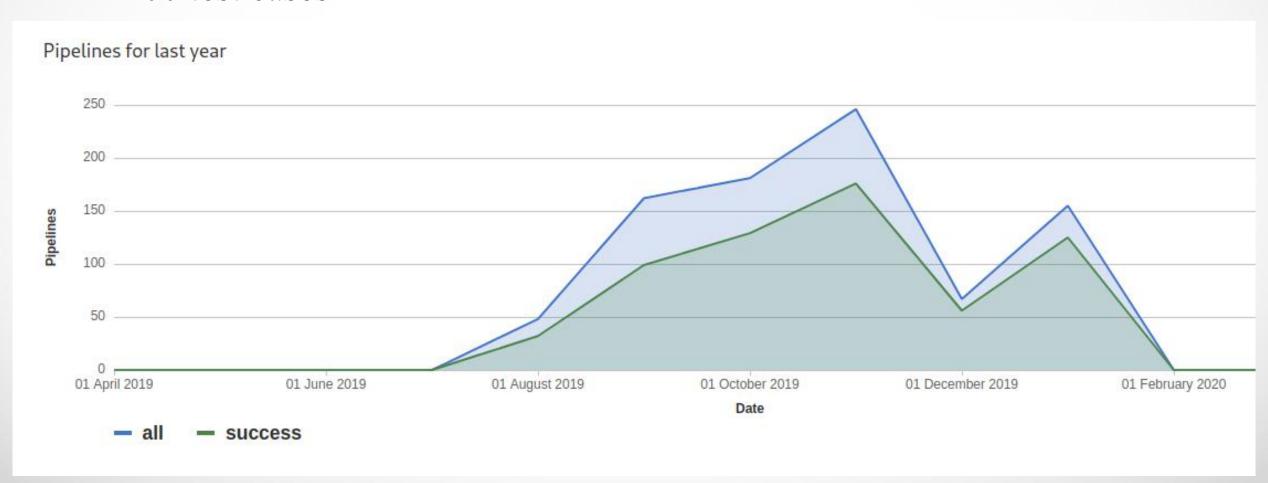


ioworker: Design



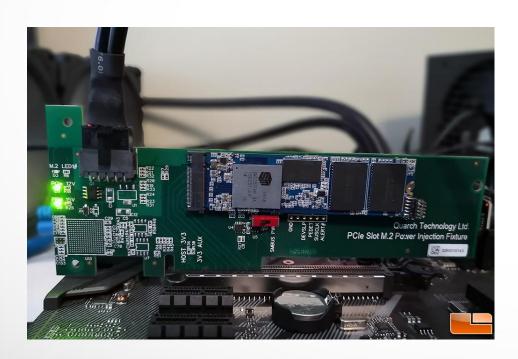
Quality: test of the test infrastructure

- CI in gitlab.com
- ~200 test cases



vPower to ON and OFF

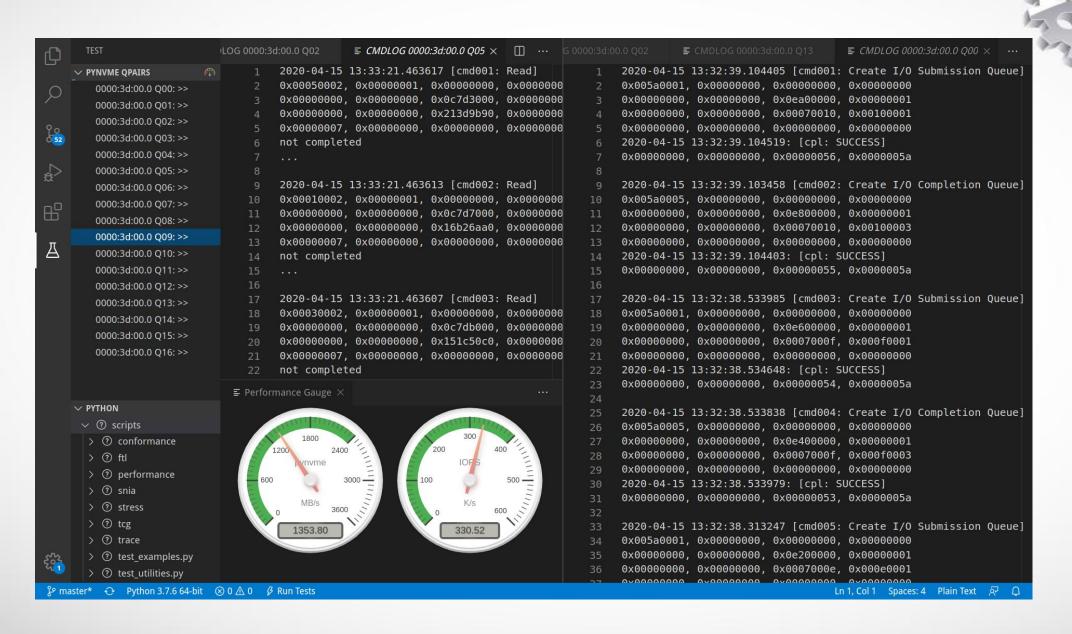
• Usually we need a special hardware box to control the power of SSD



