# Galois Energy Games

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#### Abstract

We provide a generic decision procedure for energy games with energy-bounded attacker and reachability objective, moving beyond vector-valued energies and vector-addition updates. All we demand is that energies form well-founded bounded join-semilattices, and that energy updates have upward-closed domains and can be undone through Galois-connected functions.

Offering a simple framework to construct decidable energy games we introduce the class of Galois energy games. We establish decidability of the (un)known initial credit problem for Galois energy games assuming energy-positional determinacy. For this we show correctness and termination of a simple algorihm relying on an inductive characterization of winning budgets and properties of Galois connections. Further, we prove that energy games over vectors of (extended) naturals with vector-adition and min-updates form a subclass of Galois energy games and are thus decidable.

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# 1 Introduction

Building on Benjamin Bisping's research[1], we study (multi-weighted) energy games with reachability winning conditions. These are zero-sum two-player games with perfect information played on directed graphs labelled by (multi-weighted) energy functions. Bisping [1] introduces a class of energy games, called *declining energy games* and provides an algorithm to compute minimal attacker winning budgets (i.e. Pareto fronts). He claims decidability of this class of energy games if the set of positions is finite. We substantiate this claim by providing a formal proof using a simplyfied and generalised version of that algorithm [5].

We abstract the necessary properties used in the proof and introduce a new class of energy games: Galois energy games. In such games updates can be undone through Galois connections, yielding a weakened form of inversion sufficient for an algorithm similar to standard shortest path algorithms. We estabish decidability of the unknown and known initial credit problem for Galois energy games over well-founded bounded join-semilattices with a finite set of positions.

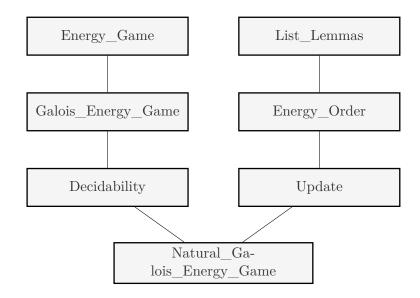
Galois energy games can be instantiated to common energy games, declining energy games [1], multi-weighted reachability games [2] and coverability on vector addition systems with states [4]. By confirming a subclass relationship (via sublocales) we conclude decidability of Galois energy games over vectors of (extended) naturals with the component-wise order. Finally, we show this in the case of vector-addition and min-updates only, subsuming the case of Bisping's declining energy games.

For a broader perspective on the formalised results, including motivation, a high-level proof outline, complexity considerations, and connections to related work, we refer to the preprint [6].

### Theory Structure

We now give an overview of all our theories. In summary, we first formalise energy games with reachability winning conditions (in Energy\_Game.thy), then formalise Galois energy games (in Galois\_Energy\_Game.thy) and prove decidability (in Decidability.thy). Finally, we formalise a superclass of Bisping's declining energy games (in Natural Galois Energy Game.thy) and conclude decidability.

The file structure is given by the following excerpt of the session graph, where the theories above are imported by the ones below.



Energy games are formalised as two-player zero-sum games with perfect information and reachability winning conditions played on labeled directed graphs in Energy\_Game.thy. In particular, strategies and an inductive characterisation of winning budgets is discussed. (This corresponds to section 2.1 and 2.2 in the preprint [6].)

Galois energy games over well-founded bounded join-semilattices are formalized in Galois\_Energy\_Game.thy. (This corresponds to section 2.3 in the preprint [6].)

In Decidability.thy we formalise one iteration of a simplyfied and generalised version of Bisping's algorithm. Using an order on possible Pareto fronts we are able to apply Kleene's fixed point theorem. Assuming the game graph to be finite we then prove correctness of the algorithm. Further, we provide the key argument for termination, thus proving decidability of Galois energy games. (This corresponds to section 3.2 in the preprint [6].)

The file List\_Lemmas.thy contains a few simple observations about lists, specifically when using those. This file's contents can be found in the appendix.

In Energy\_Order.thy we introduce the energies, i.e. vectors with entries in the extended natural numbers, and the component-wise order. There we establish that this order is a well-founded bounded join-semilattice.

In Update.thy we define a superset of Bisping's updates. These are partial functions of energy vectors updating each component by subtracting or adding one, replacing it with the minimum of some components or not changing it. In particular, we observe that these functions are monotonic and have upward-closed domains. Further, we introduce a generalisation of Bisping's inversion and relate it to the updates using Galois connections.

In Natural\_Galois\_Energy\_Game.thy we formalise galois energy games over the previously defined with a fixed dimension. Afterwards, we formalise a subclass of such games where all edges of the game graph are labeled with a representation of the previously discussed updates (and thereby formalise Bisping's declining energy games). Finally, we establish the subclass-relationships and thereby conclude decidability. (This corresponds to section 4.2 in the preprint [6].)

# 2 Energy Games

```
theory Energy_Game
  imports Coinductive.Coinductive_List Open_Induction.Restricted_Predicates
begin
```

Energy games are two-player zero-sum games with perfect information played on labeled directed graphs. The labels contain information on how each edge affects the current energy. We call the two players attacker and defender. In this theory we give fundamental definitions of plays, energy levels and (winning) attacker strategies. (This corresponds to section 2.1 and 2.2 in the preprint [6].)

```
locale energy_game =
  fixes attacker :: "'position set" and
     weight :: "'position ⇒ 'position ⇒ 'label option" and
     application :: "'label ⇒ 'energy ⇒ 'energy option"
begin

abbreviation "positions ≡ {g. g ∈ attacker ∨ g ∉ attacker}"
abbreviation "apply_w g g' ≡ application (the (weight g g'))"
```

#### Plays

shows "valid\_play p"

using assms proof(coinduction arbitrary: p)

A play is a possibly infinite walk in the underlying directed graph.

```
coinductive valid_play :: "'position llist ⇒ bool" where
  "valid_play LNil" |
  "valid_play (LCons v LNil)" |
  "[weight v (lhd Ps) ≠ None; valid_play Ps; ¬lnull Ps]
  ⇒ valid_play (LCons v Ps)"
```

