EXPERIMENT-15

Aim: To Simulate and to study stop and Wait protocol

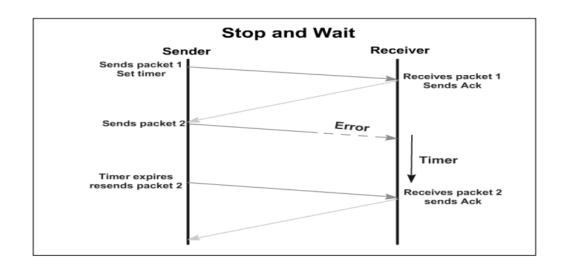
HARDWARE / SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

NS-2

THEORY:

Stop and Wait is a reliable transmission flow control protocol. This protocol works only in Connection Oriented (Point to Point) Transmission. The Source node has window size of ONE. After transmission of a frame the transmitting (Source) node waits for an Acknowledgement from the destination node. If the transmitted frame reaches the destination without error, the destination transmits a positive acknowledgement. If the transmitted frame reaches the Destination with error, the receiver destination does not transmit an acknowledgement. If the transmitter receives a positive acknowledgement it transmits the next frame if any. Else if its acknowledgement receive timer expires, it retransmits the same frame.

- 1. Start with the window size of 1 from the transmitting (Source) node
- 2. After transmission of a frame the transmitting (Source) node waits for a reply (Acknowledgement) from the receiving (Destination) node.
- 3. If the transmitted frame reaches the receiver (Destination) without error, the receiver (Destination) transmits a Positive Acknowledgement.
- 4. If the transmitted frame reaches the receiver (Destination) with error, the receiver (Destination) do not transmit acknowledgement.
- 5. If the transmitter receives a positive acknowledgement it transmits the next frame if any. Else if the transmission timer expires, it retransmits the same frame again.
- 6. If the transmitted acknowledgment reaches the Transmitter (Destination) without error, the Transmitter (Destination) transmits the next frame if any.
- 7. If the transmitted frame reaches the Transmitter (Destination) with error, the Transmitter (Destination) transmits the same frame.
- 8. This concept of the Transmitting (Source) node waiting after transmission for a reply from the receiver is known as STOP and WAIT.



ALGORITHM:

- 1. Create a simulator object
- 2. Define different colors for different data flows
- 3. Open a nam trace file and define finish procedure then close the trace file, and execute nam on trace file.
- 4. Create two nodes that forms a network numbered 0 and 1
- 5. Create duplex links between the nodes to form a STAR Topology
- 6. Setup TCP Connection between n(1) and n(3)
- 7. Apply CBR Traffic over TCP
- 8. Schedule events and run the program.

\$tcp set maxcwnd_ 1

\$ns attach-agent \$n0 \$tcp

\$ns attach-agent \$n1 \$sink

set sink [new Agent/TCPSink]

PROGRAM: # stop and wait protocol in normal situation # features: labeling, annotation, nam-graph, and window size monitoring set ns [new Simulator] set n0 [\$ns node] set n1 [\$ns node] \$ns at 0.0 "\$n0 label Sender" \$ns at 0.0 "\$n1 label Receiver" set nf [open stop.nam w] \$ns namtrace-all \$nf set f [open stop.tr w] \$ns trace-all \$f \$ns duplex-link \$n0 \$n1 0.2Mb 200ms DropTail \$ns duplex-link-op \$n0 \$n1 orient right \$ns queue-limit \$n0 \$n1 10 Agent/TCP set nam_tracevar_ true set tcp [new Agent/TCP] \$tcp set window_ 1

```
$ns connect $tcp $sink
set ftp [new Application/FTP]
$ftp attach-agent $tcp
$ns add-agent-trace $tcp tcp
$ns monitor-agent-trace $tcp
$tcp tracevar cwnd_
$ns at 0.1 "$ftp start"
$ns at 3.0 "$ns detach-agent $n0 $tcp; $ns detach-agent $n1 $sink"
$ns at 3.5 "finish"
$ns at 0.0 "$ns trace-annotate \"Stop and Wait with normal operation\""
$ns at 0.05 "$ns trace-annotate \"FTP starts at 0.1\""
$ns at 0.11 "$ns trace-annotate \"Send Packet 0\""
$ns at 0.35 "$ns trace-annotate \"Receive Ack_0\""
$ns at 0.56 "$ns trace-annotate \"Send Packet 1\""
$ns at 0.79 "$ns trace-annotate \"Receive Ack 1\""
$ns at 0.99 "$ns trace-annotate \"Send Packet_2\""
$ns at 1.23 "$ns trace-annotate \"Receive Ack 2 \""
$ns at 1.43 "$ns trace-annotate \"Send Packet_3\""
$ns at 1.67 "$ns trace-annotate \"Receive Ack_3\""
$ns at 1.88 "$ns trace-annotate \"Send Packet_4\""
$ns at 2.11 "$ns trace-annotate \"Receive Ack_4\""
$ns at 2.32 "$ns trace-annotate \"Send Packet_5\""
$ns at 2.55 "$ns trace-annotate \"Receive Ack_5 \""
$ns at 2.75 "$ns trace-annotate \"Send Packet_6\""
$ns at 2.99 "$ns trace-annotate \"Receive Ack_6\""
$ns at 3.1 "$ns trace-annotate \"FTP stops\""
proc finish {} {
global ns nf
$ns flush-trace
close $nf
```

```
puts "running nam..."
exec nam stop.nam &
exit 0
}
$ns run
```

OUTPUT:

