Geant4 Geometry Classes

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~1.4k lines (may be a little bit convoluted...)

~4.4k lines (but "easy" to read)

mDOMDetectorConstruction

OMSimDetectorConstruction

OMSimOMConstruction

OMSimPMTConstruction

OMSimInputData

General things

- Geant4 10.7! We should keep updating with new releases
- Code in GitHub and updated only when code is of general interest
- Material and PMT/OM data in JSON files
- Documentation in Doxygen style
- Code in CamelCase and following nomenclature:

```
OMSimClass::ClassMethod(type plnput){ // input parameters start with p

int ILocalInteger = 5; // local parameters start with I

mMemberInteger = 5; //member parameters (defined in header) with m

int IFromFile = OMSimInputData->Get("jMyVariable"); //input from files with j
```

JSON files are easy to make!

```
import json
pythonDictionary = {}
pythonDictionary["jBool"] = True
pythonDictionary["jArray1"] = [1,2,3,4]
pythonDictionary["jDictionary"] = {"name": ["Martin", "Lew"], "BeardPoints": [0, 100]}
with open("file.dat", 'w') as outfile:
    json.dump(pythonDictionary, outfile,indent=3)
                                                               "¡Bool": true,
                                                               "jArray1": [
                                                               "jDictionary": {
                                                                  "name":
                                                                    "Martin",
                                                                    "Lew"
                                                                  "BeardPoints": [
                                                                    100
```

Creating the world has its own function

```
void OMSimDetectorConstruction::ConstructWorld(OMSimInputData* pData);
   mWorldSolid = new G4Orb("World",gworldsize*m);
   mWorldLogical = new G4LogicalVolume(mWorldSolid, pData->GetMaterial("Ri_Air"), "World logical", 0, 0, 0);
   mWorldPhysical = new G4PVPlacement (0, G4ThreeVector(0, 0., 0.), mWorldLogical, "World_phys", 0, false, 0);
   mWorldLogical->SetVisAttributes(G4VisAttributes::GatInvisible());
}

G4VPhysicalVolume* OMSimDetectorConstruction::Construct() {

   OMSimInputData* lData = new OMSimInputData();
   lData->SearchFolders();

   ConstructWorld(lData);

   OMSimOMConstruction* lOpticalModule = new OMSimOMConstruction(lData);
   lOpticalModule->SelectModule("mDOM");
   lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,0), new G4RotationMatrix(), mWorldLogical, false, "MyFirstmDOM");
   return mWorldPhysical;
}
```

Create data-instance and search input files

```
void OMSimDetectorConstruction::ConstructWorld(OMSimInputData* pData)
    mWorldSolid = new G40rb("World",gworldsize*m);
    mWorldLogical = new G4LogicalVolume(mWorldSolid, pData->GetMaterial("Ri Air")
                                                                                    "World logical", \theta, \theta, \theta);
    mWorldPhysical = new G4PVPlacement (0, G4ThreeVector(0,0.,0.), mworkqLogical,
                                                                                    "World phys", 0, false, 0);
    mWorldLogical->SetVisAttributes(G4VisAttributes::GetInvisible());
                                                                                                         Instance passed to other classes
                                                                                                         or functions
G4VPhysicalVolume* OMSimDetectorConstruction:/Construct() {
    OMSimInputData* lData = new OMSimInputData();
    lData->SearchFolders();
                                                                                                Instance provides data from input files
    ConstructWorld(lData);
    OMSimOMConstruction* lOpticalModule = new OMSimOMConstruction(lData)
    lOpticalModule->SelectModule("mDOM");
    lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,0), new G4RotationMatrix(), mWorldLogical, false, "MyFirstmDOM");
    return mWorldPhysical;
```

Create OM-class instance, select optical module and place it somewhere in the world

```
void OMSimDetectorConstruction::ConstructWorld(OMSimInputData* pData {
    mWorldSolid = new G40rb("World",gworldsize*m);
    mWorldLogical = new G4LogicalVolume(mWorldSolid, pData->GetMate_ial("Ri_Air"), "World logical", 0, 0,
    mWorldPhysical = new G4PVPlacement (0, G4ThreeVector(0.,0.,0.)) mWorldLogical, "World_phys", 0, false
    mWorldLogical->SetVisAttributes(G4VisAttributes::GetInvisible());

G4VPhysicalVolume* OMSimDetectorConstruction::Construct() {
        OMSimInputData* lData = new OMSimInputData();
        lData->SearchFolders();
        ConstructWorld(lData);

OMSimOMConstruction* lOpticalModule = new OMSimOMConstruction(lData);
        lOpticalModule->SelectModule("mDOM");
        lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,0), new G4RotationMatrix(), mWorldLogical, false, "MyFirstmDOM" );
        return mWorldPhysical;
}
```