The following lemmas follow directly from the definition valid\_play. In particular, a play is valid if and only if for each position there is an edge to its successor in the play. We show this using the coinductive definition by first establishing coinduction.

```
lemma valid_play_append:
 assumes "valid_play (LCons v Ps)" and "lfinite (LCons v Ps)" and
          "weight (llast (LCons v Ps)) v' \neq None" and "valid_play (LCons v' Ps')"
 shows "valid_play (lappend (LCons v Ps) (LCons v' Ps'))"
using assms proof(induction "list_of Ps" arbitrary: v Ps)
 then show ?case using valid_play.simps
    by (metis lappend_code(2) lappend_lnull1 lfinite_LCons lhd_LCons_ltl
list.distinct(1) list_of_LCons llast_singleton llist.collapse(1) llist.disc(2))
next.
 case (Cons a x)
 then show ?case using valid_play.simps
    by (smt (verit) lappend_code(2) lfinite_LCons lfinite_llist_of lhd_lappend list_of_llist_of
llast_LCons llist.discI(2) llist.distinct(1) llist_of.simps(2) llist_of_list_of
ltl_simps(2) valid_play.intros(3))
qed
lemma valid_play_coinduct:
 assumes "Q p" and
          "\landv Ps. Q (LCons v Ps) \Longrightarrow Ps\neqLNil \Longrightarrow Q Ps \land weight v (lhd Ps) \neq None"
```

```
case valid play
  then show ?case
  proof (cases "p = LNil")
    case True
    then show ?thesis by simp
 next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases "(∃v. p = LCons v LNil)")
      case True
     then show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case False
     hence "∃v Ps. p = LCons v Ps ∧ ¬ lnull Ps" using ⟨¬p = LNil⟩
        by (metis llist.collapse(1) not_lnull_conv)
      from this obtain v Ps where "p = LCons v Ps \land \neg lnull Ps" by blast
      hence "Q Ps \land weight v (lhd Ps) \neq None" using valid_play
        using llist.disc(1) by blast
      then show ?thesis using valid_play.simps valid_play
        using  by blast
    aed
  qed
qed
lemma valid_play_nth_not_None:
  assumes "valid_play p" and "Suc i < llength p"</pre>
  shows "weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) \neq None"
proof-
  have "\exists prefix p'. p = lappend prefix p' \land llength prefix = Suc i \land weight (llast
prefix) (lhd p') \neq None \wedge valid_play p'"
   using assms proof(induct i)
    case 0
    hence "∃v Ps. p = LCons v Ps"
      by (metis llength_LNil neq_LNil_conv not_less_zero)
    from this obtain v Ps where "p = LCons v Ps" by auto
    hence "p = lappend (LCons v LNil) Ps"
     by (simp add: lappend_code(2))
    have "llength (LCons v LNil) = Suc 0" using one_eSuc one_enat_def by simp
    have "weight v (lhd Ps) ≠ None" using 0 valid_play.simps 
      by (smt (verit) One_nat_def add.commute gen_llength_code(1) gen_llength_code(2)
less_numeral_extra(4) lhd_LCons llength_code llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2) one_enat_def
plus 1 eq Suc)
    hence "p = lappend (LCons v LNil) Ps \land llength (LCons v LNil) = Suc 0 \land weight
(llast (LCons v LNil)) (lhd Ps) \neq None" using \langle p = LCons v Ps \rangle
      using  <llength (LCons v LNil) = Suc 0>
    hence "p = lappend (LCons v LNil) Ps \wedge llength (LCons v LNil) = Suc 0 \wedge weight
(llast (LCons v LNil)) (lhd Ps) \neq None \wedge valid_play Ps" using valid_play.simps
      by (metis (no_types, lifting)  llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2))
    then show ?case by blast
    case (Suc 1)
    hence "∃prefix p'. p = lappend prefix p' ∧ llength prefix = enat (Suc 1) ∧
weight (llast prefix) (lhd p') \neq None \wedge valid_play p'"
```

```
using Suc ile eq order less imp le by blast
    from this obtain prefix p' where P: "p = lappend prefix p' \wedge llength prefix
= enat (Suc 1) \land weight (llast prefix) (lhd p') \neq None \land valid_play p'" by auto
    have "p = lappend (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil)) (ltl p') \lambda llength
(lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil)) = enat (Suc (Suc 1)) A weight (llast (lappend
prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil))) (lhd (ltl p')) \neq None \wedge valid_play (ltl p')"
      show "p = lappend (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil)) (ltl p')" using P
        by (metis Suc.prems(2) enat ord simps(2) lappend LNil2 lappend snocL1 conv LCons2
lessI llist.exhaust_sel order.asym)
      show "llength (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil)) = enat (Suc (Suc 1))
    weight (llast (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil))) (lhd (ltl p')) \neq None
∧ valid_play (ltl p')"
     proof
        have "llength (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil)) = 1+ (llength prefix)"
          by (smt (verit, best) add.commute epred_1 epred_inject epred_llength llength_LNil
llength_eq_0 llength_lappend llist.disc(2) ltl_simps(2) zero_neq_one)
        thus "llength (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil)) = enat (Suc (Suc 1))"
using P
          by (simp add: one_enat_def)
        show "weight (llast (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil))) (lhd (ltl p'))
≠ None ∧ valid_play (ltl p') "
        proof
          show "weight (llast (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil))) (lhd (ltl
p')) ≠ None" using P valid_play.simps
            by (metis Suc.prems(2) (llength (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil))
= 1 + llength prefix > < llength (lappend prefix (LCons (lhd p') LNil)) = enat (Suc
(Suc 1)) >  add.commute
enat_add_mono eq_LConsD lappend_LNil2 less_numeral_extra(4) llast_lappend_LCons
llast_singleton llength_eq_enat_lfiniteD ltl_simps(1))
          show "valid_play (ltl p')" using P valid_play.simps
            by (metis (full_types) energy_game.valid_play.intros(1) ltl_simps(1)
ltl_simps(2))
        qed
      qed
    ged
    then show ?case by blast
 qed
 thus ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) assms(2) cancel_comm_monoid_add_class.diff_cancel eSuc_enat enat_ord_simps(2)
lappend_eq_lappend_conv lappend_lnull2 lessI lhd_LCons_ltl linorder_neq_iff llast_conv_lnth
lnth 0 lnth lappend the enat.simps)
qed
lemma valid_play_nth:
 assumes "\i. enat (Suc i) < llength p
                \longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) 
eq None"
 shows "valid_play p"
 using assms proof(coinduction arbitrary: p rule: valid_play_coinduct)
 show "∧v Ps p.
       LCons v Ps = p \Longrightarrow
       \forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength p \longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) \neq None
       Ps \neq LNil \Longrightarrow
       (\exists p. \ Ps = p \land (\forall i. \ enat \ (Suc \ i) < llength \ p \longrightarrow weight \ (lnth \ p \ i) \ (lnth \ p \ i)
```

```
p (Suc i)) \neq None)) \land
        weight v (lhd Ps) \neq None"
  proof-
     fix v Ps p
     show "LCons v Ps = p ⇒
        \forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength p \longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) \neq None
        Ps \neq LNil \Longrightarrow
        (\exists p. Ps = p \land (\forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength p \longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth p i))
p (Suc i)) \neq None)) \land
        weight v (lhd Ps) \neq None"
    proof-
       assume "LCons v Ps = p"
       show "\forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength p \longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i))
\neq None \Longrightarrow
        Ps \neq LNil \Longrightarrow
        (\exists \, p. \ \text{Ps = p } \land \ (\forall \, i. \ \text{enat (Suc i) < llength p} \ \longrightarrow \, \text{weight (lnth p i) (lnth }
p (Suc i)) \neq None)) \land
        weight v (lhd Ps) ≠ None"
       proof-
          assume A: "\forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength p \longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc
i)) \neq None"
          show "Ps \neq LNil \Longrightarrow
         (\exists p. Ps = p \land (\forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength p <math>\longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth
p (Suc i)) \neq None)) \land
        weight v (lhd Ps) \neq None"
          proof-
            show "(\exists p. Ps = p \land (\forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength p <math>\longrightarrow weight (lnth p
i) (lnth p (Suc i)) \neq None)) \wedge
        weight v (lhd Ps) \( \neq \) None"
            proof
               show "\existsp. Ps = p \land (\foralli. enat (Suc i) \lt llength p \longrightarrow weight (lnth p
i) (lnth p (Suc i)) \neq None)"
               proof
                 have "(\forall i. \text{ enat (Suc } i) < \text{llength Ps} \longrightarrow \text{weight (lnth Ps } i) (lnth)
Ps (Suc i)) \neq None)"
                    show "enat (Suc i) < llength Ps \longrightarrow weight (lnth Ps i) (lnth Ps
(Suc i)) \neq None "
                      assume "enat (Suc i) < llength Ps"
                      hence "enat (Suc (Suc i)) < llength (LCons v Ps)"</pre>
                         by (metis ldropn_Suc_LCons ldropn_eq_LNil linorder_not_le)
                      have "(lnth Ps i) = (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i))" by simp
                      have "(lnth Ps (Suc i)) = (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc i)))" by
simp
                      thus "weight (lnth Ps i) (lnth Ps (Suc i)) \neq None"
                         using A <(lnth Ps i) = (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i))>
                         using <LCons v Ps = p> <enat (Suc (Suc i)) < llength (LCons</pre>
v Ps) > by auto
                 qed
                 thus "Ps = Ps \land (\forall i. enat (Suc i) < llength Ps \longrightarrow weight (lnth Ps
i) (lnth Ps (Suc i)) \neq None)"
```

#### **Energy Levels**

The energy level of a play is calculated by repeatedly updating the current energy according to the edges in the play. The final energy level of a finite play is energy\_level e p (the\_enat (llength p -1)) where e is the initial energy.

```
fun energy_level:: "'energy \Rightarrow 'position llist \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'energy option" where "energy_level e p 0 = (if p = LNil then None else Some e)" | "energy_level e p (Suc i) = (if (energy_level e p i) = None \vee llength p \leq (Suc i) then None else apply_w (lnth p i)(lnth p (Suc i)) (the (energy_level e p i)))"
```

We establish some (in)equalities to simplify later proofs.

```
lemma energy_level_cons:
 assumes "valid_play (LCons v Ps)" and "¬lnull Ps" and
          "apply_w v (lhd Ps) e \neq None" and "enat i < (llength Ps)"
 shows "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e)) Ps i
         = energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc i)"
 using assms proof(induction i arbitrary: e Ps rule: energy_level.induct)
 case (1 e p)
 then show ?case using energy_level.simps
    by (smt (verit) ldropn_Suc_LCons ldropn_eq_LNil le_zero_eq lhd_conv_lnth llength_eq_0
llist.distinct(1) lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons lnull_def option.collapse option.discI option.sel
zero_enat_def)
next
 case (2 e p n)
 hence "enat n < (llength Ps)"</pre>
   using Suc_ile_eq nless_le by blast
 hence IA: "energy_level (the (apply_w v (1hd Ps) e)) Ps n = energy_level e (LCons
v Ps) (Suc n)"
   using 2 by simp
 have "(llength Ps) > Suc n" using <enat (Suc n) < (llength Ps) >
   by simp
 hence "llength (LCons v Ps) > (Suc (Suc n))"
   by (metis ldropn_Suc_LCons ldropn_eq_LNil linorder_not_less)
 show "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e)) Ps (Suc n) = energy_level e (LCons
v Ps) (Suc (Suc n))"
 proof(cases "energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc n)) = None")
   case True
```

```
hence "(energy level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc n)) = None ∨ llength (LCons v Ps) <
(Suc (Suc n)) ∨ apply_w (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc n)) (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc
n))) (the (energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc n))) = None "
      using energy_level.simps
      by metis
    hence none: "(energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc n)) = None V apply_w (lnth (LCons
v Ps) (Suc n)) (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc n))) (the (energy_level e (LCons v Ps)
(Suc n)) = None
      using <llength (LCons v Ps) > (Suc (Suc n))>
      by (meson linorder_not_less)
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases "(energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc n)) = None")
      then show ?thesis using IA by simp
    next
      case False
      hence "apply_w (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc n)) (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc n)))
(the (energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc n))) = None "
        using none by auto
      hence "apply_w (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc n)) (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc n)))
(the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e)) Ps n)) = None "
        using IA by auto
      then show ?thesis by (simp add: IA)
    aed
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis using IA
      by (smt (verit) <enat (Suc n) < llength Ps> energy_level.simps(2) lnth_Suc_LCons
order.asym order_le_imp_less_or_eq)
  qed
qed
lemma energy_level_nth:
  assumes "energy_level e p m \neq None" and "Suc i \leq m"
  shows "apply_w (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) (the (energy_level e p i)) \neq None
         \land energy_level e p i \neq None"
using assms proof(induct "m - (Suc i)" arbitrary: i)
  then show ?case using energy_level.simps
    by (metis diff_diff_cancel minus_nat.diff_0)
next
  case (Suc x)
  hence "x = m - Suc (Suc i)"
    by (metis add_Suc_shift diff_add_inverse2 diff_le_self le_add_diff_inverse)
  hence "apply_w (lnth p (Suc i)) (lnth p (Suc (Suc i))) (the (energy_level e p
(Suc i)) \neq None \wedge (energy_level e p (Suc i)) \neq None" using Suc
    by (metis diff_is_0_eq nat.distinct(1) not_less_eq_eq)
  then show ?case using energy_level.simps by metis
ged
lemma energy_level_append:
  assumes "lfinite p" and "i < the_enat (llength p)" and
          "energy_level e p (the_enat (llength p) -1) \neq None"
  shows "energy_level e p i = energy_level e (lappend p p') i"
  have A: "\bigwedgei. i < the_enat (llength p) \Longrightarrow energy_level e p i \neq None" using energy_level_nth
```

```
assms
    by (metis Nat.lessE diff_Suc_1 less_eq_Suc_le)
 show ?thesis using assms A proof(induct i)
    case 0
    then show ?case using energy_level.simps
      by (metis LNil_eq_lappend_iff llength_lnull llist.disc(1) the_enat_0 verit_comp_simplify1
 next
    case (Suc i)
    hence "energy_level e p i = energy_level e (lappend p p') i"
      by simp
    have "Suc i < (llength p) \land energy_level e p i \neq None" using Suc
      by (metis Suc_lessD enat_ord_simps(2) lfinite_conv_llength_enat the_enat.simps)
    hence "Suc i < (llength (lappend p p')) \land energy_level e (lappend p p') i \neq
None"
      using <energy_level e p i = energy_level e (lappend p p') i>
      by (metis dual_order.strict_trans1 enat_le_plus_same(1) llength_lappend)
    then show ?case unfolding energy_level.simps using <Suc i < (llength p) \land energy_level
e p i \( \int \text{None} \) < energy_level e p i = energy_level e (lappend p p') i>
    by (smt (verit) Suc_ile_eq energy_level.elims le_zero_eq linorder_not_less lnth_lappend1
nle_le the_enat.simps zero_enat_def)
 qed
qed
```

#### Won Plays

All infinite plays are won by the defender. Further, the attacker is energy-bound and the defender wins if the energy level becomes None. Finite plays with an energy level that is not None are won by a player, if the other is stuck.

```
abbreviation "deadend g \equiv (\forallg'. weight g g' = None)" abbreviation "attacker_stuck p \equiv (llast p)\in attacker \land deadend (llast p)" definition defender_wins_play:: "'energy \Rightarrow 'position llist \Rightarrow bool" where "defender_wins_play e p \equiv lfinite p \longrightarrow (energy_level e p (the_enat (llength p)-1) = None \lor attacker_stuck p)"
```

#### 2.1 Energy-positional Strategies

Energy-positional strategies map pairs of energies and positions to a next position. Further, we focus on attacker strategies, i.e. partial functions mapping attacker positions to successors.

