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1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification describes the functionality, API and the configuration for the AUTOSAR Basic Software module CAN Interface.

As depicted in Figure 1.1 the CAN Interface module is located between the low level CAN device drivers (CAN Driver [1] and Transceiver Driver [2]) and the upper communication service layers (i.e. CAN State Manager [3], CAN Network Management [4], CAN Transport Protocol [5], PDU Router [6]). It represents the interface to the services of the CAN Driver for the upper communication layers.

The CAN Interface module provides a unique interface to manage different CAN hardware device types like CAN Controllers and CAN Transceivers used by the defined ECU hardware layout. Thus multiple underlying internal and external CAN Controllers/CAN Transceivers can be controlled by the CAN State Managers module based on a physical CAN channel related view.



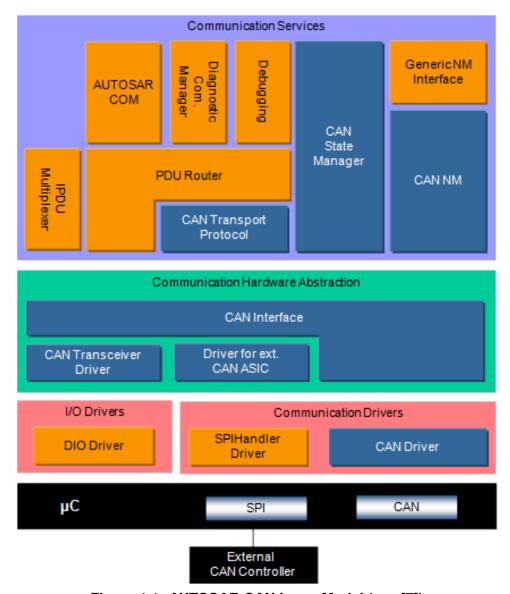


Figure 1.1: AUTOSAR CAN Layer Model (see [7])

The CAN Interface module consists of all CAN hardware independent tasks, which belongs to the CAN communication device drivers of the corresponding ECU. Those functionality is implemented once in the CAN Interface module, so that underlying CAN device drivers only focus on access and control of the corresponding specific CAN hardware device.

CanIf fulfils main control flow and data flow requirements of the PDU Router and upper layer communication modules of the AUTOSAR COM stack: transmit request processing, transmit confirmation / receive indication / error notification and start / stop of a CAN Controller and thus waking up / participating on a network. Its data processing and notification API is based on CAN L-SDUs, whereas APIs for control and mode handling provides a CAN Controller related view.

In case of Transmit Requests CanIf completes the L-PDU transmission with corresponding parameters and relays the CAN L-PDU via the appropriate CanDrv to the



CAN Controller. At reception CanIf distributes the Received L-PDUs as L-SDUs to the upper layer. The assignment between Receive L-SDU and upper layer is statically configured. At transmit confirmation CanIf is responsible for the notification of upper layers about successful transmission.

The CAN Interface module provides CAN communication abstracted access to the CAN Driver and CAN Transceiver Driver services for control and supervision of the CAN network. The CAN Interface forwards downwards the status change requests from the CAN State Manager to the lower layer CAN device drivers, and upwards the CAN Driver / CAN Transceiver Driver events are forwarded by the CAN Interface module to e.g. the corresponding NM module.



2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The glossary below includes acronyms and abbreviations relevant to the CAN Interface module that are not included in the [8, AUTOSAR glossary].

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
CAN L-PDU	CAN Protocol Data Unit. Consists of an identifier, Data Length
CAN L-1 DO	and data (SDU) Visible to the CAN driver.
	CAN Service Data Unit. Data that are transported inside the CAN
CAN L-SDU	L-PDU. Visible to the upper layers of the CAN interface (e.g. PDU
	Router).
CanDrv	CAN Driver module
CAN FD	CAN with Flexible Data-Rate
Canld	CAN Identifier
Canlf	CAN Interface module
CanNm	CAN Network Management module
CanSm	CAN State Manager module
CanTp	CAN Transport Layer module
CanTrcv	CAN Transceiver Driver module
CanTSyn	Global Time Synchronization over CAN
ComM	Communication Manager module
DCM	Diagnostic Communication Manager module
EcuM	ECU State Manager module
HOH	CAN hardware object handle
HRH	CAN hardware receive handle
HTH	CAN hardware transmit handle
J1939Nm	J1939 Network Management module
J1939Tp	J1939 Transport Layer module
PduR	PDU Router module
PN	Partial Networking
SchM	Scheduler Module

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
Buffer	Fixed sized memory area for a single data unit (e.g. CAN ID, Data Length, SDU, etc.) is stored at a dedicated memory address in RAM.
	Describes the complete CAN network:
	Participating nodes
CAN communication matrix	Definition of all CAN PDUs (Identifier, Data Length)
	Source and Sinks for PDUs
CAN Controller	A CAN Controller is a CPU on-chip or external standalone hard-ware device. One CAN Controller is connected to one physical channel.
CAN Device Driver	Generic term of CAN Driver and CAN Transceiver Driver.
CAN Hardware Unit	A CAN Hardware Unit may consist of one or multiple CAN Controllers of the same type and one, two or multiple CAN RAM areas. The CAN Hardware Unit is located on-chip or as external device. The CAN hardware unit is represented by one CAN Driver.



Canlf Controller mode state machine	This is not really a state machine, which may be influenced by transmission requests. This is an image of the current abstracted state of an appropriate CAN Controller. The state transitions can only be realized by upper layer modules like the CanSm or by external events like e.g. if a BusOff occurred.
Canlf Receive L-PDU / Canlf Rx L-PDU	L-PDU of which the direction is set to "lower to upper layer".
CanIf Receive L-PDU buffer / CanIfRxBuffer	Single element RAM buffer located in the CAN Interface module to store whole receive L-PDUs.
Canlf Transmit L-PDU / Canlf Tx L-PDU	L-PDU of which the direction is set to "upper to lower layer".
CanIf Transmit L-PDU buffer / CanIfTxBuffer	Single CanlfTxBuffer element located in the Canlf to store one or multiple Canlf Tx L-PDUs. If the buffersize of a single CanlfTxBuffer element is set to 0, a CanlfTxBuffer element is only used to refer a HTH.
Hardware object / HW object	A CAN hardware object is defined as a PDU buffer inside the CAN RAM of the CAN Hardware Unit / CAN Controller.
Hardware Receive Handle (HRH)	The Hardware Receive Handle (HRH) is defined and provided by the CAN Driver. Each HRH typically represents just one hardware object. The HRH is used as a parameter by the CAN Interface Layer for i.e. software filtering.
Hardware Transmit Handle (HTH)	The Hardware Transmit Handle (HTH) is defined and provided by the CAN Driver. Each HTH typically represents just one or multiple CAN hardware objects that are configured as CAN hardware transmit buffer pool.
Inner priority inversion	Transmission of a high-priority L-PDU is prevented by the presence of a pending low-priority L-PDU in the same transmit hardware object.
Integration Code	Code that the Integrator needs to add to an AUTOSAR System, to adapt non-standardized functionalities. Examples are Callouts of the ECU State Manager and Callbacks of various other BSW modules. The I/O Hardware Abstraction is called Integration Code, too.
Lowest In - First Out / LOFO	This is a data storage procedure, whereas always the elements with the lowest values will be extracted.
L-PDU channel group	Group of CAN L-PDUs, which belong to just one underlying network. Usually they are handled by one upper layer module.
Outer priority inversion	A time gap occurs between two consecutive transmit L-PDUs. In this case a lower priority L-PDU from another node can prevent sending the own higher priority L-PDU. Here the higher priority L-PDU cannot participate in arbitration during network access because the lower priority L-PDU already won the arbitration.
Physical channel	A physical channel represents an interface from a CAN Controller to the CAN Network. Different physical channels of the CAN Hardware Unit may access different networks.
Tx request	Transmit request to the CAN Interface module from a upper layer module of the CanIf



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents & related standards and norms

References

- [1] Specification of CAN Driver AUTOSAR SWS CANDriver
- [2] Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver AUTOSAR SWS CANTransceiverDriver
- [3] Specification of CAN State Manager AUTOSAR SWS CANStateManager
- [4] Specification of CAN Network Management AUTOSAR_SWS_CANNetworkManagement
- [5] Specification of CAN Transport Layer AUTOSAR_SWS_CANTransportLayer
- [6] Specification of PDU Router AUTOSAR SWS PDURouter
- [7] Layered Software Architecture AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture
- [8] Glossary AUTOSAR_TR_Glossary
- [9] General Specification of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR SWS BSWGeneral
- [10] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR SRS BSWGeneral
- [11] Requirements on CAN AUTOSAR SRS CAN
- [12] ISO 11898-1:2003 Road vehicles Controller area network (CAN)
- [13] Specification of ECU State Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_ECUStateManager
- [14] Specification of ECU Configuration AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration



3.2 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [9, SWS BSW General], which is also valid for CAN Interface.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for CAN Interface.



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

The CAN Interface can be used for CAN communication only and is specifically designed to operate with one or multiple underlying CAN Drivers and CAN Transceiver Drivers. Several CAN Driver modules covering different CAN Hardware Units are represented by just one generic interface as specified in the CAN Driver specification [1]. As well in the same manner several CAN Transceiver Driver modules covering different CAN Transceiver devices are represented by just one generic interface as specified in the CAN Transceiver Driver specification [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver]. Other protocols than CAN (i.e. LIN or FlexRay) are not supported.

Please be aware that an active PnTxFilter ensures that the first messages on bus is CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdu. In case that CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdu is the NM-PDU the COM-Stack start up takes care that the PduGroups are disabled until successful transmission of that PDU. However, transmit requests for other PDUs (i.e. initially started PDUs, TP-PDUs, XCP-PDUs) will be rejected until the configured PDU was sent. Only the very first PDU which initiates the Wake-up of the Network has to be the CanIfTx-PduPnFilterPdu. In case communication is ongoing and there is an successful reception of frame with PnTxFilter enabled, PnTxFilter shall be disabled. The PnTxFilter is in this case not needed since an Ack will be provided by an already active Node.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

The CAN Interface can be used for all domain applications when the CAN protocol is used.



5 Dependencies to other modules

This section describes the relations to other modules within the AUTOSAR basic software architecture. It contains brief descriptions of configuration information and services, which are required by the CAN Interface Layer from other modules (see Figure 5.1).

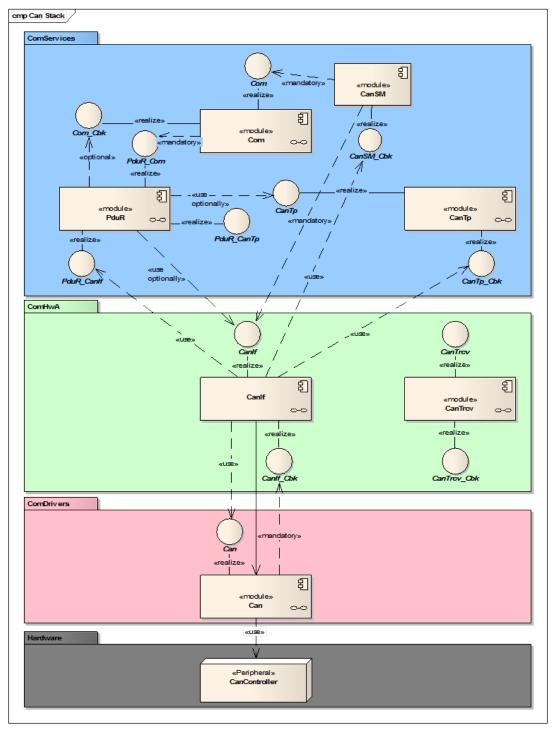


Figure 5.1: CANIF dependencies in AUTOSAR BSW



5.1 Upper Protocol Layers

Inside the AUTOSAR BSW architecture the upper layers of the CAN Interface module (Abbr.: CanIf) are represented by the PDU Router module (Abbr.: PduR), CAN Network Management module (Abbr.: CanNm), CAN Transport Layer module (Abbr.: CanTp), CAN State Manager module (Abbr.: CanSm), ECU State Manager module (Abbr.: EcuM), Complex Driver modules (Abbr.: CDD), Universal Calibration Protocol module (Abbr.: XCP), Global Time Synchronization over CAN (Abbr.: CanTSyn), J1939 Transport Layer module (Abbr.: J1939Tp) and J1939 Network Management module (Abbr.: J1939Nm).

The AUTOSAR BSW architecture indicates that the application data buffers are located in the upper layer, to which they belong. Direct access to these buffers is prohibited. The buffer location is passed by the Canlf from or to the CAN Driver module (Abbr.: CanDrv) during transmission and reception. During execution of these transmission/reception indication services buffer location is passed. Data integrity is guaranteed by use of lock mechanisms each time the buffer has been accessed. See section 7.17 "Data integrity".

The API used by the Canlf consists of notification services as basic agents for the transfer of CAN related data (i.e. Data Length) to the target upper layer. The call parameters of these services points to the information buffered in the CanDrv or they refer directly to the CAN Hardware.

In addition, the Canlf supports a callout to the Bus Mirroring module, to report the content of received and transmitted frames.

5.2 Initialization: Ecu State Manager

The EcuM initializes the CanIf (refer to [3, Specification of ECU State Manager]).

5.3 Mode Control: CAN State Manager

The CanSm module is responsible for mode control management of all supported CAN Controllers and CAN Transceivers.

5.4 Lower layers: CAN Driver

The main lower layer CAN device driver is represented by the CanDrv (see [1, Specification of CAN Driver]). The CanIf has a close relation to the CanDrv as a result of its position in the AUTOSAR Basic Software Architecture.

The CanDrv provides a hardware abstracted access to the CAN Controller only, but control of operation modes is done in CanSm only.



The CanDrv detects and processes events of the CAN Controllers and notifies those to the CanIf.

The CanIf passes operation mode requests of the CanSm to the corresponding underlying CAN Controllers.

CanDrv provides a normalized L-PDU to ensure hardware independence of CanIf. The pointer to this normalized L-PDU points either to a temporary buffer (for e.g. data normalizing) or to the CAN hardware dependent CanDrv. For CanIf the kind of L-PDU buffer is invisible.

The CanIf provides notification services used by the CanDrv in all notifications scenarios, for example: *transmit confirmation* (subsection 8.4.2 "CanIf_TxConfirmation", see [SWS_CANIF_00007]), *receive indication* (subsection 8.4.3 "CanIf_RxIndication", see [SWS_CANIF_00006]) and *notification of a controller mode change* (subsection 8.4.8, see [SWS_CANIF_00699]).

In case of using multiple CanDrv serving different interrupt vectors these callback services mentioned above must be re-entrant, refer to section 7.24 "Multiple CAN Driver support". Reentrancy of callback functions is specified in section 8.4.

The callback services called by the CanDrv are declared and implemented inside the CanIf. The callback services called by the CanIf are declared and placed inside the appropriate upper communication service layer, for example PduR, CanNm, CanTp. The CanIf structure is specified in section 5.7 "File structure".

The number of configured CAN Controllers does not necessarily belong to the number of used CAN Transceivers. In case multiple CAN Controllers of a different types operate on the same CAN network, one CAN Transceiver and CanTrov is sufficient, whereas dependent to the type of the CAN Controller devices one or two different CanDrv are needed (see section 7.5 "Physical channel view").

5.5 Lower layers: CAN Transceiver Driver

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The second available lower layer CAN device driver is represented by the CanTrcv (see [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver]).

Each CanTrcv itself does operation mode control of the CAN Transceiver device. The CanIf just maps all APIs of several underlying CanTrcvs to a unique one, thus CanSm is able to trigger a transition of the corresponding CAN Transceiver modes. No control or handling functionality belonging to CanTrcv is done inside the CanIf.

The CanIf maps the following services of all underlying CanTrcvs to one unique interface. These are further described in the CAN Transceiver Driver SWS (see [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver]):

 Unique CanTrcv mode request and read services to manage the operation modes of each underlying CAN Transceiver device.



- Read service for CAN Transceiver wake up reason support.
- Mode request service to enable/disable/clear wake up event state of each used CAN transceiver (CanIf SetTrcvMode(), see [SWS CANIF 00287]).

5.6 Configuration

The CanIf design is optimized to manage CAN protocol specific capabilities and handling of the used underlying CAN Controller.

The CanIf is capable to change the CAN configuration without a *re-build*. Therefore, the function <code>CanIf_Init()</code> (see [SWS_CANIF_00001]) retrieves the required CAN configuration information from configuration containers and parameters, which are specified (linked as references, or additional parameters) in chapter 10, see Figure 10.1.

This section gives a summary of the retrieved information, e.g.:

- Number of CAN Controllers. The number of CAN Controllers is necessary for dispatching of transmit and receive L-PDUs and for the control of the status of the available CAN Drivers (see CanIfCtrlDrvCfg).
- Number of Hardware Object Handles. To supervise transmit requests the CAN Interface needs to know the number of HTHs and the assignments between each HTH and the corresponding CAN Controller (see CanIfHthCanCtrlIdRef; CanIfHthIdSymRef).
- Range of received CAN IDs passing hardware acceptance filter for each hardware object. The CAN Interface uses fixed assignments between HRHs and L-PDUs to be received in the corresponding hardware object to conduct a search algorithm (see section 7.20 "Software receive filter", see CanIfHrhSoftware-Filter, CanIfHrhCanCtrlIdRef, CanIfHrhIdSymRef)

CanIf needs information about all used upper communication service layers and L-SDUs to be dispatched. The following information has to be set up at configuration time for integration of CanIf inside the AUTOSAR COM stack:

- Transmitting upper layer module and transmit *I-PDU* for each transmit L-SDU.
 Used for dispatching of transmit confirmation services (see CanIfTxPduId).
- Receiving upper layer module and receive *I-PDU* for each receive L-SDU.
 => Used for L-SDU dispatching during receive indication (see CanIfRxPduId).

The CanIf needs the description of the controller and the own ECU, which is connected to one or multiple CAN networks. The following information is therefore retrieved from the CAN communication matrix, part of the AUTOSAR system configuration (see CanIfTxPduCfg, CanIfRxPduCfg):



- All L-PDUs received on each physical channel of this ECU.
 Used for software filtering and receive L-SDU dispatch
- All L-SDUs that shall be transmitted by each physical channel on this ECU. => Used for the transmit request and Transmit L-PDU dispatch
- Properties of these L-PDUs (ID, Data Length).
 Used for software filtering, receive indication services, Data Length Check
- Transmitter for each transmitted L-SDU (i.e. PduR, CanNm, CanTp).
 Used for the transmit confirmation services
- Receiver for each receive L-SDU (i.e. PduR, CanNm, CanTp)
 Used for the L-PDU dispatch
- Symbolic L-PDU/L-SDU name.
 Used for the representation of Rx/Tx data buffer addresses

5.7 File structure

5.7.1 Code file structure

[SWS_CANIF_00378] $\lceil CanIf$ shall access the location of the API of all used underlying CanDrvs for link time configuration by a set of function pointers for each CanDrv. $| () \rangle$

The values for the function pointers for each CanDrv are given at link time.

5.7.2 Header file structure

[SWS_CANIF_00672] [The header file CanIf.h only contains extern declarations of constants, global data and services that are specified in CanIf. | ()

Constants, global data types and functions that are only used by CanIf internally, are declared within CanIf.c.

[SWS_CANIF_00903] [CanIf shall include the header file Mirror_Cbk.h if Bus Mirroring is enabled (see CanIfBusMirroringSupport). | (SRS_Can_01172)



6 Requirements Tracing

The following tables references the requirements specified in [10] as well as [11] and links to the fulfillment of these. Please note that if column 'Satisfied by' is empty for a specific requirement this means that this requirement is not fulfilled by this document.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[SRS_BSW_00007]	All Basic SW Modules written in C language	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	shall conform to the MISRA C 2012 Standard.	
[SRS_BSW_00010]	The memory consumption of all Basic SW	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	Modules shall be documented for a defined	
	configuration for all supported platforms.	
[SRS_BSW_00101]	The Basic Software Module shall be able to	[SWS_CANIF_00001]
	initialize variables and hardware in a separate	
	initialization function	
[SRS_BSW_00159]	All modules of the AUTOSAR Basic Software	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	shall support a tool based configuration	
[SRS_BSW_00164]	The Implementation of interrupt service routines	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	shall be done by the Operating System, complex	
	drivers or modules	
[SRS_BSW_00167]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	provide configuration rules and constraints to	
1000 0011	enable plausibility checks	TOWN OANUE OCCUPY
[SRS_BSW_00168]	SW components shall be tested by a function	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
1000 0011	defined in a common API in the Basis-SW	TOWN OANUE OCCUPY
[SRS_BSW_00170]	The AUTOSAR SW Components shall provide	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	information about their dependency from faults,	
ICDC DCW 001701	signal qualities, driver demands	ICMC CANIE 000001
[SRS_BSW_00172]	The scheduling strategy that is built inside the	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	Basic Software Modules shall be compatible	
[SRS BSW 00306]	with the strategy used in the system AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be	[SWS CANIF 00999]
[3H3_B3W_00300]	compiler and platform independent	[SWS_CAMF_00999]
[SRS BSW 00307]	Global variables naming convention	[SWS CANIF 00999]
[SRS_BSW_00308]	AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall not	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
[3N3_B3W_00300]	define global data in their header files, but in the	[2442_CAMI _00999]
	C file	
[SRS BSW 00309]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall	[SWS CANIF 00999]
[5115_5511_66669]	indicate all global data with read-only purposes	[0110_0/1111 _00000]
	by explicitly assigning the const keyword	
[SRS BSW 00312]	Shared code shall be reentrant	[SWS CANIF 00064]
[0110_0017_00012]	Ondred Gode Shall be rechitant	[C110_OAIMI _00004]



TODO DOW COCCO	AH ALITOOAD D. '. O. (t	TOTALO CANUE COOLAT
[SRS_BSW_00323]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall	[SWS_CANIF_00311]
	check passed API parameters for validity	[SWS_CANIF_00313]
		[SWS_CANIF_00319]
		[SWS_CANIF_00320]
		[SWS_CANIF_00325]
		[SWS_CANIF_00326]
		[SWS_CANIF_00331]
		[SWS_CANIF_00336]
		[SWS_CANIF_00341]
		[SWS_CANIF_00346]
		[SWS_CANIF_00352]
		[SWS_CANIF_00353]
		[SWS_CANIF_00364]
		[SWS_CANIF_00398]
		[SWS_CANIF_00404]
		[SWS_CANIF_00410]
		[SWS_CANIF_00416]
		[SWS_CANIF_00417]
		[SWS_CANIF_00419]
		[SWS_CANIF_00429]
		[SWS_CANIF_00535]
		[SWS_CANIF_00536]
		[SWS_CANIF_00537]
		[SWS_CANIF_00538]
		[SWS_CANIF_00648]
		[SWS_CANIF_00649]
		[SWS_CANIF_00650]
		[SWS_CANIF_00656]
		[SWS_CANIF_00657]
		[SWS_CANIF_00774]
		[SWS_CANIF_00860]
		[SWS_CANIF_00869]
		[SWS_CANIF_00872]
		[SWS_CANIF_00873]
		[SWS_CANIF_00898]
		[SWS_CANIF_00899] [SWS_CANIF_00907]
		[SWS_CANIF_00907]
		[SWS_CANIF_00909]
		[SWS_CANIF_00910]
		[SWS_CANIF_00910]
[SRS BSW 00325]	The runtime of interrupt service routines and	[SWS_CANIF_00135]
[5115_5541_66525]	functions that are running in interrupt context	[[0000_071011_00100]]
	shall be kept short	
[SRS_BSW_00328]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
[5.15_5511_00020]	avoid the duplication of code	[2772_274411 _000000]
[SRS_BSW_00330]	It shall be allowed to use macros instead of	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
[5.15_5511_00000]	functions where source code is used and	[2772_274411 _000000]
	runtime is critical	
[SRS_BSW_00334]	All Basic Software Modules shall provide an	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
[22_253000.1]	XML file that contains the meta data	
[SRS_BSW_00336]	Basic SW module shall be able to shutdown	[SWS CANIF 00999]
[22_2230000]		[SWS_CANIF_91002]
		[[



ICDC DCW 000441	Module decompostation abolt contains all posted	ICMC CANIE 000001
[SRS_BSW_00341]	Module documentation shall contains all needed	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
1000 DOW 000401	informations	TOWO CANUE COLLOS
[SRS_BSW_00348]	All AUTOSAR standard types and constants	[SWS_CANIF_00142]
	shall be placed and organized in a standard	
1000 0001	type header file	TOWN OANUE OOL 101
[SRS_BSW_00353]	All integer type definitions of target and compiler	[SWS_CANIF_00142]
	specific scope shall be placed and organized in	
1000 0001	a single type header	TOWO OANUE OCCUPA
[SRS_BSW_00358]	The return type of init() functions implemented	[SWS_CANIF_00001]
	by AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be	
ICDC DCW 000641	Void	ICMC CANIE 001401
[SRS_BSW_00361]	All mappings of not standardized keywords of compiler specific scope shall be placed and	[SWS_CANIF_00142]
	organized in a compiler specific type and keyword header	
[SRS_BSW_00373]	The main processing function of each	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
[3H3_B3W_00373]	AUTOSAR Basic Software Module shall be	[3W3_CAMI00999]
	named according the defined convention	
[SRS BSW 00378]	AUTOSAR shall provide a boolean type	[SWS CANIF 00999]
[SRS BSW 00405]	BSW Modules shall support multiple	[SWS_CANIF_00001]
[6116_8647_66465]	configuration sets	[8446_6/4411 _66661]
[SRS_BSW_00407]	Each BSW module shall provide a function to	[SWS_CANIF_00158]
[6/16_5647_66467]	read out the version information of a dedicated	[8776_674711 _66766]
	module implementation	
[SRS_BSW_00411]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall	[SWS_CANIF_00158]
[0.10_2011_00111]	apply a naming rule for enabling/disabling the	[2172_0/00100]
	existence of the API	
[SRS_BSW_00414]	Init functions shall have a pointer to a	[SWS_CANIF_00001]
• • •	configuration structure as single parameter	
[SRS_BSW_00416]	The sequence of modules to be initialized shall	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	be configurable	
[SRS_BSW_00417]	Software which is not part of the SW-C shall	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	report error events only after the DEM is fully	
	operational.	
[SRS_BSW_00423]	BSW modules with AUTOSAR interfaces shall	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	be describable with the means of the SW-C	
	Template	
[SRS_BSW_00424]	BSW module main processing functions shall	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	not be allowed to enter a wait state	
[SRS_BSW_00425]	The BSW module description template shall	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	provide means to model the defined trigger	
	conditions of schedulable objects	
[SRS_BSW_00426]	BSW Modules shall ensure data consistency of	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	data which is shared between BSW modules	
[SRS_BSW_00427]	ISR functions shall be defined and documented	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
IODO POULCETT	in the BSW module description template	101410
[SRS_BSW_00428]	A BSW module shall state if its main processing	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	function(s) has to be executed in a specific order	
1000 DOW 604001	or sequence	TOMO CANUE COCCE
[SRS_BSW_00429]	Access to OS is restricted	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
[SRS_BSW_00432]	Modules should have separate main processing	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	functions for read/receive and write/transmit	
	data path	



ICDC DCW 004221	Main processing functions are only allowed to	ICMC CANIE 000001
[SRS_BSW_00433]	Main processing functions are only allowed to	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	be called from task bodies provided by the BSW	
	Scheduler	
[SRS_Can_01001]	The CAN Interface implementation and interface	[SWS_CANIF_00023]
	shall be independent from underlying CAN	
	Controller and CAN Transceiver	
[SRS_Can_01003]	The appropriate higher communication stack	[SWS_CANIF_00012]
	shall be notified by the CAN Interface about an	
	occurred reception	
[SRS_Can_01005]	The CAN Interface shall perform a check for	[SWS_CANIF_00026]
	correct DLC of received PDUs	
[SRS_Can_01008]	The CAN Interface shall provide a transmission	[SWS_CANIF_00005]
	request service	
[SRS_Can_01009]	The CAN Interface shall provide a transmission	[SWS_CANIF_00007]
	confirmation dispatcher	
[SRS_Can_01011]	The CAN Interface shall provide a transmit	[SWS_CANIF_00068]
[6116_6411_61611]	buffer	[2113_3/1111 _00000]
[SRS_Can_01014]	The CAN State Manager shall offer a network	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
[5115_5411_51514]	configuration independent interface for upper	[0440_0/4411 _00999]
	layers	
[SRS_Can_01015]	The CAN Interface configuration shall be able to	[SWS_CANIF_00104]
[Sh5_Call_01015]		[SWS_CANIF_00104]
	import information from CAN communication	
[000 000 04040]	matrix.	TOWO CANUE COCCO
[SRS_Can_01018]	The CAN Interface shall allow the configuration	[SWS_CANIF_00030]
	of its software reception filter Pre-Compile-Time	
1000	as well as Link-Time and Post-Build-Time	101110 011115 000001
[SRS_Can_01020]	The TX-Buffer shall be statically configurable	[SWS_CANIF_00063]
[SRS_Can_01021]	CAN The CAN Interface shall implement an	[SWS_CANIF_00001]
	interface for initialization	
[SRS_Can_01022]	The CAN Interface shall support the selection of	[SWS_CANIF_00001]
	configuration sets	
[SRS_Can_01027]	The CAN Interface shall provide a service to	[SWS_CANIF_00003]
	change the CAN Controller mode.	
[SRS_Can_01028]	The CAN Interface shall provide a service to	[SWS_CANIF_00229]
	query the CAN controller state	
[SRS_Can_01029]	The CAN Interface shall report bus-off state of a	[SWS_CANIF_00014]
	device to an upper layer	
[SRS_Can_01114]	Data Consistency of L-PDUs to transmit shall be	[SWS_CANIF_00033]
	guaranteed	
[SRS_Can_01125]	The CAN stack shall ensure not to lose	[SWS CANIF 00194]
	messages in receive direction	
[SRS_Can_01126]	The CAN stack shall be able to produce 100%	[SWS_CANIF_00381]
	bus load	SWS CANIF 00382
		[SWS_CANIF_00881]
[SRS Can 01129]	The CAN Interface module shall provide a	[SWS_CANIF_00194]
[]	procedural interface to read out data of single	[
	CAN messages by upper layers (Polling	
	mechanism)	
[SRS_Can_01130]	Receive Status Interface of CAN Interface	[SWS_CANIF_00202]
[5.15_5411_61160]	1.335175 Status interface of 5714 Interface	[SWS_CANIF_00230]
[SRS_Can_01131]	The CAN Interface module shall provide the	[SWS_CANIF_00230]
[5115_5411_51151]	possibility to have polling and callback	[0110_0/1411 _00200]
	notification mechanism in parallel	



	1	
[SRS_Can_01136]	The CAN Interface module shall provide a	[SWS_CANIF_00179]
	service to check for validation of a CAN wake-up	
	event	
[SRS_Can_01139]	The CAN Interface and Driver shall offer a CAN	[SWS_CANIF_00999]
	Controller specific interface for initialization	
[SRS_Can_01140]	The CAN Interface shall support both Standard	[SWS_CANIF_00281]
	(11bit) and Extended (29bit) Identifiers	[SWS_CANIF_00877]
[SRS_Can_01141]	The CAN Interface shall support both Standard	[SWS_CANIF_00243]
	(11bit) and Extended (29bit) Identifiers at same	[SWS_CANIF_00877]
	time on one network	
[SRS_Can_01151]	The CAN Interface shall provide a service to	[SWS_CANIF_00286]
	check for a CAN Wake-up event.	
[SRS_Can_01162]	The CAN Interface shall support classic CAN	[SWS_CANIF_00877]
	and CAN FD frames	
[SRS_Can_01168]	The CAN Interface shall implement an interface	[SWS_CANIF_91002]
	for de-initialization	
[SRS_Can_01169]	The CAN interface shall provide a function to	[SWS_CANIF_91001]
	return the current CAN controller error state	
[SRS_Can_01172]	The CAN Interface shall provide a function to	[SWS_CANIF_00903]
	provide received and transmitted frames to the	[SWS_CANIF_00904]
	Bus Mirroring	[SWS_CANIF_00905]
		[SWS_CANIF_00906]
		[SWS_CANIF_00911]



7 Functional specification

7.1 General Functionality

The services of CanIf can be divided into the following main groups:

- Initialization
- Transmit request services
- Transmit confirmation services
- Reception indication services
- Controller mode control services
- PDU mode control services

Possible applications of CanIf:

i. Interrupt Mode

CanDrv processes interrupts triggered by the CAN Controller. CanIf, which is event based, is notified when an event occurs. In this case the relevant CanIf services are called within the corresponding *ISRs* in CanDrv.

ii. Polling Mode

CanDrv is triggered by the SchM and performs subsequent processes (*Polling Mode*). In this case Can_MainFunction_<Write/Read/BusOff/Wakeup/Transceiver>() must be called periodically within a defined time interval. CanIf is notified by CanDrv about events (*Reception*, *Transmission*, *BusOff*, *Timeout*), that occurred in one of the CAN Controllers, equally to the interrupt driven operation. CanDrv is responsible for the update of the corresponding information which belongs to the occurred event in the CAN Controller, for example reception of a L-PDU.

iii. Mixed Mode: interrupt and polling driven CanDry

The functionality can be divided between *interrupt driven* and *polling driven* operation mode depending on the used CAN Controllers.

Examples: Polling driven *FullCAN* reception and interrupt driven *BasicCAN* reception, polling driven transmit and interrupt driven reception, etc.

This specification describes a unique interface, which is valid for all three types of operation modes. Summarized, <code>CanIf</code> works in the same way, either if any events are processed on interrupt, task level or mixed. The only difference is the call context and probably the way of interruption of the notifications: *pre-emptive* or *co-operative*. All services are performed in accordance with the configuration.

The following paragraphs describe the functionality of CanIf.



7.2 Hardware object handles

Hardware Object Handles (HOH) for transmission (HTH) as well as for reception (HRH) represent an abstract reference to a *CAN mailbox structure*, that contains CAN related parameters such as CanId, DLC and data. Based on the CAN hardware buffer abstraction each Hardware Object is referenced in CanIf independent of the CAN hardware buffer layout. The HOH is used as a parameter in the calls of CanDrv's interface services and is provided by CanDrv's configuration and used by CanDrv as identifier for communication buffers of the CAN mailbox.

CanIf acts only as user of the Hardware Object Handle, but does not interpret it on the basis of hardware specific information. CanIf therefore remains independent of hardware.

[SWS_CANIF_00023] [CanIf shall avoid direct access to hardware specific communication buffers and shall access it exclusively via CanDrv interface services.] (SRS Can 01001)

Rationale for [SWS_CANIF_00023]: CanIf remains independent of hardware, because CanDrv interfaces are called with HOH parameters, which abstract from the concrete CAN hardware buffer properties.

Each CAN Controller can provide multiple CAN Transmit Hardware Objects in the CAN mailbox. These can be logically linked to one entire pool of Hardware Objects (multiplexed Hardware Objects) and thus addressed by one HTH.

[SWS_CANIF_00662] [CanIf shall use two types of HOHs to enable access to CanDrv:

- Hardware Transmit Handle (HTH) and
- Hardware Receive Handle (HRH).

10

[SWS_CANIF_00291] [Definition of HRH: The HRH shall be a handle referencing a logical Hardware Receive Object of the CAN Controller mailbox.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00665] [The HRH shall enable CanIf to use BasicCAN or a FullCAN reception method of the referenced reception unit and to indicate a Received L-SDU to a target upper layer module. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00663] [If the HRH references a reception unit configured for *BasicCAN reception*, software filtering shall be enabled in CanIf.] ()

[SWS_CANIF_00664] [If multiple HRHs are used, each HRH shall belong at least to a single or fixed group of Rx L-SDU (CanRxPduIds).]()



The HRH can be configured to receive

- one single CanId (FullCAN)
- a group of single CanIds (BasicCAN)
- a range/area of CanIds (BasicCAN) or
- all CanIds.

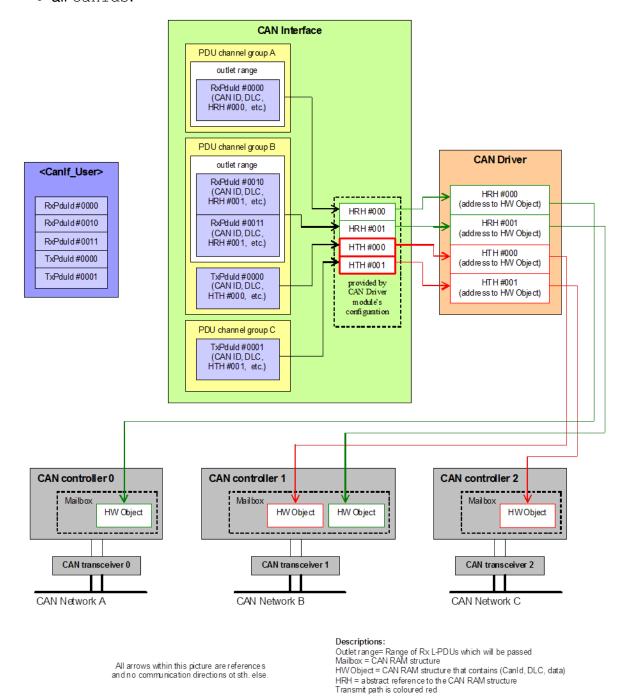


Figure 7.1: Mapping between PDU lds and HW object handles

Receive path is coloured green



[SWS_CANIF_00292] [Definition of HTH: The HTH shall be a handle referencing a logical Hardware Transmit Object of the CAN Controller mailbox.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00666] $\[\]$ The HTH shall enable CanIf to use *BasicCAN* or *FullCAN* transmission method of the referenced transmission unit and to confirm a transmitted L-SDU to a target upper layer module. $\[\]$ ()

[SWS_CANIF_00466] \lceil Each CanIf Tx L-PDU shall statically be assigned to one CanIfBufferCfg configuration container at configuration time (see CanIfTxP-duBufferRef). \rfloor ()

Rationale for [SWS_CANIF_00466]: CanIf Tx L-PDUs do not refer HTHs, but Can-IfBufferCfg, which in turn do refer HTHs.

