

Threat Model Report Argo CD

13 November 2022

Argoproj Maintainers

Table of Contents

Results Overview	
Management Summary	6
Impact Analysis of 131 Initial Risks in 23 Categories	7
Risk Mitigation	10
Impact Analysis of 123 Remaining Risks in 21 Categories	11
Application Overview	14
Data-Flow Diagram	15
Security Requirements	17
Abuse Cases	18
Tag Listing	21
STRIDE Classification of Identified Risks	22
Assignment by Function	26
RAA Analysis	30
Data Mapping	32
Out-of-Scope Assets: 3 Assets	33
Potential Model Failures: 15 / 15 Risks	34
Questions: 1 / 2 Questions	35
Identified Risks by Vulnerability Category	36
Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF): 13 / 13 Risks	37
Cross-Site Scripting (XSS): 3 / 3 Risks	40
Missing Authentication: 6 / 10 Risks	42
Missing Cloud Hardening: 3 / 3 Risks	
Missing Hardening: 4 / 4 Risks	
Missing Identity Provider Isolation: 1 / 1 Risk	50
Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF): 37 / 38 Risks	52
Unguarded Access From Internet: 3 / 3 Risks	58
Accidental Secret Leak: 3 / 3 Risks	60
Code Backdooring: 4 / 4 Risks	62
Container Base Image Backdooring: 9 / 9 Risks	65
Missing Build Infrastructure: 1 / 1 Risk	68
Missing Identity Store: 1 / 1 Risk	70
Missing Network Segmentation: 3 / 3 Risks	72
Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA): 10 / 11 Risks	74
Missing Vault (Secret Storage): 1 / 1 Risk	77
Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF): 3 / 3 Risks	79
Unchecked Deployment: 4 / 4 Risks	81

Unencrypted Communication: 1 / 1 Risk	83
Unencrypted Technical Assets: 1 / 1 Risk	85
Unnecessary Data Transfer: 12 / 12 Risks	87
Missing File Validation: 0 / 1 Risk	90
Path-Traversal: 0 / 1 Risk	92
Risks by Technical Asset	
Identified Risks by Technical Asset	94
API Server: 45 / 46 Risks	95
Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub): 4 / 4 Risks	111
Docker Hub: 5 / 5 Risks	114
Host Cluster Kubernetes API: 3 / 3 Risks	117
OIDC Proxy (Dex): 6 / 6 Risks	122
Quay: 4 / 8 Risks	125
Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis): 2 / 2 Risks	130
Repo Server: 8 / 10 Risks	132
User CLI: 4 / 4 Risks	138
Web UI: 19 / 19 Risks	141
Application Controller: 6 / 6 Risks	150
ApplicationSet Controller: 4 / 4 Risks	154
Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions): 4 / 5 Risks	157
Argo CD Maintainer Git Client: 1 / 1 Risk	160
External Cluster Kubernetes API: 2 / 2 Risks	162
Repo Server Storage: 2 / 2 Risks	165
Internal Source Control Management API: out-of-scope	167
Internal Source Control Management UI: out-of-scope	170
OIDC Provider (External): out-of-scope	172
Data Breach Probabilities by Data Asset	
Identified Data Breach Probabilities by Data Asset	174
API Server Secret: 61 / 62 Risks	
AppProject Manifest: 86 / 87 Risks	177
Application Manifest: 86 / 87 Risks	100
Application Name: 86 / 87 Risks	183
ApplicationSet Manifest: 84 / 85 Risks	106
ApplicationSet Name: 8 / 8 Risks	189
Argo CD Base Image: 11 / 12 Risks	190
Argo CD Container Image: 73 / 80 Risks	191
Argo CD Container Image Tag: 77 / 84 Risks	194
Argo CD Database Export: 72 / 73 Risks	197

Argo CD GitHub Push Token: 10 / 11 Risks	200
Argo CD RBAC Config: 61 / 62 Risks	201
Argo CD Source: 10 / 11 Risks	203
Argo CD User Provided Secret: 51 / 52 Risks	204
Argo Tokens: 80 / 81 Risks	206
Bundled UI Code: 77 / 78 Risks	209
Cluster Access Configuration: 85 / 86 Risks	212
Cluster Access Credentials: 88 / 89 Risks	215
Git Branch Name: 17 / 17 Risks	218
Git Organization Name: 17 / 17 Risks	219
Git Repo Name: 13 / 13 Risks	220
Git Repo URL: 17 / 17 Risks	221
Live Manifests: 88 / 89 Risks	222
Manifest Sources: 85 / 88 Risks	225
OIDC Client Secret: 61 / 62 Risks	228
OIDC Configuration: 83 / 84 Risks	230
OIDC Public Keys: 64 / 65 Risks	233
OIDC Tokens: 86 / 87 Risks	235
Quay Push Token: 10 / 15 Risks	238
Rendered Manifests: 93 / 95 Risks	239
Repo Access Credentials: 87 / 89 Risks	242
Resource Actions: 0 / 0 Risks	245
Resource Event: 0 / 0 Risks	246
Resource Logs: 0 / 0 Risks	247
Resource Tree: 0 / 0 Risks	248
Sync Window: 0 / 0 Risks	249
Trust Boundaries	
Build Time Boundary	250
External Services	250
Kubernetes Argo CD Namespace	250
Kubernetes Network	250
Organization Network	251
Shared Runtime	
Kubernetes Node	252

About Threagile

Risk Rules Checked by Threagile	253
Disclaimer	266

Management Summary

Threagile toolkit was used to model the architecture of "Argo CD" and derive risks by analyzing the components and data flows. The risks identified during this analysis are shown in the following chapters. Identified risks during threat modeling do not necessarily mean that the vulnerability associated with this risk actually exists: it is more to be seen as a list of potential risks and threats, which should be individually reviewed and reduced by removing false positives. For the remaining risks it should be checked in the design and implementation of "Argo CD" whether the mitigation advices have been applied or not.

Each risk finding references a chapter of the OWASP ASVS (Application Security Verification Standard) audit checklist. The OWASP ASVS checklist should be considered as an inspiration by architects and developers to further harden the application in a Defense-in-Depth approach. Additionally, for each risk finding a link towards a matching OWASP Cheat Sheet or similar with technical details about how to implement a mitigation is given.

In total 131 initial risks in 23 categories have been identified during the threat modeling process:

0 critical risk

0 high risk

43 elevated risk

77 medium risk

11 low risk

119 unchecked

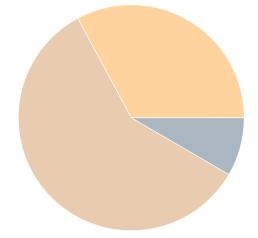
0 in discussion

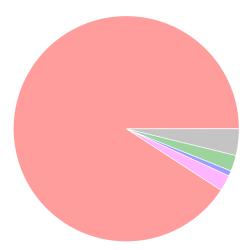
3 accepted

1 in progress

3 mitigated

5 false positive





Just some **more** custom summary possible here...

Impact Analysis of 131 Initial Risks in 23 Categories

The most prevalent impacts of the **131 initial risks** (distributed over **23 risk categories**) are (taking the severity ratings into account and using the highest for each category):

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated: **Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)**: 13 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to trick logged-in victim users into unwanted actions within the web application by visiting an attacker controlled web site.

Elevated: **Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)**: 3 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to access individual victim sessions and steal or modify user data.

Elevated: **Missing Authentication**: 10 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access or modify sensitive data in an unauthenticated way.

Elevated: **Missing Cloud Hardening**: 3 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might access cloud components in an unintended way.

Elevated: **Missing File Validation**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to provide malicious files to the application.

Elevated: **Missing Hardening**: 4 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact. If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to easier attack high-value targets.

Elevated: **Missing Identity Provider Isolation**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers successfully attacking other components of the system might have an easy path towards highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores, as they are not separated by network segmentation.

Elevated: **Path-Traversal**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact. If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to read sensitive files (configuration data, key/credential files, deployment files, business data files, etc.) from the filesystem of affected components.

Elevated: **Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)**: 38 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access sensitive services or files of network-reachable components by modifying outgoing calls of affected components.

Elevated: **Unguarded Access From Internet**: 3 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to directly attack sensitive systems without any hardening components in-between due to them being directly exposed on the internet.

Medium: **Accidental Secret Leak**: 3 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers which have access to affected sourcecode repositories or artifact registries might find secrets accidentally checked-in.

Medium: Code Backdooring: 4 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is Unlikely with High impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to execute code on and completely takeover production environments.

Medium: **Container Base Image Backdooring**: 9 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to deeply persist in the target system by executing code in deployed containers.

Medium: **Missing Build Infrastructure**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to exploit risks unseen in this threat model due to critical build infrastructure components missing in the model.

Medium: **Missing Identity Store**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to exploit risks unseen in this threat model in the identity provider/store that is currently missing in the model.

Medium: **Missing Network Segmentation**: 3 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers successfully attacking other components of the system might have an easy path towards more valuable targets, as they are not separated by network segmentation.

Medium: **Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)**: 11 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access or modify highly sensitive data without strong authentication.

Medium: **Missing Vault (Secret Storage)**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to easier steal config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.) once a vulnerability to access files is present and exploited.

Medium: **Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF)**: 3 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to apply standard attack pattern tests at great speed without any filtering.

Medium: **Unchecked Deployment**: 4 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, vulnerabilities in custom-developed software or their dependencies might not be identified during continuous deployment cycles.

Medium: **Unencrypted Communication**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, network attackers might be able to to eavesdrop on unencrypted sensitive data sent between components.

Medium: **Unencrypted Technical Assets**: 1 Initial Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

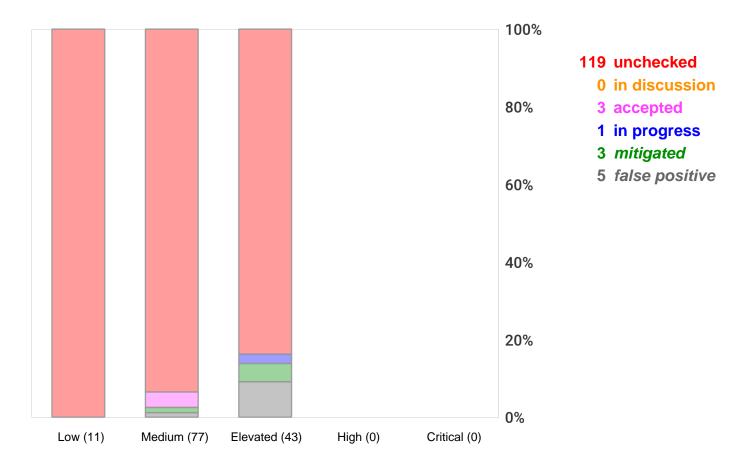
If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access unencrypted data when successfully compromising sensitive components.

Medium: **Unnecessary Data Transfer**: 12 Initial Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to target unnecessarily transferred data.

Risk Mitigation

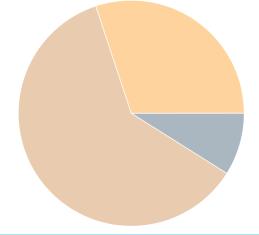
The following chart gives a high-level overview of the risk tracking status (including mitigated risks):

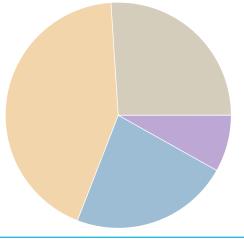


After removal of risks with status *mitigated* and *false positive* the following **123 remain unmitigated**:

- 0 unmitigated critical risk
- 0 unmitigated high risk
- 37 unmitigated elevated risk
- 75 unmitigated medium risk
- 11 unmitigated low risk

- 10 business side related
- 28 architecture related
- 53 development related
- 32 operations related





Impact Analysis of 123 Remaining Risks in 21 Categories

The most prevalent impacts of the **123 remaining risks** (distributed over **21 risk categories**) are (taking the severity ratings into account and using the highest for each category):

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated: **Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)**: 13 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to trick logged-in victim users into unwanted actions within the web application by visiting an attacker controlled web site.

Elevated: **Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)**: 3 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to access individual victim sessions and steal or modify user data.

Elevated: **Missing Authentication**: 6 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access or modify sensitive data in an unauthenticated way.

Elevated: **Missing Cloud Hardening**: 3 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might access cloud components in an unintended way.

Elevated: **Missing Hardening**: 4 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to easier attack high-value targets.

Elevated: **Missing Identity Provider Isolation**: 1 Remaining Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers successfully attacking other components of the system might have an easy path towards highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores, as they are not separated by network segmentation.

Elevated: **Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)**: 37 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access sensitive services or files of network-reachable components by modifying outgoing calls of affected components.

Elevated: **Unguarded Access From Internet**: 3 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to directly attack sensitive systems without any hardening components in-between due to them being directly exposed on the internet.

Medium: **Accidental Secret Leak**: 3 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers which have access to affected sourcecode repositories or artifact registries might find secrets accidentally checked-in.

Medium: **Code Backdooring**: 4 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to execute code on and completely takeover production environments.

Medium: **Container Base Image Backdooring**: 9 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to deeply persist in the target system by executing code in deployed containers.

Medium: **Missing Build Infrastructure**: 1 Remaining Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to exploit risks unseen in this threat model due to critical build infrastructure components missing in the model.

Medium: **Missing Identity Store**: 1 Remaining Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to exploit risks unseen in this threat model in the identity provider/store that is currently missing in the model.

Medium: **Missing Network Segmentation**: 3 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers successfully attacking other components of the system might have an easy path towards more valuable targets, as they are not separated by network segmentation.

Medium: **Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)**: 10 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access or modify highly sensitive data without strong authentication.

Medium: **Missing Vault (Secret Storage)**: 1 Remaining Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to easier steal config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.) once a vulnerability to access files is present and exploited.

Medium: **Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF)**: 3 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to apply standard attack pattern tests at great speed without any filtering.

Medium: **Unchecked Deployment**: 4 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk remains unmitigated, vulnerabilities in custom-developed software or their dependencies might not be identified during continuous deployment cycles.

Medium: **Unencrypted Communication**: 1 Remaining Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, network attackers might be able to to eavesdrop on unencrypted sensitive data sent between components.

Medium: **Unencrypted Technical Assets**: 1 Remaining Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access unencrypted data when successfully compromising sensitive components.

Medium: **Unnecessary Data Transfer**: 12 Remaining Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to target unnecessarily transferred data.

Application Overview

Business Criticality

The overall business criticality of "Argo CD" was rated as:

```
( archive | operational | IMPORTANT | critical | mission-critical )
```

Business Overview

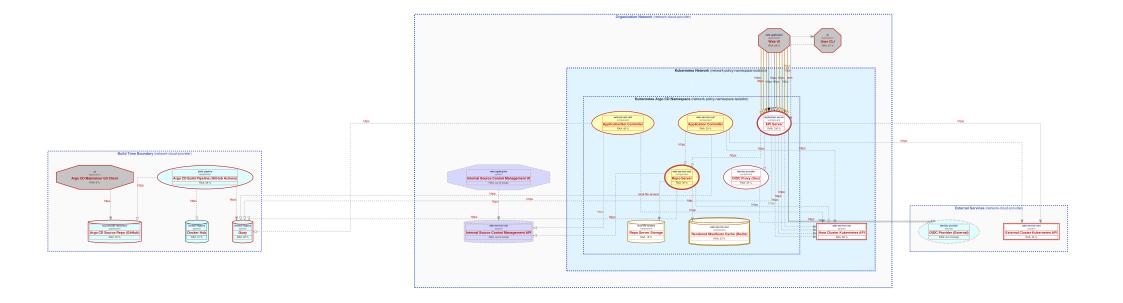
Some more demo text here and even images...

Technical Overview

Some more demo text here and even images...

Data-Flow Diagram

The following diagram was generated by Threagile based on the model input and gives a high-level overview of the data-flow between technical assets. The RAA value is the calculated *Relative Attacker Attractiveness* in percent. For a full high-resolution version of this diagram please refer to the PNG image file alongside this report.



Security Requirements

This chapter lists the custom security requirements which have been defined for the modeled target.

Encryption During Transit

Data must be transported through parts of the system encrypted to prevent Malicious-In-The-Middle Attack.

Encryption at Rest

If sensitive data is stored within the Argo CD system, then this must be encrypted to prevent an attacker retrieving this data during breach.

Input Validation

Strict input validation is required to reduce the overall attack surface.

Users are restricted by RBAC

RBAC rules defined by an Argo CD operator are actually enforced for API access.

This list is not complete and regulatory or law relevant security requirements have to be taken into account as well. Also custom individual security requirements might exist for the project.

Abuse Cases

This chapter lists the custom abuse cases which have been defined for the modeled target.

Argo CD Server Compromise

As a attacker I want to compromise the integrity of an Argo CD server in order to find information on users to perform attacks

CPU Cycle Theft / Deploying Crypto-Miner

As an attacker, I want to compromise an Argo CD instance, in order to deploy a crypto-miner, to seek financial gains through stealing resources.

Code Repository Compromise

As a attacker I want to infiltrate the codebase of an Argo CD user to affect their continuous delivery.

Cross-Site Scripting Attacks

As a attacker I want to execute Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) and similar attacks in order to takeover victim sessions and cause reputational damage.

Database Compromise

As a attacker I want to access the database backend of the SQL or Redis Database in order to steal/modify sensitive business data.

Denial-of-Service

As an attacker, I want to disturb the functionality of the backend system in order to cause indirect reputational damage via unusable features.

Denial-of-Service of Argo CD Functionality

As a attacker I want to disturb the functionality of Argo CD application areas in order to cause reputational and direct damage.

Denial-of-Service of Argo CD User Functionality

As a attacker I want to disturb the functionality of Argo CD user application areas in order to cause reputational and direct damage.

Identity Theft

As a attacker I want to steal identity data in order to reuse credentials and/or keys on other targets of the same company or outside.

Kubernetes Cluster Compromise

As a attacker I want to compromise the integrity of a Kubernetes init container in order to conduct an attack.

Kubernetes Node Compromise

As a attacker I want to compromise the integrity of a Kubernetes init container in order to conduct an attack.

Kubernetes Pod Container Compromise

As a attacker I want to compromise the integrity of a Kubernetes Container in order to conduct an attack.

Kubernetes Pod Init Container Compromise

As a attacker I want to compromise the integrity of a Kubernetes init container in order to conduct an attack.

Kubernetes Pod Network Resources Compromise

As a attacker I want to compromise the integrity of a Kubernetes pod network resources in order to conduct an attack.

Kubernetes Pod Shared Storage Compromise

As a attacker I want to compromise the integrity of Kubernetes pod shared storage in order to conduct an attack.

Malicious-In-The-Middle Attack

As a attacker I want to compromise Argo CD events, Argo CD rollouts and potentional connections between servers to enumerate as attack on a system

PII Theft

As a attacker I want to steal PII (Personally Identifiable Information) data in order to blackmail the company and/or damage their repudiation by publishing them.

Poor validation

As a attacker I want to find areas in the system where validation is performed poorly so that I can attack systems.

Ransomware

As a attacker I want to encrypt the storage and file systems in order to demand ransom.

Secrets System Compromise

As a attacker I want to find out Argo CD user secrets by attacking an Argo CD user's secrets manager

Supply Chain Compromise

As a attacker I want to inflitrate the codebase of Argo CD so that I can introduce threats to the Argo project, and potentially projects using Argo CD causing both tangiable and reputational damage.

This list is not complete and regulatory or law relevant abuse cases have to be taken into account as well. Also custom individual abuse cases might exist for the project.

Tag Listing

This chapter lists what tags are used by which elements.

argocd

Argo CD Database Export

kubernetes

Argo CD Database Export, Argo CD User Provided Secret

redis

Argo CD Database Export

STRIDE Classification of Identified Risks

This chapter clusters and classifies the risks by STRIDE categories: In total **131 potential risks** have been identified during the threat modeling process of which **15 in the Spoofing** category, **31 in the Tampering** category, **0 in the Repudiation** category, **45 in the Information Disclosure** category, **0 in the Denial of Service** category, and **40 in the Elevation of Privilege** category. Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Spoofing

Elevated: **Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)**: 13 / 13 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

When a web application is accessed via web protocols Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risks might arise.