⇒ play\_consistent\_attacker s (LCons v Ps) e"

The coinductive definition allows for coinduction.

```
lemma play_consistent_attacker_coinduct:
  assumes "Q s p e" and
          "\lands v Ps e'. Q s (LCons v Ps) e' \land \neglnull Ps \Longrightarrow
                        Q s Ps (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) \land
                        (v \in attacker \longrightarrow s e' v = Some (lhd Ps))"
  shows "play_consistent_attacker s p e"
  using assms proof(coinduction arbitrary: s p e)
  case play_consistent_attacker
  then show ?case
  proof(cases "p = LNil")
    case True
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence "∃ v Ps. p = LCons v Ps"
      by (meson llist.exhaust)
    from this obtain v Ps where "p = LCons v Ps" by auto
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases "Ps = LNil")
      case True
      then show ?thesis using  by simp
      case False
      hence "Q s Ps (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e)) \land (v \in attacker \longrightarrow s e v = Some
(lhd Ps))"
        using assms
        using  llist.collapse(1) play_consistent_attacker(1) by
blast.
      then show ?thesis using play_consistent_attacker play_consistent_attacker.simps
        by (metis (no_types, lifting)  lnull_def)
    ged
  qed
Adding a position to the beginning of a consistent play is simple by definition. It is
harder to see, when a position can be added to the end of a finite play. For this we
introduce the following lemma.
lemma play_consistent_attacker_append_one:
  assumes "play_consistent_attacker s p e" and "lfinite p" and
          "energy_level e p (the_enat (llength p)-1) \neq None" and
          "valid_play (lappend p (LCons g LNil))" and "llast p \in attacker \longrightarrow
           Some g = s (the (energy_level e p (the_enat (llength p)-1))) (llast p)"
  shows "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend p (LCons g LNil)) e"
using assms proof(induct "the_enat (llength p)" arbitrary: p e)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by (metis lappend_lnull1 length_list_of length_list_of_conv_the_enat llength_eq_0
play_consistent_attacker.simps zero_enat_def)
next
  case (Suc x)
  hence "∃v Ps. p = LCons v Ps"
    by (metis Zero_not_Suc llength_LNil llist.exhaust the_enat_0)
  from this obtain v Ps where "p = LCons v Ps" by auto
```

```
have B: "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)) (the (apply_w
v (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)))e))"
 proof(cases "Ps=LNil")
   case True
   then show ?thesis
     by (simp add: play_consistent_attacker.intros(2))
   case False
   show ?thesis
   proof(rule Suc.hyps)
     show "valid_play (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil))"
       by (metis (no_types, lifting) LNil_eq_lappend_iff Suc.prems(4) 
v Ps> lappend_code(2) llist.distinct(1) llist.inject valid_play.cases)
      show "x = the_enat (llength Ps)" using Suc 
       by (metis diff_add_inverse length_Cons length_list_of_conv_the_enat lfinite_ltl
list_of_LCons ltl_simps(2) plus_1_eq_Suc)
     show "play_consistent_attacker s Ps (the (apply_w v (1hd (lappend Ps (LCons
g LNil))) e))"
       using False Suc.prems(1)  play_consistent_attacker.cases
by fastforce
     show "lfinite Ps" using Suc  by simp
     hence EL: "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)))
e)) Ps
     (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1) = energy_level e (LCons v (lappend Ps (LCons g
LNil)))
    (Suc (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1))"
     proof-
       have A: "valid_play (LCons v Ps) \land \neg lnull Ps \land apply_w v (lhd Ps) e
 enat (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1) < llength Ps"</pre>
       proof
         show "valid_play (LCons v Ps)" proof(rule valid_play_nth)
           show "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons v Ps) \longrightarrow
        weight (lnth (LCons v Ps) i) (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i)) \neq None "
             assume "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons v Ps)"</pre>
             hence "(lnth (LCons v Ps) i) = (lnth (lappend p (LCons g LNil)) i)"
using 
               by (metis Suc_ile_eq lnth_lappend1 order.strict_implies_order)
             have "(lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i)) = (lnth (lappend p (LCons g LNil))
(Suc i))" using  <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons v Ps)>
               by (metis lnth_lappend1)
             from Suc have "valid_play (lappend p (LCons g LNil))" by simp
             hence "weight (lnth (lappend p (LCons g LNil)) i) (lnth (lappend p
(LCons g LNil)) (Suc i)) \neq None"
               using <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons v Ps)> valid_play_nth_not_None
               by (metis Suc.prems(2)  llist.disc(2) lstrict_prefix_lappend_c
lstrict_prefix_llength_less min.absorb4 min.strict_coboundedI1)
             thus "weight (lnth (LCons v Ps) i) (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i)) \neq None"
               using <(lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i)) = (lnth (lappend p (LCons g LNil))
(Suc i)) > <(lnth (LCons v Ps) i) = (lnth (lappend p (LCons g LNil)) i) > by simp
```

```
aed
          qed
          show "\neg lnull Ps \land apply_w v (lhd Ps) e \neq None \land enat (the_enat (llength
Ps) - 1) < llength Ps"
          proof
            show "¬ lnull Ps" using False by auto
            show "apply_w v (lhd Ps) e \neq None \wedge enat (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1)
< llength Ps"
            proof
              show "apply_w v (lhd Ps) e ≠ None" using Suc
                by (smt (verit, ccfv_threshold) One_nat_def \ lnull Ps> <1finite
Ps>  <x = the_enat (llength Ps)> diff_add_inverse energy_level.simps(1)
energy_level_nth le_SucE le_add1 length_list_of length_list_of_conv_the_enat lhd_conv_lnth
llength_eq_0 llist.discI(2) lnth_0 lnth_ltl ltl_simps(2) option.sel plus_1_eq_Suc
zero_enat_def)
              show "enat (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1) < llength Ps" using False
                by (metis <- lnull Ps> <lfinite Ps> diff_Suc_1 enat_0_iff(2) enat_ord_simps(2
gr0_conv_Suc lessI lfinite_llength_enat llength_eq_0 not_gr_zero the_enat.simps)
            qed
          qed
        qed
        have "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil))) e))
Ps
     (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1) = energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e)) Ps
     (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1)" using False
          by (simp add: lnull_def)
        also have "... = energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (Suc (the_enat (llength Ps)
- 1))"
          using energy_level_cons A by simp
        also have "... = energy_level e (LCons v (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)))
     (Suc (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1))" using energy_level_append
          by (metis False One_nat_def Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prems(2) Suc.prems(3) <1finite
Ps>  <x = the_enat (llength Ps)> diff_Suc_less lappend_code(2)
length_list_of length_list_of_conv_the_enat less_SucE less_Suc_eq_0_disj llength_eq_0
llist.disc(1) llist.expand nat_add_left_cancel_less plus_1_eq_Suc zero_enat_def)
        finally show ?thesis .
      qed
     thus EL_notNone: "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)))
e)) Ps
     (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1) \neq None"
        using Suc
        by (metis False One_nat_def Suc_pred  <x = the_enat (llength
Ps) > diff_Suc_1' energy_level.simps(1) energy_level_append lappend_code(2) lessI
not_less_less_Suc_eq not_one_less_zero option.distinct(1) zero_less_Suc zero_less_diff)
      {	t show} "llast Ps \in attacker \longrightarrow
    Some g = s (the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)))
e)) Ps
             (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1)))(llast Ps)"
      proof
        {\tt assume} \ {\tt "llast} \ {\tt Ps} \ \in \ {\tt attacker"}
        have "llast Ps = llast p" using False
```

```
by (simp add: llast LCons lnull def)
        hence "llast p ∈ attacker" using <llast Ps ∈ attacker> by simp
        hence "Some g = s (the (energy_level e p (the_enat (llength p) - 1))) (llast
p)" using Suc by simp
        hence "Some g = s (the (energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (the_enat (llength (LCons
v Ps)) - 1))) (llast Ps)" using  <llast Ps = llast p> by simp
        have "apply_w v (lhd Ps) e ≠ None" using Suc
          by (smt (verit, best) EL EL notNone False One nat def energy level.simps(1)
energy_level_nth le_add1 lhd_conv_lnth lhd_lappend llist.discI(2) llist.exhaust_sel
lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons lnull_lappend option.sel plus_1_eq_Suc)
        thus "Some g = s (the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons
g LNil))) e)) Ps
             (the_enat (llength Ps) - 1)))(llast Ps)" using EL
          by (metis (no_types, lifting) False Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prems(2) Suc.prems(3)
Suc_diff_Suc <Some g = s (the (energy_level e (LCons v Ps) (the_enat (llength (LCons
v Ps)) - 1))) (llast Ps) >  (llength Ps) v Ps < x = the_enat (llength Ps) < p = LCons v Ps < x = the_enat (llength Ps)
Ps) > cancel_comm_monoid_add_class.diff_cancel diff_Suc_1 energy_level_append lappend_code(2)
lessI lfinite.cases lfinite_conv_llength_enat linorder_neqE_nat llength_eq_0 llist.discI(2)
not_add_less1 plus_1_eq_Suc the_enat.simps zero_enat_def)
      qed
    qed
  qed
  have A: "\neg lnull (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)) \land (v \in attacker \longrightarrow (s e v = Some
(lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil))))"
    show "- Inull (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil))" by simp
    \verb"show""v \in \verb"attacker" \longrightarrow
    s e v = Some (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)))"
      assume "v \in attacker"
      show "s e v = Some (lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil)))" using \langle v \in attacker \rangle
Suc
        by (smt (verit) One_nat_def  diff_add_0 energy_game.energy_level.simps
eq_LConsD length_Cons length_list_of_conv_the_enat lfinite_ltl lhd_lappend list.size(3)
list_of_LCons list_of_LNil llast_singleton llist.disc(1) option.exhaust_sel option.inject
play_consistent_attacker.cases plus_1_eq_Suc)
    qed
  qed
  have "(lappend p (LCons g LNil)) = LCons v (lappend Ps (LCons g LNil))"
    by (simp add: )
  thus ?case using play_consistent_attacker.simps A B
    by meson
qed
We now define attacker winning strategies, i.e. attacker strategies where the defender
does not win any consistent plays w.r.t some initial energy and a starting position.
fun attacker_winning_strategy:: "('energy ⇒ 'position ⇒ 'position option) ⇒ 'energy
\Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow bool" where
  "attacker_winning_strategy s e g = (attacker_strategy s \land
      (\forall p. (play\_consistent\_attacker s (LCons g p) e \land valid\_play (LCons g p))

→ ¬defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)))"
```

