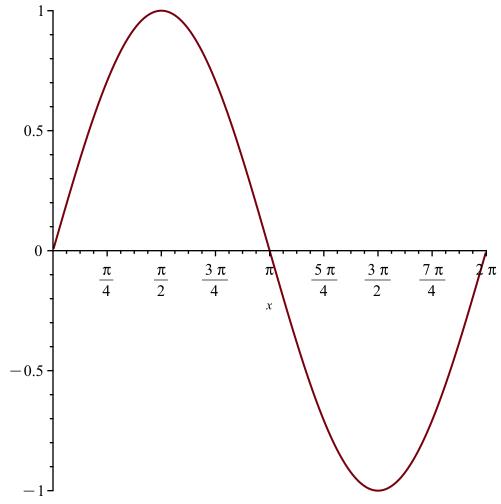
$$\begin{vmatrix} > evalf\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) & 0.5000000000 \\ > evalf\left(exp(1)\right); & 2.718281828 & (2) \\ > evalf\left(sqrt(3.0)\right); & 1.732050808 & (3) \\ > evalf\left(sin(0.1)\right); & 0.09983341665 & (5) \\ > a := \left(x^2 + 2x - 1\right)^3 \cdot \left(x^2 - 2\right); & a := \left(x^2 + 2x - 1\right)^3 \left(x^2 - 2\right) & (6) \\ > b := \left(x + n\right)^5; & b := \left(x + n\right)^5 & (7) \\ > expand(a); & x^8 + 6x^7 + 7x^6 - 16x^5 - 27x^4 + 14x^3 + 17x^2 - 12x + 2 & (8) \\ > expand(b); & x^5 + 5x^4x + 10x^3x^2 + 10x^2x^3 + 5xx^4 + x^5 & (9) \\ > a := a' & a := a & (10) \\ > b := b' & b := b & (11) \\ > factor\left(\frac{2x^2}{x^3 - 1}\right) + factor\left(\frac{3x}{x^2 - 1}\right); & \frac{2x^2}{\left(x - 1\right)\left(x^2 + x + 1\right)} + \frac{3x}{\left(x - 1\right)\left(x + 1\right)} & (12) \\ > factor\left(\frac{2x^2}{x^3 - 1} + \frac{3\cdot x}{x^2 - 1}\right); & \frac{x\left(5x^2 + 5x + 3\right)}{\left(x - 1\right)\left(x^2 + x + 1\right)\left(x + 1\right)} & (13) \\ > simplify\left(\sin(x)^2 + \cos(x)^2, nrig\right); & 1 & (15) \\ > subs(x = 1, \exp(x) + \ln(x)); & 1 & (15) \\ > subs(x = 1, \exp(x) + \ln(x)); & 1 & (15) \\ > subs(x = 1, \exp(x) + \ln(x)); & 1 & (15) \\ > subs(x = 1, \exp(x) + \ln(x)); & (15) \\ > subs(x = 1, \exp(x) + \ln(x) +$$

