

Week 2

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Task 2 - Exploratory Data Analysis

Exploratory Analysis and Word Frequencies

Based on tokenization, we can explore the words in the corpus. A possible function would be to create a clean tokenized list of vectors, unlist the contents, and return a frequency table as a data frame.

```
getTokens<-function(x){  
  words<-cleanToken(x)  
  wordslist<-unlist(words)  
  as.data.frame(table(wordslist))  
}
```

```
sample1<-sampleReader("blogs",5)  
sample1[4]
```

```
[1] "so anyways, i am going to share some home decor inspiration that i have been storing in my folder"
```

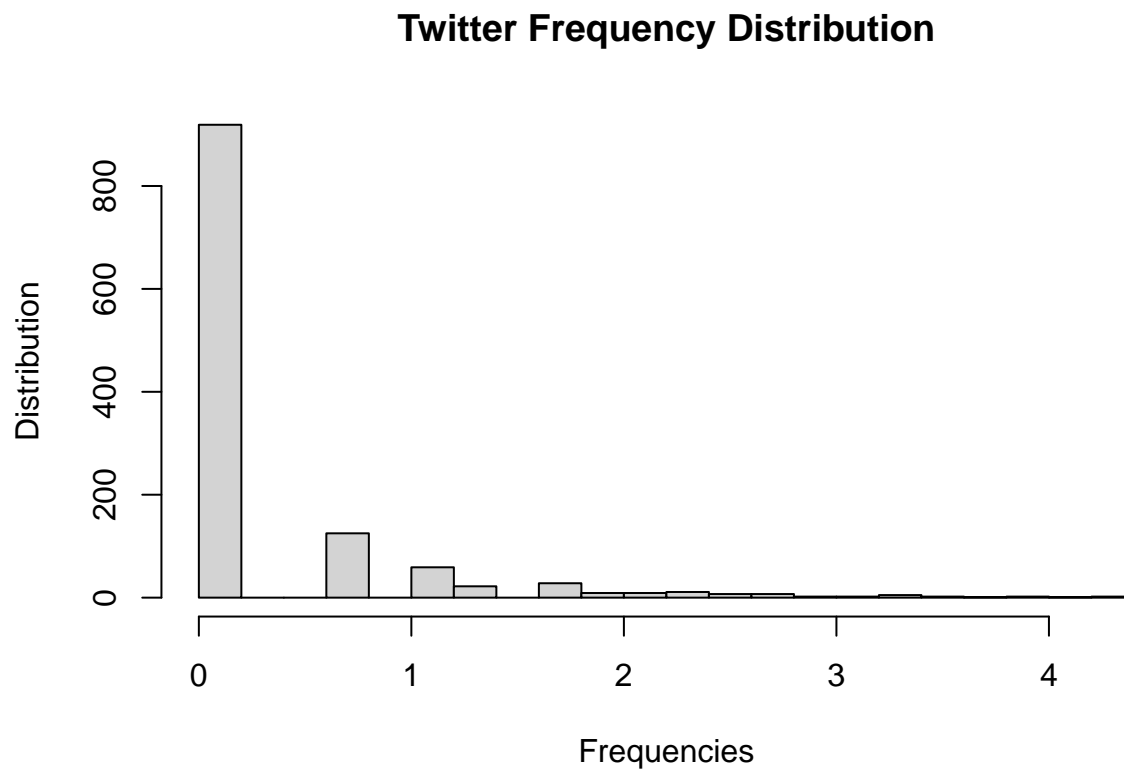
```
tokens1<-getTokens(sample1)  
head(tokens1)
```

	wordslist	Freq
1	a	3
2	after	2
3	all	3
4	almost	1
5	also	1
6	am	1

In each data set, a random sample of 200 lines has the following frequency distribution:

