## Spring Professional Exam Tutorial v5.0 Question 24

## Question 24 - What do you have to configure to use JPA with Spring? How does Spring Boot make this easier?

Following steps are required to work with JPA in Spring Framework:

- Declare maven dependencies:
  - ▶ JPA API javax.persistence:javax.persistence-api
  - ▶ Spring ORM org.springframework:spring-orm
  - ▶ ORM of your choice, for example org.hibernate:hibernate-core
  - ▶ Database Driver, for example org.hsqldb:hsqldb
  - ▶ Optionally, but recommended, Spring Data JPA org.springframework.data:spring-data-jpa
- Define DataSource Bean
- ▶ Define PlatformTransactionManager, in case of JPA JpaTransactionManager
- ▶ **Define** EntityManagerFactoryBean
  - ▶ LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean for standalone application
  - ► EntityManagerFactory from JNDI
  - ► LocalEntityManagerFactoryBean for Test purposes
- Define @Entity classes with at least on @Id field
- Define DAO classes, or use Spring Data JPA Repositories

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## Spring Boot simplifies JPA setup by:

- Providing spring-boot-starter-data-jpa dependency which includes all required dependencies
- Providing auto-configuration for JPA
- Automatically defines PlatformTransactionManager, EntityManager and other required beans
- Allows Data Source to be configured via properties
- Provides out-of-the-box support for Hikari Connection Pool
- Provides default properties to JPA
- Automatically creates DAO beans for Repositories