#### 2.2 Non-positional Strategies

A non-positional strategy maps finite plays to a next position. We now introduce non-positional strategies to better characterise attacker winning budgets. These definitions closely resemble the definitions for energy-positional strategies.

```
definition attacker_nonpos_strategy:: "('position list ⇒ 'position option) ⇒ bool"
where
  "attacker_nonpos_strategy s = (\forall \text{list} \neq []]. ((last list) \in \text{attacker}
  \land \neg \text{deadend (last list))} \longrightarrow \text{s list} \neq \text{None}
                                 \land (weight (last list) (the (s list)))\neqNone)"
We now define what it means for a play to be consistent with some non-positional
strategy.
coinductive play_consistent_attacker_nonpos::"('position list ⇒ 'position option)
\Rightarrow ('position llist) \Rightarrow ('position list) \Rightarrow bool" where
  "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s LNil _" |
  "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v LNil) []" |
  "(last (w#l))∉attacker
  \implies play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v LNil) (w#l)" |
  "[(last (w#l)) \in attacker; the (s (w#l)) = v]
  ⇒ play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v LNil) (w#1)" |
  "[play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s Ps (10[v]); ¬lnull Ps; v∉attacker]
   ⇒ play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v Ps) 1" |
  "[play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s Ps (l@[v]); ¬lnull Ps; v∈attacker;
    lhd Ps = the (s (10[v]))
    \implies play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v Ps) 1"
inductive_simps play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp:
  "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons x xs) []"
The definition allows for coinduction.
lemma play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_coinduct:
  assumes "Q s p l" and
         base: "\lands v 1. Q s (LCons v LNi1) 1 \Longrightarrow (1 = [] \lor (last 1) \notin attacker
                 \lor ((last 1)\inattacker \land the (s 1) = v))" and
         step: "\lands v Ps 1. Q s (LCons v Ps) 1 \land Ps\neqLNil
                 \implies Q s Ps (10[v]) \land (v\inattacker \longrightarrow 1hd Ps = the (s (10[v])))"
  shows "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s p 1"
  using assms proof(coinduction arbitrary: s p 1)
  case play_consistent_attacker_nonpos
  then show ?case proof(cases "p=LNil")
    case True
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence "\exists v p'. p = LCons v p'"
      by (simp add: neq_LNil_conv)
    from this obtain v p' where "p=LCons v p'" by auto
    then show ?thesis proof(cases "p'=LNil")
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis  neq_Nil_conv play_consistent_attacker_nonpos(1)
play_consistent_attacker_nonpos(2))
```

next

```
then show ?thesis
       using  assms(3) llist.expand play_consistent_attacker_nonpos(1)
assms(2) by auto
    qed
  qed
qed
We now show that a position can be added to the end of a finite consitent play while
remaining consistent.
lemma consistent_nonpos_append_defender:
  assumes "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v Ps) 1" and
          "llast (LCons v Ps) ∉ attacker" and "lfinite (LCons v Ps)"
  shows "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend (LCons v Ps) (LCons g' LNil))
1"
  using assms proof(induction "list_of Ps" arbitrary: v Ps 1)
  case Nil
  hence v_append_Ps: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend (LCons v Ps) (LCons
g' LNil)) l = play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v (LCons g' LNil)) l"
    by (metis lappend_code(1) lappend_code(2) lfinite_LCons llist_of_eq_LNil_conv
llist_of_list_of)
  from Nil.prems(1) have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g' LNil) (l@[v])"
using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros Nil
    by (metis (no_types, lifting) lfinite_LCons list.exhaust_sel llast_singleton
llist_of.simps(1) llist_of_list_of snoc_eq_iff_butlast)
 hence "play consistent attacker nonpos s (LCons v (LCons g' LNil)) l" using play consistent a
Nil
    by (metis lfinite_code(2) llast_singleton llist.disc(2) llist_of.simps(1) llist_of_list_of)
  then show ?case using v_append_Ps by simp
  case (Cons a x)
 hence v_append_Ps: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend (LCons v Ps) (LCons
g' LNil)) l = play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil)))
    by simp
  from Cons have "-lnull Ps"
    by (metis list.discI list_of_LNil llist.collapse(1))
  have "- Inull (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil))" by simp
  have "x = list_of (ltl Ps)" using Cons.hyps(2)
   by (metis Cons.prems(3) lfinite_code(2) list.sel(3) tl_list_of)
  have "llast (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps)) ∉ attacker" using Cons.prems(2)
    by (simp add: <- lnull Ps> llast_LCons)
  have "lfinite (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps))" using Cons.prems(3) by simp
  have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps)) (l @ [v])" using
Cons.prems(1) play consistent attacker nonpos.simps
    by (smt (verit, best) <- lnull Ps> eq_LConsD lhd_LCons lhd_LCons_ltl ltl_simps(2))
  hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil)) (1 @ [v])"
using Cons.hyps < lfinite (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps)) > < llast (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl
Ps)) ∉ attacker> <x = list_of (ltl Ps)>
    by (metis <- lnull Ps> lhd_LCons_ltl)
```

case False

```
have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil)))
יי ך
   proof(cases "v ∈ attacker")
      case True
      have "lhd Ps = the (s (1 @ [v]))" using True Cons.prems(1) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.
          by (smt (verit) <- lnull Ps> llist.distinct(1) llist.inject lnull_def)
      hence "lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil)) = the (s (1 @ [v]))" by (simp add: <-
lnull Ps>)
      then show ?thesis using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(6) True <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(6) True <pre>consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(6) True consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(6) True consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(
s (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil)) (l @ [v]) > < lhd (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil)) = the
(s (1 @ [v]))> <- lnull (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil))>
          by simp
   next
       case False
      then show ?thesis using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(5) False <-
lnull (lappend Ps (LCons g' LNil))> <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend</pre>
Ps (LCons g' LNil)) (1 @ [v])>
          by simp
   qed
   then show ?case using v_append_Ps by simp
qed
lemma consistent_nonpos_append_attacker:
   assumes "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v Ps) 1"
                 and "llast (LCons v Ps) ∈ attacker" and "lfinite (LCons v Ps)"
   shows "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend (LCons v Ps) (LCons (the (s
(l@(list_of (LCons v Ps))))) LNil)) l"
   using assms proof(induction "list_of Ps" arbitrary: v Ps 1)
   case Nil
   hence v_append_Ps: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend (LCons v Ps) (LCons
(the (s (l@(list_of (LCons v Ps)))) LNil)) l
             = play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v (LCons (the (s (l@[v]))) LNil))
יי ך
      by (metis lappend_code(1) lappend_code(2) lfinite_code(2) list_of_LCons llist_of.simps(1)
llist_of_list_of)
   have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v (LCons (the (s (10[v]))) LNil))
l" using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros Nil
      by (metis hd_Cons_tl lhd_LCons llist.disc(2))
   then show ?case using v_append_Ps by simp
next
   case (Cons a x)
   have v_append_Ps: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend (LCons v Ps) (LCons
(the (s (1 @ list_of (LCons v Ps)))) LNil)) 1
                                  = play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v (lappend Ps (LCons
(the (s (1 @ [v]@list_of Ps))) LNil))) 1"
      using Cons.prems(3) by auto
   have "x = list_of (ltl Ps)" using Cons.hyps(2)
      by (metis Cons.prems(3) lfinite_code(2) list.sel(3) tl_list_of)
   have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps)) (l0[v])" using
Cons.prems(1) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps
      by (smt (verit) Cons.hyps(2) eq_LConsD lhd_LCons list.discI list_of_LNil ltl_simps(2))
   have "llast (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps)) \in attacker" using Cons.prems(2)
      by (metis Cons.hyps(2) lhd_LCons_ltl list.distinct(1) list_of_LNil llast_LCons
llist.collapse(1))
   have "lfinite (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps))" using Cons.prems(3) by simp
```

```
hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (lappend Ps (LCons (the (s ((1 @[v])@list_of
Ps))) LNil)) (l@[v])"
    using Cons.hyps <x = list_of (ltl Ps) > <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons
(lhd Ps) (ltl Ps)) (l@[v]) >
    <last (LCons (lhd Ps) (ltl Ps)) ∈ attacker >
        by (metis llist.exhaust_sel ltl_simps(1) not_Cons_self2)
    hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons v (lappend Ps (LCons (the (s ((1 @[v])@(list_of Ps)))) LNil))) l"
        using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps Cons
        by (smt (verit) lhd_LCons lhd_lappend list.discI list_of_LNil llist.distinct(1)
lnull_lappend ltl_simps(2))
        then show ?case using v_append_Ps by simp
qed
```

We now define non-positional attacker winning strategies, i.e. attacker strategies where the defender does not win any consistent plays w.r.t some initial energy and a starting position.

```
fun nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy:: "('position list \Rightarrow 'position option) \Rightarrow 'energy \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow bool" where

"nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s e g = (attacker_nonpos_strategy s \land (\forall p. (play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g p) []

\land valid_play (LCons g p)) \longrightarrow \negdefender_wins_play e (LCons g p)))"
```

## 2.3 Attacker Winning Budgets

We now define attacker winning budgets utilising strategies.

```
fun winning_budget:: "'energy ⇒ 'position ⇒ bool" where
  "winning_budget e g = (∃s. attacker_winning_strategy s e g)"

fun nonpos_winning_budget:: "'energy ⇒ 'position ⇒ bool" where
  "nonpos winning budget e g = (∃s. nonpos attacker winning strategy s e g)"
```

Note that nonpos\_winning\_budget = winning\_budget holds but is not proven in this theory. Using this fact we can give an inductive characterisation of attacker winning budgets.

