

gRNA design for CRISPR interference (CRISPRi)

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Introduction

This tutorial will demonstrate how to use `crisprDesign` to design gRNAs for CRISPR interference (CRISPRi). Specifically, we will target the human KRAS gene and use the SpCas9 nuclease.

Installation

See the Installation tutorial to learn how to install the packages necessary for this tutorial: `crisprDesign`, `crisprDesignData`

Terminology

See the CRISPRko design tutorial to get familiar with the terminology used throughout this tutorial.

CRISPRi design

For CRISPR activation (CRISPRa) and interference (CRISPRi) applications, the CRISPR nuclease is engineered to lose its endonuclease activity, and should therefore not introduce double-stranded breaks (DSBs). We will use the dead SpCas9 (dSpCas9) nuclease as an example here. Note that users don't have to distinguish between dSpCas9 and SpCas9 when specifying the nuclease in the `crisprVerse` as they do not differ in terms of the characteristics stored in the `CrisprNuclease` object.

In CRISPRi, fusing dSpCas9 with a Krüppel-associated box (KRAB) domain has been shown to be effective at repressing transcription in mammalian cells (Gilbert et al. et al. 2013). The dSpCas9-KRAB fused protein is a commonly-used construct to conduct CRISPR inhibition (CRISPRi) experiments. To achieve optimal inhibition, gRNAs are usually designed targeting the region directly downstream of the gene transcription starting site (TSS).

`crisprDesign` provides functionalities to be able to take into account design rules that are specific to CRISPRi applications. The `queryTss` function allows for specifying genomic coordinates of promoter regions. The `addTssAnnotation` function annotates gRNAs for known TSSs, and includes a column `dist_to_tss` that gives the distance in nucleotides between the TSS position and the PAM site of the gRNA. For CRISPRi, we recommend targeting the region 25-75bp region downstream of the TSS for optimal inhibition; see Sanson et al. et al. (2018) for more information. Finally, the function `addCrispraiScores` adds CRISPRi-specific on-target activity scores based on the work of (Horlbeck et al. et al. 2016).

Creating the GuideSet

We first start by loading the required packages:

```
library(crisprBase)
library(crisprDesign)
```

```
library(crisprDesignData)
library(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg38)
```

To demonstrate CRISPRi design, we will design gRNAs to inhibit expression of the human KRAS gene using the SpCas9 nuclease. To accomplish this, we want our gRNAs to target the region downstream of the KRAS TSS; let's consider the window containing 500bp immediately downstream of the TSS to explore candidate gRNAs.

We first need to retrieve the TSS coordinates for KRAS. These data are conveniently stored in the `crisprDesignData` package as the dataset `tss_human`. For more information on `tss_human` and how to create similar TSS annotation objects, see the Building a gene annotation object tutorial.

We load the TSS coordinates stored in the `tss_human` object

```
data("tss_human", package="crisprDesignData")
```

and query for KRAS using the `queryTss` function from `crisprDesign`:

```
target_window <- c(0, 500)
target_region <- queryTss(tss_human,
                          queryColumn="gene_symbol",
                          queryValue="KRAS",
                          tss_window=target_window)
```

```
target_region
## GRanges object with 1 range and 9 metadata columns:
##           seqnames      ranges strand |      score peak_start peak_end
##           <Rle>        <IRanges> <Rle> | <numeric> <integer> <integer>
##  region_1   chr12 25250429-25250928   - |    5.20187   25250928   25250928
##           tx_id      gene_id      source      promoter
##           <character> <character> <character> <character>
##  region_1 ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703      fantom5      P1
##           ID gene_symbol
##           <character> <character>
##  region_1 ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS
##  -----
##  seqinfo: 25 sequences from an unspecified genome; no seqlengths
```

We load the `crisprNuclease` object storing information about the SpCas9 nuclease from the `crisprBase` package:

```
data(SpCas9, package="crisprBase")
```