More modules by calling PlaceIt() again

```
void OMSimDetectorConstruction::ConstructWorld(OMSimInputData* pData){
    mWorldSolid = new G40rb("World",gworldsize*m);
    mWorldLogical = new G4LogicalVolume(mWorldSolid, pData->GetMaterial("Ri Air"), "Wor
    mWorldPhysical = new G4PVPlacement (0, G4ThreeVector(0.,0.,0.), mWorldLogical, "Wor
    mWorldLogical->SetVisAttributes(G4VisAttributes::GetInvisible());
G4VPhysicalVolume* OMSimDetectorConstruction::Construct() {
    OMSimInputData* lData = new OMSimInputData();
    lData->SearchFolders();
    ConstructWorld(lData);
    OMSimOMConstruction* lOpticalModule = new OMSimOMConstruction(lData);
     lOpticalModule->SelectModule("mDOM");
    lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,0), new G4RotationMatrix(), mWorldLogical, false, "MyFirstmDOM");
     lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,-50*cm), new G4RotationMatrix(), mWorldLogical, false, "MySecondmDOM"
     return mWorldPhysical;
```

OMSimDetectorConstruction

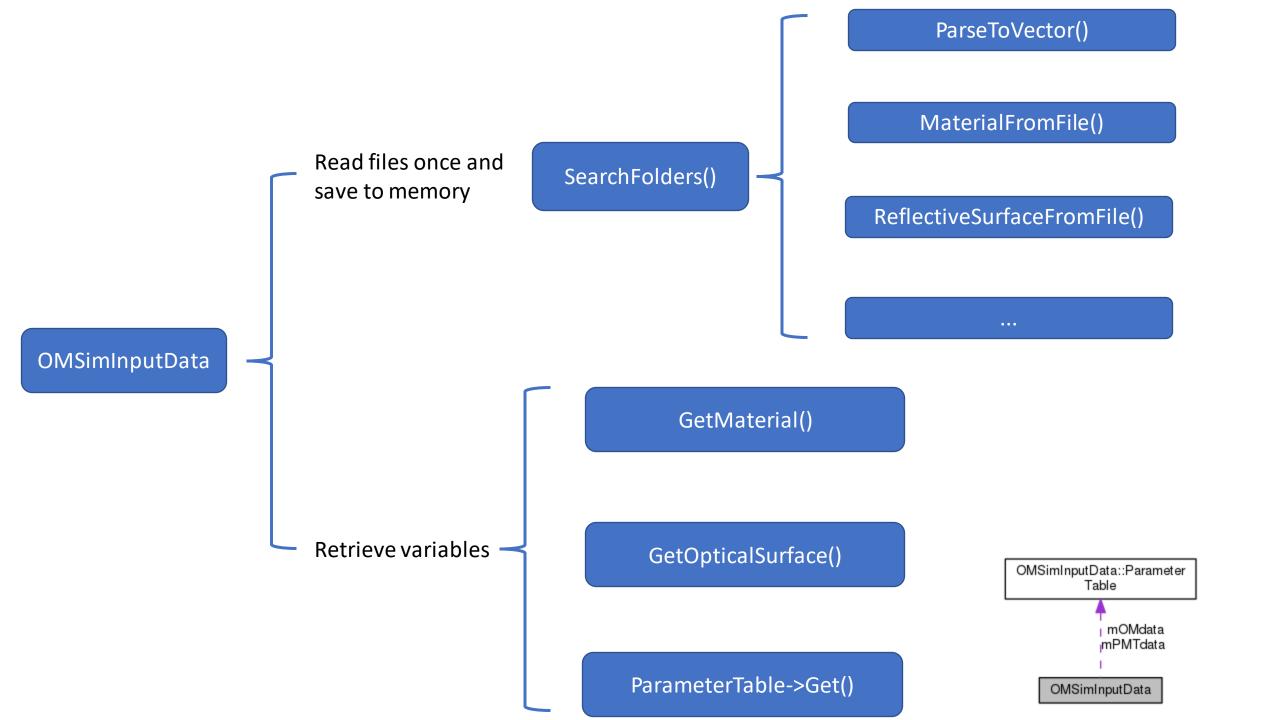
(you can get creative...)

```
ConstructWorld(lData);
61
62
         OMSimOMConstruction* lOpticalModule = new OMSimOMConstruction(lData);
63
         lOpticalModule->SelectModule("mDOM");
64
65
         std::stringstream lConverter;
66 🔻
         for (int k = 0; k \le 10; k++) {
             lConverter.str("mDOM");
             lConverter << k;
             G4RotationMatrix* lRot = new G4RotationMatrix();
70
             lRot->rotateX(21*k*deg);
             lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,k*40*cm), lRot, mWorldLogical, false, lConverter.str());
72
         }
73
74
         lOpticalModule->SelectModule("LOM");
75 🔻
         for (int k = 0; k \le 10; k++) {
             lConverter.str("LOM");
76
             lConverter << k ;
             G4RotationMatrix* lRot = new G4RotationMatrix();
             lRot->rotateX(51*k*deg);
80
             lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,-k*40*cm,0), lRot, mWorldLogical, false, lConverter.str());
81
         }
82
```