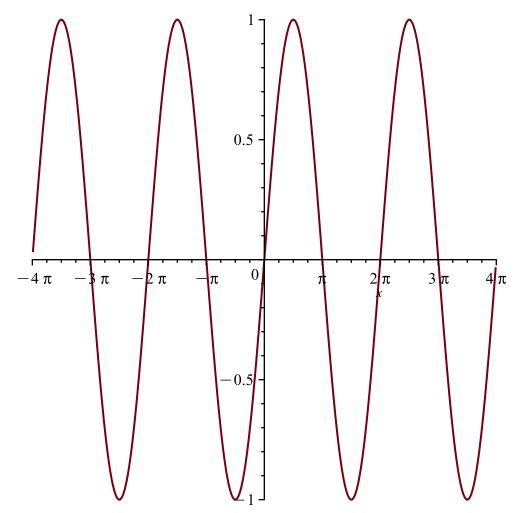
```
e + ln(1)
                                                                                                                   (16)
 \rightarrow evalf (subs(x = 1, exp(x) + ln(x)));
                                                  2.718281828
                                                                                                                   (17)
> solve(X^2 - 4X + 3 = 0, X);
> solve(x^2y + 2y - x = 0, y);
                                                        3, 1
                                                                                                                   (18)
                                                                                                                   (19)
  \Rightarrow fsolve(x - \cos(x) = 0, x); 
                                                  0.7390851332
                                                                                                                   (20)
 = fsolve(x^5 - 3x^3 - 1 = 0, x);
-1.668777593, -0.7418139305, 1.782308780
                                                                                                                   (21)
 > solve(\{4x + 3y = 10, 3x - y = 1\}, \{x, y\});
                                                  \{x=1, y=2\}
                                                                                                                   (22)
 f := (x) \rightarrow \exp(x) - \sin(x)
                                            f := x \mapsto e^x - \sin(x)
                                                                                                                   (23)
 \rightarrow evalf (f(0));
                                                                                                                   (24)
 > eval(f(-1));
                                                  e^{-1} + \sin(1)
                                                                                                                   (25)
 > D(f) (0);
                                                                                                                   (26)
 > D(f)(-1);
                                                  e^{-1} - \cos(1)
                                                                                                                   (27)
 \overline{\ } > diff (f(x),x);
                                                   e^x - \cos(x)
                                                                                                                   (28)
 > (D@@2)(f);
                                                 x \mapsto e^x + \sin(x)
                                                                                                                   (29)
 > D(f);
                                                x \mapsto e^x - \cos(x)
                                                                                                                   (30)
 \rightarrow diff(f(x), x$2);
                                                   e^x + \sin(x)
                                                                                                                   (31)
\rightarrow int(f(x),x);
                                                   \cos(x) + e^x
> int(f(x), x = -1..1);
> f := 'f'
                                                                                                                   (32)
                                                                                                                   (33)
                                                                                                                   (34)
```

```
> g := \exp(x) - \sin(x);
                                              g := e^x - \sin(x)
                                                                                                               (35)
\Rightarrow eval(g, x=0);
                                                                                                               (36)
> D(g);
                                            D(e^x) - D(\sin(x))
                                                                                                               (37)
 g1 := diff(g, x); 
                                             g1 := e^x - \cos(x)
                                                                                                               (38)
f := e^x + \sin(x)
                                                                                                               (39)
> g1(0);
                                           \left(e^{x}\right)(0) - \cos(x)(0)
                                                                                                               (40)
\rightarrow eval(g1, x = 0);
                                                       0
                                                                                                               (41)
> eval(f, x = 0);
                                                                                                               (42)
\rightarrow int(g, x);
                                                 \cos(x) + e^x
                                                                                                               (43)
\rightarrow int(g, x = -1 ..1);
                                                                                                               (44)
1
                                                                                                               (45)
 | = \lim_{x \to \infty} \left( \frac{(\cos(x) + 1)}{x - \text{Pi}}, x = \text{Pi} \right); 
                                                       0
                                                                                                               (46)
```

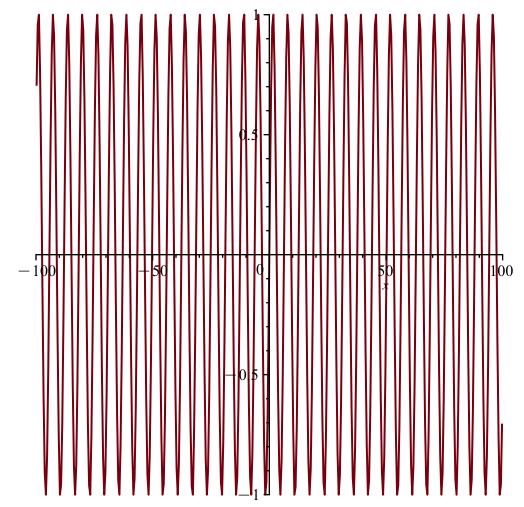
= $plot(\sin(x), x = 0..2 \text{ Pi});$



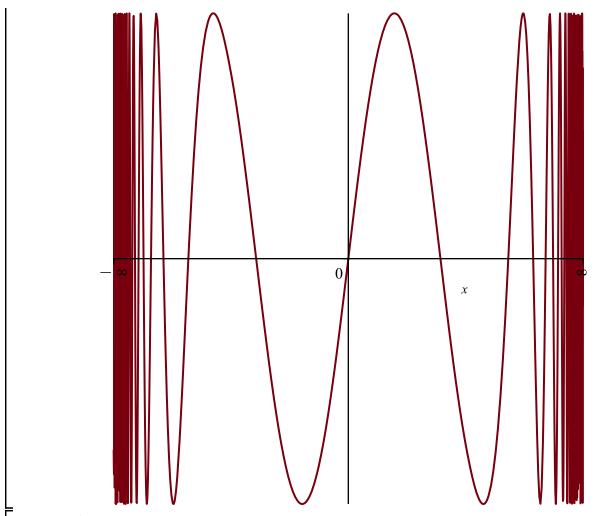
 $plot(\sin(x), x = -4 \text{ Pi ...4 Pi});$

