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# APIs and Execution of Dataflow Programs

*Behrouz Derakhshan, Jeyhun Karimov, Gábor Gévay, Quoc Cuong To*



*Slides prepared by Jonas Traub, Gábor Gévay, Alexander Alexandrov*

## Theory

- Principles of parallelization frameworks (MapReduce)
- Principles of dataflow programs
- Execution aspects of dataflow programs
- Comparison of runtime concepts

## Practice

- Flink Batch Processing API
- Flink Stream Processing API

## Project Pitches

- Pitch of large tasks

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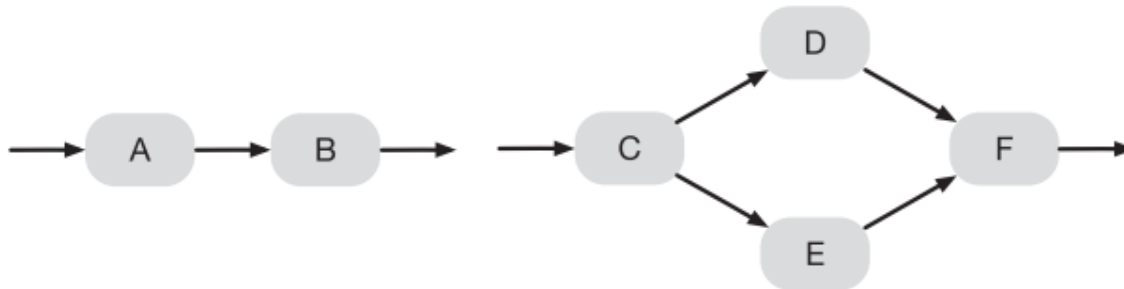
# Principles of Parallelization Frameworks

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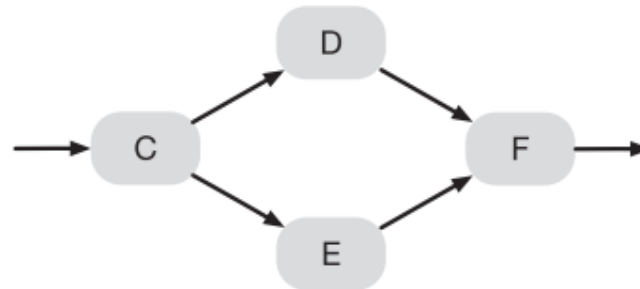


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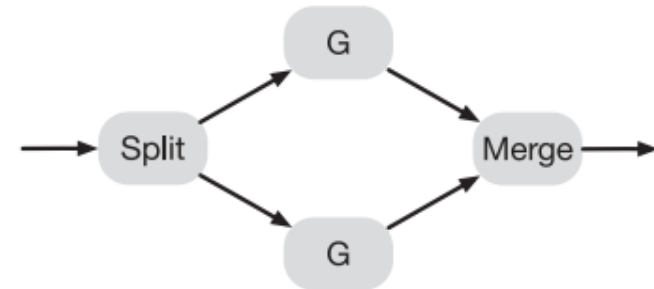
## 3 Types of Parallelization



(a) Pipeline-parallel  $A \parallel B$ .



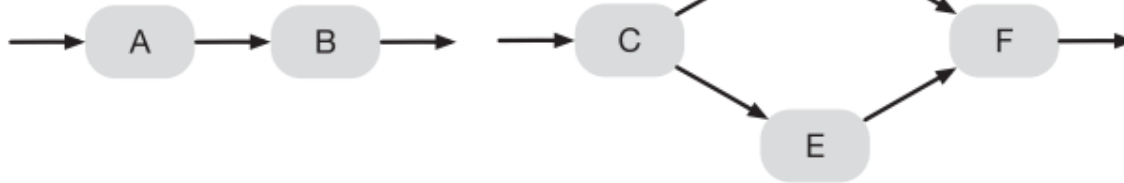
(b) Task-parallel  $D \parallel E$ .



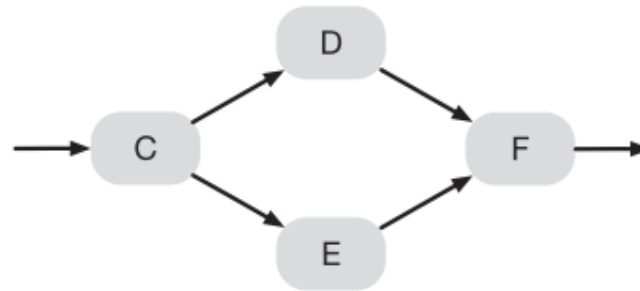
(c) Data-parallel  $G \parallel G$ .

Source: Hirzel, M., Soulé, R., Schneider, S., Gedik, B., & Grimm, R. (2014). **A catalog of stream processing optimizations.** *ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR)*, 46(4), 46.

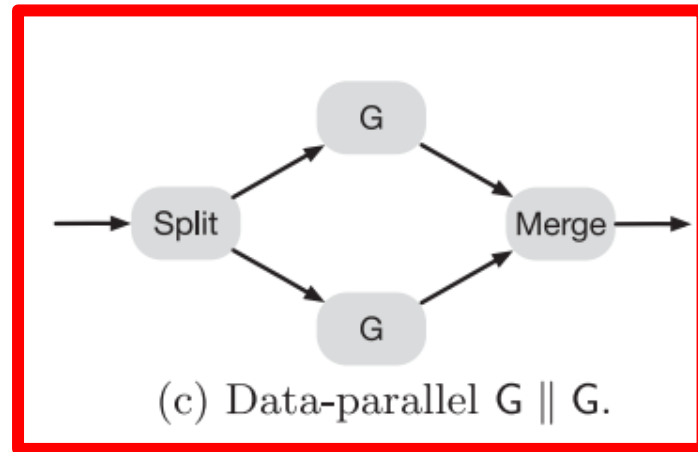
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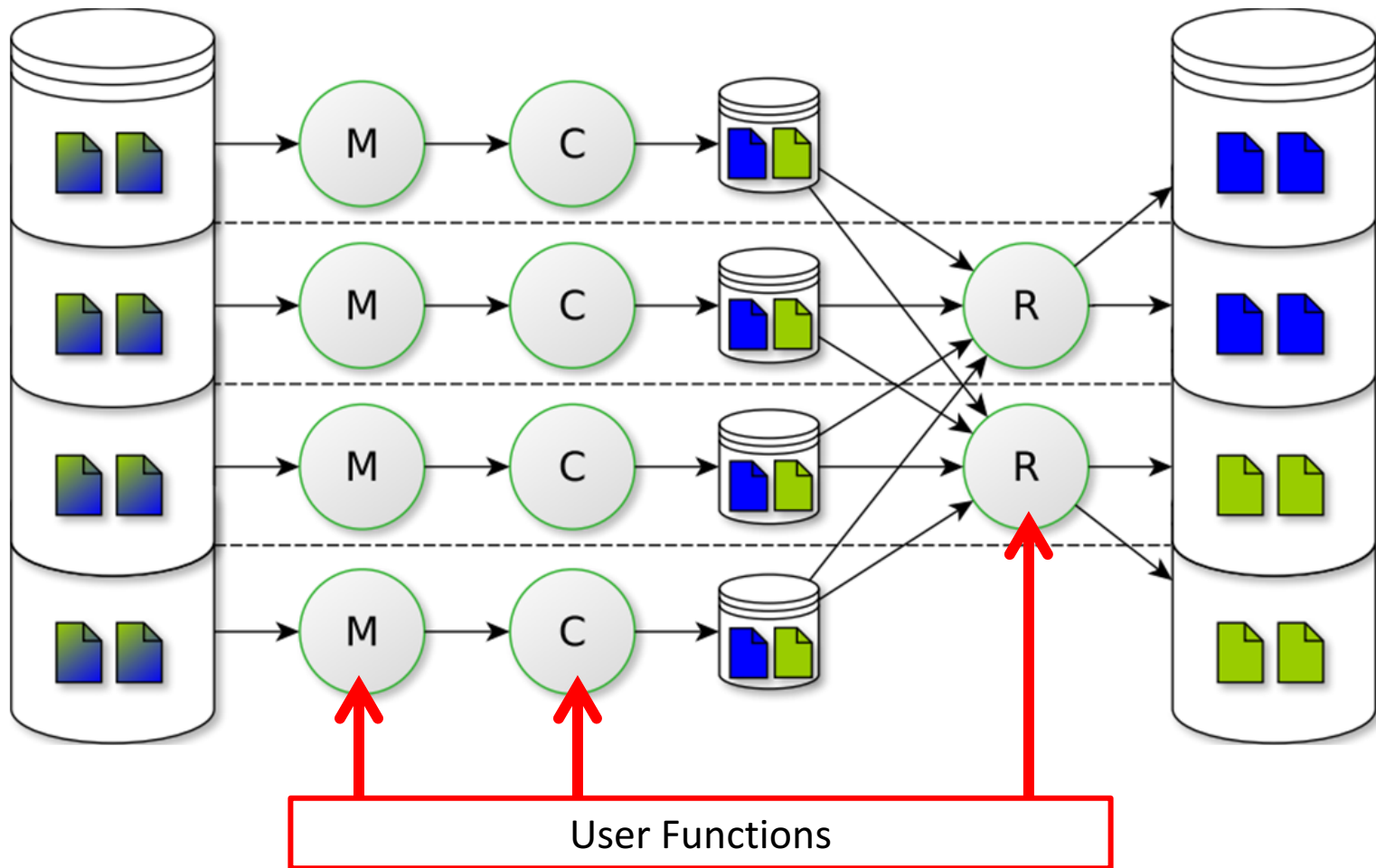


(c) Data-parallel  $G \parallel G$ .

