Exercise sheet 2

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Explain/define: "Operon" and "Transcription Unit"?

- An operon is a functioning unit of genomic DNA containing a cluster of genes under the control of a single region of DNA that initiates transcription of a particular gene.
- Transcription is a process that occurs in all living cells. During transcription, strands of RNA are created based on the DNA found within the cells. When a strand of messenger RNA (mRNA) is created, it is then used to produce proteins during translation. A whole strand of DNA is not usually transcribed into mRNA, but instead specific sections of the DNA are, which are called transcription units.

Write a Java program SELO that reads a file with the following eight sequences. SELO shall compute and output a table with the characteristic numbers for a "standard" sequence logo (no HMM logo).

• See seperate java folder.

What is the main idea behind the unsupervised operon prediction method introduced in the class, i.e. why does it "work" without prior knowledge about concrete previously identified operons (sample/training data)?

• TODO

Why are the features for adjacent genes computed separately for closely and distantly related organisms?

• TODO