[SWS_CANIF_00667] [If multiple HTHs are used, each HTH shall belong to a single or fixed group of Tx L-PDU (CanTxPduIds). |()

[SWS_CANIF_00115] [CanIf shall be able to use all HRHs and HTHs of one CanDrv as common, single numbering area starting with zero. | ()

The dedicated HRHs and HTHs are derived from the configuration set of CanDrv. The definition of HTH/HRH inside the numbering area and Hardware Objects is up to CanDrv.

7.3 Static L-PDUs

CanIf offers general access to the CAN L-SDU related data for upper layers. Attributes of the following table are represented as configuration parameters and are specified in chapter 10:

CAN Interface specific attributes	CAN Protocol Control Information (PCI)
Method of SW filtering	CAN Identifier (CanId)
CanIfPrivateSoftwareFilterType	CanIfTxPduCanId, range of CanIds per PDU
	(see CanIfRxPduCanIdRange),
	CanIfRxPduCanId, CanIfRxPduCanIdMask
Direction of L-PDU (Tx, Rx) CanIfTxPduId,	Type of CAN Identifier (StandardCAN,
CanIfRxPduId)	ExtendedCAN) referenced from CanDrv via
	CanIfHthIdSymRef, CanIfHrhIdSymRef
HTH/HRH of the CAN Controller	Data Length and Data Length Code (DLC)
	CanIfRxPduDataLength
Target ID for the corresponding upper layer	Reference to the PDU data (see [1,
CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL,	Specification of CAN Driver])
CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL	
Type of Transmit L-PDU (STATIC, DYNAMIC)	
CanIfTxPduType	
Type of Tx/Rx L-PDU (FullCAN, BasicCAN)	
CanIfHthIdSymRef, CanIfHrhIdSymRef	



[SWS_CANIF_00046] \lceil CanIf shall assign each L-PDU to one CAN Controller only. Thus, the assignment of single L-PDUs to more than one CAN Controller is prohibited. | ()

Rationale for [SWS_CANIF_00046]: This relation is used in order to ensure correct *L-SDU* dispatching at transmission confirmation and reception indication events. In this manner CanIf is able to identify the CAN Controller from the L-PDU.

CanIf supports activation and deactivation of all L-PDUs belonging to one CAN Controller for transmission as well as for reception (see 7.19.2, see CanIf_SetPduMode(), [SWS_CANIF_00008]). For L-PDU mode control refer to section 7.19.

Each L-PDU is associated with an upper layer module in order to ensure correct dispatching during reception, transmission confirmation, and data access. Each upper layer module can use the L-PDUs to serve different CAN Controllers simultaneously.

According to the *PDU* architecture defined for the entire AUTOSAR communication stack (see [7, Layered Software Architecture]), the usage of L-PDUs is split in two different ways:

- For transmission request and transmission/reception polling API the upper layer module uses the L-SDU ID (CanTxPduId/CanRxPduId) defined by CanIf as parameter.
- For all callback APIs, which are invoked by CanIf at upper layer modules, CanIf passes the target PduId defined by each upper layer module as parameter.

The principle is that the caller must use the defined target L-PDU/L-SDU ld of the callee.

If power on initialization is not performed and upper layer performs transmit requests to CanIf, no L-SDUs are transmitted to lower layer and DET shall be invoked. Thus, no un-initialized data can be transmitted on the network. Behavior of L-PDU/L-SDU transmitting function is specified in detail in subsection 8.3.6.

7.4 Dynamic L-PDUs

CanIf shall support the ability to filter incoming messages using the CanIfRxPdu-CanIdMask. The filtering shall be done by comparing the incoming CanId with the stored CanIfRxPduCanId after applying the CanIfRxPduCanIdMask to both IDs. This should be done after the filtering of regular CanIds without mask, to allow for separate handling of some of the CanIds that fall into the range defined by the mask or a CanId based range.

Additionally, DYNAMIC Tx and Rx L-SDUs shall be supported, where the CanId resides in the MetaData of the L-SDU.



During transmission of dynamic L-SDUs, when a CanIfTxPduCanIdMask is defined, the variable parts of the CanId provided via the MetaData must be merged with the CanId by using this mask. When no CanIfTxPduCanIdMask and no CanIfTxPdu-CanId are configured, the MetaData shall be used directly as CanId.

During reception of dynamic L-SDUs, the received CanId shall be placed in the L-SDU MetaData. The content of the MetaData is independent of the CanIfRxPduCanId-Mask parameter.

[SWS_CANIF_00844] [CanIf shall support dynamic L-PDUs, where the CanId or relevant parts of the CanId are placed in the MetaData of a L-SDU. | ()

7.4.1 Dynamic Transmit L-PDUs

Definition of dynamic Transmit L-PDUs: L-PDUs which allow reconfiguration of the CanId during runtime (CanIfTxPduType) or where the ID or parts thereof are provided as MetaData of the L-SDU.

The usage of all other L-PDU elements are equal to normal static Transmit L-PDUs:

- The transmit confirmation notification CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL cannot be reconfigured as it belongs to the L-PDU.
- The Data Length and the pointer to the data buffer are both determined by the upper layer module at call of CanIf_Transmit().

The function CanIf_SetDynamicTxId() (see [SWS_CANIF_00189]) reconfigures the CanId of a dynamic L-PDU with CanIfTxPduType.

[SWS_CANIF_00188] \lceil CanIf shall process the two most significant bits of the CanId (see [1, Specification of CAN Driver], definition of Can_IdType [SWS_Can_00416]) to determine which type of CanId is used and thus how the dynamic Transmit L-PDU shall be transmitted. \rfloor ()

[SWS_CANIF_00673] [The CanIf shall guarantee data consistency of the CanId in case of running function CanIf_SetDynamicTxId(). This service may be interrupted by a *pre-emptive* call of CanIf_Transmit() affecting the same L-PDU, see [SWS_CANIF_00064].]()

[SWS_CANIF_00855] \lceil If CanIfTxPduCanIdMask and CanIfTxPduCanId are omitted, the CanId is directly taken from the MetaData. \rfloor ()

[SWS_CANIF_00856] \lceil CanIfTxPduCanIdMask shall be ignored when meta data configuration does not contain CAN_ID_32 for this L-SDU. \rfloor ()

[SWS_CANIF_00854] [If the MetaDataItem CAN_ID_32, CanIfTxPduCanIdMask and CanIfTxPduCanId are available, CanIfTxPduCanIdMask defines the bits in CanIfTxPduCanId and the bits of the Can_IdType derived from CanIfTxPdu-CanIdType that shall appear in the actual CanId, the other bits are taken from the MetaData. |()



Note: The resulting ID could be calculated in the following way: (CanIfTxPduCanId & CanIfTxPduCanIdMask) | (<dynamic ID parts> & ~CanIfTxPduCanIdMask)

[SWS_CANIF_00857] \lceil CanIf_Init() (see [SWS_CANIF_00085]) initializes the CanIds of the dynamic Transmit L-PDUs with CanIfTxPduType to the value configured via CanIfTxPduCanId. |()

7.4.2 Dynamic receive L-PDUs

Definition of dynamic Receive L-PDUs: L-PDUs that correspond to a set of Canlds, where the actually received Canld is provided to upper layers as part of the PDU data.

[SWS_CANIF_00847] \lceil Configuration shall ensure that dynamic Receive L-PDUs use an ID range or a mask and that the MetaDataItem CAN_ID_32 is configured for the L-SDU. Besides, the software filtering must be enabled for these L-SDUs. \mid ()

[SWS_CANIF_00848] [Upon reception of a dynamic L-SDU, CanIf shall place the CanId in the MetaDataItem of type CAN_ID_32.]()

7.5 Physical channel view

A physical channel is linked with one CAN Controller and one CAN Transceiver, whereas one or multiple physical channels may be connected to a single network.

The CanIf provides services to control all CAN devices like CAN Controllers and CAN Transceivers of all supported ECU's CAN channel. Those APIs are used by the CanSm to provide a network view to the ComM (see [3]) used to perform wake up and sleep request for all physical channels connected to a single network.

The CanIf passes status information provided by the CanDrv and CanTrcv separately for each physical channel as status information for the CanSm (<User_ControllerBusOff>(), refer to [SWS_CANIF_00014]).

[SWS_CANIF_00653] \lceil The Canlf shall provide a ControllerId, which abstracts from the different Controllers of the different CanDrv instances. The range of the ControllerIds within the Canlf shall start with '0'. It shall be configurable via CanIfCtrlId. \rfloor ()

Example:

Canlf	CanDrv A	CanDrv B
ControllerId 0	Controller 0	
ControllerId 1	Controller 1	
ControllerId 2		Controller 0

[SWS_CANIF_00655] [The CanIf shall provide a TransceiverId, which abstracts from the different Transceivers of the different CanTrcv instances. The range of the



TransceiverIds within the Canlf shall start with '0'. It shall be configurable via CanlfTrcvId. \rfloor ()

Example:

CanIf	CanDrv A	CanDrv B
TransceiverId 0	Transceiver 0	
TransceiverId 1	Transceiver 1	
TransceiverId 2		Transceiver 0

During the notification process the Canlf maps the original CAN Controller or CAN Transceiver parameter from the Driver module to the CanSm. This mapping is done as the referenced CAN Controller or CAN Transceiver parameters are configured with the abstracted Canlf parameters ControllerId or TransceiverId.

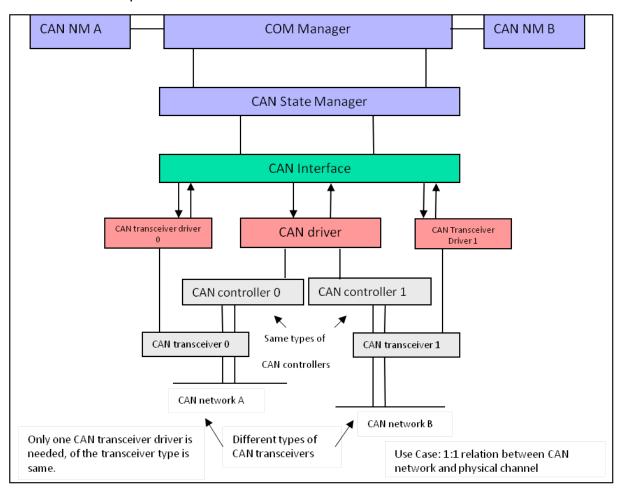


Figure 7.2: Physical channel view definition example A

The CanIf supports multiple physical CAN channels. These have to be distinguished by the CanSm for network control. The CanIf API provides request and read control for multiple underlying physical CAN channels.



Moreover the Canlf does not distinguish between dedicated types of CAN physical layers (i.e. *Low-Speed CAN* or *High-Speed CAN*), to which one or multiple CAN Controllers are connected.

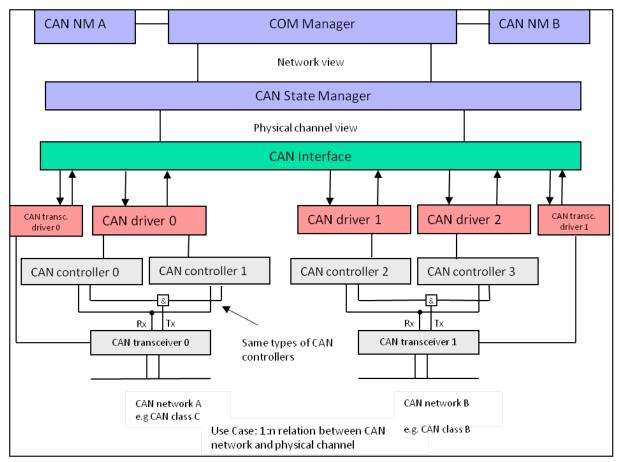


Figure 7.3: Physical channel view definition example B

7.6 CAN Hardware Unit

The CAN Hardware Unit combines one or multiple CAN Controller modules of the same type, which may be located on-chip or as external standalone devices. Each CAN Hardware Unit is served by the corresponding CanDrv.

If different types of CAN Controllers are used, also different types of CanDrvs have to be applied with a unified API to CanIf. CanIf collects information about number and types of CAN Controllers and their Hardware Objects at configuration time. This allows transparent and hardware independent access to the CAN Controllers from upper layer modules using HOHs (refer to section 7.2 "Hardware object handles" and section 7.24 "Multiple CAN Driver support").

Figure 7.4 shows a CAN Hardware Unit consisting of two CAN Controllers of the same type connected to two physical channels:



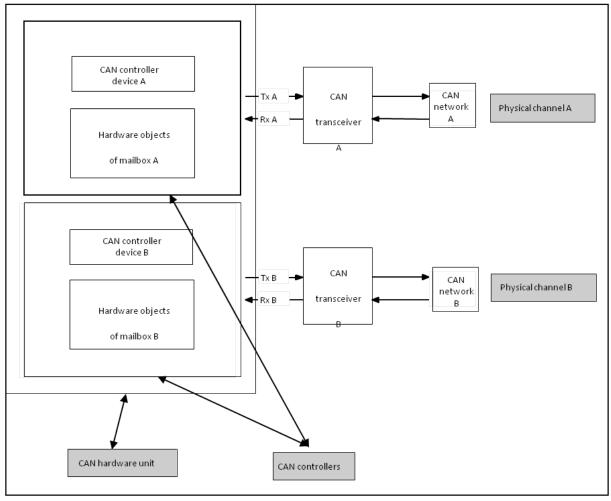


Figure 7.4: Typical CAN Hardware Unit

7.7 BasicCAN and FullCAN reception

CanIf distinguishes between *BasicCAN* and *FullCAN* handling for activation of software acceptance filtering.

A CAN mailbox (Hardware Object) for FullCAN operation only enables transmission or reception of single CanIds. Accordingly, BasicCAN operation of one Hardware Object enables to transmit or receive a range of CanIds.

A Hardware Receive Object for configured BasicCAN reception is able to receive a range of Canlds, which pass its hardware acceptance filter. This range may exceed the list of predefined Rx L-PDUs to be received by this HRH. Therefore, Canlf subsequently shall execute software filtering to pass only the predefined list of Rx L-PDUs to the corresponding upper layer modules. For more details please refer to section 7.20 "Software receive filter".



[SWS_CANIF_00467] \lceil CanIf shall configure and store an order on HTHs and HRHs for all HOHs derived from the configuration containers CanIfHthCfg and CanIfHrhCfg. \rfloor ()

[SWS_CANIF_00468] [CanIf shall reference a hardware acceptance filter for each HOH derived from the configuration parameters CanIfHthIdSymRef and CanIfHthIdSymRef. | ()

The main difference between *BasicCAN* and *FullCAN* operation is in the need of a software acceptance filtering mechanism (see section 7.20 "Software receive filter").

[SWS_CANIF_00469] [CanIf shall give the possibility to configure and store a software acceptance filter for each HRH of type BasicCAN configured by parameter CanIfHrhSoftwareFilter.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00211] \lceil CanIf shall execute the software acceptance filter from [SWS_CANIF_00469] for the HRH passed by callback function CanIf_RxIndication().]()

BasicCAN and FullCAN objects may coexist in a single configuration setup. Multiple BasicCAN and FullCAN receive objects can be used, if provided by the underlying CAN Controllers.

[SWS_CANIF_00877] [If CanIf receives a L-PDU (see CanIf_RxIndication()), it shall perform the following comparisons to select the correct reception L-SDU configured in CanIfRxPduCfg:

- compare CanIfRxPduCanId with the passed Mailbox->CanId (Can_IdType) excluding the two most significant bits
- compare CanIfRxPduCanIdType with the two most significant bits of the passed Mailbox->CanId (Can_IdType)

(SRS Can 01140, SRS Can 01141, SRS Can 01162)

Basically, CanIf supports reception either of *Standard CAN IDs* or *Extended CAN IDs* on one Physical CAN Channel by the parameters CanIfTxPduCanIdType and CanIfRxPduCanIdType.

[SWS_CANIF_00281] \lceil CanIf shall accept and handle StandardCAN IDs and ExtendedCAN IDs on the same Physical Channel (= mixed mode operation). \rfloor (SRS Can 01140)

In a mixed mode operation Standard CAN IDs and Extended CAN IDs can be used mixed at the same time on the same CAN network. Mixed mode operation can be accomplished, if the BasicCAN/FullCAN Hardware Objects have been configured separately for either StandardCAN or ExtendedCAN operation using configuration parameters CanIfTxPduCanIdType and CanIfRxPduCanIdType. In case of mixed mode operation the software acceptance filter algorithm (see section 7.20 "Software receive filter") must be able to deal with both type of CanIds.



[SWS_CANIF_00281] is an optional feature. This feature can be realized by different variants of implementations, no configuration options are available.

7.8 Initialization

The EcuM calls the CanIf's function CanIf_Init() for initialization of the entire CanIf (see [SWS_CANIF_00001]). All global variables and data structures are initialized including flags and buffers during the initialization process. The EcuM executes initialization of CanDrvs and CanTrcvs separately by call of their corresponding initialization services (refer to [1] and [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver]).

The CanIf expects that the CAN Controller remains in *STOPPED* mode like after power-on reset after the initialization process has been completed. In this mode the CanIf and CanDrv are neither able to transmit nor receive CAN L-PDUs (see [SWS CANIF 00001]).

If re-initialization of the entire CAN modules during runtime is required, the EcuM shall invoke the CanSm (see [3]) to initiate the required state transitions of the CAN Controller by call of CAN Interface module's API service CanIf_SetControllerMode(). The CanIf maps the calls from CanSm to calls of the respective CanDrvs (see subsection 8.6.3).

7.9 Transmit request

CanIf's transmit request function CanIf_Transmit () ([SWS_CANIF_00005]) is a common interface for upper layers to transmit L-PDUs on the CAN network. The upper communication layer modules initiate the transmission only via CanIf's services without direct access to CanDrv. The initiated Transmit Request is successfully completed, if CanDrv could write the L-PDU data into the CAN hardware transmit object.

Upper layer modules use the API service <code>CanIf_Transmit()</code> to initiate a transmit request (refer to subsection 8.3.6 "CanIf Transmit").

CanIf performs following actions for L-PDU transmission at call of the service $CanIf_Transmit()$:

- Check, initialization status of CanIf
- Identify CanDrv (only if multiple CanDrvs are used)
- Determine HTH for access to the CAN hardware transmit object
- Call Can Write() of CanDrv

The transmission is successfully completed, if the transmit request service CanIf_Transmit() returns E_OK.



[SWS_CANIF_00382] [If an L-PDU is requested to be transmitted via a PDU channel mode (refer to subsection 7.19.2 "PDU channel modes"), which equals CANIF_OFFLINE, the CanIf shall report the runtime error code CANIF_E_STOPPED to the Det_ReportRuntimeError() service of the DET and CanIf_Transmit() shall return E_NOT_OK. | (SRS_Can_01126)

If the call of Can_Write() returns with CAN_BUSY, please refer to section 7.12 "Transmit confirmation" for further details.

7.10 Transmit data flow

The Transmit Request service CanIf_Transmit() is based on L-PDUs. The access to the L-SDU specific data is organized by the following parameters:

- Transmit L-PDU => L-SDU |D
- Reference to a data structure, which contains L-SDU related data: Pointer to the L-SDU, pointer to the MetaData and L-SDU length.

The reference to the L-SDU data structure is used as a parameter in several CanIf's API services, e.g. CanIf_Transmit() or the callback service <User_RxIndication>(). In case the L-PDU is configured for triggered transmission, the L-SDU pointer is a null pointer.



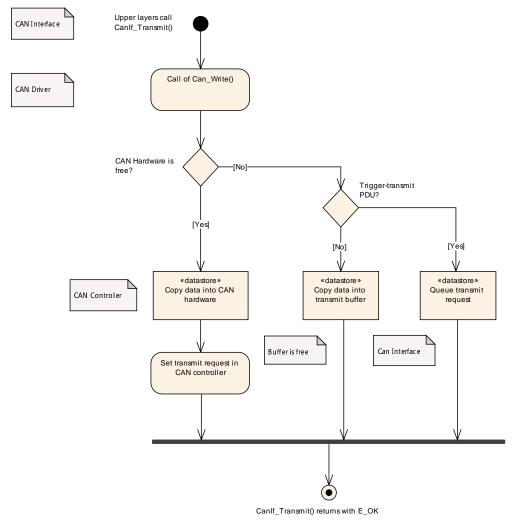


Figure 7.5: Transmit data flow

CanIf stores information about the available hardware objects configured for transmission purposes. The function $CanIf_Transmit()$ maps the CanTxPduId to the corresponding HTH and calls the function $Can_Write()$ (see [SWS_CANIF_00318]).

[SWS CANIF 00904] 「 If Bus Mirroring is enabled globally (see Canand has been activated with IfBusMirroringSupport) а call CanIf EnableBusMirroring() for a CAN Controller, the CanIf shall store the content of each frame before it is transmitted on that controller with Can_Write(). (SRS Can 01172)

Note: The frame content should only be provided to the Bus Mirroring module when it was actually sent. Therefore, the content has to be stored so that it can be provided to the Bus Mirroring module from within the CanIf_TxConfirmation().



7.11 Transmit buffering

7.11.1 General behavior

At the scope of <code>CanIf</code> the transmit process starts with the call of <code>CanIf_Transmit()</code> and it ends with invocation of upper layer module's callback service <code><User_TxConfirmation>()</code>. During the transmit process <code>CanIf</code>, <code>CanDrv</code> and the CAN Mailbox altogether shall store the <code>L-PDU</code> to be transmitted only once at a single location. Depending on the transmit method, these are:

- The CAN hardware transmit object or
- The Transmit L-PDU Buffer inside CanIf, if transmit buffering is enabled.

For triggered transmission, CanIf only has to store the transmit request for the given L-PDU but not its data. The data is fetched just in time by means of the trigger transmit function when the HTH is free (again). A single Tx L-PDU, requested for transmission, shall never be stored twice. This behavior corresponds to the usual way of periodic communication on the CAN network.

If transmit buffering is enabled, CanIf will store a Tx L-PDU in a CanIf Transmit L-PDU Buffer (CanIfBufferCfg), if it is rejected by CanDrv at Transmit Request.

Basically, the overall buffer in CanIf for buffering Tx L-PDUs consits of one or multiple CanIfBufferCfg (see CanIfBufferCfg). Whereas each CanIfBufferCfg is assigned to one or multiple dedicated CanIfBufferHthRef (see CanIfBuffer-HthRef) and can be configured to buffer one or multiple Tx L-PDUs. But as already mentioned above only one instance per Tx L-PDU can be buffered in the overall amount of CanIfBufferCfg.

The behavior of CanIf during L-PDU transmission differs whether transmit buffering is enabled in the configuration setup for the corresponding Tx L-PDU, or not. If transmit buffering is disabled and a transmit request to CanDrv fails (CAN Controller mailbox is in use, BasicCAN), the L-PDU is not copied to the CAN Controller's mailbox and $CanIf_Transmit$ () returns the value E_NOT_OK . If transmit buffering is enabled and a transmit request to CanDrv fails, depending on the $CanIf_TxBuffer$ configuration the L-PDU can be stored in a $CanIf_TxBuffer$. In this case the API $CanIf_Transmit$ () returns the value E_OK although the transmission could not be performed. In this case CanIf takes care of the outstanding transmission of the L-PDU via $CanIf_TxConfirmation$ () callback and the upper layer doesn't have to retry the transmit request.

The number of available transmit $Canlf\ Tx\ L-PDU\ Buffers$ can be configured completely independent from the number of used $Transmit\ L-PDUs$ defined in the CAN network description file for this ECU.

As per [SWS_CANIF_00835] a Tx L-PDU refers HTHs via the CanIfBufferCfg configuration container (see CanIfBufferCfg). This is valid if transmit buffering is not



needed as well. In this case, the buffer size (see CanIfBufferSize) of the Can-IfBufferCfg has to be set to 0. Then CanIfBufferCfg configuration container is only used to refer a HTH.

7.11.2 Buffer characteristics

CanIfTxPduBufferRef, CanIfBufferCfg, CanIfBufferHthRef and CanIf-BufferSize describe the possible CanIfBufferCfg configurations.

7.11.2.1 Storage of L-PDUs in the transmit L-PDU buffer

CanIf tries to store a new Transmit L-PDU or its Transmit Request in the Transmit L-PDU Buffer only, if CanDrv return CAN_BUSY during a call of Can_Write() (see [SWS CANIF 00381]).

[SWS CANIF 00063] [The CanIf shall support buffering of a CAN L-PDU for Basic-CAN transmission in the CanIf, if parameter CanIfPublicTxBuffering (see Can-IfPublicTxBuffering) is enabled. | (SRS Can 01020)

[SWS CANIF 00849] [For dynamic Transmit L-PDUs, also the CanId has to be stored in the CanIfTxBuffer.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00381] [If transmit buffering is enabled (see [SWS_CANIF_00063]) and if the call of Can_Write() for a PDU configured for direct transmission returns with CAN_BUSY, CanIf shall check if it is possible to buffer the CanIf Tx L-PDU, which was requested to be transmitted via Can_Write() in a CanIfTxBuffer. (SRS Can 01126)

When the call of Can_Write() returns with CAN_BUSY, CanDrv has rejected the requested transmission of the L-PDU (see [1]) because there is no free hardware object available at time of the transmit request (Tx request).

[SWS CANIF 00895] [If the rejected data length exceeds the configured size, CanIf shall:

- buffer the configured amount of data and discard the rest
- and report runtime error code CANIF_E_DATA_LENGTH_MISMATCH to the Det ReportRuntimeError() service of the DET.

10

[SWS CANIF 00881] [If transmit buffering is enabled (see [SWS CANIF 00063]) and if the call of Can_Write() for a PDU configured for triggered transmission returns with CAN_BUSY, CanIf shall check if it is possible to buffer the Transmit Request, which was requested to be transmitted via Can_Write() in a CanIfTxBuffer. (SRS Can 01126)



[SWS_CANIF_00835] [When <code>CanIf</code> checks whether it is possible to buffer a <code>CanIf</code> <code>Tx</code> <code>L-PDU</code> or a <code>Transmit</code> <code>Request</code> (see [SWS_CANIF_00381], [SWS_CANIF_00881]), this shall only be possible, if the <code>CanIf</code> <code>Tx</code> <code>L-PDU</code> is assigned (see <code>CanIfTxPduBufferRef</code>) to a <code>CanIfBufferCfg</code> (see <code>CanIfBufferCfg</code>), which is configured with a buffer size (see <code>CanIfBufferSize</code>) bigger than zero. |()

The buffer size of any CanIfTxBuffer is only configurable bigger than zero, if transmit buffering is enabled. Additionally the buffer size of a single CanIfTxBuffer is only configurable bigger than zero if the CanIfTxBuffer is not assigned to a FullCAN HTH (see CanIfBufferSize).

[SWS_CANIF_00836] [If it is possible to buffer a CanIf Tx L-PDU or a Transmit Request, because the buffer size of the assigned CanIfTxBuffer is bigger than zero (see [SWS_CANIF_00835]), CanIf shall buffer a CanIf Tx L-PDU or the Transmit Request in a free buffer element of the assigned CanIfTxBuffer, if the CanIf Tx L-PDU or the Transmit Request is not already buffered in the CanIfTxBuffer.] ()

[SWS_CANIF_00068] [If it is possible to buffer a CanIf Tx L-PDU or a Transmit Request, because the buffer size of the assigned CanIfTxBuffer is bigger than zero (see [SWS_CANIF_00835]), CanIf shall overwrite direct transmitted CanIf Tx L-PDU in the assigned CanIfTxBuffer, if the CanIf Tx L-PDU is already buffered in the CanIfTxBuffer when Can_Write() returns CAN_BUSY. | (SRS_Can_01011)

Note: There is nothing to do for already stored Transmit Requests (see [SWS_CANIF_00068]) due to the fact the data will be catched by CanDrv directly (using CanIf_TriggerTransmit()). Therefore, the latest data will be sent automatically.

If the order of various transmit requests of different L-PDUs shall be kept, transmit requests of upper layer modules must be connected to previous transmit confirmation notifications. This means that a subsequent L-PDU is requested for transmission by the upper layer modules only, if the transmit confirmation of the previous one was notified by CanIf.

Note: Additionally the order of transmit requests can differ depending on the number of configured hardware transmit objects.

[SWS_CANIF_00837] [If the buffer size is greater zero, all buffer elements are busy and CanIf_Transmit () is called with a new L-PDU (no other instance of the same L-PDU is already stored in the buffer), then the new L-PDU or its Transmit Request shall not be stored and CanIf_Transmit () shall return E_NOT_OK.] ()

7.11.2.2 Clearance of transmit L-PDU buffers

[SWS_CANIF_00386] [CanIf shall evaluate during transmit confirmation (see [SWS CANIF 00007]), whether pending CanIf Tx L-PDUs or Transmit



Requests are stored within the CanIfTxBuffers, which are assigned to the new free Hardware Transmit Object (see [SWS CANIF 00466]). | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00668] [If pending CanIf Tx L-PDUs or Transmit Requests are available in the CanIfTxBuffers as per [SWS_CANIF_00386], then CanIf shall call Can_Write() for that pending CanIf Tx L-PDU or Transmit Requests (of the one assigned to the new Hardware Transmit Object) with the highest priority (see [SWS_CANIF_00070]). |()

[SWS_CANIF_00070] [CanIf shall transmit L-PDUs or Transmit Requests stored in the Transmit L-PDU Buffers in priority order (see [12]) per each HTH. CanIf shall not differentiate between L-PDUs and Transmit Requests. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00183] \lceil When <code>CanIf</code> calls the function <code>Can_Write()</code> for prioritized <code>L-PDUs</code> and <code>Transmit</code> Requests stored in <code>CanIfTxBuffer</code> and the return value of <code>Can_Write()</code> is <code>E_OK</code>, then <code>CanIf</code> shall remove this <code>L-PDU</code> or <code>Transmit</code> Request from the <code>Transmit</code> <code>L-PDU</code> Buffer immediately, before the transmit confirmation returns. \mid ()

The behavior specified in [SWS_CANIF_00183] simplifies the choice of the new transmit L-PDU stored in the Transmit L-PDU Buffer.

7.11.2.3 Initialization of transmit L-PDU buffers

[SWS_CANIF_00387] [When function CanIf_Init() is called, CanIf shall initialize every Transmit L-PDU Buffer assigned to CanIf. |()

The requirement [SWS_CANIF_00387] is necessary to prevent transmission of old data after restart of the CAN Controller.

7.11.3 Data integrity of transmit L-PDU buffers

[SWS_CANIF_00033] [CanIf shall protect against concurrent access to Transmit L-PDU Buffers for transmit L-PDUs and Transmit Requests.] (SRS Can 01114)

This may be realized by using exclusive areas defined within the *BSW Scheduler*. These exclusive areas can e.g. configured, that all interrupts will be disabled while the exclusive area is entered. The corresponding services from the *BSW Scheduler* module are SchM_Enter_CanIf() and SchM_Exit_CanIf().

Rationale: for [SWS_CANIF_00033]: pre-emptive accesses to the Transmit L-PDU Buffer cannot always be avoided. Such Transmit L-PDU Buffer access like storing a new L-PDU or removing transmitted L-PDU may occur preemptively.



7.12 Transmit confirmation

If a previous transmit request is completed successfully, CanDrv notifies it to CanIf by the call of CanIf_TxConfirmation() ([SWS_CANIF_00007]).

[SWS_CANIF_00905] [If Bus Mirroring is enabled globally (see Can-IfBusMirroringSupport) and has been activated with a call to CanIf_EnableBusMirroring() for a CAN Controller, the CanIf shall call Mirror_ReportCanFrame() for each frame transmission on that controller that is confirmed with CanIf_TxConfirmation(), providing the stored content and the actual CAN ID. | (SRS_Can_01172)

[SWS_CANIF_00383] [When callback notification $CanIf_TxConfirmation()$ is called, CanIf shall identify the upper layer communication layer (see [SWS_CANIF_00414]), which is linked to the successfully transmitted L-PDU, and shall notify it about the performed transmission by call of CanIf's transmit confirmation service CanIf (refer to section 7.12 "Transmit confirmation"). |()

The callback service \text{User_TxConfirmation}() is implemented by the notified upper layer module.

An upper communication layer module can be designed or configured in a way, that transmit confirmations can be processed with single or multiple callback services for different L-PDUs or groups of L-PDUs. All that services are called by CanIf at transmit confirmation of the corresponding L-PDU transmission request. The Transmit L-PDU enables to dispatch different confirmation services associated to the target upper layer module. This assignment is made statically during configuration.

One transmit L-PDU can only be assigned to one single transmit confirmation callback service. Please refer to subsubsection 8.6.3.2 "<User TxConfirmation>".

[SWS_CANIF_00740] [If CanIfPublicTxConfirmPollingSupport is enabled, CanIf shall buffer the information about a received TxConfirmation per CAN Controller, if the controller mode of that controller is in state CAN_CS_STARTED.]()

7.13 Receive data flow

According to the AUTOSAR Basic Software Architecture the received data will be evaluated and processed in the upper layer communication stacks (i.e. AUTOSAR COM, CanNm, CanTp, DCM). This means, upper layer modules may neither work with (i.e. change) buffers of CanDrv (Rx) nor do they have access to buffers of CanIf (Tx).

CanIf provides internal buffering in the receive path only if CanIfPublicReadRx-PduDataApi is set to TRUE (refer to section 7.15). Tx buffering is addressed in section 7.11 and dynamic L-PDUs are concerned in section 7.4.



In case of a new reception of an L-PDU CanDrv calls CanIf_RxIndication() (refer to [SWS_CANIF_00006]) of CanIf. The access to the L-PDU specific data is organized by these parameters:

- Hardware Receive Handle (HRH)
- Received CAN Identifier (CanId)
- Received Data Length
- Reference to Received L-PDU

The Received L-PDU is hardware dependent (nibble and byte ordering, access type) and allocated to the lowest layer in the communication system - to CanDrv. HRH serves as a link between CanDrv and the upper layer module using the L-PDU. The HRH identifies one CAN hardware receive object, where a new CAN L-PDU was received.

After the indication of a received L-PDU by CanDrv (CanIf_RxIndication() is called) the CanIf shall proceed as described in 7.14 Receive indication. CanIf is not able to recognize, whether CanDrv uses temporary buffering or a direct hardware access. It expects normalized L-PDU data in calls of the CanIf_RxIndication().

The CAN hardware receive object is locked until the end of the copy process to the temporary or upper layer module buffer. The hardware object will be immediately released after CanIf RxIndication() of CanIf returns to avoid loss of data.

CanDrv, CanIf and the upper layer module, which belongs to the received L-PDU, access the same temporary intermediate buffer, which can be located either in the CAN hardware receive object of the CAN Controller or as temporary buffer in CanDrv.



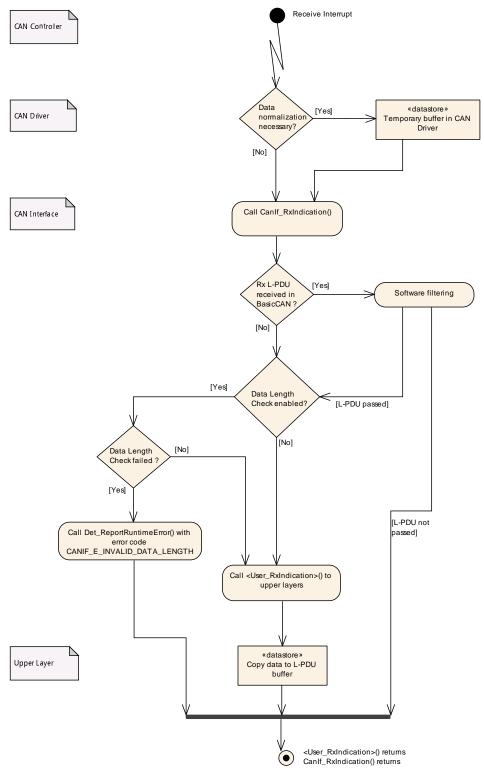


Figure 7.6: Receive data flow



7.14 Receive indication

A call of CanIf_RxIndication() (see [SWS_CANIF_00006]) references in its parameters a newly received CAN L-PDU. If the function CanIf_RxIndication() is called, the CanIf evaluates the CAN L-PDU for acceptance and prepares the L-SDU for later access by the upper communication layers. The CanIf notifies upper layer modules about this asynchronous event using <User_RxIndication>() (see subsubsection 8.6.3.3 "<User_RxIndication>", [SWS_CANIF_00012]), if configured and if this CAN L-PDU is successfully detected and accepted for further processing. The detailed requirements for this behavior follow here.