“Big Data” requires **data** parallelism!

Source: Hirzel, M., Soulé, R., Schneider, S., Gedik, B., & Grimm, R. (2014). **A catalog of stream processing optimizations**. *ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR)*, 46(4), 46.

# MapReduce



MapReduce Paper: Dean, Jeffrey, and Sanjay Ghemawat. "MapReduce: simplified data processing on large clusters." *Communications of the ACM* 51.1 (2008): 107-113.

## MapReduce Example (Word Count)

```
map(String key, String value):  
    // key: document name  
    // value: document contents  
    for each word w in value:  
        EmitIntermediate(w, "1");  
  
reduce(String key, Iterator values):  
    // key: a word  
    // values: a list of counts  
    int result = 0;  
    for each v in values:  
        result += ParseInt(v);  
    Emit(AsString(result));
```

MapReduce Paper: Dean, Jeffrey, and Sanjay Ghemawat. "MapReduce: simplified data processing on large clusters." *Communications of the ACM* 51.1 (2008): 107-113.

## MapReduce Example (Word Count)

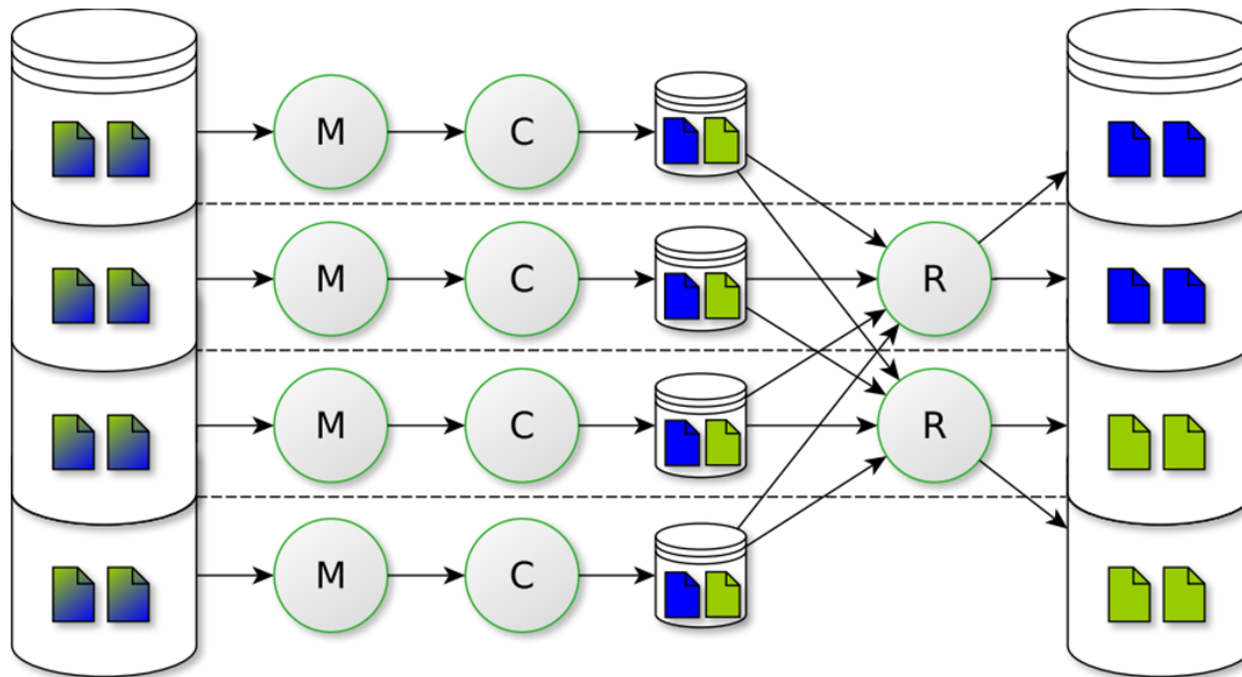
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```

- Stateless functions!
- As many mapper instances as input (K,V) pairs.
- As many reducer instances as distinct keys in the output of the map phase
- Synchronization point and shuffling between Map and Reduce phase

MapReduce Paper: Dean, Jeffrey, and Sanjay Ghemawat. "MapReduce: simplified data processing on large clusters." *Communications of the ACM* 51.1 (2008): 107-113.

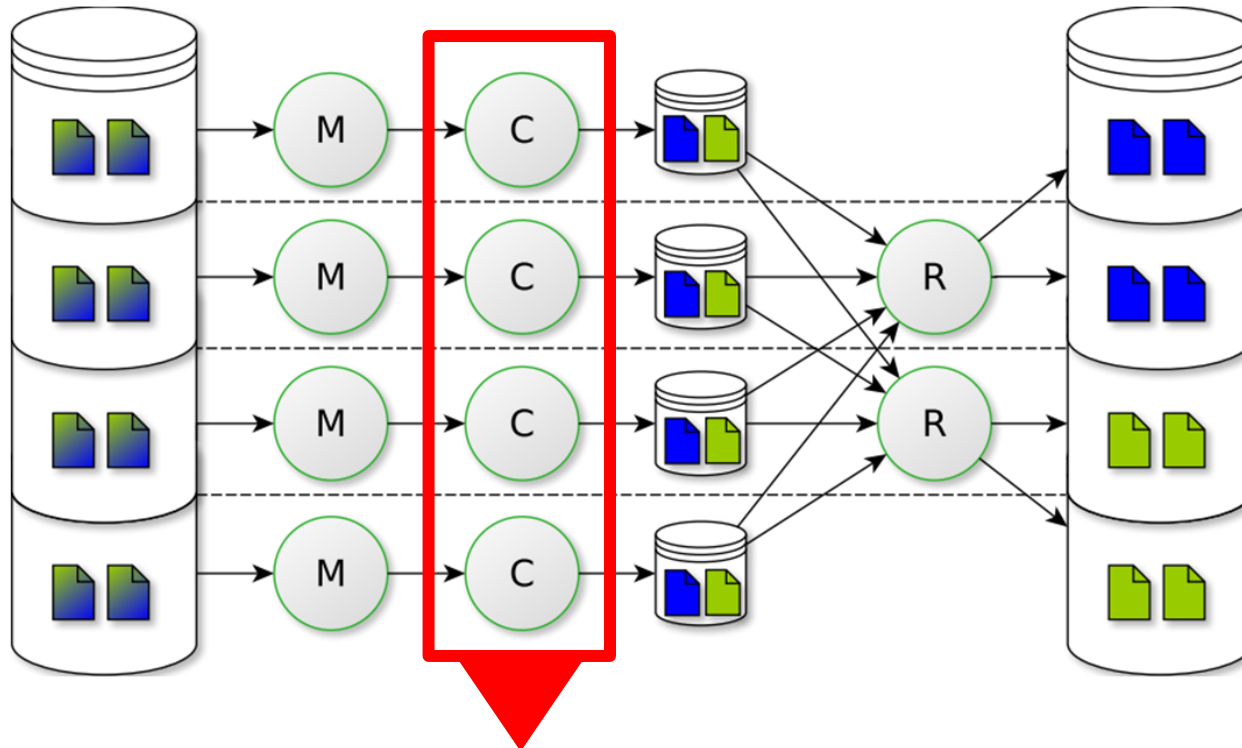


## MapReduce Example (Word Count)



Input		Output
File Line 1:	Beer Beer Tea Coffee	
File Line 2:	Tea Tea Beer Tea	
Map 1:	(1, Beer Beer Tea Coffee)	[(Beer,1),(Beer,1),(Tea,1),(Coffee,1)]
Map 2:	(2, Tea Tea Beer Tea)	[(Tea,1),(Tea,1),(Beer,1),(Tea,1)]
Reduce 1	(Beer,[1,1,1])	(Beer,3)
Reduce 2	(Coffee,[1])	(Coffee,1)
Reduce 3	(Tea,[1,1,1,1])	(Tea,4)

# MapReduce Example (Word Count)



## The combine function:

- Extension to the plain MapReduce model
- Allows local pre-aggregation
  - Several combine instance may be present for each distinct key in the output of the map phase.
  - No synchronization point is required between Map and Combine.