Elevated: **Missing File Validation**: 0 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

When a technical asset accepts files, these input files should be strictly validated about filename and type.

Medium: **Missing Identity Store**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

The modeled architecture does not contain an identity store, which might be the risk of a model missing critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks).

Tampering

Elevated: **Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

For each web application Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risks might arise. In terms of the overall risk level take other applications running on the same domain into account as well.

Elevated: **Missing Cloud Hardening**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

Cloud components should be hardened according to the cloud vendor best practices. This affects their configuration, auditing, and further areas.

Elevated: **Missing Hardening**: 4 / 4 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

Technical assets with a Relative Attacker Attractiveness (RAA) value of 55 % or higher should be explicitly hardened taking best practices and vendor hardening guides into account.

Medium: Code Backdooring: 4 / 4 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

For each build-pipeline component Code Backdooring risks might arise where attackers compromise the build-pipeline in order to let backdoored artifacts be shipped into production. Aside from direct code backdooring this includes backdooring of dependencies and even of more lower-level build infrastructure, like backdooring compilers (similar to what the XcodeGhost

malware did) or dependencies.

Medium: **Container Base Image Backdooring**: 9 / 9 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

When a technical asset is built using container technologies, Base Image Backdooring risks might arise where base images and other layers used contain vulnerable components or backdoors.

Medium: **Missing Build Infrastructure**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

The modeled architecture does not contain a build infrastructure (devops-client, sourcecode-repo, build-pipeline, etc.), which might be the risk of a model missing critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks). If the architecture contains custom-developed parts, the pipeline where code gets developed and built needs to be part of the model.

Medium: **Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF)**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

To have a first line of filtering defense, security architectures with web-services or web-applications should include a WAF in front of them. Even though a WAF is not a replacement for security (all components must be secure even without a WAF) it adds another layer of defense to the overall system by delaying some attacks and having easier attack alerting through it.

Medium: **Unchecked Deployment**: 4 / 4 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

For each build-pipeline component Unchecked Deployment risks might arise when the build-pipeline does not include established DevSecOps best-practices. DevSecOps best-practices scan as part of CI/CD pipelines for vulnerabilities in source- or byte-code, dependencies, container layers, and dynamically against running test systems. There are several open-source and commercial tools existing in the categories DAST, SAST, and IAST.

Repudiation

n/a

Information Disclosure

Elevated: **Path-Traversal**: 0 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact. When a filesystem is accessed Path-Traversal or Local-File-Inclusion (LFI) risks might arise. The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets processed or stored.

Elevated: **Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)**: 37 / 38 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

When a server system (i.e. not a client) is accessing other server systems via typical web protocols Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) or Local-File-Inclusion (LFI) or Remote-File-Inclusion (RFI) risks might arise.

Medium: **Accidental Secret Leak**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Sourcecode repositories (including their histories) as well as artifact registries can accidentally contain secrets like checked-in or packaged-in passwords, API tokens, certificates, crypto keys, etc.

Medium: **Missing Vault (Secret Storage)**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

In order to avoid the risk of secret leakage via config files (when attacked through vulnerabilities being able to read files like Path-Traversal and others), it is best practice to use a separate hardened process with proper authentication, authorization, and audit logging to access config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.). This component is usually some kind of Vault.

Medium: **Unencrypted Communication**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Due to the confidentiality and/or integrity rating of the data assets transferred over the communication link this connection must be encrypted.

Medium: **Unencrypted Technical Assets**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Due to the confidentiality rating of the technical asset itself and/or the processed data assets this technical asset must be encrypted. The risk rating depends on the sensitivity technical asset itself and of the data assets stored.

Denial of Service

n/a

Elevation of Privilege

Elevated: **Missing Authentication**: 6 / 10 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

Technical assets (especially multi-tenant systems) should authenticate incoming requests when the asset processes or stores sensitive data.

Elevated: **Missing Identity Provider Isolation**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

Highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores should be isolated from other assets by their own network segmentation trust-boundary (execution-environment boundaries do not count as network isolation).

Elevated: **Unguarded Access From Internet**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

Internet-exposed assets must be guarded by a protecting service, application, or reverse-proxy.

Medium: **Missing Network Segmentation**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Highly sensitive assets and/or datastores residing in the same network segment than other lower sensitive assets (like webservers or content management systems etc.) should be better protected by a network segmentation trust-boundary.

Medium: **Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)**: 10 / 11 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Technical assets (especially multi-tenant systems) should authenticate incoming requests with two-factor (2FA) authentication when the asset processes or stores highly sensitive data (in terms of confidentiality, integrity, and availability) and is accessed by humans.

Medium: **Unnecessary Data Transfer**: 12 / 12 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

When a technical asset sends or receives data assets, which it neither processes or stores this is an indicator for unnecessarily transferred data (or for an incomplete model). When the unnecessarily transferred data assets are sensitive, this poses an unnecessary risk of an increased attack surface.

Assignment by Function

This chapter clusters and assigns the risks by functions which are most likely able to check and mitigate them: In total 131 potential risks have been identified during the threat modeling process of which 11 should be checked by Business Side, 32 should be checked by Architecture, 56 should be checked by Development, and 32 should be checked by Operations.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Business Side

Medium: **Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)**: 10 / 11 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Apply an authentication method to the technical asset protecting highly sensitive data via two-factor authentication for human users.

Architecture

Elevated: **Missing Authentication**: 6 / 10 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

Apply an authentication method to the technical asset. To protect highly sensitive data consider the use of two-factor authentication for human users.

Elevated: **Unguarded Access From Internet**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

Encapsulate the asset behind a guarding service, application, or reverse-proxy. For admin maintenance a bastion-host should be used as a jump-server. For file transfer a store-and-forward-host should be used as an indirect file exchange platform.

Medium: **Missing Build Infrastructure**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Include the build infrastructure in the model.

Medium: **Missing Identity Store**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Include an identity store in the model if the application has a login.

Medium: **Missing Vault (Secret Storage)**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Consider using a Vault (Secret Storage) to securely store and access config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.).

Medium: **Unchecked Deployment**: 4 / 4 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Apply DevSecOps best-practices and use scanning tools to identify vulnerabilities in source- or byte-code, dependencies, container layers, and optionally also via dynamic scans against running test systems.

Medium: **Unnecessary Data Transfer**: 12 / 12 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Try to avoid sending or receiving sensitive data assets which are not required (i.e. neither processed or stored) by the involved technical asset.

Development

Elevated: **Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)**: 13 / 13 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

Try to use anti-CSRF tokens of the double-submit patterns (at least for logged-in requests). When your authentication scheme depends on cookies (like session or token cookies), consider marking them with the same-site flag. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

Elevated: **Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

Try to encode all values sent back to the browser and also handle DOM-manipulations in a safe way to avoid DOM-based XSS. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

Elevated: **Missing File Validation**: 0 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

Filter by file extension and discard (if feasible) the name provided. Whitelist the accepted file types and determine the mime-type on the server-side (for example via "Apache Tika" or similar checks). If the file is retrievable by endusers and/or backoffice employees, consider performing scans for popular malware (if the files can be retrieved much later than they were uploaded, also apply a fresh malware scan during retrieval to scan with newer signatures of popular malware). Also enforce limits on maximum file size to avoid denial-of-service like scenarios.

Elevated: **Path-Traversal**: 0 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact. Before accessing the file cross-check that it resides in the expected folder and is of the expected type and filename/suffix. Try to use a mapping if possible instead of directly accessing by a filename which is (partly or fully) provided by the caller. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

Elevated: **Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)**: 37 / 38 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

Try to avoid constructing the outgoing target URL with caller controllable values. Alternatively use a mapping (whitelist) when accessing outgoing URLs instead of creating them including caller controllable values. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

Operations

Elevated: **Missing Cloud Hardening**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

Apply hardening of all cloud components and services, taking special care to follow the individual risk descriptions (which depend on the cloud provider tags in the model).

Elevated: **Missing Hardening**: 4 / 4 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

Try to apply all hardening best practices (like CIS benchmarks, OWASP recommendations, vendor recommendations, DevSec Hardening Framework, DBSAT for Oracle databases, and others).

Elevated: **Missing Identity Provider Isolation**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

Apply a network segmentation trust-boundary around the highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores.

Medium: **Accidental Secret Leak**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Establish measures preventing accidental check-in or package-in of secrets into sourcecode repositories and artifact registries. This starts by using good .gitignore and .dockerignore files, but does not stop there. See for example tools like "git-secrets" or "Talisman" to have check-in preventive measures for secrets. Consider also to regularly scan your repositories for secrets accidentally checked-in using scanning tools like "gitleaks" or "gitrob".

Medium: **Code Backdooring**: 4 / 4 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Reduce the attack surface of backdooring the build pipeline by not directly exposing the build pipeline components on the public internet and also not exposing it in front of unmanaged (out-of-scope) developer clients. Also consider the use of code signing to prevent code modifications.

Medium: **Container Base Image Backdooring**: 9 / 9 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Apply hardening of all container infrastructures (see for example the CIS-Benchmarks for Docker and Kubernetes and the Docker Bench for Security). Use only trusted base images of the original vendors, verify digital signatures and apply image creation best practices. Also consider using Google's Distroless base images or otherwise very small base images. Regularly execute container image scans with tools checking the layers for vulnerable components.

Medium: **Missing Network Segmentation**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Apply a network segmentation trust-boundary around the highly sensitive assets and/or datastores.

Medium: **Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF)**: 3 / 3 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Consider placing a Web Application Firewall (WAF) in front of the web-services and/or web-applications. For cloud environments many cloud providers offer pre-configured WAFs. Even

reverse proxies can be enhances by a WAF component via ModSecurity plugins.

Medium: **Unencrypted Communication**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Apply transport layer encryption to the communication link.

Medium: **Unencrypted Technical Assets**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

Apply encryption to the technical asset.

RAA Analysis

For each technical asset the "Relative Attacker Attractiveness" (RAA) value was calculated in percent. The higher the RAA, the more interesting it is for an attacker to compromise the asset. The calculation algorithm takes the sensitivity ratings and quantities of stored and processed data into account as well as the communication links of the technical asset. Neighbouring assets to high-value RAA targets might receive an increase in their RAA value when they have a communication link towards that target ("Pivoting-Factor").

The following lists all technical assets sorted by their RAA value from highest (most attacker attractive) to lowest. This list can be used to prioritize on efforts relevant for the most attacker-attractive technical assets:

Technical asset paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

API Server: RAA 100%

Argo CD API server. Accepts requests from the UI and CLI.

Web UI: RAA 68%

Argo CD web UI - single-page JavaScript app.

Host Cluster Kubernetes API: RAA 66%

Kubernetes API Server for the cluster Argo CD is deployed to

User CLI: RAA 57%

User CLI

ApplicationSet Controller: RAA 48%

Some Description

Repo Server: RAA 39%

Pulls from manifests sources, builds manifests, caches manifests

Application Controller: RAA 39%

Some Description

OIDC Proxy (Dex): RAA 32%

OIDC Proxy (Dex)

Quay: RAA 30%

Quay image repository.

Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub): RAA 30% GitHub repo holding the Argo CD source code.

Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions): RAA 28%

Argo CD build pipeline, hosted on GitHub Actions.

External Cluster Kubernetes API: RAA 24%

Kubernetes API Server for a cluster Argo CD is managing

Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis): RAA 23%

Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)

Repo Server Storage: RAA 18%

Local (by default, ephemeral) storage for the repo-server.

Docker Hub: RAA 12%

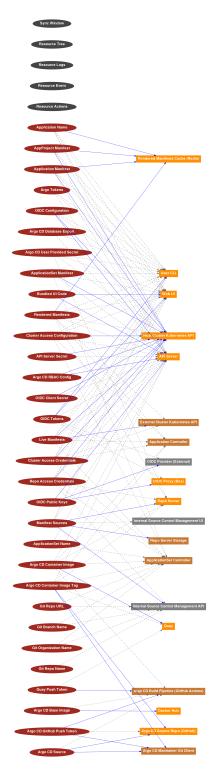
Docker Hub image repository.

Argo CD Maintainer Git Client: RAA 8%

Git client (and configuration) used by an Argo CD maintainer.

Data Mapping

The following diagram was generated by Threagile based on the model input and gives a high-level distribution of data assets across technical assets. The color matches the identified data breach probability and risk level (see the "Data Breach Probabilities" chapter for more details). A solid line stands for *data is stored by the asset* and a dashed one means *data is processed by the asset*. For a full high-resolution version of this diagram please refer to the PNG image file alongside this report.



Out-of-Scope Assets: 3 Assets

This chapter lists all technical assets that have been defined as out-of-scope. Each one should be checked in the model whether it should better be included in the overall risk analysis:

Technical asset paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Internal Source Control Management API: out-of-scope

Internal Source Control Management UI: out-of-scope

OIDC Provider (External): out-of-scope

Potential Model Failures: 15 / 15 Risks

This chapter lists potential model failures where not all relevant assets have been modeled or the model might itself contain inconsistencies. Each potential model failure should be checked in the model against the architecture design:

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium: **Missing Build Infrastructure**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

The modeled architecture does not contain a build infrastructure (devops-client, sourcecode-repo, build-pipeline, etc.), which might be the risk of a model missing critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks). If the architecture contains custom-developed parts, the pipeline where code gets developed and built needs to be part of the model.

Medium: **Missing Identity Store**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

The modeled architecture does not contain an identity store, which might be the risk of a model missing critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks).

Medium: **Missing Vault (Secret Storage)**: 1 / 1 Risk - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

In order to avoid the risk of secret leakage via config files (when attacked through vulnerabilities being able to read files like Path-Traversal and others), it is best practice to use a separate hardened process with proper authentication, authorization, and audit logging to access config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.). This component is usually some kind of Vault.

Medium: **Unnecessary Data Transfer**: 12 / 12 Risks - Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

When a technical asset sends or receives data assets, which it neither processes or stores this is an indicator for unnecessarily transferred data (or for an incomplete model). When the unnecessarily transferred data assets are sensitive, this poses an unnecessary risk of an increased attack surface.

Questions: 1/2 Questions

This chapter lists custom questions that arose during the threat modeling process.

Some question with an answer?

Some answer

Some question without an answer?

- answer pending -

Identified Risks by Vulnerability Category

In total 131 potential risks have been identified during the threat modeling process of which 0 are rated as critical, 0 as high, 43 as elevated, 77 as medium, and 11 as low.

These risks are distributed across **23 vulnerability categories**. The following sub-chapters of this section describe each identified risk category.

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF): 13 / 13 Risks

Description (Spoofing): CWE 352

When a web application is accessed via web protocols Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risks might arise.

Impact

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to trick logged-in victim users into unwanted actions within the web application by visiting an attacker controlled web site.

Detection Logic

In-scope web applications accessed via typical web access protocols.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the integrity rating of the data sent across the communication link.

False Positives

Web applications passing the authentication sate via custom headers instead of cookies can eventually be false positives. Also when the web application is not accessed via a browser-like component (i.e not by a human user initiating the request that gets passed through all components until it reaches the web application) this can be considered a false positive.

Mitigation (Development): CSRF Prevention

Try to use anti-CSRF tokens of the double-submit patterns (at least for logged-in requests). When your authentication scheme depends on cookies (like session or token cookies), consider marking them with the same-site flag. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

ASVS Chapter: V4 - Access Control Verification Requirements
Cheat Sheet: Cross-Site Request Forgery Prevention Cheat Sheet

Check

The risk **Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)** was found **13 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get App Code from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is Very Likely with Medium impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get the Resource Tree from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Watch the Resource Tree from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Make Requests to API Server from User CLI: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Make Requests to API Server from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at OIDC Proxy (Dex) via Validate Dex OIDC Token from API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get App Manifests from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get Application Sync Windows from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get Pod Logs from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get Resource Events from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via List Resource Actions from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Manage Application Resources from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Run a Resource Action from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS): 3 / 3 Risks

Description (Tampering): CWE 79

For each web application Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risks might arise. In terms of the overall risk level take other applications running on the same domain into account as well.

Impact

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to access individual victim sessions and steal or modify user data.

Detection Logic

In-scope web applications.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the data processed or stored in the web application.

False Positives

When the technical asset is not accessed via a browser-like component (i.e not by a human user initiating the request that gets passed through all components until it reaches the web application) this can be considered a false positive.

Mitigation (Development): XSS Prevention

Try to encode all values sent back to the browser and also handle DOM-manipulations in a safe way to avoid DOM-based XSS. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

ASVS Chapter: <u>V5 - Validation, Sanitization and Encoding Verification Requirements</u> Cheat Sheet: <u>Cross Site Scripting Prevention Cheat Sheet</u>

Check

The risk **Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)** was found **3 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risk at **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

cross-site-scripting@api-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risk at **OIDC Proxy (Dex)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

cross-site-scripting@dex-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risk at **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

cross-site-scripting@web-ui

in Progress 2022-11-18 Michael Crenshaw

In general, Argo CD relies on the anti-XSS tools provided by React and other frontend libraries to sanitize and encode input before injecting them to the DOM.

The Argo CD team has dealt with XSS vulnerabilities in the past:

- * A leaked API server encryption key can allow XSS for SSO users https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-pmjg-52h9-72qv
- * Possible XSS when using SSO with the CLI https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-qq5v-f4c3-395c
- * Missing XSS Protection Header https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-pg99-h5gc-446r
- * External URLs for Deployments can include javascript https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-h4w9-6x78-8vrj

One area of particular interest is user-supplied links in the interface. GHSA-h4w9-6x78-8vrj showed that, where a user can insert an unsanitized link, they can cause JavaScript code to run in another user's browser.

Other links may only be provided by administrators and are therefore considered relatively trusted.

Some work to mitigate XSS is still underway:

- * fix: set security headers on oidc handler responses https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/pull/9854
- * fix: add url validation for help chat https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/pull/10417
- * feat: stricter CSP https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/pull/10131

Missing Authentication: 6 / 10 Risks

Description (Elevation of Privilege): CWE 306

Technical assets (especially multi-tenant systems) should authenticate incoming requests when the asset processes or stores sensitive data.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access or modify sensitive data in an unauthenticated way.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets (except load-balancer, reverse-proxy, service-registry, waf, ids, and ips and in-process calls) should authenticate incoming requests when the asset processes or stores sensitive data. This is especially the case for all multi-tenant assets (there even non-sensitive ones).

Risk Rating

The risk rating (medium or high) depends on the sensitivity of the data sent across the communication link. Monitoring callers are exempted from this risk.

False Positives

Technical assets which do not process requests regarding functionality or data linked to end-users (customers) can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Architecture): Authentication of Incoming Requests

Apply an authentication method to the technical asset. To protect highly sensitive data consider the use of two-factor authentication for human users.

ASVS Chapter: <u>V2 - Authentication Verification Requirements</u>

Cheat Sheet: Authentication_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Missing Authentication** was found **10 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Authentication covering communication link Fetching Rendered Manifests from Cache from API Server to Repo Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Get App Code** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Base Image from Docker Hub** from **Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)** to **Docker Hub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docke

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Rendered Manifest Requests** from **Application Controller** to **Repo Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests@application-controller@repo-server

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests from Repo Server to Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis): Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Validate Dex OIDC Token** from **API Server** to **OIDC Proxy (Dex)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token@api-server@dex-server

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **API Server** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image@api-server@quay

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **Application Controller** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image@application-controller@quay

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **ApplicationSet Controller** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image@applicationset-controller@quay

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **Repo Server** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image@repo-server@quay

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Missing Cloud Hardening: 3 / 3 Risks

Description (Tampering): CWE 1008

Cloud components should be hardened according to the cloud vendor best practices. This affects their configuration, auditing, and further areas.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might access cloud components in an unintended way.

Detection Logic

In-scope cloud components (either residing in cloud trust boundaries or more specifically tagged with cloud provider types).

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets processed and stored.