We then find all candidate protospacer sequences in our target region with `findSpacers`:

```
gs <- findSpacers(target_region,
                  crisprNuclease=SpCas9,
                  bsgenome=BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg38)
```

```
gs
## GuideSet object with 160 ranges and 5 metadata columns:
##           seqnames      ranges strand |      protospacer      pam
##           <Rle>        <IRanges> <Rle> |      <DNAStringSet> <DNAStringSet>
##  spacer_1   chr12 25250434      - | GCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTCTG      GGG
##  spacer_2   chr12 25250435      - | AGCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTCT      GGG
##  spacer_3   chr12 25250436      - | GAGCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTC      TGG
##  spacer_4   chr12 25250443      - | TCCCCGAGAGCCGCGGCTGG      AGG
##  spacer_5   chr12 25250446      - | TCCTCCCGAGAGCCGCGGC      TGG
```

```
##      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
## spacer_156 chr12 25250915 - | ATTTTCCTAGGCGGCGGCCG CGG
## spacer_157 chr12 25250916 + | CGCTGCTGCCTCCGCGGCCG CGG
## spacer_158 chr12 25250921 - | AGCTCGATTTTCCTAGGCGG CGG
## spacer_159 chr12 25250924 - | CGGAGCTCGATTTTCCTAGG CGG
## spacer_160 chr12 25250928 + | CGCCGCCGCGGCCGCCGCT AGG
##      pam_site cut_site      region
##      <numeric> <numeric> <character>
## spacer_1 25250434 25250437 region_1
## spacer_2 25250435 25250438 region_1
## spacer_3 25250436 25250439 region_1
## spacer_4 25250443 25250446 region_1
## spacer_5 25250446 25250449 region_1
##      ...      ...      ...      ...
## spacer_156 25250915 25250918 region_1
## spacer_157 25250916 25250913 region_1
## spacer_158 25250921 25250924 region_1
## spacer_159 25250924 25250927 region_1
## spacer_160 25250928 25250925 region_1
## -----
## seqinfo: 640 sequences (1 circular) from hg38 genome
## crisprNuclease: SpCas9
```

Annotating the GuideSet

Next, we annotate our candidate gRNAs to assess quality. There are several functions in `crisprDesign` that provide annotation for features that are not specific to CRISPRi, for which we refer the reader to the CRISPRko design with Cas9 tutorial for more information. The sections below will cover annotation functions that are of particular interest to CRISPRi applications.

Adding TSS annotation

As the name implies, the `addTssAnnotation` function annotates gRNAs with TSS context such as the distance between the gRNA and the TSS, as well as which TSS is targeted (many genes contain different TSSs corresponding to different isoforms).

The function requires a `tssObject` object, and the `tss_window` values that we used earlier to define the target region. We can then retrieve the appended annotation with the accessor function `tssAnnotation`:

```
gs <- addTssAnnotation(gs,
                      tssObject=tss_human,
                      tss_window=target_window)
tssAnnotation(gs)
## DataFrame with 160 rows and 15 columns
##      chr anchor_site strand score peak_start peak_end
##      <factor> <integer> <factor> <numeric> <integer> <integer>
## spacer_1 chr12 25250437 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## spacer_2 chr12 25250438 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## spacer_3 chr12 25250439 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## spacer_4 chr12 25250446 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## spacer_5 chr12 25250449 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
## spacer_156 chr12 25250918 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## spacer_157 chr12 25250913 + 5.20187 25250928 25250928
```

```
## spacer_158 chr12 25250924 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## spacer_159 chr12 25250927 - 5.20187 25250928 25250928
## spacer_160 chr12 25250925 + 5.20187 25250928 25250928
##          tx_id          gene_id          source          promoter
##          <character>      <character> <character> <character>
## spacer_1  ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_2  ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_3  ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_4  ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_5  ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## ...      ...              ...              ...              ...
## spacer_156 ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_157 ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_158 ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_159 ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
## spacer_160 ENST00000256078 ENSG00000133703  fantom5          P1
##          tss_id gene_symbol  tss_strand  tss_pos dist_to_tss
##          <character> <character> <character> <integer> <numeric>
## spacer_1  ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928      491
## spacer_2  ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928      490
## spacer_3  ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928      489
## spacer_4  ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928      482
## spacer_5  ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928      479
## ...      ...              ...              ...              ...
## spacer_156 ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928      10
## spacer_157 ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928      15
## spacer_158 ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928       4
## spacer_159 ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928       1
## spacer_160 ENSG00000133703_P1      KRAS      - 25250928       3
```

