

PIIRRIGATE: A SMART IRRIGATION SYSTEM

Candidate: Virgil-Alexandru CRIŞAN

Scientific coordinator: Conf. dr. ing. Răzvan BOGDAN

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REZUMAT

Aceastăs lucrare descrie proiectarea și realizarea sistemului "Pilrrigate". Acest sistem are ca scop eficientizarea consumului de apă si optimizarea culturilor agricole sau a grădinilor, prin utilizarea tehnologiilor moderne IoT și a comunicațiilor radio de tip LoRa. Pe măsură ce efectele încălzirii globale se fac din ce în ce mai resimțite, automatizarea si monitorizarea irigațiilor devine o necesitate. Proiectul vizează dezvoltarea unui sistem de monitorizare si control destinat fermierilor care doresc monitorizarea unor suprafețe mari de teren, dar acest sistem poate fi folosit si pentru sere inteligente sau grădinărit normal.

Proiectul utilizează o arhitectură bazată pe microcontrolere Raspberry Pi și T-Beam LILYGO ESP32 LoRa. Aceste componente sunt folosite pentru colectarea si transmiterea datelor in timp real. Sistemul permite monitorizarea parametrilor esențiali (umiditate, temperatură, umiditatea solului și cantitatea de ploaie) prin senzori care sunt conectați la nodurile ESP32. Dupa colectare, datele urmează a fi transmise către un gateway care comunică apoi cu un API web dezvoltat in .NET. Apoi datele urmează a fi stocate într-o baza de date PostgreSQL și trimise folosind SignalR către o aplicație web pentru a fi vizualizate în timp real de către utilizatori.

Utilizatorii au la dispoziție o interfață web care le permite atât vizualizarea datelor în timp real cât și vizualizarea datelor istorice și controlul manual al sistemului. De asemenea, acest sistem implementează un mecanism de înregistrare dinamica a nodurilor în rețea, lucru care permite extinderea facilă a sistemului.

Prin integrarea componentelor hardware și software într-o soluție coerentă, Pilrrigate demonstrează fezabilitatea și eficiența unui sistem IoT dedicat agriculturii inteligente, cu un impact potențial in reducerea consumului de apă și creșterea randamentului agricol.

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ABSTRACT

This paper describes the design and implementation of the "Pilrrigate" system. The purpose of this system is to optimize water consumption and improve the management of agricultural crops or gardens by using modern IoT technologies and LoRa radio communications. As the effects of global warming become increasingly evident, the automation and monitoring of irrigation systems is becoming a necessity. The project aims to develop a monitoring and control system intended for farmers who need to oversee large areas of land, but it can also be used for smart greenhouses or regular gardening.

The project uses an architecture based on Raspberry Pi microcontrollers and T-Beam LILYGO ESP32 LoRa modules. These components are used for the real-time collection and transmission of data. The system enables the monitoring of essential parameters (humidity, temperature, soil moisture, and rainfall) through sensors connected to ESP32 nodes. After collection, the data is transmitted to a gateway, which then communicates with a web API developed in .NET. The data is stored in a PostgreSQL database and sent in real time via SignalR to a web application, where it can be viewed by users. Users have access to a

web interface that allows them to visualize both real-time and historical data, as well as to manually control the system. Additionally, the system implements a dynamic node registration mechanism, enabling easy expansion of the network. By integrating both hardware and

software components into a coherent solution, Pilrrigate demonstrates the feasibility and efficiency of an IoT-based system dedicated to smart agriculture, with the potential to reduce water consumption and increase agricultural productivity.



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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 CONTEXT

Agriculture is a vital sector that plays a crucial role in sustaining human life and the economy. Agriculture automation and optimization has become a major concern in recent years. As the global population continues to grow, the demand for food is increasing and the developing need for food along with the effect of climate changes are forcing the agricultural industry to adapt and innovate[1].

