Homework # 6

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Parameters

```
clear;

cp _ 0 = 0.5;

crho = 0.5;

sigma _ u = 0.1;

cdelta = 0.95;
```

Question 2

Take a look at tauchen.m in the repository, use it to generate a grid that approximates the process for p_t with 21 grid points

```
% Number of grid points for the price
npgrid = 21;
[prob, pgrid] = tauchen(npgrid, cp_0, crho, sigma_u);

% Number of grid points for the stock of timber
nxgrid = 201;

% Grid for timber stock
xgrid = linspace(0,100, nxgrid)';
```

Question 3

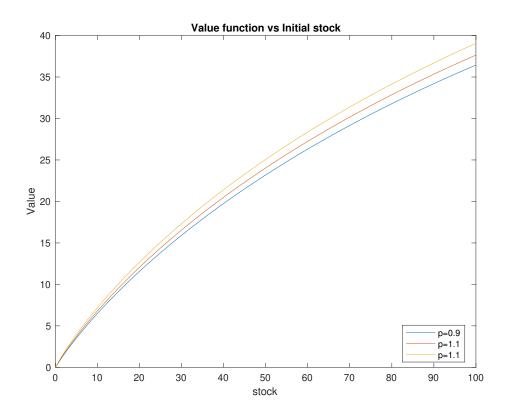
Solve the firm's problem using value function iteration. Plot the value of the firm depending on its initial stock (x-axis) and the current price of timber for $p \in \{0.9, 1, 1.1\}$.

```
% Value function iteration
% Initial Value function matrix
Vold = zeros(nxgrid, npgrid);

% Store updated values here
Vnew = zeros(nxgrid, npgrid);

% Store policy indices here
pol_index = zeros(nxgrid, npgrid);
```

```
\% Amount Harvested
h = xgrid - xgrid;
% Value function iteration
for j = 1: npgrid
 values = period _ profit (h, pgrid(j)) + ...
     cdelta*prob(j,:)*Vold;
 Vnew(:,j) = max(values,[],2);
diff = norm(Vnew-Vold)/norm(Vnew);
tol = 0.00001;
iters = 0;
while diff > tol
 Vold = Vnew;
 for j = 1: npgrid
  values = period \_ profit(h, pgrid(j)) + ...
      \texttt{cdelta*prob}(\texttt{j},\texttt{:})*\texttt{Vold}';
  [V_{new}(:,j), pol_{index}(:,j)] = max(values,[],2);
 end
 diff = norm(Vnew-Vold)/norm(Vnew);
 iters = iters + 1;
policy = xgrid (pol_index);
% Plot the value of the firm
v0 = 9 = Vnew(:, 8);
v1 = Vnew(:, 11);
v1 _1 = Vnew(:, 14);
plot(xgrid, v0 = 9, xgrid, v1, xgrid, v1 = 1)
title ('Value function vs Initial stock')
xlabel('stock')
ylabel ('Value')
legend ({ 'p = 0.9', 'p = 1.1', 'p = 1.1'}, 'Location', ...
    'best')
```

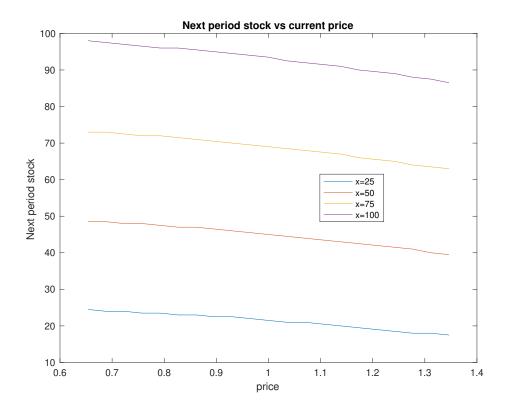


Question 4

Plot next period optimal stock (or harvest amount if you prefer) as a function of today's price for different amounts of lumber left in stock.

```
x25 = policy (51,:);
x50 = policy (101,:);
x75 = policy (151,:);
x100 = policy (201,:);

figure
plot (pgrid, x25, pgrid, x50, pgrid, x75, pgrid, x100);
title ('Next period stock vs current price')
xlabel ('price')
ylabel ('Next period stock')
legend ({'x = 25', 'x = 50', 'x = 75', 'x = 100'}, ...
'Location', 'best')
```



Question 5

Assume firm starts with stock of 100 and todays price is 1. Plot expected stock over time for 20 periods ahead. Include the 90 percent confidence interval