Before proving some correspondence of those definitions we first note that attacker winning budgets in monotonic energy games are upward-closed. We show this for two of the three definitions.

```
from assms have "∃s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s e g" using nonpos_winning_budget.sim
by simp
   from this obtain s where S: "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s e g" by auto
   have "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s e' g" unfolding nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.sim
   proof
       show "attacker_nonpos_strategy s" using S by simp
       show "∀p. play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g p) [] ∧ valid_play (LCons
g p) \longrightarrow \neg defender_wins_play e' (LCons g p)"
       proof
          fix p
           show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g p) [] \( \text{valid_play (LCons} \)
g p) \longrightarrow \neg defender_wins_play e' (LCons g p) "
          proof
              assume P: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g p) [] \( \tau \) valid_play
(LCons g p)"
              hence X: "lfinite (LCons g p) \land \neg (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g p)) - 1) = None \lor llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast
(LCons g p)))"
                  using S unfolding nonpos attacker winning strategy.simps defender wins play def
by simp
             have "lfinite (LCons g p) \land \neg (energy_level e' (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength
(LCons g p)) - 1) = None \lor llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast (LCons g p)) = llast (LCons g p) = llast (LCons g p
g p)))"
              proof
                  show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P S unfolding nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps
defender_wins_play_def by simp
                 have "energy_level e' (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1)
\neq None \land \neg(llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast (LCons g p)))"
                     have E: "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p))
- 1) \( \neq \text{None" using P S unfolding nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps defender_wins_play_def
by simp
                     have "\landlen. len \leq the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1 \longrightarrow energy_level
e' (LCons g p) len \neq None \wedge (leq (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) len)) (the (energy_level
e' (LCons g p) len)))"
                     proof
                         fix len
                         show "len ≤ the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1 ⇒ energy_level e'
(LCons g p) len \neq None \wedge leq (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) len)) (the (energy_level
e' (LCons g p) len))"
                         proof(induct len)
                             case 0
                             then show ?case using energy_level.simps assms(2)
                                by (simp add: llist.distinct(1) option.discI option.sel)
                         next
                             case (Suc len)
                            hence "energy_level e' (LCons g p) len \neq None" by simp
                            have W: "weight (lnth (LCons g p) len)(lnth (LCons g p) (Suc len))
# None" using P Suc.prems valid_play.simps valid_play_nth_not_None
                                by (smt (verit) <lfinite (LCons g p) > diff_Suc_1 enat_ord_simps(2)
le_less_Suc_eq less_imp_diff_less lfinite_llength_enat linorder_le_less_linear not_less_eq
the_enat.simps)
                            have A: "apply_w (lnth (LCons g p) len) (lnth (LCons g p) (Suc len))
(the (energy_level e (LCons g p) len)) \neq None"
                                using E Suc.prems energy_level_nth by blast
```

```
have "llength (LCons g p) > Suc len" using Suc.prems
                   by (metis <lfinite (LCons g p) > diff_Suc_1 enat_ord_simps(2)
less_imp_diff_less lfinite_conv_llength_enat nless_le not_le_imp_less not_less_eq
the_enat.simps)
                 hence "energy_level e' (LCons g p) (Suc len) = apply_w (lnth (LCons
g p) len)(lnth (LCons g p) (Suc len)) (the (energy_level e' (LCons g p) len))"
                   using <energy_level e' (LCons g p) len \( \neq \) None > energy_level.simps
                   by (meson leD)
                 then show ?case using A W Suc assms
                   by (smt (verit) E Suc_leD energy_level.simps(2) energy_level_nth)
               qed
             qed
             thus "energy_level e' (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) -
1) \neq None" by simp
             show " \neg (llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast (LCons g p)))"
using P S unfolding nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps defender_wins_play_def
by simp
          thus "¬ (energy_level e' (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) -
1) = None \lor llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast (LCons g p)))"
            by simp
        aed
        thus "¬ defender_wins_play e' (LCons g p)" unfolding defender_wins_play_def
by simp
      qed
    qed
  qed
  thus ?thesis using nonpos_winning_budget.simps by auto
qed
lemma upward_closure_wb_ind:
  assumes monotonic: "\bigwedge g g' e e'. weight g g' \neq None
          \implies apply_w g g' e \neq None \implies leq e e' \implies apply_w g g' e' \neq None
          \land leq (the (apply_w g g' e)) (the (apply_w g g' e'))"
          and "leq e e'" and "winning_budget_ind e g"
  shows "winning_budget_ind e' g"
proof-
  define P where "P \equiv \lambda e g. (\forall e'. leq e e' \longrightarrow winning_budget_ind e' g)"
  have "P e g" using assms(3) proof (induct rule: winning_budget_ind.induct)
    case (defender g e)
    then show ?case using P_def
      using monotonic winning_budget_ind.defender by blast
  next
    case (attacker g e)
    then show ?case using P_def
      using monotonic winning_budget_ind.attacker by blast
  aed
  thus ?thesis using assms(2) P_def by blast
qed
Now we prepare the proof of the inductive characterisation. For this we define an order
and a set allowing for a well-founded induction.
definition strategy_order:: "('energy \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow 'position option) \Rightarrow
  'position \times 'energy \Rightarrow 'position \times 'energy \Rightarrow bool" where
  "strategy_order s \equiv \lambda(\text{g1, e1})(\text{g2, e2}).Some e1 = apply_w g2 g1 e2 \wedge
```

```
(if g2 \in attacker then Some g1 = s e2 g2 else weight g2 g1 \neq None)"
definition reachable_positions:: "('energy \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow 'position option) \Rightarrow
'position \Rightarrow 'energy \Rightarrow ('position \times 'energy) set" where
  "reachable_positions s g e = \{(g',e')| g' e'.
    (\exists p. lfinite p \land llast (LCons g p) = g' \land valid_play (LCons g p)
          \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e
          ∧ Some e' = energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p)))}"
lemma strategy_order_well_founded:
  assumes "attacker_winning_strategy s e g"
  shows "wfp_on (strategy_order s) (reachable_positions s g e)"
  unfolding Restricted_Predicates.wfp_on_def
  assume "\existsf. \foralli. f i \in reachable_positions s g e \land strategy_order s (f (Suc i))
  from this obtain f where F: "\forall i. f i \in reachable_positions s g e \land strategy_order
s (f (Suc i)) (f i)" by auto
  define p where "p = lmap (\lambdai. fst (f i))(iterates Suc 0)"
  hence "\bigwedgei. lnth p i = fst (f i)"
    by simp
  from p_def have "¬lfinite p" by simp
 have "\bigwedgei. enat (Suc i) < llength p \Longrightarrow weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) \neq None"
  proof-
    fix i
    have "\exists g1 e1 g2 e2. (f i) = (g2, e2) \land f (Suc i) = (g1, e1)" using F reachable_positions_d
    from this obtain g1 e1 g2 e2 where (f i) = (g2, e2) and (Suc i) = (g1, e2)
e1)"
      by blast
    assume "enat (Suc i) < llength p"</pre>
    have "weight g2 g1 ≠ None"
    proof(cases "g2 ∈ attacker")
      case True
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases "deadend g2")
        case True
        have (g2, e2) \in \text{reachable\_positions s g e" using F by (metis < f i = (g2,
e2) > )
        hence "(\exists p'. (lfinite p' \land llast (LCons g p') = g2
                                                          ∧ valid_play (LCons g p')
                                                          ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p') e)
                                                          ∧ (Some e2 = energy_level e
(LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))))"
          using reachable_positions_def by simp
        from this obtain p' where P': "(lfinite p' \lambda llast (LCons g p') = g2
                                                          ∧ valid_play (LCons g p')
                                                          \land \ \mathtt{play\_consistent\_attacker} \ \mathtt{s}
(LCons g p') e)
                                                          ∧ (Some e2 = energy_level e
(LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')))" by auto
```

```
have "¬defender_wins_play e (LCons g p')" using assms unfolding attacker_winning_strate
using P' by auto
        have "llast (LCons g p') ∈ attacker ∧ deadend (llast (LCons g p'))" using
True \langle g2 \in attacker \rangle P' by simp
        hence "defender_wins_play e (LCons g p')"
          unfolding defender_wins_play_def by simp
        hence "False" using <-defender_wins_play e (LCons g p')> by simp
        then show ?thesis by simp
      next
        case False
        from True have "Some g1 = s e2 g2"
          using F unfolding strategy_order_def using <f (Suc i) = (g1, e1)> <(f</pre>
i) = (g2, e2) >
          by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) case_prod_conv)
        have "(\forall g \ e. \ (g \in attacker \land \neg deadend g) \longrightarrow (s e g \neq None \land weight g)
(the (s e g)) \neq None))"
          using assms unfolding attacker_winning_strategy.simps attacker_strategy_def
        hence "weight g2 (the (s e2 g2)) \( \neq \) None" using False True
          by simp
        then show ?thesis using <Some g1 = s e2 g2>
          by (metis option.sel)
      aed
    next
      case False
      then show ?thesis using F unfolding strategy_order_def using <f (Suc i) =
(g1, e1) > \langle (f i) = (g2, e2) \rangle
        by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) case_prod_conv)
    qed
    thus "weight (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) \( \neq \) None"
      using p_{def} < f i = (g2, e2) > \langle f (Suc i) = (g1, e1) > by simp
  ged
  hence "valid_play p" using valid_play_nth
    by simp
  have "(f 0) \in reachable_positions s g e" using F by simp
  hence "∃g0 e0. f 0 = (g0,e0)" using reachable_positions_def by simp
  from this obtain g0 e0 where "f 0 = (g0,e0)" by blast
  hence "\exists p'. (lfinite p' \land llast (LCons g p') = g0
                                                        ∧ valid_play (LCons g p')
                                                        ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p') e)
                                                        ∧ (Some e0 = energy_level e
(LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')))"
    using <(f 0) ∈ reachable_positions s g e> unfolding reachable_positions_def
by auto
  from this obtain p' where P': "(lfinite p' \lambda llast (LCons g p') = g0
                                                        ∧ valid_play (LCons g p')
                                                        ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p') e)
                                                        ∧ (Some e0 = energy_level e
(LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')))" by auto
  have "\(\lambda\)i. strategy_order s (f (Suc i)) (f i)" using F by simp
```

```
hence "\lambda i. Some (snd (f (Suc i))) = apply w (fst (f i)) (fst (f (Suc i))) (snd
(f i))" using strategy_order_def
    by (simp add: case_prod_beta)
  hence "\(\lambda\)i. (snd (f (Suc i))) = the (apply_w (fst (f i)) (fst (f (Suc i))) (snd
(f i)))"
    by (metis option.sel)
  have "\(\lambda\)i. (energy_level e0 p i) = Some (snd (f i))"
  proof-
    fix i
    show "(energy_level e0 p i) = Some (snd (f i))"
    proof(induct i)
      case 0
      then show ?case using \langle f \ 0 = (g0,e0) \rangle \langle \neg lfinite p \rangle by auto
      case (Suc i)
      have "Some (snd (f (Suc i))) = (apply_w (fst (f i)) (fst (f (Suc i))) (snd
(f i)))"
        using \langle \Lambda i. Some (snd (f (Suc i))) = apply_w (fst (f i)) (fst (f (Suc i)))
(snd (f i)) > by simp