Adding spacer alignments with TSS annotation

As with all CRISPR applications, potential off-targets effects are an important concern in assessing gRNA quality. While this concern is somewhat moderated for CRISPRi, since the dead CRISPR nuclease does not make DSBs, we should be aware of off-targets occurring in the promoter regions of other genes. This can be handled by passing our `tssObject` to the `addSpacerAlignments` function. We will search for up to 2 mismatches and increase the size of our `tss_window` (which defines the promoter region when searching for off-targets) to err on the safe side.

Similar to the CRISPRko design tutorial, we need to specify a Bowtie index of the human reference genome; see the Building genome indices for short read aligners tutorial to learn how to create such an index.

Here, we specify the index that was available to us when generating this tutorial:

```
# Users need to specify the path of their bowtie index
index_path <- "/Users/fortin2/crisprIndices/bowtie/hg38/hg38"
```

We are ready to add on- and off-target alignments:

```
gs <- addSpacerAlignments(gs,
  aligner="bowtie",
  aligner_index=index_path,
  bsgenome=BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg38,
  n_mismatches=2,
  tssObject=tss_human,
  tss_window=c(-500, 2000))
```

```

gs
## GuideSet object with 160 ranges and 13 metadata columns:
##          seqnames      ranges strand |          protospacer          pam
##          <Rle> <IRanges> <Rle> |          <DNAStringSet> <DNAStringSet>
## spacer_1      chr12 25250434      - | GCCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTCTG      GGG
## spacer_2      chr12 25250435      - | AGCCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTCT      GGG
## spacer_3      chr12 25250436      - | GAGCCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTC      TGG
## spacer_4      chr12 25250443      - | TCCCCGAGAGCCGCGGCTGG      AGG
## spacer_5      chr12 25250446      - | TCCTCCCCGAGAGCCGCGGC      TGG
## ...          ...          ...          ...          ...
## spacer_156    chr12 25250915      - | ATTTTCCTAGGCGGCGGCCG      CGG
## spacer_157    chr12 25250916      + | CGCTGCTGCCTCCGCCCGCG      CGG
## spacer_158    chr12 25250921      - | AGCTCGATTTTCCTAGGCGG      CGG
## spacer_159    chr12 25250924      - | CGGAGCTCGATTTTCCTAGG      CGG
## spacer_160    chr12 25250928      + | CGCCGCCGCGGCCGCCGCCT      AGG
##          pam_site cut_site      region      tssAnnotation      n0
##          <numeric> <numeric> <character> <SplitDataFrameList> <numeric>
## spacer_1      25250434 25250437      region_1 chr12:25250437:-:...      1
## spacer_2      25250435 25250438      region_1 chr12:25250438:-:...      1
## spacer_3      25250436 25250439      region_1 chr12:25250439:-:...      1
## spacer_4      25250443 25250446      region_1 chr12:25250446:-:...      1
## spacer_5      25250446 25250449      region_1 chr12:25250449:-:...      1
## ...          ...          ...          ...          ...
## spacer_156    25250915 25250918      region_1 chr12:25250918:-:...      1
## spacer_157    25250916 25250913      region_1 chr12:25250913:+:...      1
## spacer_158    25250921 25250924      region_1 chr12:25250924:-:...      1
## spacer_159    25250924 25250927      region_1 chr12:25250927:-:...      1
## spacer_160    25250928 25250925      region_1 chr12:25250925:+:...      1
##          n1          n2          n0_p          n1_p          n2_p
##          <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
## spacer_1          0          1          1          0          0
## spacer_2          0          1          1          0          0
## spacer_3          0          1          1          0          0
## spacer_4          0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_5          0          0          1          0          0
## ...          ...          ...          ...          ...
## spacer_156        0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_157        0         27          1          0         18
## spacer_158        0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_159        0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_160       18        160          1         17        121
##          alignments
##          <GRangesList>
## spacer_1      chr12:25250434:-,chr7:155971918:-
## spacer_2      chr12:25250435:-,chr3:184602035:+
## spacer_3      chr12:25250436:-,chr3:184602034:+
## spacer_4      chr12:25250443:-
## spacer_5      chr12:25250446:-
## ...          ...
## spacer_156    chr12:25250915:-
## spacer_157    chr12:25250916:+,chr2:55050346:+,chr20:21397165:+,...
## spacer_158    chr12:25250921:-
## spacer_159    chr12:25250924:-

