QAOA Solutions and Comparison to the VQE

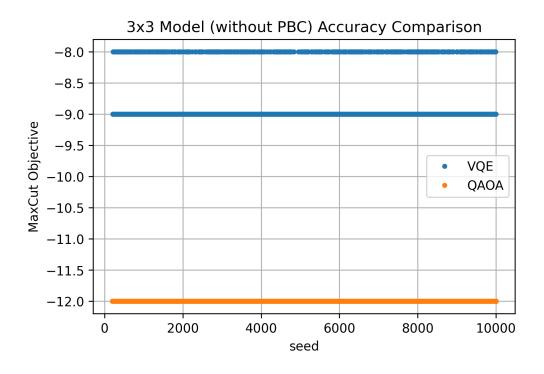
Youfu Qian

Feb 10th 2023

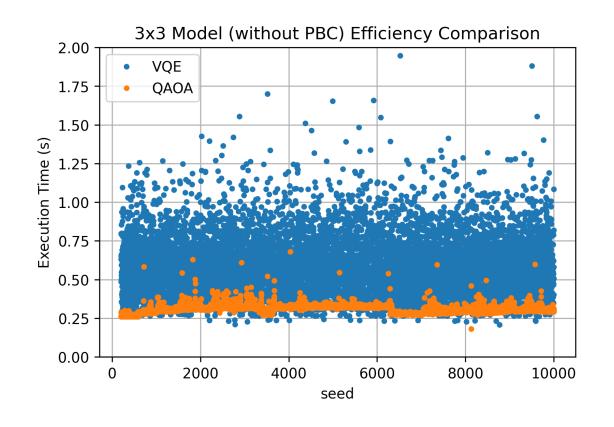
QAOA: Bipartite -> assign spins

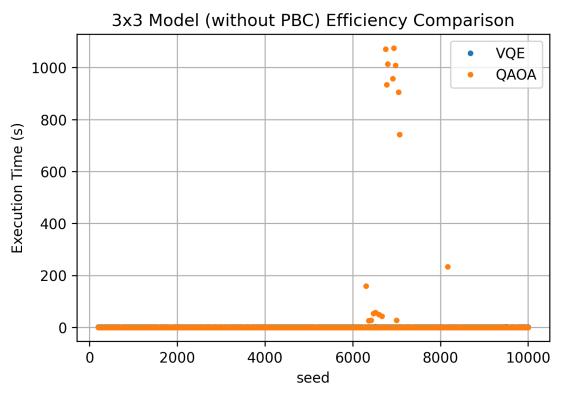
VQE: assign spin at every iteration

3x3 Model Without PBC

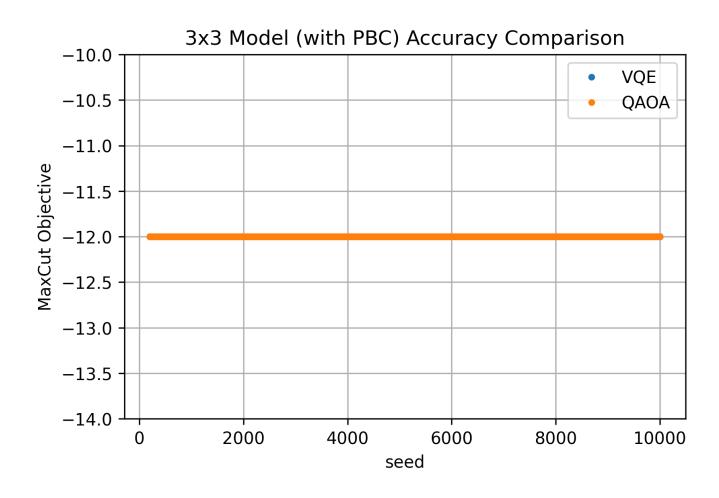


