

# BQ25730 Driver Development Log

---

## Developer

Cody Reid

## Project

Universal Battery Management System (BMS) Controller

## Component

BQ25730 Buck-Boost Battery Charger Controller

## Date Range

Ongoing (Latest Update: April 19, 2025)

### 1. Introduction

This document summarizes the design, implementation, testing, and ongoing development of a custom driver written in Arduino C++ for the BQ25730 battery charger IC. This driver is part of a broader Universal BMS Controller project, which aims to provide flexible and programmable charging logic for a wide range of battery chemistries and form factors.

The BQ25730 is a highly integrated buck-boost battery charge controller from Texas Instruments. It supports 1- to 5-cell battery configurations, input voltages from 3.5V to 26V, and charge/discharge currents up to 10A. The IC supports I2C/SMBus communication, allowing full configuration and monitoring by a host microcontroller.

### 2. Project Goals

- Establish reliable communication with BQ25730 using I2C
- Implement a modular and testable driver to manage battery charge parameters
- Enable charging across a wide range of conditions with system-level safety
- Ensure reusability for different cell configurations and battery types

### 3. Hardware Setup

- I2C Interface: Verified BQ25730 at 7-bit address 0x6B
- EVM: BMS5051 REV A
- MCU: STM32F103C8T6 ARM STM32
- Power Source: Bench power supply (12V–24V range)

- Battery: Sodium Ion 18650 3.0V 1.3Ah 3.90Wh 10C Rechargeable Battery 4S pack (used for test configuration)

#### 4. Functional Overview

The firmware performs the following:

1. I2C Bus Initialization
2. Device Presence Check using Device ID register
3. Charger Configuration:
  - Charge Voltage
  - Charge Current
  - Input Voltage Limit (VINDPM)
  - Input Current Limit
  - Minimum System Voltage (VSYS\_MIN)
4. ADC Activation
5. Charging Enable/Disable Control
6. Fault Detection and I2C Auto-Recovery
7. Debug Printouts of Register Values

#### 5. Code Design Decisions

- Modular function design for each configuration register
- I2C reliability enhancement via polling and auto-reset
- Delays added to prevent register write collisions
- ADC activated with one-shot mode
- Periodic re-write of charge settings to maintain charger state
- Serial printout of all registers for debugging

#### 6. Charging Logic Summary

Battery Charging Phases:

Pre-Charge: Battery < 3V, limits current to 384 mA

Fast Charge (LDO): 3.0V < Battery < 3.6V, limited to 2 A

Full Fast Charge: Battery > 3.6V, full speed charging

## 7. Register Programming Examples

- Charge Voltage (0x04):  $(\text{voltage} / 0.008) \ll 3 \rightarrow 16V = 0x3F00$
- Charge Current (0x02):  $(\text{current} / 0.128) \ll 6 \rightarrow 1A = 0x0200$
- Input Voltage (0x0A):  $((V_{in} - 3.2) / 0.064) \ll 6 \rightarrow 12V = 0x1E00$
- Input Current (0x0E):  $(mA / 50) \ll 8 \rightarrow 2.1A = 0x2A00$
- VSYS\_MIN (0x0C):  $(\text{voltage} * 10) \ll 8 \rightarrow 13.3V = 0x5300$

## 8. Observations and Issues

- ADC values stop updating after charging ends
- VIN behavior during OTG not confirmed

## 9. Conclusion

This log captures the iterative development of the BQ25730 driver for a flexible BMS platform. The driver has reached a stable stage for configuring key charging parameters and monitoring battery behavior. Future development will focus on diagnostics, energy efficiency, and broader battery compatibility.