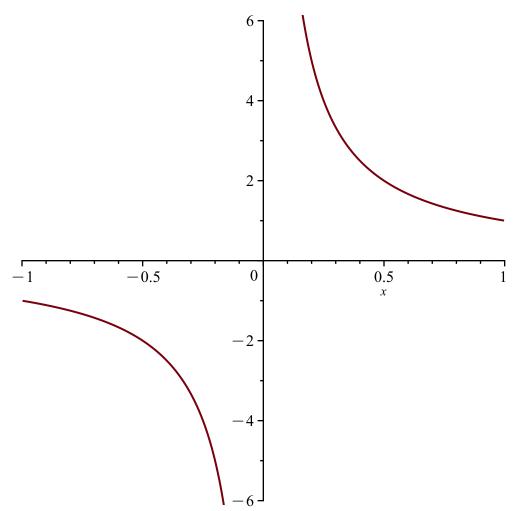


> $plot(\sin(x), x = -100..100);$



> $plot(\sin(x), x = -\inf \text{infinity..infinity});$



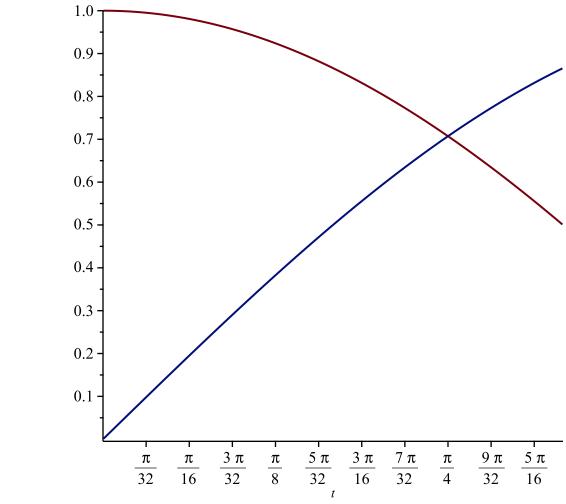


>
$$plot\left(\left[\cos(t), t=0...\frac{\text{Pi}}{6}\right]\right);$$

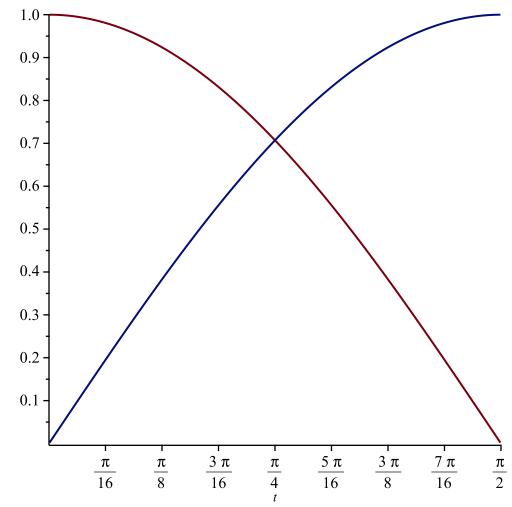
Error, (in plot) inco

Error, (in plot) incorrect first argument [cos(t), t = 0 .. 1/6*Pil

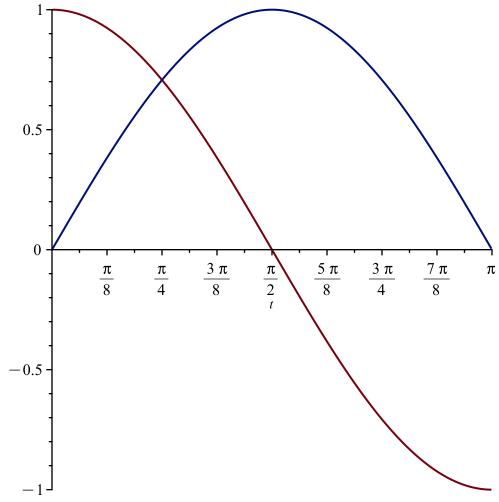
>
$$plot\left(\left[\cos(t),\sin(t)\right],t=0...\frac{\text{Pi}}{3}\right);$$