      also have "... = (apply_w (fst (f i)) (fst (f (Suc i))) ( the (energy_level
e0 p i)))" using Suc by simp
      also have "... = (apply_w (lnth p i) (lnth p (Suc i)) ( the (energy_level
e0 p i)))" using \langle \wedge i. lnth p i = fst (f i) by simp
      also have "... = (energy_level e0 p (Suc i))" using energy_level.simps <¬</pre>
lfinite p> Suc
        by (simp add: lfinite_conv_llength_enat)
      finally show ?case
        by simp
    qed
  qed
  define Q where "Q \equiv \lambda s p e0. \neglfinite p \land valid_play p \land (\foralli. (energy_level
e0 p i) \neq None \wedge ((lnth p i), the (energy_level e0 p i)) \in reachable_positions
s g e
             ∧ strategy_order s ((lnth p (Suc i)), the (energy_level e0 p (Suc i)))
((lnth p i), the (energy_level e0 p i)))"
 have Q: "\neglfinite p \wedge valid_play p \wedge (\foralli. (energy_level e0 p i) \neq None \wedge ((lnth
p i), the (energy_level e0 p i)) \in reachable_positions s g e
            A strategy_order s ((lnth p (Suc i)), the (energy_level e0 p (Suc i)))
((lnth p i), the (energy_level e0 p i)))"
  proof
    show "¬ lfinite p " using ⟨¬lfinite p⟩ .
    show "valid_play p \land 
    (\forall i. energy\_level e0 p i \neq None \land
         (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)) \in reachable_positions s g e \land
         strategy_order s (lnth p (Suc i), the (energy_level e0 p (Suc i)))
           (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)))"
    proof
      show "valid_play p" using <valid_play p> .
      show "\forall i. energy_level e0 p i \neq None \land
        (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)) \in reachable_positions s g e \land
        strategy_order s (lnth p (Suc i), the (energy_level e0 p (Suc i)))
         (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)) "
      proof
```

```
show "energy_level e0 p i \neq None \land
         (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)) \in reachable_positions s g e \land
         strategy_order s (lnth p (Suc i), the (energy_level e0 p (Suc i)))
           (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i))"
        proof
          show "energy_level e0 p i \neq None" using \langle \wedgei. (energy_level e0 p i) =
Some (snd (f i)) > by simp
          show "(lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)) ∈ reachable_positions s g
e ∧
    strategy_order s (lnth p (Suc i), the (energy_level e0 p (Suc i)))
     (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)) "
          proof
             show "(lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i)) \in reachable_positions s
g e"
               using \langle \Lambda i. (energy_level e0 p i) = Some (snd (f i)) > F \langle \Lambda i. lnth
p i = fst (f i)
               by simp
             show "strategy_order s (lnth p (Suc i), the (energy_level e0 p (Suc
i)))
     (lnth p i, the (energy_level e0 p i))"
               using \langle \wedge i. strategy_order s (f (Suc i)) (f i)> \langle \wedge i. lnth p i = fst
(f i) \rightarrow \langle \wedge i. (energy\_level e0 p i) = Some (snd (f i)) \rangle
               by (metis option.sel split_pairs)
        qed
      qed
    qed
  qed
  hence "Q s p e0" using Q_def by simp
  have "\s v Ps e'.
       (\neg lfinite (LCons v Ps) \land
        valid_play (LCons v Ps) \cap 
        (\forall i. energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) i \neq None \land
              (lnth (LCons v Ps) i, the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) i)) \in reachable_positions
sge \land
              strategy_order s (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i), the (energy_level e' (LCons
v Ps) (Suc i)))
               (lnth (LCons v Ps) i, the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) i)))) \lambda
       \neg lnull Ps \Longrightarrow
       (\neg lfinite Ps \land
        valid_play Ps ∧
        (\forall i. energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i \neq None \land
              (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))
\in reachable_positions s g e \wedge
              strategy_order s (lnth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w
v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps (Suc i)))
               (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))))
       (v \in attacker \longrightarrow s \ e' \ v = Some \ (lhd Ps)) \land (apply_w \ v \ (lhd Ps) \ e') \neq None"
  proof-
    fix s v Ps e'
    e' (LCons v Ps) i \neq None \wedge
```

```
(lnth (LCons v Ps) i, the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) i))
             \in reachable_positions s g e \land
             strategy_order s (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i), the (energy_level e' (LCons
v Ps) (Suc i)))
              (lnth (LCons v Ps) i, the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) i)))) \lambda
       ¬ lnull Ps"
    show "(\neglfinite Ps \land valid_play Ps \land (\forall i. energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd
Ps) e')) Ps i \neq None \wedge
             (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))
             \in reachable_positions s g e \land
             strategy_order s
              (lnth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps
(Suc i)))
              (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))))
       (v \in attacker \longrightarrow s e' v = Some (lhd Ps)) \land (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e') \neq None"
    proof
      show "-lfinite Ps \tag{valid_play Ps \tag{vi. energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd
Ps) e')) Ps i \neq None \wedge
        (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))
        \in reachable_positions s g e \land
        strategy_order s
          (Inth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps (Suc
i)))
          (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i)))"
        show "- Ifinite Ps" using A by simp
        show "valid_play Ps \land \land 
    (\forall i. energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i \neq None \land
          (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))
         \in reachable_positions s g e \wedge
         strategy_order s
          (lnth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps (Suc
i)))
           (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i)))"
        proof
          show "valid_play Ps" using A valid_play.simps
            by (metis llist.distinct(1) llist.inject)
          show "\forall i. energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i \neq None \land
        (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))
        \in reachable_positions s g e \land
        strategy order s
          (Inth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps (Suc
i)))
          (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i)) "
          proof
             fix i
             show "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i \neq None \wedge
          (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))
          \in reachable_positions s g e \wedge
          strategy_order s
           (lnth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps (Suc
i)))
           (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))"
             proof
```

```
from A have "energy level e' (LCons v Ps) (Suc i) \neq None" by blast
              from A have "valid_play (LCons v Ps) ∧ ¬ lnull Ps" by simp
              have "apply_w v (lhd Ps) e' \neq None" using energy_level.simps
                by (metis A lhd_conv_lnth lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons option.sel)
              from A have "enat i < (llength Ps)"</pre>
                by (meson Suc_ile_eq <- lfinite Ps> enat_less_imp_le less_enatE
lfinite_conv_llength_enat)
              have EL: "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i = energy_level
e' (LCons v Ps) (Suc i)"
                using energy_level_cons <valid_play (LCons v Ps) \land \neg lnull Ps>
<apply_w v (lhd Ps) e' \neq None>
                by (simp add: <enat i < llength Ps>)
              thus "energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i \neq None"
                using <energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) (Suc i) ≠ None> by simp
              show "(lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e'))
Ps i)) \in reachable_positions s g e \wedge
    strategy_order s (lnth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps)
e')) Ps (Suc i)))
     (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i))"
              proof
                have "(lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e'))
Ps i)) = (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc i), the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) (Suc i)))"
                   using EL by simp
                thus "(lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e'))
Ps i)) ∈ reachable_positions s g e"
                  using A by metis
                have <enat (Suc i) < llength Ps>
                  using <- lfinite Ps> enat_iless linorder_less_linear llength_eq_enat_lfinite
by blast
                hence "(1nth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (1hd
Ps) e')) Ps (Suc i)))
                        = (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc i)), the (energy_level e'
(LCons v Ps) (Suc (Suc i)))"
                   using energy_level_cons <valid_play (LCons v Ps) \land \neg lnull Ps>
<apply_w v (lhd Ps) e' \neq None>
                   by (metis lnth_Suc_LCons)
                thus "strategy_order s (lnth Ps (Suc i), the (energy_level (the
(apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps (Suc i)))
     (lnth Ps i, the (energy_level (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) Ps i)) " using
Α
                   by (metis EL lnth_Suc_LCons)
              qed
            qed
          qed
        qed
      qed
      \verb"show""(v \in \verb"attacker" \longrightarrow \verb"s" e'" v = \verb"Some" (lhd Ps)) \land (apply\_w v (lhd Ps) e')
\neq None"
        show "v \in attacker \longrightarrow s e' v = Some (lhd Ps)"
        proof
          from A have "strategy_order s (lnth (LCons v Ps) (Suc 0), the (energy_level
e' (LCons v Ps) (Suc 0))) (lnth (LCons v Ps) 0, the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps)
0))"
```

```
by blast
          hence "strategy_order s ((lhd Ps), the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) (Suc
0))) (v, the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) 0))"
            by (simp add: A lnth_0_conv_lhd)
          hence "strategy_order s ((lhd Ps), the (energy_level e' (LCons v Ps) (Suc
0))) (v, e')" using energy_level.simps
            by simp
          hence "(if v \in \text{attacker then Some (lhd Ps)} = s e' v else weight v (lhd
Ps) \( \neq \text{None} \) " using strategy_order_def
            using split_beta split_pairs by auto
          thus "s e' v = Some (lhd Ps)" using ⟨v ∈ attacker⟩ by auto
        from A have "energy_level (the (apply_w v (1hd Ps) e')) Ps 0 ≠ None" by
auto
        show "apply_w v (lhd Ps) e' ≠ None"
          by (metis A energy_level.simps(1) energy_level.simps(2) eq_LConsD lnth_0
lnth_Suc_LCons not_lnull_conv option.sel)
      qed
    qed
  qed
  hence "(\bigwedges v Ps e'.
        Q s (LCons v Ps) e' \land \neg lnull Ps \Longrightarrow (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e') \neq None \land
        Q s Ps (the (apply_w v (lhd Ps) e')) \wedge (v \in attacker \longrightarrow s e' v = Some
(lhd Ps)))" using Q_def by blast
  hence "play_consistent_attacker s p e0"
    using <Q s p e0> play_consistent_attacker_coinduct
    by metis
  have "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p)) \lambda play_consistent_attacker s (lappend
(LCons g p') (ltl p)) e"
  proof
    have "weight (llast (LCons g p')) (lhd (ltl p)) \neq None" using P'
      by (metis \langle A_i \rangle lnth p i = fst (f i) \langle A_i \rangle lfinite p \langle A_i \rangle (g0, e0) \langle A_i \rangle (valid_play
p> fstI lfinite.simps lnth_0 ltl_simps(2) valid_play.cases)
    show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p))" using valid_play_append P'
      by (metis (no_types, lifting) <- lfinite p> <valid_play p> <weight (llast
(LCons g p')) (lhd (ltl p)) \( \neq \) None \( \) lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil llist.exhaust_sel
ltl_simps(2) valid_play.simps)
    have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) \( \neq \) None"
      by (metis P' not Some eq)
    hence A: "lfinite p' ∧ llast (LCons g p') = lhd p ∧ play_consistent_attacker
s p (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))))
              ∧ play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e ∧ valid_play (LCons g p')
\land energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) \neq None"