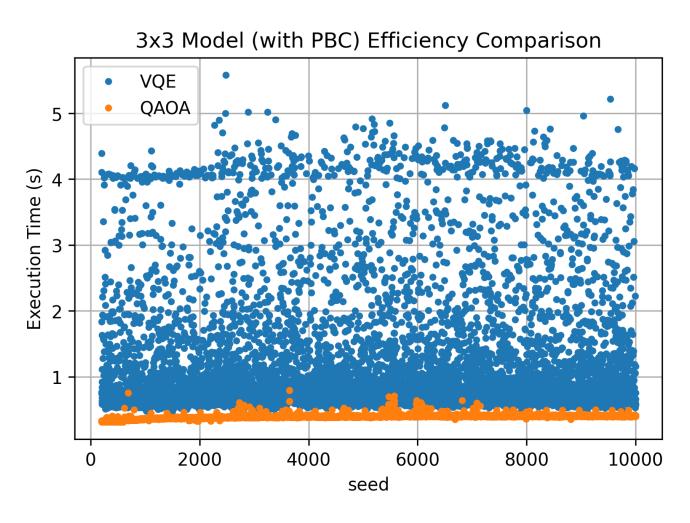
Algorithm	Backend	Optimizer
QAOA	aer	COBYLA
VQE	statevector	SLSQP





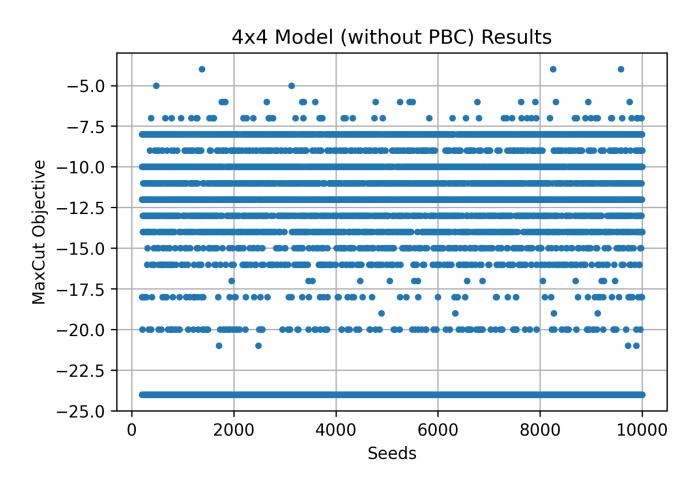
3x3 Model With PBC





4x4 Model Without PBC

QAOA Results: WILD!



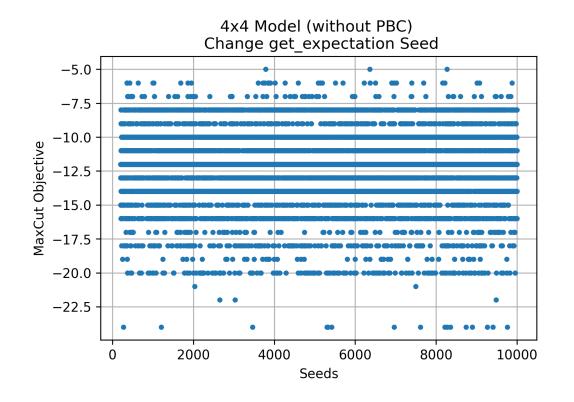
get_expectation seed = 10, backend.rum seed = vary