False Positives

Cloud components not running parts of the target architecture can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Operations): Cloud Hardening

Apply hardening of all cloud components and services, taking special care to follow the individual risk descriptions (which depend on the cloud provider tags in the model).

For **Amazon Web Services (AWS)**: Follow the *CIS Benchmark for Amazon Web Services* (see also the automated checks of cloud audit tools like "PacBot", "CloudSploit", "CloudMapper", "ScoutSuite", or "Prowler AWS CIS Benchmark Tool").

For EC2 and other servers running Amazon Linux, follow the CIS Benchmark for Amazon Linux and switch to IMDSv2.

For S3 buckets follow the Security Best Practices for Amazon S3 at

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/dev/security-best-practices.html to avoid accidental leakage.

Also take a look at some of these tools: https://github.com/toniblyx/my-arsenal-of-aws-security-tools

For **Microsoft Azure**: Follow the *CIS Benchmark for Microsoft Azure* (see also the automated checks of cloud audit tools like "CloudSploit" or "ScoutSuite").

For **Google Cloud Platform**: Follow the *CIS Benchmark for Google Cloud Computing Platform* (see also the automated checks of cloud audit tools like "CloudSploit" or "ScoutSuite").

For **Oracle Cloud Platform**: Follow the hardening best practices (see also the automated checks of cloud audit tools like "CloudSploit").

ASVS Chapter: V1 - Architecture, Design and Threat Modeling Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack Surface Analysis Cheat Sheet

Check

The risk **Missing Cloud Hardening** was found **3 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Cloud Hardening risk at **Build Time Boundary**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

missing-cloud-hardening@buildtime-boundary

Unchecked

Missing Cloud Hardening risk at **External Services**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

missing-cloud-hardening@external-services-boundary

Unchecked

Missing Cloud Hardening risk at **Organization Network**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Missing Hardening: 4 / 4 Risks

Description (Tampering): CWE 16

Technical assets with a Relative Attacker Attractiveness (RAA) value of 55 % or higher should be explicitly hardened taking best practices and vendor hardening guides into account.

Impact

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to easier attack high-value targets.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets with RAA values of 55 % or higher. Generally for high-value targets like datastores, application servers, identity providers and ERP systems this limit is reduced to 40 %

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the data processed or stored in the technical asset.

False Positives

Usually no false positives.

Mitigation (Operations): System Hardening

Try to apply all hardening best practices (like CIS benchmarks, OWASP recommendations, vendor recommendations, DevSec Hardening Framework, DBSAT for Oracle databases, and others).

ASVS Chapter: V14 - Configuration Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack Surface Analysis Cheat Sheet

Check

The risk **Missing Hardening** was found **4 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Hardening risk at API Server: Exploitation likelihood is Likely with Medium impact.

missing-hardening@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Hardening risk at **Host Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Missing Hardening risk at User CLI: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-hardening@user-cli

Unchecked

Missing Hardening risk at **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-hardening@web-ui

Missing Identity Provider Isolation: 1 / 1 Risk

Description (Elevation of Privilege): <u>CWE 1008</u>

Highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores should be isolated from other assets by their own network segmentation trust-boundary (execution-environment boundaries do not count as network isolation).

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers successfully attacking other components of the system might have an easy path towards highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores, as they are not separated by network segmentation.

Detection Logic

In-scope identity provider assets and their identity datastores when surrounded by other (not identity-related) assets (without a network trust-boundary in-between). This risk is especially prevalent when other non-identity related assets are within the same execution environment (i.e. same database or same application server).

Risk Rating

Default is high impact. The impact is increased to very-high when the asset missing the trust-boundary protection is rated as strictly-confidential or mission-critical.

False Positives

When all assets within the network segmentation trust-boundary are hardened and protected to the same extend as if all were identity providers with data of highest sensitivity.

Mitigation (Operations): Network Segmentation

Apply a network segmentation trust-boundary around the highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores.

ASVS Chapter: V1 - Architecture, Design and Threat Modeling Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack_Surface_Analysis_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Missing Identity Provider Isolation** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Identity Provider Isolation to further encapsulate and protect identity-related asset **OIDC Proxy (Dex)** against unrelated lower protected assets **in the same network segment**, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

missing-identity-provider-isolation@dex-server

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF): 37 / 38 Risks

Description (Information Disclosure): <u>CWE 918</u>

When a server system (i.e. not a client) is accessing other server systems via typical web protocols Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) or Local-File-Inclusion (LFI) or Remote-File-Inclusion (RFI) risks might arise.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access sensitive services or files of network-reachable components by modifying outgoing calls of affected components.

Detection Logic

In-scope non-client systems accessing (using outgoing communication links) targets with either HTTP or HTTPS protocol.

Risk Rating

The risk rating (low or medium) depends on the sensitivity of the data assets receivable via web protocols from targets within the same network trust-boundary as well on the sensitivity of the data assets receivable via web protocols from the target asset itself. Also for cloud-based environments the exploitation impact is at least medium, as cloud backend services can be attacked via SSRF.

False Positives

Servers not sending outgoing web requests can be considered as false positives after review.

Mitigation (Development): SSRF Prevention

Try to avoid constructing the outgoing target URL with caller controllable values. Alternatively use a mapping (whitelist) when accessing outgoing URLs instead of creating them including caller controllable values. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

ASVS Chapter: V12 - File and Resources Verification Requirements
Cheat Sheet: Server Side Request Forgery Prevention Cheat Sheet

Check

The risk **Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)** was found **38 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **OIDC Provider (External)** via **Validate External OIDC Token**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get App Code**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get App Manifests**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery @web-ui@api-server @web-ui>get-app-manifests

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get Application Sync Windows**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get Pod Logs**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get Resource Events**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get the Resource Tree**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **List Resource Actions**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Manage Application Resources**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Web UI server-side web-requesting the target API Server via Run a Resource Action: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Watch the Resource Tree**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at API Server server-side web-requesting the target External Cluster Kubernetes API via Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (External): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at API Server server-side web-requesting the target Host Cluster Kubernetes API via Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Update Cluster Access Config**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Update RBAC Config**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Update Repo Access Credentials**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **OIDC Proxy (Dex)** via **Validate Dex OIDC Token**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Quay** via **Pull Argo CD Image**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Repo Server** via **Fetching Rendered Manifests from Cache**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **User CLI** via **Export Database**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Application Controller server-side web-requesting the target External Cluster Kubernetes API via Reconcile Resource State (External Cluster): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Application Controller server-side web-requesting the target Host Cluster Kubernetes API via Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Application Controller** server-side web-requesting the target **Quay** via **Pull Argo CD Image**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Application Controller** server-side web-requesting the target **Repo Server** via **Rendered Manifest Requests**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at ApplicationSet Controller server-side web-requesting the target Host Cluster Kubernetes API via Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **ApplicationSet Controller** server-side web-requesting the target **Internal Source Control Management API** via **Git Generator Pull**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **ApplicationSet Controller** server-side web-requesting the target **Quay** via **Pull Argo CD Image**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) server-side web-requesting the target Docker Hub via Pull Base Image from Docker Hub: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery @argo-cd-build-pipeline @docker-hub @argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub @argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub @argo-cd-build-p

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) server-side web-requesting the target Quay via Push Image to Quay: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Argo CD Maintainer Git Client** server-side web-requesting the target **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)** via **Push Code/Tags to GitHub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **OIDC Proxy (Dex)** server-side web-requesting the target **OIDC Provider (External)** via **Proxying to an External OIDC Provider**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Get Repo Access Credentials**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Internal Source Control Management API** via **Fetch Manifest Sources**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Quay** via **Pull Argo CD Image**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)** via **Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **User CLI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Make Requests to API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Make Requests to API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) server-side web-requesting the target Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub) via Pull Source: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-source

Mitigated 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD build pipeline uses GitHub's checkout action to retrieve source code before building. The action accepts no input, and it should be impossible for a malicious actor (outside GitHub itself) to cause the checkout action to retrieve anything besides the Argo CD source code.

Unguarded Access From Internet: 3 / 3 Risks

Description (Elevation of Privilege): <u>CWE 501</u>

Internet-exposed assets must be guarded by a protecting service, application, or reverse-proxy.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to directly attack sensitive systems without any hardening components in-between due to them being directly exposed on the internet.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets (excluding load-balancer) with confidentiality rating of confidential (or higher) or with integrity rating of critical (or higher) when accessed directly from the internet. All web-server, web-application, reverse-proxy, waf, and gateway assets are exempted from this risk when they do not consist of custom developed code and the data-flow only consists of HTTP or FTP protocols. Access from monitoring systems as well as VPN-protected connections are exempted.

Risk Rating

The matching technical assets are at low risk. When either the confidentiality rating is strictly-confidential or the integrity rating is mission-critical, the risk-rating is considered medium. For assets with RAA values higher than 40 % the risk-rating increases.

False Positives

When other means of filtering client requests are applied equivalent of reverse-proxy, waf, or gateway components.

Mitigation (Architecture): Encapsulation of Technical Asset

Encapsulate the asset behind a guarding service, application, or reverse-proxy. For admin maintenance a bastion-host should be used as a jump-server. For file transfer a store-and-forward-host should be used as an indirect file exchange platform.

ASVS Chapter: V1 - Architecture, Design and Threat Modeling Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack_Surface_Analysis_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Unguarded Access From Internet** was found **3 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Unguarded Access from Internet of Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub) by Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) via Pull Source: Exploitation likelihood is Very Likely with Medium impact.

unguarded-access-from-internet@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-source

Unchecked

Unguarded Access from Internet of Docker Hub by Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) via Pull Base Image from Docker Hub: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

unguarded-access-from-internet@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub

Unchecked

Unguarded Access from Internet of **Quay** by **Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)** via **Push Image to Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

unguarded-access-from-internet@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Accidental Secret Leak: 3 / 3 Risks

Description (Information Disclosure): CWE 200

Sourcecode repositories (including their histories) as well as artifact registries can accidentally contain secrets like checked-in or packaged-in passwords, API tokens, certificates, crypto keys, etc.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers which have access to affected sourcecode repositories or artifact registries might find secrets accidentally checked-in.

Detection Logic

In-scope sourcecode repositories and artifact registries.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets processed and stored.

False Positives

Usually no false positives.

Mitigation (Operations): Build Pipeline Hardening

Establish measures preventing accidental check-in or package-in of secrets into sourcecode repositories and artifact registries. This starts by using good .gitignore and .dockerignore files, but does not stop there. See for example tools like "git-secrets" or "Talisman" to have check-in preventive measures for secrets. Consider also to regularly scan your repositories for secrets accidentally checked-in using scanning tools like "gitleaks" or "gitrob".

ASVS Chapter: V14 - Configuration Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack_Surface_Analysis_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Accidental Secret Leak** was found **3 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Accidental Secret Leak risk at **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

accidental-secret-leak@argo-cd-source-repo

Unchecked

Accidental Secret Leak risk at **Docker Hub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

accidental-secret-leak@docker-hub

Unchecked

Accidental Secret Leak risk at **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

accidental-secret-leak@quay

Code Backdooring: 4 / 4 Risks

Description (Tampering): <u>CWE 912</u>

For each build-pipeline component Code Backdooring risks might arise where attackers compromise the build-pipeline in order to let backdoored artifacts be shipped into production. Aside from direct code backdooring this includes backdooring of dependencies and even of more lower-level build infrastructure, like backdooring compilers (similar to what the XcodeGhost malware did) or dependencies.

Impact

If this risk remains unmitigated, attackers might be able to execute code on and completely takeover production environments.

Detection Logic

In-scope development relevant technical assets which are either accessed by out-of-scope unmanaged developer clients and/or are directly accessed by any kind of internet-located (non-VPN) component or are themselves directly located on the internet.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the confidentiality and integrity rating of the code being handled and deployed as well as the placement/calling of this technical asset on/from the internet.

False Positives

When the build-pipeline and sourcecode-repo is not exposed to the internet and considered fully trusted (which implies that all accessing clients are also considered fully trusted in terms of their patch management and applied hardening, which must be equivalent to a managed developer client environment) this can be considered a false positive after individual review.

Mitigation (Operations): Build Pipeline Hardening

Reduce the attack surface of backdooring the build pipeline by not directly exposing the build pipeline components on the public internet and also not exposing it in front of unmanaged (out-of-scope) developer clients. Also consider the use of code signing to prevent code modifications.

ASVS Chapter: V10 - Malicious Code Verification Requirements
Cheat Sheet: Vulnerable Dependency Management Cheat Sheet

$\hat{}$			

The risk **Code Backdooring** was found **4 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Code Backdooring risk at **Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Unchecked

Code Backdooring risk at **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@argo-cd-source-repo

Unchecked

Code Backdooring risk at Docker Hub: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@docker-hub

Unchecked

Code Backdooring risk at **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@quay

Container Base Image Backdooring: 9 / 9 Risks

Description (Tampering): <u>CWE 912</u>

When a technical asset is built using container technologies, Base Image Backdooring risks might arise where base images and other layers used contain vulnerable components or backdoors.

See for example:

https://techcrunch.com/2018/06/15/tainted-crypto-mining-containers-pulled-from-docker-hub/

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to deeply persist in the target system by executing code in deployed containers.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets running as containers.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets.

False Positives

Fully trusted (i.e. reviewed and cryptographically signed or similar) base images of containers can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Operations): Container Infrastructure Hardening

Apply hardening of all container infrastructures (see for example the *CIS-Benchmarks for Docker* and *Kubernetes* and the *Docker Bench for Security*). Use only trusted base images of the original vendors, verify digital signatures and apply image creation best practices. Also consider using Google's *Distroless* base images or otherwise very small base images. Regularly execute container image scans with tools checking the layers for vulnerable components.

ASVS Chapter: V10 - Malicious Code Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Docker_Security_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Container Base Image Backdooring** was found **9 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Unchecked

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Application Controller**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@application-controller

Unchecked

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **ApplicationSet Controller**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Unchecked

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **External Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@external-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Host Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **OIDC Proxy (Dex)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@dex-server

Unchecked

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@rendered-manifests-cache

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Repo Server Storage**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server-storage

Unchecked

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Repo Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server

Missing Build Infrastructure: 1 / 1 Risk

Description (Tampering): <u>CWE 1127</u>

The modeled architecture does not contain a build infrastructure (devops-client, sourcecode-repo, build-pipeline, etc.), which might be the risk of a model missing critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks). If the architecture contains custom-developed parts, the pipeline where code gets developed and built needs to be part of the model.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to exploit risks unseen in this threat model due to critical build infrastructure components missing in the model.

Detection Logic

Models with in-scope custom-developed parts missing in-scope development (code creation) and build infrastructure components (devops-client, sourcecode-repo, build-pipeline, etc.).

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the highest sensitivity of the in-scope assets running custom-developed parts.

False Positives

Models not having any custom-developed parts can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Architecture): Build Pipeline Hardening

Include the build infrastructure in the model.

ASVS Chapter: V1 - Architecture, Design and Threat Modeling Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack_Surface_Analysis_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Missing Build Infrastructure** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Build Infrastructure in the threat model (referencing asset **Application Controller** as an example): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-build-infrastructure@application-controller

Missing Identity Store: 1 / 1 Risk

Description (Spoofing): CWE 287

The modeled architecture does not contain an identity store, which might be the risk of a model missing critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks).

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to exploit risks unseen in this threat model in the identity provider/store that is currently missing in the model.

Detection Logic

Models with authenticated data-flows authorized via enduser-identity missing an in-scope identity store.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the enduser-identity authorized technical assets and their data assets processed and stored.

False Positives

Models only offering data/services without any real authentication need can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Architecture): Identity Store

Include an identity store in the model if the application has a login.

ASVS Chapter: V2 - Authentication Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Authentication_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Missing Identity Store** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Identity Store in the threat model (referencing asset **User CLI** as an example): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-identity-store@user-cli

Missing Network Segmentation: 3 / 3 Risks

Description (Elevation of Privilege): <u>CWE 1008</u>

Highly sensitive assets and/or datastores residing in the same network segment than other lower sensitive assets (like webservers or content management systems etc.) should be better protected by a network segmentation trust-boundary.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers successfully attacking other components of the system might have an easy path towards more valuable targets, as they are not separated by network segmentation.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets with high sensitivity and RAA values as well as datastores when surrounded by assets (without a network trust-boundary in-between) which are of type client-system, web-server, web-application, cms, web-service-rest, web-service-soap, build-pipeline, sourcecode-repository, monitoring, or similar and there is no direct connection between these (hence no requirement to be so close to each other).

Risk Rating

Default is low risk. The risk is increased to medium when the asset missing the trust-boundary protection is rated as strictly-confidential or mission-critical.

False Positives

When all assets within the network segmentation trust-boundary are hardened and protected to the same extend as if all were containing/processing highly sensitive data.

Mitigation (Operations): Network Segmentation

Apply a network segmentation trust-boundary around the highly sensitive assets and/or datastores.

ASVS Chapter: V1 - Architecture, Design and Threat Modeling Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack_Surface_Analysis_Cheat_Sheet

Check

The risk **Missing Network Segmentation** was found **3 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Network Segmentation to further encapsulate and protect **API Server** against unrelated lower protected assets in the same network segment, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Network Segmentation to further encapsulate and protect **User CLI** against unrelated lower protected assets in the same network segment, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-network-segmentation@user-cli

Unchecked

Missing Network Segmentation to further encapsulate and protect **Web UI** against unrelated lower protected assets in the same network segment, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA): 10 / 11 Risks

Description (Elevation of Privilege): CWE 308

Technical assets (especially multi-tenant systems) should authenticate incoming requests with two-factor (2FA) authentication when the asset processes or stores highly sensitive data (in terms of confidentiality, integrity, and availability) and is accessed by humans.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access or modify highly sensitive data without strong authentication.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets (except load-balancer, reverse-proxy, waf, ids, and ips) should authenticate incoming requests via two-factor authentication (2FA) when the asset processes or stores highly sensitive data (in terms of confidentiality, integrity, and availability) and is accessed by a client used by a human user.

Risk Rating

medium

False Positives

Technical assets which do not process requests regarding functionality or data linked to end-users (customers) can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Business Side): Authentication with Second Factor (2FA)

Apply an authentication method to the technical asset protecting highly sensitive data via two-factor authentication for human users.

ASVS Chapter: <u>V2 - Authentication Verification</u> Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Multifactor_Authentication_Cheat_Sheet

Check

Are recommendations from the linked cheat sheet and referenced ASVS chapter applied?

The risk **Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)** was found **11 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk. Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get App Manifests** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get Application Sync Windows** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Get Pod Logs from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get Resource Events** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get the Resource Tree** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **List Resource Actions** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Manage Application Resources from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Watch the Resource Tree** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Make Requests to API Server from User CLI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server

Accepted 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/issues/10232

Argo CD does not yet support 2FA for API actions. It has been requested, specifically when users attempt sensitive API calls.

Argo CD does support OIDC providers which may require 2FA for login.

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Make Requests to API Server from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server

Accepted 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/issues/10232

Argo CD does not yet support 2FA for API actions. It has been requested, specifically when users attempt sensitive API calls.

Argo CD does support OIDC providers which may require 2FA for login.

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Get App Code from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

False Positive 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

2FA does not make sense when fetching the app code, since Argo CD app code is public.

Missing Vault (Secret Storage): 1 / 1 Risk

Description (Information Disclosure): <u>CWE 522</u>

In order to avoid the risk of secret leakage via config files (when attacked through vulnerabilities being able to read files like Path-Traversal and others), it is best practice to use a separate hardened process with proper authentication, authorization, and audit logging to access config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.). This component is usually some kind of Vault.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to easier steal config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.) once a vulnerability to access files is present and exploited.

Detection Logic

Models without a Vault (Secret Storage).

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets processed and stored.

False Positives

Models where no technical assets have any kind of sensitive config data to protect can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Architecture): Vault (Secret Storage)

Consider using a Vault (Secret Storage) to securely store and access config secrets (like credentials, private keys, client certificates, etc.).

