

Homework4

Carter Rhea

March 21, 2017

1 Problem 1

Consider the hyperelastic model generated by using the following strain energy density function Φ :

$$\Phi(E) = \lambda \frac{J^2 - 1}{4} - (\lambda/2 + \mu) \ln(J) + \mu E_{NN}$$

where λ, μ are the Lamé parameters (see homework 1), E is the Green strain tensor discussed in class, and $J = \det F$. The trace of E is indicated above by $E_{NN} = E_{11} + E_{22} + E_{33}$.

Solution:

Note: In order to complete this calculation we will need the derivation of $\frac{\partial J}{\partial E_{ij}}$. See appendix for calculation.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial E_{ij}} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial E_{ij}} \left(\lambda \frac{J^2 - 1}{4} - (\lambda/2 + \mu) \ln(J) + \mu E_{rs} \delta_{rs} \right) \\ &= \frac{\lambda}{4} * 2J \frac{\partial J}{\partial E_{ij}} - (\lambda/2 + \mu) \frac{\frac{\partial J}{\partial E_{ij}}}{J} \\ &= \frac{\lambda}{2} J J F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1} - \frac{\lambda}{2} F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1} - \mu F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1} + \mu \delta_{IJ} \\ &= \mu [\delta_{IJ} - F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1}] + \frac{\lambda}{2} (J^2 - 1) F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1} \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

Now working within indices, show that the material stiffness modulus C_{IJKL} is given given by:

$$C_{IJKL} := \frac{\partial S_{IJ}}{\partial E_{KL}} = 2\mu \left[1 + \frac{\lambda}{2\mu} (1 - J^2) \right] F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jn}^{-1} F_{Km}^{-1} F_{Ln}^{-1} + \lambda J^2 F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} F_{Kn}^{-1} F_{Ln}^{-1}$$

Note the following relations:

1.

$$\frac{\partial (F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1})}{\partial E_{KL}} = \frac{\partial (F^{-1} F^{-T})_{IJ}}{\partial E_{KL}}$$

2.

$$C = F^T F$$

3.

$$C_{MI}C_{IJ}^{-1} = \delta_{MI}$$

4.

$$C_{MI} = 2E_{MI} - \delta^{MI}$$

See appendix for calculation of $\frac{\partial C_{IJ}^{-1}}{\partial E_{KL}}$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{IJKL} &= \mu \frac{\partial \delta_{IJ}}{\partial E_{KL}} - \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial E_{KL}} (F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1}) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial E_{KL}} [(J^2 - 1) F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1}] \\ &= 2\mu C_{IJ}^{-1} C_{KL}^{-1} + \frac{\lambda}{2} 2J^2 F_{Ki}^{-1} F_{Li}^{-1} F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} + \lambda(J^2 - 1) C_{IJ}^{-1} C_{KL}^{-1} \\ &= 2\mu F_{Ki}^{-1} F_{Li}^{-1} F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} + \lambda J^2 F_{Ki}^{-1} F_{Li}^{-1} F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} + \lambda(J^2 - 1) F_{Ki}^{-1} F_{Li}^{-1} F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} \\ &= 2\mu \left[1 + \frac{\lambda}{2\mu} (1 - J^2) \right] F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} F_{Ki}^{-1} F_{Li}^{-1} + \lambda J^2 F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} F_{Ki}^{-1} F_{Li}^{-1} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

Show now that

$$\sigma_{ij} = \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} S_{IJ} F_{jJ} = \frac{1}{J} \left[\mu (F_{iJ} F_{jJ} - \delta_{ij}) + \frac{\lambda}{2} (J^2 - 1) \delta_{ij} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{ij} &= \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} S_{IJ} F_{jJ} \\ &= \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} \left(\mu [\delta_{IJ} - F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1}] + \frac{\lambda}{2} (J^2 - 1) F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1} \right) F_{jJ} \\ &= \frac{1}{J} \left(\mu [F_{iI} \delta_{IJ} F_{jJ} - F_{iI} F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1} F_{jJ}] + \frac{\lambda}{2} (J^2 - 1) F_{iI} F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1} F_{jJ} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{J} \left(\mu [F_{iJ} F_{jJ} - \delta_{ij}] + \frac{\lambda}{2} (J^2 - 1) \delta_{ij} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

