

## Assignment for Rentomojo

### Set(1)

#### Q1-

Firstly we need to clean our data as some entries are not acceptable because if we have any movie it is common to understand the runtime is always greater than 0 minutes and some data are also not available. After handling missing data and inappropriate values we perform our analysis

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import json
```

```
df = pd.read_csv("movie_dataset.csv")
```

```
df.isna().sum()//count of na values
```

```
df.fillna(0)//filling missing values
```

```
df.columns//looking at all available column name
```

```
df.shape
```

```
#as our data have NA values and Zero values
```

```
df.describe()
```

```
# rm duplicate values
```

```
sum(df.duplicated())
```

```
#print count of rows in which row have inappropriate values
```

```
print(df[(df['runtime']==0)].shape[0])
```

```
df1 = df[df.runtime != 0]
```

```
print(df1[(df1['runtime']==0)].shape[0])
```

```
#now after removing all unnecessary data and cleaning it we can use to get result
```

```
r= df1[df1['runtime'] == min(df1['runtime'])]
```

```
print("Movie with minimum runtime :"+"\\n",r[['original_title','runtime']])
```

```
#the above statement will give output for movie with minimum runtime
```

```

r1= df1[df1['runtime'] == max(df1['runtime'])]
print("Movie with maximum runtime : "+"\\n",r1[['original_title','runtime']])
#the above statement will print movie with maximum runtime

```

## Q2

```

inf = pd.DataFrame(df1['budget'].sort_values(ascending = False))
inf['production_companies'] = df1['production_companies']
df3=inf[['production_companies','budget']]
df3=df3.head(5)

df3

l=list()

for i in df3['production_companies']:
    l.append(eval(i))

df4=pd.concat([pd.DataFrame(d) for d in l])
sum(df4.duplicated()) // find duplicate values

df4=df4.drop_duplicates()

sum(df4.duplicated())//after removing duplicate values

df4=df4.head(5)

df4//it will print top 5 production house by budget

inf = pd.DataFrame(df1['budget'].sort_values(ascending = False))
inf['production_companies'] = df1['production_companies']
df3=inf[['production_companies','budget']]
df3[:5]

for i in df4['name']:
    select_color = df1.loc[df1['production_companies'].str.contains('i')]

select_color//new dataframe with required columns

for i in df4['name']:

```

```
print("for Production house: ",i)
select_color = df1.loc[df1['production_companies'].str.contains('i')]
inf= pd.DataFrame(select_color['popularity'].sort_values(ascending=False).head())
inf['production_companies'] = select_color['production_companies']
inf['original_title'] = select_color['original_title']
inf['vote_average'] = select_color['vote_average']
inf['revenue'] = select_color['revenue']
print(inf[['original_title','revenue','vote_average']])
```

**3.**

—

**//Now this above statement will print our final result.**

**4.** as I am going to use all my life savings. I will choose Marvel Studios because as I had done one assignment on Tableau on the character of Marvels and DC I found that people are more into Marvel heroes. Although there is not much difference but since Marvel is launching new series and movies which are attractive to everyone of people. So, in future it is kinda predicted that it will grow further.

## Set(2)

As a product for development Any e-marketing company we need to know the requirement for the company first. Building any applications requires extensive integration with existing info like as corporate databases, intranets, enterprise resource planning (ERP), and other application programs. After learning more about our client's requirement and justify whether it is feasible we can start planning the dummy for our client. As any E-commerce company will require website and a user friendly application. So, gathering a team with good skills in MEAN and MERN and application developer with knowledge of java or kotlin and by going with plan as SDLC model we can deliver a good project to our client.

1. we can use tableau to first get insight of our product and then after looking at by selecting which product we are going to gain profit. We can add these to our option for selection. Then we can use oracle for resource planning and managing the product offer and set time for the offers too.

2. For layer of system that combine all offer for generic products with which fall under more than 1 offer categories, we can use python with pandas and matplotlib library. Here we can use pandas to make an aggregate relation with if else conditions and subtracting the discounted value and after that adding the cashback of the amount paid by user to the user's wallet.

3. we can use radio buttons for selecting offer if there are multiple options available and can only select one of them.