```

```
## spacer_160 chr12:25250928:+,chr17:49361951:+,chr1:3069055:-,...
## -----
## seqinfo: 640 sequences (1 circular) from hg38 genome
## crisprNuclease: SpCas9
```

Including a `tssObject` parameter in the `addSpacerAlignments` function appends columns to the `GuideSet` that tallies the alignments restricted to the defined (via `tss_window`) promoter regions: `n0_p`, `n1_p`, and `n2_p` (the `_p` suffix denotes “promoter”).

Adding CRISPRai scores

The CRISPRai algorithm was developed by the Weissman lab to score SpCas9 gRNAs for CRISPRa and CRISPRi applications for the human genome (Horlbeck et al. et al. 2016). The function `addCrispraiScores` implements this algorithm to add scores to the `GuideSet`. Compared to other on-target scoring algorithms, it requires several additional inputs:

- The `gr` argument is the `GRanges` object derived from the `queryTss` function and used to create the `GuideSet` object. In our example, this is the object named `target_region`.
- The `tssObject` argument is a `GRanges` object that contains TSS coordinates and annotation. It must also contain the following columns: `ID`, `promoter`, `tx_id`, and `gene_symbol`. Our `tssObject` in this instance is `tss_human`.
- `geneCol` indicates which column of `tssObject` should be used as the unique gene identifier.
- `modality` is the modality of the CRISPR application, in our case, `CRISPRi`.
- `fastaFile` is the path of a FASTA file containing the sequence of the human reference genome in hg38 coordinates. This file is available [here](#).
- `chromatinFiles` is a vector of length 3 specifying the path of files containing the chromatin accessibility data needed for the algorithm in hg38 coordinates. The chromatin files can be downloaded from Zenodo [here](#).

We first prepare all needed inputs for `addCrispraiScores`. We start by specifying the location of the FASTA file on our local machine:

```
fastaPath <- "/Users/fortinj2/crisprIndices/genomes/hg38/hg38.fa"
```

This corresponds to the path where the downloaded file from [here](#) is stored. Next, we specify the location of the chromatin files:

```
mnasePath <- "/Users/fortinj2/crisprIndices/chromatin/hg38/crispria_mnase_human_K562_hg38.bigWig"
dnasePath <- "/Users/fortinj2/crisprIndices/chromatin/hg38/crispria_dnase_human_K562_hg38.bigWig"
fairePath <- "/Users/fortinj2/crisprIndices/chromatin/hg38/crispria_faire_human_K562_hg38.bigWig"
chromatinFiles <- c(mnase=mnasePath,
                    dnase=dnasePath,
                    faire=fairePath)
```

This should correspond to the files that were downloaded from [here](#).

We are now ready to add the scores:

```
results <- addCrispraiScores(gs,
                             gr=target_region,
                             tssObject=tss_human,
                             geneCol="gene_id",
                             modality="CRISPRi",
                             fastaFile=fastaPath,
                             chromatinFiles=chromatinFiles)
```