And finally show

$$\begin{aligned} c_{ijkl} &= \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} F_{jJ} F_{kK} F_{lL} C_{IJKL} = \frac{1}{J} \left\{ \lambda J^2 \delta_{ij} \delta_{kl} + 2\mu \left[1 + \frac{\lambda}{2\mu} (1 - J^2) \right] d_{ik} d_{kl} \right\} \\ c_{ijkl} &= \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} F_{jJ} F_{kK} F_{lL} C_{IJKL} \\ &= \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} F_{jJ} F_{kK} F_{lL} \left\{ 2\mu \left[1 + \frac{\lambda}{2\mu} (1 - J^2) \right] F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jn}^{-1} F_{Km}^{-1} F_{Ln}^{-1} + \lambda J^2 F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} F_{Kn}^{-1} F_{Ln}^{-1} \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{J} \left\{ 2\mu \left[1 + \frac{\lambda}{2\mu} (1 - J^2) \right] F_{iI} F_{jJ} F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jn}^{-1} F_{Km}^{-1} F_{Ln}^{-1} F_{kK} F_{lL} + \lambda J^2 F_{iI} F_{jJ} F_{Im}^{-1} F_{Jm}^{-1} F_{Kn}^{-1} F_{Ln}^{-1} J F_{kK} F_{lL} \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{J} \left\{ \lambda J^2 \delta_{ij} \delta_{kl} + 2\mu \left[1 + \frac{\lambda}{2\mu} (1 - J^2) \right] d_{ik} d_{kl} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

If we consider small deformation then $J = 1$ then all the parts where we have $1 - J^2 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{ij} &= \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} S_{IJ} F_{jJ} = \frac{1}{J} \left[\mu (F_{iJ} F_{jJ} - \delta_{ij}) \right] \\ c_{ijkl} &= \frac{1}{J} F_{iI} F_{jJ} F_{kK} F_{lL} C_{IJKL} = \frac{1}{J} \left\{ \lambda J^2 \delta_{ij} \delta_{kl} + 2\mu d_{ik} d_{kl} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

2 Appendix

2.1 Derivations

2.1.1 $\frac{\partial J}{\partial E_{ij}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial J}{\partial E_{ij}} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial E_{ij}} \left[(\det(2E + I))^{1/2} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2} (\det(2E + I))^{1/2} * \text{cof}(2E + I)_{IJ} * 2 \\
&= \frac{1}{J} * \det(F^T F) (F^T F)_{IJ}^{-1} \\
&= J F_{Ii}^{-1} F_{Ji}^{-1}
\end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

2.2 $\frac{\partial C_{IJ}^{-1}}{\partial E_{KL}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_{MI} C^{-1} C_{IJ} &= \delta_{MI} \\
\frac{\partial C_{MI}}{\partial E_{KL}} C_{IJ}^{-1} - C_{MI} \frac{\partial C_{IJ}^{-1}}{\partial E_{KL}} &= 0 \\
\frac{\partial(2E_{MI} - \delta_{MI})}{\partial E_{KL}} C_{IJ}^{-1} &= C_{MI} \frac{\partial C_{IJ}^{-1}}{\partial E_{KL}} \\
C_{MI}^{-1} 2 \frac{\partial E_{MI}}{\partial E_{KL}} &= \frac{\partial C_{IJ}^{-1}}{E_{KL}} \\
2 C_{MI}^{-1} \frac{\delta_{MK} \delta_{IL} \partial E_{KL}}{\partial E_{KL}} &= \frac{\partial C_{IJ}^{-1}}{E_{KL}} \\
\frac{\partial C_{IJ}^{-1}}{E_{KL}} &= 2 C_{ML}^{-1} C_{IJ}^{-1}
\end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

3 Problem 2