Departamento de Matemáticas 1º Bachillerato

Repaso de límites



 $1. \ _Calcula los siguientes l\'imites:$

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{2x^2 - 14x + 12}{x^2 - 10x + 4} \right)$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{(5x-4)(2x^2-3)}{2x^3 - 4x + 1} \right)$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \left(\frac{x^3 + 1}{x^2 + 2x + 1} \right)$$

Sol: No existe el límite

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 3x + 2} \right)$$

Sol:
$$-2$$

(e)
$$\lim_{x \to a} \left(\frac{-a^2 - 2ax + 3x^2}{a^2 - 3ax + 2x^2} \right)$$

Sol: 4

(f)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left(-\frac{3}{1 - x^2} + \frac{1}{1 - x} \right)$$

Sol: No existe el límite

(g)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 - 3x}{2x^2 + 5x} \right)$$

Sol:
$$-\frac{3}{5}$$

(h)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 - 3x}{2x^2 + 5x} \right)$$

Sol:
$$\infty$$

(i)

(j)

(k)

(1)

(m)

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 - 3x}{2x^2 + 5x} \right)$$

Sol:
$$-\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\frac{4x^2 - x + 3}{3x^2 + x - 3} \right)^{\frac{x}{1 - x}}$$

Sol:
$$\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(-x + \sqrt{x^3 + x + 1} \right)$$

Sol:
$$\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(-x + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} \right)$$

Sol:
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{x^2 + 3}{3x^2 - 5} \right)^{\frac{x^2}{2 - x}}$$

Sol:
$$\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left(\frac{x^3 + 1}{x^2 + 1} \right)^{\frac{3}{x - 1}}$$

(\tilde{n})

$$\lim_{x \to 2} (x-1)^{\frac{1}{x-2}}$$

Sol: $e^{\frac{3}{2}}$

Sol: e