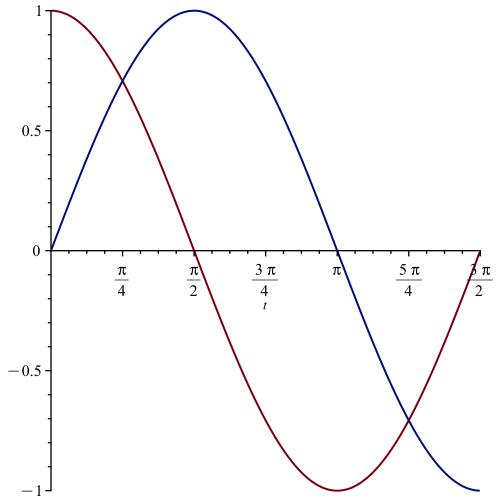
> $plot([\cos(t), \sin(t)], t=0...\frac{Pi}{2});$



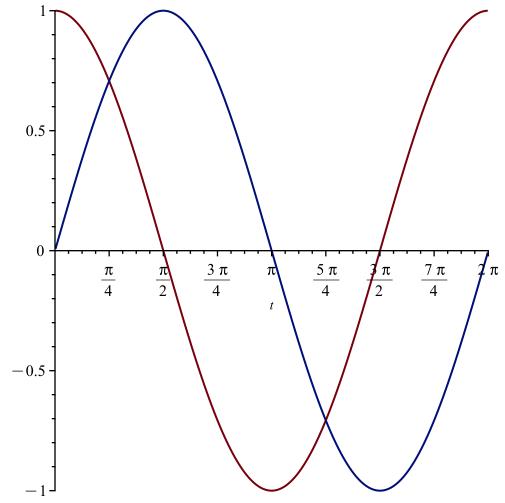
> $plot([\cos(t), \sin(t)], t = 0...Pi);$



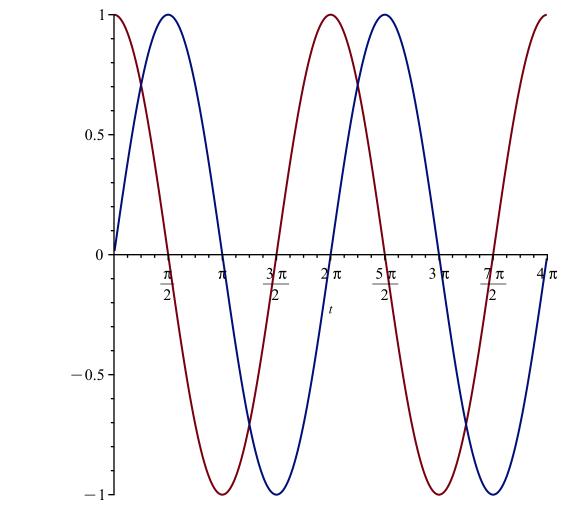
$$-1$$
> $plot\left(\left[\cos(t), \sin(t)\right], t = 0... \frac{3 \text{ Pi}}{2}\right);$

