

	Date	Who Attended	Goals	Outcome
Atlantic Conference or Atlantic Charter	August 1941	Winston Churchill (Great Britain) Franklin Delano Roosevelt (USA)	Discussed whether or not they were going to war with the axis powers in Europe And Goals that they agree on if they go to war, what the post war goals would be.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The U.S. decided not to enter the war yet, that would happen later after the bombing of Pearl Harbor. Japanese militarists became more nationalistic in japan Became one of the first steps toward the forming of the united nations
Casablanca Conference	January 24 1943	Franklin Roosevelt Winston Churchill Charles De Gaulle Henri Giraud	It was supposed to outline the fact that the allies would accept nothing but unconditional surrender.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Decision to continue until the allies got unconditional surrender led to prolonged war efforts that many believe resulted in higher casualty rates The Status of Great Britain as a world power was diminished
Cairo Conference	November 22-26 1943	President Roosevelt Winston Churchill Chiang Kai Shek- premier of china Stalin Refused to come because Chiang was there	The three main clauses were that Japan would be stripped of all the pacific islands that were seized during world war one. Also that all land stolen from china would be restored to the republic of china And that in due course, Korea would become independent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The allied powers decided to continue to deploy troops in japan until they surrendered. Russia wouldn't participate because they had a pact called to soviet Japanese neutrality pact
Yalta Conference	February 4-11 1945	Roosevelt Churchill And Stalin	Was to discuss Europe's postwar reorganization and to determine the re-establishment of the	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communism was installed in Poland America came to the realization that the soviets had a strong

			<p>nations of war torn Europe</p> <p>The allies agreed to demilitarization and denazification of Germany</p> <p>Germany would also be split into zones that would be occupied by USA, UK, USSR and France</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> totalitarian agenda • The conferences decided to ask China and France to help forming the United nations • The USSR entered the war secretly against the Japanese • The Autonomy of Mongolia was recognized and Ukraine and Belorussia were admitted to the united nations
Potsdam Conference	August 2, 1945	Josef Stalin Winston Churchill and Clement Atlee And Harry Truman	Was a conference to determine the punishment of Germany following their surrender	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Germany was set up with a suitable governmental system as determined by the Chief allied powers • National Socialism was outlawed with the setting up the new German Government • German Reparations were outlined by the allies