      using P' <play_consistent_attacker s p e0> p_def <f 0 = (g0,e0)>
      by (metis < \i. lnth p i = fst (f i) > ⟨¬ lfinite p⟩ fst_conv lhd_conv_lnth
lnull_imp_lfinite option.sel)
    show "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p)) e"
      using A proof(induct "the_enat (llength p')" arbitrary: p' g e)
      case 0
      hence "(lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p)) = p"
        by (metis <- lfinite p> gen_llength_code(1) lappend_code(1) lappend_code(2)
```

```
lfinite llength enat lhd LCons ltl llast singleton llength LNil llength code llength eq 0
llist.collapse(1) the_enat.simps)
      have "the (energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))) = e" using
0 energy_level.simps by auto
      then show ?case using <(lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p)) = p> 0 by simp
    next
      case (Suc x)
      hence "lhd p' = lhd (lappend (p') (ltl p))"
        using the_enat_0 by auto
      have "∃Ps. (lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p)) = LCons g Ps"
        by simp
      from this obtain Ps where "(lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p)) = LCons g Ps" by
auto
      hence "(lappend (p') (ltl p)) = Ps" by simp
      have "g \in attacker \longrightarrow s e g = Some (lhd Ps)"
      proof
        {\tt assume} \ {\tt "g} \in {\tt attacker"}
        show "s e g = Some (lhd Ps)"
          using Suc
          by (metis Zero_not_Suc <g ∈ attacker> <lappend p' (ltl p) = Ps> <lhd
p' = lhd (lappend p' (ltl p)) > lhd_LCons llength_LNil llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2)
play_consistent_attacker.cases the_enat_0)
      have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (ltl p))
(the (apply_w g (lhd p') e))"
        have "x = the_enat (llength (ltl p'))" using Suc
          by (metis One_nat_def diff_Suc_1' epred_enat epred_llength lfinite_conv_llength_enat
the_enat.simps)
        have "lfinite (ltl p') ∧
    llast (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) = lhd p \land
    play_consistent_attacker s p
     (the (energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the_enat
(llength (ltl p')))) ∧
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the (apply_w g (lhd p')
e))
      ∧ valid_play (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) ∧ energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd
p') e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))) \( \neq \text{None} \)
        proof
          show "lfinite (ltl p')" using Suc lfinite_ltl by simp
          show "llast (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) = lhd p \land 
    play consistent attacker s p
     (the (energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p'))
            (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))))) \
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the (apply_w g (lhd p')
e)) \
    valid_play (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) \(\lambda\) energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p')
e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))) \neq None"
          proof
            show "llast (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) = lhd p" using Suc
              by (metis (no_types, lifting) <x = the_enat (llength (ltl p')) > llast_LCons2
llist.exhaust_sel ltl_simps(1) n_not_Suc_n)
            show "play_consistent_attacker s p
     (the (energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p'))
            (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))))) \
```

```
play_consistent_attacker s (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the (apply_w g (lhd p')
e)) ^
    valid_play (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) ∧ energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p')
e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))) \( \neq \) None"
            proof
              have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) \neq None"
using Suc
                by blast
              hence "apply_w g (lhd p') e ≠ None"
                by (smt (verit) Suc.hyps(2) Suc_leI <x = the_enat (llength (ltl</pre>
p')) > energy_level.simps(1) energy_level_nth llist.distinct(1) llist.exhaust_sel
lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons ltl_simps(1) n_not_Suc_n option.sel zero_less_Suc)
              hence cons_assms: "valid_play (LCons g p') \land \neg lnull p' \land apply_w
g (lhd p') e \neq None \wedge enat (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))) < llength p'"
                using Suc
                by (metis <x = the_enat (llength (ltl p')) > enat_ord_simps(2) lessI
lfinite_conv_llength_enat lnull_def ltl_simps(1) n_not_Suc_n the_enat.simps)
              have "(the (energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))))
                     (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') (Suc (the_enat (llength (ltl
p')))))"
                using Suc.hyps(2) <x = the_enat (llength (ltl p'))> by auto
              also have "... = (the (energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p') e)) p'
(the_enat (llength (ltl p'))))"
                using energy_level_cons cons_assms by simp
              finally have EL: "(the (energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p')))) =
                     (the (energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd
p') (ltl p')) (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))))"
                by (simp add: cons_assms)
              thus "play_consistent_attacker s p
     (the (energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p'))
            (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))))"
                using Suc by argo
              show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the (apply_w
g (lhd p') e))∧
                  valid_play (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) \lambda energy_level (the (apply_w
g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))) \( \neq \text{None} \)
                show " play_consistent_attacker s (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the
(apply_w g (lhd p') e))"
                  using Suc
                  by (metis cons_assms lhd_LCons lhd_LCons_ltl llist.distinct(1)
ltl_simps(2) play_consistent_attacker.simps)
                show "valid_play (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) \lambda energy_level (the (apply_w
g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p')) (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))) \( \neq \text{None} \)
                proof
                  show "valid_play (LCons (lhd p') (ltl p'))" using Suc
                    by (metis llist.distinct(1) llist.exhaust_sel llist.inject ltl_simps(1)
valid_play.simps)
                  show "energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p') e)) (LCons (lhd p')
(ltl p')) (the_enat (llength (ltl p'))) ≠ None"
                    using EL Suc
                    by (metis <x = the_enat (llength (ltl p')) > cons_assms energy_level_cons
lhd_LCons_ltl)
```

```
qed
              qed
            qed
          qed
        qed
        thus ?thesis using <x = the_enat (llength (ltl p')) > Suc
          by blast
      qed
      hence "play consistent attacker s Ps (the (apply w g (lhd p') e))"
        using <(lappend (p') (ltl p)) = Ps>
        by (metis Suc.hyps(2) diff_0_eq_0 diff_Suc_1 lhd_LCons_ltl llength_lnull
n_not_Suc_n the_enat_0)
      then show ?case using play_consistent_attacker.simps \langle g \in attacker \longrightarrow s
e g = Some (lhd Ps) > <(lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p)) = LCons g Ps>
        by (metis (no_types, lifting) Suc.prems <- lfinite p> <lappend p' (ltl
p) = Ps> <lhd p' = lhd (lappend p' (ltl p))> energy_level.simps(1) lappend_code(1)
lhd_LCons llast_singleton llength_LNil llist.distinct(1) lnull_lappend ltl_simps(2)
option.sel the_enat_0)
    qed
 qed
 hence "-defender_wins_play e (lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p))" using assms unfolding
attacker_winning_strategy.simps using P'
   by simp
 have "-lfinite (lappend p' p)" using p_def by simp
 hence "defender_wins_play e (lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p))" using defender_wins_play_def
by auto
 thus "False" using <-defender_wins_play e (lappend (LCons g p') (ltl p))> by
simp
qed
We now show that an energy-positional attacker winning strategy w.r.t. some energy e
and position q guarantees that e is in the attacker winning budget of q.
lemma winning_budget_implies_ind:
 assumes "winning_budget e g"
 shows "winning_budget_ind e g"
 define wb where "wb \equiv \lambda(g,e). winning_budget_ind e g"
 from assms have "∃s. attacker_winning_strategy s e g" using winning_budget.simps
 from this obtain s where S: "attacker_winning_strategy s e g" by auto
 hence "wfp_on (strategy_order s) (reachable_positions s g e)"
   using strategy_order_well_founded by simp
 hence "inductive_on (strategy_order s) (reachable_positions s g e)"
    by (simp add: wfp_on_iff_inductive_on)
 hence "wb (g,e)"
 proof(rule inductive on induct)
    show "(g,e) ∈ reachable_positions s g e"
      unfolding reachable_positions_def proof
      have "lfinite LNil \wedge
             llast (LCons g LNil) = g \land
             valid_play (LCons g LNil) \lambda play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g LNil)
e ∧
```

```
Some e = energy level e (LCons g LNil) (the enat (llength LNil))"
        using valid_play.simps play_consistent_attacker.simps energy_level.simps
        by (metis lfinite_code(1) llast_singleton llength_LNil neq_LNil_conv the_enat_0)
      thus "∃g' e'.
       (g, e) = (g', e') \land
        (\exists p. lfinite p \land
              llast (LCons g p) = g' \land
              valid_play (LCons g p) \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e \land
             Some e' = energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p)))"
        by (metis lfinite_code(1) llast_singleton llength_LNil the_enat_0)
    qed
    show "\bigwedgey. y \in reachable_positions s g e \Longrightarrow
          (\land x. x \in reachable\_positions s g e \implies strategy\_order s x y \implies wb x)
    proof-
      fix y
      assume "y ∈ reachable_positions s g e"
      hence "∃e' g'. y = (g', e')" using reachable_positions_def by auto
      from this obtain e' g' where "y = (g', e')" by auto
      hence "(\exists p. lfinite p \land llast (LCons g p) = g'
                                                          ∧ valid_play (LCons g p)
                                                          ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p) e
                                                          ∧ (Some e' = energy_level e
(LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p))))"
        using \langle y \in \text{reachable\_positions } s \text{ g e} \rangle unfolding reachable\_positions_def
        by auto
      from this obtain p where P: "(lfinite p \wedge llast (LCons g p) = g'
                                                          ∧ valid_play (LCons g p)
                                                          ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p) e)
                                                          ∧ (Some e' = energy_level e
(LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p)))" by auto
      show "(\Lambda x. x \in \text{reachable_positions s g e} \implies \text{strategy_order s } x y \implies \text{wb}
x) \implies wb y''
      proof-
        assume ind: "(\nx. x \in reachable_positions s g e \Longrightarrow strategy_order s x
y \implies wb x)"
        have "winning budget ind e' g'"
        proof(cases "g' ∈ attacker")
          case True
          then show ?thesis
          proof(cases "deadend g'")
             case True
             hence "attacker_stuck (LCons g p)" using \langle g' \in attacker \rangle P
               by (meson S defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strategy.elims(2))
             hence "defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)" using defender_wins_play_def
by simp
             have "¬defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)" using P S by simp
             then show ?thesis using <defender_wins_play e (LCons g p) > by simp
           next
```

```
case False
            hence "(s e' g') ≠ None ∧ (weight g' (the (s e' g')))≠None" using S
attacker_winning_strategy.simps
              by (simp add: True attacker_strategy_def)
            define x where "x = (the (s e' g'), the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g'))
e'))"
            define p' where "p' = (lappend p (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil))"
            hence "lfinite p'" using P by simp