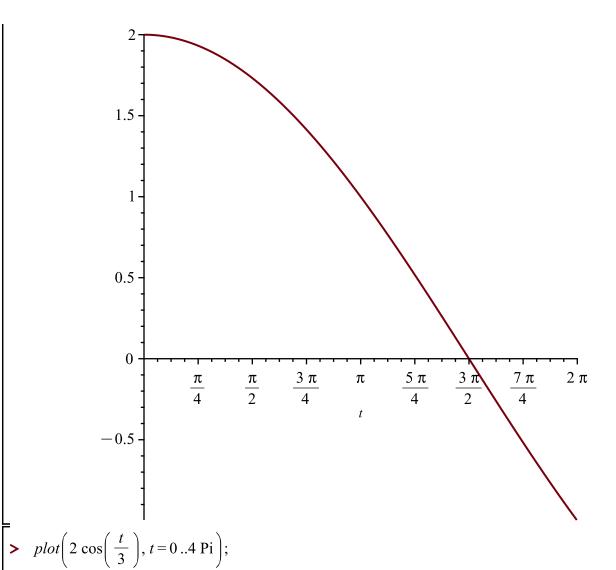


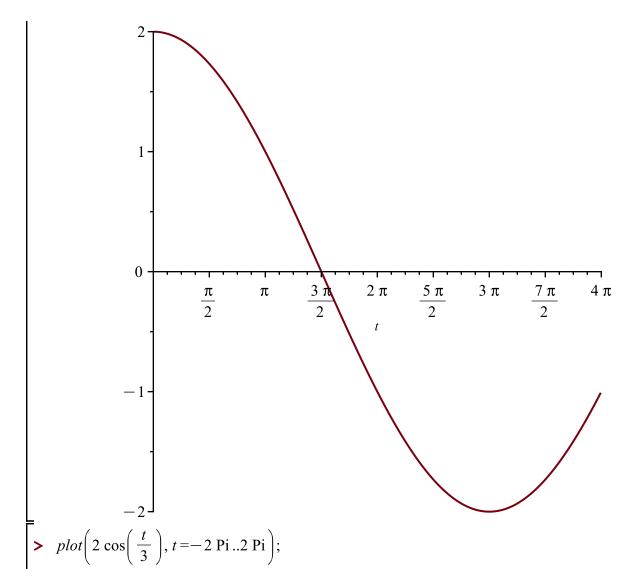
 $plot([\cos(t), \sin(t)], t = 0..2 \text{ Pi});$

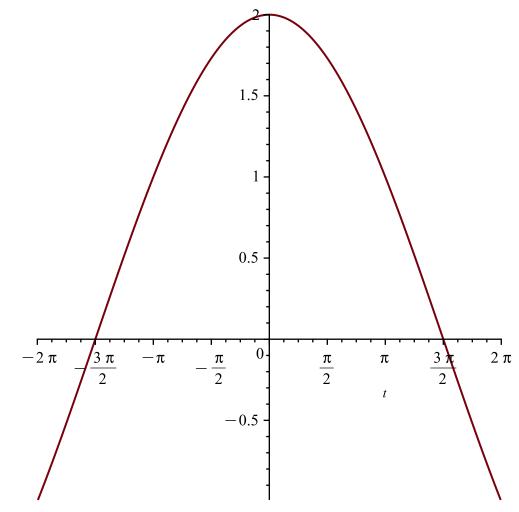


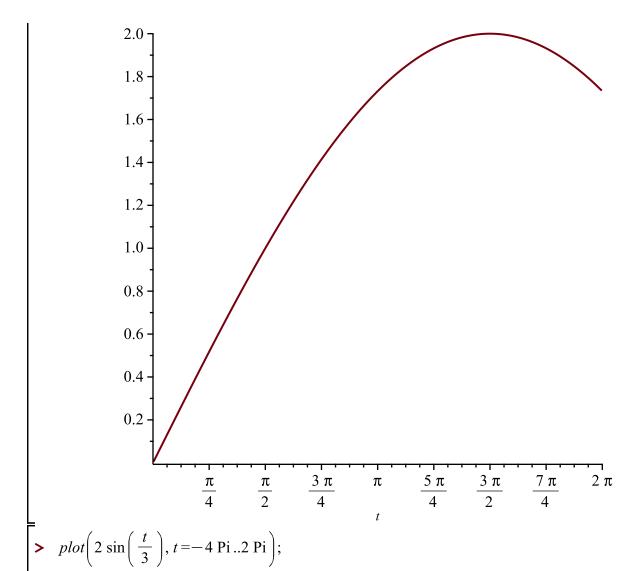
 \rightarrow plot([cos(t), sin(t)], t=0..4 Pi);