ASVS Chapter: V6 - Stored Cryptography Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Cryptographic_Storage_Cheat_Sheet

Check

Is a Vault (Secret Storage) in place?

The risk **Missing Vault (Secret Storage)** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Vault (Secret Storage) in the threat model (referencing asset **Internal Source Control Management API** as an example): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-vault@internal-source-control-management-api

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF): 3 / 3 Risks

Description (Tampering): CWE 1008

To have a first line of filtering defense, security architectures with web-services or web-applications should include a WAF in front of them. Even though a WAF is not a replacement for security (all components must be secure even without a WAF) it adds another layer of defense to the overall system by delaying some attacks and having easier attack alerting through it.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to apply standard attack pattern tests at great speed without any filtering.

Detection Logic

In-scope web-services and/or web-applications accessed across a network trust boundary not having a Web Application Firewall (WAF) in front of them.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets processed and stored.

False Positives

Targets only accessible via WAFs or reverse proxies containing a WAF component (like ModSecurity) can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Operations): Web Application Firewall (WAF)

Consider placing a Web Application Firewall (WAF) in front of the web-services and/or web-applications. For cloud environments many cloud providers offer pre-configured WAFs. Even reverse proxies can be enhances by a WAF component via ModSecurity plugins.

ASVS Chapter: V1 - Architecture, Design and Threat Modeling Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Virtual_Patching_Cheat_Sheet

Check

Is a Web Application Firewall (WAF) in place?

The risk **Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF)** was found **3 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF) risk at **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-waf@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF) risk at **External Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-waf@external-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF) risk at **Host Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked Deployment: 4/4 Risks

Description (Tampering): <u>CWE 1127</u>

For each build-pipeline component Unchecked Deployment risks might arise when the build-pipeline does not include established DevSecOps best-practices. DevSecOps best-practices scan as part of CI/CD pipelines for vulnerabilities in source- or byte-code, dependencies, container layers, and dynamically against running test systems. There are several open-source and commercial tools existing in the categories DAST, SAST, and IAST.

Impact

If this risk remains unmitigated, vulnerabilities in custom-developed software or their dependencies might not be identified during continuous deployment cycles.

Detection Logic

All development-relevant technical assets.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the highest rating of the technical assets and data assets processed by deployment-receiving targets.

False Positives

When the build-pipeline does not build any software components it can be considered a false positive after individual review.

Mitigation (Architecture): Build Pipeline Hardening

Apply DevSecOps best-practices and use scanning tools to identify vulnerabilities in source- or byte-code, dependencies, container layers, and optionally also via dynamic scans against running test systems.

ASVS Chapter: V14 - Configuration Verification Requirements
Cheat Sheet: Vulnerable Dependency Management Cheat Sheet

Check

Are recommendations from the linked cheat sheet and referenced ASVS chapter applied?

The risk **Unchecked Deployment** was found **4 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Unchecked Deployment risk at **Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Unchecked

Low Risk Severity

Unchecked Deployment risk at **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-source-repo

Unchecked

Unchecked Deployment risk at **Docker Hub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unchecked-deployment@docker-hub

Unchecked

Unchecked Deployment risk at **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unchecked-deployment@quay

Unencrypted Communication: 1 / 1 Risk

Description (Information Disclosure): <u>CWE 319</u>

Due to the confidentiality and/or integrity rating of the data assets transferred over the communication link this connection must be encrypted.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, network attackers might be able to to eavesdrop on unencrypted sensitive data sent between components.

Detection Logic

Unencrypted technical communication links of in-scope technical assets (excluding monitoring traffic as well as local-file-access and in-process-library-call) transferring sensitive data.

Risk Rating

Depending on the confidentiality rating of the transferred data-assets either medium or high risk.

False Positives

When all sensitive data sent over the communication link is already fully encrypted on document or data level. Also intra-container/pod communication can be considered false positive when container orchestration platform handles encryption.

Mitigation (Operations): Encryption of Communication Links

Apply transport layer encryption to the communication link.

ASVS Chapter: V9 - Communication Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Transport Layer Protection Cheat Sheet

Check

Are recommendations from the linked cheat sheet and referenced ASVS chapter applied?

The risk **Unencrypted Communication** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Unencrypted Communication named **Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests** between **Repo Server** and **Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

unencrypted-communication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Unencrypted Technical Assets: 1 / 1 Risk

Description (Information Disclosure): <u>CWE 311</u>

Due to the confidentiality rating of the technical asset itself and/or the processed data assets this technical asset must be encrypted. The risk rating depends on the sensitivity technical asset itself and of the data assets stored.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to access unencrypted data when successfully compromising sensitive components.

Detection Logic

In-scope unencrypted technical assets (excluding reverse-proxy, load-balancer, waf, ids, ips and embedded components like library) storing data assets rated at least as confidential or critical. For technical assets storing data assets rated as strictly-confidential or mission-critical the encryption must be of type data-with-enduser-individual-key.

Risk Rating

Depending on the confidentiality rating of the stored data-assets either medium or high risk.

False Positives

When all sensitive data stored within the asset is already fully encrypted on document or data level.

Mitigation (Operations): Encryption of Technical Asset

Apply encryption to the technical asset.

ASVS Chapter: V6 - Stored Cryptography Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Cryptographic_Storage_Cheat_Sheet

Check

Are recommendations from the linked cheat sheet and referenced ASVS chapter applied?

The risk **Unencrypted Technical Assets** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Unencrypted Technical Asset named **Repo Server Storage** missing enduser-individual encryption with data-with-enduser-individual-key: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

unencrypted-asset@repo-server-storage

Accepted 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD repo-server does not encrypt resources at rest on the disk cache.

The cache should not contain any secrets. The cache holds the contents of git and Helm repositories, which are not designed for storing secrets. Users may choose to store secrets on the repo-server (for example, when using a plugin that injects secrets into manifests). Those users should consider adding encryption to their plugins.

All users should consider Kubernetes- and cloud provider-level encryption for storage used by Argo CD.

Unnecessary Data Transfer: 12 / 12 Risks

Description (Elevation of Privilege): <u>CWE 1008</u>

When a technical asset sends or receives data assets, which it neither processes or stores this is an indicator for unnecessarily transferred data (or for an incomplete model). When the unnecessarily transferred data assets are sensitive, this poses an unnecessary risk of an increased attack surface.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to target unnecessarily transferred data.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets sending or receiving sensitive data assets which are neither processed nor stored by the technical asset are flagged with this risk. The risk rating (low or medium) depends on the confidentiality, integrity, and availability rating of the technical asset. Monitoring data is exempted from this risk.

Risk Rating

The risk assessment is depending on the confidentiality and integrity rating of the transferred data asset either low or medium.

False Positives

Technical assets missing the model entries of either processing or storing the mentioned data assets can be considered as false positives (incomplete models) after individual review. These should then be addressed by completing the model so that all necessary data assets are processed and/or stored by the technical asset involved.

Mitigation (Architecture): Attack Surface Reduction

Try to avoid sending or receiving sensitive data assets which are not required (i.e. neither processed or stored) by the involved technical asset.

ASVS Chapter: V1 - Architecture, Design and Threat Modeling Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Attack_Surface_Analysis_Cheat_Sheet

Check

Are recommendations from the linked cheat sheet and referenced ASVS chapter applied?

The risk **Unnecessary Data Transfer** was found **12 times** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Unnecessary Data Transfer of Argo CD User Provided Secret data at API Server from/to User CLI: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Argo CD User Provided Secret** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Tree** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Tree** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Low Risk Severity

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Actions** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Actions** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Event** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Event** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Logs** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Logs** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Sync Window** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Sync Window** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@web-ui@api-server

Missing File Validation: 0 / 1 Risk

Description (Spoofing): CWE 434

When a technical asset accepts files, these input files should be strictly validated about filename and type.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to provide malicious files to the application.

Detection Logic

In-scope technical assets with custom-developed code accepting file data formats.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets processed and stored.

False Positives

Fully trusted (i.e. cryptographically signed or similar) files can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Development): File Validation

Filter by file extension and discard (if feasible) the name provided. Whitelist the accepted file types and determine the mime-type on the server-side (for example via "Apache Tika" or similar checks). If the file is retrievable by endusers and/or backoffice employees, consider performing scans for popular malware (if the files can be retrieved much later than they were uploaded, also apply a fresh malware scan during retrieval to scan with newer signatures of popular malware). Also enforce limits on maximum file size to avoid denial-of-service like scenarios.

ASVS Chapter: V12 - File and Resources Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: File_Upload_Cheat_Sheet

Check

Are recommendations from the linked cheat sheet and referenced ASVS chapter applied?

The risk **Missing File Validation** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing File Validation risk at **Repo Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-file-validation@repo-server

Mitigated 2022-11-18 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD repo server accepts files from a number of sources. First, it accepts files from Git and Helm repositories. Second, it accepts files from users via the API when they do "local syncs" or "local diffs".

The repo server has several lines of defense against invalid file inputs.

- 1) Some storage mechanisms limit file size by default (for example git, unless LFS is enabled).
- 2) The repo-server enforces a secondary, user-configured file size limit for directory-type apps (since those files are read directly into memory).
- 3) The repo-server relies on configuration management tools (Helm, Kustomize, isonnet) to only accept valid input.
- 4) The repo-server, by default, disallows symlink files which exit the repository boundaries.

Path-Traversal: 0 / 1 Risk

Description (Information Disclosure): <u>CWE 22</u>

When a filesystem is accessed Path-Traversal or Local-File-Inclusion (LFI) risks might arise. The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data assets processed or stored.

Impact

If this risk is unmitigated, attackers might be able to read sensitive files (configuration data, key/credential files, deployment files, business data files, etc.) from the filesystem of affected components.

Detection Logic

Filesystems accessed by in-scope callers.

Risk Rating

The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the data stored inside the technical asset.

False Positives

File accesses by filenames not consisting of parts controllable by the caller can be considered as false positives after individual review.

Mitigation (Development): Path-Traversal Prevention

Before accessing the file cross-check that it resides in the expected folder and is of the expected type and filename/suffix. Try to use a mapping if possible instead of directly accessing by a filename which is (partly or fully) provided by the caller. When a third-party product is used instead of custom developed software, check if the product applies the proper mitigation and ensure a reasonable patch-level.

ASVS Chapter: V12 - File and Resources Verification Requirements

Cheat Sheet: Input_Validation_Cheat_Sheet

Check

Are recommendations from the linked cheat sheet and referenced ASVS chapter applied?

The risk **Path-Traversal** was found **1 time** in the analyzed architecture to be potentially possible. Each spot should be checked individually by reviewing the implementation whether all controls have been applied properly in order to mitigate each risk.

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Path-Traversal risk at Repo Server against filesystem Repo Server Storage via Store **Cached Manifest Sources**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

path-traversal@repo-server@repo-server-storage@repo-server>store-cached-manifest-sources

Mitigated 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

The repo server maintains a cache of git and Helm repo contents. The cache should not contain secrets, but it might contain otherwise-sensitive information. If multiple tenants use the same Argo CD instance, an attacker from one tenant may try to access the manifests owned by another tenant.

The repo server component has suffered from a variety of path traversal and symlink following bugs. In response, we have built strong safeguards against these attacks.

- 1) Symlinks exiting the repository bounds are blocked by default.
- 2) All user path inputs are run through a standard path traversal detection library. That library has good unit test coverage.
- 3) The config management tools (Helm, Jsonnet, Kustomize) have built-in path traversal prevention mechanisms.
- 4) Cache directories have random names (cryptographically-secure random UUIDs). The directories' permissions are locked down when the directories are not actively in use. This makes many traversal attacks impractical.

Previously discovered and resolved path traversal and symlink following bugs include the following:

* Symlink following allows leaking out-of-bounds YAML files from Argo CD repo-server -

https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-q4w5-4gq2-98vm

- * Symlink following allows leaking out-of-bound manifests and JSON files from Argo CD repo-server https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-6gcg-hp2x-q54h
- * Path traversal and improper access control allows leaking out-of-bound files from Argo CD repo-server https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-r9cr-hvjj-496v
- * Path traversal allows leaking out-of-bound files from Argo CD repo-server https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-h6h5-6fmq-rh28
- * Path traversal and dereference of symlinks when passing Helm value files https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-63qx-x74g-jcr7

Identified Risks by Technical Asset

In total 131 potential risks have been identified during the threat modeling process of which 0 are rated as critical, 0 as high, 43 as elevated, 77 as medium, and 11 as low.

These risks are distributed across **16 in-scope technical assets**. The following sub-chapters of this section describe each identified risk grouped by technical asset. The RAA value of a technical asset is the calculated "Relative Attractiveness" value in percent.

API Server: 45 / 46 Risks

Description

Argo CD API server. Accepts requests from the UI and CLI.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risk at **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

cross-site-scripting@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Get App Code** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get App Code from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get the Resource Tree from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Watch the Resource Tree from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is Very Likely with Medium impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Make Requests to API Server from User CLI: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Make Requests to API Server from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Missing Hardening risk at API Server: Exploitation likelihood is Likely with Medium impact.

missing-hardening@api-server

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **OIDC Provider (External)** via **Validate External OIDC Token**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Network Segmentation to further encapsulate and protect **API Server** against unrelated lower protected assets in the same network segment, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get App Manifests** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get Application Sync**Windows from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Get Pod Logs from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get Resource Events** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get the Resource Tree** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **List Resource Actions** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Manage Application Resources from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Watch the Resource Tree** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF) risk at **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-waf@api-server

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at API Server server-side web-requesting the target External Cluster Kubernetes API via Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (External): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at API Server server-side web-requesting the target Host Cluster Kubernetes API via Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-properties api-server.

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Update Cluster Access Config**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Update RBAC Config**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Update Repo Access Credentials**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at API Server server-side web-requesting the target OIDC Proxy (Dex) via Validate Dex OIDC Token: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Quay** via **Pull Argo CD Image**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **API Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Repo Server** via **Fetching Rendered Manifests from Cache**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at API Server server-side web-requesting the target User CLI via Export Database: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Argo CD User Provided Secret** data at **API Server** from/to **User CLI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Argo CD User Provided Secret** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Tree** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get App Manifests from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get Application Sync Windows from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is Very Likely with Low impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get Pod Logs from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Get Resource Events from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via List Resource Actions from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Manage Application Resources from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Low* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at API Server via Run a Resource Action from Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is Very Likely with Low impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Unchecked

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Make Requests to API Server from User CLI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server

Accepted 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/issues/10232

Argo CD does not yet support 2FA for API actions. It has been requested, specifically when users attempt sensitive API calls.

Argo CD does support OIDC providers which may require 2FA for login.

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link Make Requests to API Server from Web UI to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server

Accepted 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/issues/10232

Argo CD does not yet support 2FA for API actions. It has been requested, specifically when users attempt sensitive API calls.

Argo CD does support OIDC providers which may require 2FA for login.

Missing Two-Factor Authentication covering communication link **Get App Code** from **Web UI** to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

False Positive 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

2FA does not make sense when fetching the app code, since Argo CD app code is public.

Low Risk Severity

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Actions** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Event** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Logs** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Sync Window** data at **API Server** from/to **Web UI**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: api-server
Type: process
Usage: devops
RAA: 100 %

Size: component

Technology: application-server

Tags: none
Internet: false
Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: true
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: API Server Secret, AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application

Name, ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD Container Image, Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD Database Export, Argo CD RBAC Config, Argo Tokens, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Live Manifests, Manifest Sources, OIDC Client Secret, OIDC Configuration,

OIDC Public Keys, OIDC Tokens, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access

Credentials

Data Stored: Argo CD RBAC Config, Bundled UI Code, OIDC Configuration, OIDC Public

Keys

Formats Accepted: CSV, File, JSON

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Outgoing Communication Links: 10

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Validate External OIDC Token (outgoing)

Get public keys from OIDC provider to validate tokens.

Target: OIDC Provider (External)

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: none
Authorization: none
Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false

IP-Filtered: false
Data Sent: none

Data Received: OIDC Public Keys

Validate Dex OIDC Token (outgoing)

Get public keys from Dex server to validate tokens.

Target: OIDC Proxy (Dex)

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: true Data Sent: none

Data Received: OIDC Public Keys

Update Repo Access Credentials (outgoing)

Write changes from the UI/CLI/API to repo secrets.

Target: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Repo Access Credentials
Data Received: Repo Access Credentials

Update RBAC Config (outgoing)

Write changes from the UI/CLI/API to RBAC config.

Target: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD RBAC Config

Data Received: Argo CD RBAC Config

Update Cluster Access Config (outgoing)

Write changes from the UI/CLI/API to cluster secrets.

Target: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials
Data Received: Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials

Pull Argo CD Image (outgoing)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Target: Quay Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Received: Argo CD Container Image

Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host) (outgoing)

Get the live state of an Argo CD-managed resource, or potentially update or delete a resource.

Target: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name, Argo CD RBAC Config, Cluster Access Configuration,

Cluster Access Credentials, OIDC Client Secret, OIDC Configuration,

Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Received: API Server Secret, Argo CD RBAC Config, Cluster Access Configuration,

Cluster Access Credentials, Live Manifests, OIDC Client Secret, OIDC

Configuration, Repo Access Credentials

Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (External) (outgoing)

Get the live state of an Argo CD-managed resource, or potentially update or delete a resource on an external cluster.

Target: External Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name, Cluster Access Credentials, Rendered Manifests

Data Received: Live Manifests

Fetching Rendered Manifests from Cache (outgoing)

Fetch manifests from the repo server to display via UI or CLI.

Target: Repo Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: none
Authorization: none
Read-Only: true

Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: true

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Rendered Manifests

Export Database (outgoing)

Send database export to Admin Argo CD User

Target: User CLI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD Database Export

Data Received: OIDC Tokens

Incoming Communication Links: 12

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Watch the Resource Tree (incoming)

Watch the tree representing all the resources managed by an Application.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: wss
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Resource Tree

Run a Resource Action (incoming)

Run an action on a resource managed by an Application (or the Application itself).

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name

Data Sent: none

Manage Application Resources (incoming)

The UI can perform certain actions on resources managed by an Application. Those actions include get, patch, and delete.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Application Manifest

Make Requests to API Server (incoming)

Make requests to the API server.

Source: Web UI

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD User Provided Secret, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Manifest Sources, OIDC

Tokens, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Sent: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo Tokens, OIDC Configuration, Rendered

Manifests

List Resource Actions (incoming)

Get a list of Actions associated with a resource (including the Application) in an Application resource tree.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Resource Actions

Get the Resource Tree (incoming)

Get a tree representing all the resources managed by an application.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true

Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Resource Tree

Get Resource Events (incoming)

Get all the Kubernetes Events associated with a particular resource.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Resource Event

Get Pod Logs (incoming)

Get logs from a Pod managed in an Application.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name

Data Sent: Resource Logs

Get Application Sync Windows (incoming)

Get Application Sync Windows

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Sync Window

Get App Manifests (incoming)

Download app manifests from the API server. This can be either desired or live manifests.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true
Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Application Manifest

Get App Code (incoming)

Get the web app code from the API server.

Source: Web UI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true

Authentication: none
Authorization: none
Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false
Data Received: none

Data Sent: Bundled UI Code

Make Requests to API Server (incoming)

Make requests to the API server.

Source: User CLI
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD User Provided Secret, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Manifest Sources, OIDC

Tokens, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Sent: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo Tokens, OIDC Configuration, Rendered

Manifests

Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub): 4 / 4 Risks

Description

GitHub repo holding the Argo CD source code.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Unguarded Access from Internet of Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub) by Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) via Pull Source: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

unguarded-access-from-internet@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-source

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Accidental Secret Leak risk at **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

accidental-secret-leak@argo-cd-source-repo

Unchecked

Code Backdooring risk at **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@argo-cd-source-repo

Unchecked

Low Risk Severity

Unchecked Deployment risk at **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-source-repo

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: argo-cd-source-repo

Type: datastore Usage: devops RAA: 30 %

Size: application

Technology: sourcecode-repository

Tags: none Internet: true Machine: virtual

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD GitHub Push Token, Argo CD

Source

Data Stored: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD Source

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: GitHub

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Incoming Communication Links: 2

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Push Code/Tags to GitHub (incoming)

Push code to the Argo CD repo (as when cherry-picking changes) and/or push tags (as when cutting a release).