[SWS_CANIF_00906] $\[$ If Bus Mirroring is enabled globally (see Can-IfBusMirroringSupport) and has been activated with a call to CanIf_EnableBusMirroring() for a CAN Controller, the CanIf shall call Mirror_ReportCanFrame() for each frame reception on that controller that is indicated with CanIf_RxIndication(). $\[$ (SRS_Can_01172)

[SWS_CANIF_00389] [If the function <code>CanIf_RxIndication()</code> is called, the <code>CanIf</code> shall process the Software Filtering on the received L-PDU as specified in 7.20, if configured (see multiplicity of <code>CanIfHrhRangeCfg</code> equals 0..*). If Software Filtering rejects the received L-PDU, the CanIf shall end the receive indication for that call of <code>CanIf_RxIndication().]()</code>

For further details, please refer to section 7.21 "Data Length Check".

[SWS_CANIF_00297]
[If CanIf has accepted a L-PDU received via CanIf_RxIndication() during Data Length Check (see [SWS_CANIF_00390]), CanIf shall copy the number of bytes according to the configured Data Length (see ECUC_CanIf_00599) to the static receive buffer, if configured for that L-PDU (see [SWS_CANIF_00198], ECUC_CanIf_00600). | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00851] \lceil If MetaData is configured for a received L-SDU, CanIf shall copy the PDU payload to the static receive buffer and the CAN ID to the Meta-DataItem of type CAN_ID_32. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00135] \[\text{If a target upper layer module was configured to be called with its providing receive indication service (see [SWS_CANIF_00056]), the CanIf



shall call this configured receive indication callback service (see CanIfRxPduUser-RxIndicationName) and shall provide the parameters required for upper layer notification callback functions (see [SWS_CANIF_00012]) based on the parameters of CanIf_RxIndication(). | (SRS_BSW_00325)

Note: A single receive L-PDU can only be assigned to a single receive indication callback service (refer to multiplicity of CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName).

Overview: CanIf performs the following steps at a call of CanIf_RxIndication():

- Software Filtering (only BasicCAN), if configured
- Data Length Check, if configured
- buffer received L-SDU if configured
- call upper layer receive indication callback service, if configured.

7.15 Read received data

The read received data API CanIf_ReadRxPduData() (see [SWS_CANIF_00194]) is a common interface for upper layer modules to read CAN L-SDUs recently received from the CAN network. The upper layer modules initiate the receive request only via CanIf services without direct access to CanDrv. The initiated receive request is successfully completed, if CanIf wrote the received L-SDU into the upper layer module I-PDU buffer.

The function <code>CanIf_ReadRxPduData()</code> makes reading out data without dependence of reception event (RxIndication) possible. When it is enabled at configuration time (<code>see CanIfPublicReadRxPduDataApi)</code>, not necessarily a receive indication service for the same <code>L-SDU</code> has to be configured (<code>see CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL)</code>. If needed, the receive indication can be enabled, too.

By this way the type of mechanism to receive L-SDUs (in the upper layer modules of CanIf) can be chosen at configuration time by the parameter CanIfRxPduUser-RxIndicationUL and parameter CanIfRxPduReadData according to the needs of the upper layer module, to which the corresponding receive L-SDU belongs to. For details please refer to section 9.9 "Read received data".

[SWS_CANIF_00198] [If the configuration parameter CanIfPublicReadRxPdu-DataApi is set to TRUE, CanIf shall store each received L-SDU, at which CanIfRxPduReadData is enabled, into a receive L-SDU buffer. This means that if the configuration parameter CanIfRxPduReadData is set to TRUE, CanIf has to allocate a receive L-SDU buffer for this receive L-SDU. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00199] \[After call of CanIf_RxIndication() and passing of software filtering and Data Length Check, CanIf shall store the received L-SDU in this receive L-SDU buffer. During the call of CanIf_ReadRxPduData() the assigned



receive L-SDU buffer containing a recently received L-SDU, CanIf shall avoid preemptive receive L-SDU buffer access events (refer to [SWS_CANIF_00064]) to that receive L-SDU buffer. \rfloor ()

7.16 Read Tx/Rx notification status

In addition to the notification callback functions <code>CanIf</code> provides the API service <code>CanIf_ReadTxNotifStatus()</code> (see <code>[SWS_CANIF_00202]</code>) to read the transmit confirmation status of any transmit <code>L-SDU</code> and the API service <code>CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus()</code> is provided to read the receive indication status of any receive <code>L-SDU</code>.

CanIf's API services CanIf_ReadTxNotifStatus() (see [SWS_CANIF_00202]) and CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus() (see [SWS_CANIF_00230]) can be enabled/disabled globally or per L-SDU at pre-compile time configuration using the configuration parameters CanIfPublicReadTxPduNotifyStatusApi, CanIfPublicReadRxPduNotifyStatusApi, CanIfTxPduReadNotifyStatus, and CanIfRxPduReadNotifyStatus.

[SWS_CANIF_00472] $\[\]$ If configuration parameter <code>CanIfPublicReadTxPduNotifyStatusApi</code> is set to <code>TRUE</code>, <code>CanIf</code> shall store the current notification status for each transmit <code>L-SDU</code>. $\[\]$

[SWS_CANIF_00473] [If configuration parameter CanIfPublicReadRxPduNotifyStatusApi is set to TRUE, CanIf shall store the current notification status for each receive L-SDU. | ()

Rationale for [SWS_CANIF_00391] and [SWS_CANIF_00393] respectively [SWS_CANIF_00392] and [SWS_CANIF_00394]: This 'read-and-consume' behavior ensures, that at least one successful transmit or receive event occurred after last call of this service.

7.17 Data integrity

[SWS_CANIF_00064] Shared code shall be reentrant [CanIf shall protect preemptive events, which access shared resources, that could be changed during CanIf's event handling, against each other. [(SRS_BSW_00312))

Rationale: An attempt to update the data in the upper layer module buffers as well as in CanIf's internal buffers has to be done with respect to possible changes done in the context of an interrupt service routine or other preemptive events. Preemptive events probably occur either from preemptive tasks, multiple CAN interrupts, if multiple physical channels i.e. for gateways are used, or in case of other peripherals or network systems interrupts, which have the needs to transmit and receive L-PDUs on the network.



[SWS_CANIF_00058] [If CanIf's environment reads data from CanIf controlled memory areas initiated by calling one of the functions CanIf_Transmit(), CanIf_TxConfirmation(), and CanIf_ReadRxPduData(), CanIf shall guarantee that the provided values are the most recently acquired values. |()

Hint: The functions <code>CanIf_Transmit()</code>, <code>CanIf_TxConfirmation()</code>, and <code>CanIf_ReadRxPduData()</code> access data from <code>CanIf</code> controlled memory areas only, if <code>CanIf</code> is configured to use transmit buffers or receive buffers.

Handling of shared transmit and receive L-PDU/L-SDU buffers are critical issues for the implementation of CanIf. Therefore CanIf shall ensure data integrity and thus use appropriate mechanisms for access to shared resources like transmission/reception L-PDU/L-SDU buffers. Preemptive events, i.e. transmission and reception event from other CAN Controllers could compromise data integrity by writing into the same L-PDU/L-SDU buffer.

CanIf can use CanDrv services to enable e.a. (Can_EnableControllerInterrupts()) and disable (Can_Disable-ControllerInterrupts()) CAN interrupts and its notifications at entry and exit of the critical sections separately for each CAN Controller. If there are common resources for multiple CAN Controllers, the entire CAN Interrupts must be locked. These sections must not take a long time in order to prevent serious performance degradation. Thus copying of data, change of static variables, counters and semaphores should be carried out inside these critical sections. It is up to the implementation to use appropriate mechanisms to guarantee data integrity, interrupt ability and reentrancy.

The transmit request API <code>CanIf_Transmit()</code> must be able to operate re-entrant to allow multiple transmit request calls caused by different preemptive events of different <code>L-PDUs/L-SDUs</code>. <code>CanDrv</code>'s transmit request API <code>Can_Write()</code> operates re-entrant as well.

7.18 CAN Controller Mode

7.18.1 General Functionality

CanIf provides services for controlling the communication mode of all supported CAN Controllers represented by the underlying CanDrv. This means that all CAN Controllers are controlled by the corresponding provided API services to request and read the current controller mode.

The CAN Controller status may be changed at request of the upper layer by the calling of CanIf_SetControllerMode() service. The request is passed by CanIf via the CanDrv API to the addressed CAN Controller.



The consistent management of all CAN Controllers connected at one CAN network is the task of CanSm. By this way CanSm is responsible to set all CAN Controllers of one CAN network sequentially to sleep mode or to wake them up.

CanIf accepts every state transition request by calling the function CanIf_SetControllerMode() or CanIf_ControllerBusOff(). CanIf does not decide if a requested mode transition of the CAN Controller is valid or not. CanIf only interacts with CanDrv by fetching the current mode and execution of requested mode transitions.

This network related state machine is implemented in CanSm. Refer to [3]. CanIf only stores the requested mode and executes the requested transition.

Hint: As optimisation to avoid frequent requests to <code>CanDrv</code> for internal use the last state indicated by <code>CanIf_ControllerModeIndication()</code> and <code>Can_GetControllerMode()</code> could be stored per controller.

Hint: It has to be regarded that not only CanSm is able to request CAN Controller Mode changes.

7.18.2 CAN Controller Operation Modes

According to the requested operation mode by CanSm, CanIf forwards request CanDrys.

[SWS_CANIF_00677] [If a controller mode referenced by ControllerId is in state CAN_CS_STOPPED and if the PduIdType parameter in a call of CanIf_Transmit() is assigned to that CAN Controller, then the call of CanIf_Transmit() does not result in a call of Can_Write() (see [SWS_CANIF_00317]) and returns E_NOT_OK.]

()

[SWS_CANIF_00485] \lceil If a controller mode referenced by ControllerId enters state CAN_CS_STOPPED, then CanIf shall clear the CanIf transmit buffers assigned to the CAN Controller corresponding. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00739] $\[\]$ If a controller mode referenced by <code>ControllerId</code> enters state <code>CAN_CS_STOPPED</code>, then <code>CanIf</code> shall inform corresponding upper layer modules about failed transmission by calling <code><User_TxConfirmation>(id, E_NOT_OK)</code> for every outstanding <code>TxConfirmation</code> assigned to that CAN Controller. If <code>CanIfPublicTxConfirmPollingSupport</code> is enabled, <code>CanIf</code> shall also clear the information about a <code>TxConfirmation</code> (see <code>[SWS_CANIF_00740]</code>). $\]$ ()

Note: This ensures, that for each PDU, which shall be transmitted via CanIf_Transmit(), either a positive or negative <User_TxConfirmation>() is called.

[SWS_CANIF_00724] [When callback CanIf_ControllerBusOff (ControllerId) is called, the CanIf shall call CanSM_ControllerBusOff (ControllerId) of



the CanSm (see subsubsection 8.6.3.9 or a CDD (see [SWS_CANIF_00559], [SWS_CANIF_00560]). |()

[SWS_CANIF_00711] [When callback CanIf_ControllerModeIndication (ControllerId, ControllerMode) is called, CanIf shall call CanSm_ControllerModeIndication(ControllerId, ControllerMode) of the CanSm (see subsubsection 8.6.3.9 "<User_ControllerModeIndication>") or a CDD (see [SWS_CANIF_00691], [SWS_CANIF_00692]). |()

[SWS_CANIF_00712] [When callback CanIf_TrcvModeIndication (Transceiver, TransceiverMode) is called, CanIf shall call CanSM_TransceiverModeIndication (TransceiverId, Transceiver-Mode) of the CanSm (see subsubsection 8.6.3.9 "<User_ControllerModeIndication>") or a CDD (see [SWS_CANIF_00697], [SWS_CANIF_00698]). | ()

7.18.3 Controller Mode Transitions

The API for state change requests to the CAN Controller behaves in an asynchronous manner with asynchronous notification via callback services.

The real transition to the requested mode occurs asynchronously based on setting of transition requests in the CAN controller hardware, e.g. request for sleep transition CAN_CS_SLEEP. After successful change to e.g. CAN_CS_SLEEP mode CanDrv calls function CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() and CanIf in turn calls function <User_ControllerModeIndication>(). If CAN transitions very fast, CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() can be called during CanIf_SetControllerMode(). This is implementation specific.

Unsuccessful or no mode transitions of the CAN Controllers have to be tracked by upper layer modules. Mode transitions CAN_CS_STARTED and CAN_CS_STOPPED are treated similar.

Upper layer modules of CanIf can poll the current Controller Mode by CanIf_GetControllerMode().

Not all types of CAN Controllers support *Sleep* and *Wake-Up Mode*. These modes are then encapsulated by CanDrv by providing hardware independent operation modes via its interface, which has to be managed by CanIf.

Note: It is possible that during transition from CAN_CS_STOPPED to CAN_CS_SLEEP CAN Controller may indicate a wake-up interrupt to the ECU Integration Code.

CanIf distinguishes between internal initiated CAN controller wake-up request (internal request) and network wake-up request (external request). The internal request is initiated by call of CanIf's function CanIf_SetControllerMode (ControllerId, CAN_CS_STARTED) and it is an internal asynchronous request. The external request is a CAN controller event, which is notified by CanDrv or CanTrcv to the ECU Integration Code. For details see respective UML diagram in the chapter "CAN Wakeup Sequences" of document [13].



7.18.4 Wake-up

The ECU supports wake-up over CAN network, regardless of the used wake-up method (directly about CAN Controller or CAN Transceiver), only if the CAN Controller and CAN Transceiver are set to some kind of "listen for wake-up" mode. This is usually a *Sleep Mode*, where the usual communication is disabled. Only this mode ensures that the CAN Controller is stopped. Thus, the wake-up interrupt can be enabled.

7.18.4.1 Wake-up detection

If wake-up support is enabled (see [SWS_CANIF_00180]) CanIf is notified by the Integration Code about a detected CAN wake-up by the service CanIf_CheckWakeup() (see CAN Wakeup Sequences of [13]).

CAN "wake-up" In case of а bus event the function CanIf_CheckWakeup(WakeupSource) may be called during execution of EcuM CheckWakeup(WakeupSource) (see wake-up sequence diagrams of EcuM). CanIf in turn checks by configured input reference to EcuMWakeupSource in CanDrys, which CanDrys have to be checked. CanIf gets this information via reference CanIfCtrlCanCtrlRef.

The Communication Service, which is called, belongs to the service defined during configuration (see CanIfDispatchCfg). In this way EcuM as well as CanSm are able to change CAN Controller States and to control the system behavior concerning the BusOff recovery or wake-up procedure.

[SWS_CANIF_00395] [When CanIf_CheckWakeup(EcuM_WakeupSourceType WakeupSource) is invoked, CanIf shall query CanDrvs / CanTrcvs via CanTrcv_CheckWakeup() or Can_CheckWakeup(), which exact CAN hardware device caused the bus wake-up.]()

Note: It is implementation specific, which controllers and transceivers are queried. CanIf just has to find out the exact CAN hardware device.

[SWS_CANIF_00720] \lceil If at least one function call of Can_CheckWakeup() or CanTrcv_CheckWakeup() returns E_OK to CanIf, then CanIf_CheckWakeup() shall return E_OK. \rfloor ()

7.18.4.2 Wake-up Validation

Note: When a CAN Controller / CAN Transceiver detects a bus wake-up event, then this will be notified to the *ECU State Manager* directly. If such a *wake-up*



event needs to be validated, the EcuM (or a CDD) switches on the corresponding CAN Controller (CanIf_SetControllerMode()) and CAN Transceiver (CanIf_SetTrcvMode()) (For more details see chapter 9 of [13]).

Attention: CanIf notifies the upper layer modules about received messages after the *PDU Channel Mode* has been set to CANIF_ONLINE or CANIF_TX_OFFLINE. Thus, it is necessary that the *PDU Channel Mode* is not set to CANIF_ONLINE or CANIF_TX_OFFLINE if wake-up validation is required.

Note: As per [SWS_CAN_00411] and *CAN Controller State Diagram* (see [1]) a direct transition from mode CAN_CS_SLEEP to CAN_CS_STARTED is not allowed.

[SWS_CANIF_00226] [CanIf shall provide wake-up service CanIf_CheckValidation() only, if

- underlying CAN Controller provides wake-up support and wake-up is enabled by the parameter CanIfCtrlWakeupSupport and by CanDrv configuration
- and/or underlying CAN Transceiver provides wake-up support and wake-up is enabled by the parameter CanIfTrcvWakeupSupport and by CanTrcv configuration
- and configuration parameter CanIfPublicWakeupCheckValidSupport is enabled.

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[SWS_CANIF_00286] [If CanIfPublicWakeupCheckValidSupport equals TRUE, CanIf enables the detection for CAN wake-up validation. Therefore, CanIf stores the event of the first valid call of CanIf_RxIndication() of a CAN Controller which has been set to CAN_CS_STARTED. The first call of CanIf_RxIndication() is valid:

- only for received NM messages if CanIfPublicWakeupCheckValidByNM is TRUE
- for all received messages corresponding to a configured Rx PDU if CanIfPub-licWakeupCheckValidByNM is FALSE.

(SRS Can 01151)

[SWS_CANIF_00179] [<User_ValidateWakeupEvent>(sources) shall be called during CanIf_CheckValidation(WakeupSource), whereas sources is set to WakeupSource, if the event of the first called CanIf_RxIndication() is stored in CanIf at the corresponding CAN Controller.](SRS_Can_01136)

Note: If there is no wake-up event stored in CanIf, CanIf_CheckValidation() should not call <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>().

Note: The parameter of the function <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>() is of type:

• sources: EcuM_WakeupSourceType (see [13])



[SWS_CANIF_00756] \lceil When controller mode is set to CAN_CS_SLEEP the stored event from previous wake-up (first call of CanIf_RxIndication) shall be cleared (see [SWS_CANIF_00179]). \mid ()

7.19 PDU channel mode control

7.19.1 PDU channel groups

Each L-PDU is assigned to one dedicated physical CAN channel connected to one CAN Controller and one CAN network. By this way all L-PDUs belonging to one Physical Channel can be controlled on the view of handling logically single L-PDU channel groups. Those logical groups represent all L-PDUs of one ECU connected to one underlying CAN network.

Figure 7.7 below shows one possible usage of L-PDU channel group and its relation to the upper layers and/or networks.

An L-PDU can only be assigned to one channel group.

Typical users like PduR or the Network Management are responsible for controlling the PDU operation modes.

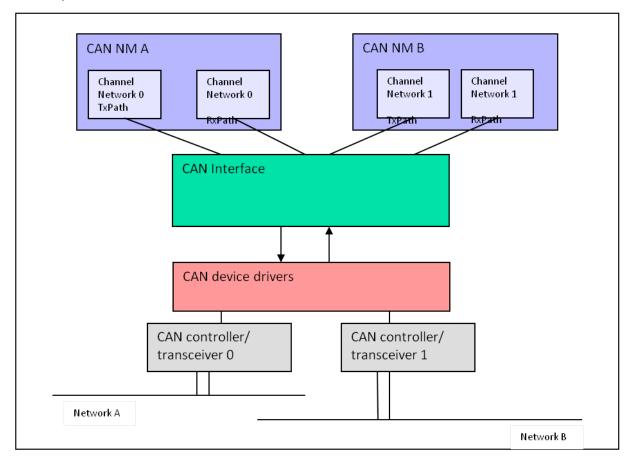


Figure 7.7: Channel PDU groups



7.19.2 PDU channel modes

CanIf provides the services CanIf_SetPduMode() and CanIf_GetPduMode() to prevent the processing of

- all Transmit L-PDUs belonging to one logical channel,
- all Transmit L-PDUs and Receive L-PDUs belonging to one logical channel.

Changing the PDU channel mode is only allowed in case corresponding controller mode equals CAN CS STARTED (refer to [SWS CANIF 00874]).

While CANIF_ONLINE and CANIF_OFFLINE affecting the whole communication the PDU channel modes CANIF_TX_OFFLINE and CANIF_TX_OFFLINE_ACTIVE enable/disable transmission path seperately.

CanIf provides information about the current PDU channel mode via the service CanIf_GetPduMode().

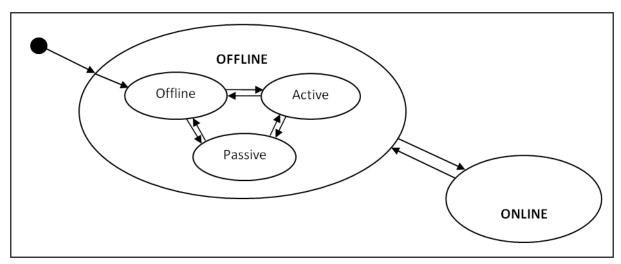


Figure 7.8: PDU channel mode control

Figure 7.8 shows a diagram with possible PDU channel modes. Each L-PDU channel can be in CANIF_OFFLINE (no communication), CANIF_TX_OFFLINE (passive mode => listen without sending), CANIF_TX_OFFLINE_ACTIVE (simulated transmission without listening (see [SWS_CANIF_00072]), and CANIF_ONLINE (full communication). The default state is the CANIF_OFFLINE mode.

7.19.2.1 CANIF_OFFLINE

[SWS_CANIF_00864] \lceil During initialization CanIf shall switch every channel to CANIF_OFFLINE. | ()



[SWS CANIF 00073] [For Physical Channels switching to CANIF OFFLINE mode CanIf shall:

- prevent forwarding of transmit requests CanIf Transmit() of associated L-PDUs to CanDrv (return E_NOT_OK to the calling upper layer modules),
- clear the corresponding CanIf transmit buffers,
- prevent invocation of receive indication callback services of the upper layer modules.
- prevent invocation of transmit confirmation callback services of the upper layer modules.

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[SWS_CANIF_00866] [If CanIf_SetControllerMode(ControllerId, CAN_CS_STOPPED) or CanIf_ControllerBusOff(ControllerId) is called, CanIf shall set the PDU channel mode of the corresponding channel to CANIF_TX_OFFLINE. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00489] [For Physical Channels switching to CANIF_TX_OFFLINE mode CanIf shall:

- prevent forwarding of transmit requests CanIf Transmit() of associated L-PDUs to CanDrv (return E_NOT_OK to the calling upper layer modules),
- clear the corresponding Canlf transmit buffers,
- prevent invocation of transmit confirmation callback services of the upper layer modules.
- enable invocation of receive indication callback services of the upper layer modules.

10

The BusOff notification is implicitly suppressed in case of CANIF_OFFLINE and CANIF_TX_OFFLINE due to the fact, that no L-PDUs can be transmitted and thus the CAN Controller is not able to go in BusOff mode by newly requested L-PDUs for transmission.

[SWS CANIF 00118] [If those Transmit L-PDUs, which are already waiting for transmission in the CAN Transmit Hardware Object, will be transmitted immediately after change to CANIF TX OFFLINE or CANIF OFFLINE mode and a subsequent BusOff event occurs, CanIf does not prohibit execution of the BusOff notification <User_ControllerBusOff> (ControllerId). |()

The wake-up notification is not affected concerning PDU channel mode changes.



7.19.2.2 CANIF ONLINE

[SWS_CANIF_00075] [For Physical Channels switching to CANIF_ONLINE mode CanIf shall:

- enable forwarding of transmit requests CanIf_Transmit() of associated L-PDUs to CanDrv,
- enable invocation of receive indication callback services of the upper layer modules.
- enable invocation of transmit confirmation callback services of the upper layer modules.

]()

7.19.2.3 CANIF_OFFLINE_ACTIVE

If CanIfTxOfflineActiveSupport = TRUE CanIf provides simulation of successful transmission by CANIF_TX_OFFLINE_ACTIVE mode. This mode is enabled by call of CanIf_SetPduMode(ControllerId, CANIF_TX_OFFLINE_ACTIVE) and only affects the transmission path.

[SWS_CANIF_00072] [For every L-PDU assigned to a channel which is in CANIF_TX_OFFLINE_ACTIVE mode CanIf shall call the transmit confirmation call-back services of the upper layer modules immediately instead of buffering or forwarding of the L-PDUs to CanDrv during the call of CanIf_Transmit(). | ()

Note: During CANIF_TX_OFFLINE_ACTIVE mode the upper layer has to handle the execution of the transmit confirmations. The transmit confirmation handling is executed immediately at the end of the transmit request (see [SWS_CANIF_00072]).

Rational: This functionality is useful to realize special operating modes (i.e. diagnosis passive mode) to avoid bus traffic without impact to the notification mechanism. This mode is typically used for diagnostic usage.

7.20 Software receive filter

Not all L-PDUs, which may pass the hardware acceptance filter and therefore are successful received in BasicCAN Hardware Objects, are defined as Receive L-PDUs and thus needed from the corresponding ECU. CanIf optionally filters out these L-PDUs and prohibits further software processing.

Certain software filter algorithms are provided to optimize software filter runtime. The approach of software filter mechanisms is to find out the corresponding L-PDU from the HRH and CanId currently being processed. After the L-PDU is found, CanIf accepts the reception and enables upper layers to access L-SDU information directly.



7.20.1 Software filtering concept

The configuration tool handles the information about hardware acceptance filter settings. The most important settings are the number of the L-PDU hardware objects and their range. The outlet range defines, which Receive L-PDUs belongs to each Hardware Receive Object. The following definitions are possible:

- a single Receive L-PDU (FullCAN reception),
- a list of Receive L-PDUs or
- one or multiple ranges of Receive L-PDUs can be linked to a Hardware Receive Object (*BasicCAN* reception).

For definition of range reception it is necessary to define at least one Rx L-PDU where the CanId or the complete ID range is inside the defined range.

[SWS_CANIF_00645] [A range of CanIds which shall pass the software receive filter shall either be defined by its upper limit (see CanIfHrhRangeRxPduUpperCanId) and lower limit (see CanIfHrhRangeRxPduLowerCanId) CanId, or by a base ID (see CanIfHrhRangeBaseId) and a mask that defines the relevant bits of the base ID (see CanIfHrhRangeMask). |()

Note: Software receive filtering is optional (see multiplicity of 0..* in Can-IfHrhRangeCfg).

Receive L-PDUs are provided as constant structures statically generated from the communication matrix. They are arranged according to the corresponding hardware acceptance filter, so that there is one single list of receive CanIds for every Hardware Receive Object (HRH). The corresponding list can be derived by the HRH, if multiple BasicCAN objects are used. The subsequent filtering is the search through one list of multiple CanIds by comparing them with the new received CanId. In case of a hit the Receive L-PDU is derived from the found CanId.

[SWS_CANIF_00030] $\[\]$ If the CanId of the received L-PDU in the HRH is configured to be received, then CanIf shall accept this L-PDU and the software filtering algorithm shall derive the corresponding Receive L-PDU from the found CanId. $\]$ (SRS Can 01018)



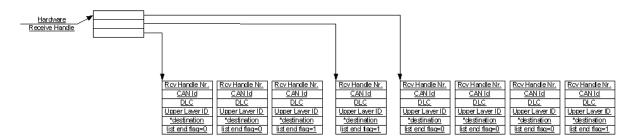


Figure 7.9: Software filtering example

[SWS_CANIF_00852] \lceil If a range is (partly) contained in another range, or a single CanId is contained in a range, the software filter shall select the L-PDU based on the following assumptions:

- A single CanId is always more relevant than a range.
- A smaller range is more relevant than a larger range.

10

7.20.2 Software filter algorithms

The choice of suitable software search algorithms it is up to the implementation of CanIf. According to the wide range of possible receive BasicCAN operations provided by the CAN Controller it is recommended to offer several search algorithms like linear search, table search and/or hash search variants to provide the most optimal solution for most use cases.

7.21 Data Length Check

The received Data Length value is compared with the configured Data Length value of the received L-PDU. The configured Data Length value shall be derived from the size of used bytes inside this L-PDU. The configured Data Length value may not be necessarily that Data Length value defined in the CAN communication matrix and used by the sender of this CAN L-PDU.

[SWS_CANIF_00026] [CanIf shall accept all received L-PDUs (see [SWS_CANIF_00390]) with a Data Length value equal or greater then the configured Data Length value (see CanIfRxPduDataLength). | (SRS_Can_01005)

[SWS_CANIF_00902] [The Data Length Check shall be processed if it is enabled globally (see CanIfPrivateDataLengthCheck) and not disabled individually per PDU (see CanIfRxPduDataLengthCheck). |()

Hint: If the Data Length Check is disabled globally, it can't be enabled individually per PDU.



[SWS_CANIF_00168] [If the Data Length Check rejects a received L-PDU (see [SWS_CANIF_00026]), CanIf shall report runtime error code CANIF_E_INVALID_DATA_LENGTH to the Det_ReportRuntimeError() service of the DET module. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00829] \[\text{CanIf} \] shall pass the received (see [SWS_CANIF_00006]) length value to the target upper layer module (see [SWS_CANIF_00135]), if the Data Length Check is passed. \(\(\) ()

[SWS_CANIF_00830] [CanIf shall pass the received (see [SWS_CANIF_00006]) length value to the target upper layer module (see [SWS_CANIF_00135]), if the Data Length Check is not configured (see CanIfPrivateDataLengthCheck and CanIfRxPduDataLengthCheck) |()

7.22 L-SDU dispatcher to upper layers

Rationale: At transmission side the L-SDU dispatcher has to find out the corresponding Tx confirmation callback service of the target upper layer module. At reception side each L-SDU belongs to one single upper layer module as destination. This relation is assigned statically at configuration time. The task of the L-SDU dispatcher inside of CanIf is to find out the customer for a received L-SDU and to dispatch the indications towards the found upper layer. These transmit confirmation as well as receive indication notification services may exist several times with different names defined in the notified upper layer modules. Those notification services are statically configured, depending on the layers that have to be served.

7.23 Polling mode

The polling mode provides handling of transmit, receive and error events occurred in the CAN hardware without the usage of hardware interrupts. Thus the CanIf and the CanDrv provides notification services for detection and execution corresponding hardware events. In polling mode the behavior of these CanIf notification services does not change. By this way upper layer modules are abstracted from the strategy to detect hardware events. If different CanDrvs are in use, the calling frequency has to be harmonized during configuration setup and system integration.

These notification services are able to detect new events that occurred in the CAN hardware objects since its last execution. The Canlf's notification services for forwarding of detected events by the CanDrv are the same like for interrupt operation (see section 8.4 "Callback notifications").

The user has to consider, that the CanIf has to be able to perform notification services triggered by interrupt on interrupt level as well as to perform invoked notification services on task level. If any access to the CAN controller's mailbox is blocked, subsequent transmit buffering takes place (refer section 7.11 "Transmit buffering").



The Polling and Interrupt mode can be configured for each underlying CAN controller.

7.24 Multiple CAN Driver support

CanIf needs a specific mapping to cover multiple CanDrv to provide a common interface to upper layers. Thus, CanIf must dispatch all actions up-down to the APIs of the corresponding CanDrv and underlying CAN Controller(s). For the way down-up CanIf has to provide adequate callback notifications to differentiate between multiple CanDrvs.

Each CanDrv supports a certain number of underlying CAN Controllers and a fixed number of HTHs/HRHs. Each CanDrv has an own numbering area, which starts always at zero for CAN Controllers and HTHs. CanIf has to derive the corresponding CanDrv from the L-SDU passed in the APIs. The parameters have to be translated accordingly: i.e. L-SDU => HTH/HRH, CanId, Data Length."

The support for multiple CanDrvs can be enabled and disabled by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicMultipleDrvSupport.

7.24.1 Transmit requests by using multiple CAN Drivers

Each Transmit L-PDU enables CanIf to derive the corresponding CAN Controller and implicitly CanDrv serving the affected Hardware Unit. Resolving of these dependencies is possible because of the construction of the *CAN Controller Handle*: it combines *CanDrv Handle* and the corresponding CAN Controller in the Hardware Unit.

At configuration time a CAN Controller Handle will be mapped to each CAN Controller. The sequence diagram Figure 7.10 below demonstrates two transmit requests directed to different CanDrvs. CanIf needs only to select the corresponding CanDrv in order to call the correct API service.

Note: Figure 7.10 and the following table serve only as an example. Finally, it is up to the implementation to access the correct APIs of underlying CanDrvs.



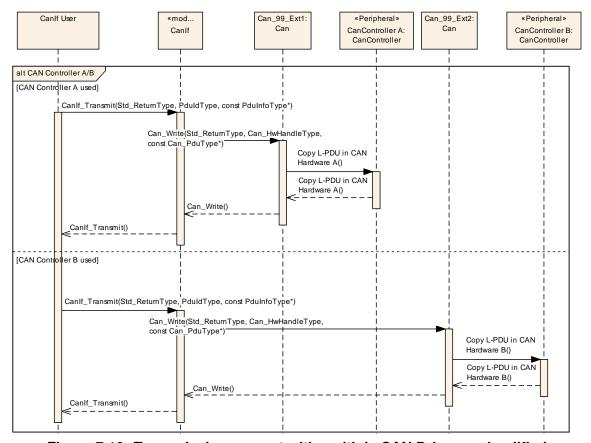


Figure 7.10: Transmission request with multiple CAN Drivers - simplified

Operations called	Description		
<pre>CanIf_Transmit(PduId_1,</pre>	Upper layer initiates a transmit request. The PduId is used for		
PduInfoPtr_1)	tracing the requested CAN Controller and then to serving the		
	Hardware Unit.		
	The number of the Hardware Unit is relevant for the dispatch		
	as it is used as index for the array with pointer to functions. At first		
	the number of the PDU channel group will be extracted from the		
	PduId_1. Each PDU channel group refers to a CAN channel and		
	thus as well the Hardware Unit Number and the CAN Controller		
	Number.		
	The Hardware Unit Number points on an instance of CanDrv and		
	therefore refers all API services configured for the used		
	Hardware Unit(s). One of these services is the requested		
	transmit service.		
Can_Write (Hth,	Request for transmission to the corresponding CAN_Driver		
PduInfoPtr)	serving i.e. CAN Controller #0 within the "A" Hardware Unit.		
Hardware request	All L-PDU data will be set in the Hardware of i.e. CAN		
	Controller #0 within Hardware Unit "A" and the transmit		
	request enabled.		
CanIf_Transmit(PduId_2,	Upper layer initiates Transmit Request. The PduId leads to		
PduInfoPtr_2)	another CAN Controller and then to another Hardware		
	Unit.		



	The number of the Hardware Unit is relevant for the dispatch as it is used as index for the array with pointer to functions. At first the number of the PDU channel group will be extracted from the PduId_2. Each PDU channel group refers to a CAN channel and thus as well to the Hardware Unit Number and to the CAN Controller Number. The Hardware Unit Number points on an instance of CanDrv and therefore refers all API services configured for the used Hardware Unit(s). One of these services is the requested transmit service.
Can_Write (Hth,	Request for transmission to the corresponding CAN_Driver
PduInfoPtr_2)	serving i.e. CAN Controller #1 within the "B" Hardware Unit.
Hardware request	All L-PDU data will be set in the Hardware of i.e. CAN
	Controller #1 within Hardware Unit "B" and the transmit
	request enabled.

7.24.2 Notification mechanism using multiple CAN Drivers

Even if multiple <code>CanDrvs</code> are used in a single ECU Every notification callback service invoked by <code>CanDrvs</code> at the <code>CanIf</code> exists only once. This means, that <code>CanIf</code> has to identify calling <code>CanDrv</code> using the passed parameters. <code>CanIf</code> identifies the calling <code>CanDrv</code> from the <code>ControllerId</code> within the <code>Mailbox</code> (<code>Can_HwType</code>) structure.



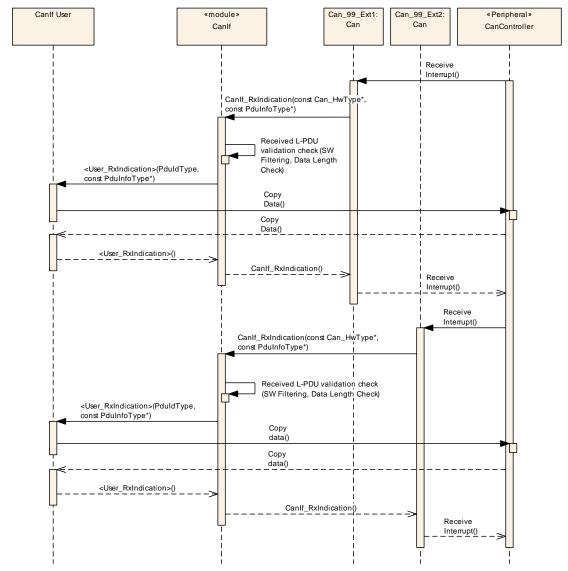


Figure 7.11: Receive interrupt with multiple CanDrvs - simplified

Operations called	Description		
Receive Interrupt	CAN Controller 1 signals a successful reception and triggers a		
	receive interrupt. The ISR of CanDrv A is invoked.		
CanIf_RxIndication(Mailb	lbokhe reception is indicated to CanIf by calling of		
PduInfoPtr_1)	CanIf_RxIndication(). The pointer Mailbox_1 identifies		
	the HRH and its corresponding CAN Controller, which contains		
	the received L-PDU specified by PduInfoPtr_1.		
Validation check (SW Filter-	The Software Filtering checks, whether the Received L-PDU will		
ing, Data Length Check)	be processed on a local ECU. If not, the Received L-SDU is not		
	indicated to upper layers and further processing is suppressed.		
	If the L-PDU is found, the Data Length of the Received L-PDU		
	is compared with the expected, statically configured one for the		
	received L-PDU.		