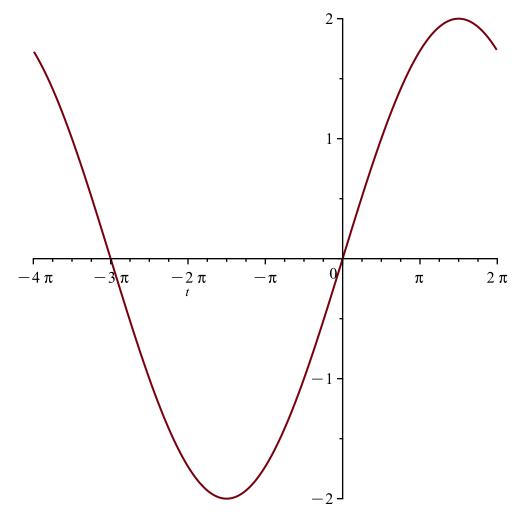


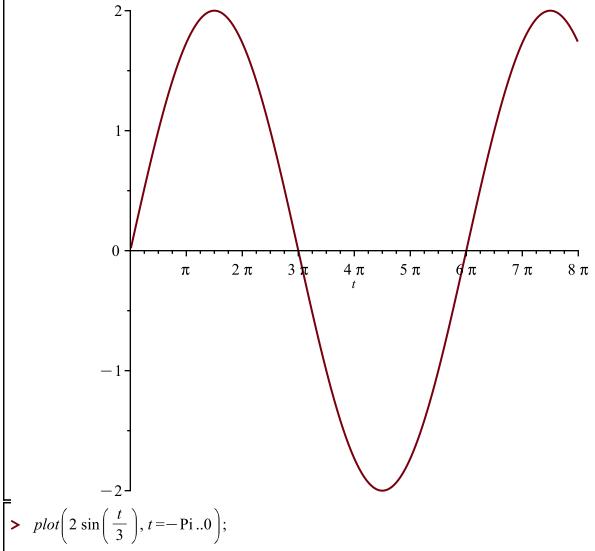




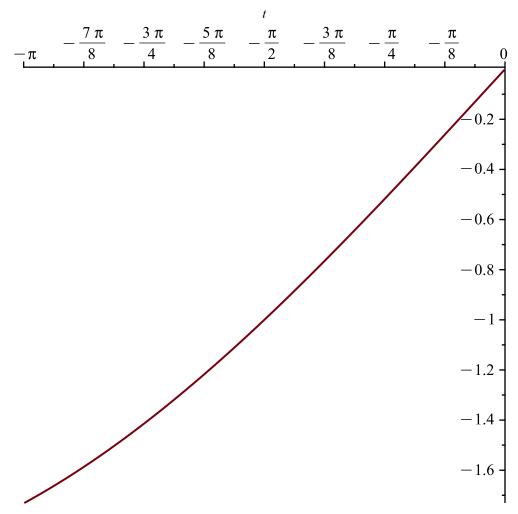








>
$$plot\left(2\sin\left(\frac{t}{3}\right), t=-\text{Pi..0}\right)$$

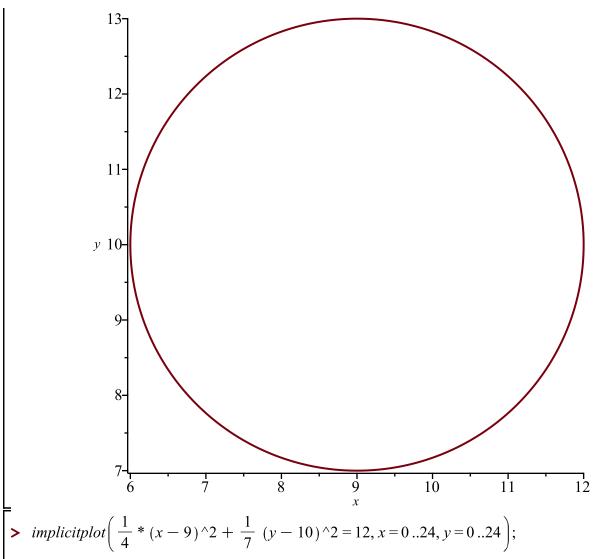


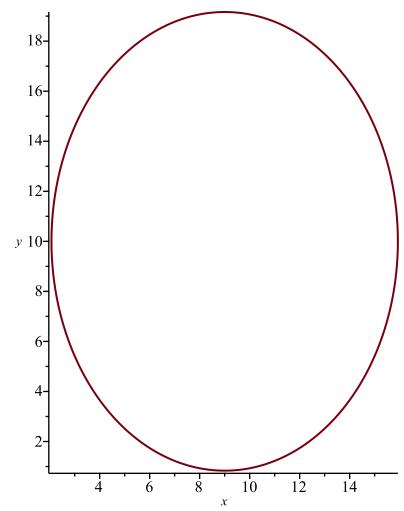
> with(plots);