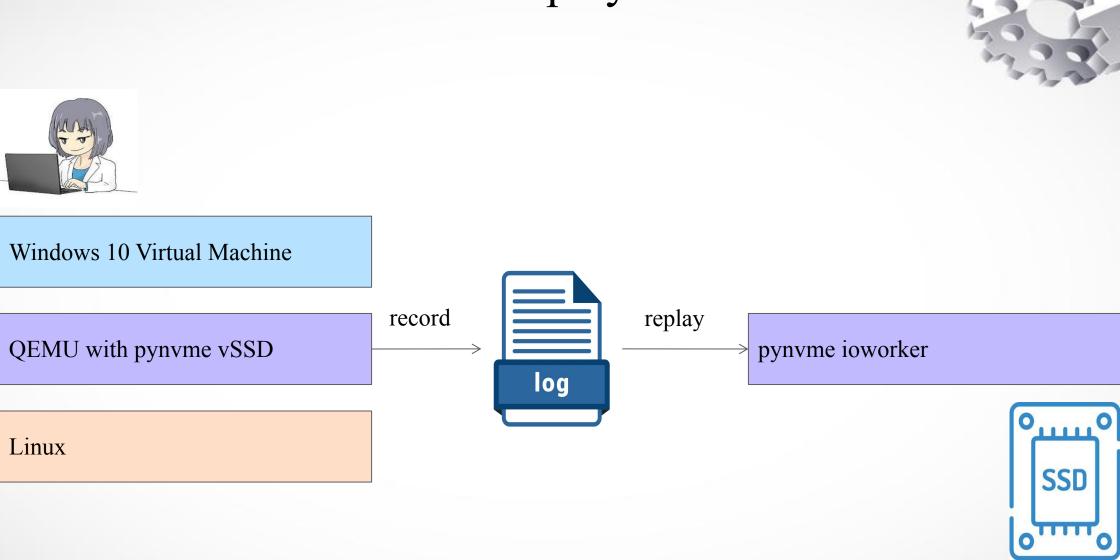
- vPower contorls the power of SSD:
 - power off: enter S3/sleep mode
 - power on: wake up by RTC

```
[2020-05-07 21:11:14.455311] WARNING driver.c(267) buffer_verify_data: crc mismatch: lba 0xe42;
2829-05-87 21:11:14.455344] NOTICE driver.c(572) cmdlog_cmd_cpl: original cpl:
[2020-05-07 21:11:14.455354] NOTICE nvme_qpair.c(303) spdk_nvme_qpair_print_completion: SUCCESS
2020-05-07 21:11:14.455] IMFO read_cb(50): slba 0xe422898, status 0x281
 020-05-07 21:11:14.463359] WARNING driver.c(267) buffer_verify_data: crc mismatch: lba 0xc000
 2020-05-07 21:11:14.463377] NOTICE driver.c(572) cmdlog_cmd_cpl: original cpl:
 2828-85-87 21:11:14.463385] NOTICE nvme_qpair.c(383) spdk_nvme_qpair_print_completion: SUCCESS
2020-05-07 21:11:14.463] INFO read_cb(50): slba 0xc0800c0, status 0x281
2020-05-07 21:11:14.685] INFO script(67); tost duration: 40.060 sec
 cripts/stress/dirty_power_cycle_test.py::test_quarch_dirty_power_cycle_multiple[500]
                            test_quarch_dirty_power_cycle_multiple(125): testing device 3d:0
 2028-05-07 21:11:14,910662] INFO driver.c(1181) ns_verify_enable: enable inline data verify: 1
                           test_quarch_dirty_power_cycle_single(14): unsafe shutdowns: 3111
```