Source: Argo CD Maintainer Git Client

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: two-factor

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none

VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD GitHub Push Token, Argo CD

Source

Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD Source

Pull Source (incoming)

Pull the Argo CD source from the GitHub repo.

Source: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false
Data Received: none

Data Sent: Argo CD Source

Docker Hub: 5 / 5 Risks

Description

Docker Hub image repository.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Authentication covering communication link Pull Base Image from Docker Hub from Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) to Docker Hub: Exploitation likelihood is Likely with High impact.

missing-authentication@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docke

Unchecked

Unguarded Access from Internet of Docker Hub by Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) via Pull Base Image from Docker Hub: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

unguarded - access-from-internet@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipelinepp

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Accidental Secret Leak risk at **Docker Hub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

accidental-secret-leak@docker-hub

Unchecked

Code Backdooring risk at Docker Hub: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@docker-hub

Unchecked

Low Risk Severity

Unchecked Deployment risk at **Docker Hub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unchecked-deployment@docker-hub

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: docker-hub
Type: datastore
Usage: devops
RAA: 12 %
Size: system

Technology: artifact-registry

Tags: none Internet: true Machine: virtual

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Argo CD Base Image
Data Stored: Argo CD Base Image

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Ubuntu

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Incoming Communication Links: 1

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Pull Base Image from Docker Hub (incoming)

Pull the Ubuntu base image from Docker Hub.

Source: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: none
Authorization: none
Read-Only: true
Usage: devops

Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false Data Received: none

Data Sent: Argo CD Base Image

Host Cluster Kubernetes API: 3 / 3 Risks

Description

Kubernetes API Server for the cluster Argo CD is deployed to

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Hardening risk at **Host Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Host Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF) risk at **Host Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Type: external-entity

Usage: devops RAA: 66 % Size: system

Technology: web-service-rest

Tags: none Internet: false Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true Redundant: false Custom-Developed: false Client by Human: false

Data Processed: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, ApplicationSet Name, Argo CD RBAC Config, Argo CD User Provided Secret, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access

Credentials, Live Manifests, Rendered Manifests

Data Stored: API Server Secret, AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD RBAC Config, Cluster Access

Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Live Manifests, OIDC Client

Secret, OIDC Configuration, Repo Access Credentials

Formats Accepted: JSON

Asset Rating

Owner: Cluster Operator

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The Kubernetes API Server is how Argo CD interacts with the cluster. Argo

CD's configuration is stored in the cluster, and Argo CD uses the

Kubernetes API Server to apply changes to the cluster. If the Kubernetes

API Server is down, Argo CD will be down.

Incoming Communication Links: 7

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Get Repo Access Credentials (incoming)

Get repo access credentials from Kubernetes to pull manifest sources from source control.

Source: Repo Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false

IP-Filtered: false
Data Received: none

Data Sent: Repo Access Credentials

Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster) (incoming)

Reconcile the current desired manifests with the live state.

Source: ApplicationSet Controller

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: ApplicationSet Manifest, ApplicationSet Name

Data Sent: Live Manifests

Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster) (incoming)

Reconcile the current desired manifests with the live state.

Source: Application Controller

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name, Rendered Manifests

Data Sent: Live Manifests

Update Repo Access Credentials (incoming)

Write changes from the UI/CLI/API to repo secrets.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Repo Access Credentials
Data Sent: Repo Access Credentials

Update RBAC Config (incoming)

Write changes from the UI/CLI/API to RBAC config.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD RBAC Config
Data Sent: Argo CD RBAC Config

Update Cluster Access Config (incoming)

Write changes from the UI/CLI/API to cluster secrets.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false

IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials
Data Sent: Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials

Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host) (incoming)

Get the live state of an Argo CD-managed resource, or potentially update or delete a resource.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name, Argo CD RBAC Config, Cluster Access Configuration,

Cluster Access Credentials, OIDC Client Secret, OIDC Configuration,

Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Sent: API Server Secret, Argo CD RBAC Config, Cluster Access Configuration,

Cluster Access Credentials, Live Manifests, OIDC Client Secret, OIDC

Configuration, Repo Access Credentials

OIDC Proxy (Dex): 6 / 6 Risks

Description

OIDC Proxy (Dex)

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Identity Provider Isolation to further encapsulate and protect identity-related asset **OIDC Proxy (Dex)** against unrelated lower protected assets **in the same network segment**, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Very High* impact.

missing-identity-provider-isolation@dex-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risk at **OIDC Proxy (Dex)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

cross-site-scripting@dex-server

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Validate Dex OIDC Token** from **API Server** to **OIDC Proxy (Dex)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token@api-server@dex-server

Unchecked

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) risk at OIDC Proxy (Dex) via Validate Dex OIDC Token from API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

cross-site-request-forgery@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **OIDC Proxy (Dex)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@dex-server

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at OIDC Proxy (Dex) server-side web-requesting the target OIDC Provider (External) via Proxying to an External OIDC Provider: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerproxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerproxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerproxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerproxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerproxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerproxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerproxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: dex-server
Type: process
Usage: business
RAA: 32 %

Size: component Technology: identity-provider

Tags: none
Internet: false
Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: OIDC Public Keys, OIDC Tokens

Data Stored: OIDC Public Keys

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD Operator

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Outgoing Communication Links: 1

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Proxying to an External OIDC Provider (outgoing)

Proxy requests to an external OIDC provider.

Target: OIDC Provider (External)

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: credentials

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false Data Sent: none

Data Received: **OIDC Tokens**

Incoming Communication Links: 1

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Validate Dex OIDC Token (incoming)

Get public keys from Dex server to validate tokens.

Source: **API Server**

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: true Data Received:

Data Sent: OIDC Public Keys

none

Quay: 4/8 Risks

Description

Quay image repository.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Unguarded Access from Internet of **Quay** by **Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)** via **Push Image to Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

unguarded-access-from-internet@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **API Server** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image@api-server@quay

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **Application Controller** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image@application-controller@quaystation-controller.

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **ApplicationSet Controller** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image@applicationset-controller@quay.

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Pull Argo CD Image** from **Repo Server** to **Quay**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image@repo-server@quay

False Positive 2022-11-17 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD image is public. There is no need to authenticate to Quay.

Medium Risk Severity

Accidental Secret Leak risk at Quay: Exploitation likelihood is Unlikely with High impact.

accidental-secret-leak@quay

Unchecked

Code Backdooring risk at Quay: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@quay

Unchecked

Low Risk Severity

Unchecked Deployment risk at Quay: Exploitation likelihood is Unlikely with Low impact.

unchecked-deployment@quay

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: quay

Type: datastore
Usage: devops
RAA: 30 %
Size: system

Technology: artifact-registry

Tags: none Internet: true Machine: virtual

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Argo CD Container Image, Argo CD Container Image Tag, Quay Push

Token

Data Stored: Argo CD Container Image

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Red Hat

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Incoming Communication Links: 5

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Pull Argo CD Image (incoming)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Source: Repo Server

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image

Push Image to Quay (incoming)

Quay image repository.

Source: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD Container Image, Quay Push Token

Data Sent: none

Pull Argo CD Image (incoming)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Source: ApplicationSet Controller

Protocol: https

Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image

Pull Argo CD Image (incoming)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Source: Application Controller

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image

Pull Argo CD Image (incoming)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image

Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis): 2 / 2 Risks

Description

Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Authentication covering communication link Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests from Repo Server to Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis): Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@rendered-manifests-cache

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: rendered-manifests-cache

Type: datastore Usage: devops RAA: 23 %

Size: component

Technology: web-service-rest

Tags: none Internet: false

Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: true
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false
Data Processed: none

Data Stored: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name, Rendered

Manifests

Formats Accepted: JSON

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Incoming Communication Links: 1

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests (incoming)

Sends and receives rendered manifests to and from the cache.

Source: Repo Server

Protocol: http Encrypted: false Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: false Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: true

Data Received: Application Name, Rendered Manifests
Data Sent: Application Name, Rendered Manifests

Repo Server: 8 / 10 Risks

Description

Pulls from manifests sources, builds manifests, caches manifests

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Authentication covering communication link Fetching Rendered Manifests from Cache from API Server to Repo Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server

Unchecked

Missing Authentication covering communication link **Rendered Manifest Requests** from **Application Controller** to **Repo Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

missing-authentication@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests@application-controller@repo-server

Unchecked

Path-Traversal risk at Repo Server against filesystem Repo Server Storage via Store Cached Manifest Sources: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

path-traversal@repo-server@repo-server-storage@repo-server>store-cached-manifest-sources

Mitigated 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

The repo server maintains a cache of git and Helm repo contents. The cache should not contain secrets, but it might contain otherwise-sensitive information. If multiple tenants use the same Argo CD instance, an attacker from one tenant may try to access the manifests owned by another tenant.

The repo server component has suffered from a variety of path traversal and symlink following bugs. In response, we have built strong safeguards against these attacks.

- 1) Symlinks exiting the repository bounds are blocked by default.
- 2) All user path inputs are run through a standard path traversal detection library. That library has good unit test coverage.
- 3) The config management tools (Helm, Jsonnet, Kustomize) have built-in path traversal prevention mechanisms.
- 4) Cache directories have random names (cryptographically-secure random UUIDs). The directories' permissions are locked down when the directories are not actively in use. This makes many traversal attacks impractical.

Previously discovered and resolved path traversal and symlink following bugs include the following:

- * Symlink following allows leaking out-of-bounds YAML files from Argo CD repo-server https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-q4w5-4gq2-98vm
- * Symlink following allows leaking out-of-bound manifests and JSON files from Argo CD repo-server https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-6gcg-hp2x-q54h
- * Path traversal and improper access control allows leaking out-of-bound files from Argo CD repo-server https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-r9cr-hvjj-496v
- * Path traversal allows leaking out-of-bound files from Argo CD repo-server https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-h6h5-6fmq-rh28
- * Path traversal and dereference of symlinks when passing Helm value files https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-63qx-x74g-jcr7

Missing File Validation risk at **Repo Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Very Likely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-file-validation@repo-server

Mitigated 2022-11-18 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD repo server accepts files from a number of sources. First, it accepts files from Git and Helm repositories. Second, it accepts files from users via the API when they do "local syncs" or "local diffs".

The repo server has several lines of defense against invalid file inputs.

- 1) Some storage mechanisms limit file size by default (for example git, unless LFS is enabled).
- 2) The repo-server enforces a secondary, user-configured file size limit for directory-type apps (since those files are read directly into memory).
- 3) The repo-server relies on configuration management tools (Helm, Kustomize, jsonnet) to only accept valid input.
- 4) The repo-server, by default, disallows symlink files which exit the repository boundaries.

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Repo Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server

Unchecked

Unencrypted Communication named **Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests** between **Repo Server** and **Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

unencrypted-communication @repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests @repo-server@rendered-manifests-cached and a communication of the communicat

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Host Cluster Kubernetes API** via **Get Repo Access Credentials**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Internal Source Control Management API** via **Fetch Manifest Sources**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Quay** via **Pull Argo CD Image**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Repo Server** server-side web-requesting the target **Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)** via **Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: repo-server
Type: process
Usage: devops
RAA: 39 %

Size: component

Technology: web-service-rest

Tags: none
Internet: false
Machine: contail

Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: true
Custom-Developed: true
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Argo CD Container Image, Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD User

Provided Secret, Manifest Sources, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access

Credentials

Data Stored: Manifest Sources

Formats Accepted: File, JSON

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD Repo-Server

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The repo-server is responsible for fetching manifests and performing

transformations on them ("building"). It contains sensitive information, i.e. deployment manifests. Changes to these manifests can change what's deployed. If the application controller is down, no other services will be

disrupted, but no deployments will be made.

Outgoing Communication Links: 5

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Store Cached Manifest Sources (outgoing)

Cache manifest sources (from git, helm repo, OCI, etc.) to local ephemeral storage.

Target: Repo Server Storage

Protocol: local-file-access

Encrypted: false Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: false Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Manifest Sources
Data Received: Manifest Sources

Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests (outgoing)

Sends and receives rendered manifests to and from the cache.

Target: Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)

Protocol: http Encrypted: false Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: false Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: true

Data Sent: Application Name, Rendered Manifests
Data Received: Application Name, Rendered Manifests

Pull Argo CD Image (outgoing)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Target: Quay
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: none
Authorization: none
Read-Only: true

Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Received: Argo CD Container Image

Get Repo Access Credentials (outgoing)

Get repo access credentials from Kubernetes to pull manifest sources from source control.

Target: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false
Data Sent: none

Data Received: Repo Access Credentials

Fetch Manifest Sources (outgoing)

Pulls manifest sources from source control.

Target: Internal Source Control Management API

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: credentials
Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Manifest Sources

Incoming Communication Links: 2

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Rendered Manifest Requests (incoming)

Fetch manifests from the repo server to be applied to the cluster.

Source: Application Controller

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: true

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Rendered Manifests

Fetching Rendered Manifests from Cache (incoming)

Fetch manifests from the repo server to display via UI or CLI.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: true

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Rendered Manifests

User CLI: 4 / 4 Risks

Description

User CLI

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Hardening risk at User CLI: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-hardening@user-cli

Unchecked

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Identity Store in the threat model (referencing asset **User CLI** as an example): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-identity-store@user-cli

Unchecked

Missing Network Segmentation to further encapsulate and protect **User CLI** against unrelated lower protected assets in the same network segment, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-network-segmentation@user-cli

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at User CLI server-side web-requesting the target API Server via Make Requests to API Server: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: user-cli
Type: process
Usage: devops
RAA: 57 %

Size: application

Technology: cli
Tags: none

Internet: false
Machine: physical

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: false
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: true

Data Processed: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD Database Export, Argo CD User Provided

Secret, Argo Tokens, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access

Credentials, Live Manifests, Manifest Sources, OIDC Configuration, OIDC

Tokens, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Stored: OIDC Tokens

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD User

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Outgoing Communication Links: 1

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Make Requests to API Server (outgoing)

Make requests to the API server.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false

IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD User Provided Secret, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Manifest Sources, OIDC

Tokens, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Received: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo Tokens, OIDC Configuration, Rendered

Manifests

Incoming Communication Links: 1

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Export Database (incoming)

Send database export to Admin Argo CD User

Source: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Argo CD Database Export

Data Sent: OIDC Tokens

Web UI: 19 / 19 Risks

Description

Argo CD web UI - single-page JavaScript app.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Elevated Risk Severity

Missing Hardening risk at Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is Likely with Medium impact.

missing-hardening@web-ui

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get App Code**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get App Manifests**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get Application Sync Windows**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get Pod Logs**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get Resource Events**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Get the Resource Tree**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **List Resource Actions**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Manage Application Resources**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Run a Resource Action**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Watch the Resource Tree**: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Unchecked

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risk at Web UI: Exploitation likelihood is *Likely* with *High* impact.

cross-site-scripting@web-ui

in Progress 2022-11-18 Michael Crenshaw

In general, Argo CD relies on the anti-XSS tools provided by React and other frontend libraries to sanitize and encode input before injecting them to the DOM.

The Argo CD team has dealt with XSS vulnerabilities in the past:

- * A leaked API server encryption key can allow XSS for SSO users https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-pmjg-52h9-72qv
- * Possible XSS when using SSO with the CLI https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-qq5v-f4c3-395c
- * Missing XSS Protection Header https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-pg99-h5gc-446r
- * External URLs for Deployments can include javascript https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/security/advisories/GHSA-h4w9-6x78-8vrj

One area of particular interest is user-supplied links in the interface. GHSA-h4w9-6x78-8vrj showed that, where a user can insert an unsanitized link, they can cause JavaScript code to run in another user's browser.

Other links may only be provided by administrators and are therefore considered relatively trusted.

Some work to mitigate XSS is still underway:

- * fix: set security headers on oidc handler responses https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/pull/9854
- * fix: add url validation for help chat https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/pull/10417
- * feat: stricter CSP https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/pull/10131

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Network Segmentation to further encapsulate and protect **Web UI** against unrelated lower protected assets in the same network segment, which might be easier to compromise by attackers: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Web UI** server-side web-requesting the target **API Server** via **Make Requests to API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Tree** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Low Risk Severity

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Actions** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Event** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Resource Logs** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Unnecessary Data Transfer of **Sync Window** data at **Web UI** from/to **API Server**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Low* impact.

unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@web-ui@api-server

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: web-ui Type: process Usage: devops RAA: 68 %

Size: application

Technology: web-application

Tags: none
Internet: false
Machine: physical

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: false
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: true

Data Processed: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD User Provided Secret, Argo Tokens,

Bundled UI Code, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access

Credentials, Live Manifests, Manifest Sources, OIDC Configuration, OIDC

Tokens, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Stored: Bundled UI Code, OIDC Tokens

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD User

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Outgoing Communication Links: 11

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Watch the Resource Tree (outgoing)

Watch the tree representing all the resources managed by an Application.

Target: API Server

Protocol: wss
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Resource Tree

Run a Resource Action (outgoing)

Run an action on a resource managed by an Application (or the Application itself).

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name

Data Received: none

Manage Application Resources (outgoing)

The UI can perform certain actions on resources managed by an Application. Those actions include get, patch, and delete.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name

Data Received: Application Manifest

Make Requests to API Server (outgoing)

Make requests to the API server.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo CD User Provided Secret, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Manifest Sources, OIDC

Tokens, Rendered Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Received: AppProject Manifest, Application Manifest, Application Name,

ApplicationSet Manifest, Argo Tokens, OIDC Configuration, Rendered

Manifests

List Resource Actions (outgoing)

Get a list of Actions associated with a resource (including the Application) in an Application resource tree.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Resource Actions

Get the Resource Tree (outgoing)

Get a tree representing all the resources managed by an application.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Resource Tree

Get Resource Events (outgoing)

Get all the Kubernetes Events associated with a particular resource.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Resource Event

Get Pod Logs (outgoing)

Get logs from a Pod managed in an Application.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business

Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Resource Logs

Get Application Sync Windows (outgoing)

Get Application Sync Windows

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Sync Window

false

Get App Manifests (outgoing)

IP-Filtered:

Download app manifests from the API server. This can be either desired or live manifests.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Application Manifest

Get App Code (outgoing)

Get the web app code from the API server.

Target: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: none
Authorization: none
Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false
Data Sent: none

Data Received: Bundled UI Code

Application Controller: 6 / 6 Risks

Description

Some Description

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Application Controller**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@application-controller

Unchecked

Missing Build Infrastructure in the threat model (referencing asset **Application Controller** as an example): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-build-infrastructure@application-controller

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Application Controller server-side web-requesting the target External Cluster Kubernetes API via Reconcile Resource State (External Cluster): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@application-controller-

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Application Controller server-side web-requesting the target Host Cluster Kubernetes API via Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller-reconcile-reco

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Application Controller** server-side web-requesting the target **Quay** via **Pull Argo CD Image**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Application Controller** server-side web-requesting the target **Repo Server** via **Rendered Manifest Requests**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: application-controller

Type: process
Usage: devops
RAA: 39 %

Size: component

Technology: web-service-rest

Tags: none
Internet: false
Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: true
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Argo CD Container Image, Argo CD Container Image Tag, Cluster Access

Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Live Manifests, Rendered

Manifests

Data Stored: none Formats Accepted: JSON

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The application controller is responsible for deploying applications. It

contains sensitive information, i.e. deployment manifests. Changes to these manifests can change what's deployed. If the application controller is down,

no other services will be disrupted, but no deployments will be made.

Outgoing Communication Links: 4

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Rendered Manifest Requests (outgoing)

Fetch manifests from the repo server to be applied to the cluster.

Target: Repo Server

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: true

Data Sent: Application Name
Data Received: Rendered Manifests

Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster) (outgoing)

Reconcile the current desired manifests with the live state.

Target: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name, Rendered Manifests

Data Received: Live Manifests

Reconcile Resource State (External Cluster) (outgoing)

Reconcile the current desired manifests with the live state in an external cluster.

