

HCMIU - Linear Algebra - Mid-term Test
 Semester 3 - Year: 2023 ~ 2024 - Duration : 75 minutes
 Date Modified : Saturday, July 26th, 2025

INSTRUCTIONS: Each student is allowed a scientific calculator and a maximum of two double-sided sheets of reference material (size A4 or similar), stapled together and marked with their name and ID. All other documents and electronic devices are forbidden.

Question 1. (20 marks) Determine the matrices $\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{A}^T$ if

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 3 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Question 2. (20 marks) Solve the following system of equations using Gaussian elimination with back-substitution:

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 &= 3 \\ 3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 &= 1 \\ x_1 - x_2 + x_3 &= -1 \\ 4x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Question 3. (20 marks) Use Cramer's Rule to find the solution of the system

$$\begin{aligned} -2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 &= 1 \\ x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 &= 4 \\ -2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

Question 4. (20 marks) Evaluate the determinant of

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Question 5. (20 marks)

- (a) Let \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} be $n \times n$ matrices. Show that if \mathbf{AB} is non-singular, then \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} must be non-singular.
- (b) A square matrix is **skew-symmetric** if $\mathbf{A}^T = -\mathbf{A}$. Show that if \mathbf{B} is a square matrix of order n , then $\mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{B}^T)$ is skew-symmetric.

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