In the last 35 years, the wold has seen a doubling of the agricultural production. This has been achieved throught the use of different fertilizers, pesticides and herbicides. This doubling was associated with a 6.87-fold increase in nitrogen fertilization, a 3.48-fold increase in phosphorus fertilization and 1.68-fold increase in the amount of irrigated cropland [2]. In addition, the water consumption is expected to increase by 50% by 2050 [3].

This project aims to address the challenges of water scarcity and the need of efficient irrigation systems by presenting the plan, the implementation, the results and future work of a system that can be used in different scenarios and is meant to help reducing the water consumption and increasing the agricultural productivity. The Pilrrigate project intends achuive this by developing an innovative irrigation system that leverages the power of IoT and LoRa radio communication technologies. The main focus of this project is to create a system that can be easly used in different agricultural settings, starting from small gardens to large farms and even smart greenhouses. Beside this, I wanted to create a system that is easy to use and can be extended with ease.

The ESP32 boards with sensors are responsible for colecting the data. Then data is sent using LoRa to another ESP32 board that acts as a gateway connected to a Raspberry Pi, which is responsible for sending the data to a web API. The web API is developed in .NET and is responsible for storing the data in a PostgreSQL database. The data is then sent to a web application using SignalR, which allows real-time communication between the server and the client. The web application is responsible for displaying the live data and the historical data and also for providing a way to control the system manually and to add new nodes to the system.

This system takes advantage of the LoRa radio communication technology, which allows for long-range communication with low power consumption. Meaning that the system can be used in remote areas and it will work even if the internet connection is not available to all the nodes. The Raspberry Pi is the only component of this system that needs to be connected to the internet. Other components can be scatered on a area of 10km or more, depending on the environment and the node setup (mesh or star topology).

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1.2 MOTIVATION

The reason why I choose to create such a system was fulled by my passion for technology and smart agriculture. Besides this, I like to observe the data path, from the moment it is collected by the sensors, to the moment it is displayed in a web application. I have always been intested in pieces of technology that can be used to solve real world problems and now I had the chance to create such a system.

Initially, I wanted to create a system for my own lawn, but as I started working on the project, I realized that the system can be used in many other scenarios, such as smart greenhouses or even large farms or vineyards.

1.2.1 STRUCTURE

Each file belonging to the document can be found in bachelors_en/. The main file of the template is main.tex, which must be compiled using pdflatex (usually the default option). Files in components/ define the template and **should not be modified**.

In customs.tex reside the personal data which appear in places not directly accessible by the user and should be modified. Every file in chapters/ represents a chapter where the content of the thesis is written. Under images/ will be placed all the images used in the document.

1.2.2 AUTHENTICITY DECLARATION

The blank declaration can be obtained in two ways:

- from main.tex residing in authenticity_declaration/, an unsigned variant is created after filling personal data in customs.tex, similarly with the structure of Section 1.2.1.
- from the document at https://ac.upt.ro/finalizare-studii/, in section "Documente importante". This should be manually filled with personal data.

Regardless of the option chosen, the document must be printed, **physically signed(with a pen)** and scanned in order to be attached. In customs.tex, the path must be changed from the example to the signed and scanned PDF document, which will be saved in bachelors ro/.

1.2.3 OTHER LATEX ELEMENTS

References to other elements in the document (excepting citations and links): Chapter 1; Figure 2.1.

For each reference, a \label is needed, which will be inserted anywhere in the text or immediately after chapter/section titles, and in figures/tables/code fragments.

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Citations will be added using bibtex, example: Section 3.1. Inserting images (Figure 2.1), tables (Table 2.1) and code fragments (Snippet 2.1) will be added using the corresponding code. For tables, an external formatting tool is recommended: (example Section 2.2).

1.3 GENERAL INFORMATION

Each chapter must have a clear structure, will begin on a new page and will have a title. It will be followed by two blank 12 pt. lines.