<pre><user_rxindication></user_rxindication></pre>	The corresponding receive indication service of the upper layer is
(CanRxPduId_1,	called. This signals a successful reception to the target upper
CanPduInfoPtr_1)	layer. The parameter CanRxPduId_1 specifies the ID of the
	received L-SDU. The second parameter is the reference on
	PduInfoType which provides access to the buffer containing the
	L-SDU.
Receive Interrupt	The CAN Controller 2 signals a successful reception and
	triggers a receive interrupt. The ISR of CanDry B is invoked.
CanIf_RxIndication (Mailk	okhe reception is indicated to CanIf by calling of
PduInfoPtr_2)	CanIf_RxIndication(). The pointer Mailbox_2 identifies
	the HRH and its corresponding CAN Controller, which contains
	the received L-PDU specified by PduInfoPtr_2.
Validation check (SW Filter-	The Software Filtering checks, whether the Received L-PDU will
ing, Data Length Check)	be processed on a local ECU. If not, the Received L-SDU is not
	indicated to upper layers and further processing is suppressed.
	If the L-PDU is found, the Data Length of the Received L-PDU
	is compared with the expected, statically configured one for the
	received L-PDU.
<pre><user_rxindication></user_rxindication></pre>	The corresponding receive indication service of the upper layer is
(CanRxPduId_2,	called. This signals a successful reception to the target upper
CanPduInfoPtr_2)	layer. The parameter CanRxPduId_2 specifies the ID of the
	received L-SDU. The second parameter is the reference on
	PduInfoType which provides access to the buffer containing the
	L-SDU.

7.25 Partial Networking

[SWS_CANIF_00747] [If Partial Networking (PN) is enabled (see CanIfPublicPn-Support), CanIf shall support a PnTxFilter per CAN Controller which overlays the PDU channel modes.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00748] \lceil The PnTxFilter of [SWS_CANIF_00747] shall only have an effect and transition its modes (enabled/disabled) if more than zero Tx L-PDUs per CAN Controller are configured as CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdu (see CanIfTx-PduPnFilterPdu). \mid ()

[SWS_CANIF_00863] [PnTxFilter shall be enabled during initialization (ref. to [SWS_CANIF_00747] and [SWS_CANIF_00748]). |()

[SWS_CANIF_00750] [If the PnTxFilter of a CAN Controller is enabled, CanIf shall block all Tx requests to that CAN Controller (return E_NOT_OK when CanIf_Transmit() is called), except if the requested Tx L-PDUs is one of the configured CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdus of that CAN Controller. These CanIfTx-PduPnFilterPdus shall always be passed to the corresponding CAN Driver.]()



[SWS_CANIF_00751] [If CanIf_TxConfirmation() is called, the corresponding PnTxFilter shall be disabled (ref. to [SWS_CANIF_00747] and [SWS_CANIF_00748]).]()

[SWS_CANIF_00896] [If CanIf_RxIndication() is called and PnTxFilter is enabled, the corresponding PnTxFilter shall be disabled (ref. to [SWS_CANIF_00747] and [SWS_CANIF_00748]).]()

[SWS_CANIF_00752] [If the PnTxFilter of a CAN Controller is disabled, CanIf shall behave as requested via CanIf_SetPduMode() (see [SWS_CANIF_00008]).] ()

7.26 CAN FD Support

For performance reasons some CAN Controllers allow to use a Flexible Data-Rate feature called CAN FD (see [12, ISO 11898-1:2015]). Besides, the higher baud rate for the payload CAN FD also supports an extended payload which allows the transmission of up to 64 bytes. If these features are available depends on the general CAN FD support by the CAN Controller and if the CAN Controller is in CAN FD mode (valid CanControllerFdBaudrateConfig).

If an L-SDU shall be sent as CAN FD or conventional CAN 2.0 frame depends on the configured CanIfTxPduCanIdType. CanIf indicates this to CanDrv utilizing the second most significant bit of PduInfo->id (Can_IdType) passed while calling Can_Write().

Note: If CanDrv is not in CAN FD mode (no CanControllerFdBaudrateConfig, the L-PDU will be sent as conventional CAN 2.0 frame as long as the SduLength <= 8 bytes.

Note: The arbitration phase of conventional CAN 2.0 frames and CAN FD frames does not differ if the same CanId is used. Therefore, even when using CAN FD frames each CanId must not be used more than once.

Which kind of frame was received by CanDrv is also indicated utilizing the second most significant bit of the Can_IdType passed with CanIf_RxIndication() (Mailbox->CanId). Based on this information CanIf decides how to map to the configured L-SDU (CanIfRxPduCfg) as described in [SWS_CANIF_00877].

Note: If upper layers don't care if a message was received by conventional CAN 2.0 frame or CAN FD frame, it is possible to use only one CanIfRxPduCfg for both types (see CanIfRxPduCanIdType). This might allow local optimization. However, from a



system point of view, the format for each frame has to be configured. Otherwise the sender wouldn't know which kind of frame shall be transmitted.

7.27 Error classification

This chapter lists and classifies all errors that can be detected within this software module. Each error is classified according to relevance (development / production) and related error code. For development errors, a value is defined.

7.27.1 Development Errors

The following table shows the available error codes. CanIf shall detect them to the DET, if configured.

Type of error	Relevance	Related error code	Value
API service called with	Development	evelopment CANIF_E_PARAM_CANID	
invalid parameter		CANIF_E_PARAM_HOH 12	
		CANIF_E_PARAM_LPDU	
		CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID	15
		CANIF_E_PARAM_WAKEUPSOURCE	16
		CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCV	17
		CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCVMODE	18
		CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCVWAKEUPMODE	19
		CANIF_E_PARAM_CTRLMODE	21
		CANIF_E_PARAM_PDU_MODE	22
API service called with	Development	CANIF_E_PARAM_POINTER	20
invalid pointer			
API service used without	Development	CANIF_E_UNINIT	30
module initialization			
Transmit PDU ID invalid	Development	CANIF_E_INVALID_TXPDUID	50
Receive PDU ID invalid	Development	CANIF_E_INVALID_RXPDUID	60
CAN Interface initialisation	Development	CANIF_E_INIT_FAILED	80
failed			

7.27.2 Runtime Errors

Type of error	Relevance	Related error code	Value
Failed Data Length Check	Runtime	CANIF_E_INVALID_DATA_LENGTH	61
Data Length	Runtime	CANIF_E_DATA_LENGTH_MISMATCH	62
Transmit requested on	Runtime	CANIF_E_STOPPED	70
offline PDU channel			
Message length was	Runtime	CANIF_E_TXPDU_LENGTH_EXCEEDED	90
exceeding the maximum			
length			



7.27.3 Transient Faults

There are no transient faults.

7.27.4 Production Errors

There are no production errors.

7.27.5 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.

7.28 Error detection

[SWS_CANIF_00661] \lceil All Canlf API services other than CanIf_Init() and CanIf_GetVersionInfo() shall not execute their normal operation and return E_NOT_OK unless the CanIf has been initialized with a preceding call of CanIf_Init(). \rfloor ()

7.29 Error notification

[SWS_CANIF_00223] \[\text{ For all defined production errors it is only required to report the event, when an error or diagnostic relevant event (e.g. state changes, no L-PDU events) occurs. Any status has not to be reported. \(\]()

[SWS_CANIF_00119] \lceil Additional errors that are detected because of specific implementation and/or specific hardware properties shall be added in the CanIf specific implementation specification. For doing that, the classification and enumeration listed above can be extended with incremented enumerations. \rfloor ()



8 API specification

8.1 Imported types

In this chapter all types included from the following modules are listed.

[SWS_CANIF_00142] [

Module	Header File	Imported Type
Can_GeneralTypes	Can_GeneralTypes.h	CanTrcv_TrcvModeType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	CanTrcv_TrcvWakeupModeType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	CanTrcv_TrcvWakeupReasonType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	Can_ControllerStateType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	Can_ErrorStateType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	Can_HwHandleType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	Can_HwType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	Can_ldType
	Can_GeneralTypes.h	Can_PduType
ComStack_Types	ComStackTypes.h	IcomConfigIdType
	ComStackTypes.h	IcomSwitch_ErrorType
	ComStackTypes.h	PduldType
	ComStackTypes.h	PduInfoType
EcuM	EcuM.h	EcuM_WakeupSourceType
Std_Types	StandardTypes.h	Std_ReturnType
	StandardTypes.h	Std_VersionInfoType

Table 8.1: Canlf_ImportedTypes

(SRS BSW 00348, SRS BSW 00353, SRS BSW 00361)

8.2 Type definitions

8.2.1 Canlf_ConfigType

[SWS_CANIF_00144] [

Name:	CanIf_ConfigType		
Туре:	Structure		
Element:		implementation specific	The contents of the initialization data structure are CAN interface specific
Description:	·		
Available via:	Canlf.h		

Table 8.2: Canlf_ConfigType



]()

[SWS_CANIF_00523] $\[\]$ The initialization data structure for a specific CanIf_ConfigType shall include the definition of CanIf public parameters and the definition for each L-PDU/L-SDU. $\[\]$

Note: The definition of CanIf public parameters and the definition for each L-PDU/L-SDU are specified in chapter 10.

8.2.2 Canlf_PduModeType

[SWS_CANIF_00137] [

Name:	CanIf_PduModeType		
Туре:	Enumeration		
Range:	CANIF_OFFLINE	0x00	= 0 Transmit and receive path of the corresponding channel are disabled => no communication mode
	CANIF_TX_OFFLINE	0x01	Transmit path of the corresponding channel is disabled. The receive path is enabled.
	CANIF_TX_OFFLINE_ACTIVE	0x02	Transmit path of the corresponding channel is in offline active mode (see SWS_CANIF_00072). The receive path is disabled. This mode requires CanIfTxOfflineActiveSupport = TRUE.
	CANIF_ONLINE	0x03	Transmit and receive path of the corresponding channel are enabled => full operation mode
Description:	The PduMode of a channel defines its transmit or receive activity. Communication direction (transmission and/or reception) of the channel can be controlled separately or together by upper layers.		
Available via:	Canlf.h		

Table 8.3: Canlf_PduModeType

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8.2.3 Canlf_NotifStatusType

[SWS_CANIF_00201] [

Name:	CanIf_NotifStatusType		
Type:	Enumeration		
Range:	CANIF_TX_RX_NOTIFICATION	_	The requested Rx/Tx CAN L-PDU was successfully transmitted or received.



	CANIF_NO_NOTIFICATION	0x00	No transmit or receive event occurred for the requested L-PDU.
Description:	Return value of CAN L-PDU notification status.		
Available	Canlf.h		
via:			

Table 8.4: Canlf_NotifStatusType

8.3 Function definitions

8.3.1 Canlf Init

[SWS_CANIF_00001] [

Service name:	CanIf_Init	
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_Init(</pre>	
	const CanIf_Conf	igType* ConfigPtr
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x01	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ConfigPtr	Pointer to configuration parameter set, used e.g. for
		post build parameters
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service Initializes internal and external interfaces of the CAN Inter-	
	face for the further processing.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.5: Canlf_Init

](SRS_BSW_00405, SRS_BSW_00101, SRS_BSW_00358, SRS_BSW_00414, SRS_Can_01021, SRS_Can_01022)

Note: All underlying CAN controllers and transceivers still remain not operational.

Note: The service CanIf_Init() is called only by the EcuM.

[SWS_CANIF_00085] \lceil The service CanIf_Init() shall initialize the global variables and data structures of the CanIf including flags and buffers. | ()

8.3.2 Canlf Delnit

[SWS CANIF 91002] [

Service name: Canlf_Delnit



Syntax:	void CanIf_DeInit(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x02
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters (inout):	None
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	De-initializes the Canlf module.
Available via:	Canlf.h

Table 8.6: Canlf_Delnit

(SRS_Can_01168, SRS_BSW_00336)

Note: General behavior and constraints on de-initialization functions are specified by [SWS_BSW_00152], [SWS_BSW_00072], [SWS_BSW_00232], [SWS_BSW_00233].

Caveat: Caller of the CanIf_DeInit () function has to be sure there are no on-going transmissions/receptions, nor any pending transmission confirmations.

8.3.3 Canlf_SetControllerMode

[SWS_CANIF_00003] [

Service name:	CanIf_SetControllerM	lode	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_SetControllerMode(
	uint8 Controller	id,	
	Can_ControllerStateType ControllerMode		
Service ID[hex]:	0x03		
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant (Not for the same controller)		
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a	
		CAN controller, which is requested for mode transi-	
		tion.	
	ControllerMode	Requested mode transition	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Controller mode request has been accepted	
		E NOT OK: Controller mode request has not been	
		accepted	
Description:	This service calls the corresponding CAN Driver service for changing of		
-	the CAN controller mode.		
Available via:	Canlf.h		

Table 8.7: Canlf_SetControllerMode

(SRS Can 01027)



Note: The service <code>CanIf_SetControllerMode()</code> initiates a transition to the requested CAN controller mode <code>ControllerMode</code> of the CAN controller which is assigned by parameter <code>ControllerId</code>.

[SWS_CANIF_00308] [The service CanIf_SetControllerMode() shall call Can_SetControllerMode(Controller, Transition) for the requested CAN controller. |()

Note: The ID of the CAN controller is published inside the configuration description of the CanIf.

8.3.4 Canlf_GetControllerMode

[SWS_CANIF_00229]

Service name:	CanIf_GetControllerMode	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetControllerMode(
	uint8 Controller	Id,
	Can_ControllerSt	ateType* ControllerModePtr
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x04	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a
		CAN controller, which is requested for current oper-
		ation mode.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	ControllerModePtr	Pointer to a memory location, where the current
		mode of the CAN controller will be stored.
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Controller mode request has been accepted.
		E_NOT_OK: Controller mode request has not been
		accepted.
Description:	This service calls the corresponding CAN Driver service for obtaining the	
	current status of the CAN controller.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.8: Canlf_GetControllerMode



(SRS_Can_01028)

Note: The ID of the CAN controller module is published inside the configuration description of the CanIf.

8.3.5 Canlf_GetControllerErrorState

[SWS_CANIF_91001] [

CanIf_GetControllerErrorState	
Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetControllerErrorState(
uint8 Controller	Id,
Can_ErrorStateTy	pe* ErrorStatePtr
)	
0x4b	
Synchronous	
Non Reentrant for the same ControllerId	
ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a
	CAN controller, which is requested for ErrorState.
None	
ErrorStatePtr	Pointer to a memory location, where the error state
	of the CAN controller will be stored.
Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Error state request has been accepted.
	E_NOT_OK: Error state request has not been ac-
	cepted.
This service calls the corresponding CAN Driver service for obtaining the	
error state of the CAN controller.	
Canlf.h	
	Std_ReturnType C uint8 Controller Can_ErrorStateTy) Ox4b Synchronous Non Reentrant for the ControllerId None ErrorStatePtr Std_ReturnType This service calls the cerror state of the CAN

Table 8.9: Canlf_GetControllerErrorState

(SRS_Can_01169)

[SWS CANIF 00898] lf parameter ControllerId CanIf_GetControllerErrorState() has an invalid value. the CanIf report shall development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET, when CanIf_GetControllerErrorState() is called. | (SRS_BSW_00323)



8.3.6 Canlf_Transmit

[SWS CANIF 00005] [

Service name:	CanIf_Transmit	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_Transmit(
	PduIdType TxPduI	d ,
	const PduInfoTyp	e* PduInfoPtr
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x49	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in):	TxPduld	Identifier of the PDU to be transmitted
	PduInfoPtr	Length of and pointer to the PDU data and pointer
		to MetaData.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Transmit request has been accepted.
		E_NOT_OK: Transmit request has not been ac-
	cepted.	
Description:	Requests transmission of a PDU.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.10: Canlf_Transmit

(SRS Can 01008)

Note: The corresponding CAN Controller and HTH have to be resolved by the Tx-PduId.

[SWS_CANIF_00317] \lceil The service <code>CanIf_Transmit()</code> shall not accept a transmit request, if the controller mode referenced by <code>ControllerId</code> is different to <code>CAN_CS_STARTED</code> and the channel mode at least for the transmit path is not online or offline active. \mid ()

[SWS_CANIF_00318] [CanIf_Transmit () shall call Can_Write () with the hardware transmit handle corresponding to the provided TxPduId and a Can_PduType structure where:

- swPduHandle is set to the CanTxPduId used in the corresponding CanIf TxConfirmation() call
- length is set to the value provided as PduInfoPtr->SduLength, possibly reduced according to [SWS CANIF 00894]



- id is set to the CAN ID associated with the TxPduId
- sdu is set to the pointer provided as PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr

Note: PduInfoPtr is a pointer to a L-SDU user memory, *CAN Identifier*, L-SDU handle and Data Length (see [1, Specification of CAN Driver]).

[SWS_CANIF_00243] [CanIf shall set the two most significant bits ('IDentifier Extension flag' (see [12, ISO11898 (CAN)]) and 'CAN FD flag') of the CanId (PduInfoPtr>id) before CanIf passes the predefined CanId to CanDrv at call of Can_Write() (see [1, Specification of CAN Driver], definition of Can_IdType [SWS_Can_00416]). The CanId format type of each CAN L-PDU can be configured by CanIfTxPdu-CanIdType, refer to CanIfTxPduCanIdType.] (SRS_Can_01141)

[SWS_CANIF_00882] [CanIf_Transmit() shall accept a NULL pointer as PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr, if the PDU is configured for triggered transmission: CanIfTxPduTriggerTransmit = TRUE.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00162] [If the call of Can_Write() returns E_OK the transmit request service CanIf_Transmit() shall return E_OK.]()

Note: If the call of $Can_Write()$ returns E_NOT_OK , then the transmit request service $Can_{If_Transmit}()$ shall return E_NOT_OK . If the transmit request service $Can_{If_Transmit}()$ returns E_NOT_OK , then the upper layer module is responsible to repeat the transmit request.

[SWS_CANIF_00319] [If parameter TxPduId of CanIf_Transmit() has an invalid value, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_INVALID_TXPDUID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET, when CanIf_Transmit() is called. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00320] [If parameter PduInfoPtr of CanIf_Transmit() has an invalid value, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_POINTER to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module, when CanIf_Transmit() is called. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00893] [When CanIf_Transmit() is called with PduInfoPtr->SduLength exceeding the maximum length of the PDU referenced by TxPduId:

- SduLength > 8 if the Can_IdType indicates a classic CAN frame
- SduLength > 64 if the Can_IdType indicates a CAN FD frame

CanIf shall report runtime error code CANIF_E_DATA_LENGTH_MISMATCH to the Det_ReportRuntimeError() service of the DET. |()

Note: Besides static configured transmissions there are dynamic transmissions, too. Therefore, the valid data length is always passed by PduInfoPtr->SduLength. Furthermore, even the frame type might change via CanIf_SetDynamicTxId().



[SWS CANIF 00893] ensures that not matching transmit requests can be detected via DET.

[SWS_CANIF_00894] [When CanIf_Transmit() is called with PduInfoPtr->SduLength exceeding the maximum length of the PDU referenced by TxPduId and CanIfTxPduTruncation is enabled, CanIf shall transmit as much data as possible and discard the rest. |()|

[SWS_CANIF_00900] [When CanIf_Transmit() is called with PduInfoPtr->SduLength exceeding the maximum length of the PDU referenced by TxPduId and CanIfTxPduTruncation is disabled, CanIf shall report the runtime error CANIF_E_TXPDU_LENGTH_EXCEEDED and return E_NOT_OK without further actions. 10

Note: During the call of CanIf_Transmit () the buffer of PduInfoPtr is controlled by CanIf and this buffer should not be accessed for read/write from another call context. After return of this call the ownership changes to the upper layer.

8.3.7 Canlf_ReadRxPduData

[SWS CANIF_00194] [

Service name:	CanIf_ReadRxPduDa	ta
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_ReadRxPduData(
	PduIdType CanIfR	xSduId,
	PduInfoType* Can	IfRxInfoPtr
Service ID[hex]:	0x06	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	CanlfRxSduld	Receive L-SDU handle specifying the correspond-
		ing CAN L-SDU ID and implicitly the CAN Driver in-
		stance as well as the corresponding CAN controller
		device.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	CanlfRxInfoPtr	Contains the length (SduLength) of the received
		PDU, a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing
		the PDU, and the MetaData related to this PDU.
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Request for L-SDU data has been accepted
		E_NOT_OK: No valid data has been received
Description:	This service provides the Data Length and the received data of the re-	
	quested CanlfRxSduld to the calling upper layer.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.11: Canlf_ReadRxPduData

(SRS Can 01125, SRS Can 01129)



[SWS_CANIF_00324] \lceil The function CanIf_ReadRxPduData() shall not accept a request and return E_NOT_OK, if the corresponding controller mode refrenced by ControllerId is different to CAN_CS_STARTED and the channel mode is in the receive path online. \rceil ()

[SWS_CANIF_00325] [If parameter CanIfRxSduId of CanIf_ReadRxPduData() has an invalid value, e.g. not configured to be stored within CanIf via CanIfRxPduReadData, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_INVALID_RXPDUID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET, when CanIf ReadRxPduData() is called. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00329] [CanIf_ReadRxPduData() shall not be used for CanIfRxS-duId, which are defined to receive multiple CAN-lds (range reception). |()

Note: During the call of CanIf_ReadRxPduData() the buffer of CanIfRxInfoPtr is controlled by CanIf and this buffer should not be accessed for read/write from another call context. After return of this call the ownership changes to the upper layer.

[SWS_CANIF_00330] [Configuration of CanIf_ReadRxPduData(): This API can be enabled or disabled at pre-compile time configuration by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicReadRxPduDataApi. |()

8.3.8 Canlf ReadTxNotifStatus

[SWS CANIF 00202] [

Service name:	CanIf_ReadTxNotifStatus	
Syntax:	CanIf_NotifStatusType CanIf_ReadTxNotifStatus(
	PduIdType CanIfT	xSduId
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x07	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	CanlfTxSduld	L-SDU handle to be transmitted.
		This handle specifies the corresponding CAN L-
		SDU ID and implicitly the CAN Driver instance as
		well as the corresponding CAN controller device.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	CanIf_NotifStatus	Current confirmation status of the corresponding
	Type	CAN Tx L-PDU.
Description:	This service returns the confirmation status (confirmation occurred or	
	not) of a specific static or dynamic CAN Tx L-PDU, requested by the	
	CanlfTxSduld.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	



Table 8.12: Canlf_ReadTxNotifStatus

(SRS_Can_01130)

Note: This function notifies the upper layer about any transmit confirmation event to the corresponding requested L-SDU.

[SWS_CANIF_00393] [If configuration parameters <code>CanIfPublicReadTxPduNotifyStatusApi</code> and <code>CanIfTxPduReadNotifyStatus</code> for the transmitted <code>L-SDU</code> are set to <code>TRUE</code>, and if <code>CanIf_ReadTxNotifStatus()</code> is called, the <code>CanIf</code> shall reset the notification status for the transmitted <code>L-SDU</code>. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00335] [Configuration of CanIf_ReadTxNotifyStatus(): This API can be enabled or disabled at pre-compile time configuration globally by the parameter CanIfPublicReadTxPduNotifyStatusApi. |()

8.3.9 Canlf_ReadRxNotifStatus

[SWS_CANIF_00230] [

Service name:	CanIf_ReadRxNotifSt	atus
Syntax:	CanIf_NotifStatusType CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus(
	PduIdType CanIfR	xSduId
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x08	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	CanlfRxSduld	Receive L-SDU handle specifying the correspond-
		ing CAN L-SDU ID and implicitly the CAN Driver in-
		stance as well as the corresponding CAN controller
		device.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	CanIf_NotifStatus	Current indication status of the corresponding CAN
	Type	Rx L-PDU.
Description:	This service returns the indication status (indication occurred or not) of a	
	specific CAN Rx L-PDU, requested by the CanIfRxSduld.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.13: Canlf ReadRxNotifStatus

(SRS Can 01130, SRS Can 01131)



Note: This function notifies the upper layer about any receive indication event to the corresponding requested L-SDU.

[SWS_CANIF_00394] [If configuration parameters CanIfPublicReadRxPduNotifyStatusApi and CanIfRxPduReadNotifyStatus are set to TRUE, and if CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus() is called, then CanIf shall reset the notification status for the received L-SDU. (1)

[SWS CANIF 00336] lf parameter CanIfRxSduId CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus() is out of range or if status for CanRxPduId was requested whereas CanIfRxPduReadData is disabled or if no status information was configured for this CAN Rx L-SDU, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_INVALID_RXPDUID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET, when CanIf ReadRxNotifStatus() is called. | (SRS BSW 00323)

Note: The function CanIf ReadRxNotifStatus() must not be used for CanIfRxSduIds, which are defined to receive multiple CAN-lds (range reception).

[SWS CANIF 00340] [Configuration of CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus(): This API can be enabled or disabled at pre-compile time configuration globally by the parameter CanIfPublicReadRxPduNotifyStatusApi. | ()

8.3.10 Canlf SetPduMode

[SWS CANIF 00008] [

Service name:	CanIf_SetPduMode	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_SetPduMode(
	uint8 ControllerId,	
	CanIf_PduModeTyp	e PduModeRequest
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x09	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	All PDUs of the own ECU connected to the corre-
		sponding Canlf Controllerld, which is assigned to a
		physical CAN controller are addressed.
	PduModeRequest	Requested PDU mode change
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Request for mode transition has been ac-
		cepted.
		E_NOT_OK: Request for mode transition has not
		been accepted.
Description:	This service sets the requested mode at the L-PDUs of a predefined	
	logical PDU channel.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.14: Canlf SetPduMode



Note: The channel parameter denoting the predefined logical PDU channel can be derived from parameter ControllerId of function <code>CanIf_SetPduMode()</code>.

[SWS_CANIF_00341] [If CanIf_SetPduMode() is called with invalid ControllerId, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00860] [If CanIf_SetPduMode() is called with invalid PduModeRequest, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_PDU_MODE to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00874] [The service <code>CanIf_SetPduMode()</code> shall not accept any request and shall return <code>E_NOT_OK</code>, if the controller mode referenced by <code>ControllerId</code> is not in state <code>CAN_CS_STARTED.</code>] ()

8.3.11 Canlf GetPduMode

[SWS_CANIF_00009]

Service name:	CanIf_GetPduMode	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetPduMode(
	uint8 Controller	Id,
	CanIf_PduModeTyp	e* PduModePtr
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0a	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant (Not for the same channel)	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	All PDUs of the own ECU connected to the corresponding CanIf ControllerId, which is assigned to a physical CAN controller are addressed.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	PduModePtr	Pointer to a memory location, where the current mode of the logical PDU channel will be stored.
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: PDU mode request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: PDU mode request has not been accepted
Description:	This service reports the current mode of a requested PDU channel.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.15: Canlf_GetPduMode

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[SWS_CANIF_00346]
[If CanIf_GetPduMode() is called with invalid ControllerId, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module. | (SRS_BSW_00323)



[SWS_CANIF_00657] [If CanIf_GetPduMode() is called with invalid PduModePtr, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_POINTER to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.12 Canlf_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_CANIF_00158] [

Service name:	CanIf_GetVersionInfo	
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_GetVersionInfo(</pre>	
	Std_VersionInfoType* VersionInfo	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0b	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	VersionInfo Pointer to where to store the version information of	
	this module.	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service returns the version information of the called CAN Interface	
	module.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.16: Canlf_GetVersionInfo

(SRS_BSW_00407, SRS_BSW_00411)

8.3.13 Canlf_SetDynamicTxld

[SWS_CANIF_00189] [

Service name:	CanIf_SetDynamicTxl	d
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_SetDynamicTxId(</pre>	
	PduIdType CanIfT	xSduId,
	Can_IdType CanId	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0c	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	CanlfTxSduld	L-SDU handle to be transmitted.
	Canld	This handle specifies the corresponding CAN L-SDU ID and implicitly the CAN Driver instance as well as the corresponding CAN controller device. Standard/Extended CAN ID of CAN L-SDU that shall be transmitted as FD or conventional CAN frame.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	



Description:	This service reconfigures the corresponding CAN identifier of the requested CAN L-PDU.
Available via:	Canlf.h

Table 8.17: Canlf_SetDynamicTxld

[SWS_CANIF_00353] [If parameter CanId of CanIf_SetDynamicTxId() has an invalid value, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CANID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module, when CanIf_SetDynamicTxId() is called. |(SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00356] [CanIf_SetDynamicTxId() shall not be interrupted by CanIf_Transmit(), if the same L-SDU ID is handled. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00357] [Configuration of CanIf_SetDynamicTxId(): This function shall be pre compile time configurable On/Off by the configuration parameter CanIf-PublicSetDynamicTxIdApi.]()

8.3.14 Canlf_SetTrcvMode

[SWS CANIF 00287] [

Service name:	CanIf_SetTrcvMode	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_SetTrcvMode(
	uint8 Transceive	erId,
	CanTrcv_TrcvMode	eType TransceiverMode
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0d	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld, which is assigned
	to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for mode	
	transition	
	TransceiverMode	Requested mode transition
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	



Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Transceiver mode request has been accepted. E_NOT_OK: Transceiver mode request has not been accepted.
Description:	This service changes the operation mode of the tansceiver TransceiverId, via calling the corresponding CAN Transceiver Driver service.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.18: Canlf_SetTrcvMode

Note: For more details, please refer to the [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver].

[SWS_CANIF_00358] [The function CanIf_SetTrcvMode() shall call the function CanTrcv_SetOpMode(Transceiver, OpMode) on the corresponding requested CAN Transceiver Driver module. |()

Note: The parameters of the service CanTrcv_SetOpMode() are of type:

- OpMode: CanTrcv_TrcvModeType(desired operation mode)
- Transceiver: uint8 (Transceiver to which function call has to be applied)

(see [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver])

[SWS_CANIF_00538] \lceil If parameter <code>TransceiverId</code> of <code>CanIf_SetTrcvMode()</code> has an invalid value, the CanIf shall report development error code <code>CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCV</code> to the <code>Det_ReportError</code> service of the DET, when <code>CanIf_SetTrcvMode()</code> is called. $|(SRS_BSW_00323)|$

Note: The mode of a transceiver can only be changed to CANTRCV_TRCVMODE_STANDBY, when the former mode of the transceiver has been CANTRCV_TRCVMODE_NORMAL (see [2]). But this is not checked by the CanIf.

Note: The mode of a transceiver can only be changed to CANTRCV_TRCVMODE_SLEEP, when the former mode of the transceiver has been CANTRCV_TRCVMODE_STANDBY (see [2]). But this is not checked by the CanIf.

Note: The function <code>CanIf_SetTrcvMode()</code> should be applicable to all CAN transceivers with all values of TransceiverMode independent, if the transceiver hardware supports these modes or not. This is to ease up the view of the CanIf to the assigned physical CAN channel.



[SWS_CANIF_00362] [Configuration of CanIf_SetTrcvMode(): The number of supported transceiver types for each network is set up in the configuration phase (see CanIfTrcvCfg and CanIfTrcvDrvCfg). If no transceiver is used, this function may be omitted. Therefore, if no transceiver is configured in LT or PB class the API shall return with E_NOT_OK. |()

8.3.15 Canlf_GetTrcvMode

[SWS CANIF 00288] [

Service name:	CanIf_GetTrcvMode	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetTrcvMode(
	uint8 TransceiverId,	
	CanTrcv_TrcvMode	Type* TransceiverModePtr
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0e	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstracted CanIf TransceiverId, which is assigned
		to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for current
		operation mode.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	TransceiverModePtr	Requested mode of requested network the
		Transceiver is connected to.
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Transceiver mode request has been ac-
		cepted.
		E_NOT_OK: Transceiver mode request has not
		been accepted.
Description:	This function invokes CanTrcv_GetOpMode and updates the parameter	
	TransceiverModePtr with the value OpMode provided by CanTrcv.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.19: Canlf GetTrcvMode

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Note: For more details, please refer to the [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver].

[SWS_CANIF_00363] \lceil The function <code>CanIf_GetTrcvMode()</code> shall call the function <code>CanTrcv_GetOpMode(Transceiver, OpMode)</code> on the corresponding requested CAN Transceiver Driver module. \rfloor ()

Note: The parameters of the function CanTrcv_GetOpMode are of type:

- OpMode: CanTrcv_TrcvModeType (desired operation mode)
- Transceiver: uint8 (Transceiver to which API call has to be applied)

(see [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver])

[SWS_CANIF_00364] [If parameter TransceiverId of CanIf_GetTrcvMode() has an invalid value, the CanIf shall report development error code



CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCV to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module, when CanIf_GetTrcvMode() is called. |(SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00367] [Configuration of CanIf_GetTrcvMode(): The number of supported transceiver types for each network is set up in the configuration phase (see CanIfTrcvCfg and CanIfTrcvDrvCfg). If no transceiver is used, this function may be omitted. Therefore, if no transceiver is configured in LT or PB class the API shall return with E_NOT_OK. |()

8.3.16 Canlf GetTrcvWakeupReason

[SWS_CANIF_00289] [

Service name:	CanIf_GetTrcvWakeup	oReason
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason(
	uint8 TransceiverId,	
	CanTrcv_TrcvWake	upReasonType* TrcvWuReasonPtr
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0f	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned
		to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for wake
		up reason.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	TrcvWuReasonPtr	provided pointer to where the requested transceiver
		wake up reason shall be returned
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Transceiver wake up reason request has
		been accepted.
		E_NOT_OK: Transceiver wake up reason request
		has not been accepted.
Description:	This service returns the reason for the wake up of the transceiver	
	TransceiverId, via calling the corresponding CAN Transceiver Driver ser-	
	vice.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.20: Canlf_GetTrcvWakeupReason

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Note: The ability to detect and differentiate the possible wake up reasons depends strongly on the CAN transceiver hardware. For more details, please refer to the [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver].



[SWS_CANIF_00368] \lceil The function <code>CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason()</code> shall call <code>CanTrcv_GetBusWuReason(Transceiver, Reason)</code> on the corresponding requested <code>CanTrcv. |()</code>

Note: The parameters of the function CanTrcv_GetBusWuReason() are of type:

- Reason: CanTrcv_TrcvWakeupReasonType
- Transceiver: uint8 (Transceiver to which API call has to be applied)

(see [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver])

Note: Please be aware, that if more than one network is available, each network may report a different wake-up reason. E.g. if an ECU uses CAN, a wake-up by CAN may occur and the incoming data may cause an internal wake-up for another CAN network.

The service <code>CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason()</code> has a "per network" view and does not vote the more important reason or sequence internally. The same may be true if e.g. one transceiver controls the power supply and the other is just powered or unpowered. Then one may be able to return <code>CANIF_TRCV_WU_POWER_ON</code>, whereas the other may state e.g. <code>CANIF_TRCV_WU_RESET</code>. It is up to the calling module to decide, how to handle the wake-up information.

[SWS_CANIF_00371] [Configuration of CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason(): The number of supported transceiver types for each network is set up in the configuration phase (see CanIfTrcvCfg and CanIfTrcvDrvCfg). If no transceiver is used, this function may be omitted. Therefore, if no transceiver is configured in LT or PB class the API shall return with E_NOT_OK. |()

8.3.17 Canlf SetTrcvWakeupMode

[SWS_CANIF_00290]

Service name:	Canlf_SetTrcvWakeupMode	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode(
	uint8 TransceiverId,	
	CanTrcv_TrcvWakeupModeType TrcvWakeupMode	
)	



Service ID[hex]:	0x10	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld, which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for wake up notification mode transition.
	TrcvWakeupMode	Requested transceiver wake up notification mode
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Will be returned, if the wake up notifications state has been changed to the requested mode. E_NOT_OK: Will be returned, if the wake up notifications state change has failed or the parameter is out of the allowed range. The previous state has not been changed.
Description:	This function shall call CanTrcv_SetTrcvWakeupMode.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.21: Canlf_SetTrcvWakeupMode

Note: For more details, please refer to [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver].

[SWS_CANIF_00372] [The function CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode() shall call CanTrcv_SetWakeupMode(Transceiver, TrcvWakeupMode) on the corresponding requested CanTrcv. |()

Info: The parameters of the function CanTrcv_SetWakeupMode() are of type:

- TrcvWakeupMode: CanTrcv_TrcvWakeupModeType (see [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver])
- Transceiver: uint8 (Transceiver to which API call has to be applied)

(see [2, Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver])

Note: The following three paragraphs are already described in the Specification of CanTrcv (see [2]). They describe the behavior of a CanTrcv in the respective transceiver wake-up mode, which is requested in parameter TrcvWakeupMode.

```
CANIF_TRCV_WU_ENABLE:
```

If the CanTrcv has a stored wake-up event pending for the addressed CanNetwork, the notification is executed within or immediately after the function CanTrcv_SetTrcvWakeupMode() (depending on the implementation).