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# Flink API Presentations

*Behrouz Derakhshan, Jeyhun Karimov, Gábor Gévay, Quoc Cuong To*



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**Lectures, Hands-On Tasks, and Reference Solutions:**

<http://dataartisans.github.io/flink-training/index.html>

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## Principles and Execution Aspects of Dataflow Programs

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# Programs and Dataflows

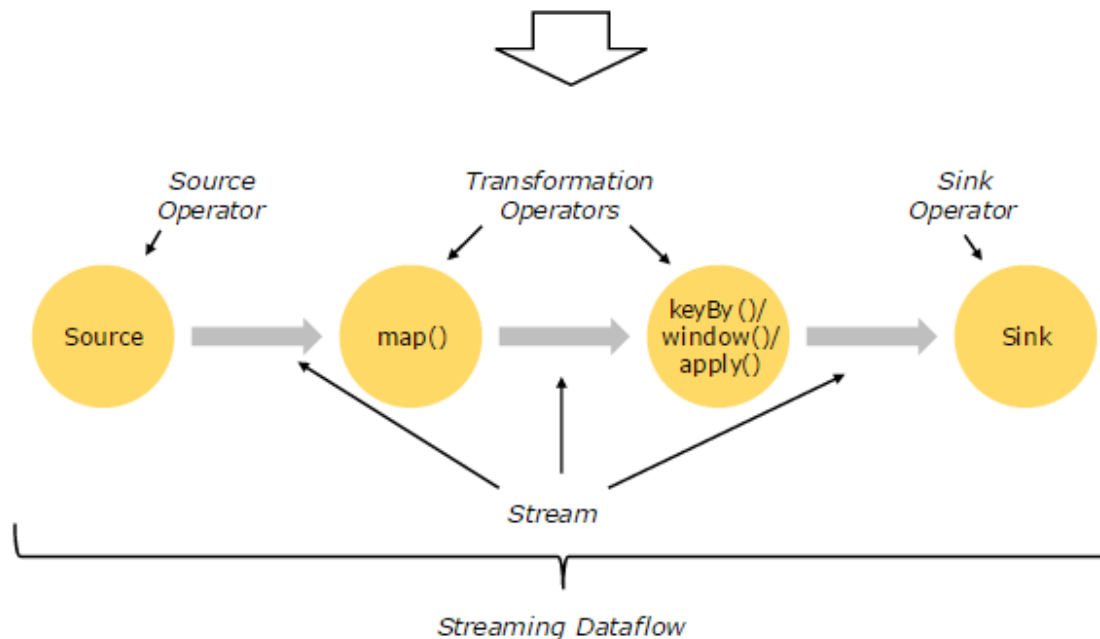
```
DataStream<String> lines = env.addSource(  
    new FlinkKafkaConsumer<> (...));  
  
DataStream<Event> events = lines.map((line) -> parse(line));  
  
DataStream<Statistic> stats = events  
    .keyBy("id")  
    .timeWindow(Time.seconds(10))  
    .apply(new MyWindowAggregationFunction());  
  
stats.addSink(new RollingSink(path));
```