Let's look at the results:

```
results
```

```
## GuideSet object with 160 ranges and 14 metadata columns:
```

```
##          seqnames      ranges strand |          protospacer          pam
##          <Rle> <IRanges> <Rle> |          <DNAStringSet> <DNAStringSet>
## spacer_1      chr12 25250434      - | GCCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTCTG      GGG
## spacer_2      chr12 25250435      - | AGCCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTCT      GGG
## spacer_3      chr12 25250436      - | GAGCCGCGGCTGGAGGCTTC      TGG
## spacer_4      chr12 25250443      - | TCCCCGAGAGCCGCGGCTGG      AGG
## spacer_5      chr12 25250446      - | TCCTCCCGAGAGCCGCGGC      TGG
##          ...          ...          ...          .          ...          ...
## spacer_156    chr12 25250915      - | ATTTTCCTAGGCGGCGGCCG      CGG
## spacer_157    chr12 25250916      + | CGCTGCTGCCTCCGCCGCCG      CGG
## spacer_158    chr12 25250921      - | AGCTCGATTTTCCTAGGCGG      CGG
## spacer_159    chr12 25250924      - | CGGAGCTCGATTTTCCTAGG      CGG
## spacer_160    chr12 25250928      + | CGCCGCCGCGGCCCGCCGCT      AGG
##          pam_site cut_site      region      tssAnnotation      n0
##          <numeric> <numeric> <character> <SplitDataFrameList> <numeric>
## spacer_1      25250434 25250437 region_1 chr12:25250437:-:...      1
## spacer_2      25250435 25250438 region_1 chr12:25250438:-:...      1
## spacer_3      25250436 25250439 region_1 chr12:25250439:-:...      1
## spacer_4      25250443 25250446 region_1 chr12:25250446:-:...      1
## spacer_5      25250446 25250449 region_1 chr12:25250449:-:...      1
##          ...          ...          ...          ...          ...          ...
## spacer_156    25250915 25250918 region_1 chr12:25250918:-:...      1
## spacer_157    25250916 25250913 region_1 chr12:25250913:+:...      1
## spacer_158    25250921 25250924 region_1 chr12:25250924:-:...      1
## spacer_159    25250924 25250927 region_1 chr12:25250927:-:...      1
## spacer_160    25250928 25250925 region_1 chr12:25250925:+:...      1
##          n1          n2          n0_p          n1_p          n2_p
##          <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
## spacer_1          0          1          1          0          0
## spacer_2          0          1          1          0          0
## spacer_3          0          1          1          0          0
## spacer_4          0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_5          0          0          1          0          0
##          ...          ...          ...          ...          ...
## spacer_156        0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_157        0         27          1          0         18
## spacer_158        0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_159        0          0          1          0          0
## spacer_160       18        160          1         17        121
##          alignments
##          <GRangesList>
## spacer_1      chr12:25250434:-,chr7:155971918:-
## spacer_2      chr12:25250435:-,chr3:184602035:+
## spacer_3      chr12:25250436:-,chr3:184602034:+
## spacer_4      chr12:25250443:-
## spacer_5      chr12:25250446:-
##          ...          ...
## spacer_156    chr12:25250915:-
## spacer_157    chr12:25250916:+,chr2:55050346:+,chr20:21397165:+,...
## spacer_158    chr12:25250921:-
## spacer_159    chr12:25250924:-
```



```
## spacer_160 chr12:25250928:+,chr17:49361951:+,chr1:3069055:-,...
## score_crispri
## <numeric>
## spacer_1 0.372821
## spacer_2 0.356982
## spacer_3 0.390816
## spacer_4 0.421704
## spacer_5 0.408481
## ...
## spacer_156 0.599555
## spacer_157 0.666575
## spacer_158 0.599259
## spacer_159 0.565775
## spacer_160 0.636552
## -----
## seqinfo: 640 sequences (1 circular) from hg38 genome
## crisprNuclease: SpCas9
```

You can see that the column `score_crispri` was added to the `GuideSet`. Note that this function works identically for CRISPRa applications, with the `modality` argument replaced by `CRISPRa`.

