## Intermediate Representation (IR) grammar

( $N^*$  denotes 0, 1 or more repetitions of N)

```
IRProgram → StringsBlock IRStm*
StringsBlock \rightarrow strings \{ StringDef^* \}
StringDef
                 \rightarrow id: STRING
IRStm
                 \rightarrow MOVE ( TEMP id , IRExp )
                 \rightarrow MOVE ( MEM ( IRExp ) , IRExp )
                 \rightarrow NOOP
                 \rightarrow JUMP ( IRExp )
                 \rightarrow CJUMP ( IRExp , op , IRExp , id , id )
                 \rightarrow EXP ( IRExp )
                 \rightarrow LABEL id
                 \rightarrow SEQ ( IRExp , IRExp )
                 \rightarrow PROLOGUE ( POSINT , POSINT )
                 \rightarrow EPILOGUE ( POSINT , POSINT )
IRExp
                 \rightarrow BINOP ( IRExp , op , IRExp )
                 \rightarrow CALL ( IRExp Arg*)
                 \rightarrow CONST IntLit
                 \rightarrow MEM ( IRExp )
                 \rightarrow TEMP id
                 \rightarrow NAME id
                 \rightarrow ESEQ ( IRStm , IRExp )
IntLit
                 \rightarrow POSINT
                 \rightarrow NEGINT
                 \rightarrow , IRExp
Arg
```

Additional information about the terminal symbols:

STRING is a sequence of arbitrary characters enclosed in quotation marks, for example: "Th&\_%\$is 12is a3@ STRING." [Note: there is no syntax for escaping characters, so a STRING cannot include the "character.]

op is one of the following: LT LE EQ ADD SUB MUL DIV

id is a non-empty sequence of letters, underscores, **@** symbols, dots (the character) and digits, starting with a non-digit

*POSINT* is a non-empty sequence of digits [Note: **0** is a *POSINT*!]

NEGINT is a minus-sign followed by a non-empty sequence of digits

There is no syntax for comments.