## Departamento de Matemáticas 1º Bachillerato



7 - Sistemas de ecuaciones



1. p019e01 - Resuelve los sistemas:

(a) 
$$\begin{cases} 3x - 2y = 1\\ x + 6y = 7 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{20}{3} & \frac{20}{3} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:1, y:1\}$$

(b) 
$$\begin{cases} 6x - 2y = 14\\ 3x - y = 7 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 14 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \left\{ x : \frac{y}{3} + \frac{7}{3} \right\}$$

(c) 
$$\begin{cases} 6x - 2y = 9\\ 3x - y = 10 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{11}{2} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

(d) 
$$\begin{cases} 4x + 7y = -3 \\ 7x + 4y = 36 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 & -3 \\ 0 & -\frac{33}{4} & \frac{165}{4} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:8, y:-5\}$$

(e) 
$$\begin{cases} 4x + 16 = 5y \\ 5y - 19 = 3x \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 & -16 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{4} & 7 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \left\{ x : 3, \quad y : \frac{28}{5} \right\}$$

(f) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 5 = y + 2 \\ 1 + 3x + 2y = x - 4 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 4 & -19 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: \frac{9}{4}, \quad y: -\frac{19}{4} \}$$

(g) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 5 = y + 2 \\ 3x - 2y = x - 5 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & -19 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

(h) 
$$\begin{cases} x + 3y = 6 \\ 6y - 5 = 7 - 2x \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: -3y+6\}$$

(i) 
$$\begin{cases} x - y = 8 \\ x + y = 24 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 8 \\ 0 & 2 & 16 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: 16, y: 8\}$$

$$(j) \quad \begin{cases} x + 2y = 11 \\ 2x - y = 2 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 11 \\ 0 & -5 & -20 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:3, y:4\}$$

$$(k) \quad \begin{cases} 3x - 4y = -9\\ 2x + y = 5 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & -9 \\ 0 & \frac{11}{3} & 11 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:1, y:3\}$$

(1) 
$$\begin{cases} 10(x-2) + y = 1\\ x + 3(x-y) = 5 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: 2, y: 1\}$$

(m) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{x-y}{2} + \frac{x-y}{3} = 5\\ \frac{x+7}{4} + y = 3 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: \frac{29}{5}, y: -\frac{1}{5} \}$$

(n) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{3(y+2x+2)}{4} = \frac{4x+y-1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3}(x+y) - \frac{1}{6}(x-y) = \frac{y-1}{6} \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{6} & -\frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: 39, y: -20\}$$

(n) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 2(x+y) = 3y - 2\\ \frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{2} = 3 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{11}{3} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: 12, y: -2\}$$

(o) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{3-2y}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1-2x}{6} \\ \frac{25}{8} - 1 = \frac{x+3}{2} - \frac{3(1+y)}{8} \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 & \frac{5}{12} \\ 0 & \frac{3}{8} & -\frac{3}{8} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:5, y:4\}$$

(p) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{4y-5x}{6} + \frac{3x-2y}{2} = 1 - \frac{2}{9}(x+y) \\ \frac{4y+x-8}{8} - x = \frac{2(y-2x)}{3} \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{9} & \frac{2}{9} & 1\\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x : \frac{4}{7}, \quad y : -\frac{31}{7} \}$$

2. p021e23 - Resuelve los sistemas:

(a) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + 5z = 13 \\ 2x - 5y + z = 19 \\ x + 3y - 2z = -4 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 5 & 13 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{23}{2} & -\frac{27}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & -52 & -52 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:4, y:-2, z:1\}$$

(b) 
$$\begin{cases} x - y + z = 7 \\ x + y - 3z = 1 \\ 2x + y - 4z = 5 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 7 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: z+4, \quad y: 2z-3\}$$

(c) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + z = 13 \\ 3x - 4y + 2z = 1 \\ 2x - 2y + z = 0 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -25 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

(d) 
$$\begin{cases} x - y + z = 1 \\ x + z = 4 \\ y - 3z = -15 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & -18 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: -2, y: 3, z: 6\}$$

(e) 
$$\begin{cases} 2x - y + z = 6 \\ x + y - 2z = 1 \\ x - 2y + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

(f) 
$$\begin{cases} x + 2y - 3z = 9 \\ 2x - y = 6 \\ 4x + 3y - 6z = 24 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 & 9 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{21}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \left\{ x : \frac{3z}{5} + \frac{21}{5}, \quad y : \frac{6z}{5} + \frac{12}{5} \right\}$$

(g) 
$$\begin{cases} 4x - 2y = 2\\ 6y - 3z = 1\\ 3z - 4x = -1 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 12 & -3 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & \frac{4}{3} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

$$\left\{x: \frac{3}{4}, \quad y: \frac{1}{2}, \quad z: \frac{2}{3}\right\}$$

(h) 
$$\begin{cases} x + 2y = 5 \\ 2x + y = -1 \\ -x + 3y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & -3 & -11 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{22}{3} \end{bmatrix} \to$$

(i) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 3y = 1 \\ 4y - z = 1 \\ 2x - z = 1 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{4}{3} & -1 & \frac{7}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: -2, \quad y: -1, \quad z: -5\}$$

(j) 
$$\begin{cases} x + 2 = -y \\ -y + 3 = 2x \\ 4x - y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & -21 \end{bmatrix} \to$$

(k) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + 3z = 2\\ 2x - 3y + z = 1\\ 3x - y + 2z = 9 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{7}{2} & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 18 & 18 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:3, \quad y:2, \quad z:1\}$$

(1) 
$$\begin{cases} x - 6 + y = 0 \\ -3y + x - 2 = 0 \\ 5x - 26 + y = 0 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:5, y:1\}$$

(m) 
$$\begin{cases} 2x + 2y = -2\\ x + 6 = y\\ 3x + 5y = 1 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

(n) 
$$\begin{cases} x+y+z=4\\ x-2y+3z=13\\ x+3y+4z=11 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 5 & 21 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{13}{3} & 13 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x: 2, \quad y: -1, \quad z: 3\}$$

(ñ) 
$$\begin{cases} z - 2(x+y) = -9\\ 3x - y = 3\\ 3y - z = 9 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 9 & -1 & 18 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:3, y:6, z:9\}$$

(o) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3} + z = 7 \\ x - \frac{y}{2} + \frac{z}{3} = 11 \\ \frac{x}{3} - y - \frac{z}{2} = 5 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 7\\ 0 & \frac{7}{4} & \frac{11}{6} & \frac{43}{2}\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{73}{126} & \frac{73}{21} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x:6, \quad y:-6, \quad z:6\}$$

(p) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3} + \frac{z}{3} = 9\\ \frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{9} + \frac{z}{3} = 6\\ \frac{x}{6} + \frac{y}{2} + \frac{z}{2} = 13 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & 9\\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{4}{9} & 9\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{14}{27} & 10 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x : \frac{6}{7}, \quad y : \frac{45}{7}, \quad z : \frac{135}{7} \}$$

(q) 
$$\begin{cases} x - y + z = 5\\ \frac{x - 1}{2} + \frac{y}{3} = 1\\ \frac{2x + y}{6} - \frac{3z + y}{8} = 4 \end{cases}$$

Sol: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{8}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{3}{8} & \frac{35}{8} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \{x : \frac{177}{29}, \quad y : -\frac{135}{29}, \quad z : -\frac{167}{29} \}$$