[animate, animate3d, animatecurve, arrow, changecoords, complexplot, complexplot3d, conformal, conformal3d, contourplot, contourplot3d, coordplot, coordplot3d, densityplot, display, dualaxisplot, fieldplot, fieldplot3d, gradplot, gradplot3d, implicitplot, implicitplot3d, inequal, interactive, interactiveparams, intersectplot, listcontplot, listcontplot3d, listdensityplot, listplot, listplot3d, loglogplot, logplot, matrixplot, multiple, odeplot, pareto, plotcompare, pointplot, pointplot3d, polarplot, polygonplot, polygonplot3d, polyhedra_supported, polyhedraplot, rootlocus, semilogplot, setcolors, setoptions, setoptions3d, shadebetween, spacecurve, sparsematrixplot, surfdata, textplot, textplot3d, tubeplot]

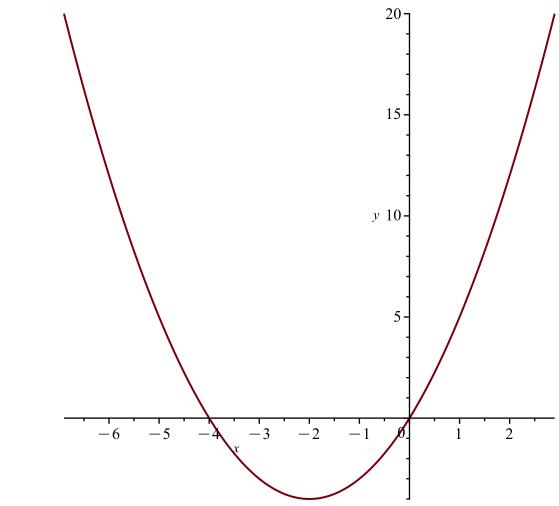
(47)

> implicitplot($(x-9)^2 + (y-10)^2 = 9, x = 4..14, y = 5..15$);

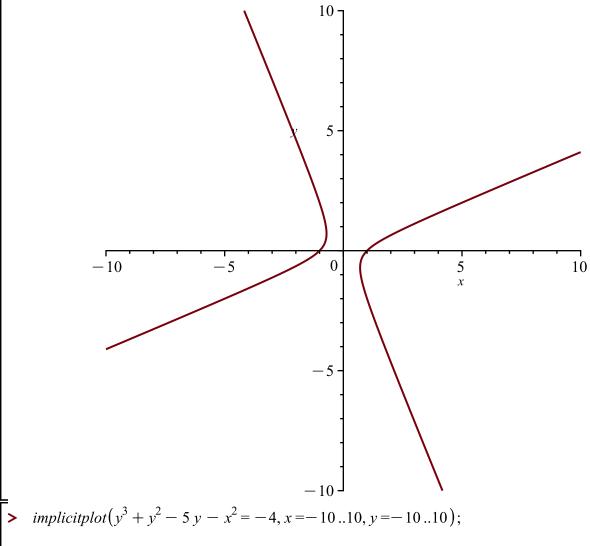


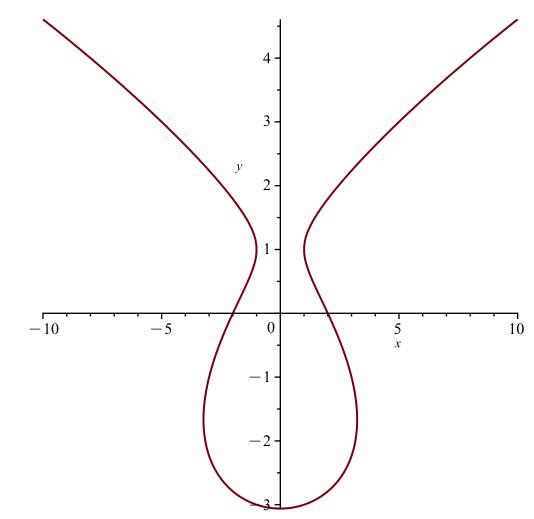


> $implicit plot(y = x^2 + 4 x, x = -10..10, y = -20..20);$



> implicit plot $(x^2 - 2 \cdot x \cdot y - y^2 = 1, x = -10..10, y = -10..10);$





 $\Rightarrow plot3d(H(x,y), x=-4..4, y=-4..4);$