CANIF_TRCV_WU_DISABLE:

No notifications for wake-up events for the addressed <code>CanNetwork</code> are passed through the <code>CanTrcv</code>. The transceiver device and the underlying communication driver has to buffer detected wake-up events and raise the event(s), when the wake-up notification is enabled again.



CANIF TRCV WU CLEAR:

If notification of wake-up events is disabled (see description of mode CANIF_TRCV_WU_DISABLE), detected wake-up events are buffered. Calling CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode() with parameter CANIF_TRCV_WU_CLEAR clears these bufferd events. Clearing of wake-up events has to be used, when the wake-up notification is disabled to clear all stored wake-up events under control of the higher layers of the CanTrcv.

[SWS_CANIF_00373] [Configuration of CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode (): The number of supported transceiver types for each network is set up in the configuration phase (see CanIfTrcvCfg and CanIfTrcvDrvCfg). If no transceiver is used, this function may be omitted. Therefore, if no transceiver is configured in LT or PB class the API shall return with E_NOT_OK.]()

8.3.18 Canlf_CheckWakeup

[SWS_CANIF_00219] [

Service name:	CanIf_CheckWakeup		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_CheckWakeup(
	EcuM_WakeupSourc	eType WakeupSource	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x11		
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	WakeupSource	Source device, which initiated the wake up event:	
		CAN controller or CAN transceiver	
Parameters (inout):	None	None	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Will be returned, if the check wake up re-	
		quest has been accepted	
		E_NOT_OK: Will be returned, if the check wake up	
		request has not been accepted	
Description:	This service checks, whether an underlying CAN driver or a CAN		
	transceiver driver already signals a wakeup event.		
Available via:	Canlf.h		

Table 8.22: Canlf CheckWakeup



Note: Integration Code calls this function

[SWS_CANIF_00398] [If parameter WakeupSource of CanIf_CheckWakeup() has an invalid value, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_WAKEUPSOURCE to the Det_ReportError service of the DET, when CanIf_CheckWakeup() is called. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

Note: The call context of CanIf_CheckWakeup() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00180] [CanIf shall provide wake-up service CanIf_CheckWakeup() only, if

- underlying CAN Controller provides wake-up support and wake-up is enabled by the parameter CanIfCtrlWakeupSupport and by CanDrv configuration.
- and/or underlying CAN Transceiver provides wake-up support and wake-up is enabled by the parameter CanIfTrcvWakeupSupport and by CanTrcv configuration.
- and configuration parameter CanIfWakeupSupport is enabled.

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[SWS_CANIF_00892] [Configuration of CanIf_CheckWakeup(): If no wake-up shall be used, this API can be omitted by disabling of CanIfWakeupSupport. |()

8.3.19 Canlf_CheckValidation

[SWS_CANIF_00178] [

Service name:	CanIf_CheckValidation	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_CheckValidation(
	EcuM_WakeupSourc	eType WakeupSource
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x12	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	WakeupSource	Source device which initiated the wake-up event and
		which has to be validated: CAN controller or CAN
		transceiver
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Will be returned, if the check validation re-
		quest has been accepted.
		E_NOT_OK: Will be returned, if the check validation
		request has not been accepted.
Description:	This service is performed to validate a previous wakeup event.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.23: Canlf_CheckValidation



Note: Integration Code calls this function

Note: The call context of CanIf_CheckValidation() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

Caveat: The corresponding CAN controller and transceiver must be switched on via CanTrcv_SetOpMode (Transceiver, CANTRCV_TRCVMODE_NORMAL) and Can_SetControllerMode (Controller, CAN_CS_STARTED) and the corresponding mode indications must have been called.

[SWS_CANIF_00408] [Configuration of CanIf_CheckValidation(): If no validation is needed, this API can be omitted by disabling of CanIfPublicWakeupCheck-ValidSupport.]()

8.3.20 Canlf_GetTxConfirmationState

[SWS CANIF 00734] [

Service name:	CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState	
Syntax:	<pre>CanIf_NotifStatusType CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState(</pre>	
	uint8 Controller	Id
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x19	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant (Not for the same controller)	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a
		CAN controller
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	CanIf_NotifStatus	Combined TX confirmation status for all TX PDUs of
	Type	the CAN controller
Description:	This service reports, if any TX confirmation has been done for the whole	
	CAN controller since the last CAN controller start.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.24: Canlf_GetTxConfirmationState

]()



to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module, when CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState() is called. |()

Note: The call context of CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState() is on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00738] [Configuration of CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState(): If BusOff Recovery of CanSm doesn't need the status of the Tx confirmations (see [SWS_CANIF_00740]), this API can be omitted by disabling of CanIfPublic-TxConfirmPollingSupport. |()

8.3.21 Canlf_ClearTrcvWufFlag

[SWS_CANIF_00760] [

Service name:	Canlf_ClearTrcvWufFlag	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag(
	uint8 Transceive	rId
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x1e	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different CAN transceivers	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstract Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to
		the designated CAN transceiver.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Request has been accepted
		E_NOT_OK: Request has not been accepted
Description:	Requests the Canlf module to clear the WUF flag of the designated CAN	
	transceiver.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.25: Canlf_ClearTrcvWufFlag

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[SWS_CANIF_00766] [Within CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag() the function CanTrcv_ClearTrcvWufFlag() shall be called. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00771] [Configuration of CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag(): Whether the CanIf supports this function shall be pre compile time configurable On/Off by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicPnSupport.]()



8.3.22 Canlf CheckTrcvWakeFlag

[SWS_CANIF_00761] [

Service name:	CanIf_CheckTrcvWak	eFlag
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag(
	uint8 Transceive	rId
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x1f	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different CAN transceivers	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstract Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to
		the designated CAN transceiver.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Request has been accepted
		E_NOT_OK: Request has not been accepted
Description:	Requests the Canlf module to check the Wake flag of the designated	
	CAN transceiver.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.26: Canlf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag

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[SWS_CANIF_00765] [Within CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag() the function CanTrcv_CheckWakeFlag() shall be called. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00813] [Configuration of CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag(): Whether the CanIf supports this function shall be pre compile time configurable On/Off by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicPnSupport.]()

8.3.23 Canlf SetBaudrate

[SWS_CANIF_00867] [

Service name:	CanIf_SetBaudrate	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_SetBaudrate(
	uint8 Controller	Id,
	uint16 BaudRateC	onfigID
Service ID[hex]:	0x27	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Controllerlds. Non reentrant for the same Controllerld.	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstract Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, whose baud rate shall be set.



	BaudRateConfigID	references a baud rate configuration by ID (see CanControllerBaudRateConfigID)
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Service request accepted, setting of (new) baud rate started E_NOT_OK: Service request not accepted
Description:	This service shall set the baud rate configuration of the CAN controller. Depending on necessary baud rate modifications the controller might have to reset.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.27: Canlf SetBaudrate

[SWS_CANIF_00869] [If CanIf_SetBaudrate() is called with invalid ControllerId, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

Note: The parameter BaudRateConfigID of CanIf_SetBaudrate() is not checked by CanIf. This has to be done by responsible CanDrv.

Note: The call context of CanIf_SetBaudrate() is on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00871] [If CanIf supports changing baud rate and thus CanIf_SetBaudrate(), shall be configurable via CanIfSetBaudrateApi.]()

8.3.24 Canlf_SetIcomConfiguration

[SWS_CANIF_00861] [

Service name:	CanIf_SetIcomConfiguration	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_SetIcomConfiguration(
	uint8 Controller	Id,
	IcomConfigIdType	ConfigurationId
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x25	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant only for different controller lds	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId Abstracted CanIf Controller Id which is assigned to	
		a CAN controller.
	ConfigurationId	Requested Configuration
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Request accepted
		E_NOT_OK: Request denied



Description:	This service shall change the Icom Configuration of a CAN controller to the requested one.
Available via:	Canlf.h

Table 8.28: Canlf_SetIcomConfiguration

Note: The interface <code>CanIf_SetIcomConfiguration()</code> is called by <code>CanSm</code> to activate <code>Pretended Networking</code> and load the requested <code>ICOM</code> configuration via <code>CANDriver</code>.

[SWS_CANIF_00838] [The service CanIf_SetIcomConfiguration() shall call Can_SetIcomConfiguration(Controller, ConfigurationId) for the requested CanDrv to set the requested ICOM configuration. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00872] [If CanIf_SetIcomConfiguration() is called with invalid ControllerId, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00875] [CanIf_SetIcomConfiguration() shall be pre compile time configurable ON/OFF by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicIcomSupport.]()

8.3.25 Canif_GetControllerRxErrorCounter

[SWS CANIF 91003] [

Service name:	Canlf_GetControllerR	xErrorCounter
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetControllerRxErrorCounter(
	uint8 Controller	Id,
	uint8* RxErrorCo	unterPtr
Service ID[hex]:	0x4d	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant for the same ControllerId	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a
		CAN controller.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	RxErrorCounterPtr	Pointer to a memory location, where the current Rx
		error counter of the CAN controller will be stored.
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Rx error counter available.
		E_NOT_OK: Wrong ControllerId, or Rx error
		counter not available.
Description:	This service calls the corresponding CAN Driver service for obtaining the	
	Rx error counter of the CAN controller.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.29: Canif_GetControllerRxErrorCounter

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8.3.26 Canlf GetControllerTxErrorCounter

[SWS_CANIF_91004] [

Service name:	CanIf_GetControllerT	xErrorCounter	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter(
	uint8 ControllerId,		
	uint8* TxErrorCo	unterPtr	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x4e		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant for the same ControllerId		
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a	
		CAN controller.	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	TxErrorCounterPtr	Pointer to a memory location, where the current Tx	
		error counter of the CAN controller will be stored.	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Tx error counter available.	
		E_NOT_OK: Wrong ControllerId, or Tx error counter	
		not available.	
Description:	This service calls the corresponding CAN Driver service for obtaining the		
	Tx error counter of the CAN controller.		
Available via:	Canlf.h		

Table 8.30: Canlf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter

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[SWS CANIF 00909] lf of parameter ControllerId CanIf GetControllerTxErrorCounter() an invalid value, has Canif shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID Det_ReportError service DET. the of the when CanIf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter() is called. | (SRS BSW 00323)



8.3.27 Canlf_EnableBusMirroring

[SWS CANIF 91005] [

Service name:	CanIf_EnableBusMirro	oring
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_EnableBusMirroring(
	uint8 Controller	Id,
	boolean Mirrorin	gActive
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x4c	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a
		CAN controller.
	MirroringActive	TRUE: Mirror_ReportCanFrame will be called for
	-	each frame received or transmitted on the given controller.
		FALSE: Mirror_ReportCanFrame will not be called for the given controller.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Mirroring mode was changed.
		E_NOT_OK: Wrong ControllerId, or mirroring glob-
		ally disabled (see CanIfBusMirroringSupport).
Description:	Enables or disables mirroring for a CAN controller.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.31: Canlf EnableBusMirroring

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[SWS_CANIF_00911] [If Bus Mirroring is not enabled (see CanIfBusMirroringSupport), the API CanIf_EnableBusMirroring() can be omitted.] (SRS_Can_01172)



8.4 Callback notifications

This is a list of functions provided for other modules.

8.4.1 Canlf_TriggerTransmit

[SWS_CANIF_00883] [

Service name:	CanIf_TriggerTransmit	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType CanIf_TriggerTransmit(
	PduIdType TxPduId,	
	PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x41	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different	Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.
Parameters (in):	TxPduld	ID of the SDU that is requested to be transmitted.
Parameters (inout):	PduInfoPtr	Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where
		the SDU data shall be copied, and the available
		buffer size in SduLengh.
		On return, the service will indicate the length of the
		copied SDU data in SduLength.
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: SDU has been copied and SduLength indi-
		cates the number of copied bytes.
		E_NOT_OK: No SDU data has been copied. PduIn-
		foPtr must not be used since it may contain a NULL
		pointer or point to invalid data.
Description:	Within this API, the upper layer module (called module) shall check	
	whether the available data fits into the buffer size reported by PduInfoPtr-	
	>SduLength. If it fits, it shall copy its data into the buffer provided by	
	PduInfoPtr->SduData	Ptr and update the length of the actual copied data
	in PduInfoPtr->SduLength. If not, it returns E_NOT_OK without changing	
	PduInfoPtr.	
Available via:	Canlf.h	

Table 8.32: Canlf_TriggerTransmit

]()

[SWS_CANIF_00884] \[\text{CanIf} \] shall only provide the API function \[\text{CanIf_TriggerTransmit()} \] if TriggerTransmit support is enabled (\text{CanIfTriggerTransmitSupport} = \text{TRUE}). \[\(\) \]

[SWS_CANIF_00885] [The function <code>CanIf_TriggerTransmit()</code> shall call the corresponding <code><User_TriggerTransmit>()</code> function, passing the translated <code>TxPduId</code> and the pointer to the <code>PduInfo</code> structure (<code>PduInfoPtr</code>). Upon return, <code>CanIf_TriggerTransmit()</code> shall return the return value of its <code><User_TriggerTransmit>().</code>]()



8.4.2 Canlf TxConfirmation

[SWS_CANIF_00007] [

Service name:	CanIf_TxConfirmation	
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_TxConfirmation(</pre>	
	PduIdType CanTxPduId	
Service ID[hex]:	0x13	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	CanTxPduld	L-PDU handle of CAN L-PDU successfully transmit-
		ted.
		This ID specifies the corresponding CAN L-PDU ID
		and implicitly the CAN Driver instance as well as the
		corresponding CAN controller device.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service confirms a previously successfully processed transmission	
	of a CAN TxPDU.	
Available via:	Canlf_Can.h	

Table 8.33: Canlf TxConfirmation

(SRS_Can_01009)

Note: The service <code>CanIf_TxConfirmation()</code> is implemented in <code>CanIf</code> and called by the <code>CanDrv</code> after the <code>CAN L-PDU</code> has been transmitted on the CAN network.

Note: Due to the fact CanDrv does not support the Handleld concept as described in [14, Specification of ECU Configuration]: Within the service CanIf_TxConfirmation(), CanDrv uses PduInfo->swPduHandle as CanTx-PduId, which was preserved from Can Write(Hth, *PduInfo).

[SWS_CANIF_00391] [If configuration parameters CanIfPublicReadTxPduNotifyStatusApi and CanIfTxPduReadNotifyStatus for the Transmitted L-PDU are set to TRUE, and if CanIf_TxConfirmation() is called, CanIf shall set the notification status for the Transmitted L-PDU. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00410] \lceil If parameter <code>CanTxPduId</code> of <code>CanIf_TxConfirmation()</code> has an invalid value, <code>CanIf</code> shall report development error code <code>CANIF_E_PARAM_LPDU</code> to the <code>Det_ReportError</code> service of the <code>DET</code> module, when <code>CanIf_TxConfirmation()</code> is called. \rfloor (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00412] $\[$ If <code>CanIf</code> was not initialized before calling <code>CanIf_TxConfirmation()</code>, <code>CanIf</code> shall not call the service <code><User_TxConfirmation>()</code> and shall not set the Tx confirmation status, when <code>CanIf_TxConfirmation()</code> is called. $\[$ $\[$

Note: The call context of CanIf_TxConfirmation() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).



[SWS_CANIF_00414] [Configuration of CanIf_TxConfirmation(): Each Tx L-PDU (see CanIfTxPduCfg) has to be configured with a corresponding transmit confirmation service of an upper layer module (see [SWS_CANIF_00011]) which is called in CanIf_TxConfirmation(). |()

8.4.3 Canlf_RxIndication

[SWS_CANIF_00006] [

Service name:	CanIf_RxIndication	
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_RxIndication(</pre>	
	const Can_HwType	* Mailbox,
	const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr	
Service ID[hex]:	0x14	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Mailbox	Identifies the HRH and its corresponding CAN Controller
	PduInfoPtr	Pointer to the received L-PDU
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates a successful reception of a received CAN Rx L-	
	PDU to the CanIf after passing all filters and validation checks.	
Available via:	Canlf_Can.h	

Table 8.34: Canlf_RxIndication

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Note: The service CanIf_RxIndication() is implemented in CanIf and called by CanDrv after a CAN L-PDU has been received.

[SWS_CANIF_00415] [Within the service CanIf_RxIndication() the CanIf routes this indication to the configured upper layer target service(s). |()

[SWS_CANIF_00392] [If configuration parameters CanIfPublicReadRxPduNoti-fyStatusApi and CanIfRxPduReadNotifyStatus for the Received L-PDU are set to TRUE, and if CanIf_RxIndication() is called, the CanIf shall set the notification status for the Received L-PDU. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00416] \[\text{If parameter Mailbox->Hoh of CanIf_RxIndication()} \] has an invalid value, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_HOH to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module, when CanIf_RxIndication() is called. \[(SRS_BSW_00323) \]



error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CANID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module, when CanIf_RxIndication() is called. |(SRS_BSW_00323)

Note: If CanIf_RxIndication() is called with invalid PduInfoPtr->SduLength, runtime error CANIF_E_INVALID_DATA_LENGTH is reported (see [SWS_CANIF_00168]).

[SWS_CANIF_00419] [If parameter PduInfoPtr or Mailbox of CanIf_RxIndication() has an invalid value, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_POINTER to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module, when CanIf_RxIndication() is called. |(SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_CANIF_00421] $\[\]$ If <code>CanIf</code> was not initialized before calling <code>CanIf_RxIndication()</code>, <code>CanIf</code> shall not execute Rx indication handling, when <code>CanIf_RxIndication()</code>, is called. $\[\]$

Note: The call context of CanIf_RxIndication() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00423] [Configuration of CanIf_RxIndication(): Each Rx L-PDU (see CanIfRxPduCfg) has to be configured with a corresponding receive indication service of an upper layer module (see [SWS_CANIF_00012]) which is called in CanIf_RxIndication(). |()

8.4.4 Canlf ControllerBusOff

[SWS CANIF 00218] [

Service name:	CanIf_ControllerBusOff	
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_ControllerBusOff(</pre>	
	uint8 Controller	Id
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x16	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstract Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a
		CAN controller, where a BusOff occured.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates a Controller BusOff event referring to the corre-	
	sponding CAN Controller with the abstract Canlf ControllerId.	
Available via:	Canlf_Can.h	

Table 8.35: Canlf_ControllerBusOff

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Note: The callback service <code>CanIf_ControllerBusOff()</code> is called by <code>CanDrv</code> and implemented in <code>CanIf</code>. It is called in case of a mode change notification of the <code>CanDrv</code>.



[SWS_CANIF_00431] [If CanIf was not initialized before calling CanIf_ControllerBusOff(), CanIf shall not execute BusOff notification, when CanIf_ControllerBusOff(), is called. |()

Note: The call context of CanIf_ControllerBusOff() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00433] \lceil Configuration of CanIf_ControllerBusOff(): ID of the CAN Controller is published inside the configuration description of the CanIf (see CanIfCtrlCfg). | ()

Note: This service always has to be available, so there does not exist an appropriate configuration parameter.

8.4.5 Canlf_ConfirmPnAvailability

[SWS CANIF 00815] [

Service name:	CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability	
Syntax:	void CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability(
	uint8 TransceiverId	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x1a	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstract Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a
		CAN transceiver, which was checked for PN avail-
		ability.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates that the transceiver is running in PN communica-	
	tion mode referring to the corresponding CAN transceiver with the ab-	
	stract Canlf Transceiverld.	
Available via:	Canlf_CanTrcv.h	

Table 8.36: Canlf_ConfirmPnAvailability

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[SWS_CANIF_00753] [If CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability() is called, CanIf calls <User_ConfirmPnAvailability>(). |()

Note: CanIf passes the delivered parameter TransceiverId to the upper layer module.

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Note: The call context of CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00754] [Configuration of CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability(): This function shall be pre compile time configurable ON/OFF by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicPnSupport.]()

8.4.6 Canlf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication

[SWS_CANIF_00762] [

Service name:	Canlf_ClearTrcvWufFl	agIndication
Syntax:	void CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication(
	uint8 Transceive	rId
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x20	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstract Canlf Transceiverld, which is assigned to a
		CAN transceiver, for which this function was called.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates that the transceiver has cleared the WufFlag re-	
	ferring to the corresponding CAN transceiver with the abstract CanIf	
	Transceiverld.	
Available via:	Canlf_CanTrcv.h	

Table 8.37: Canlf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication

10

[SWS_CANIF_00757] [If CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication() is called, CanIf calls <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>(). |()

Note: CanIf passes the delivered parameter TransceiverId to the upper layer module.



service of the DET module, when $CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication()$ is called. |()

Note: The call context of <code>CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication()</code> is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00808] [Configuration of CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication(): This function shall be pre compile time configurable ON/OFF by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicPnSupport. |()

8.4.7 Canlf CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication

[SWS_CANIF_00763] [

Service name:	CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication	
Syntax:	void CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication(
	uint8 TransceiverId	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x21	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstract Canlf Transceiverld, which is assigned to a
		CAN transceiver, for which this function was called.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates that the check of the transceiver's wake-up flag	
	has been finished by the corresponding CAN transceiver with the ab-	
	stract Canlf Transceiverld. This indication is used to cope with the asyn-	
	chronous transceiver communication.	
Available via:	Canlf_CanTrcv.h	

Table 8.38: Canlf CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication

10

[SWS_CANIF_00759] [If CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication() is called, CanIf calls <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>(). |()

Note: CanIf passes the delivered parameter TransceiverId to the upper layer module.



[SWS_CANIF_00810] [If the CanIf was not initialized before calling $CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication()$, CanIf shall not execute notification, when $CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication()$ is called.]()

Note: The call context of CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00812] [Configuration of CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication(): This function shall be pre compile time configurable ON/OFF by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicPnSupport. |()

8.4.8 Canlf ControllerModeIndication

[SWS_CANIF_00699] [

Service name:	CanIf_ControllerModeIndication	
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_ControllerModeIndication(</pre>	
	uint8 ControllerId,	
	Can_ControllerStateType ControllerMode	
Service ID[hex]:	0x17	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstract Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a
		CAN controller, which state has been transitioned.
	ControllerMode	Mode to which the CAN controller transitioned
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates a controller state transition referring to the corre-	
	sponding CAN controller with the abstract Canlf ControllerId.	
Available via:	Canlf_Can.h	

Table 8.39: Canlf ControllerModeIndication

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Note: The callback service <code>CanIf_ControllerModeIndication()</code> is called by <code>CanDrv</code> and implemented in <code>CanIf</code>. It is called in case of a state transition notification of the <code>CanDrv</code>.

[SWS CANIF 00700] lf of parameter ControllerId CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() invalid value, has CanIf an development error CANIF E PARAM CONTROLLERID code Det_ReportError DET module. service of the when CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() is called. |()



[SWS_CANIF_00702] $\[$ If <code>CanIf</code> was not initialized before calling <code>CanIf_ControllerModeIndication()</code>, <code>CanIf</code> shall not execute state transition notification, when <code>CanIf_ControllerModeIndication()</code> is called. $\[$ ()

Note: The call context of CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

8.4.9 CanIf_TrcvModeIndication

[SWS CANIF 00764] [

Service name:	CanIf_TrcvModeIndica	ation
Syntax:	void CanIf_TrcvM	odeIndication(
	uint8 Transceive	rId,
	CanTrcv_TrcvMode	Type TransceiverMode
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x22	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId Abstract CanIf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a	
		CAN transceiver, which state has been transitioned.
	TransceiverMode	Mode to which the CAN transceiver transitioned
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates a transceiver state transition referring to the corre-	
	sponding CAN transceiver with the abstract CanIf TransceiverId.	
Available via:	CanIf_CanTrcv.h	

Table 8.40: Canlf TrcvModeIndication

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Note: The callback service <code>CanIf_TrcvModeIndication()</code> is called by <code>CanDrv</code> and implemented in <code>CanIf</code>. It is called in case of a state transition notification of the <code>CanDrv</code>.

[SWS_CANIF_00708] [If CanIf was not initialized before calling CanIf_TrcvModeIndication(), CanIf shall not execute state transition notification, when CanIf_TrcvModeIndication() is called. |()

Note: The call context of CanIf_TrcvModeIndication() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).



[SWS_CANIF_00710] [Configuration of CanIf_TrcvModeIndication(): ID of the CAN Transceiver is published inside the configuration description of CanIf via parameter CanIfTrcvId. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00730] [Configuration of CanIf_TrcvModeIndication(): If transceivers are not supported (CanIfTrcvDrvCfg is not configured, see CanIfTrcvDrvCfg), CanIf_TrcvModeIndication() shall not be provided by CanIf.]()

8.4.10 CanIf_CurrentIcomConfiguration

[SWS CANIF 00862] [

Service name:	CanIf_CurrentIcomCo	nfiguration	
Syntax:	<pre>void CanIf_CurrentIcomConfiguration(</pre>		
	uint8 ControllerId,		
	IcomConfigIdType	ConfigurationId,	
	IcomSwitch_Error	Type Error	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x26		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant only for different controller lds		
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstract Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a	
		CAN controller, which informs about the Configura-	
		tion ld.	
	ConfigurationId	Active Configuration Id.	
	Error	ICOM_SWITCH_E_OK: No Error	
	ICOM_SWITCH_E_FAILED: Switch to requested		
	Configuration failed. Severe Error.		
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This service shall inform about the change of the Icom Configuration of		
	a CAN controller using the abstract Canlf ControllerId.		
Available via:	Canlf_Can.h		

Table 8.41: Canlf_CurrentlcomConfiguration

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Note: The interface <code>CanIf_CurrentIcomConfiguration()</code> is used by the <code>CanDrv</code> to inform <code>CanIf</code> about the status of activation or deactivation of *Pretended Networking* for a given channel.

[SWS_CANIF_00839] [If CanIf_CurrentIcomConfiguration() is called, CanIf shall call CanSM_CurrentIcomConfiguration(ControllerId, ConfigurationId, Error) to inform CanSM about current status of ICOM. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00873] [If CanIf_CurrentIcomConfiguration() is called with invalid ControllerId, CanIf shall report development error code CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID to the Det_ReportError service of the DET module. | (SRS_BSW_00323)



[SWS_CANIF_00876] [CanIf_CurrentIcomConfiguration () shall be pre compile time configurable ON/OFF by the configuration parameter CanIfPublicIcomSupport.]()

8.5 Scheduled functions

Note: CanIf does not have scheduled functions or needs some.

8.6 Expected interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

8.6.1 Mandatory interfaces

Note: This section defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

[SWS_CANIF_00040] [

API function	Header File	Description
Can_GetControllerErrorState	Can.h	This service obtains the error state of the CAN controller.
Can_GetControllerRxErrorCounter	Can.h	Returns the Rx error counter for a CAN controller. This value might not be available for all CAN controllers, in which case E_NOT_OK would be returned. Please note that the value of the counter might not be correct at the moment the API returns it, because the Rx counter is handled asynchronously in hardware. Applications should not trust this value for any assumption about the current bus state.



Can_GetControllerTxErrorCounter	Can.h	Returns the Tx error counter for a CAN controller. This value might not be available for all CAN controllers, in which case E_NOT_OK would be returned. Please note that the value of the counter might not be correct at the moment the API returns it, because the Tx counter is handled asynchronously in hardware. Applications should not trust this value for any assumption about the current bus state.
Can_SetControllerMode	Can.h	This function performs software triggered state transitions of the CAN controller State machine.
Can_Write	Can.h	This function is called by Canlf to pass a CAN message to CanDrv for transmission.
Det_ReportRuntimeError	Det.h	Service to report runtime errors. If a callout has been configured then this callout shall be called.
SchM_Enter_CanIf_ <exclusive area=""></exclusive>	SchM_ <mip>.h</mip>	Invokes the SchM_Enter function to enter a module local exclusive area.
SchM_Exit_CanIf_ <exclusivearea></exclusivearea>	SchM_ <mip>.h</mip>	Invokes the SchM_Exit function to exit an exclusive area.

Table 8.42: Canlf Mandatory Interfaces

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8.6.2 Optional interfaces

This section defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

[SWS_CANIF_00294] [

API function	Header File	Description
Can_CheckWakeup	Can.h	This function checks if a wakeup has occurred for the given controller.
Can_SetBaudrate	Can.h	This service shall set the baud rate configuration of the CAN controller. Depending on necessary baud rate modifications the controller might have to reset.
Can_SetIcomConfiguration	Can.h	This service shall change the Icom Configuration of a CAN controller to the requested one.



CanNm_RxIndication	J1939Nm.h	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.
CanNm_TxConfirmation	J1939Nm.h	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.
CanSM_CheckTransceiverWake FlagIndication	CanSM_CanIf.h	This callback function indicates the CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag API process end for the notified CAN Transceiver.
CanSM_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication	CanSM_CanIf.h	This callback function shall indicate the CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag API process end for the notified CAN Transceiver.
CanSM_ConfirmPnAvailability	CanSM_CanIf.h	This callback function indicates that the transceiver is running in PN communication mode.
CanSM_ControllerBusOff	CanSM_CanIf.h	This callback function notifies the CanSM about a bus-off event on a certain CAN controller, which needs to be considered with the specified bus-off recovery handling for the impacted CAN network.
CanSM_ControllerModeIndication	CanSM_CanIf.h	This callback shall notify the CanSM module about a CAN controller mode change.
CanSM_CurrentlcomConfiguration	CanSM.h	This service shall inform about the change of the Icom Configuration of a CAN network.
CanSM_TransceiverModeIndication	CanSM_CanIf.h	This callback shall notify the CanSM module about a CAN transceiver mode change.
CanTp_RxIndication	J1939Nm.h	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.
CanTp_TxConfirmation	J1939Nm.h	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.
CanTrcv_CheckWakeFlag	CanTrcv.h	Requests to check the status of the wakeup flag from the transceiver hardware.
CanTrcv_CheckWakeup	CanTrcv.h	Service is called by underlying CANIF in case a wake up interrupt is detected.
CanTrcv_GetBusWuReason	CanTrcv.h	Gets the wakeup reason for the Transceiver and returns it in parameter Reason.
CanTrcv_GetOpMode	CanTrcv.h	Gets the mode of the Transceiver and returns it in OpMode.
CanTrcv_SetOpMode	CanTrcv.h	Sets the mode of the Transceiver to the value OpMode.



CanTrcv_SetWakeupMode	CanTrcv.h	Enables, disables or clears wake-up events of the Transceiver according to TrcvWakeupMode.
CanTSyn_RxIndication	CanTSyn.h	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.
CanTSyn_TxConfirmation	CanTSyn.h	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.
Det_ReportError	Det.h	Service to report development errors.
EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent	EcuM.h	After wakeup, the ECU State Manager will stop the process during the WAKEUP VALIDATION state/sequence to wait for validation of the wakeup event. This API service is used to indicate to the ECU Manager module that the wakeup events indicated in the sources parameter have been validated.
J1939Nm_RxIndication	J1939Nm.h	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.
J1939Nm_TxConfirmation	J1939Nm.h	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.
J1939Tp_RxIndication	J1939Nm.h	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.
J1939Tp_TxConfirmation	J1939Nm.h	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.
Mirror_ReportCanFrame	Mirror.h	Reports a received or transmitted CAN frame. All received CAN frames that pass the hardware acceptance filter are reported, independent of the software filter configuration. Transmitted CAN frames are reported when the transmission is confirmed.
PduR_CanlfRxIndication	PduR_Canlf.h	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.
PduR_CanlfTxConfirmation	PduR_Canlf.h	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.
Xcp_CanlfRxIndication	Xcp.h	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.



Xcp_CanlfTxConfirmation	Xcp.h	The lower layer communication in-
		terface module confirms the trans-
		mission of a PDU, or the failure to
		transmit a PDU.

Table 8.43: Canlf Optional Interfaces

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8.6.3 Configurable interfaces

In this section all interfaces are listed, where the target function of any upper layer to be called has to be set up by configuration. These callback services are specified and implemented in the upper communication modules, which use CanIf according to the AUTOSAR BSW architecture. The specific callback notification is specified in the corresponding SWS document (see chapter 3 "Related documentation").

As far the interface name is not specified to be mandatory, no callback is performed, if no API name is configured. This section describes only the content of notification of the callback, the call context inside CanIf and exact time by the call event.

<User_NotificationName> - This condition is applied for such interface services which will be implemented in the upper layer and called by CanIf. This condition displays the symbolic name of the functional group in a callback service in the corresponding upper layer module. Each upper layer module can define no, one or several callback services for the same functionality (i.e. transmit confirmation). The dispatch is ensured by the L-SDU ID.

The upper layer module provides the *Service ID* of the following functions.

8.6.3.1 < User TriggerTransmit>

[SWS CANIF 00886] [

Service name:	<user_triggertransmit></user_triggertransmit>	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType <	User_TriggerTransmit>(
	PduIdType TxPduI	d,
	PduInfoType* Pdu	InfoPtr
)	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in):	TxPduId ID of the SDU that is requested to be transmitted.	
Parameters (inout):	PduInfoPtr	Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where the SDU data shall be copied, and the available buffer size in SduLengh. On return, the service will indicate the length of the copied SDU data in SduLength.
Parameters (out):	None	



Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: SDU has been copied and SduLength indicates the number of copied bytes. E_NOT_OK: No SDU data has been copied. PduInfoPtr must not be used since it may contain a NULL pointer or point to invalid data.
Description:	Within this API, the upper layer module (called module) shall check whether the available data fits into the buffer size reported by PduInfoPtr->SduLength. If it fits, it shall copy its data into the buffer provided by PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr and update the length of the actual copied data in PduInfoPtr->SduLength. If not, it returns E_NOT_OK without changing PduInfoPtr.	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.44: <User_TriggerTransmit>

]()

Note: This callback service is called by CanIf and implemented in the corresponding upper layer module. It is called in case of a *Trigger Transmit* request of CanDrv.

Note: The call context of <User_TriggerTransmit</pre> () is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00888] [Configuration of <user_TriggerTransmit>(): The upper layer module, which provides the TriggerTransmit callback service, has to be configured by CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL (see CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL). If no upper layer modules are configured, no TriggerTransmit callback service is executed and therefore *Trigger Transmit* functionality is not supported for that PDU.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00889] [Configuration of <User_TriggerTransmit>(): The name of the API <User_TriggerTransmit>() which is called by CanIf shall be configured for CanIf by parameter CanIfTxPduUserTriggerTransmitName (see CanIfTxPduUserTriggerTransmitName). | ()

Note: If CanIfTxPduTriggerTransmit is not specified or FALSE, no upper layer modules have to be configured for *Trigger Transmit*. Therefore, <User_TriggerTransmit>() will not be called and CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL as well as CanIfTxPduUserTriggerTransmitName need not to be configured.

[SWS_CANIF_00890] [Configuration of <user_TriggerTransmit>(): If CanI-fTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to PDUR, CanIfTxPduUserTrigger-TransmitName must be PduR_CanIfTriggerTransmit. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00891] [Configuration of <User_TriggerTransmit>(): If CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to CDD, the name of the API <User_TriggerTransmit>() has to be configured via parameter CanIfTxPdu-UserTriggerTransmitName. |()



8.6.3.2 <User_TxConfirmation>

[SWS_CANIF_00011] [

Service name:	<user_txconfirmation< th=""><th>1></th></user_txconfirmation<>	1>
Syntax:	void <user_txcon< th=""><th>firmation>(</th></user_txcon<>	firmation>(
	PduIdType TxPduI	d,
	Std_ReturnType r	esult
)	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in):	TxPduld ID of the PDU that has been transmitted.	
	result	E_OK: The PDU was transmitted.
	E_NOT_OK: Transmission of the PDU failed.	
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmis-	
	sion of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.45: <User_TxConfirmation>

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Note: This callback service is called by CanIf and implemented in the corresponding upper layer module. It is called in case of a *transmit confirmation* of CanDry.

Note: This type of confirmation callback service is mainly designed for PduR, CanNm, and CanTp, but not exclusive.

Note: Parameter TxPduId is derived from <User> configuration.

Note: The call context of <User_TxConfirmation>() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00438] \lceil Configuration of <User_TxConfirmation>(): The upper layer module, which provides this callback service, has to be configured by CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL. If no upper layer modules are configured for transmit confirmation using <User_TxConfirmation>(), no transmit confirmation is executed. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00542] [Configuration of <user_TxConfirmation>(): The name of the API <user_TxConfirmation>() which is called by CanIf shall be configured for CanIf by parameter CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName. | ()

Note: If *transmit confirmations* are not necessary or no upper layer modules are configured for *transmit confirmations* and thus <User_TxConfirmation>() shall not be called, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL and CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName need not to be configured.



[SWS_CANIF_00439] [Configuration of <User_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to PDUR, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmation-Name must be PduR_CanIfTxConfirmation. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00543] [Configuration of <User_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to CAN_NM, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName must be CanNm_TxConfirmation. |()

Hint (Dependency to another module):

If at least one CanIf Tx L-SDU is configured with CanNm_TxConfirmation(), which means CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL equals CAN_NM, the CanNm configuration parameter CANNM_IMMEDIATE_TXCONF_ENABLED must be set to FALSE (for CanNm related details see [4, Specification of CAN Network Management], [SWS_CANNM_00284]).