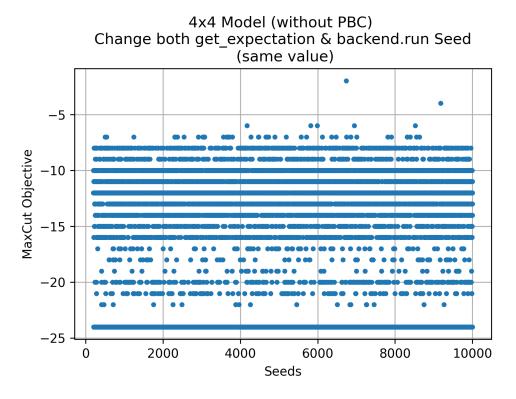
Two Places Have Seed Parameter

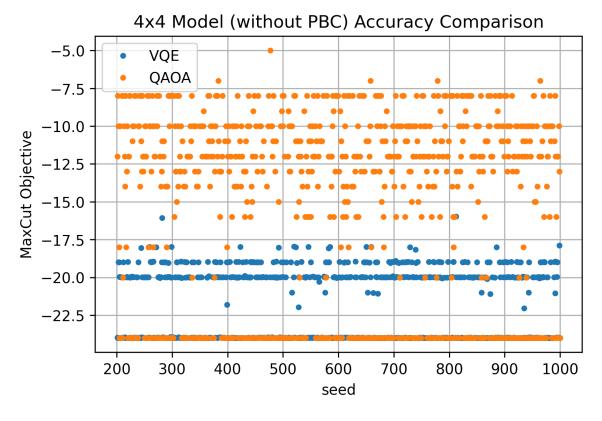
```
def get expectation(G, seed, shots=1024):
Runs parametrized circuit
 Args:
     G: networkx graph
        Number of repetitions of unitaries
backend = Aer.get backend('qasm simulator')
 backend.shots = shots
def execute circ(theta):
    qc = create_qaoa_circ(G, theta)
    counts = backend.run(qc, seed simulator = seed,
                         nshots=512).result().get counts()
     return compute expectation(counts, G)
 return execute circ
```

```
for seed in seeds:
tic = time.time()
expectation = get expectation(G, seed)
res = minimize(expectation,
                       [1.0, 1.0],
                      method = optimizER)
qc res = create qaoa circ(G, res.x)
result = backend.run(qc res, seed simulator=201).result()
counts = result.get counts()
toc = time.time()
 time taken = toc - tic
counts = dict(counts)
prob, state = max(counts.values()), max(counts, key = counts.get)
```

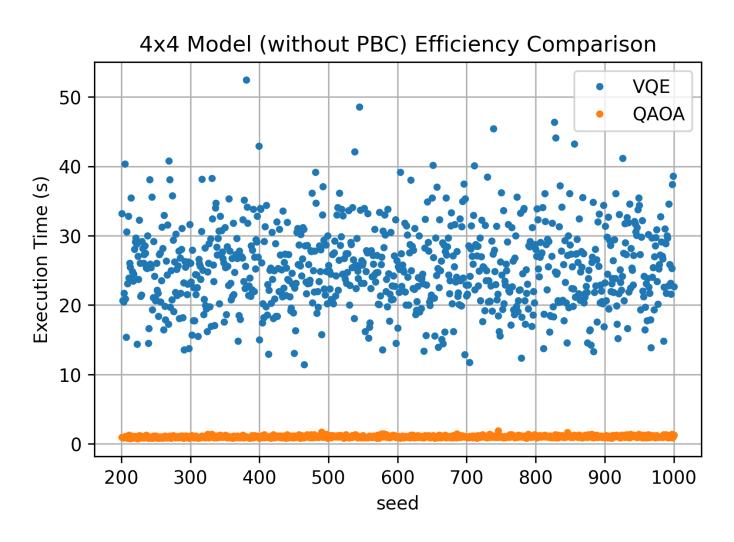
WILD! Not a good approach



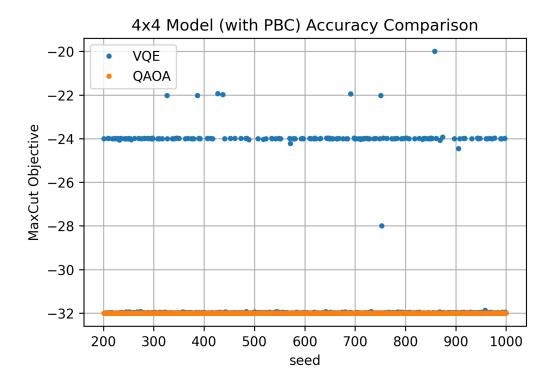




Algorithm	Backend	Optimizer
QAOA	aer	COBYLA
VQE	qasm	COBYLA



4x4 Model With PBC



- get_expectation seeds fixed
- Change backend.run seed

Algorithm	Backend	Optimizer
QAOA	aer	COBYLA
VQE	qasm	COBYLA