Each sub-section title (e.g. 1.2 General information) shall begin after a 12 points blank line after the text and shall be followed by a 12 points blank line.

The text of the paper will be justified. It is recommended to check the spelling of the text with the help of the speller of the Word program. It is recommended that the thesis paper should not exceed a number of 100 pages, annexes included.

Rules applying to the text of the paper:

- a. Margins of the page the following values will be used:
 - interior: 2 cmexterior: 2 cm
 - up: 2,5 cm (header included)
 - · down: 2 cm
- b. Line spacing the text shall apply a 1.15 line spacing
- c. Indentation text within regular paragraphs will be aligned between the left and the right margins (justified). The first line of each paragraph will have a 1.5 cm indentation. There will be an exception for chapter titles, which will be aligned left, just like the titles of the tables and of the figures (see explanations below);
- d. Font the 12 points Nimbus Sans font will be used, as well as the specific diacritics of the paper language (ex: ă, ş, ţ, î, â for the Romanian language);
- e. Page numbering Page numbering runs from the title page to the last page of the paper, but the page number appears starts on the Introduction page. The page number is inserted at the bottom of the page, centered.
- f. f. Page header it shall be inserted starting with the introduction page and contains, in successive lines, the following text, aligned left and with the size of 8 points: (i) the text Politehnica University of Timisoara; (ii) the name of the program of study and the year of the paper defense; (iii) the name of the candidate (left) and the title of the paper. At the right of the header, the UPT logo may be inserted;

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2. BODY

2.1 FIGURES AND PHOTOGRAPHS

Figures (including images, graphs and screenshots) are numbered in order of their appearance in the paper. Alternatively, figures may be numbered in order in each chapter, including the chapter number. Each figure has a number and a title, which is mentioned under the figure, centered. Where applicable, the source of the figure shall be indicated in brackets after the title of the figure;

All figures and photographs inserted in the paper must be referenced in the text, numbered and titled.

There will be a blank line (Nimbus Sans 12 pt) between the figure and the text. Figures will be centered.

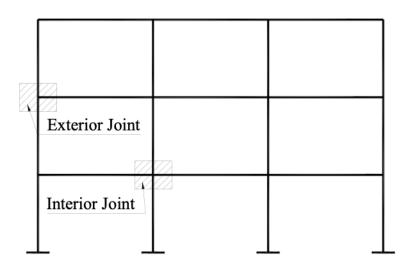


Figure 2.1: Example of a figure (source: The Scientific Bulletin of the UPT – series Building Engineering – Architecture, issue 2/2010)

A reference to a figure can be created: Figure 2.1.

2.2 TABLES

Tables will be numbered in the order in which they appear in the paper. Alternatively, tables can be numbered in order in each chapter, including the chapter number in the numbering. Each table has a number and a title, which is mentioned above the table, in a centered alignment. Where applicable, the data source shall be indicated in brackets after the title of the table.

All tables presented in the paper must be referenced in the text of the paper, must be numbered and accompanied by a title (see example below). If copied figures are used, the source of the photo will be indicated in parenthesis. As far as possible, the usual font (Nimbus Sans 12 pt) will be kept in the table, but there are also accepted ways to highlight

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important results (Bold, Italics, etc.)

A blank line (Nimbus Sans 12 pt) will be left between the text and the table. Tables will be centered.

	Yield stress, fy [N/mm2]			Tensile strength, fu [N/mm2]			
Element	Mill	Coupon tests		Mill	Coupon tests		
	certificate			certificate			
Beam IPE360	285.0	329.8	flange	427.0	463.2	flange	
		348.4 web			464.0 web		
Column	311.3	313.0	flange	446.0	449.8	flange	
HEB300		341.8 w	eb		464.4 w	reb	
End plate	281.0	248.3		424.7	416.0		
Cover plate	296.0	273.2		443.0	436.7		

Table 2.1: Example of a table

A reference to a table can be created: Table 2.1. To create a table, one can use https://www.tablesgenerator.com/latex_tables.

