



Q1:

Assumption:

- The bearing has dimensions of L_x , H , and L_z in the x , y and z directions.
- The top surface is subject to compression, while the bottom surface is fixed.

Displacement field function:

$$w(x, y, z) = A \sin\left(\frac{\pi y}{H}\right) \left(\frac{2z}{L_z} - 1\right)$$

- A is the bulging amplitude coefficient, determined by experiments or assumptions.

When $z=0$, $w(x, y, z) = -A \sin\left(\frac{\pi y}{H}\right)$ (the bulging effect is the largest)

When $z=L_z$, $w(x, y, z) = A \sin\left(\frac{\pi y}{H}\right)$ (the bulging effect is the largest)

When $z=\frac{L_z}{2}$, $w(x, y, z) = 0$ (the bulging effect is 0)

When $y=0$, $w(x, y, z) = 0$ (the bulging effect is 0)

When $y=H$, $w(x, y, z) = 0$ (the bulging effect is 0)

When $y=\frac{H}{2}$, $w(x, y, z) = A \left(\frac{2z}{L_z} - 1\right)$ (the bulging effect is the largest)