Source

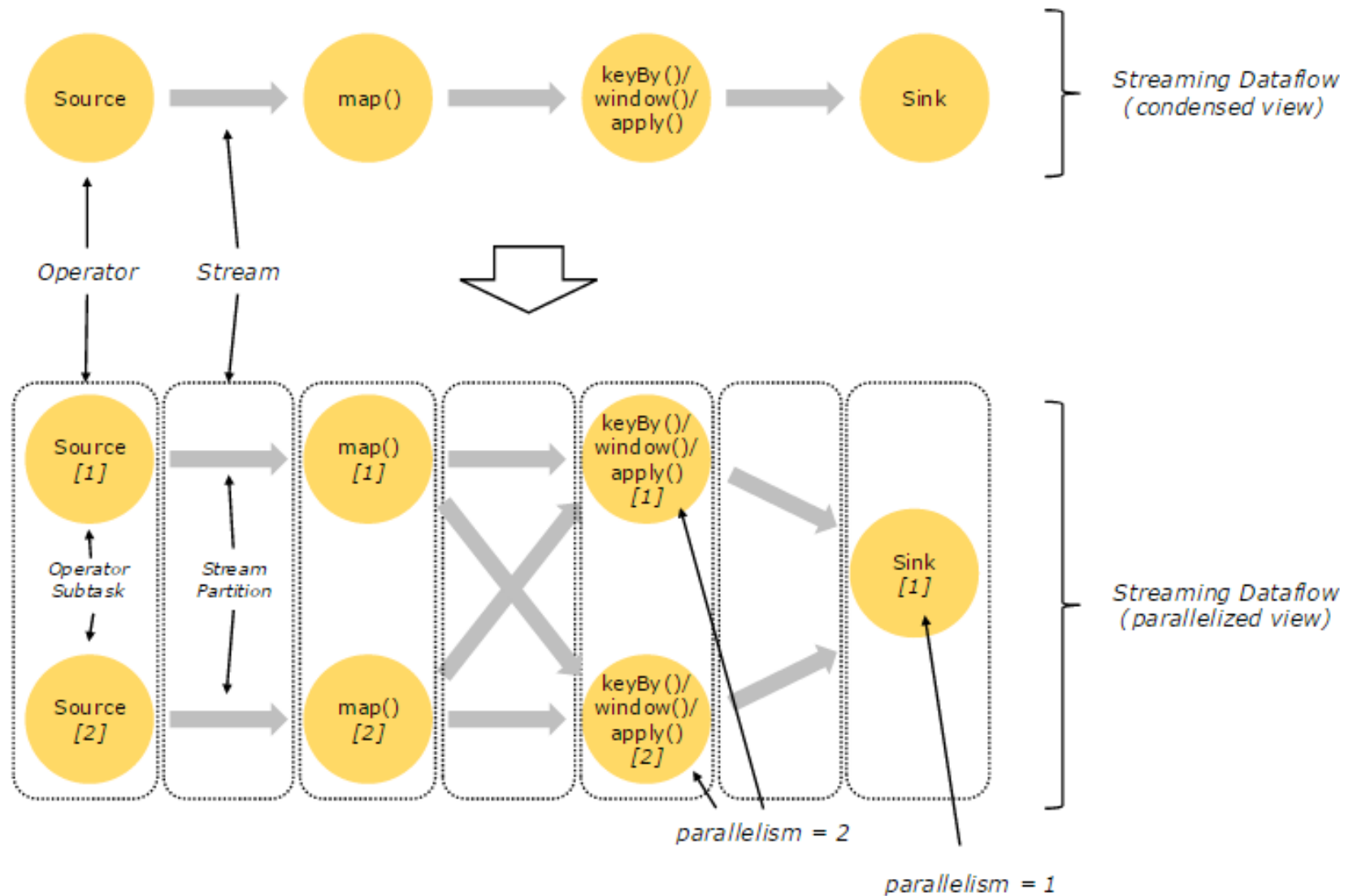
Transformation

Transformation

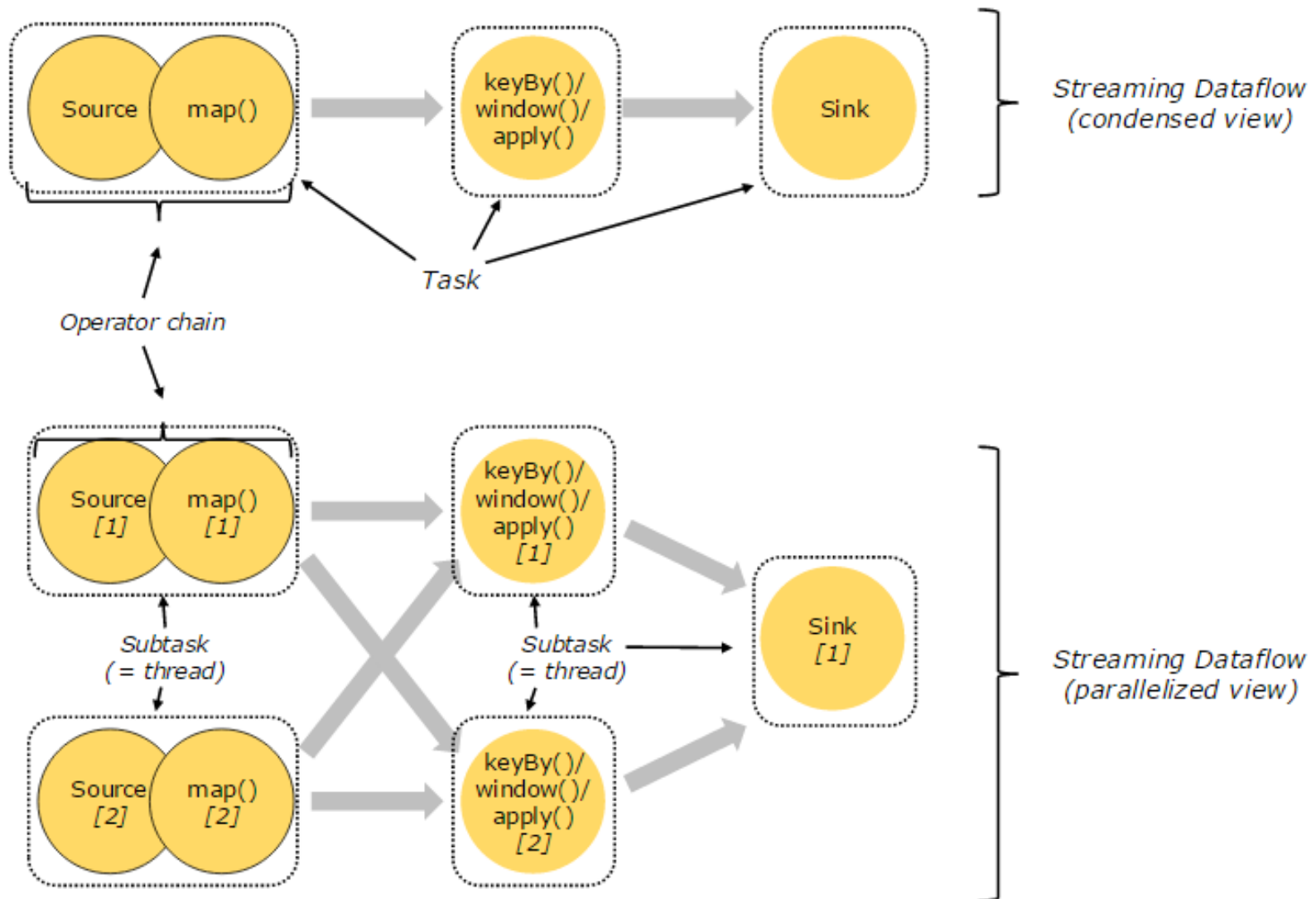
Sink



# Parallel Dataflows

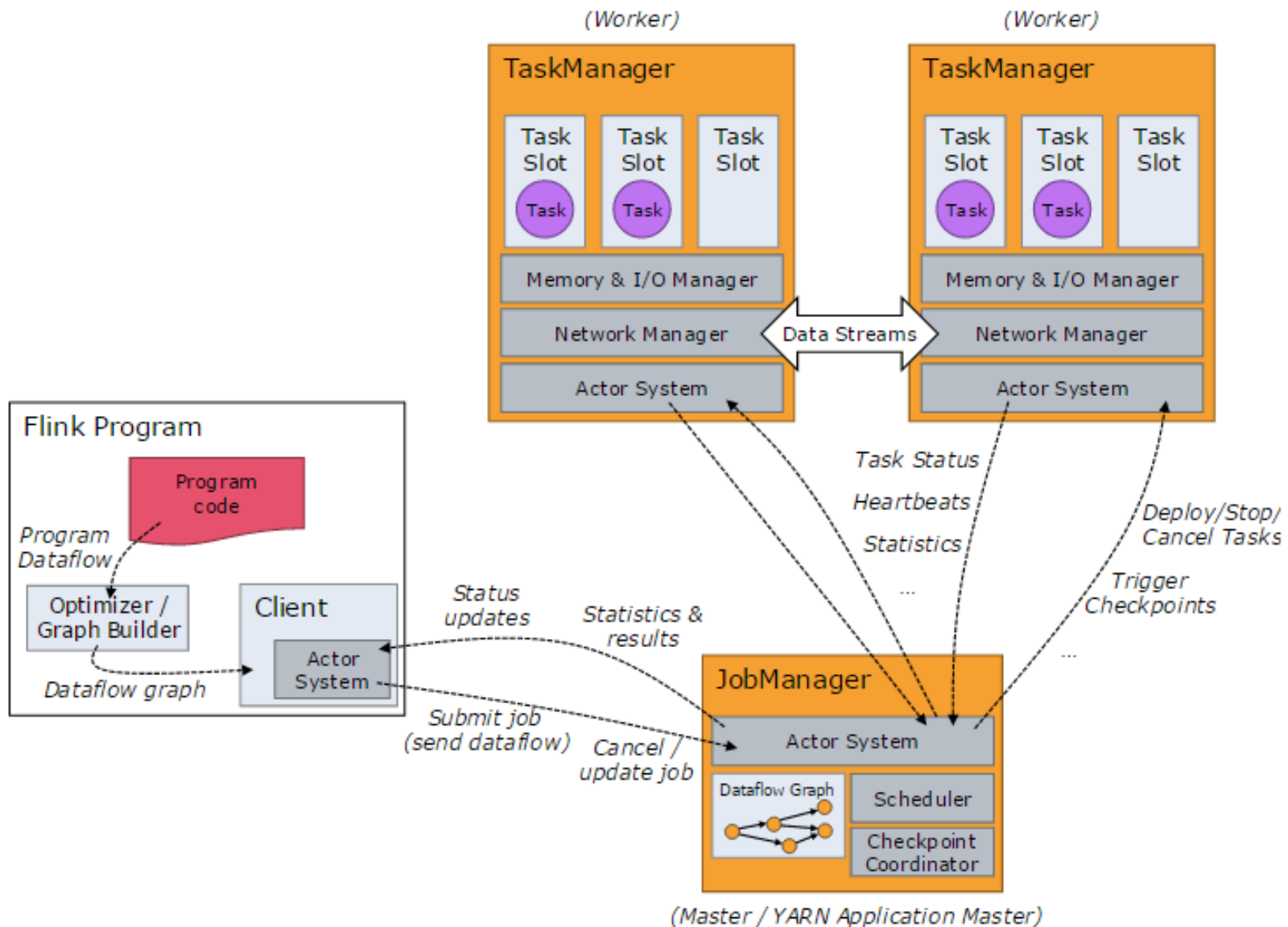


# Tasks & Operator Chains

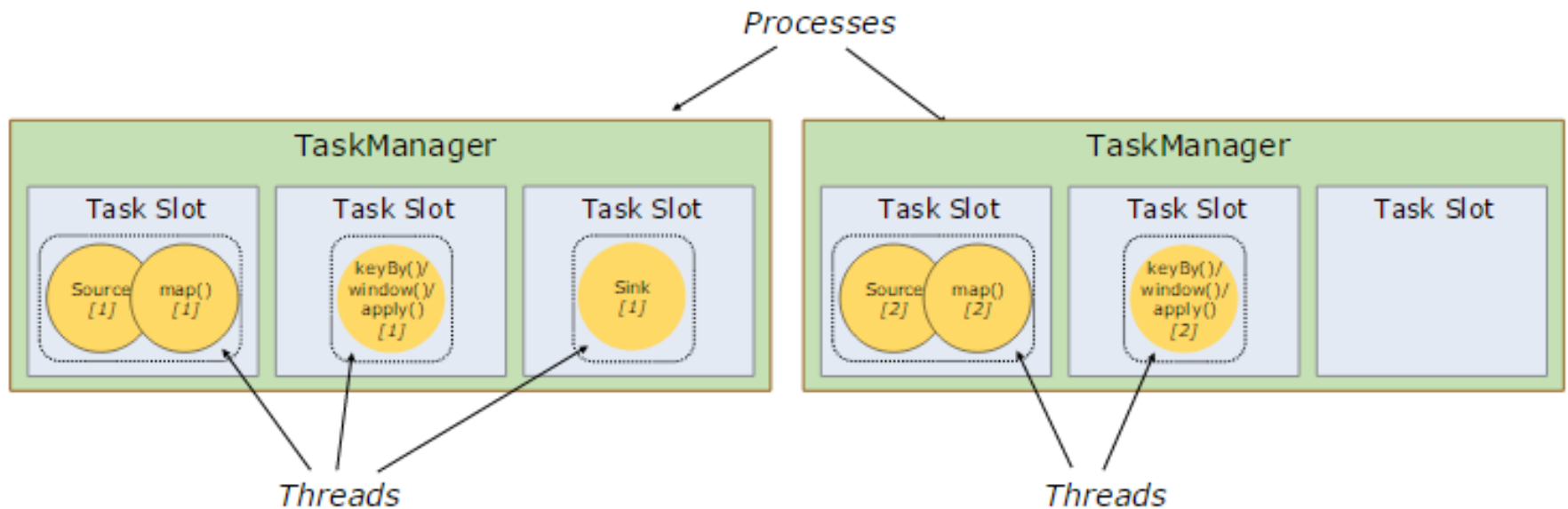




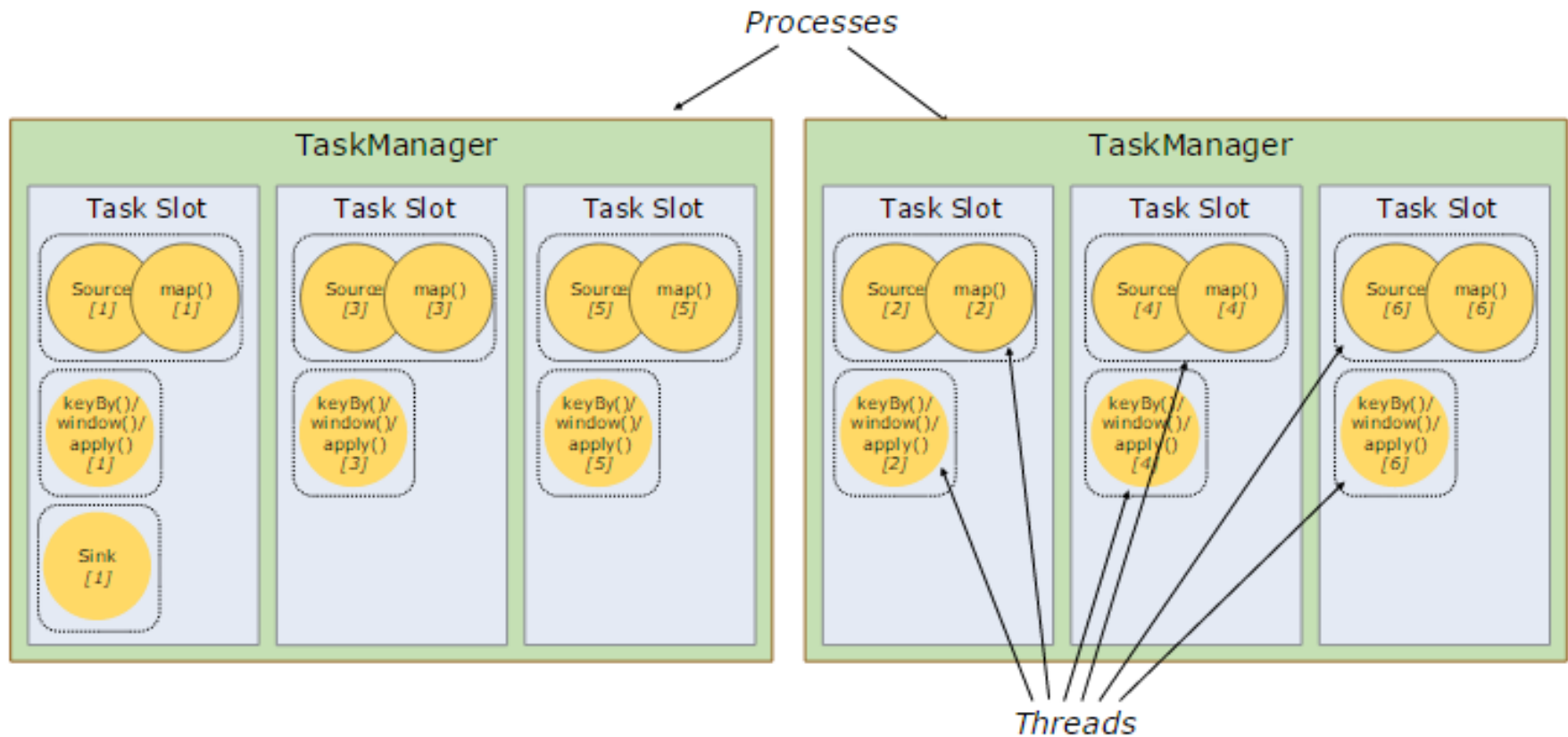
# Distributed Execution



# Workers, Slots, and Resources



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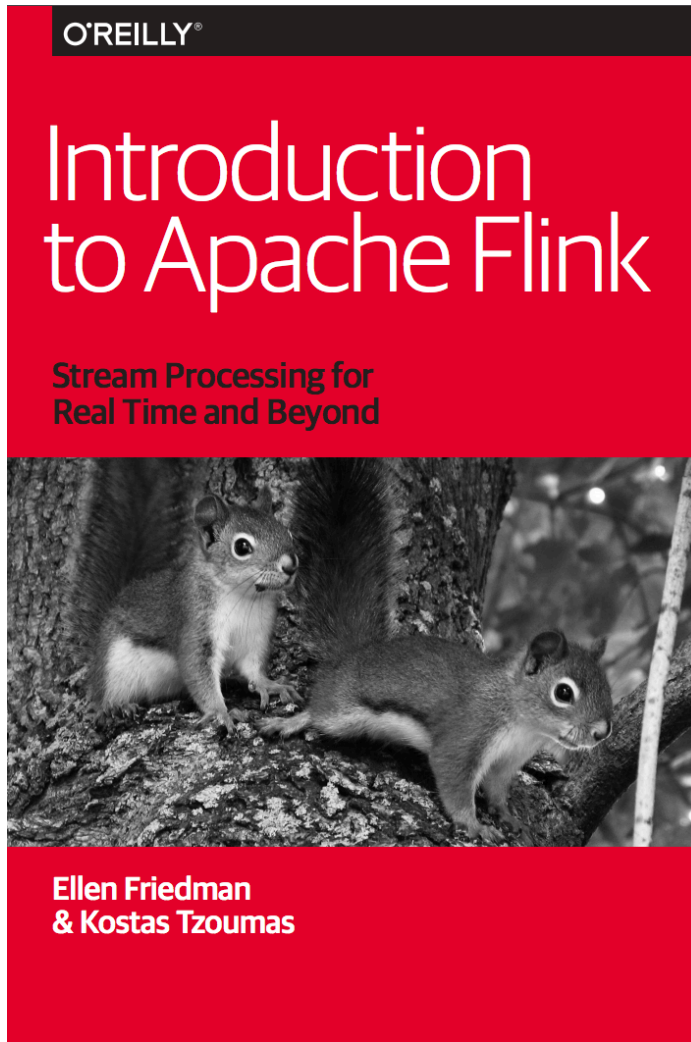
# Concepts of Dataflow Programs



**Please find the full article in the Apache Flink Documentation:**

<https://ci.apache.org/projects/flink/flink-docs-master/concepts/concepts.html>