[SWS_CANIF_00858] [Configuration of <user_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to J1939NM, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName must be J1939Nm_TxConfirmation.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00544] [Configuration of <user_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to J1939TP, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName must be J1939Tp_TxConfirmation. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00550] [Configuration of <User_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to CAN_TP, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName must be CanTp_TxConfirmation. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00556] [Configuration of <User_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to XCP, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmation-Name must be Xcp_CanIfTxConfirmation.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00551] [Configuration of <user_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to CDD, the name of the API <user_TxConfirmation>() has to be configured via parameter CanIfTxP-duUserTxConfirmationName. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00879] [Configuration of <User_TxConfirmation>(): If CanIfTx-PduUserTxConfirmationUL is set to CAN_TSYN, CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName must be CanTSyn_TxConfirmation. |()

8.6.3.3 < User_RxIndication>

[SWS_CANIF_00012] [

Service name:	<user_rxindication></user_rxindication>	
Syntax:	<pre>void <user_rxindication>(</user_rxindication></pre>	
	PduIdType RxPduId,	
	const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	



Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in):	RxPduld	ID of the received PDU.
	PduInfoPtr	Contains the length (SduLength) of the received
		PDU, a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing
		the PDU, and the MetaData related to this PDU.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface	
	module.	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.46: <User RxIndication>

(SRS Can 01003)

Note: This service indicates a successful *reception* of an *L-SDU* to the upper layer module after passing all filters and validation checks.

Note: This callback service is called by CanIf and implemented in the configured upper layer module (e.g. PduR, CanNm, CanTp, etc.) if configured accordingly (see CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL).

Note: Until Vote: Until Vote: Until Vote: Until CanIf will not access CanIf will not access CanIf foPtr>. The CanIf guarantees that the number of configured bytes for this CanIf guarantees that the number of configured bytes for this

Note: The call context of <User_RxIndication>() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

[SWS_CANIF_00441] \[\text{Configuration of } \(\text{User_RxIndication} \) (): The upper layer module, which provides this callback service, has to be configured by CanI-fRxPduUserRxIndicationUL. \(\) ()

[SWS_CANIF_00552] [Configuration of <user_RxIndication>(): The name of the API <user_RxIndication>() which will be called by CanIf shall be configured for CanIf by parameter CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName. |()

Note: If receive indications are not necessary or no upper layer modules are configured for receive indications and thus \text{User_RxIndication>}() shall not be called, Can-IfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL and CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName need not to be configured.

[SWS_CANIF_00442] \[Configuration of \(\text{User_RxIndication} \) (): If \(\text{CanIfRx-PduUserRxIndicationUL} \) is set to \(\text{PDUR}, \(\text{CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName} \) must be \(\text{PduR_CanIfRxIndication.} \) \(\(\text{Indication} \).

[SWS_CANIF_00445] [Configuration of <User_RxIndication>(): If CanIfRxP-duUserRxIndicationUL is set to CAN_NM, CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName must be CanNm_RxIndication.]()



The value passed to CanNm via the API parameter CanNmRxPduId refers to the CanNm channel handle within the CanNm module (for CanNm related details see [4, Specification of CAN Network Management]).

[SWS_CANIF_00859] [Configuration of <user_RxIndication>(): If CanIfRx-PduUserRxIndicationUL is set to J1939NM, CanIfRxPduUserRxIndication-Name must be J1939Nm_RxIndication. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00448] [Configuration of <User_RxIndication>(): If CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL is set to CAN_TP, CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName must be CanTp_RxIndication. |()

[SWS CANIF 00554] [Configuration of <user_RxIndication>(): If CanIfRx-PduUserRxIndicationUL is set to J1939TP, CanIfRxPduUserRxIndication-Name must be J1939Tp_RxIndication. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00555] [Configuration of <user_RxIndication>(): If CanIfRx-PduUserRxIndicationUL is set to XCP, CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName must be Xcp_CanIfRxIndication. |()

[SWS CANIF 00557] [Configuration of <User RxIndication>(): If CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL is set to CDD the name of the API has to be configured via parameter CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName. | ()

[SWS CANIF 00880] [Configuration of <user_RxIndication>(): If CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL is set to CAN_TSYN, CanIfRxPduUserRxIndication-Name must be CanTSyn_RxIndication. |()

8.6.3.4 <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>

[SWS_CANIF_00532] [

Service name:	<user_validatewakeu< th=""><th>ipEvent></th></user_validatewakeu<>	ipEvent>
Syntax:	<pre>void <user_validatewakeupevent>(</user_validatewakeupevent></pre>	
	EcuM_WakeupSourc	eType sources
)	
Sync/Async:	(defined within providi	ng upper layer module)
Reentrancy:	(defined within providing upper layer module)	
Parameters (in):	sources	Validated CAN wakeup events. Every CAN con-
		troller or CAN transceiver can be a separate wakeup
		source.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates if a wake up event initiated from the wake up	
	source (CAN controller or transceiver) after a former request to the CAN	
	Driver or CAN Transceiver Driver module is valid.	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.47: User_ValidateWakeupEvent



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Note: This callback service is mainly implemented in and used by the *ECU State Manager* module (see [13, Specification of ECU State Manager]).

Note: The CanIf calls this callback service. It is implemented by the configured upper layer module. It is called only during the call of CanIf_CheckValidation() if a first CAN L-PDU reception event after a wake up event has been occurred at the corresponding CAN Controller.

Note: The call context of <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

Note: The callback service <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>() is in general reentrant for multiple CAN Controller usage, but not for the same CAN Controller

[SWS_CANIF_00659] [Configuration of <user_ValidateWakeupEvent>(): If no validation is needed, this API can be omitted by disabling CanIfPublicWakeupCheckValidSupport. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00456] \lceil Configuration of <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>(): The upper layer module which provides this callback service has to be configured by Can-IfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL, but:

- If no upper layer modules are configured for wake up notification using <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>(), no wake up notification needs to be configured. CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL needs not to be configured.
- If wake up is not supported (CanIfCtrlWakeupSupport and CanIfTr-cvWakeupSupport equal FALSE, CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeu-pEventUL is not configurable.

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[SWS_CANIF_00563] [Configuration of <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>(): If CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL is set to ECUM, CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventName must be EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00564] [Configuration of <User_ValidateWakeupEvent>(): If CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL is set to CDD the name of the API has to be configured via parameter CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEvent-Name.]()

8.6.3.5 < User_ControllerBusOff>

[SWS_CANIF_00014] [

Service name:	<user_controllerbusoff></user_controllerbusoff>
---------------	---



Syntax:	void <user_contr< th=""><th>ollerBusOff>(</th></user_contr<>	ollerBusOff>(
-,	uint8 Controller		
)		
Sync/Async:	(defined within providi	ng upper layer module)	
Reentrancy:	(defined within providing upper layer module)		
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a	
		CAN controller, at which a BusOff occurred.	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This service indicates	a bus-off event to the corresponding upper layer	
	module (mainly the CAN State Manager module).		
Available via:	configurable	, ,	

Table 8.48: User_ControllerBusOff

(SRS Can 01029)

Note: This callback service is mainly implemented in and used by CanSm (see [3, Specification of CAN State Manager]).

Note: This callback service is called by <code>CanIf</code> and implemented by the configured upper layer module. It is called in case of a <code>BusOff</code> notification via <code>CanIf_ControllerBusOff()</code> of the <code>CanDrv</code>. The delivered parameter <code>ControllerId</code> of the service <code>CanIf_ControllerBusOff()</code> is passed to the upper layer module.

Note: The call context of <User_ControllerBusOff>() is either on interrupt level
(interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

Note: Before re-initialization/restart during *BusOff* recovery is executed <User_ControllerBusOff>() is performed only once in case of multiple *BusOff* events at CAN Controller.

Configuration of <User_ControllerBusOff>()

[SWS_CANIF_00450] \lceil Configuration of <User_ControllerBusOff>(): The upper layer module which provides this callback service has to be configured by Can-IfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL. \rceil ()

[SWS_CANIF_00558] [Configuration of <user_ControllerBusOff>(): The name of the API <user_ControllerBusOff>() which will be called by CanIf shall be configured for CanIf by parameter CanIfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffName.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00524] [Configuration of <user_ControllerBusOff>(): At least one upper layer module and hence an API of <user_ControllerBusOff>() has



mandatorily to be configured, which CanIf can call in case of an occurred call of CanIf_ControllerBusOff(). |()

[SWS_CANIF_00559] \[\text{Configuration of } \(\text{User_ControllerBusOff} \) (): If Can-IfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL is set to CAN_SM, CanIfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffName must be CanSM_ControllerBusOff. \(\) ()

[SWS_CANIF_00560] [Configuration of <user_ControllerBusOff>(): If Can-IfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL is set to CDD the name of the API has to be configured via parameter CanIfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffName.]()

8.6.3.6 < User ConfirmPnAvailability>

[SWS_CANIF_00821] [

Service name:	<user_confirmpnavailability></user_confirmpnavailability>	
Syntax:	<pre>void <user_confirmpnavailability>(</user_confirmpnavailability></pre>	
	uint8 Transceive	rId
)	
Sync/Async:	(defined within providing upper layer module)	
Reentrancy:	(defined within providing upper layer module)	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstract Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a
		CAN transceiver, which was checked for PN avail-
		ability.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates	that the CAN transceiver is running in PN commu-
	nication mode.	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.49: User_ConfirmPnAvailability

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Note: This callback service is mainly implemented in and used by CanSm (see [3, Specification of CAN State Manager]).

Note: The call context of <User_ConfirmPnAvailability>() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

Note: The callback service <User_ConfirmPnAvailability>() is in general reentrant for multiple CAN Controller usage, but not for the same CAN Controller

[SWS_CANIF_00823] [Configuration of <user_ConfirmPnAvailability>(): The upper layer module, which is called (see [SWS_CANIF_00753]), has to be configurable by CanIfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityUL if CanIfPublicPn—Support equals True.]()



[SWS_CANIF_00824] [Configuration of <user_ConfirmPnAvailability>(): The name of <user_ConfirmPnAvailability>() shall be configurable by Can-IfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityName if CanIfPublicPnSupport equals True. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00825] [Configuration of <User_ConfirmPnAvailability>(): It shall be configurable by CanIfPublicPnSupport, if CanIf supports this service (False: not supported, True: supported) | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00826] [Configuration of <user_ConfirmPnAvailability>():

If CanIfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityUL is set to
CAN_SM, CanIfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityName must be
CanSM_ConfirmPnAvailability.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00827] [Configuration of <User_ConfirmPnAvailability>(): If CanIfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityUL is set to CDD, the name of the service has to be configurable via parameter CanIfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityName. |()

8.6.3.7 < User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>

[SWS_CANIF_00788] [

Service name:	Llear ClaarTrovMufE	lagIndication>
	<user_cleartrcvwufflagindication></user_cleartrcvwufflagindication>	
Syntax:	void <user_clear< th=""><th>TrcvWufFlagIndication>(</th></user_clear<>	TrcvWufFlagIndication>(
	uint8 Transceive	rId
)	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld, for which this func-
		tion was called.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates that the CAN transceiver has cleared the WufFlag.	
	This function is called in CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication.	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.50: <User ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>

10

Note: This callback service is mainly implemented in and used by CanSm (see [3, Specification of CAN State Manager]).

Note: The call context of <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

Note: The callback service
Vser_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication
() is in general re-entrant for multiple CAN Controller usage, but not for the same CAN Controller



[SWS_CANIF_00794] [Configuration of <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>(): The upper layer module, which is called (see [SWS_CANIF_00757]), has to be configurable by CanIfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationUL if CanIfPublicPnSupport equals True. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00795] [Configuration of <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>(): The name of <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>() shall be configurable by CanIfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationName if CanIfPublicPn-Support equals True. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00796] [Configuration of <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>(): It shall be configurable by CanIfPublicPnSupport, if CanIf supports this service (False: not supported, True: supported) |()

[SWS_CANIF_00797] [Configuration of <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>(): If CanIfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationUL is set to CAN_SM, CanIfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationName must be CanSM_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00798] [Configuration of <User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>(): If CanIfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationUL is set to CDD, the name of the service has to be configurable via parameter CanIfDispatchUserClearTr-cvWufFlagIndicationName.]()

8.6.3.8 < User CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>

[SWS_CANIF_00814] [

Service name:	Jack ChookTroy/Mok	voElegIndications
	<pre><user_checktrcvwakeflagindication></user_checktrcvwakeflagindication></pre>	
Syntax:	void <user_check< th=""><th>TrcvWakeFlagIndication>(</th></user_check<>	TrcvWakeFlagIndication>(
	uint8 Transceive	rId
)	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId, for which this func-
		tion was called.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates that the wake up flag in the CAN transceiver is set.	
	This function is called in CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication.	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.51: <User CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>

10

Note: This callback service is mainly implemented in and used by CanSm (see [3, Specification of CAN State Manager]).



Note: The call context of <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>() is either on interrupt level (interrupt mode) or on task level (polling mode).

Note: The callback service <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>() is in general re-entrant for multiple CAN Controller usage, but not for the same CAN Controller

[SWS_CANIF_00800] [Configuration of <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>(): The upper layer module, which is called (see [SWS_CANIF_00759]), has to be configurable by CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationUL if CanIfPublicPnSupport equals True. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00801] [Configuration of <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>(): The name of <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>() shall be configurable by CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationName if CanIfPublicPnSupport equals True.]()

[SWS_CANIF_00802] [Configuration of <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>(): It shall be configurable by CanIfPublicPnSupport, if CanIf supports this service (False: not supported, True: supported)]()

[SWS_CANIF_00803] [Configuration of <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>(): If CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationUL is set to CAN_SM, CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationName must be CanSM_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00804] [Configuration of <User_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>(): If CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationUL is set to CDD, the name of the service has to be configurable via parameter CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationName. | ()

8.6.3.9 < User_ControllerModeIndication>

[SWS_CANIF_00687] [

Service name:	<pre><user_controllermodeindication></user_controllermodeindication></pre>	
Syntax:	<pre>void <user_controllermodeindication>(</user_controllermodeindication></pre>	
	uint8 Controller	Id,
	Can_ControllerSt	ateType ControllerMode
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ControllerId	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a
		CAN controller, at which a controller state transition
		occurred.
	ControllerMode	Notified CAN controller mode
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates a CAN controller state transition to the correspond-	
	ing upper layer module (mainly the CAN State Manager module).	
Available via:	configurable	



Table 8.52: <User_ControllerModeIndication>

10

Note: The upper layer module provides the Service ID.

Note: This callback service is mainly implemented in and used by CanSm (see [3, Specification of CAN State Manager]).

Note: The CanIf calls this callback service. It is implemented by the configured upper layer module. It is called in case of a *state transition notification* via CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() of the CanDrv. The delivered parameter ControllerId of the service CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() is passed to the upper layer module. The delivered parameter ControllerMode of the service CanIf_ControllerModeIndication() is mapped to the appropriate parameter ControllerMode of <User_ControllerModeIndication>().

Note: For different upper layer users different service names shall be used.

Note: The call context of <User_ControllerModeIndication>() is on task level (polling mode).

Note: The callback service <User_ControllerModeIndication>() is in general re-entrant for multiple CAN Controller usage, but not for the same CAN Controller

[SWS_CANIF_00689] [Configuration of <user_ControllerModeIndication>(): The upper layer module which provides this callback service has to be configured by CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00690] [Configuration of <user_ControllerModeIndication>(): The name of <user_ControllerModeIndication>() which is called by CanIf shall be configured for CanIf by parameter CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationName. This is only necessary if state transition notifications are configured via CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00691] [Configuration of <User_ControllerModeIndication>(): If CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL is set to CAN_SM, CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationName must be CanSM_ControllerModeIndication. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00692] [Configuration of <user_ControllerModeIndication>(): If CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL is set to CDD the name of the function has to be configured via parameter CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationName.]()

8.6.3.10 <User TrcvModeIndication>

[SWS_CANIF_00693] [



Service name:	<user_trcvmodeindia< th=""><th>cation></th></user_trcvmodeindia<>	cation>
Syntax:	<pre>void <user_trcvmodeindication>(</user_trcvmodeindication></pre>	
	uint8 Transceive	erId,
	CanTrcv_TrcvMode	eType TransceiverMode
)	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	TransceiverId TransceiverMode	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, at which a transceiver state transition occurred. Notified CAN transceiver mode
Parameters (inout):	None	110.11.00 07.11 1.11.10001101
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service indicates a CAN transceiver state transition to the corre-	
	sponding upper layer module (mainly the CAN State Manager module).	
Available via:	configurable	

Table 8.53: <User_TrcvModeIndication>

 $\rfloor ()$

Note: The upper layer module provides the Service ID.

Note: This callback service is mainly implemented in and used by CanSm (see [3, Specification of CAN State Manager]).

Note: For different upper layer users different service names shall be used.

[SWS_CANIF_00694] [Caveats of <User_TrcvModeIndication>():

- The CanTrcv must be initialized after *Power ON*.
- The call context is either on task level (*polling mode*).
- This callback service is in general re-entrant for multiple CAN Transceiver usage, but not for the same CAN Transceiver.

10

[SWS_CANIF_00695] [Configuration of <user_TrcvModeIndication>(): The upper layer module which provides this callback service has to be configured by Can-IfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL, but:



- If no upper layer modules are configured for transceiver mode indications using <User_TrcvModeIndication>(), no transceiver mode indication needs to be configured. CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL needs not to be configured.
- If transceivers are not supported (CanIfTrcvDrvCfg is not configured, Can-IfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL is not configurable.

 $\rfloor ()$

If no upper layer modules are configured for $state\ transition\ notifications$ using $<User_TrcvModeIndication>()$, no $state\ transition\ notification\ needs$ to be configured.

[SWS_CANIF_00696] [Configuration of <user_TrcvModeIndication>(): The name of <user_TrcvModeIndication>() which will be called by CanIf shall be configured for CanIf by parameter CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndication-Name. This is only necessary if state transition notifications are configured via CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL. |()

[SWS_CANIF_00697] [Configuration of <user_TrcvModeIndication>(): If CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL is set to CAN_SM, CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationName must be CanSM_TransceiverModeIndication. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00698] [Configuration of <user_TrcvModeIndication> (): If Can-IfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL is set to CDD the name of the API has to be configured via parameter CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationName. | ()



9 Sequence diagrams

The following sequence diagrams show the interactions between CanIf and CanDrv.

9.1 Transmit request (single CAN Driver)

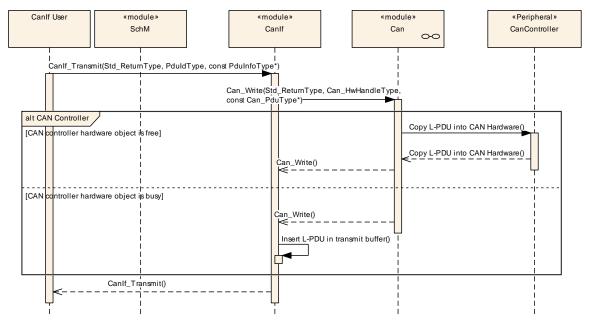


Figure 9.1: Transmission request with a single CAN Driver

Activity	Description
Transmission request	The upper layer initiates a transmit request via the service CanIf_Transmit(). The parameter CanTxPduId identifies the requested L-SDU. The service performs following steps:
	 validation of the input parameter
	definition of the CAN Controller to be used
	The second parameter *PduInfoPtr is a pointer on the structure with transmit L-SDU related data such as SduLength and *SduDataPtr.
Start transmission	CanIf_Transmit() requests a transmission and calls the CanDrv service Can_Write() with corresponding processing of the HTH.
Hardware request	Can_Write() writes all L-PDU data in the CAN Hardware (if it is free) and sets the hardware request for transmission.
E_OK from Can_Write service	Can_Write() returns E_OK to CanIf_Transmit().
CAN_BUSY from Can_Write	If CanDrv detects, there are no free hardware objects available, it
service	returns CAN_BUSY to CanIf.
Copying into the buffer	The L-PDU of the rejected transmit request will be inserted in the
	transmit buffer of CanIf until the next transmit confirmation.
E_OK from CanIf	CanIf_Transmit() returns E_OK to the upper layer.



9.2 Transmit request (multiple CAN Drivers)

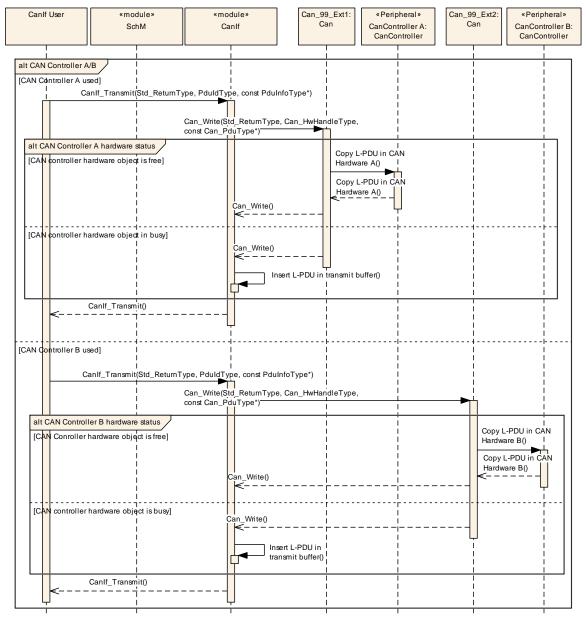


Figure 9.2: Transmission request with multiple CAN Drivers

First transmit request:



Activity	Description
Transmission request A	The upper layer initiates a transmit request via the service CanIf_Transmit(). The parameter CanTxPduId identifies the requested L-SDU. The service performs following steps:
	 validation of the input parameter
	 definition of the CAN Controller to be used (here: Can_99_Ext1)
	The second parameter *PduInfoPtr is a pointer on the structure with transmit L-SDU related data such as SduLength and *SduDataPtr.
Start transmission	CanIf_Transmit() requests a transmission and calls the CanDrv Can_99_Ext1 service Can_Write_99_Ext1() with corresponding processing of the HTH.
Hardware request	Can_Write_99_Ext1() writes all L-PDU data in the CAN Hardware of Controller A (if it is free) and sets the hardware request for transmission.
E_OK from Can_Write service	<pre>Can_Write_99_Ext1() returns E_OK to CanIf_Transmit().</pre>
CAN_BUSY from Can_Write service	If CanDrv Can_99_Ext1 detects, there are no free hardware objects available, it returns CAN_BUSY to CanIf.
Copying into the buffer	The L-PDU of the rejected transmit request will be inserted in the transmit buffers of CanIf until the next transmit confirmation.
E_OK from CanIf	CanIf_Transmit() returns E_OK to the upper layer.

Second transmit request:

Activity	Description
Transmission request B	The upper layer initiates a transmit request via the service CanIf_Transmit(). The parameter CanTxPduId identifies the requested L-SDU. The service performs following steps:
	 validation of the input parameter
	 definition of the CAN Controller to be used (here: Can_99_Ext2)
	The second parameter *PduInfoPtr is a pointer on the structure with transmit L-SDU related data such as SduLength and *SduDataPtr.
Start transmission	CanIf_Transmit() starts a transmission and calls the CanDrv Can_99_Ext2 service Can_Write_99_Ext2() with corresponding processing of the HTH.
Hardware request	Can_Write_99_Ext2() writes all L-PDU data in the CAN Hardware of Controller B (if it is free) and sets the hardware request for transmission.
E_OK from Can_Write service	Can_Write_99_Ext2() returns E_OK to CanIf_Transmit().
CAN_BUSY from Can_Write	If CanDrv Can_99_Ext2 detects, there are no free hardware
service	objects available, it returns CAN_BUSY to CanIf.
Copying into the buffer	The L-PDU of the rejected transmit request will be inserted in the transmit buffers of CanIf until the next transmit confirmation.
E_OK from CanIf	CanIf_Transmit() returns E_OK to the upper layer.



9.3 Transmit confirmation (interrupt mode)

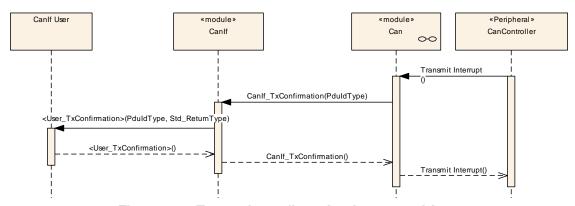


Figure 9.3: Transmit confirmation interrupt driven

Activity	Description
Transmit interrupt	The acknowledged CAN frame signals a successful transmission to
	the receiving CAN Controller and triggers the transmit interrupt.
Confirmation to CanIf	CanDrv calls the service CanIf_TxConfirmation(). The
	parameter CanTxPduId specifies the L-PDU previously sent by
	Can_Write().
	CanDrv must store the all in HTHs pending L-PDU lds in an array organized per HTH to avoid new search of the L-PDU ID for call of
	CanIf_TxConfirmation().
Confirmation to upper layer	Calling of the corresponding upper layer confirmation service
	<pre><user_txconfirmation>(id, E_OK). It signals a successful</user_txconfirmation></pre>
	L-SDU transmission to the upper layer.



9.4 Transmit confirmation (polling mode)

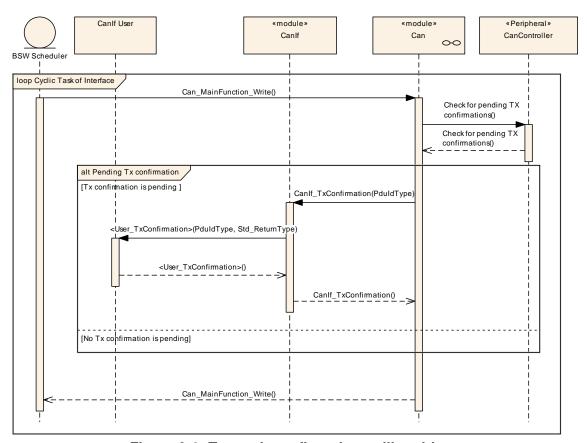


Figure 9.4: Transmit confirmation polling driven

Activity	Description
Cyclic Task CanDrv	The service Can_MainFunction_Write() is called by the BSW
	Scheduler.
Check for pending transmit	Can_MainFunction_Write() checks the underlying CAN
confirmations	Controller(s) about pending transmit confirmations of
	previously succeeded transmit events.
Transmit Confirmation	The acknowledged CAN frame signals a successful transmission
	to the sending CAN Controller.
Confirmation to CanIf	CanDrv calls the service CanIf_TxConfirmation(). The
	parameter CanTxPduId specifies the L-PDU previously sent by
	Can_Write().
	CanDrv must store the all in HTHs pending L-PDU lds in an array
	organized per HTH to avoid new search of the L-PDU ID for call of
	<pre>CanIf_TxConfirmation().</pre>
Confirmation to upper layer	Calling of the corresponding upper layer confirmation service
	<pre><user_txconfirmation>(id, E_OK). It signals a successful</user_txconfirmation></pre>
	L-SDU transmission to the upper layer.



9.5 Transmit confirmation (with buffering)

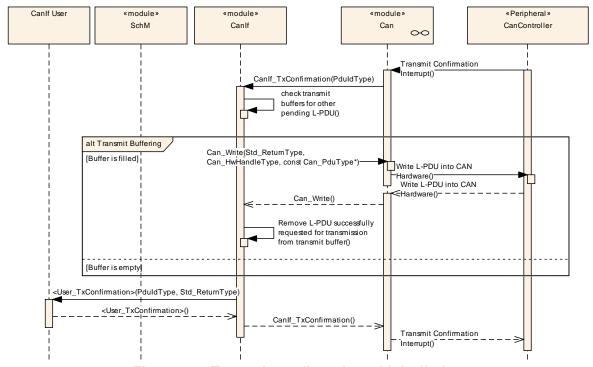


Figure 9.5: Transmit confirmation with buffering

Activity	Description
Transmit interrupt	Acknowledged CAN frame signals successful transmission to
	receiving CAN Controller and triggers transmit interrupt.
Confirmation to CanIf	CanDrv calls service CanIf_TxConfirmation(). Parameter
	CanTxPduId specifies the L-PDU previously transmitted by
	Can_Write(). CanDrv must store the all in HTHs pending L-PDU
	lds in an array organized per HTH to avoid new search of the
	L-PDU ID for call of CanIf_TxConfirmation().
Check of transmit buffers	The transmit buffers of CanIf checked, whether a pending L-PDU
	is stored or not.
Transmit request passed to	In case of pending L-PDUs in the transmit buffers the highest
CanDrv	priority order the latest L-PDU is requested for transmission by
	Can_Write(). It signals a successful L-PDU transmission to the
	upper layer. Thus Can_Write() can be called re-entrant.
Remove transmitted L-PDU	The L-PDU pending for transmission is removed from the
from transmit buffers	transmission buffers by CanIf.
Confirmation to the upper	Calling of the corresponding upper layer confirmation service
layer	<pre><user_txconfirmation>(id, E_OK). It signals a successful</user_txconfirmation></pre>
	L-SDU transmission to the upper layer.



9.6 Trigger Transmit Request

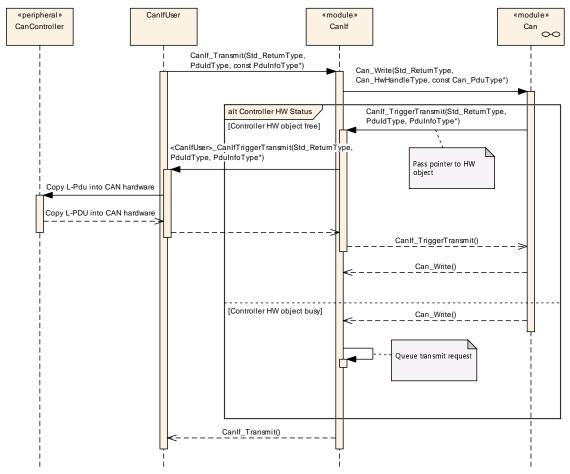


Figure 9.6: Trigger Transmit Request



Activity	Description
Transmission request	The upper layer initiates a transmit request via the service CanIf_Transmit(). The parameter CanTxPduId identifies the requested L-SDU. The service performs following steps:
	 validation of the input parameter
	definition of the CAN Controller to be used
	The second parameter *PduInfoPtr is a pointer to the structure with the size (SduLength) of the L-SDU to be transmitted. The actual SDU data has not been passed by the upper layer. Hence, the pointer *SduDataPtr points to NULL.
Start transmission	CanIf_Transmit() requests a transmission and calls the CanDrv service Can_Write() with corresponding processing of the HTH.
Trigger transmission	If the CAN hardware is free <code>Can_Write()</code> requests the SDU data from <code>CanIf</code> by its service <code>CanIf_TriggerTransmit()</code> passing the <code>L-SDUs</code> corresponding ID and a pointer to the CAN hardware's buffer. <code>CanIf</code> forwards the trigger transmit request to the corresponding upper layer (<code>CanIfUser()</code>). <code>CanIf()</code> passes the buffer pointer received by <code>CanDrv()</code> . The <code>CanIfUser()</code> finally copies the SDU data to the buffer provided by <code>CanIf()</code> (the CAN hardware buffer) and returns status and number of bytes effectively written.
E_OK from Can_Write()	Can_Write() returns E_OK to CanIf_Transmit().
Service CAN BUSY from	If ConDess datasts, there are no free hardware chiests sycilable, it
Can_Busy Holli Can_Write() service	If CanDrv detects, there are no free hardware objects available, it returns CAN BUSY to CanIf.
Queuing of transmission	The Transmit Request for the L-PDU, which has been rejected
request	by CanDrv, is queued by CanIf until the next transmit confirmation.
E_OK from CanIf	CanIf_Transmit() returns E_OK to the upper layer.



9.7 Receive indication (interrupt mode)

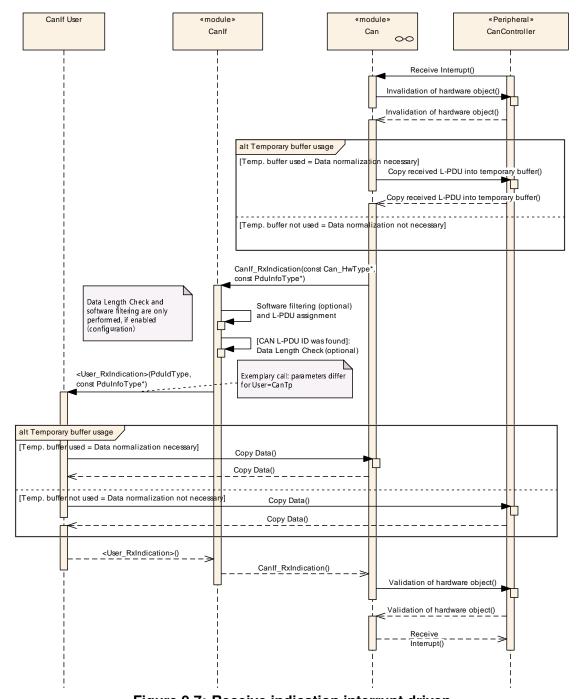


Figure 9.7: Receive indication interrupt driven

Activity	Description
Receive Interrupt	The CAN Controller indicates a successful reception and
	triggers a receive interrupt.
Invalidation of CAN	The CPU (CanDrv) get exclusive access rights to the CAN mailbox
hardware object, provide	or at least to the corresponding hardware object, where new data
CPU access to CAN	were received.
mailbox	



Buffering, normalizing	The L-PDU is normalized and is buffered in the temporary buffer
	located in CanDrv. Each CanDrv owns such a temporary buffer
	for every Physical Channel only if normalizing of the data is
	necessary.
Indication to CanIf	The reception is indicated to CanIf by calling of
	CanIf_RxIndication(). The HRH specifies the CAN RAM
	Hardware Object and the corresponding CAN Controller,
	which contains the received L-PDU. The temporary buffer is
	referenced to CanIf by PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr.
Software Filtering	The Software Filtering checks, whether the received L-PDU will be
	processed on a local ECU. If not, the received L-PDU is not
	indicated to upper layers. Further processing is suppressed.
Data Length Check	If the L-PDU is found, the Data Length of the received L-PDU is
	compared with the expected, statically configured one for the
	received L-PDU.
Receive Indication to the	The corresponding receive indication service of the upper layer is
upper layer	called. This signals a successful reception to the target upper
	layer. The parameter RxPduId specifies the L-SDU, the second
	parameter is the reference on the temporary buffer within the
	L-SDU.
	During is execution of this service the CAN hardware buffers must
	be unlocked for CPU access/locked for CAN Controller access.
Validation of CAN hardware	The CAN Controller get back exclusive access rights to the
object, allow access of CAN	CAN mailbox or at least to the corresponding hardware object,
Controller to CAN	where new data were already being copied into the upper layer
mailbox	buffer.



9.8 Receive indication (polling mode)

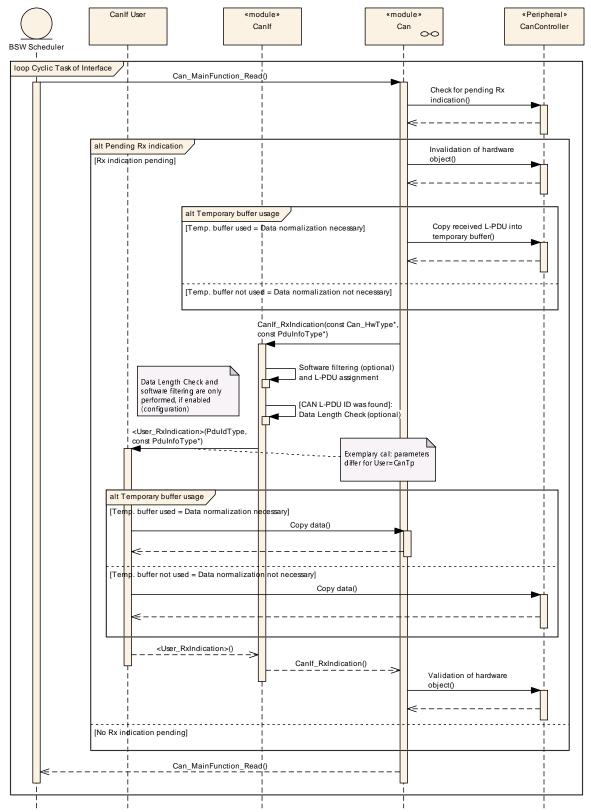


Figure 9.8: Receive indication polling driven



Activity	Description
Cyclic Task CanDrv	The service Can_MainFunction_Read() is called by the BSW
	Scheduler.
Check for new received	Can_MainFunction_Read() checks the underlying CAN
L-PDU	Controller(s) about new received L-PDUs.
Invalidation of CAN	In case of a new receive event the CPU (CanDrv) get exclusive
hardware object, provide	access rights to the CAN mailbox or at least to the corresponding
CPU access to CAN	hardware object, where new data were received.
mailbox	
Buffering, normalizing	In case of a new receive event the L-PDU is normalized and is
	buffered in the temporary buffer located in CanDrv. Each CanDrv
	owns such a temporary buffer for every Physical Channel only
	if normalizing of the data is necessary.
Indication to CanIf	The reception is indicated to CanIf by calling of
	CanIf_RxIndication(). The HRH specifies the CAN RAM
	Hardware Object and the corresponding CAN Controller,
	which contains the received L-PDU. The temporary buffer is
	referenced to CanIf by PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr.
Software Filtering	The Software Filtering checks, whether the received L-PDU will be
	processed on a local ECU. If not, the received L-PDU is not
	indicated to upper layers. Further processing is suppressed.
Data Length Check	If the L-PDU is found, the Data Length of the received L-PDU is
	compared with the expected, statically configured one for the
Receive Indication to the	received L-PDU.
	If configured, the corresponding receive indication service of the
upper layer	upper layer is called. This signals a successful reception to the
	target upper layer. The parameter RxPduId specifies the L-SDU,
	the second parameter is the reference on the temporary buffer within the L-SDU.
	During is execution of this service the CAN hardware buffers must
	be unlocked for CPU access/locked for CAN Controller access.
Validation of CAN hardware	The CAN Controller get back exclusive access rights to the
object, allow access of CAN	CAN mailbox or at least to the corresponding hardware object,
Controller to CAN	where new data were already being copied into the upper layer
mailbox	buffer.