Session Info

```
sessionInfo()

## R version 4.2.1 (2022-06-23)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin17.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS Catalina 10.15.7
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.2/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.2/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats4 stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods
## [8] base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg38_1.4.4 BSgenome_1.65.2
## [3] rtracklayer_1.57.0 Biostrings_2.65.2
## [5] XVector_0.37.0 GenomicRanges_1.49.1
## [7] GenomeInfoDb_1.33.5 IRanges_2.31.2
## [9] S4Vectors_0.35.1 crisprDesignData_0.99.17
## [11] crisprDesign_0.99.133 crisprScore_1.1.14
## [13] crisprScoreData_1.1.3 ExperimentHub_2.5.0
## [15] AnnotationHub_3.5.0 BiocFileCache_2.5.0
## [17] dbplyr_2.2.1 BiocGenerics_0.43.1
## [19] crisprBowtie_1.1.1 crisprBase_1.1.5
## [21] crisprVerse_0.99.8 rmarkdown_2.15.2
##
```



```

## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] rjson_0.2.21                ellipsis_0.3.2
## [3] Rbowtie_1.37.0              bit64_4.0.5
## [5] lubridate_1.8.0             interactiveDisplayBase_1.35.0
## [7] AnnotationDbi_1.59.1        fansi_1.0.3
## [9] xml2_1.3.3                  codetools_0.2-18
## [11] cachem_1.0.6                knitr_1.40
## [13] jsonlite_1.8.0              Rsamtools_2.13.4
## [15] png_0.1-7                   shiny_1.7.2
## [17] BiocManager_1.30.18         readr_2.1.2
## [19] compiler_4.2.1              httr_1.4.4
## [21] basilisk_1.9.2              assertthat_0.2.1
## [23] Matrix_1.4-1                fastmap_1.1.0
## [25] cli_3.3.0                   later_1.3.0
## [27] htmltools_0.5.3             prettyunits_1.1.1
## [29] tools_4.2.1                 glue_1.6.2
## [31] GenomeInfoDbData_1.2.8      dplyr_1.0.9
## [33] rappdirs_0.3.3              tinytex_0.41
## [35] Rcpp_1.0.9                  Biobase_2.57.1
## [37] vctrs_0.4.1                 crisprBwa_1.1.3
## [39] xfun_0.32                   stringr_1.4.1
## [41] mime_0.12                   lifecycle_1.0.1
## [43] restfulr_0.0.15             XML_3.99-0.10
## [45] zlibbioc_1.43.0             basilisk.utils_1.9.1
## [47] vroom_1.5.7                 VariantAnnotation_1.43.3
## [49] hms_1.1.2                   promises_1.2.0.1
## [51] MatrixGenerics_1.9.1        parallel_4.2.1
## [53] SummarizedExperiment_1.27.1 RMariaDB_1.2.2
## [55] yaml_2.3.5                  curl_4.3.2
## [57] memoise_2.0.1               reticulate_1.25
## [59] biomaRt_2.53.2              stringi_1.7.8
## [61] RSQLite_2.2.16              BiocVersion_3.16.0
## [63] highr_0.9                   BiocIO_1.7.1
## [65] randomForest_4.7-1.1        GenomicFeatures_1.49.6
## [67] filelock_1.0.2              BiocParallel_1.31.12
## [69] rlang_1.0.4                 pkgconfig_2.0.3
## [71] matrixStats_0.62.0          bitops_1.0-7
## [73] evaluate_0.16               lattice_0.20-45
## [75] purrr_0.3.4                 GenomicAlignments_1.33.1
## [77] bit_4.0.4                   tidyselect_1.1.2
## [79] magrittr_2.0.3              R6_2.5.1
## [81] generics_0.1.3              DelayedArray_0.23.1
## [83] DBI_1.1.3                   pillar_1.8.1
## [85] KEGGREST_1.37.3             RCurl_1.98-1.8
## [87] tibble_3.1.8                dir.expiry_1.5.0
## [89] crayon_1.5.1                utf8_1.2.2
## [91] tzdb_0.3.0                  progress_1.2.2
## [93] grid_4.2.1                  blob_1.2.3
## [95] digest_0.6.29               xtable_1.8-4
## [97] httpuv_1.6.5                Rbwa_1.1.0

```

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