# Apache Flink: Recommended Reading



## Introduction to Apache Flink

English; e-book; September 2016

Authors:

Ellen Friedman

Kostas Tzoumas

Available free

<https://www.mapr.com/introduction-to-apache-flink>

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# Comparison of Runtime Concepts

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# Pipelined vs. Batch Execution

## Batch Execution



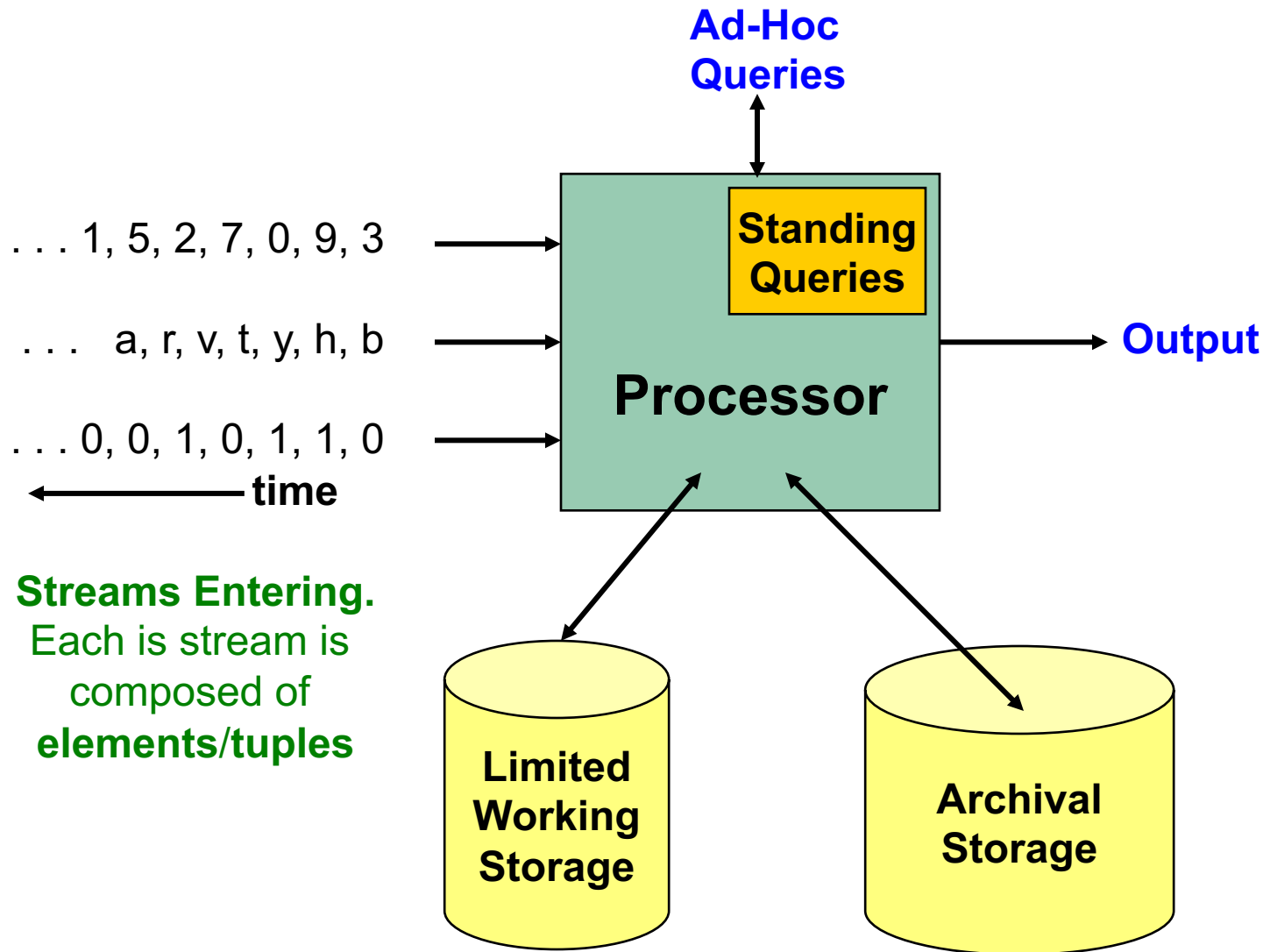
- Finite data
- Allows synchronization points (w/o windowing)
- Stream processing in micro-batches

