What this code is about

The Padé approximant to a given formal power series expansion $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \kappa^n$, is given by

$$P_M^N(\kappa) = \frac{\sum_{n=0}^N A_n \kappa^n}{\sum_{n=0}^M B_n \kappa^n}, \quad B_0 = 1,$$
 (1)

where

$$\mathbf{M} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \vdots \\ B_M \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} a_{N+1} \\ a_{N+2} \\ \vdots \\ a_{N+M} \end{bmatrix}, \tag{2}$$

With $\mathbf{M}_{i,j} = a_{N+i-j} (1 \leq i, j \leq M)$. The coefficients in the numerator are

$$A_n = \sum_{j=0}^n a_{n-j} B_j, \ 0 \le n \le N.$$
 (3)

The c++ code constant.cpp solves the system (2) for the coefficients B_j and writes to the file Constant.txt. The matrix \mathbf{M} and the vector at the right-hand side of (2) are populated by the coefficients a_n 's which are read-in from the file ../moments/moments.txt. We apply the Pade approximant to the nonalternating divergent weak-field expansion for the Heisenberg-Euler Lagrangian in the case of a purely electric background given in equation (3.3),

$$f(\kappa) = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} a_n \kappa^n, \qquad a_n = (-1)^n (2n-3)! c_n, \qquad c_n = \frac{2-2^{2n}}{(2n)!} B_{2n},$$
 (4)

as $\kappa \to 0$, where B_{2n} are the Bernoulli numbers. The file run.sh encapsulates commands to build and run the application using the CMakeLists.txt on local machine running on Ubuntu 24.04.