2.3 FORMULAE

Formulas used in the text will be numbered in order of appearance in the paper. Alternatively, formulas can be numbered in order in each chapter, including the chapter number. The numbering of formulas is done in round brackets. A blank line (arial 12 pt) will be left between the text and the formula. Formulas will be aligned to the right.

$$A = \pi r^2 \tag{2.1}$$

A reference to an equation can be created: (2.1).

2.4 **CODE**

```
public class Client {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal tiger = new Tiger();
        Animal parrot = new Parrot();
        tiger.breed(parrot);
}
```

Snippet 2.1: Subtype polymorphism example Snippet 2.1

Flexibility introduced by polymorphism can be seen in Snippet 2.1, lines (3), (4). Variables, tiger and parrot, being of type Animal, can refer to Tiger, or Parrot objects. Still, this flexibility becomes a problem when dealing with call such as that in line (5), since "breeding" makes sense only between objects having the same type.

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```
1 public class Client {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
3
                  Animal tiger = new Tiger();
4
                  Animal parrot = new Parrot();
5
                  tiger.breed(parrot);
6
          }
7 }
```

Snippet 2.2: Subtype polymorphism example Snippet 2.1

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3. CONCLUSIONS

```
public class Client {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal tiger = new Tiger();
        Animal parrot = new Parrot();
        tiger.breed(parrot);
}
```

Snippet 3.1: Subtype polymorphism example Snippet 2.2

The paper will end with a chapter of conclusions. It will contain the main results of the work and their practical implications. In the case of diploma projects, the main synthetic data obtained from the design process will be mentioned.

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At the end of the paper will be given a list of references for the scientific texts consulted during the work. All sources will be listed, including those on the internet. These will be referenced in the text and listed in alphabetical order, as in the examples below.

IMPORTANT: Citations are not entered manually, but by using the biblatex library. References can be generated with various external tools in .bib format and then inserted into the project structure in bibliography.bib. Further reading:

- Docs: https://mirrors.nxthost.com/ctan/macros/latex/contrib/bibl atex/doc/biblatex.pdf
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Bibliography should include all literature titles that have served as a basis for documentation, i.e. authors who have been quoted in the text, in all chapters of the thesis paper.

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- a. The name of the author indicated as the first initial of the first name, then the full name.
- b. The title of the article, the patent, the conference paper, etc., in quotation marks.
- c. The title of the magazine or book in italics. How the reference is written depends on the type of publication, please follow the instructions at the link above carefully.

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Each citation should be noted in the text using simple sequential numbers. A number in square brackets, placed in the text of the report, indicates the specific reference. Citations are numbered in the order in which they appear. Once a source has been cited, the same number is used in all subsequent references in the text. No distinction is made between electronic and printed sources, except for the details of the cited references.

Each reference number must be enclosed in square brackets on the same line as the text, before any punctuation mark, with a space before the parentheses.

Examples:

- a. ". . .the end of my research [13]."
- b. "The theory was first introduced in 1987 [1]."

The list of references in the bibliography is composed of all the sources used to document the paper and is made in the numerical order of the citation in the text and not in alphabetical order of the authors.

The identical insertion of a sentence or paragraph shall be made by including the page from the source used, but also by quotation marks and the use of Italics; for sources taken from the Internet, the page addresses shall be included; in the final bibliographic list the works shall be entered in the alphabetical order of the authors' names. For collective works, the rule of alphabetical order applies to the first author.

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The bibliographical sources the author of which cannot be mentioned should be specified as "***" followed by the name of the article and/or book, the publishing house and the place of appearance (for books), the volume, the issue, the first and last page of the quoted work, and the year of appearance.

*** https://ro.wikipedia.org/wiki/Motor accessed February 2022

Example: Einstein einstein, mentioning "The intuitive mind is a sacred gift."

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e_autenticitate_UPT_2020.pdf

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