OMSimDetectorConstruction

same structure for PMTs...

```
void OMSimDetectorConstruction::ConstructWorld(OMSimInputData* pData){
   mWorldSolid = new G40rb("World", gworldsize*m);
   mWorldLogical = new G4LogicalVolume(mWorldSolid, pData->GetMaterial("Ri Air"), "W
   mWorldPhysical = new G4PVPlacement (0, G4ThreeVector(0.,0.,0.), mWorldLogical, "W
   mWorldLogical->SetVisAttributes(G4VisAttributes::GetInvisible());
G4VPhysicalVolume* OMSimDetectorConstruction::Construct() {
    OMSimInputData* lData = new OMSimInputData();
   lData->SearchFolders();
   ConstructWorld(lData);
   OMSimOMConstruction* lOpticalModule = new OMSimOMConstruction(lData);
    lOpticalModule->SelectModule("mDOM");
   lOpticalModule->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,40*cm), new G4RotationMatrix(), mWorldLogical, false, "MyFirstmDOM");
    OMSimPMTConstruction* lPMT = new OMSimPMTConstruction(lData);
    lPMT->SelectPMT("pmt ETEL 9320KFL-KFB");
    lPMT->PlaceIt(G4ThreeVector(0,0,0), new G4RotationMatrix(), mWorldLogical, "MyFirstPMT" );
    return mWorldPhysical;
```



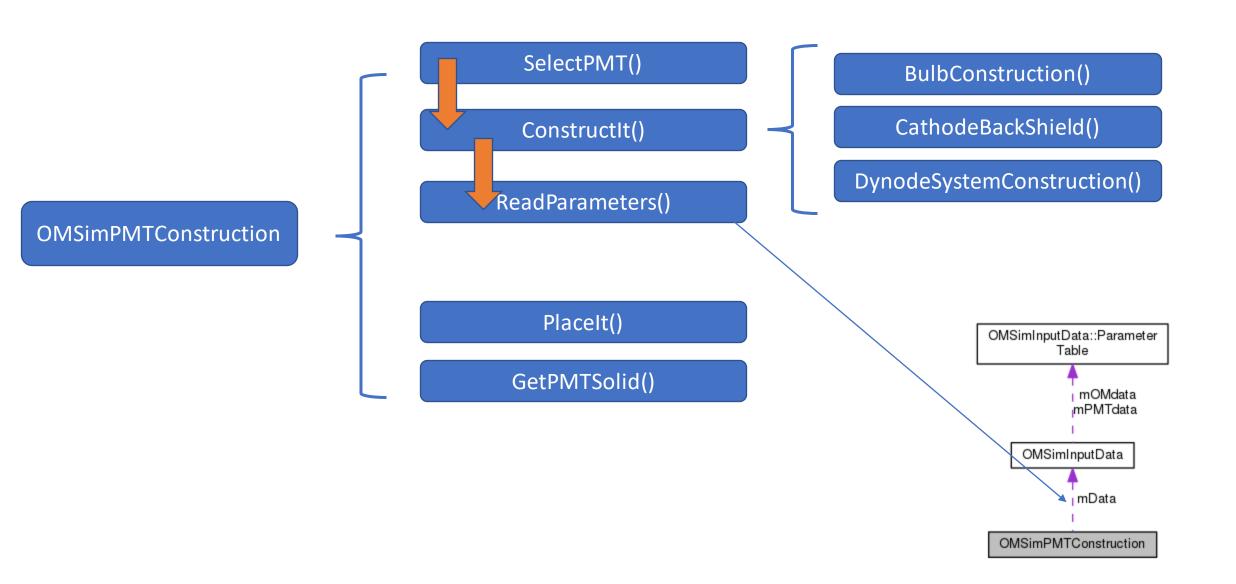
Input materials file nomenclature

- "Ri_": Material only with refractive index
- "RiAbs_": Material with refractive index and absorption length
- "Refl_": Optical surface
- "NoOptic_": Material without optical properties
- In "IceCubeICE.dat" data for SPICE and ICE from IceCube