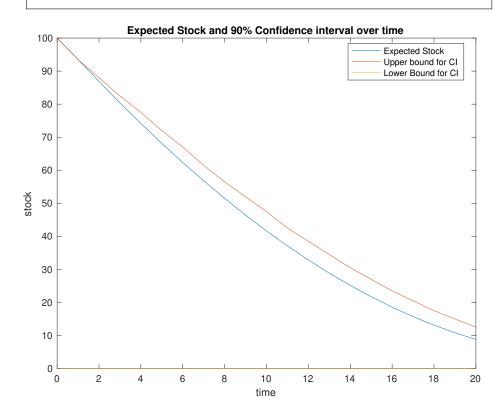
```
P = zeros(nxgrid*npgrid, nxgrid*npgrid);

% Transition matrix for the states
for i = 1:npgrid
    for j = 1:npgrid
    P((i-1)*nxgrid + 1:i*nxgrid, ...
        (j-1)*nxgrid + 1:j*nxgrid) = prob(i,j)*(kron(ones(1,nxgrid), ...
        policy(:,i)) = = kron(ones(nxgrid,1),xgrid'));
    end
end

% For the following periods ahead
nperiods = 20;

% Store distribution over states here
q = zeros(nperiods + 1,nxgrid*npgrid);
```

```
\% Start at p=1, x=100
q(1,11*nxgrid) = 1;
for t = 1: nperiods
 q(t + 1,:) = q(t,:) *P;
% Expected Values
\% Store the marginal probability distributions of \boldsymbol{x}
x = margdist = zeros(nperiods + 1, nxgrid);
for t = 1: nperiods + 1
     mat _q = reshape(q(t,:), [nxgrid, npgrid]);
     x \mathrel{\_\_} margdist\left(\begin{smallmatrix} t \end{smallmatrix}, : \right) = sum\left(\begin{smallmatrix} mat \mathrel{\_\_} q \end{smallmatrix}, 2 \right) \; ';
end
% Expected values
mu x = x margdist*xgrid;
% Confidence interval
index = 1: nxgrid;
% Cumulative distributions
x = cumsum = cumsum (x = margdist, 2);
% Obtain 90th quantiles
indices 90 = zeros (nperiods + 1,1);
for t = 1: nperiods + 1
     indices 90 (t, 1) = min(index(x_cumsum(t, :) > = 0.8));
end
x90 = xgrid (indices 90);
lb = zeros(nperiods + 1,1);
time = 0:20;
plot(time, mu_x, time, x90, time, lb)
title ('Expected Stock and 90\,\% Confidence interval ...
    over time')
xlabel('time')
ylabel('stock')
\label{eq:condition} \operatorname{legend}\left(\left\{\right. \text{`Expected Stock'}, \right. \text{`Upper bound for CI'}, \right. \dots
     'Lower Bound for CI'}, 'Location', 'best')
```



Question 6.

Redo 2-4 for the coarse grid of 5 points in Tauchen's representation

Question 6.2. Take a look at tauchen.m in the repository, use it to generate a grid that approximates the process for p_t with 5 grid points

```
% Number of grid points for the price
npgrid = 5;
[prob, pgrid, invdist] = tauchen(npgrid, cp_0, crho, ...
    sigma_u);

% Number of grid points for the stock of timber
nxgrid = 201;

% Grid for timber stock
xgrid = linspace(0,100, nxgrid)';
```

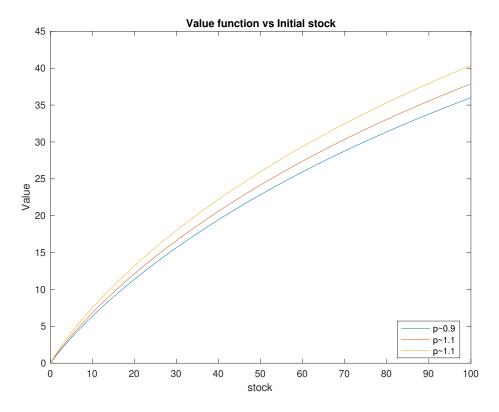
Question 6.3

Solve the firm's problem using value function iteration. Plot the value of the firm depending on its initial stock (x-axis) and the current price of timber for $p \in \{0.9, 1, 1.1\}$.

```
% Value function iteration
% Initial Value function matrix
Vold = zeros (nxgrid, npgrid);
% Store updated values here
Vnew = zeros (nxgrid, npgrid);
% Store policy indices here
pol _ index = zeros(nxgrid, npgrid);
% Amount Harvested
h = xgrid - xgrid;
% Value function iteration
for j = 1: npgrid
 values = period \_profit(h, pgrid(j)) + ...
    cdelta*prob(j,:)*Vold;
 Vnew(:,j) = max(values,[],2);
diff = norm(Vnew-Vold)/norm(Vnew);
tol = 0.00001;
iters = 0;
while diff > tol
 Vold = Vnew;
 for j = 1: npgrid
  values = period \_ profit(h, pgrid(j)) + ...
     cdelta*prob(j,:)*Vold';
  [Vnew(:,j), pol_index(:,j)] = max(values,[],2);
 diff = norm(Vnew-Vold)/norm(Vnew);
 iters = iters + 1;
end
policy = xgrid (pol_index);
```

```
% Plot the value of the firm
v0 _ 9 = Vnew(:,2);
v1 = Vnew(:,3);
v1 _ 1 = Vnew(:,4);

figure
plot(xgrid, v0 _ 9, xgrid, v1, xgrid, v1 _ 1)
title('Value function vs Initial stock')
xlabel('stock')
ylabel('Value')
legend({'p~0.9', 'p~1.1', 'p~1.1'}, 'Location', 'best')
```



Question 6.4

Plot next period optimal stock (or harvest amount if you prefer) as a function of today's price for different amounts of lumber left in stock.

```
x25 = policy (51,:);
x50 = policy (101,:);
x75 = policy (151,:);
```

```
figure
plot(pgrid, x25, pgrid, x50, pgrid, x75, pgrid, x100);
title('Next period stock vs current price')
xlabel('price')
ylabel('Next period stock')
legend({'x = 25', 'x = 50', 'x = 75', 'x = 100'}, ...
'Location', 'best')
```