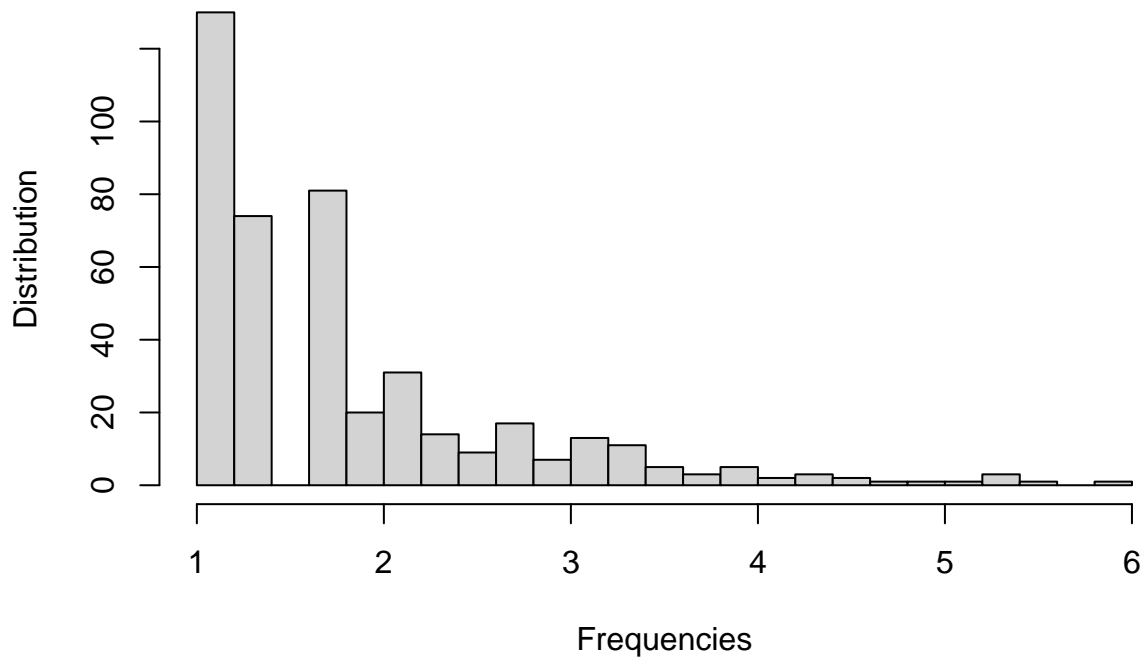
```
set.seed=322021  
twitter<-sampleReader("twitter")  
sampleTwitter<-sample(twitter,size=200,replace=F)  
rm(twitter)  
blog<-sampleReader("blogs")  
sampleBlog<-sample(blog,size=200,replace=F)  
rm(blog)  
news<-sampleReader("news")  
sampleNews<-sample(news,size=200,replace=F)  
rm(news)  
twitterToken<-getTokens(sampleTwitter)  
blogToken<-getTokens(sampleBlog)  
newsToken<-getTokens(sampleNews)
```

```
hist(log(twitterToken$Freq),main="Twitter Frequency Distribution",xlab="Frequencies",
     ylab="Distribution",breaks=20)
```



```
hist(log(subset(blogToken,Freq>2)$Freq),main="Twitter Frequency Distributions greater than 2",
     xlab="Frequencies",ylab="Distribution",breaks=20)
```

Twitter Frequency Distributions greater than 2



The words with the highest counts in each of the 3 English corpora are:

BLOGS:

```
maxBlog<-subset(blogToken,Freq %in% head(sort(blogToken$Freq,decreasing=TRUE),10))
maxBlog[order(maxBlog$Freq,decreasing=TRUE),]
```

	wordslst	Freq
2441	the	337
92	and	228
2490	to	209
1	a	189
1700	of	185
1178	I	161
1205	in	127
1250	is	114
2439	that	96
1255	it	94

NEWS:

```
maxNews<-subset(newsToken,Freq %in% head(sort(newsToken$Freq,decreasing=TRUE),10))
maxNews[order(maxNews$Freq,decreasing=TRUE),]
```

	wordslst	Freq
2349	the	307
1	a	162
2391	to	156
1612	of	147
101	and	139

1166	in	123
2030	s	81
914	for	73
2347	that	61
1222	is	57

TWITTER:

```
maxTwitter<-subset(twitterToken,Freq %in% head(sort(twitterToken$Freq,decreasing=TRUE),10))
maxTwitter[order(maxTwitter$Freq,decreasing=TRUE),]
```

	wordslst	Freq
1014	the	71
505	I	67
1052	to	64
40	and	48
1	a	47
1206	you	40
376	for	30
515	in	30
529	is	29
723	of	29
735	on	29

N-Gram Frequency