Target: External Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Application Name, Cluster Access Credentials, Rendered Manifests

Data Received: Live Manifests

Pull Argo CD Image (outgoing)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Target: Quay Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Received: Argo CD Container Image

ApplicationSet Controller: 4 / 4 Risks

Description

Some Description

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **ApplicationSet Controller**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at ApplicationSet Controller server-side web-requesting the target Host Cluster Kubernetes API via Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@applicationset-kubernetes-api@

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **ApplicationSet Controller** server-side web-requesting the target **Internal Source Control Management API** via **Git Generator Pull**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-puller.

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at ApplicationSet Controller server-side web-requesting the target Quay via Pull Argo CD Image: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: applicationset-controller

Type: process
Usage: devops
RAA: 48 %

Size: component

Technology: web-service-rest

Tags: none Internet: false

Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: true
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: ApplicationSet Manifest, ApplicationSet Name, Argo CD Container Image,

Argo CD Container Image Tag, Cluster Access Configuration, Cluster Access Credentials, Git Branch Name, Git Organization Name, Git Repo

URL, Live Manifests, Repo Access Credentials

Data Stored: none Formats Accepted: JSON

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The ApplicationSet controller is responsible for deploying ApplicationSets. It

contains sensitive information, i.e. deployment manifests. Changes to these

manifests can change what's deployed.

Outgoing Communication Links: 3

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster) (outgoing)

Reconcile the current desired manifests with the live state.

Target: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false

IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: ApplicationSet Manifest, ApplicationSet Name

Data Received: Live Manifests

Pull Argo CD Image (outgoing)

Pull the Argo CD container image from Quay.

Target: Quay Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image Tag
Data Received: Argo CD Container Image

Git Generator Pull (outgoing)

Get information about organizations, branches, and pull requests from the SCM.

Target: Internal Source Control Management API

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Git Repo URL, Repo Access Credentials

Data Received: Git Branch Name, Git Organization Name, Git Repo Name

Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions): 4 / 5 Risks

Description

Argo CD build pipeline, hosted on GitHub Actions.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Code Backdooring risk at **Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) server-side web-requesting the target **Docker Hub** via **Pull Base Image from Docker Hub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-build-build-build-build-build-bui

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) server-side web-requesting the target Quay via Push Image to Quay: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Unchecked

Unchecked Deployment risk at **Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Unchecked

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions) server-side web-requesting the target Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub) via Pull Source: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-source

Mitigated 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD build pipeline uses GitHub's checkout action to retrieve source code before building. The action accepts no input, and it should be impossible for a malicious actor (outside GitHub itself) to cause the checkout action to retrieve anything besides the Argo CD source code.

Asset Information

ID: argo-cd-build-pipeline

Type: process

Usage: devops RAA: 28 %

Size: application Technology: build-pipeline

Tags: none Internet: true Machine: virtual

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Argo CD Base Image, Argo CD Container Image, Argo CD Source, Quay

Push Token

Data Stored: Argo CD GitHub Push Token, Quay Push Token

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: GitHub

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Outgoing Communication Links: 3

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Push Image to Quay (outgoing)

Quay image repository.

Target: Quay
Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image, Quay Push Token

Data Received: none

Pull Source (outgoing)

Pull the Argo CD source from the GitHub repo.

Target: Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false
Data Sent: none

Data Received: Argo CD Source

Pull Base Image from Docker Hub (outgoing)

Pull the Ubuntu base image from Docker Hub.

Target: Docker Hub

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: true Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false Data Sent: none

Data Received: Argo CD Base Image

Argo CD Maintainer Git Client: 1 / 1 Risk

Description

Git client (and configuration) used by an Argo CD maintainer.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) risk at **Argo CD Maintainer Git Client** server-side web-requesting the target **Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)** via **Push Code/Tags to GitHub**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: argo-cd-maintainer-git-client

Type: process
Usage: devops
RAA: 8 %

Size: application

Technology: cli
Tags: none
Internet: false
Machine: physical

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: false
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: true

Data Processed: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD Source

Data Stored: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD GitHub Push Token, Argo CD

Source

Formats Accepted: File

Asset Rating

Owner: Argo CD Maintainer

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Outgoing Communication Links: 1

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Push Code/Tags to GitHub (outgoing)

Push code to the Argo CD repo (as when cherry-picking changes) and/or push tags (as when cutting a release).

Target: Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: two-factor

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD GitHub Push Token, Argo CD

Source

Data Received: Argo CD Container Image Tag, Argo CD Source

External Cluster Kubernetes API: 2 / 2 Risks

Description

Kubernetes API Server for a cluster Argo CD is managing

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **External Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@external-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF) risk at **External Cluster Kubernetes API**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-waf@external-cluster-kubernetes-api

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: external-cluster-kubernetes-api

Type: external-entity

Usage: devops RAA: 24 % Size: system

Technology: web-service-rest

Tags: none Internet: false

Machine: container

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Cluster Access Credentials, Live Manifests, Rendered Manifests

Data Stored: Live Manifests

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: External Cluster Operator

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Incoming Communication Links: 2

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Reconcile Resource State (External Cluster) (incoming)

Reconcile the current desired manifests with the live state in an external cluster.

Source: Application Controller

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name, Cluster Access Credentials, Rendered Manifests

Data Sent: Live Manifests

Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (External) (incoming)

Get the live state of an Argo CD-managed resource, or potentially update or delete a resource on an external cluster.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none

VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name, Cluster Access Credentials, Rendered Manifests

Data Sent: Live Manifests

Repo Server Storage: 2 / 2 Risks

Description

Local (by default, ephemeral) storage for the repo-server.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Container Base Image Backdooring risk at **Repo Server Storage**: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server-storage

Unchecked

Unencrypted Technical Asset named **Repo Server Storage** missing enduser-individual encryption with data-with-enduser-individual-key: Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *High* impact.

unencrypted-asset@repo-server-storage

Accepted 2022-11-19 Michael Crenshaw

The Argo CD repo-server does not encrypt resources at rest on the disk cache.

The cache should not contain any secrets. The cache holds the contents of git and Helm repositories, which are not designed for storing secrets. Users may choose to store secrets on the repo-server (for example, when using a plugin that injects secrets into manifests). Those users should consider adding encryption to their plugins.

All users should consider Kubernetes- and cloud provider-level encryption for storage used by Argo CD.

Asset Information

ID: repo-server-storage

Type: datastore Usage: devops RAA: 18 %

Size: component

Technology: local-file-system

Tags: none Internet: false

Machine: container

Encryption: none
Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Manifest Sources
Data Stored: Manifest Sources

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Cluster Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Incoming Communication Links: 1

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Store Cached Manifest Sources (incoming)

Cache manifest sources (from git, helm repo, OCI, etc.) to local ephemeral storage.

Source: Repo Server Protocol: local-file-access

Encrypted: false Authentication: none Authorization: none Read-Only: false Usage: devops Tags: none VPN: false IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Manifest Sources
Data Sent: Manifest Sources

Internal Source Control Management API: out-of-scope

Description

Source control manager (GitHub, GitLab, Helm repo, etc.) accessible only from the organization's network.

Identified Risks of Asset

Risk finding paragraphs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Medium Risk Severity

Missing Vault (Secret Storage) in the threat model (referencing asset **Internal Source Control Management API** as an example): Exploitation likelihood is *Unlikely* with *Medium* impact.

missing-vault@internal-source-control-management-api

Unchecked

Asset Information

ID: internal-source-control-management-api

Type: datastore Usage: devops

RAA: out-of-scope

Size: system

Technology: web-service-rest

Tags: none Internet: false Machine: virtual

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: Git Branch Name, Git Organization Name, Git Repo Name, Git Repo URL,

Repo Access Credentials

Data Stored: Manifest Sources

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Source Control Management Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Asset Out-of-Scope Justification

Incoming Communication Links: 3

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Fetch Manifest Sources (incoming)

Pulls manifest sources from source control.

Source: Repo Server

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: credentials
Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Application Name
Data Sent: Manifest Sources

Push Manifest Sources (incoming)

Pushes manifests to source control.

Source: Internal Source Control Management UI

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: credentials

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Manifest Sources
Data Sent: Manifest Sources

Git Generator Pull (incoming)

Get information about organizations, branches, and pull requests from the SCM.

Source: ApplicationSet Controller

Protocol: https Encrypted: true Authentication: token

Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Received: Git Repo URL, Repo Access Credentials

Data Sent: Git Branch Name, Git Organization Name, Git Repo Name

Internal Source Control Management UI: out-of-scope

Description

Internal Source Control Management UI

Identified Risks of Asset

Asset was defined as out-of-scope.

Asset Information

ID: internal-source-control-management-ui

Type: datastore Usage: devops

RAA: out-of-scope

Size: system

Technology: web-application

Tags: none Internet: false Machine: virtual

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: true

Data Processed: Manifest Sources

Data Stored: none

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Source Control Management Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Asset Out-of-Scope Justification

Outgoing Communication Links: 1

Target technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Push Manifest Sources (outgoing)

Pushes manifests to source control.

Target: Internal Source Control Management API

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: credentials

Authorization: enduser-identity-propagation

Read-Only: false
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false

Data Sent: Manifest Sources
Data Received: Manifest Sources

OIDC Provider (External): out-of-scope

Description

OIDC Provider (External)

Identified Risks of Asset

Asset was defined as out-of-scope.

Asset Information

ID: oidc-provider

Type: process
Usage: business
RAA: out-of-scope

Size: service

Technology: identity-provider

Tags: none Internet: true Machine: virtual

Encryption: data-with-symmetric-shared-key

Multi-Tenant: true
Redundant: false
Custom-Developed: false
Client by Human: false

Data Processed: OIDC Public Keys, OIDC Tokens

Data Stored: OIDC Public Keys

Formats Accepted: none of the special data formats accepted

Asset Rating

Owner: Organization

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Asset Out-of-Scope Justification

Incoming Communication Links: 2

Source technical asset names are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

Validate External OIDC Token (incoming)

Get public keys from OIDC provider to validate tokens.

Source: API Server

Protocol: https
Encrypted: true
Authentication: none
Authorization: none
Read-Only: true

Usage: business
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false
Data Received: none

Data Sent: OIDC Public Keys

Proxying to an External OIDC Provider (incoming)

Proxy requests to an external OIDC provider.

Source: OIDC Proxy (Dex)

Protocol: https Encrypted: true

Authentication: credentials
Authorization: technical-user

Read-Only: true
Usage: devops
Tags: none
VPN: false
IP-Filtered: false
Data Received: none

Data Sent: OIDC Tokens

Identified Data Breach Probabilities by Data Asset

In total 131 potential risks have been identified during the threat modeling process of which 0 are rated as critical, 0 as high, 43 as elevated, 77 as medium, and 11 as low.

These risks are distributed across **36 data assets**. The following sub-chapters of this section describe the derived data breach probabilities grouped by data asset.

Technical asset names and risk IDs are clickable and link to the corresponding chapter.

API Server Secret: 61 / 62 Risks

A randomly-generated key used by the API server to sign access tokens.

ID: api-server-secret

Usage: devops
Quantity: few
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD API Server

Owner:

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: none

Received via: Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host)

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 61 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api} Probable: container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-treewatch-treewatch-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host properties of the propert

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-configure

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token with the properties of the properties of

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @api-server@repo-server@api-server-fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache and the server-side api-server-side api-serv

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @ application-controller @ external-cluster-kubernetes-api @ application-controller-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api @ application-cluster-kubernetes-api @ application-cluster-kubernetes-api @

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image applicationset-controller.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-cli@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server.

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

AppProject Manifest: 86 / 87 Risks

Manifest of an AppProject, a CRD which expresses certain rules applied to Applications.

ID: appproject-manifest

Usage: devops
Quantity: few
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator or Users

Owner: Argo CD Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, Host Cluster Kubernetes API, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API, Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)

Sent via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server Received via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 86 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@rendered-manifests-cache

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-get-upda

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-configures-api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery-server-side-request-forgery-server-side-request-forgery-server-serve

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli>make-requests-toPossible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: unencrypted-communication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cached Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-serImprobable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server

Application Manifest: 86 / 87 Risks

Manifest of an Application, defining things such as manifest source and destination cluster.

ID: application-manifest

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator or Users

Owner: Argo CD Operator

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, Host Cluster Kubernetes API, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API, Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)

Sent via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server

Received via: Manage Application Resources, Make Requests to API Server, Make

Requests to API Server, Get App Manifests

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 86 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

 $\label{probable:container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api} Probable: container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api$

 $\label{probable:container-base image-backdooring@rendered-manifests-cache} Probable: container-base image-backdooring@rendered-manifests-cache$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui > list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-configure (api-server) and (api-server) api-server (api-server) api-server (api-server) api-server) api-server) api-server (api-server) api-server) api-server (api-server) api-server) api-server) api-server (api-server) api-server) api-server) api-server (api-server) api-server) api-server) api-server (api-server) api-serve

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-configures.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token and the property of the prope

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: unencrypted-communication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Threat Model Report via Threagile

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server

Application Name: 86 / 87 Risks

Name of the Application

ID: application-name

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Some Origin
Owner: Argo CD

Confidentiality: restricted (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The application name is used to identify the application and the project

which controls it. It should be protected from tenants or users who do not

have access to that application.

Processed by: API Server, Host Cluster Kubernetes API, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)

Sent via: Watch the Resource Tree, Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests, Run

a Resource Action, Rendered Manifest Requests, Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster), Reconcile Resource State (External Cluster), Manage Application Resources, Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server, List Resource Actions, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host), Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (External), Get the Resource Tree, Get Resource Events, Get

Pod Logs, Get Application Sync Windows, Get App Manifests, Fetching

Rendered Manifests from Cache, Fetch Manifest Sources

Received via: Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests, Make Requests to API Server,

Make Requests to API Server

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 86 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-apiece and the probable of the probable of$

Probable: container-base image-backdooring@rendered-manifests-cache

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cached-rendered-manifests.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image application-controller-argo-cd-image application-controller-argo-cd-image application-cd

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerprovider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerprovider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerprovider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerprovider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerprovider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerprovider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerprovider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-providerpr

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui> list-resource-actions and the property of th

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action with the properties of the proper

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Possible: unencrypted-communication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-cli

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server@web-ui

Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery @api-server @web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

ApplicationSet Manifest: 84 / 85 Risks

Manifest representing an ApplicationSet.

ID: applicationset-manifest

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator

Owner:

Confidentiality: restricted (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, ApplicationSet Controller, Host Cluster Kubernetes API, User

CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster), Make Requests to API Server,

Make Requests to API Server

Received via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 84 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller
Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverwise and the properties of the pro

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui > list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-configuration of the control of the con

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery-server-side-request-forgery-server-side-request-forgery-server-serve

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-serImprobable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server

ApplicationSet Name: 8 / 8 Risks

Name of an ApplicationSet.

ID: applicationset-name

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator

Owner:

Confidentiality: restricted (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Integrity: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: ApplicationSet Controller, Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Stored by: none

Sent via: Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster)

Received via: none

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 8 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api
Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Argo CD Base Image: 11 / 12 Risks

Ubuntu base image which the Argo CD image is built on.

ID: argo-cd-base-image

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-few
Tags: none
Origin: Ubuntu

Owner:

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions), Docker Hub

Stored by: Docker Hub

Sent via: none

Received via: Pull Base Image from Docker Hub

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 11 remaining risks:

Probable: accidental-secret-leak@docker-hub

Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Probable: code-backdooring@docker-hub

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@buildtime-boundary

Possible: missing-authentication@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipe

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-base-from-docker-hub@argo-cd-build-ba

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Possible: unchecked-deployment@docker-hub

Possible: unguarded-access-from-internet@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub

Argo CD Container Image: 73 / 80 Risks

Argo CD container image, primarily hosted on Quay.

ID: argo-cd-container-image

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD GitHub build pipeline

Owner:

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, Application Controller, ApplicationSet Controller, Argo CD Build

Pipeline (GitHub Actions), Quay, Repo Server

Stored by: Quay

Sent via: Push Image to Quay

Received via: Pull Argo CD Image, Pull Argo CD Image, Pull Argo CD Image, Pull Argo

CD Image

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 73 remaining risks:

Probable: accidental-secret-leak@quay

Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Probable: code-backdooring@quay

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@api-server$

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@application-controller Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server
Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@buildtime-boundary
Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests@application-controller@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui> list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-serversfetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Possible: unchecked-deployment@quay

Possible: unguarded-access-from-internet@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-cli

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery @api-server @web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Argo CD Container Image Tag: 77 / 84 Risks

Repo name/tag for the Argo CD container image.

ID: argo-cd-container-image-tag

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-few
Tags: none

Origin: Manifests repository.

Owner:

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, Application Controller, ApplicationSet Controller, Argo CD

Maintainer Git Client, Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub), Quay, Repo Server

Stored by: Argo CD Maintainer Git Client, Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)

Sent via: Push Code/Tags to GitHub, Pull Argo CD Image, Pull Argo CD Image, Pull

Argo CD Image, Pull Argo CD Image

Received via: Push Code/Tags to GitHub

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 77 remaining risks:

Probable: accidental-secret-leak@argo-cd-source-repo

Probable: accidental-secret-leak@quay

Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline
Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-source-repo

Probable: code-backdooring@quay

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@application-controller Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server
Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@buildtime-boundary
Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui = properties for the control of the control of

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-proxying-to-an-external-oi

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources and the property of the propert

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-source-repo

Possible: unchecked-deployment@quay

Possible: unguarded-access-from-internet@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-source

Possible: unguarded-access-from-internet@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery @api-server @web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery @api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action and the probable of the prob

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Argo CD Database Export: 72 / 73 Risks

Export once Argo CD admin export command is run. Also contains configuration and potentially secrets

ID: argocd-db-export

Usage: devops Quantity: very-few

Tags: argocd, kubernetes, redis

Origin: Argo CD
Owner: Argo CD

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Availability: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: Data for customizing of the DB system, which might include full database

dumps.

Processed by: API Server, User CLI

Stored by: none

Sent via: Export Database

Received via: none

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 72 remaining risks:

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring @api-server and on the probable of the probable of$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui> list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token and the control of the contro

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-imager and approximately a property of the pro

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @api-server@repo-server@api-server-fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache and the server-side and the serv

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-databaser

```
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources\\
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree
Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server
Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-waf@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cline and the provided of the pro
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
```

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui $Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui\\ Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui\\$

Argo CD GitHub Push Token: 10 / 11 Risks

A token granting push access to the Argo CD GitHub repo.

ID: argo-cd-github-push-token

Usage: devops
Quantity: few
Tags: none

Origin: GitHub UI or API

Owner:

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)

Stored by: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions), Argo CD Maintainer Git Client

Sent via: Push Code/Tags to GitHub

Received via: none

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 10 remaining risks:

Probable: accidental-secret-leak@argo-cd-source-repo

Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline
Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-source-repo
Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@buildtime-boundary

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-source-repo

Possible: unguarded-access-from-internet@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipelinepoline

Argo CD RBAC Config: 61 / 62 Risks

The RBAC settings for an Argo CD instance.

ID: argo-cd-rbac-config

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-few
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, Host Cluster Kubernetes API Stored by: API Server, Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: Update RBAC Config, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from

Kubernetes (Host)

Received via: Update RBAC Config, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from

Kubernetes (Host)

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 61 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api} Probable: container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui> list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server-get-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server-get-possible: server-get-possible: server-get-possible:

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials and the server-side of th

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server-fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-clionary.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery @api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server api-server api-serve

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-uired api-server.

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Argo CD Source: 10 / 11 Risks

The source code for Argo CD.

ID: argo-cd-source

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-few
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD maintainers

Owner:

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions), Argo CD Maintainer Git Client,

Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)

Stored by: Argo CD Maintainer Git Client, Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub)

Sent via: Push Code/Tags to GitHub

Received via: Push Code/Tags to GitHub, Pull Source

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 10 remaining risks:

Probable: accidental-secret-leak@argo-cd-source-repo

Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline
Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-source-repo

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@buildtime-boundary

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-source-repo

Possible: unguarded-access-from-internet@argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-source

Argo CD User Provided Secret: 51 / 52 Risks

Secrets within Argo CD that come from Kubernetes shown in the UI but not in the deployment.