9.9 Read received data

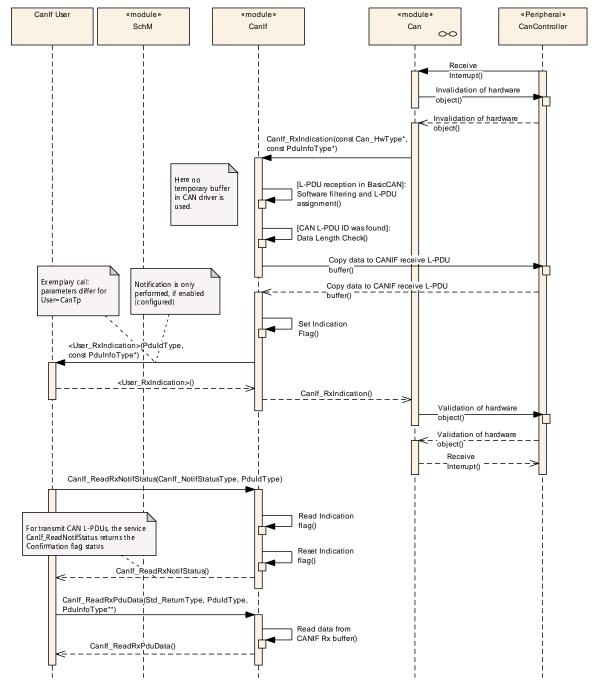


Figure 9.9: Read received data

Activity	Description
Receive Interrupt	The CAN Controller indicates a successful reception and
	triggers a receive interrupt.
Invalidation of CAN	The CPU (CanDrv) get exclusive access rights to the CAN mailbox
hardware object, provide	or at least to the corresponding hardware object, where new data
CPU access to CAN	were received.
mailbox	



Buffering, normalizing	The L-PDU is normalized and is buffered in the temporary buffer located in CanDrv. Each CanDrv owns such a temporary buffer for every Physical Channel only if normalizing of the data is necessary.
Indication to CanIf	The reception is indicated to CanIf by calling of
	CanIf_RxIndication(). The HRH specifies the CAN RAM
	Hardware Object and the corresponding CAN Controller, which contains the received L-PDU. The temporary buffer is
	referenced to CanIf by PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr.
Software Filtering	The Software Filtering checks, whether the received L-PDU will be
Contware Tintering	processed on a local ECU. If not, the received L-PDU is not
	indicated to upper layers. Further processing is suppressed.
Data Length Check	If the L-PDU is found, the Data Length of the received L-PDU is
	compared with the expected, statically configured one for the
	received L-PDU.
Copy data	The data is copied out of the CAN hardware into the receive CAN
	L-PDU buffers in CanIf. During access the CAN hardware buffers
	must be unlocked for CPU access/locked for CAN Controller
Indication Flori	access.
Indication Flag Receive Indication to the	Set indication status flag for the received L-PDU in CanIf.
upper layer	The corresponding receive indication service of the upper layer is called. This signals a successful reception to the target upper
upper layer	layer. The parameter RxPduId specifies the L-SDU, the second
	parameter is the reference on the temporary buffer within the
	L-SDU.
Validation of CAN hardware	The CAN Controller get back exclusive access rights to the
object, allow access of CAN	CAN mailbox or at least to the corresponding hardware object,
Controller to CAN	where new data were already being copied into the upper layer
mailbox	buffer.
Read indication status	Times later the upper layer can read the indication status by call of
	CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus(). This service can also be used
Reset indication status	for transmit L-PDUs. Then it return the confirmation status.
Reset indication status	Before CanIf_ReadRxNotifStatus() returns, the indication status is reset.
Read received data	Times later the upper layer can read the received data by call of
110dd 1000iyod dala	CanIf ReadRxPduData().
Read Canlf Rx buffer	CanIf ReadRxPduData() reads the data from CanIf Rx buffer.
E_OK from CanIf	If CanIf_ReadRxPduData() was successful, the request returns
	E_OK with valid PduInfoPtr.



9.10 Start CAN network

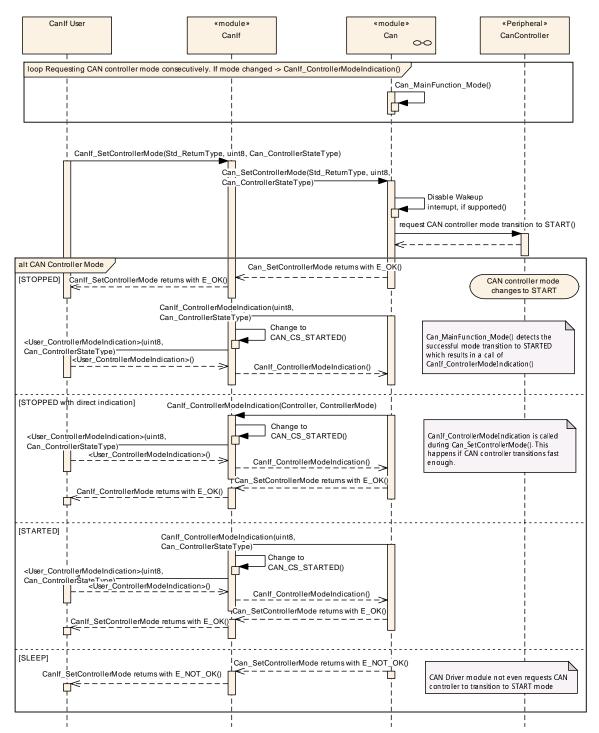


Figure 9.10: Start CAN network

This sequence diagram resembles "Stop CAN network" or "Sleep CAN network".



Activity	Description
Loop requesting CAN	The Can_MainFunction_Mode() is triggered consecutively. It
controller mode	checks the HW if a controller mode has changed. If so, it is notified
consecutively.	via a function call of
	CanIf_ControllerModeIndication(Controller,
	ControllerMode).
The upper layer requests	The upper layer calls
"STARTED" mode of the	CanIf_SetControllerMode(ControllerId,
desired CAN controller	CAN_CS_STARTED) to request STARTED mode for the requested
	CAN controller.
CanDrv disables wake up	This is only done in case of requesting "STARTED" mode. If
interrupts, if supported	"SLEEP" mode of CAN controller is requested, here the wake up
	interrupts are enabled. In case of "STOPPED", nothing happens.
CanDrv requests the CAN	During function call Can_SetControllerMode(Controller,
controller to transition into	Can_ControllerStateType), the CanDrv enters the request
the requested mode	into the hardware of the CAN controller. This may mean that the
(CAN_CS_STARTED).	controller mode transitions directly, but it could mean that it takes a
	few milliseconds until the controller changes its state. It depends
	on the controllers.
	on the controller and its current operation mode
CAN controller was in	The former request Can_SetControllerMode() returns and
STOPPED mode	informs CanIf about a successful request which in turn returns the
	<pre>upper layer request CanIf_SetControllerMode(). The</pre>
	Can_MainFunction_Mode() detects the successful mode
	transition of the CAN controller and inform the CanIf
	asynchronously via
	CanIf_ControllerModeIndication(Controller,
	CAN_CS_STARTED).
CAN controller was in	During the former request Can_SetControllerMode() the
STOPPED mode and the	<pre>function CanIf_ControllerModeIndication(Controller,</pre>
CAN controller transitions	CAN_CS_STARTED) is called to inform the CanIf directly about the
very fast so that mode	successful mode transition. When
indication is called during	CanIf_ControllerModeIndication(Controller,
transition request	CAN_CS_STARTED) returned, the request
	Can_SetControllerMode() returns and informs CanIf about a
	successful request which in turn returns the upper layer request
	CanIf_SetControllerMode().
CAN controller was in	During the former request Can_SetControllerMode() the
STARTED mode	<pre>function CanIf_ControllerModeIndication(Controller,</pre>
	CAN_CS_STARTED) is called to inform the Canlf directly about the
	successful mode transition (because the mode was already
	started). When
	CanIf_ControllerModeIndication(Controller,
	CAN_CS_STARTED) returned, the request
	Can_SetControllerMode() returns and informs CanIf about a
	successful request which in turn returns the upper layer request
	CanIf_SetControllerMode().
CAN controller was in	This transition is not allowed -> E_NOT_OK.
SLEEP mode	



9.11 BusOff notification

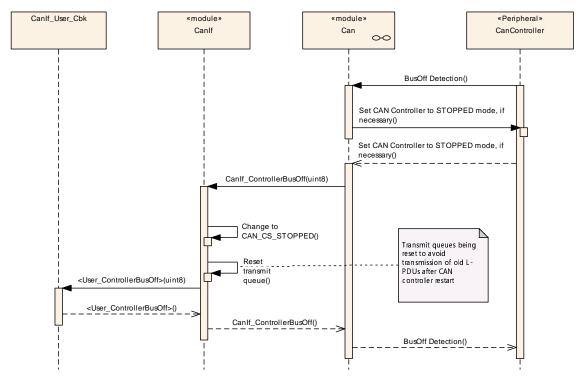


Figure 9.11: BusOff notification

Activity	Description
BusOff detection interrupt	The CAN controller signals a BusOff event.
Stop CAN controller	CAN controller is set to STOPPED mode by the CAN Driver, if
	necessary.
BusOff indication to CAN	BusOff is notified to the CanIf by calling of
Interface	CanIf_ControllerBusOff()
BusOff indication to upper	BusOff is notified to the upper layer by calling of
layer (CanSM)	<pre><user_controllerbusoff>()</user_controllerbusoff></pre>



9.12 BusOff recovery

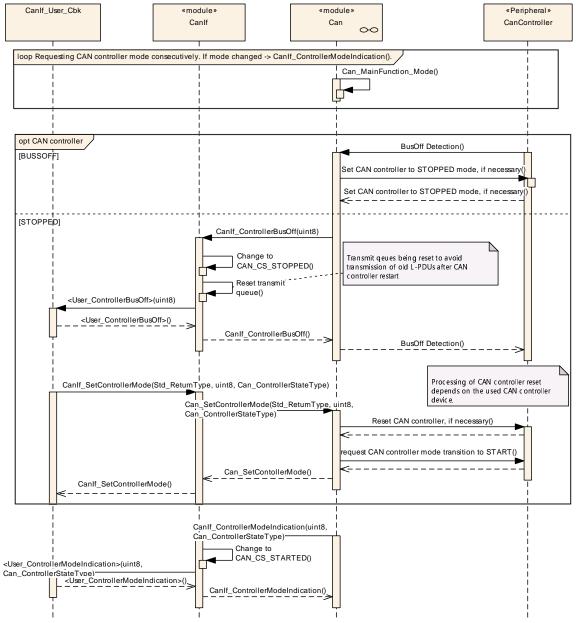


Figure 9.12: BusOff recovery



Activity	Description			
BusOff detection interrupt	The CAN controller signals a BusOff event.			
Stop CAN controller	CAN controller is set to STOPPED mode by the CanDrv, if			
	necessary			
BusOff indication to CanIf	BusOff is notified to the CanIf by calling of			
	CanIf_ControllerBusOff(). The transmit buffers inside			
	CanIf will be reset.			
BusOff indication to upper	BusOff is notified to the upper layer by calling of			
layer	<pre><user_controllerbusoff>()</user_controllerbusoff></pre>			
Upper Layer (CanSM)	After a time specified by the BusOff Recovery algorithm the			
initiates BusOff Recovery	Recovery process itself in initiated by			
	CanIf_SetControllerMode(ControllerId,			
	CAN_CS_STARTED).			
Restart of CAN controller	The driver restarts the CAN controller by call of			
	Can_SetControllerMode(Controller,			
	CAN_CS_STARTED).			
CAN controller started	CanDrv informs CanIf about the successful start by calling			
	CanIf_ControllerModeIndication().CanIf changes			
	mode to CAN_CS_STARTED and informs in turn upper layers about			
	the mode change.			



10 Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. For general information about the definition of containers and parameters, refer to the [9, chapter 10.1 "Introduction to configuration specification" in SWS BSWGeneral].

section 10.1 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the Canlf.

10.1 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters describe chapter 7 "Functional specification" and chapter 8 "API specification".

[SWS_CANIF_00104] [The listed configuration items can be derived from a network description database, which is based on the EcuConfigurationTemplate. The configuration tool shall extract all information to configure the CanIf. | (SRS_Can_01015)

[SWS_CANIF_00066] [The CanIf has access to the CanDrv configuration data. All public CanDrv configuration data are described in [1, Specification of CAN Driver]. | ()

[SWS_CANIF_00132] These dependencies between CanDrv and CanIf configuration must be provided at configuration time by the configuration tools. | ()



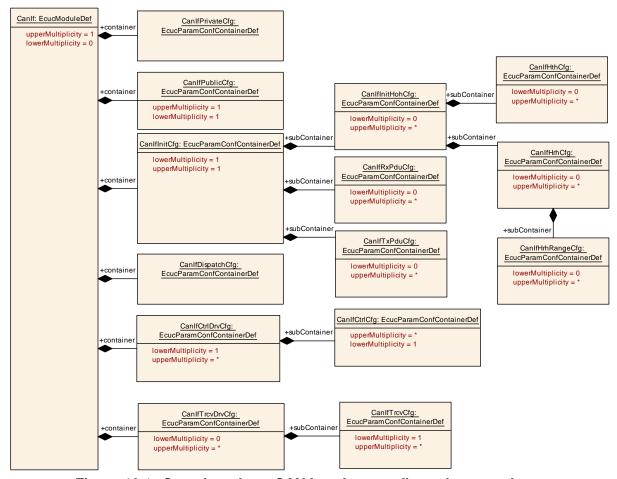


Figure 10.1: Overview about CAN Interface configuration containers

10.1.1 CanIf

[ECUC Canlf 00244] belongs to the table below. The generated Artifact is faulty.

Module SWS Item	ECUC_CanIf	_00244		
Module Name	CanIf			
Module Description	This container includes all necessary configuration sub-containers			
	according the	e CAN Interface configuration structure.		
Post-Build Variant	true			
Support				
Supported Config	VARIANT-LIN	IK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD, VARIANT-PRE-		
Variants	COMPILE			
Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
CanlfCtrlDrvCfg	1*	Configuration parameters for all the underlying CAN		
		Driver modules are aggregated under this container.		
		For each CAN Driver module a seperate instance of		
		this container has to be provided.		



Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
CanlfDispatchCfg	1	Callback functions provided by upper layer modules of the Canlf. The callback functions defined in this container are common to all configured CAN Driver / CAN Transceiver Driver modules.
CanlfInitCfg	1	This container contains the init parameters of the CAN Interface.
CanlfPrivateCfg	1	This container contains the private configuration (parameters) of the CAN Interface.
CanlfPublicCfg	1	This container contains the public configuration (parameters) of the CAN Interface.
CanlfTrcvDrvCfg	0*	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of all addressed CAN transceivers by each underlying CAN Transceiver Driver module. For each CAN transceiver Driver a seperate instance of this container shall be provided.

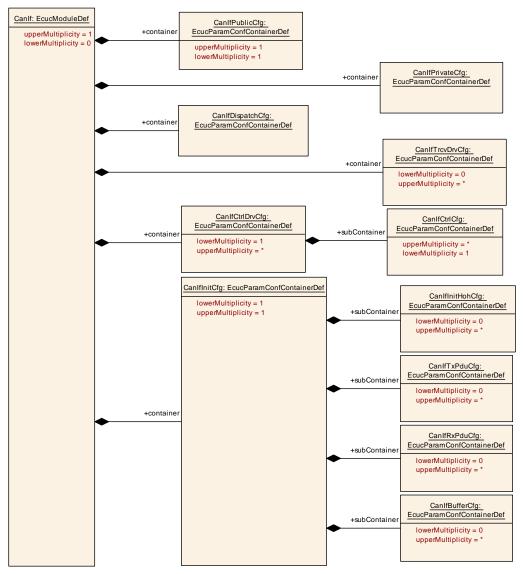


Figure 10.2: AR_EcucDef_CanIf



10.1.2 CanlfPrivateCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00245]
Container Name	CanIfPrivateCfg
Description	This container contains the private configuration (parameters) of the CAN Interface.
Configuration Parameters	

Name	CanIfFixedBuffer [ECUC_Ca	anlf_(00827]
Parent Container	CanlfPrivateCfg		
Description	This parameter defines if the buffer element length shall be fixed to 8 Bytes for buffers to which only PDUs < 8 Bytes are assigned. TRUE: Minimum buffer element length is fixed to 8 Bytes. FALSE: Buffer element length depends on the size of the referencing PDUs.		
Multiplicity	01		3
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default Value	false		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

Name	CanIfPrivateDataLengthChe	ck [E	CUC_Canlf_00617]
Parent Container	CanlfPrivateCfg		
Description	Selects whether Data Lengt	h Che	eck is supported.
	True: Enabled False: Disable	ed	
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default Value	true		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
Giass	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		·



Name	CanIfPrivateSoftwareFilterTy	/pe [E	ECUC Canlf 00619]
Parent Container	CanIfPrivateCfg		
Description	Selects the desired software filter mechanism for reception only. Each implemented software filtering method is identified by this enumeration number.		
Multiplicity	Range: Types implemented	SOILW	rate littering methods
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	BINARY		ects Binary Filter method.
	INDEX	Sel	ects Index Filter method.
	LINEAR	Sel	ects Linear Filter method.
	TABLE	Sel	ects Table Filter method.
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: BasicCAN reception must be enabled by referenced parameter CanHandleType of the CAN Driver module via CanIfHrhldSymRef for at least one HRH.		

Name	CanlfSupportTTCAN [ECUC	Ca	nlf_00675]	
Parent Container	CanlfPrivateCfg			
Description	Defines whether TTCAN is s	Defines whether TTCAN is supported.		
	TRUE: TTCAN is supported normal CAN communication		.SE: TTCAN is not supported, only ossible.	
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
CanlfTTGeneral	01	CanIfTTGeneral is specified in the SWS TTCAN Interface and defines if and in which way TTCAN is supported.		
		This container is only included and valid if TTCAN is supported by the controller, enabled (see CanlfSupportTTCAN, ECUC_Canlf_00675), and used.		



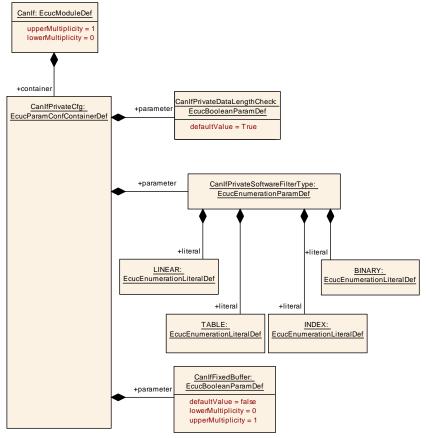


Figure 10.3: AR_EcucDef_CanlfPrivateCfg

10.1.3 CanlfPublicCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00246]
Container Name	CanlfPublicCfg
Description	This container contains the public configuration (parameters) of the CAN Interface.
Configuration Parameters	

Name	CanlfBusMirroringSupport [ECUC_Canlf_00847]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg	CanlfPublicCfg		
Description	Enable support for Bus Mirro	Enable support for Bus Mirroring.		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant	false	false		
Value				
Value Configuration	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
Class				
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			



Name	CanIfDevErrorDetect [ECUC	CanlfDevErrorDetect [ECUC_Canlf_00614]		
Parent Container	CanIfPublicCfg			
Description	Switches the development error detection and notification on or off.			
	true: detection and no	true: detection and notification is enabled.		
	false: detection and notification is disabled.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Value Configuration	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
Class				
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfMetaDataSupport [ECUC_Canlf_00824]				
Parent Container	CanIfPublicCfg				
Description	Enable support for dynamic	ID ha	andling using L-SDU MetaData.		
Multiplicity	01	01			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default Value	false				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false				
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants		
	Link time	_			
	Post-build time	_			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants		
	Link time –				
	Post-build time	_			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU				

Name	CanlfPublicCddHeaderFile [ECUC_Canlf_00671]
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg
Description	Defines header files for callback functions which shall be included in case of CDDs. Range of characters is 1 32.
Multiplicity	0*
Туре	EcucStringParamDef
Default Value	
Length	1–32
Regular Expression	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false



Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		

Name	CanIfPublicHandleTypeEnum [ECUC_CanIf_00742]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg			
Description	This parameter is used to configure the Can_HwHandleType. The Can_HwHandleType represents the hardware object handles of a CAN hardware unit. For CAN hardware units with more than 255 HW objects the extended range shall be used (UINT16).			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	UINT16			
	UINT8			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: Can_HwHandleType			

Name	CanIfPublicIcomSupport [ECUC_CanIf_00839]			
Parent Container	CanIfPublicCfg			
Description	Selects support of Pretended Network features in Canlf. True: Enabled			
	False: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false	false		
Post-Build Variant	false			
Value				
Value Configuration	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
Class				
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			



Name	CanIfPublicMultipleDrvSupport [ECUC_CanIf_00612]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg	CanlfPublicCfg		
Description	Selects support for multiple CAN Drivers.			
	True: Enabled False: Disable	ed		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfPublicPnSupport [ECU	CanlfPublicPnSupport [ECUC_Canlf_00772]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg				
Description	Selects support of Partial Ne	Selects support of Partial Network features in Canlf.			
	True: Enabled				
	False: Disabled				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false				
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants		
	Link time	_			
	Post-build time	_			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU				

Name	CanlfPublicReadRxPduData	CanlfPublicReadRxPduDataApi [ECUC_Canlf_00607]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg				
Description	Enables / Disables the API CanIf_ReadRxPduData() for reading received L-SDU data.				
	True: Enabled False: Disabled				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default Value	false				
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants		
	Link time	Link time –			
	Post-build time –				
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU				



Name	CanIfPublicReadRxPduNotifyStatusApi [ECUC_CanIf_00608]			
Parent Container	CanIfPublicCfg			
Description	Enables and disables the API for reading the notification status of receive L-PDUs.			
	True: Enabled False: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfPublicReadTxPduNotifyStatusApi [ECUC_Canlf_00609]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg			
Description	Enables and disables the API for reading the notification status of transmit L-PDUs.			
	True: Enabled False: Disable	ed		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time –			
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanIfPublicSetDynamicTxIdApi [ECUC_CanIf_00610]		
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg		
Description	Enables and disables the API for reconfiguration of the CAN Identifier for each Transmit L-PDU.		
	True: Enabled False: Disable	ed	
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default Value	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		



Name	CanIfPublicTxBuffering [ECl	CanlfPublicTxBuffering [ECUC_Canlf_00618]		
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg	CanlfPublicCfg		
Description	Enables and disables the buffering of transmit L-PDUs (rejected by the CanDrv) within the CAN Interface module. True: Enabled False: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1	Ju		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanIfPublicTxConfirmPollingSupport [ECUC_CanIf_00733]		
Parent Container	CanIfPublicCfg		
Description	Configuration parameter to enable/disable the API to poll for Tx Confirmation state.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef	
Default Value			
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: CAN State Manager module		

Name	CanlfPublicWakeupCheckValidByNM [ECUC_Canlf_00741]
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg
Description	If enabled, only NM messages shall validate a detected wake-up event in Canlf. If disabled, all received messages corresponding to a configured Rx PDU shall validate such a wake-up event. This parameter depends on CanlfPublicWakeupCheckValidSupport and shall only be configurable, if it is enabled. True: Enabled False: Disabled
Multiplicity	01
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef
Default Value	false
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false
Post-Build Variant Value	false



Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	-	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfPublicWakeupCheckValidSupport		

Name	CanlfPublicWakeupCheckValidSupport [ECUC_Canlf_00611]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg			
Description	Selects support for wake up	validation		
	True: Enabled False: Disable	True: Enabled False: Disabled		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X All Variants		
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanIfSetBaudrateApi [ECUC	CanlfSetBaudrateApi [ECUC_Canlf_00838]		
Parent Container	CanIfPublicCfg			
Description	Configuration parameter to enable/disable the CanIf_SetBaudrate API to change the baud rate of a CAN Controller. If this parameter is set to true the CanIf_SetBaudrate API shall be supported. Otherwise the API is not supported.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		_	



Name	CanIfTriggerTransmitSupport [ECUC_CanIf_00844]			
Parent Container	CanIfPublicCfg			
Description	Enables the CanIf_TriggerTransmit API at Pre-Compile-Time. Therefore, this parameter defines if there shall be support for trigger transmit transmissions. TRUE: Enabled FALSE: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	true	true		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanIfTxOfflineActiveSupp	CanIfTxOfflineActiveSupport [ECUC_CanIf_00837]		
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg	CanIfPublicCfg		
Description		Determines wether TxOffLineActive feature (see SWS_CANIF_00072) is supported by Canlf. True: Enabled False: Disabled		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default Value	false	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfVersionInfoApi [ECUC_Canlf_00613]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg			
Description	Enables and disables the API for reading the version information about the CAN Interface.			
	True: Enabled False: Disable	led		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X All Variants		
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			



Name	CanlfWakeupSupport [ECUC_Canlf_00843]			
Parent Container	CanlfPublicCfg	CanlfPublicCfg		
Description	Enables the CanIf_CheckWakeup API at Pre-Compile-Time. Therefore, this parameter defines if there shall be support for wake-up. TRUE: Enabled FALSE: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	true	true		
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

No Included Containers



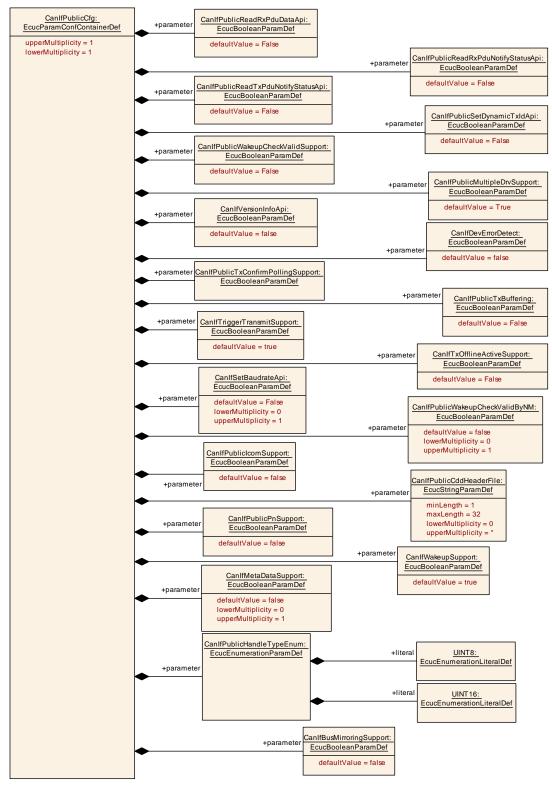


Figure 10.4: AR_EcucDef_CanlfPublicCfg

10.1.4 CanlflnitCfg



SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00247]
Container Name	CanlfInitCfg
Description	This container contains the init parameters of the CAN Interface.
Configuration Parameters	

Name	CanlfInitCfgSet [ECUC_Canlf_00623]			
Parent Container	CanlflnitCfg			
Description	Selects the CAN Interface specific configuration setup. This type of the external data structure shall contain the post build initialization data for the CAN Interface for all underlying CAN Dirvers. constant to CanIf ConfigType			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucStringParamDef			
Default Value				
Length	1–32			
Regular Expression				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfMaxBufferSize [ECUC	_Can	lf_00828]
Parent Container	CanlfInitCfg		
Description	Maximum total size of all Tx buffers. This parameter is needed only in		
		mple	mentation using static memory
	allocation.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0		
	18446744073709551615		
Default Value			
Post-Build Variant	false		
Multiplicity			
Post-Build Variant	false		
Value			
Multiplicity	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
Configuration Class			
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
Class			
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	



Scope / Dependency	scope: local
--------------------	--------------

Name	CanlfMaxRxPduCfg [ECUC_Canlf_00830]			
Parent Container	CanIfInitCfg			
Description		Maximum number of Pdus. This parameter is needed only in case of post-build loadable implementation using static memory allocation.		
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 18446744073709551615	•		
Default Value		•		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfMaxTxPduCfg [ECUC	CanlfMaxTxPduCfg [ECUC_Canlf_00829]		
Parent Container	CanIfInitCfg			
Description		Maximum number of Pdus. This parameter is needed only in case of post-build loadable implementation using static memory allocation.		
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 18446744073709551615			
Default Value				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		



Scope / Dependency scope: local

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
CanlfBufferCfg	0*	This container contains the Txbuffer configuration. Multiple buffers with different sizes could be configured. If CanIfBufferSize (ECUC_CanIf_00834) equals 0, the CanIf Tx L-PDU only refers via this CanIfBufferCfg the corresponding CanIfHthCfg.
CanlflnitHohCfg	0*	This container contains the references to the configuration setup of each underlying CAN Driver.
CanlfRxPduCfg	0*	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of each receive CAN L-PDU. The SHORT-NAME of "CanIfRxPduConfig" container itself represents the symolic name of Receive L-PDU. This L-SDU produces a meta data item of type CAN_ID_32.
CanlfTxPduCfg	0*	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of a transmit CAN L-PDU. It has to be configured as often as a transmit CAN L-PDU is needed. The SHORT-NAME of "CanIfTxPduConfig" container represents the symolic name of Transmit L-PDU. This L-SDU consumes a meta data item of type CAN_ID_32.



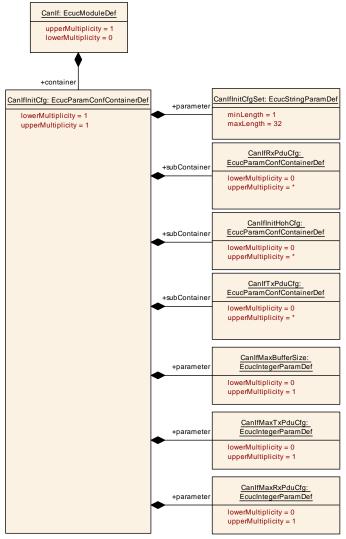


Figure 10.5: AR_EcucDef_CanlflnitCfg

10.1.5 CanIfTxPduCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00248]
Container Name	CanIfTxPduCfg
Description	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of a transmit CAN L-PDU. It has to be configured as often as a transmit CAN L-PDU is needed. The SHORT-NAME of "CanIfTxPduConfig" container represents the symolic name of Transmit L-PDU. This L-SDU consumes a meta data item of type CAN_ID_32.
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true



Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Configuration Parameters			

Name	CanlfTxPduCanld [ECUC_Canlf_00592]			
Parent Container				
	CanlfTxPduCfg	0.4.4.1	DDII II II OAN DI (
Description	CAN Identifier of transmit CAN L-PDUs used by the CAN Driver for CAN L-PDU transmission. Range: 11 Bit For Standard CAN Identifier 29 Bit For Extended CAN identifier The CAN Identifier may be omitted for dynamic transmit L-PDUs.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 536870911			
Default Value	·			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU	_		

Name	CanlfTxPduCanldMask [ECUC_Canlf_00823]			
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg			
Description	Identifier mask which denotes relevant bits in the CAN Identifier. This parameter may be used to keep parts of the CAN Identifier of dynamic transmit L-PDUs static. Range: 11 bits for Standard CAN Identifier, 29 bits for Extended CAN Identifier.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 3758096383			
Default Value	3758096383			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	



Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Χ	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		

Name	CanlfTxPduCanldType [ECUC_Canlf_00590]			
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg			
Description	Type of CAN Identifier of the transmit CAN L-PDU used by the CAN Driver module for CAN L-PDU transmission.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	EXTENDED_CAN	CAN frame with extended identifier (29 bits)		
	EXTENDED_FD_CAN	CAN FD frame with extended identifier (29 bits)		
	STANDARD_CAN	CAN frame with standard identifier (11 bits)		
	STANDARD_FD_CAN	CAN FD frame with standard identifier (11 bits)		
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	X VARIANT-LINK-TIME		
	Post-build time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfTxPduld [ECUC_Canl	CanlfTxPduld [ECUC_Canlf_00591]			
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg				
Description	ECU wide unique, symbolic	ECU wide unique, symbolic handle for transmit CAN L-SDU.			
	Range: 0max. number of 0	CantT	xPdulds		
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Sym	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 4294967295	0 4294967295			
Default Value		•			
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants		
	Link time	-			
	Post-build time –				
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU				



Name	CanlfTxPduPnFilterPdu [ECUC_Canlf_00773]				
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg				
Description	If CanIfPublicPnFilterSupport is enabled, by this parameter PDUs could be configured which will pass the CanIfPnFilter. If there is no CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdu configured per controller, the corresponding controller applies no CanIfPnFilter.				
Multiplicity	01				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true				
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME				
	Post-build time	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: This parameter shall only be configurable if CanIfPublicPnSupport equals True.				

Name	CanlfTxPduReadNotifyStatus [ECUC_Canlf_00589]				
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg				
Description	Enables and disables transmit confirmation for each transmit CAN L-SDU for reading its notification status. True: Enabled False: Disabled				
Multiplicity	1	1 1			
Type Default Value	EcucBooleanParamDef false				
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: CanIfPublicReadTxPduNotifyStatusApi must be enabled.				

Name	CanlfTxPduTriggerTransmit [ECUC_Canlf_00840]			
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg			
Description	Determines if or if not CanIf shall use the trigger transmit API for this PDU.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			



Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: If CanIfTxPduTriggerTransmit is TRUE then CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL has to be either PDUR or CDD and CanIfTxPduUserTriggerTransmitName has to be specified accordingly.		

Name	CanIfTxPduTruncation [ECUC_CanIf_00845]			
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg			
Description	Enables/disables truncation	Enables/disables truncation of PDUs that exceed the configured size.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfTxPduType [ECUC_Canlf_00593]				
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg	CanlfTxPduCfg			
Description	Defines the type of each transmit CAN L-PDU.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef				
Range	DYNAMIC	CAN ID is defined at runtime.			
	STATIC	CAN ID is defined at compile-time.			
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU				



Name	CanlfTxPduUserTriggerTransmitName [ECUC_Canlf_00842]				
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg				
Description	This parameter defines the name of the <user_triggertransmit>. This parameter depends on the parameter CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL. If CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL equals CAN_TP, CAN_NM, PDUR, XCP, CAN_TSYN, J1939NM or J1939TP, the name of the <user_triggertransmit> is fixed. If CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL equals CDD, the name of the <user_txconfirmation> is selectable. Please be aware that this parameter depends on the same parameter as CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName. It shall be clear which upper layer is responsible for that PDU.</user_txconfirmation></user_triggertransmit></user_triggertransmit>				
Multiplicity	01				
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef				
Default Value					
Length	1–32				
Regular Expression					
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false				
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Post-build time				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
	Post-build time –				
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfTxPduUserTriggerTransmitName requires CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL to be either PDUR or CDD.				

Name	CanlfTxPduUserTxConfirmationName [ECUC_Canlf_00528]
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg
Description	This parameter defines the name of the <user_txconfirmation>. This parameter depends on the parameter CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL. If CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL equals CAN_TP, CAN_NM, PDUR, XCP, CAN_TSYN, J1939NM or J1939TP, the name of the <user_txconfirmation> is fixed. If CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL equals CDD, the name of the <user_txconfirmation> is selectable.</user_txconfirmation></user_txconfirmation></user_txconfirmation>
Multiplicity	01
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef
Default Value	
Length	1–32
Regular Expression	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false



Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		

Name	CanIfTxPduUserTxConfirmationUL [ECUC_CanIf_00527]			
Parent Container	CanIfTxPduCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer (UL) module to which the confirmation of the successfully transmitted CanTxPduld has to be routed via the <user_txconfirmation>. This <user_txconfirmation> has to be invoked when the confirmation of the configured CanTxPduld will be received by a Tx confirmation event from the CAN Driver module. If no upper layer (UL) module is configured, no <user_txconfirmation> has to be called in case of a Tx confirmation event of the CanTxPduld from the CAN Driver module.</user_txconfirmation></user_txconfirmation></user_txconfirmation>			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CAN_NM	CAN NM		
	CAN_TP	CAN TP		
	CAN_TSYN	Global Time Synchronization over CAN		
	CDD	Complex Driver		
	J1939NM	J1939Nm		
	J1939TP	J1939Tp		
	PDUR	PDU Router		
	XCP	Extended Calibration Protocol		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Post-build time	-		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			



Name	CanIfTxPduBufferRef [ECUC_CanIf_00831]			
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg			
Description	Configurable reference to a	Configurable reference to a Canlf buffer configuration.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	Reference to CanlfBufferCfg			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanIfTxPduRef [ECUC_CanIf_00603]			
Parent Container	CanlfTxPduCfg	CanlfTxPduCfg		
Description	Reference to the "global" Pdu structure to allow harmonization of handle IDs in the COM-Stack.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	Reference to Pdu	Reference to Pdu		
	true			
Post-Build Variant Value				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Included Containers					
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency			
CanIfTTTxFrame Triggering	01	CanIfTTTxFrameTriggering is specified in the SWS TTCAN Interface and defines Frame trigger for TTCAN transmission. This container is only included and valid if TTCAN is supported by the controller, enabled (see CanIfSupportTTCAN, ECUC_CanIf_00675), and a joblist is used.			



