# Hands ons - workshop

# Hands on #1

```
kubectl cluster-info
kubectl get nodes
```

### Hands on #2

kubectl config view

## Hands on #3

### Running pod

```
kubectl run my-httpd --image=httpd --port=80 --restart=Never
kubectl get pods
kubectl port-forward my-httpd 80
# Check in browser: http://localhost:80
```

#### Accessing container console

```
kubectl -it exec my-httpd bash
echo "<html><body><h1>Sphere.it K8s workshop</h1></body></html>" > htdocs/index.html
exit
```

(Check http://localhost:80)

Accessing application logs

```
kubectl logs my-httpd
```

Information on pod

```
kubectl describe pod/my-httpd
kubectl get pods -o wide
```

```
kubectl delete pod/my-httpd
kubectl get pods
```

### Hands on #5

### Running deployment

```
kubectl get deployments
kubectl run my-nginx --image=nginx:1.17.0 --port=80
kubectl get deployments
kubectl describe deployment/my-nginx
```

### Killing pod belonging to deployment

```
kubectl get pods
kubectl delete pod/<podName>
kubectl get deployments
kubectl get pods
```

```
kubectl port-forward deployment/my-nginx 80
```

#### Scaling

```
kubectl scale deployments/my-nginx --replicas 3
kubectl get deployments
kubectl scale deployments/my-nginx --replicas 1
```

### **Updating** version

```
kubectl exec <my-nginx-pod-name> -- nginx -v
kubectl set image deployments/my-nginx my-nginx=nginx:1.17.3
kubectl exec <my-nginx-pod-name> -- nginx -v
```

#### Rollbacking to previous version

```
kubectl rollout undo deployments/my-nginx
kubectl exec <my-nginx-pod-name> -- nginx -v
```

Create service exposing existing deployment

```
kubectl expose deployment/my-nginx
kubectl get services
```

Check out load balancing

```
kubectl proxy
# in browser: http://localhost:8001/api/v1/namespaces/default/services/my-nginx/proxy/
kubectl -it exec <my-nginx-pod-name> bash
echo "<html><body><h1>Sphere.it K8s workshop</h1></body></html>" >
/usr/share/nginx/html/index.html
exit
# refresh browser
kubectl scale deployments/my-nginx --replicas 3
# refresh browser multiple times
kubectl get pods
kubectl delete pod/<pod-name>
```

Create deployment and service at once

```
kubectl run another-nginx --image=nginx --replicas=4 --expose --port=80
```

What happens when we port-forward service?

```
kubectl port-forward service/my-nginx 80
```

### Hands on #7

Print object details

```
kubectl get service/my-nginx -o yaml
kubectl get pod/<pod-name> -o yaml
```

Dry run of kubernetes command and viewing object details

```
kubectl run my-nginx --image=nginx --replicas=5 --expose --port=80 -o yaml --dry-run
```

### Task: prepare YAML file configuration for Jenkins master deployment

#### Details:

- · see configuration of already exisitng deployments and adopt it for different Jenkins image
- Docker image: jenkins
- Use as name for deployment: 'my-jenkins'
- Expose port 80

Then create my-jenkins deployment with following command:

kubectl create -f jenkins-master-deployment.yaml

#### Then:

- Update config file exposing also port 5000
- Update exising object with new configuration:

kubectl replace -f jenkins-master-deployment.yaml

Observe what happened

### Hands on #8b

### Task: prepare YAML file configuration for Jenkins master service

#### Details:

- see configuration of already exisiting service and adopt it for different Jenkins image
- Use as name for deployment: 'my-jenkins'
- Expose port 80 and 5000
- Figure out how to refer to already created deployment

Then create my-jenkins service with following command:

kubectl create -f jenkins-master-service.yaml

Assure proxy to kuberntes API is running:

kubectl proxy

In browser navigate to following address:

http://localhost:8001/api/v1/namespaces/default/services/my-jenkins:8080/proxy/

Complete initialization of Jenkins master

(if proxy doesn't work use kubectl port-forward service/my-jenkins 8080)