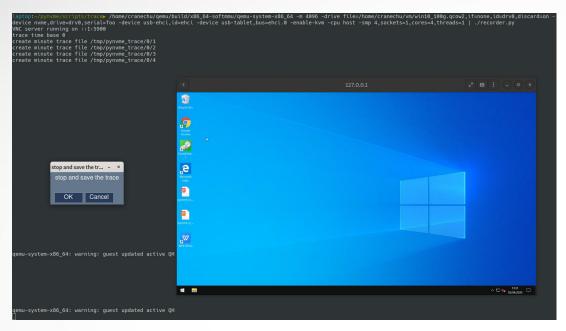
vAnalyzer

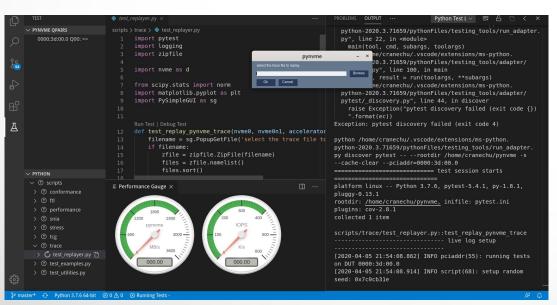


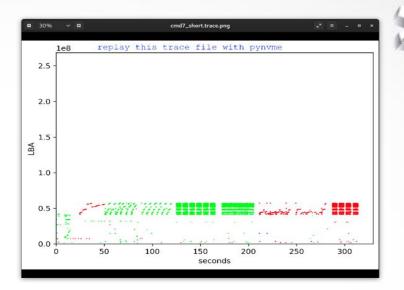
vTracer: IO Recorder and Replayer

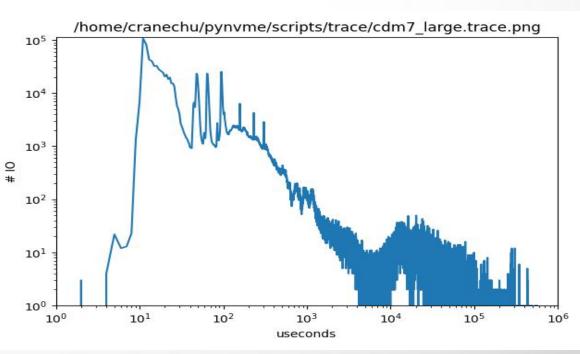


vTracer: Demo

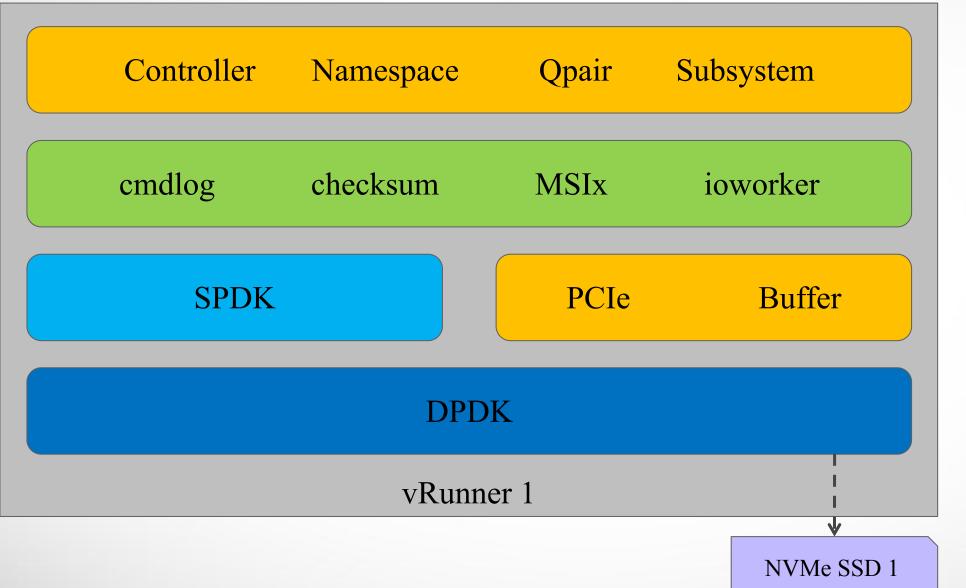








vRunner: Mass Deploy





Services

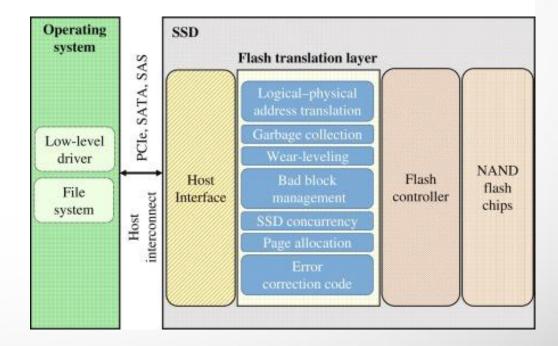
```
def test_ioworker_jedec_workload(nvme0n1):
         distribution = [1000]*5 + [200]*15 + [25]*80
 6
        iosz_distribution = {1: 4,
 7
                              2: 1,
 8
 9
                              3: 1,
                              4: 1,
10
                              5: 1,
11
                              6: 1,
12
13
                              7: 1,
14
                              8: 67,
                              16: 10,
15
                              32: 7,
16
                              64: 3,
17
                              128: 3}
18
19
20
        nvmeOn1.ioworker(io_size=iosz_distribution,
21
                          lba_random=True,
22
                          qdepth=128,
                          distribution = distribution,
23
24
                          read_percentage=0,
                          ptype=0xbeef, pvalue=100,
25
                          time=12*3600).start().close()
26
```







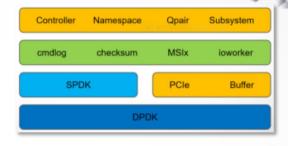




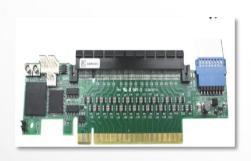
Values



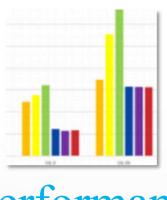




Expendability



Hardware



Performance



Service





https://github.com/pynvme/pynvme

Thanks!