PMT and OM files nomenclature

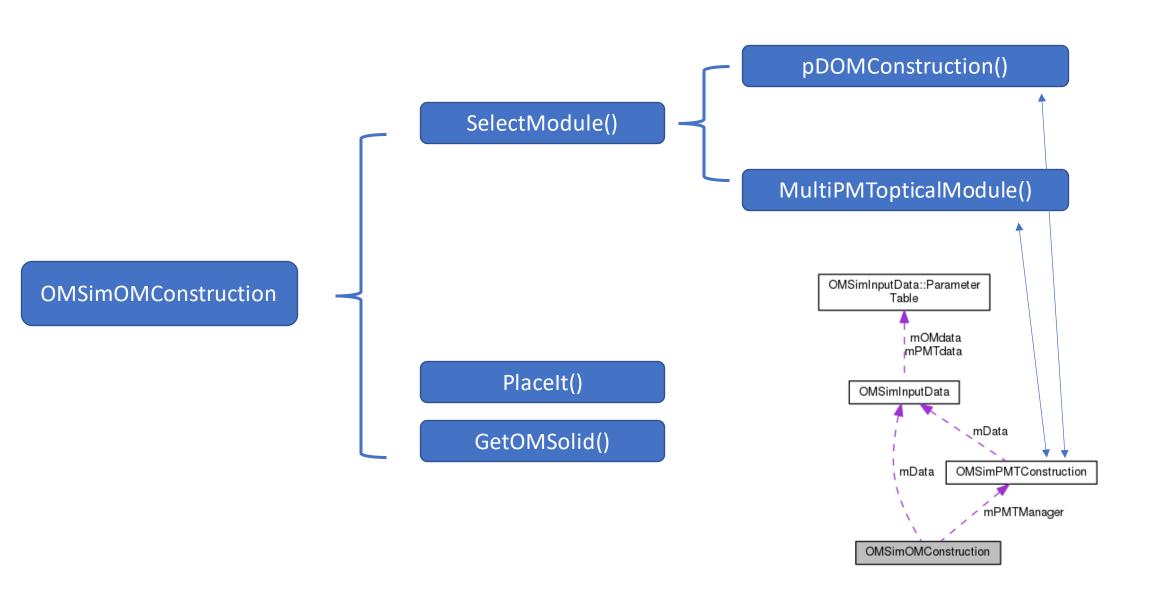
• PMT files start with "pmt_" and are in folder "data/PMTs"

• OM files start with "om_" and are in folder "data/SegmentedModules"



PMT files

- Data in PMT files are fits from photocathode shape + tube length
- Until now three shape types:
 - Circle+Ellipse
 - Ellipse+Ellipse
 - Circle+Ellipse for front linear function and circle for mirrored back parts (for internal reflections)
- Jupyter Notebooks with fits will be in GitHub for reference



Argument Parameters

- With "select"-functions you can get an specific thing,
 e.g. GetMaterial("RiAbs_Glass_Vitrovex") for Vitrovex glass,
 but they can also look for argument parameters (given through the terminal
 when running the programm)
- OMSimInputData::GetMaterial()
 - GetMaterial("argVesselGlass")
 - GetMaterial("argGel")
 - GetMaterial("argWorld")
- OMSimInputData::GetOpticalSurface("argReflector")
- OMSimPMTConstruction::SelectPMT("argPMT")
- OMSimOMConstruction::SelectOM("argOM")

Doxygen

- Doxygen style is clean, and can be then compiled for standard documentation (html and pdf)
- Read here for more info

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What you need to change...

~4.4k lines (but "easy" to read)

mDOMDetectorConstruction

OMSimDetectorConstruction **OMSimOMConstruction OMSimPMTConstruction OMSimInputData**

Change this depending on geometry of your study!!

Change these if there is a completely new OM/PMT geometry (e.g. WOM, D-Egg)... Otherwise just make new "pmt_" or "om_" data files

This probably does not have to be changed much... only if you need a new data category saved in files