### Task: prepare YAML file configuration for Jenkins slave deployment

#### Details:

- Docker image: jenkins/jnlp-slave
- Familiarize yourself with container documentation, to find out what container arguments are needed
- Via Jenkins-master UI, configure new slave to be started (guide)
- Number of replicas: 1
- Use as name for deployment: 'my-jenkins-slave'
- Pass container arguments either via .spec.template.spec.containers.image.env (example) or .spec.template.spec.containers.image.args (example)
- Master url needs to have http:// prefix
- For debug reasons use kubectl log

Declaratively apply given configuration to cluster:

```
kubectl apply -f jenkins-jnlp-slave-deployment.yaml
```

Apply this configuration again and observer output

### Hands on #10

Create configMap object using following command

```
kubectl create configmap jenkins-agent1-config --from-literal=JENKINS_SECRET=<secret>
--from-literal=JENKINS_AGENT_NAME=agent1
```

View created config

```
kubectl get configmap
kubectl get configmap/jenkins-agent1-config -o yaml
kubectl describe configmap/jenkins-agent1-config
```

Modify Jenkins jnlp slave YAML config file to use properties from this config map (see examples below)

Apply the changes:

```
kubectl apply -f jenkins-jnlp-slave-deployment.yaml
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 labels:
    run: my-jenkins-slave
  name: my-jenkins-slave
  replicas: 1
  selector:
   matchLabels:
     run: my-jenkins-slave
  template:
   metadata:
     labels:
       run: my-jenkins-slave
    spec:
     containers:
        - image: jenkins/jnlp-slave
         name: my-jenkins-slave
          resources: {}
          env:
            - name: JENKINS URL
             value: 'http://10.104.75.83:8080'
          envFrom:
            - configMapRef:
                name: jenkins-agent1-config
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  labels:
   run: my-jenkins-slave
  name: my-jenkins-slave
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
     run: my-jenkins-slave
  template:
    metadata:
     labels:
       run: my-jenkins-slave
    spec:
      containers:
        - image: jenkins/jnlp-slave
          name: my-jenkins-slave
          resources: {}
         args: [-url,http://10.104.75.83:8080,
$(JENKINS_SECRET), $(JENKINS_AGENT_NAME)]
          envFrom:
            - configMapRef:
                name: jenkins-agent1-config
```

#### Task:

- Create local Persistent Volume (using cofing file and kubectl –f apply)
- Create Persistent Volume Claim (using cofing file and kubectl –f apply)
- Create deployment with httpd image mounting the PVC created above
  - o Replicas: 3
  - Mount path: /usr/local/apache2/htdocs
  - o Access the console of httpd container and create custom index.html file under path above
  - Access the console of httpd container in different pod and verify if under the above path you can find your custom index.html file
- Create service over the httpd deployment
  - o Assure kubectl proxy is running and access this service via browser

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
   name: httpd-pvc
spec:
   accessModes:
        - ReadWriteOnce
   volumeMode: Filesystem
   resources:
        requests:
        storage: 2Gi
selector:
    matchLabels:
        release: "stable"
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
 name: httpd-pv
spec:
  capacity:
    storage: 2Gi
 volumeMode: Filesystem
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Delete
  storageClassName: local-storage
    path: /home/docker/boom
  nodeAffinity:
    required:
      nodeSelectorTerms:
        - matchExpressions:
            - key: kubernetes.io/hostname
              operator: In
              values:
                - minikube
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  labels:
    run: httpd-with-pv
  name: httpd-with-pv
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
     run: httpd-with-pv
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
       run: httpd-with-pv
    spec:
      containers:
        - image: httpd
          name: httpd-with-pv
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
          volumeMounts:
            - mountPath:
/usr/local/apache2/htdocs
              name: httpd-assets
      volumes:
        - name: httpd-assets
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: httpd-pvc
```