## Pipelined Execution



- Conceptually infinite input data streams
- Enables low latency processing
- Native streaming support

# The General Stream Processing Model



Source: Rajaraman, A., & Ullman, J. D. (2012). Mining of massive datasets (Vol. 77). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapter 4  
<http://www.mmds.org/>



# Stream Processing vs. Batch Processing

## Batch Processing

## Stream Processing

### INBOUND DATA

Data-items are pulled from storage as needed

Data-items are pushed to the system (externally controlled src.)

### OPERATORS

Computation in stages;  
Operators run one after another

Full job graph is deployed;  
Long running operators

Outputs are materialized in memory or on disk between stages

Output data-items are directly sent to the next operator

### QUERIES

Finite: Finished after the batch is processed

Long running: Continuously produce results for windows

### RUNTIME

True streaming is not possible on a batch processing runtime

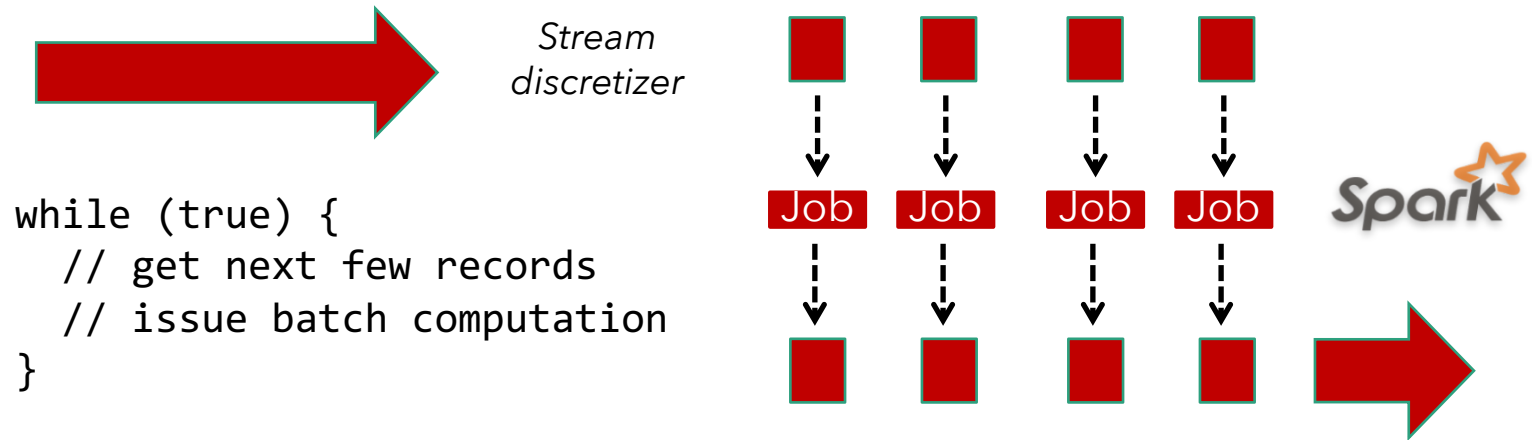
Batch processing can be done on a stream processing runtime

# Native Streaming vs. D-Streams

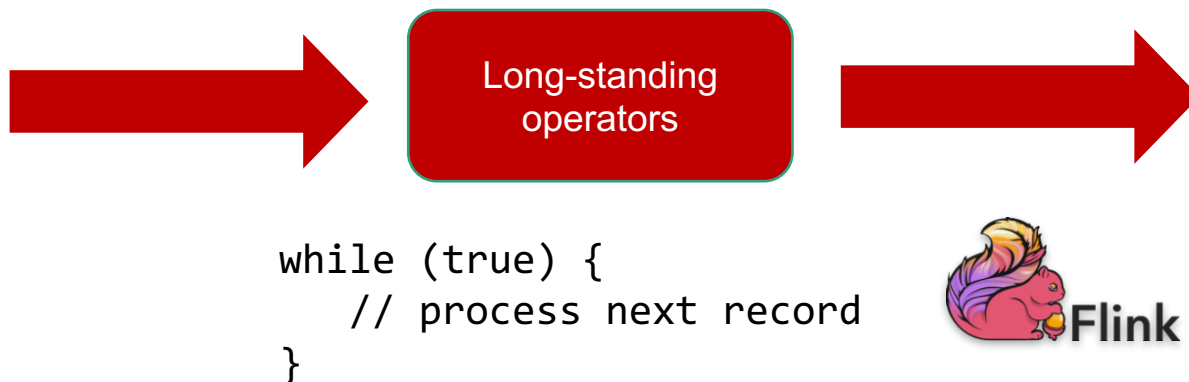
## Discretized Streams (D-Streams)

Paper by Zaharia, Matei, et al.:

"Discretized streams: an efficient and fault-tolerant model for stream processing on large clusters." 2012.