ID: user-provided-secret

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-many
Tags: kubernetes
Origin: Argo CD User
Owner: Kubernetes

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: Potentially very sensitive data being shown within UI. Care here must be

shown with regards to transport to UI.

Processed by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API, Repo Server, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: none

Sent via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server

Received via: none

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 51 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

 $\label{probable:container-base image-backdooring @repo-server and the probable of the probab$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication@application-controller > rendered-manifest-requests@application-controller@repo-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-configuration of the control of the con

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token with the control of the contr

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-databaserver = api-server = api

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull applicationset-controller=forgery@applicationset-controller=

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image applicationset-controller=forgery@applicationset-controller=forgery@applicationset-controller=forgery@applicationset-controller=forgery@applicationset-controller=forgery@applicationset-controller=forgery=forger

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui
Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@web-ui@api-server

Argo Tokens: 80 / 81 Risks

API access tokens generated by the API server and validated by the API server.

ID: argo-tokens

Usage: devops

Quantity: very-many

Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD API Server

Owner:

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 80 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-uiweb-u

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverwise.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui> list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token and the control of the contro

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-databaser.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@applicat

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui Improbable: missing-waf@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@web-ui@api-server

Bundled UI Code: 77 / 78 Risks

Webpack bundled UI code which runs the Argo CD single-page app.

ID: bundled-ui-code

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-few
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Maintainers

Owner:

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: Web UI

Stored by: API Server, Web UI

Sent via: none

Received via: Get App Code

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 77 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverwise.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui> list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-configures.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token and the control of the contro

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-state-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller>resource-kubernetes-api@application-controller-kubernetes-api@applicat

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui Improbable: missing-waf@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@web-ui@api-server

Cluster Access Configuration: 85 / 86 Risks

Configuration for external cluster access. Includes clusterResources boolean and namespaces list.

ID: cluster-access-configuration

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator

Owner:

Confidentiality: restricted (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Integrity: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: Integrity is critical because an attacker could disable TLS validation or

enable write access to cluster resources or out-of-bounds namespaces, of those were previously restricted at the cluster config level. Resource scope and destinations may be restricted elsewhere as well (for example, in an

AppProject).

Processed by: API Server, Application Controller, ApplicationSet Controller, Host Cluster

Kubernetes API, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: Update Cluster Access Config, Make Requests to API Server, Make

Requests to API Server, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from

Kubernetes (Host)

Received via: Update Cluster Access Config, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from

Kubernetes (Host)

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 85 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@application-controller$

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-apiece of the container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-apiece of the container-backdooring image-backdooring image-ba$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui>g

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwise and the properties of the properties o

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery @application set-controller @quay @application set-controller>pull-argo-cd-image application set-controller with the controller of thePossible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Cluster Access Credentials: 88 / 89 Risks

Credentials granting access to manage an external Kubernetes cluster's resources.

ID: cluster-access-credentials

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: External cluster API.

Owner:

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, Application Controller, ApplicationSet Controller, External

Cluster Kubernetes API, Host Cluster Kubernetes API, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: Update Cluster Access Config, Reconcile Resource State (External

Cluster), Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server,

Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host), Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (External)

Received via: Update Cluster Access Config, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from

Kubernetes (Host)

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 88 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@application-controller

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring @external-cluster-kubernetes-apiels and the probable in the probab$

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

 $\label{probable:missing-cloud-hardening@external-services-boundary} Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@external-services-boundary$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-serverweb-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui>get-pod

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui> list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-serversfetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@external-cluster-kubernetes-api Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server

Git Branch Name: 17 / 17 Risks

Name of a branch in a git repo.

ID: git-branch-name

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-many

Tags: none

Origin: SCM API or Argo CD User

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: critical (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: ApplicationSet Controller, Internal Source Control Management API

Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Git Generator Pull

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 17 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-treeups-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Git Organization Name: 17 / 17 Risks

Name of an organization/project in a git source control management system.

ID: git-org-name

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: SCM API or Argo CD User

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: ApplicationSet Controller, Internal Source Control Management API

Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Git Generator Pull

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 17 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-treeups-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Git Repo Name: 13 / 13 Risks

Name of a git repo.

ID: git-repo-name

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: SCM API or Argo CD User

Owner:

Confidentiality: restricted (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: Internal Source Control Management API

Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Git Generator Pull

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 13 remaining risks:

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Git Repo URL: 17 / 17 Risks

URL of a git repo.

ID: git-repo-url
Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: SCM API or Argo CD User

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: ApplicationSet Controller, Internal Source Control Management API

Stored by: none

Sent via: Git Generator Pull

Received via: none

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 17 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Live Manifests: 88 / 89 Risks

Live manifests representing some Kubernetes resource. May include contents of secrets.

ID: live-manifests

Usage: devops Quantity: very-many

Tags: none

Origin: Kubernetes
Owner: Argo CD User

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, Application Controller, ApplicationSet Controller, External

Cluster Kubernetes API, Host Cluster Kubernetes API, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: External Cluster Kubernetes API, Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: none

Received via: Reconcile Resource State (Host Cluster), Reconcile Resource State (Host

Cluster), Reconcile Resource State (External Cluster), Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host), Get/Update/Delete Live

Resource State from Kubernetes (External)

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 88 remaining risks:

 $\label{probable:container-base image-backdooring @api-server \\$

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@application-controller$

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: container-base image-backdooring@external-cluster-kubernetes-api

 ${\bf Probable: container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api}$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@external-services-boundary

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-get-update-delete-live-resource-get-update-g

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server.Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@external-cluster-kubernetes-api
Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Manifest Sources: 85 / 88 Risks

Some Description

ID: manifest-sources

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Some Origin
Owner: Argo CD

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The manifest sources are potentially-sensitive, especially in a multi-tenant

Argo CD installation. They shouldn't contain any secrets. Integrity is important to ensure the correct manifests are deployed. The cache helps mitigate denial-of-service on the controller and API server, but Argo CD can

still function without the cache.

Processed by: API Server, Internal Source Control Management UI, Repo Server, Repo

Server Storage, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Internal Source Control Management API, Repo Server, Repo Server

Storage

Sent via: Store Cached Manifest Sources, Push Manifest Sources, Make Requests to

API Server, Make Requests to API Server

Received via: Store Cached Manifest Sources, Push Manifest Sources, Fetch Manifest

Sources

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 85 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@repo-server-storage$

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server
Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@application-controller> rendered-manifest-requests@application-controller@repo-server and the properties of the propertie

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-serverwise.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui> list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server
Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server

Improbable: unencrypted-asset@repo-server-storage

OIDC Client Secret: 61 / 62 Risks

Client secret used by the API server to authenticate with an OIDC provider.

ID: oidc-client-secret

Usage: business
Quantity: very-few
Tags: none

Origin: OIDC Provider

Owner:

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Availability: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host)
Received via: Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host)

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 61 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

 $\label{probable:probable:container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api} Probable: container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api$

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwise and the second-factor and the se

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-serverwatch-the-resource-treewatch-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-the-resource-treewatch-tr

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host properties of the propert

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-configure

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server-fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache and the server-side of the server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image applicationset-controller.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-cli@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server.

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery @api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

OIDC Configuration: 83 / 84 Risks

Configuration of Argo CD's OIDC provider (either bundled Dex instance or external).

ID: oidc-configuration

Usage: business
Quantity: very-few

Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator

Owner:

Confidentiality: internal (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The OIDC configuration is "internal," because it informs users' CLIs or UIs

how to log a user in. But that information should not be public if Argo CD is

not exposed to the public internet.

The integrity of the configuration is mission critical, because if someone can

change the configuration, they can cause Argo CD to trust identity

information from an untrustworthy source.

Availability is important, because without the configuration, users will be unable to log into Argo CD. Availability is not mission critical, because the

core Argo CD components (controller, repo-server, Redis) will be

unaffected. An administrator can use Kubernetes API access to restore the

configuration.

Processed by: API Server, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: API Server, Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host)
Received via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server,

Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host)

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 83 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @application set-controller @quay @application set-controller>pull-argo-cd-image application set-controller with the property of the p

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-proxying-to-an-external-oi

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows and the property of the property

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server@web-ui

Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

OIDC Public Keys: 64 / 65 Risks

Public keys used to validate OIDC tokens.

ID: oidc-public-keys

Usage: business

Quantity: few Tags: none

Origin: OIDC provider

Owner:

Confidentiality: public (rated 1 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, OIDC Provider (External), OIDC Proxy (Dex)
Stored by: API Server, OIDC Provider (External), OIDC Proxy (Dex)

Sent via: none

Received via: Validate External OIDC Token, Validate Dex OIDC Token

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 64 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@dex-server

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@external-services-boundary

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@dex-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token@api-server@dex-server
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-serverweb-uiwarder.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-configure and api-server approximately approximately

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-configures-api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forgery-side-request-forger-side-request

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token with the control of the contr

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @ dex-server @ oidc-provider @ dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider @ dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oi

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server@user-cli@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery @api-server @web-ui>get-resource-events

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-identity-provider-isolation@dex-server

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cline and the provided and the

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

OIDC Tokens: 86 / 87 Risks

JWTs holding user information, including group membership.

ID: oidc-tokensUsage: businessQuantity: very-many

Tags: none

Origin: OIDC provider

Owner:

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, OIDC Provider (External), OIDC Proxy (Dex), User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: User CLI, Web UI

Sent via: Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server

Received via: Proxying to an External OIDC Provider, Export Database

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 86 remaining risks:

 $\label{probable:container-base image-backdooring@api-server} Probable: container-base image-backdooring@api-server$

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@dex-server

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@dex-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token@api-server@dex-server
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host-possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-configure

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-configures-api-server.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery@api-server-side-request-forgery.

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token with the control of the contr

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-serImprobable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-identity-provider-isolation@dex-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Quay Push Token: 10 / 15 Risks

Quay token with push access to the Argo CD repository.

ID: quay-push-token

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-few
Tags: none
Origin: Quay

Owner: Argo CD build team.

Confidentiality: strictly-confidential (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions), Quay

Stored by: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions)

Sent via: Push Image to Quay

Received via: none

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 10 remaining risks:

Probable: accidental-secret-leak@quay

Probable: code-backdooring@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Probable: code-backdooring@quay

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@buildtime-boundary

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@docker-hub@argo-cd-build-pipeline>pull-base-image-from-docker-hub

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@argo-cd-build-pipeline@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay

Possible: server-side-request-forgery @argo-cd-maintainer-git-client @argo-cd-source-repo@argo-cd-maintainer-git-client>push-code-tags-to-github

Possible: unchecked-deployment@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Possible: unchecked-deployment@quay

Possible: unguarded-access-from-internet@quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline@argo-cd-build-pipeline>push-image-to-quay@argo-cd-build-pipeline

Rendered Manifests: 93 / 95 Risks

Some Description

ID: rendered-manifests

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Some Origin
Owner: Argo CD

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification: The manifests are potentially-sensitive, especially in a multi-tenant Argo CD

installation. They shouldn't contain any secrets. Integrity is important to ensure the correct manifests are deployed. The cache helps mitigate denial-of-service on the controller and API server, but Argo CD can still

function without the cache.

Processed by: API Server, Application Controller, External Cluster Kubernetes API, Host

Cluster Kubernetes API, Repo Server, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis)

Sent via: Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests, Reconcile Resource State

(Host Cluster), Reconcile Resource State (External Cluster), Make

Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State from Kubernetes (Host), Get/Update/Delete Live

Resource State from Kubernetes (External)

Received via: Send/Receive Cached Rendered Manifests, Rendered Manifest Requests,

Make Requests to API Server, Make Requests to API Server, Fetching

Rendered Manifests from Cache

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 93 remaining risks:

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@api-server

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@application-controller

 $\label{probable:container-base image-backdooring@external-cluster-kubernetes-apiece and the probable in the probable of the probable is a second of the probable of the probable of the probable in the probable of the prob$

Probable: container-base image-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@rendered-manifests-cache

Probable: container-base image-backdooring@repo-server and the probable of t

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network

Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server@api-server@repo-se

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests@application-controller@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server
Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token and the server-side api-server api-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider=proxying-provider=proxying-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image and provided and provided and provided are provided as a provided and provided are provided as a provided and provided are provided as a provided are provided are provided are provided are provided as a provided are provided are provided as a provided are provided are provided as a provided are provided are pr

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code api-server@web-ui>get-app-code api-server@web-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Possible: unencrypted-communication@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui > make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server@web-ui = make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui = make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui = make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui = make-requests-to-api-server = make-requests-to-api-s

Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@external-cluster-kubernetes-api
Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Repo Access Credentials: 87 / 89 Risks

Credentials for retrieving manifest sources from a source control manager (git, Helm, etc.).

ID: repo-access-credentials

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none

Origin: Argo CD Operator

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: API Server, ApplicationSet Controller, Internal Source Control Management

API, Repo Server, User CLI, Web UI

Stored by: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Sent via: Update Repo Access Credentials, Make Requests to API Server, Make

Requests to API Server, Git Generator Pull, Get/Update/Delete Live

Resource State from Kubernetes (Host)

Received via: Update Repo Access Credentials, Get/Update/Delete Live Resource State

from Kubernetes (Host), Get Repo Access Credentials

Data Breach: probable

Data Breach Risks: This data asset has data breach potential because of 87 remaining risks:

 $\label{probable:container-base image-backdooring@api-server} Probable: container-base image-backdooring@api-server$

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@applicationset-controller

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Probable: container-baseimage-backdooring@repo-server

Probable: missing-cloud-hardening@organization-network
Possible: cross-site-scripting@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache@api-server@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication@web-ui>get-app-code@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests@application-controller@repo-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-app-manifests@web-ui@api-server.

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-pod-logs@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-resource-events@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>list-resource-actions@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>manage-application-resources@web-ui@api-server

Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree@web-ui@api-server

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-external

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>get-update-delete-live-resource-state-from-kubernetes-host

Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-cluster-access-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-rbac-config Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@api-server>update-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@oidc-provider@api-server>validate-external-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@dex-server@api-server>validate-dex-oidc-token Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@quay@api-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@repo-server@api-server>fetching-rendered-manifests-from-cache Possible: server-side-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli@api-server>export-database Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@external-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-external-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@application-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@quay@application-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@application-controller@repo-server@application-controller>rendered-manifest-requests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@applicationset-controller>reconcile-resource-state-host-cluster Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@internal-source-control-management-api@applicationset-controller>git-generator-pull Possible: server-side-request-forgery@applicationset-controller@quay@applicationset-controller>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@dex-server@oidc-provider@dex-server>proxying-to-an-external-oidc-provider Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@host-cluster-kubernetes-api@repo-server>get-repo-access-credentials Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@internal-source-control-management-api@repo-server>fetch-manifest-sources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@quay@repo-server>pull-argo-cd-image Possible: server-side-request-forgery@repo-server@rendered-manifests-cache@repo-server>send-receive-cached-rendered-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@user-cli@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server.Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action Possible: server-side-request-forgery@web-ui@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server@user-cli@api-server Possible: missing-authentication-second-factor@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server@web-ui@api-server Possible: cross-site-scripting@web-ui Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-code Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-app-manifests Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-application-sync-windows Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-pod-logs Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-resource-events Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>get-the-resource-tree Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>list-resource-actions Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@user-cli>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>make-requests-to-api-server Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>manage-application-resources

Improbable: missing-hardening@api-server

Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>run-a-resource-action
Improbable: cross-site-request-forgery@api-server@web-ui>watch-the-resource-tree

Improbable: missing-hardening@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: missing-hardening@user-cli
Improbable: missing-hardening@web-ui

Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@api-server
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@user-cli
Improbable: missing-network-segmentation@web-ui

Improbable: missing-waf@api-server

Improbable: missing-waf@host-cluster-kubernetes-api

Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@user-cli
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@user-provided-secret@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-actions@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-event@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-logs@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@resource-tree@web-ui@api-server
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui
Improbable: unnecessary-data-transfer@sync-window@api-server@web-ui

Resource Actions: 0 / 0 Risks

Actions that can be performed on a given resource.

ID: resource-actions

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none
Origin: Argo CD

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: none Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: List Resource Actions

Data Breach: none

Resource Event: 0 / 0 Risks

Events for a given resource.

ID: resource-event

Usage: devops Quantity: very-many

Tags: none Origin: Argo CD

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: none Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Get Resource Events

Data Breach: none

Resource Logs: 0 / 0 Risks

Logs for a given resource.

ID: resource-logs

Usage: devops
Quantity: very-many

Tags: none Origin: Argo CD

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: none Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Get Pod Logs

Data Breach: none

Resource Tree: 0 / 0 Risks

The tree of resources that Argo CD is managing for a given Application.

ID: resource-tree

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none
Origin: Argo CD

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: mission-critical (rated 5 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: none Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Watch the Resource Tree, Get the Resource Tree

Data Breach: none

Sync Window: 0 / 0 Risks

The time window during which Argo CD is allowed to sync an Application.

ID: sync-window

Usage: devops
Quantity: many
Tags: none
Origin: Argo CD

Owner:

Confidentiality: confidential (rated 4 in scale of 5)
Integrity: important (rated 3 in scale of 5)
Availability: operational (rated 2 in scale of 5)

CIA-Justification:

Processed by: none Stored by: none Sent via: none

Received via: Get Application Sync Windows

Data Breach: none

Trust Boundaries

In total **5 trust boundaries** have been modeled during the threat modeling process.

Build Time Boundary

Build infrastructure

ID: buildtime-boundaryType: network-cloud-provider

Tags: none

Assets inside: Argo CD Build Pipeline (GitHub Actions), Argo CD Maintainer Git Client,

Argo CD Source Repo (GitHub), Docker Hub, Quay

Boundaries nested: none

External Services

Represents external services used by an Argo CD User.

ID: external-services-boundary
Type: network-cloud-provider

Tags: none

Assets inside: External Cluster Kubernetes API, OIDC Provider (External)

Boundaries nested: none

Kubernetes Argo CD Namespace

The Kubernetes namespace where Argo CD is deployed.

ID: kubernetes-argo-cd-namespace
Type: network-policy-namespace-isolation

Tags: none

Assets inside: API Server, Application Controller, ApplicationSet Controller, OIDC Proxy

(Dex), Rendered Manifests Cache (Redis), Repo Server, Repo Server

Storage

Boundaries nested: none

Kubernetes Network

Some Description

ID: kubernetes-network

Type: network-policy-namespace-isolation

Tags: none

Assets inside: Host Cluster Kubernetes API

Boundaries nested: Kubernetes Argo CD Namespace

Organization Network

For example, a company VPN.

ID: organization-networkType: network-cloud-provider

Tags: none

Assets inside: Internal Source Control Management API, Internal Source Control

Management UI, User CLI, Web UI

Boundaries nested: Kubernetes Network

Shared Runtimes

In total 1 shared runtime has been modeled during the threat modeling process.

Kubernetes Node

Multiple Argo CD components _may_ share a single node.

ID: kubernetes-node

Tags: none

Assets running: Repo Server, Application Controller

Risk Rules Checked by Threagile

Threagile Version: 1.0.0

Threagile Build Timestamp: 20211121124511
Threagile Execution Timestamp: 20230116153247

Model Filename: /app/work/threagile.yaml

Model Hash (SHA256): 3363e37778b2dab5d224c106a603cf870d137a9e55382a026b4ab3eca4c65173

Threagile (see https://threagile.io for more details) is an open-source toolkit for agile threat modeling, created by Christian Schneider (https://christian-schneider.net): It allows to model an architecture with its assets in an agile fashion as a YAML file directly inside the IDE. Upon execution of the Threagile toolkit all standard risk rules (as well as individual custom rules if present) are checked against the architecture model. At the time the Threagile toolkit was executed on the model input file the following risk rules were checked:

Accidental Secret Leak

accidental-secret-leak

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: Sourcecode repositories (including their histories) as well as artifact registries can

accidentally contain secrets like checked-in or packaged-in passwords, API tokens,

certificates, crypto keys, etc.

