

Anthony Constantino
HW 2

1) Psuedocode for a Mix Columns algorithm

def mixColumns():

 Create a copy matrix m representing the current state.

 for each row:

 for each column:

 setup matrix m with values from original matrix o

 Create a matrix c with these values

 0x02, 0x03, 0x01, 0x01

 0x01, 0x02, 0x03, 0x01

 0x01, 0x01, 0x02, 0x03

 0x03, 0x01, 0x01, 0x02

 for each column:

$m[0][column] = \text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[0][column], m[0][0]) \wedge \dots \wedge$
 $\text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[3][column], m[0][3])$

$m[1][column] = \text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[0][column], m[1][0]) \wedge \dots \wedge$
 $\text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[3][column], m[1][3])$

$m[2][column] = \text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[0][column], m[2][0]) \wedge \dots \wedge$
 $\text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[3][column], m[2][3])$

$m[3][column] = \text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[0][column], m[3][0]) \wedge \dots \wedge$
 $\text{finiteFieldMultiply}(o[3][column], m[3][3])$

 for each row:

 for each column:

 copy the fields of new matrix m into original matrix o

2) Psuedocode for a Finite Field Multiply algorithm

def finiteFieldMultiply(a, b): <-where a and b are ints

 solution = 0x00

 for each of the bits:

 check if we have an odd bit in b:

 solution = solution XOR a

 check if a has last bit set:

 a = a shift bits left

 a = XOR 0x11b <- this will reset all the lower bits

 else:

a = a shift bits left

b = b shift bits right