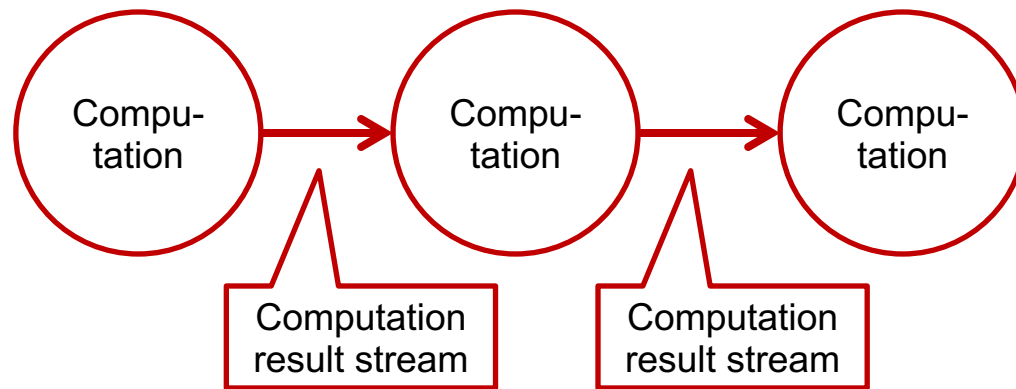


## Native streaming



# Apache Storm: Basic Concepts

## Topology:



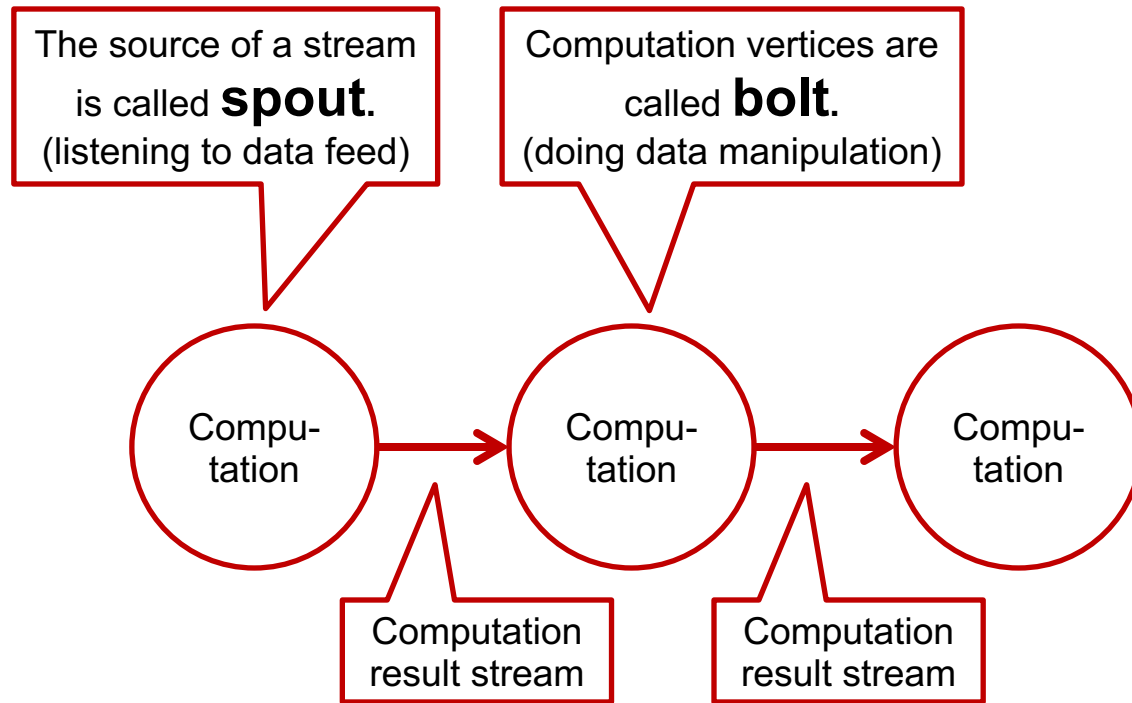
Programs are represented in a **topology**, which is a graph, whereas:

- **vertices** are computations / data transformations
- **edges** represent data **streams** between the computation nodes
- such streams consist of an unbounded sequence of data-items/tuples

*Source: Allen et al., Storm Applied: Strategies for Real-Time Event Processing*

# Apache Storm: Basic Concepts

## Topology:



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*Source: Allen et al., Storm Applied: Strategies for Real-Time Event Processing*

# Apache Storm: Implementing Bolts

```
public class DoubleAndTripleBolt extends BaseRichBolt {
    private OutputCollectorBase _collector;

    @Override
    public void prepare(Map conf, TopologyContext context, OutputCollectorBase collector) {
        _collector = collector;
    }

    @Override
    public void execute(Tuple input) {
        int val = input.getInteger(0);
        _collector.emit(input, new Values(val*2, val*3));
        _collector.ack(input);
    }

    @Override
    public void declareOutputFields(OutputFieldsDeclarer declarer) {
        declarer.declare(new Fields("double", "triple"));
    }
}
```

Source: <https://storm.apache.org/documentation/Tutorial.html>

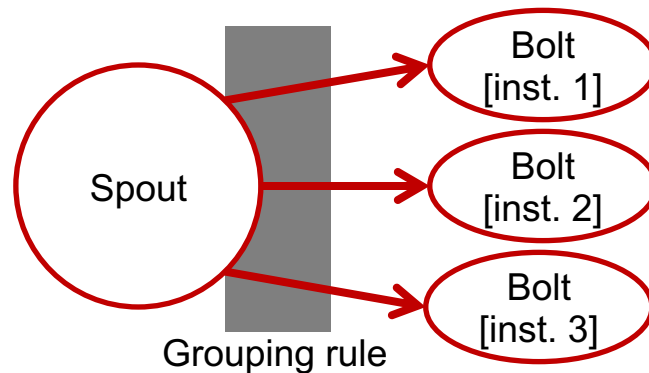
# Apache Storm: Building the Topology

- 1) Use the TopologyBuilder class to connect spouts and bolts:

```
builder.setSpout("name", new MySpout());  
builder.setBolt("name", new MyBolt());
```

- 2) Additionally, specify groupings to allow parallelization

```
builder.shuffleGrouping("BoltName");
```



- 3) Create topology using the factory method

```
StormTopology st=builder.createTopology();
```

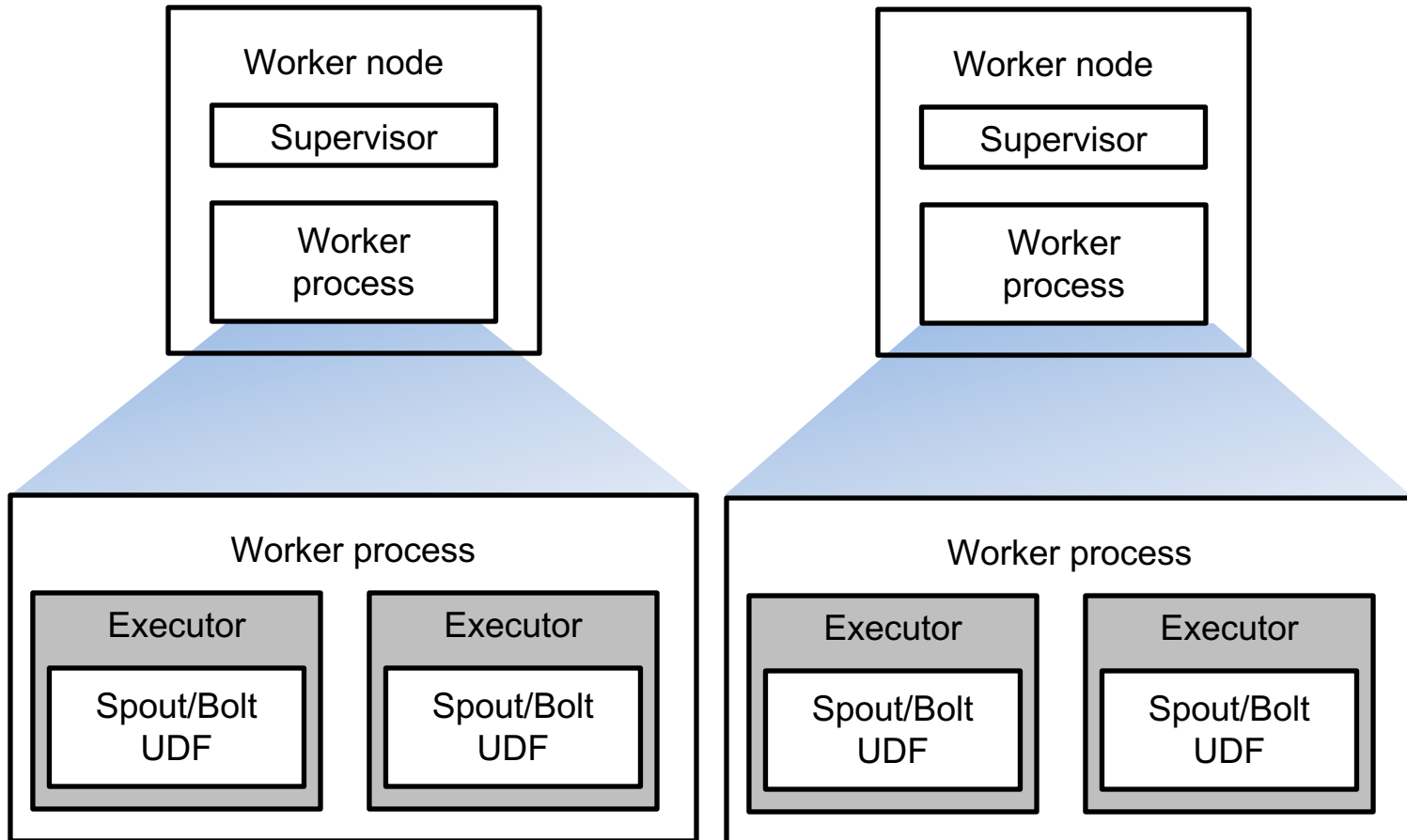
- 4) Use LocalCluster class to test the topology

```
LocalCluster cluster=new LocalCluster();  
cluster.submitTopology("name", new Config(), st);
```