Detection: In-scope sourcecode repositories and artifact registries.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored.

Code Backdooring

code-backdooring

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: For each build-pipeline component Code Backdooring risks might arise where

attackers compromise the build-pipeline in order to let backdoored artifacts be shipped into production. Aside from direct code backdooring this includes

backdooring of dependencies and even of more lower-level build infrastructure, like

backdooring compilers (similar to what the XcodeGhost malware did) or

dependencies.

Detection: In-scope development relevant technical assets which are either accessed by

out-of-scope unmanaged developer clients and/or are directly accessed by any kind of internet-located (non-VPN) component or are themselves directly located on the

internet.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the confidentiality and integrity rating of the code being

handled and deployed as well as the placement/calling of this technical asset

on/from the internet.

Container Base Image Backdooring

container-baseimage-backdooring

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: When a technical asset is built using container technologies, Base Image

Backdooring risks might arise where base images and other layers used contain

vulnerable components or backdoors.

Detection: In-scope technical assets running as containers.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets.

Container Platform Escape

container-platform-escape

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Container platforms are especially interesting targets for attackers as they host big

parts of a containerized runtime infrastructure. When not configured and operated with security best practices in mind, attackers might exploit a vulnerability inside an

container and escape towards the platform as highly privileged users. These

scenarios might give attackers capabilities to attack every other container as owning

the container platform (via container escape attacks) equals to owning every

container.

Detection: In-scope container platforms.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored.

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)

cross-site-request-forgery

STRIDE: Spoofing

Description: When a web application is accessed via web protocols Cross-Site Request Forgery

(CSRF) risks might arise.

Detection: In-scope web applications accessed via typical web access protocols.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the integrity rating of the data sent across the

communication link.

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

cross-site-scripting

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: For each web application Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) risks might arise. In terms of

the overall risk level take other applications running on the same domain into

account as well.

Detection: In-scope web applications.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the data processed or stored in the web

application.

DoS-risky Access Across Trust-Boundary

dos-risky-access-across-trust-boundary

STRIDE: Denial of Service

Description: Assets accessed across trust boundaries with critical or mission-critical availability

rating are more prone to Denial-of-Service (DoS) risks.

Detection: In-scope technical assets (excluding load-balancer) with availability rating of critical

or higher which have incoming data-flows across a network trust-boundary

(excluding devops usage).

Rating: Matching technical assets with availability rating of critical or higher are at low risk.

When the availability rating is mission-critical and neither a VPN nor IP filter for the

incoming data-flow nor redundancy for the asset is applied, the risk-rating is

considered medium.

Incomplete Model

incomplete-model

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: When the threat model contains unknown technologies or transfers data over

unknown protocols, this is an indicator for an incomplete model.

Detection: All technical assets and communication links with technology type or protocol type

specified as unknown.

Rating: low

LDAP-Injection

Idap-injection

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: When an LDAP server is accessed LDAP-Injection risks might arise. The risk rating

depends on the sensitivity of the LDAP server itself and of the data assets

processed or stored.

Detection: In-scope clients accessing LDAP servers via typical LDAP access protocols.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the LDAP server itself and of the data

assets processed or stored.

Missing Authentication

missing-authentication

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Technical assets (especially multi-tenant systems) should authenticate incoming

requests when the asset processes or stores sensitive data.

Detection: In-scope technical assets (except load-balancer, reverse-proxy, service-registry,

waf, ids, and ips and in-process calls) should authenticate incoming requests when the asset processes or stores sensitive data. This is especially the case for all

multi-tenant assets (there even non-sensitive ones).

Rating: The risk rating (medium or high) depends on the sensitivity of the data sent across

the communication link. Monitoring callers are exempted from this risk.

Missing Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)

missing-authentication-second-factor

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Technical assets (especially multi-tenant systems) should authenticate incoming

requests with two-factor (2FA) authentication when the asset processes or stores highly sensitive data (in terms of confidentiality, integrity, and availability) and is

accessed by humans.

Detection: In-scope technical assets (except load-balancer, reverse-proxy, waf, ids, and ips)

should authenticate incoming requests via two-factor authentication (2FA) when the asset processes or stores highly sensitive data (in terms of confidentiality, integrity,

and availability) and is accessed by a client used by a human user.

Rating: medium

Missing Build Infrastructure

missing-build-infrastructure

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: The modeled architecture does not contain a build infrastructure (devops-client,

sourcecode-repo, build-pipeline, etc.), which might be the risk of a model missing

critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks). If the architecture contains

custom-developed parts, the pipeline where code gets developed and built needs to

be part of the model.

Detection: Models with in-scope custom-developed parts missing in-scope development (code

creation) and build infrastructure components (devops-client, sourcecode-repo.

build-pipeline, etc.).

Rating: The risk rating depends on the highest sensitivity of the in-scope assets running

custom-developed parts.

Missing Cloud Hardening

missing-cloud-hardening

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: Cloud components should be hardened according to the cloud vendor best

practices. This affects their configuration, auditing, and further areas.

Detection: In-scope cloud components (either residing in cloud trust boundaries or more

specifically tagged with cloud provider types).

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored.

Missing File Validation

missing-file-validation

STRIDE: Spoofing

Description: When a technical asset accepts files, these input files should be strictly validated

about filename and type.

Detection: In-scope technical assets with custom-developed code accepting file data formats.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored.

Missing Hardening

missing-hardening

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: Technical assets with a Relative Attacker Attractiveness (RAA) value of 55 % or

higher should be explicitly hardened taking best practices and vendor hardening

guides into account.

Detection: In-scope technical assets with RAA values of 55 % or higher. Generally for

high-value targets like datastores, application servers, identity providers and ERP

systems this limit is reduced to 40 %

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the data processed or stored in the

technical asset.

Missing Identity Propagation

missing-identity-propagation

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Technical assets (especially multi-tenant systems), which usually process data for

endusers should authorize every request based on the identity of the enduser when

the data flow is authenticated (i.e. non-public). For DevOps usages at least a

technical-user authorization is required.

Detection: In-scope service-like technical assets which usually process data based on enduser

requests, if authenticated (i.e. non-public), should authorize incoming requests based on the propagated enduser identity when their rating is sensitive. This is especially the case for all multi-tenant assets (there even less-sensitive rated ones).

DevOps usages are exempted from this risk.

Rating: The risk rating (medium or high) depends on the confidentiality, integrity, and

availability rating of the technical asset.

Missing Identity Provider Isolation

missing-identity-provider-isolation

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Highly sensitive identity provider assets and their identity datastores should be

isolated from other assets by their own network segmentation trust-boundary

(execution-environment boundaries do not count as network isolation).

Detection: In-scope identity provider assets and their identity datastores when surrounded by

other (not identity-related) assets (without a network trust-boundary in-between).

This risk is especially prevalent when other non-identity related assets are within the

same execution environment (i.e. same database or same application server).

Rating: Default is high impact. The impact is increased to very-high when the asset missing

the trust-boundary protection is rated as strictly-confidential or mission-critical.

Missing Identity Store

missing-identity-store

STRIDE: Spoofing

Description: The modeled architecture does not contain an identity store, which might be the risk

of a model missing critical assets (and thus not seeing their risks).

Detection: Models with authenticated data-flows authorized via enduser-identity missing an

in-scope identity store.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the enduser-identity authorized

technical assets and their data assets processed and stored.

Missing Network Segmentation

missing-network-segmentation

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Highly sensitive assets and/or datastores residing in the same network segment

than other lower sensitive assets (like webservers or content management systems

etc.) should be better protected by a network segmentation trust-boundary.

Detection: In-scope technical assets with high sensitivity and RAA values as well as datastores

when surrounded by assets (without a network trust-boundary in-between) which are of type client-system, web-server, web-application, cms, web-service-rest, web-service-soap, build-pipeline, sourcecode-repository, monitoring, or similar and there is no direct connection between these (hence no requirement to be so close to

each other).

Rating: Default is low risk. The risk is increased to medium when the asset missing the

trust-boundary protection is rated as strictly-confidential or mission-critical.

Missing Vault (Secret Storage)

missing-vault

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: In order to avoid the risk of secret leakage via config files (when attacked through

vulnerabilities being able to read files like Path-Traversal and others), it is best

practice to use a separate hardened process with proper authentication,

authorization, and audit logging to access config secrets (like credentials, private

keys, client certificates, etc.). This component is usually some kind of Vault.

Detection: Models without a Vault (Secret Storage).

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored.

Missing Vault Isolation

missing-vault-isolation

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Highly sensitive vault assets and their datastores should be isolated from other

assets by their own network segmentation trust-boundary (execution-environment

boundaries do not count as network isolation).

Detection: In-scope vault assets when surrounded by other (not vault-related) assets (without a

network trust-boundary in-between). This risk is especially prevalent when other non-vault related assets are within the same execution environment (i.e. same

database or same application server).

Rating: Default is medium impact. The impact is increased to high when the asset missing

the trust-boundary protection is rated as strictly-confidential or mission-critical.

Missing Web Application Firewall (WAF)

missing-waf

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: To have a first line of filtering defense, security architectures with web-services or

web-applications should include a WAF in front of them. Even though a WAF is not a replacement for security (all components must be secure even without a WAF) it adds another layer of defense to the overall system by delaying some attacks and

having easier attack alerting through it.

Detection: In-scope web-services and/or web-applications accessed across a network trust

boundary not having a Web Application Firewall (WAF) in front of them.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored.

Mixed Targets on Shared Runtime

mixed-targets-on-shared-runtime

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Different attacker targets (like frontend and backend/datastore components) should

not be running on the same shared (underlying) runtime.

Detection: Shared runtime running technical assets of different trust-boundaries is at risk. Also

mixing backend/datastore with frontend components on the same shared runtime is

considered a risk.

Rating: The risk rating (low or medium) depends on the confidentiality, integrity, and

availability rating of the technical asset running on the shared runtime.

Path-Traversal

path-traversal

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: When a filesystem is accessed Path-Traversal or Local-File-Inclusion (LFI) risks

might arise. The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself

and of the data assets processed or stored.

Detection: Filesystems accessed by in-scope callers.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the data stored inside the technical

asset.

Push instead of Pull Deployment

push-instead-of-pull-deployment

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: When comparing push-based vs. pull-based deployments from a security

perspective, pull-based deployments improve the overall security of the deployment targets. Every exposed interface of a production system to accept a deployment increases the attack surface of the production system, thus a pull-based approach

exposes less attack surface relevant interfaces.

Detection: Models with build pipeline components accessing in-scope targets of deployment (in

a non-readonly way) which are not build-related components themselves.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the highest sensitivity of the deployment targets running

custom-developed parts.

Search-Query Injection

search-query-injection

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: When a search engine server is accessed Search-Query Injection risks might arise.

Detection: In-scope clients accessing search engine servers via typical search access

protocols.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the search engine server itself and of

the data assets processed or stored.

Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)

server-side-request-forgery

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: When a server system (i.e. not a client) is accessing other server systems via typical

web protocols Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) or Local-File-Inclusion (LFI) or

Remote-File-Inclusion (RFI) risks might arise.

Detection: In-scope non-client systems accessing (using outgoing communication links) targets

with either HTTP or HTTPS protocol.

Rating: The risk rating (low or medium) depends on the sensitivity of the data assets

receivable via web protocols from targets within the same network trust-boundary as well on the sensitivity of the data assets receivable via web protocols from the target asset itself. Also for cloud-based environments the exploitation impact is at least

medium, as cloud backend services can be attacked via SSRF.

Service Registry Poisoning

service-registry-poisoning

STRIDE: Spoofing

Description: When a service registry used for discovery of trusted service endpoints Service

Registry Poisoning risks might arise.

Detection: In-scope service registries.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical assets accessing the

service registry as well as the data assets processed or stored.

SQL/NoSQL-Injection

sql-nosql-injection

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: When a database is accessed via database access protocols SQL/NoSQL-Injection

risks might arise. The risk rating depends on the sensitivity technical asset itself and

of the data assets processed or stored.

Detection: Database accessed via typical database access protocols by in-scope clients.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the data stored inside the database.

Unchecked Deployment

unchecked-deployment

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: For each build-pipeline component Unchecked Deployment risks might arise when

the build-pipeline does not include established DevSecOps best-practices. DevSecOps best-practices scan as part of CI/CD pipelines for vulnerabilities in source- or byte-code, dependencies, container layers, and dynamically against running test systems. There are several open-source and commercial tools existing

in the categories DAST, SAST, and IAST.

Detection: All development-relevant technical assets.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the highest rating of the technical assets and data assets

processed by deployment-receiving targets.

Unencrypted Technical Assets

unencrypted-asset

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: Due to the confidentiality rating of the technical asset itself and/or the processed

data assets this technical asset must be encrypted. The risk rating depends on the

sensitivity technical asset itself and of the data assets stored.

Detection: In-scope unencrypted technical assets (excluding reverse-proxy, load-balancer, waf,

ids, ips and embedded components like library) storing data assets rated at least as

confidential or critical. For technical assets storing data assets rated as strictly-confidential or mission-critical the encryption must be of type

data-with-enduser-individual-key.

Rating: Depending on the confidentiality rating of the stored data-assets either medium or

high risk.

Unencrypted Communication

unencrypted-communication

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: Due to the confidentiality and/or integrity rating of the data assets transferred over

the communication link this connection must be encrypted.

Detection: Unencrypted technical communication links of in-scope technical assets (excluding

monitoring traffic as well as local-file-access and in-process-library-call) transferring

sensitive data.

Rating: Depending on the confidentiality rating of the transferred data-assets either medium

or high risk.

Unguarded Access From Internet

unguarded-access-from-internet

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Internet-exposed assets must be guarded by a protecting service, application, or

reverse-proxy.

Detection: In-scope technical assets (excluding load-balancer) with confidentiality rating of

confidential (or higher) or with integrity rating of critical (or higher) when accessed directly from the internet. All web-server, web-application, reverse-proxy, waf, and gateway assets are exempted from this risk when they do not consist of custom developed code and the data-flow only consists of HTTP or FTP protocols. Access from monitoring systems as well as VPN-protected connections are exempted.

Rating: The matching technical assets are at low risk. When either the confidentiality rating

is strictly-confidential or the integrity rating is mission-critical, the risk-rating is considered medium. For assets with RAA values higher than 40 % the risk-rating

increases.

Unguarded Direct Datastore Access

unguarded-direct-datastore-access

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: Datastores accessed across trust boundaries must be guarded by some protecting

service or application.

Detection: In-scope technical assets of type datastore (except identity-store-ldap when

accessed from identity-provider and file-server when accessed via file transfer protocols) with confidentiality rating of confidential (or higher) or with integrity rating of critical (or higher) which have incoming data-flows from assets outside across a network trust-boundary. DevOps config and deployment access is excluded from

this risk.

Rating: The matching technical assets are at low risk. When either the confidentiality rating

is strictly-confidential or the integrity rating is mission-critical, the risk-rating is considered medium. For assets with RAA values higher than 40 % the risk-rating

increases.

Unnecessary Communication Link

unnecessary-communication-link

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: When a technical communication link does not send or receive any data assets, this

is an indicator for an unnecessary communication link (or for an incomplete model).

Detection: In-scope technical assets' technical communication links not sending or receiving

any data assets.

Rating: low

Unnecessary Data Asset

unnecessary-data-asset

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: When a data asset is not processed or stored by any data assets and also not

transferred by any communication links, this is an indicator for an unnecessary data

asset (or for an incomplete model).

Detection: Modelled data assets not processed or stored by any data assets and also not

transferred by any communication links.

Rating: low

Unnecessary Data Transfer

unnecessary-data-transfer

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: When a technical asset sends or receives data assets, which it neither processes or

stores this is an indicator for unnecessarily transferred data (or for an incomplete model). When the unnecessarily transferred data assets are sensitive, this poses an

unnecessary risk of an increased attack surface.

Detection: In-scope technical assets sending or receiving sensitive data assets which are

neither processed nor stored by the technical asset are flagged with this risk. The risk rating (low or medium) depends on the confidentiality, integrity, and availability

rating of the technical asset. Monitoring data is exempted from this risk.

Rating: The risk assessment is depending on the confidentiality and integrity rating of the

transferred data asset either low or medium.

Unnecessary Technical Asset

unnecessary-technical-asset

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: When a technical asset does not process or store any data assets, this is an

indicator for an unnecessary technical asset (or for an incomplete model). This is also the case if the asset has no communication links (either outgoing or incoming).

Detection: Technical assets not processing or storing any data assets.

Rating: low

Untrusted Deserialization

untrusted-deserialization

STRIDE: Tampering

Description: When a technical asset accepts data in a specific serialized form (like Java or .NET

serialization), Untrusted Deserialization risks might arise.

Detection: In-scope technical assets accepting serialization data formats (including EJB and

RMI protocols).

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored.

Wrong Communication Link Content

wrong-communication-link-content

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: When a communication link is defined as readonly, but does not receive any data

asset, or when it is defined as not readonly, but does not send any data asset, it is

likely to be a model failure.

Detection: Communication links with inconsistent data assets being sent/received not matching

their readonly flag or otherwise inconsistent protocols not matching the target

technology type.

Rating: low

Wrong Trust Boundary Content

wrong-trust-boundary-content

STRIDE: Elevation of Privilege

Description: When a trust boundary of type network-policy-namespace-isolation contains

non-container assets it is likely to be a model failure.

Detection: Trust boundaries which should only contain containers, but have different assets

inside.

Rating: low

XML External Entity (XXE)

xml-external-entity

STRIDE: Information Disclosure

Description: When a technical asset accepts data in XML format, XML External Entity (XXE)

risks might arise.

Detection: In-scope technical assets accepting XML data formats.

Rating: The risk rating depends on the sensitivity of the technical asset itself and of the data

assets processed and stored. Also for cloud-based environments the exploitation impact is at least medium, as cloud backend services can be attacked via SSRF (and XXE vulnerabilities are often also SSRF vulnerabilities).

Disclaimer

Argoproj Maintainers conducted this threat analysis using the open-source Threagile toolkit on the applications and systems that were modeled as of this report's date. Information security threats are continually changing, with new vulnerabilities discovered on a daily basis, and no application can ever be 100% secure no matter how much threat modeling is conducted. It is recommended to execute threat modeling and also penetration testing on a regular basis (for example yearly) to ensure a high ongoing level of security and constantly check for new attack vectors.

This report cannot and does not protect against personal or business loss as the result of use of the applications or systems described. Argoproj Maintainers and the Threagile toolkit offers no warranties, representations or legal certifications concerning the applications or systems it tests. All software includes defects: nothing in this document is intended to represent or warrant that threat modeling was complete and without error, nor does this document represent or warrant that the architecture analyzed is suitable to task, free of other defects than reported, fully compliant with any industry standards, or fully compatible with any operating system, hardware, or other application. Threat modeling tries to analyze the modeled architecture without having access to a real working system and thus cannot and does not test the implementation for defects and vulnerabilities. These kinds of checks would only be possible with a separate code review and penetration test against a working system and not via a threat model.

By using the resulting information you agree that Argoproj Maintainers and the Threagile toolkit shall be held harmless in any event.

This report is confidential and intended for internal, confidential use by the client. The recipient is obligated to ensure the highly confidential contents are kept secret. The recipient assumes responsibility for further distribution of this document.

In this particular project, a timebox approach was used to define the analysis effort. This means that the author allotted a prearranged amount of time to identify and document threats. Because of this, there is no guarantee that all possible threats and risks are discovered. Furthermore, the analysis applies to a snapshot of the current state of the modeled architecture (based on the architecture information provided by the customer) at the examination time.

Report Distribution

Distribution of this report (in full or in part like diagrams or risk findings) requires that this disclaimer as well as the chapter about the Threagile toolkit and method used is kept intact as part of the distributed report or referenced from the distributed parts.