

President Franklin D. Roosevelt (1933-1945)

Election Results:

1932 Election-

Franklin D. Roosevelt: Popular Vote 22,809,638 Electoral Vote 472

Herbert C. Hoover: Popular Vote 15,758,901 Electoral Vote 59

1936 Election-

Franklin D. Roosevelt: Popular Vote 27,752,860 Electoral Vote 523

Alfred M. Landon: 16,674,665 Electoral Vote 8

1940 Election-

Franklin D. Roosevelt: Popular Vote 27,307,819 Electoral Vote 449

Wendell L. Willkie: Popular Vote 22,321,018 Electoral Vote 82

1944 Election-

Franklin D. Roosevelt: Popular Vote 25,606,585 Electoral Vote 432

Thomas E. Dewey: Popular Vote 22,014,745 Electoral Vote 99

Ideas or Acts Passed During Administration:

The Emergency Banking Act (the official title of which was the Emergency Banking Relief Act) was an act of the United States Congress spearheaded by President Franklin D. Roosevelt during the Great Depression. It was passed on March 9, 1933. The act allowed a plan that would close down insolvent banks and reorganize and reopen those banks strong enough to survive.

The National Industrial Recovery Act (NIRA), officially known as the Act of June 16, 1933 (Ch. 90, 48 Stat. 195, formerly codified at 15 U.S.C. sec. 703), was an American statute which authorized the President of the United States to regulate industry and permit cartels and monopolies in an attempt to stimulate economic recovery, and established a national public works program.

The original Social Security Act(1935) and the current version of the Act, as amended encompass several social welfare and social insurance programs.

The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938(abbreviated as FLSA; also referred to as the Wages and Hours Bill) is a federal statute of the United States. It applies to employees engaged in interstate commerce or employed by an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, unless the employer can claim an exemption from coverage.

Administration:

Vice President: John N. Garner, Henry A. Wallace, Harry S. Truman

Secretary of State: Cordell Hull, Edward R. Stettinius Jr

Secretary of the Treasury: William H. Woodin, Henry Morgenthau Jr

Secretary of War: George H. Dern, Harry H. Woodring, Henry L. Stimson

Attorney General: Homer S. Cummings, Frank Murphy, Robert H. Jackson

Postmaster General: James A. Farley, Frank C. Walker

Secretary of the Navy: Claude A. Swanson, Charles Edison, Frank Knox

Secretary of the Interior: Harold L. Ickes

Secretary of Agriculture: Henry A. Wallace, Claude R. Wickard

Secretary of Commerce: Daniel C. Roper, Harry L. Hopkins, Jesse H. Jones

Secretary of Labor: Frances Perkins

Issues Faced:

Roosevelt, who turned 62 in 1944, had been in declining health since at least 1940

The rise to power of Dictator Adolf Hitler in Germany aroused fears of a new world war.

Trivia:

Roosevelt showed no interest in women until his junior year at Harvard, when he fell in love with his 4th cousin, Eleanor Roosevelt.

Is one of only two men to appear on a major political party's presidential ticket five times: the other is Richard Nixon.