*Source: Allen et al., Storm Applied: Strategies for Real-Time Event Processing*

# Apache Storm: Internals

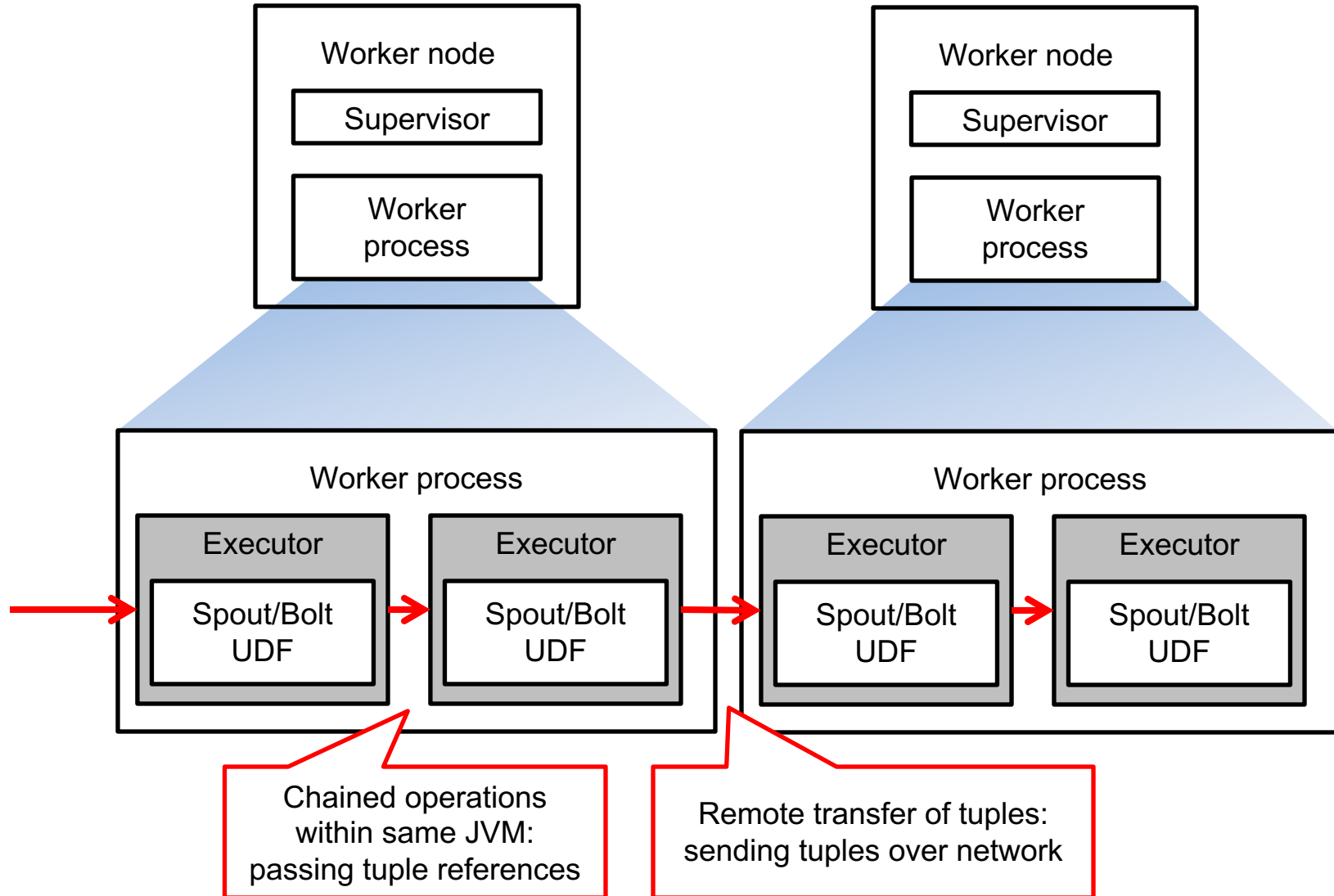
## Cluster Architecture Overview



*Source: Allen et al., Storm Applied: Strategies for Real-Time Event Processing*

# Apache Storm: Internals

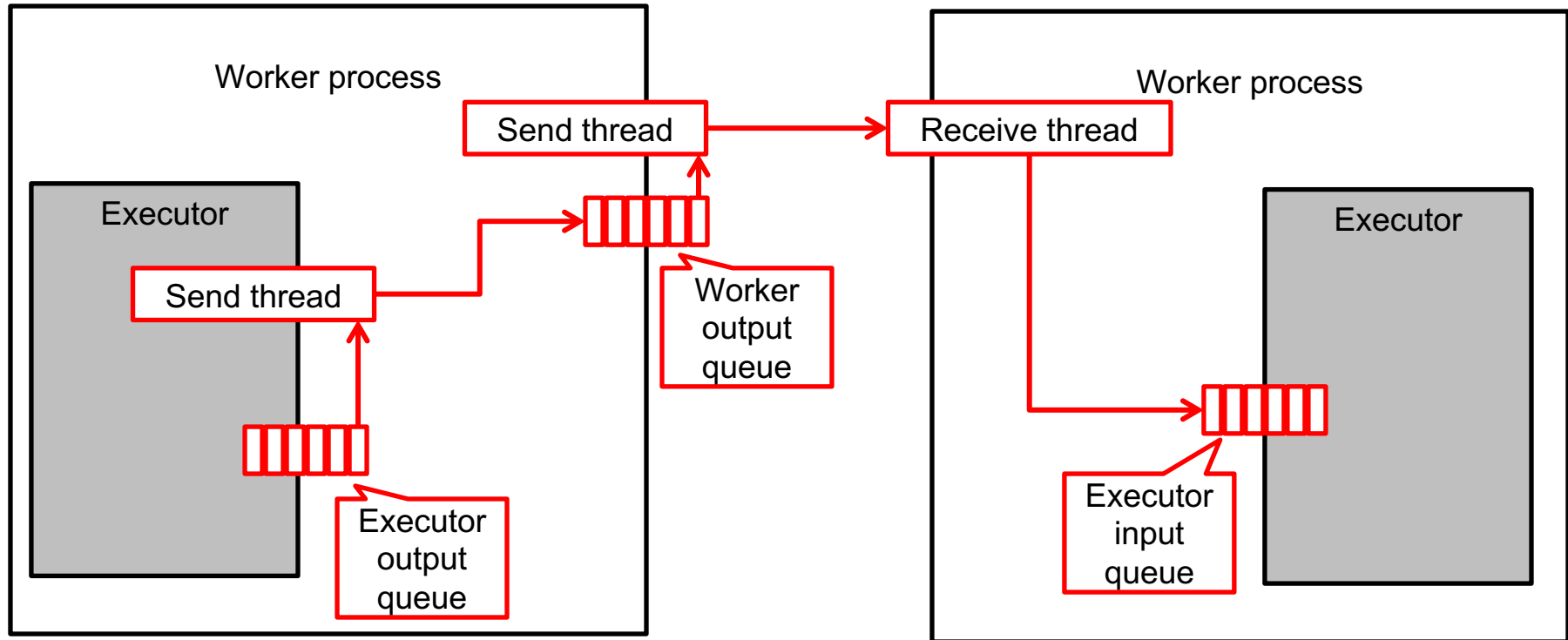
## Message passing between Executors





# Apache Storm: Internals

## Sending tuples between executors on different JVMs

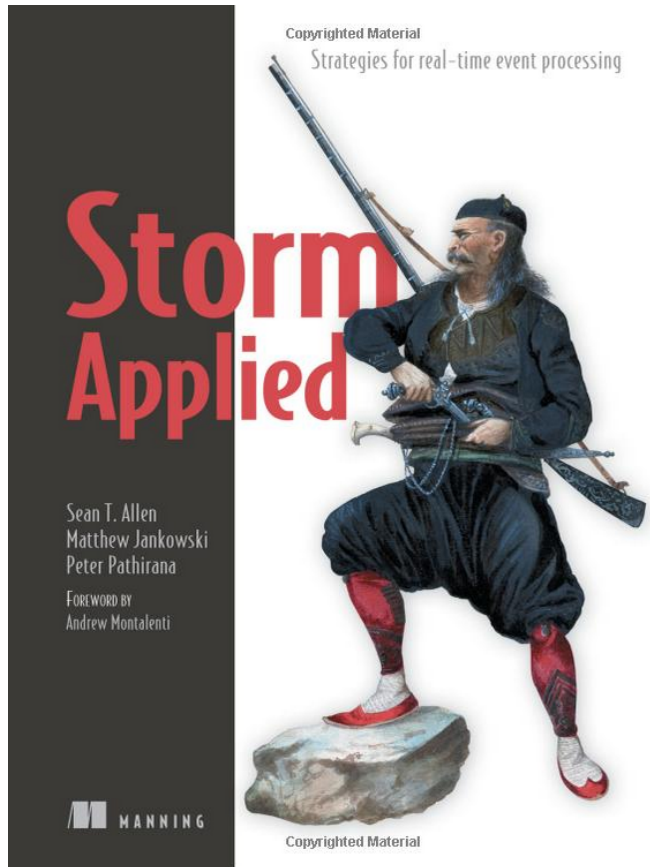


### Remarks:

- It is important to configure the buffer sizes appropriate. Buffers can overflow which might cause massive performance decrease.
- The receive thread makes sure that tuples are forwarded to the correct executor instance.

*Source: Allen et al., Storm Applied: Strategies for Real-Time Event Processing*

# Apache Storm: Recommended Reading



## Storm Applied: Strategies for Real-Time Event Processing

English; Paperback; April 2015

Authors:

Sean T. Allen

Peter Pathirana

Matthew Jankowski

Available in TU-Berlin library

[http://portal.ub.tu-berlin.de/TUB:TUB\\_LOCAL:tub\\_aleph002091017](http://portal.ub.tu-berlin.de/TUB:TUB_LOCAL:tub_aleph002091017)

# BDAPRO Project Presentations

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