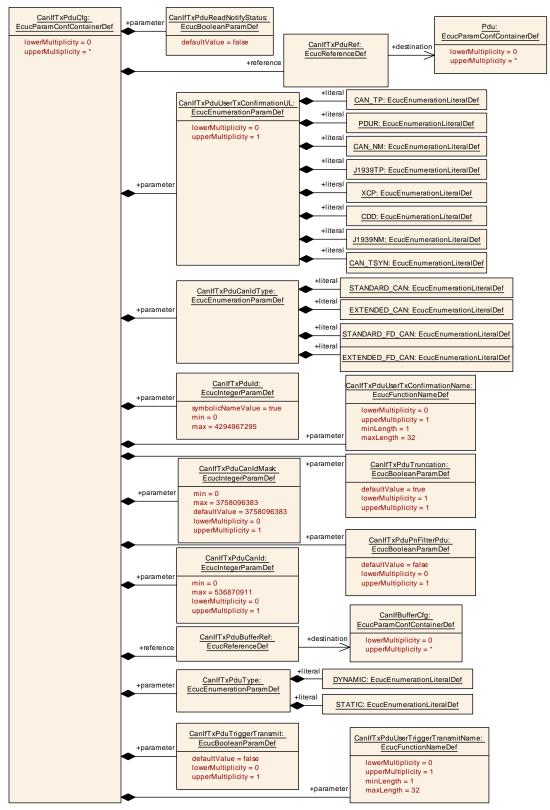


Figure 10.6: AR_EcucDef_CanlfTxPduCfg



10.1.6 CanlfRxPduCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00249]	[ECUC_Canlf_00249]			
Container Name	CanlfRxPduCfg	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of each receive CAN L-PDU. The SHORT-NAME of "CanIfRxPduConfig" container itself represents the symolic name of Receive L-PDU. This L-SDU produces a meta data item of type CAN ID 32.				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true				
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Configuration Parameters					

Name	O) OIf	005001
Name	CanlfRxPduCanld [ECUC	_Canit_	
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg		
Description	CAN Identifier of Receive CAN L-PDUs used by the CAN Interface. Exa: Software Filtering. This parameter is used if exactly one Can Identifier is assigned to the Pdu. If a range is assigned then the CanIfRxPduCanIdRange parameter shall be used. Range: 11 Bit For Standard CAN Identifier 29 Bit For Extended CAN identifier		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 536870911		
Default Value			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME		
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		



Name	CanlfRxPduCanldMask [ECUC_Canlf_00822]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	Identifier mask which denotes relevant bits in the CAN Identifier. This parameter defines a CAN Identifier range in an alternative way to CanIfRxPduCanIdRange. It identifies the bits of the configured CAN Identifier that must match the received CAN Identifier. Range: 11 bits for Standard CAN Identifier, 29 bits for Extended CAN Identifier.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 536870911			
Default Value	536870911			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfRxPduCanldType [ECUC_Canlf_00596]				
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg				
Description	CAN Identifier of receive CA CAN L-PDU reception.	CAN Identifier of receive CAN L-PDUs used by the CAN Driver for CAN L-PDU reception.			
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef				
Range	EXTENDED_CAN	CAN 2.0 or CAN FD frame with extended identifier (29 bits)			
	EXTENDED_FD_CAN	CAN FD frame with extended identifier (29 bits)			
	EXTENDED_NO_FD_CA	CAN 2.0 frame with extended identifier (29 bits)			
	STANDARD_CAN	CAN 2.0 or CAN FD frame with standard identifier (11 bits)			
	STANDARD_FD_CAN	CAN FD frame with standard identifier (11 bits)			
	STANDARD_NO_FD_CA	CAN 2.0 frame with standard identifier (11 bits)			
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				



Name	CanlfRxPduDataLength [ECUC_Canlf_00599]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	Data length of the received CAN L-PDUs used by the CAN Interface. This information is used for Data Length Check. Additionally it might specify the valid bits in case of the discrete DLC for CAN FD L-PDUs > 8 bytes. The data area size of a CAN L-PDU can have a range from 0 to 64			
Multiplicity	bytes.			
Туре	- EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 64			
Default Value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: If CanIfRxPduDataLength > 8 then CanIfRxPduCanIdType must not be STANDARD_NO_FD_CAN or EXTENDED_NO_FD_CAN			

Name	CanlfRxPduDataLengthCheck [ECUC_Canlf_00846]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	This parameter switches the message specific data length check. True: Data length check will be executed during the reception of this PDU. False: No data length check will be executed during the reception of this PDU.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfRxPduld [ECUC_Canlf_00597]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	ECU wide unique, symbolic handle for receive CAN L-SDU. It shall fulfill ANSI/AUTOSAR definitions for constant defines. Range: 0max. number of defined CanRxPdulds			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 4294967295			
Default Value				



Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		

Name	CanlfRxPduReadData [ECUC_Canlf_00600]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	Enables and disables the Rx buffering for reading of received L-SDU data.			
	True: Enabled False: Disable	ed		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfRxPduReadNotifyStatus [ECUC_Canlf_00595]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	Enables and disables receive indication for each receive CAN L-SDU for reading its notification status. True: Enabled False: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: CanlfPublicReadRxPduNotifyStatusApi must be enabled.			



Name	CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationName [ECUC_CanIf_00530]		
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg		
Description	This parameter defines the name of the <user_rxindication>. This parameter depends on the parameter CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL. If CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL equals CAN_TP, CAN_NM, PDUR, XCP, CAN_TSYN, J1939NM or J1939TP, the name of the <user_rxindication> is fixed. If CanIfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL equals CDD, the name of the <user_rxindication> is selectable.</user_rxindication></user_rxindication></user_rxindication>		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef		
Default Value			
Length	1–32		
Regular Expression			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		_

Name	CanlfRxPduUserRxIndicationUL [ECUC_Canlf_00529]		
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg		
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer (UL) module to which the indication of the successfully received CANRXPDUID has to be routed via <user_rxindication>. This <user_rxindication> has to be invoked when the indication of the configured CANRXPDUID will be received by an Rx indication event from the CAN Driver module. If no upper layer (UL) module is configured, no <user_rxindication> has to be called in case of an Rx indication event of the CANRXPDUID from the CAN Driver module.</user_rxindication></user_rxindication></user_rxindication>		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	CAN_NM	CAN NM	
	CAN_TP	CAN TP	
	CAN_TSYN	Global Time Synchronization over CAN	
	CDD	Complex Driver	
	J1939NM	J1939Nm	
	J1939TP	J1939Tp	
	PDUR	PDU Router	
	XCP	Extended Calibration Protocol	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		



Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		

Name	CanlfRxPduHrhldRef [ECUC	CanlfRxPduHrhldRef [ECUC_Canlf_00602]		
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description	The HRH to which Rx L-PDU belongs to, is referred through this			
	parameter.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Reference to CanIfHrhCfg			
	true			
Post-Build Variant Value				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: This information has to be derived from the CAN Driver configuration.			

Name	CanlfRxPduRef [ECUC_	CanlfRxPduRef [ECUC_Canlf_00601]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCfg	CanlfRxPduCfg			
Description		Reference to the "global" Pdu structure to allow harmonization of handle IDs in the COM-Stack.			
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	Reference to Pdu	Reference to Pdu			
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU				



Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
CanlfRxPduCanldRange	01	Optional container that allows to map a range of CAN lds to one Pduld.		
CanIfTTRxFrame Triggering	01	CanIfTTRxFrameTriggering is specified in the SWS TTCAN Interface and defines Frame trigger for TTCAN reception.		
		This container is only included and valid if TTCAN is supported by the controller, enabled (see CanIfSupportTTCAN, ECUC_CanIf_00675), and a joblist is used for reception.		



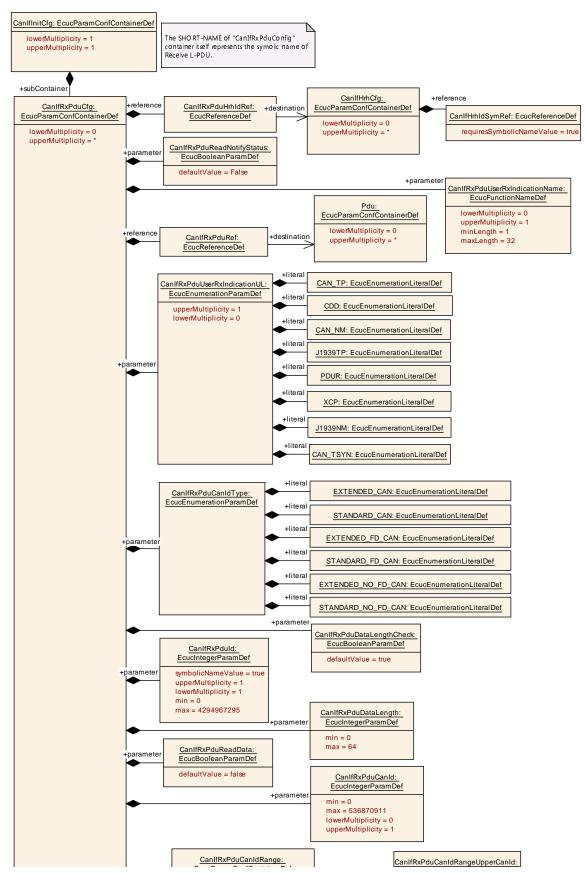


Figure 10.7: AR_EcucDef_CanlfRxPduCfg



10.1.7 CanlfRxPduCanldRange

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00743]		
Container Name	CanlfRxPduCanldRange		
Description	Optional container that allows to map a range of CAN lds to one Pduld.		
Configuration Parameters			

Name	CanlfRxPduCanldRangeLowerCanld [ECUC_Canlf_00745]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCanldRange			
Description		Lower CAN Identifier of a receive CAN L-PDU for identifier range		
	definition, in which all CAN	lds ar	e mapped to one Pduld.	
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 536870911	0 536870911		
Default Value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true		
Value Configuration	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Class	1 10 compile time		With the Solvinie	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfRxPduCanldRangeUpperCanld [ECUC_Canlf_00744]			
Parent Container	CanlfRxPduCanldRange			
Description	Upper CAN Identifier of a receive CAN L-PDU for identifier range definition, in which all CAN Ids are mapped to one PduId.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 536870911			
Default Value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

No Included Containers

10.1.8 CanlfDispatchCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00250]
Container Name	CanlfDispatchCfg



Description	Callback functions provided by upper layer modules of the Canlf. The callback functions defined in this container are common to all configured CAN Driver / CAN Transceiver Driver modules.		
Configuration Parameters			

Name	CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationName [ECUC_CanIf_00791]			
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the name of <user_checktrcvwakeflagindication>. If CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationUL equals CAN_SM the name of <user_checktrcvwakeflagindication> is fixed. If it equals CDD, the name is selectable. If CanIfPublicPnSupport equals False, this parameter shall not be configurable.</user_checktrcvwakeflagindication></user_checktrcvwakeflagindication>			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef	EcucFunctionNameDef		
Default Value				
Regular Expression				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanlfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationUL, CanlfPublicPnSupport			

Name	CanIfDispatchUserCheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicationUL [ECUC_CanIf_00792]			
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg	CanlfDispatchCfg		
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer module to which the CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication from the Driver modules have to be routed. If CanIfPublicPnSupport equals False, this parameter shall not be configurable.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CAN_SM CAN State Manager			
	CDD Complex Driver			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			



Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfPublicPnSupport			

Name	CanlfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationName [ECUC_Canlf_00789]		
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg		
Description	This parameter defines the name of <user_cleartrcvwufflagindication>. If CanIfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationUL equals CAN_SM the name of <user_cleartrcvwufflagindication> is fixed. If it equals CDD, the name is selectable. If CanIfPublicPnSupport equals False, this parameter shall not be configurable.</user_cleartrcvwufflagindication></user_cleartrcvwufflagindication>		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef		
Default Value			
Regular Expression			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanlfDispatch CanlfPublicPnSupport	uSer	ClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationUL,



Name	CanIfDispatchUserClearTrcvWufFlagIndicationUL [ECUC_CanIf_00790]			
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer module to which the ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication from the Driver modules have to be routed. If CanIfPublicPnSupport equals False, this parameter shall not be configurable.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CAN_SM	CA	N State Manager	
	CDD	Co	mplex Driver	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	-	W	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfPublicPn	Supp	port	

Name	CanlfDispatchUserConfirmP	nAva	ulabilityName [ECUC CanIf 00819]
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg		
Description	This parameter defines the name of <user_confirmpnavailability>. If CanIfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityUL equals CAN_SM the name of <user_confirmpnavailability> is fixed. If it equals CDD, the name is selectable. If CanIfPublicPnSupport equals False, this parameter shall not be configurable.</user_confirmpnavailability></user_confirmpnavailability>		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef		
Default Value			
Regular Expression			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	



Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Χ	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityUL, CanIfPublicPnSupport		

Name	CanlfDispatchUserConfirmPnAvailabilityUL [ECUC_Canlf_00820]		
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg		
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer module to which the ConfirmPnAvailability notification from the Driver modules have to be routed. If CanIfPublicPnSupport equals False, this parameter shall not be configurable.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	CAN_SM	CA	N State Manager
	CDD	Co	mplex Driver
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfPublicPnSupport		

Name	CanlfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffName [ECUC_Canlf_00525]
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg
Description	This parameter defines the name of <user_controllerbusoff>. This parameter depends on the parameter CanlfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL. If CanlfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL equals CAN_SM the name of <user_controllerbusoff> is fixed. If CanlfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL equals CDD, the name of <user_controllerbusoff> is selectable.</user_controllerbusoff></user_controllerbusoff></user_controllerbusoff>
Multiplicity	01
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef
Default Value	
Length	1–32
Regular Expression	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false



Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME,
			VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL		

Name	CanlfDispatchUserCtrlBusOffUL [ECUC_Canlf_00547]			
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer (UL) module to which the notifications of all ControllerBusOff events from the CAN Driver modules have to be routed via <user_controllerbusoff>. There is no possibility to configure no upper layer (UL) module as the provider of <user_controllerbusoff>.</user_controllerbusoff></user_controllerbusoff>			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CAN_SM CAN State Manager			
	CDD	Co	mplex Driver	
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_	VARIANTE OST-DOILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationName [ECUC_Canlf_00683]
Parent Container	CanIfDispatchCfg
Description	This parameter defines the name of <user_controllermodeindication>. This parameter depends on the parameter CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL. If CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL equals CAN_SM the name of <user_controllermodeindication> is fixed. If CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL equals CDD, the name of <user_controllermodeindication> is selectable.</user_controllermodeindication></user_controllermodeindication></user_controllermodeindication>
Multiplicity	01
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef
Default Value	
Length	1–32
Regular Expression	



Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	-	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL		

Name	CanIfDispatchUserCtrlModeIndicationUL [ECUC_CanIf_00684]			
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer (UL) module to which the notifications of all ControllerTransition events from the CAN Driver modules have to be routed via <user_controllermodeindication>.</user_controllermodeindication>			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CAN_SM	CAN State Manager		
	CDD	Coi	mplex Driver	
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationName [ECUC_Canlf_00685]
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg
Description	This parameter defines the name of <user_trcvmodeindication>. This parameter depends on the parameter CanlfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL. If CanlfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL equals CAN_SM the name of <user_trcvmodeindication> is fixed. If CanlfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL equals CDD, the name of <user_trcvmodeindication> is selectable.</user_trcvmodeindication></user_trcvmodeindication></user_trcvmodeindication>
Multiplicity	01
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef
Default Value	
Length	1–32
Regular Expression	



Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	-	VARIANT-F 03 I-BUILD
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL		

Name	CanIfDispatchUserTrcvModeIndicationUL [ECUC_CanIf_00686]			
Parent Container	CanIfDispatchCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer (UL) module to which the notifications of all TransceiverTransition events from the CAN Transceiver Driver modules have to be routed via <user_trcvmodeindication>. If no UL module is configured, no upper layer callback function will be called.</user_trcvmodeindication>			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CAN_SM	CA	N State Manager	
	CDD	Co	mplex Driver	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			



Name	CanlfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventName [ECUC_Canlf_00531]			
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the name of <user_validatewakeupevent>. This parameter depends on the parameter CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL. If CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL equals ECUM, the name of <user_validatewakeupevent> is fixed. If CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL equals CDD, the name of <user_validatewakeupevent> is selectable.</user_validatewakeupevent></user_validatewakeupevent></user_validatewakeupevent>			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucFunctionNameDef	EcucFunctionNameDef		
Default Value				
Length	1–32			
Regular Expression				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
-	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL			

Name	CanIfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventUL [ECUC_CanIf_00549]			
Parent Container	CanlfDispatchCfg			
Description	This parameter defines the upper layer (UL) module to which the notifications about positive former requested wake up sources have to be routed via <user_validatewakeupevent>.</user_validatewakeupevent>			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CDD Complex Driver			
	ECUM	EC	U State Manager	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		



Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		



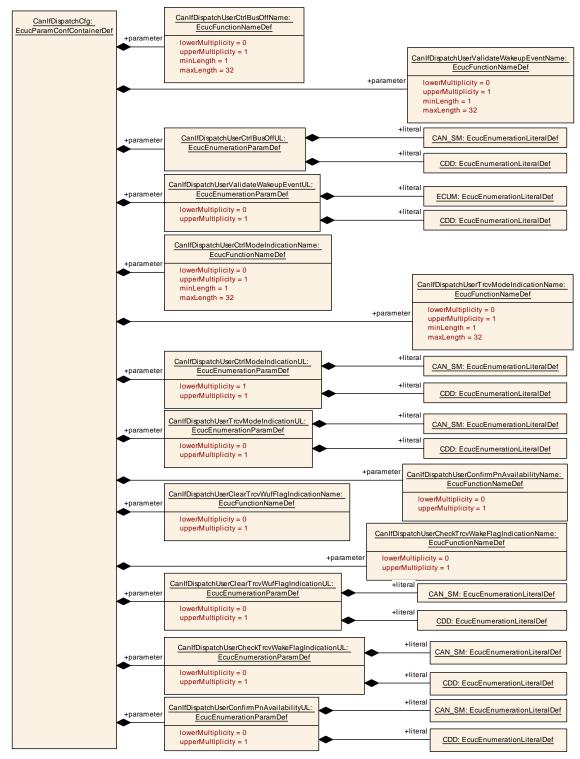


Figure 10.8: AR_EcucDef_CanlfDispatchCfg

10.1.9 CanlfCtrlCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00546]



Container Name	CanlfCtrlCfg		
Description	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of an adressed CAN controller by an underlying CAN Driver module. This container is configurable per CAN controller.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE, VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD Link time —		
	Post-build time –		
Configuration Parameter	Configuration Parameters		

Name	CanlfCtrlld [ECUC_Canlf_00	CanlfCtrlId [ECUC_Canlf_00647]		
Parent Container	CanlfCtrlCfg			
Description	This parameter abstracts from the CAN Driver specific parameter Controller. Each controller of all connected CAN Driver modules shall be assigned to one specific ControllerId of the CanIf. Range: 0number of configured controllers of all CAN Driver modules			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 255			
Default Value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfCtrlWakeupSupport [ECUC_Canlf_00637]			
Parent Container	CanlfCtrlCfg			
Description	This parameter defines if a respective controller of the referenced CAN Driver modules is queriable for wake up events. True: Enabled False: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			



Name	CanlfCtrlCanCtrlRef [ECUC_Canlf_00636]		
Parent Container	CanlfCtrlCfg		
Description	This parameter references to the logical handle of the underlying CAN controller from the CAN Driver module to be served by the CAN Interface module. The following parameters of CanController config container shall be referenced by this link: CanControllerId, CanWakeupSourceRef Range: 0max. number of underlying supported CAN controllers		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	Symbolic name reference to	Can	Controller
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Post-build time –		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: amount of CAN controllers		

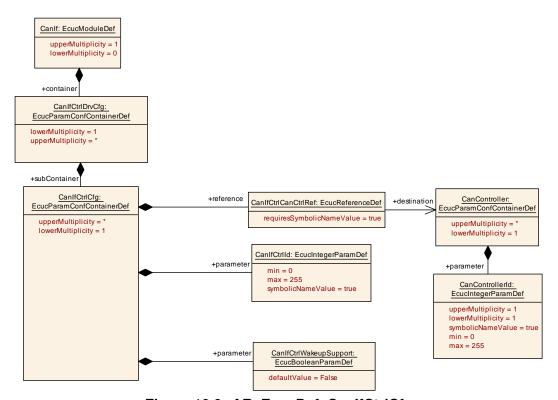


Figure 10.9: AR_EcucDef_CanlfCtrlCfg



10.1.10 CanlfCtrlDrvCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00253]	[ECUC_Canlf_00253]		
Container Name	CanlfCtrlDrvCfg	CanlfCtrlDrvCfg		
Description	Configuration parameters for all the underlying CAN Driver modules are aggregated under this container. For each CAN Driver module a seperate instance of this container has to be provided.			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE, VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Configuration Paramete	rs			

Name	CanlfCtrlDrvInitHohConfigRef [ECUC_Canlf_00642]			
Parent Container	CanlfCtrlDrvCfg			
Description	Reference to the Init Hoh Co	Reference to the Init Hoh Configuration		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	Reference to CanIfInitHohC	Reference to CanlflnitHohCfg		
	false			
Post-Build Variant Value				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfCtrlDrvNameRef [ECUC_Canlf_00638]			
Parent Container	CanlfCtrlDrvCfg			
Description	CAN Interface Driver Refere	CAN Interface Driver Reference.		
	This reference can be used to get any information (Ex. Driver Name, Vendor ID) from the CAN driver.			
	The CAN Driver name can be derived from the ShortName of the CAN driver module.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Reference to CanGeneral			
Post-Build Variant	false			
Value				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			



Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
CanlfCtrlCfg	1*	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of an adressed CAN controller by an underlying CAN Driver module. This container is configurable per CAN controller.

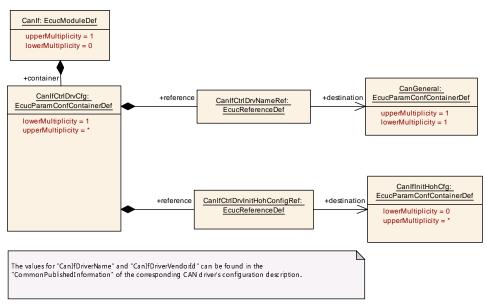


Figure 10.10: AR_EcucDef_CanlfCtrlDrvCfg

10.1.11 CanIfTrcvDrvCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_CanIf_00273]			
Container Name	CanlfTrcvDrvCfg	CanlfTrcvDrvCfg		
Description	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of all addressed CAN transceivers by each underlying CAN Transceiver Driver module. For each CAN transceiver Driver a seperate instance of this container shall be provided.			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE, VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Configuration Parameters				



Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
CanlfTrcvCfg	1*	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of one addressed CAN transceiver by the underlying CAN Transceiver Driver module. For each CAN transceiver a seperate instance of this container has to be provided.

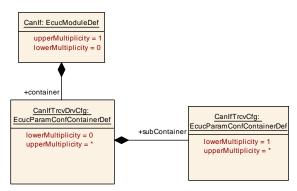


Figure 10.11: AR_EcucDef_CanIfTrcvDrvCfg

10.1.12 CanIfTrcvCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00587]	[ECUC_Canlf_00587]		
Container Name	CanlfTrcvCfg	CanlfTrcvCfg		
Description	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of one addressed CAN transceiver by the underlying CAN Transceiver Driver module. For each CAN transceiver a seperate instance of this container has to be provided.			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE, VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD Link time -			
	Post-build time –			
Configuration Parameters				

Name	CanlfTrcvId [ECUC_Canlf_00654]		
Parent Container	CanlfTrcvCfg		
Description	This parameter abstracts from the CAN Transceiver Driver specific parameter Transceiver. Each transceiver of all connected CAN Transceiver Driver modules shall be assigned to one specific TransceiverId of the CanIf. Range: 0number of configured transceivers of all CAN Transceiver Driver modules		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 255		



Default Value			
Post-Build Variant	false		
Value			
Value Configuration	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
Class			
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU		

Name	CanlfTrcvWakeupSupport [ECUC_Canlf_00606]			
Parent Container	CanlfTrcvCfg			
Description	This parameter defines if a respective transceiver of the referenced CAN Transceiver Driver modules is queriable for wake up events. True: Enabled False: Disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Name	CanlfTrcvCanTrcvRef [ECUC_Canlf_00605]		
Parent Container	CanIfTrcvCfg		
Description	This parameter references to the logical handle of the underlying CAN transceiver from the CAN transceiver driver module to be served by the CAN Interface module. Range: 0max. number of underlying supported CAN transceivers		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	Symbolic name reference to CanTrcvChannel		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Post-build time –		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU dependency: amount of CAN transceivers		



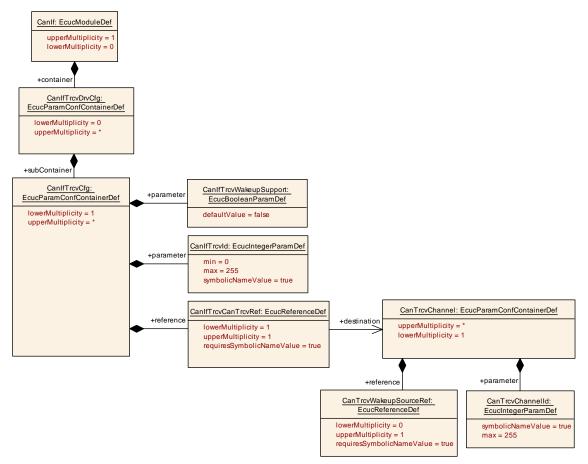


Figure 10.12: AR_EcucDef_CanIfTrcvCfg

10.1.13 CanlflnitHohCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00257]			
Container Name	CanlflnitHohCfg	CanlfInitHohCfg		
Description	This container contains the references to the configuration setup of each underlying CAN Driver.			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE, VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Configuration Parameters				

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
CanlfHrhCfg	0*	This container contains configuration parameters for each hardware receive object (HRH).
CanlfHthCfg	0*	This container contains parameters related to each HTH.



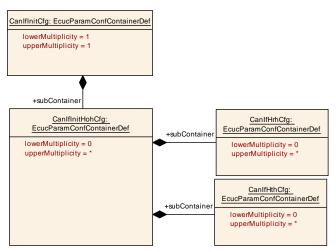


Figure 10.13: AR_EcucDef_CanlflnitHohCfg

10.1.14 CanlfHthCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00258]			
Container Name	CanlfHthCfg	CanlfHthCfg		
Description	This container contains para	This container contains parameters related to each HTH.		
Post-Build Variant	true	true		
Multiplicity				
Multiplicity	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
Configuration Class				
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Configuration Parameters				

Name	CanIfHthCanCtrlIdRef [ECUC_CanIf_00625]			
Parent Container	CanlfHthCfg	CanIfHthCfg		
Description	Reference to controller Id to which the HTH belongs to. A controller can contain one or more HTHs.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	Reference to CanIfCtrlCt	fg		
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			



Name	CanlfHthldSymRef [ECUC_	CanlfHthldSymRef [ECUC_Canlf_00627]		
Parent Container	CanlfHthCfg			
Description	The parameter refers to a particular HTH object in the CanDrv configuration (see CanHardwareObject ECUC_Can_00324). CanIf receives the following information of the CanDrv module by this reference: • CanHandleType (see ECUC_Can_00323) • CanObjectId (see ECUC_Can_00326)			
	Touriesjound (800 E0		Juli_55525,	
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to	Can	HardwareObject	
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

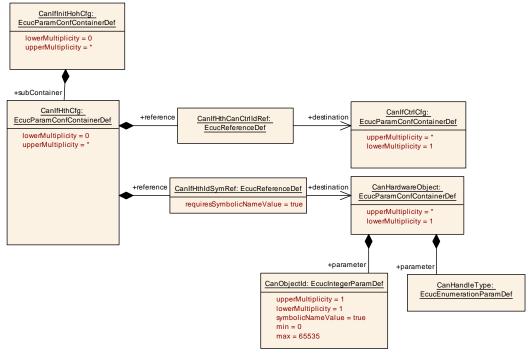


Figure 10.14: AR_EcucDef_CanlfHthCfg

10.1.15 CanlfHrhCfg



SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00259]			
Container Name	CanlfHrhCfg			
Description	This container contains configuration parameters for each hardware receive object (HRH).			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Configuration Parameter	Configuration Parameters			

Name	CanlfHrhSoftwareFilter [ECUC_Canlf_00632]			
Parent Container	CanlfHrhCfg			
Description	Selects the hardware receive objects by using the HRH range/list from CAN Driver configuration to define, for which HRH a software filtering has to be performed at during receive processing. True: Software filtering is enabled False: Software filtering is enabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default Value	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME,			
	VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfHrhCanCtrlldRef [ECUC_Canlf_00631]			
Parent Container	CanlfHrhCfg			
Description	Reference to controller Id to which the HRH belongs to. A controller can contain one or more HRHs.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	Reference to CanlfCtrlCfg			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-POST-BUILD Post-build time -			
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			



Name	CanlfHrhldSymRef [ECUC_Canlf_00634]			
Parent Container	CanlfHrhCfg			
Description	The parameter refers to a particular HRH object in the CanDrv configuration (see CanHardwareObject ECUC_Can_00324).			
	reference:	iniori	mation of the CanDrv module by this	
	CanHandleType (see ECUC_Can_00323)			
	CanObjectId (see ECUC_Can_00326)			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to	Can	HardwareObject	
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
CanlfHrhRangeCfg	0*	Defines the parameters required for configurating multiple CANID ranges for a given same HRH.



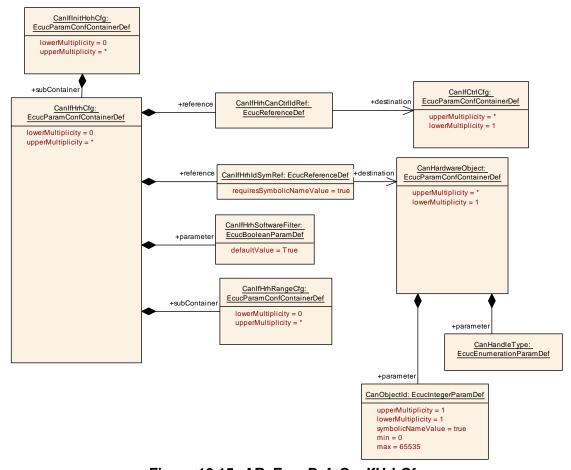


Figure 10.15: AR_EcucDef_CanlfHrhCfg

10.1.16 CanlfHrhRangeCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00628]		
Container Name	CanlfHrhRangeCfg		
Description	Defines the parameters required for configurating multiple CANID ranges for a given same HRH.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
•	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Configuration Parameters			



Name	CanlfHrhRangeBaseld [ECUC_Canlf_00825]			
Parent Container	CanlfHrhRangeCfg			
Description	CAN Identifier used as base value in combination with CanIfHrhRangeMask for a masked ID range in which all CAN Ids shall pass the software filtering. The size of this parameter is limited by CanIfHrhRangeRxPduRangeCanIdType.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 536870911			
Default Value				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME			
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfHrhRangeMask [ECUC_Canlf_00826]				
Parent Container	CanlfHrhRangeCfg				
Description	Used as mask value in combination with CanIfHrhRangeBaseld for a masked ID range in which all CAN Ids shall pass the software filtering. The size of this parameter is limited by CanIfHrhRangeRxPduRangeCanIdType.				
Multiplicity	01				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef				
Range	0 536870911				
Default Value					
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true				
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME		
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time X VARIANT-LINK-TIME				
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				



Name	CanlfHrhRangeRxPduLowerCanld [ECUC_Canlf_00629]			
Parent Container	CanlfHrhRangeCfg			
Description	Lower CAN Identifier of a receive CAN L-PDU for identifier range definition, in which all CAN Ids shall pass the software filtering.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 536870911	0 536870911		
Default Value				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Name	CanlfHrhRangeRxPduRangeCanldType [ECUC_Canlf_00644]			
Parent Container	CanlfHrhRangeCfg			
Description	Specifies whether a configured Range of CAN lds shall only consider standard CAN lds or extended CAN lds.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	EXTENDED	All the CANIDs are of type extended only (29 bit).		
	STANDARD	All the CANIDs are of type standard only (11bit).		
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	X VARIANT-LINK-TIME		
	Post-build time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•		

Name	CanlfHrhRangeRxPduUpperCanld [ECUC_Canlf_00630]		
Parent Container	CanlfHrhRangeCfg		
Description	Upper CAN Identifier of a receive CAN L-PDU for identifier range definition, in which all CAN Ids shall pass the software filtering.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 536870911		
Default Value			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		



Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

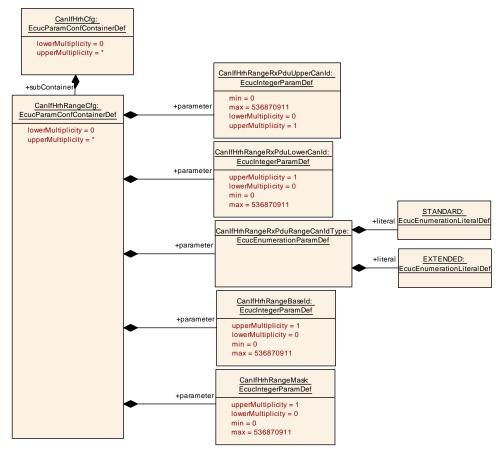


Figure 10.16: AR_EcucDef_CanlfHrhRangeCfg

10.1.17 CanlfBufferCfg

SWS Item	[ECUC_Canlf_00832]
Container Name	CanlfBufferCfg



Description	This container contains the Txbuffer configuration. Multiple buffers with different sizes could be configured. If CanIfBufferSize (ECUC_CanIf_00834) equals 0, the CanIf Tx L-PDU only refers via this CanIfBufferCfg the corresponding CanIfHthCfg.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Configuration Parameters			

Name	CanlfBufferSize [ECUC_Canlf_00834]		
Parent Container	CanlfBufferCfg		
Description	This parameter defines the number of Canlf Tx L-PDUs which can be buffered in one Txbuffer. If this value equals 0, the Canlf does not perform Txbuffering for the Canlf Tx L-PDUs which are assigned to this Txbuffer. If CanlfPublicTxBuffering equals False, this parameter equals 0 for all TxBuffer. If the CanHandleType of the referred HTH equals FULL, this parameter equals 0 for this TxBuffer.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 255		
Default Value	0		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	X	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: CanlfPublicTxBuffering, CanHandleType		

Name	CanlfBufferHthRef [ECUC_Canlf_00833]		
Parent Container	CanlfBufferCfg		
Description	Reference to HTH, that defines the hardware object or the pool of hardware objects configured for transmission. All the Canlf Tx L-PDUs refer via the CanlfBufferCfg and this parameter to the HTHs if TxBuffering is enabled, or not. Each HTH shall not be assigned to more than one buffer.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	Reference to CanIfHthCfg		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	Х	VARIANT-LINK-TIME
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD



Scope / Dependency scope: local

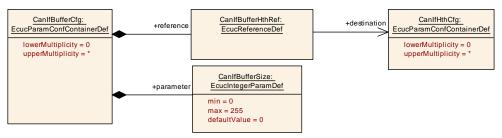


Figure 10.17: AR_EcucDef_CanlfBufferCfg



A Not applicable requirements

[SWS_CANIF_00999] These requirements are not applicable to this specification. (SRS BSW 00159, SRS BSW 00167, SRS BSW 00170, SRS BSW 00416, SRS BSW 00425, SRS BSW 00168, SRS BSW 00423, SRS BSW 00424, SRS BSW 00426, SRS BSW 00427, SRS BSW 00428, SRS BSW 00429, SRS BSW 00432, SRS BSW 00433, SRS BSW 00336, SRS BSW 00417, SRS BSW 00164, SRS BSW 00007, SRS BSW 00307, SRS BSW 00373, SRS BSW 00328. SRS BSW 00378. SRS BSW 00306. SRS BSW 00308. SRS BSW 00309, SRS BSW 00330, SRS BSW 00172, SRS_BSW_00010, SRS_BSW_00341, SRS_BSW_00334, SRS_Can_01139, SRS_Can_01014)