            have "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g')" using p'_def <lfinite p'>
              by (simp add: llast_LCons)
            have "the_enat (llength p') > 0" using P
              by (metis LNil_eq_lappend_iff <lfinite p'> bot_nat_0.not_eq_extremum
enat_0_iff(2) lfinite_conv_llength_enat llength_eq_0 llist.collapse(1) llist.distinct(1)
p'_def the_enat.simps)
            hence "∃i. Suc i = the_enat (llength p')"
              using less_iff_Suc_add by auto
            from this obtain i where "Suc i = the_enat (llength p')" by auto
            hence "i = the_enat (llength p)" using p'_def P
              by (metis Suc_leI <ffinite p'> length_append_singleton length_list_of_conv_the_e
less_Suc_eq_le less_irrefl_nat lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil
list_of_lappend not_less_less_Suc_eq)
            hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)" using P by simp
            have A: "lfinite (LCons g p) \wedge i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) \wedge
energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
            proof
              show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
              show "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) \lambda energy_level e (LCons g</pre>
p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) ≠ None"
              proof
                show "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))" using <i = the_enat (llength</pre>
p) > P
                  by (metis <fiinite (LCons g p) > length_Cons length_list_of_conv_the_enat
lessI list_of_LCons)
                show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p))
- 1) ≠ None" using P <i = the_enat (llength p)>
                  using S defender_wins_play_def by auto
              qed
            qed
            hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)" using p'_def energy_level_append
P <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)>
              by (metis lappend_code(2))
            hence "energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None"
              by (metis option.distinct(1))
            have "enat (Suc i) = llength p'" using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
              by (metis <lfinite p'> lfinite_conv_llength_enat the_enat.simps)
            also have "... < eSuc (llength p')"</pre>
              by (metis calculation iless_Suc_eq order_refl)
            also have "... = llength (LCons g p')" using <lfinite p'> by simp
            finally have "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')".</pre>
            have "(lnth (LCons g p) i) = g'" using <i = the_enat (llength p) > P
```

```
by (metis lfinite_conv_llength_enat llast_conv_lnth llength_LCons
the_enat.simps)
            hence "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'" using p'_def
              by (metis P <i = the_enat (llength p) > enat_ord_simps(2) energy_level.elims
lessI lfinite_llength_enat lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons lnth_lappend1 the_enat.simps)
            have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (Suc i)"
              using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')> by simp
            also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (lnth (LCons g p') (Suc
i)) (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') i))"
              using energy_level.simps <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p') > <energy_level
e (LCons g p') i \neq None>
              by (meson leD)
            also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (lnth (LCons g p') (Suc
i)) e'" using <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)>
              by (metis option.sel)
            also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (the (s e' g')) e'"
using p'_def <enat (Suc i) = llength p'>
              by (metis <eSuc (llength p') = llength (LCons g p')> <llast (LCons
g p') = the (s e' g') > llast_conv_lnth)
            also have "... = apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'" using <(lnth (LCons
g p') i) = g' > by simp
            finally have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) =
apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'" .
            have P': "lfinite p' \land
             llast (LCons g p') = (the (s e' g')) \land
             valid_play (LCons g p') \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e
\wedge
            Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g
p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
            proof
              show "lfinite p'" using p'_def P by simp
              show "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g') \land
    valid_play (LCons g p') ∧
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e ∧
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                show "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g')" using p'_def <lfinite</pre>
p'>
                  by (simp add: llast LCons)
                show "valid_play (LCons g p') \cap 
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land \text{
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                  show "valid_play (LCons g p')" using p'_def P
                    using \langle s e' g' \neq None \land weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None \rangle valid_play.intr
valid_play_append by auto
                  show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land \land
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                    have "(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g'))
```

```
LNil)" using p' def
                       by simp
                     have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
(the (s e' g')) LNil)) e"
                     proof (rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                       show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e"
                         using P by auto
                       show "Ifinite (LCons g p)" using P by auto
                       show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons
g(p)) - 1) \neq None" using P
                         using A by auto
                       show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g'))
LNil))"
                         using <valid_play (LCons g p') > <(LCons g p') = lappend</pre>
(LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil) by simp
                       show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
    Some (the (s e' g')) =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                       proof
                         assume "llast (LCons g p) ∈ attacker"
                         show "Some (the (s e' g')) =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                           using llast (LCons g p) \in attacker> P
                           by (metis One_nat_def <s e' g' \neq None \wedge weight g' (the
(s e' g')) \( \neq \text{None} \) diff_Suc_1' eSuc_enat lfinite_llength_enat llength_LCons option.collapse
option.sel the_enat.simps)
                       qed
                     qed
                     thus "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e" using < (LCons
g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil) > by simp
                     show "Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
                      by (metis <eSuc (llength p') = llength (LCons g p')> <enat</pre>
(Suc i) = llength p'> <energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) = apply_w
g' (the (s e' g')) e'> <play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e> <valid_play
(LCons g p') > S defender_wins_play_def diff_Suc_1 eSuc_enat option.collapse attacker_winning_st
the_enat.simps)
                   qed
                 qed
              qed
            qed
            hence "x ∈ reachable_positions s g e" using reachable_positions_def
x_def by auto
            have "(apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e') \neq None" using P'
              by (metis <energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) = apply_w</pre>
g' (the (s e' g')) e'> option.distinct(1))
            have "Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = apply_w g' (the (s
e' g')) e' \land (if g' \in attacker then Some (the (s e' g')) = s e' g' else weight g'
(the (s e' g')) \neq None)"
              using \langle (s e' g') \neq None \wedge (weight g' (the (s e' g'))) \neq None \rangle \langle (apply_w) \rangle
g' (the (s e' g')) e') \neq None> by simp
```

```
hence "strategy order s x y" unfolding strategy order def using x def
\langle y = (g', e') \rangle
               by blast
            hence "wb x" using ind \langle x \in \text{reachable_positions s g e} \rangle by simp
            hence "winning_budget_ind (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) (the
(s e' g'))" using wb_def x_def by simp
            then show ?thesis using \langle g' \in attacker \rangle winning_budget_ind.simps
               by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) <s e' g' ≠ None ∧ weight g' (the (s
e' g')) \( \neq \text{None} \text{ \strategy_order s x y \text{ \strategy_e'}, e') \text{ old.prod.case option.distinct(1)} \)
strategy_order_def x_def)
          qed
        next
          case False
          hence "g' \notin attacker \land
             (\forall g''. weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
          apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \land winning_budget_ind (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))
g'')"
          proof
             show "\forallg''. weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
          apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \land winning_budget_ind (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))
g',"
            proof
               fix g''
               show "weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
           apply_w g' g'' e' ≠ None ∧ winning_budget_ind (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))
g', "
                 show "apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \lambda winning_budget_ind (the (apply_w)
g' g'' e')) g''"
                 proof
                   show "apply_w g' g'' e' ≠ None"
                   proof
                     assume "apply_w g' g'' e' = None"
                     define p' where "p' ≡ (LCons g (lappend p (LCons g', LNil)))"
                     hence "lfinite p'" using P by simp
                     have "∃i. llength p = enat i" using P
                       by (simp add: lfinite_llength_enat)
                     from this obtain i where "llength p = enat i" by auto
                     hence "llength (lappend p (LCons g', LNil)) = enat (Suc i)"
                       by (simp add: <llength p = enat i> eSuc_enat iadd_Suc_right)
                     hence "llength p' = eSuc (enat(Suc i))" using p'_def
                       by simp
                     hence "the_enat (llength p') = Suc (Suc i)"
                       by (simp add: eSuc_enat)
                     hence "the_enat (llength p') - 1 = Suc i"
                       by simp
                     hence "the_enat (llength p') - 1 = the_enat (llength (lappend
p (LCons g'', LNil)))"
                       using <llength (lappend p (LCons g'' LNil)) = enat (Suc i)>
                       by simp
                     have "(lnth p' i) = g' using p'_def <llength p = enat i> P
                       by (smt (verit) One_nat_def diff_Suc_1' enat_ord_simps(2)
energy_level.elims lessI llast_conv_lnth llength_LCons lnth_0 lnth_LCons' lnth_lappend
the_enat.simps)
```

```
have "(lnth p' (Suc i)) = g'," using p' def <llength p = enat
i>
                      by (metis <llength p' = eSuc (enat (Suc i)) > lappend.disc(2)
llast_LCons llast_conv_lnth llast_lappend_LCons llength_eq_enat_lfiniteD llist.disc(1)
llist.disc(2))
                    have "p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'', LNil)" using p'_def
by simp
                    hence "the (energy_level e p' i) = the (energy_level e (lappend
(LCons g p) (LCons g'', LNil)) i)" by simp
                    also have "... = the (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)" using <llength</pre>
p = enat i > energy_level_append P
                      by (metis diff_Suc_1 eSuc_enat lessI lfinite_LConsI llength_LCons
option.distinct(1) the_enat.simps)
                    also have "... = e'" using P
                      by (metis <llength p = enat i> option.sel the_enat.simps)
                    finally have "the (energy_level e p' i) = e'" .
                    hence "apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth p' (Suc i)) (the (energy_level
e p' i)) = None" using <apply_w g' g'' e'=None> <(lnth p' i) = g'> <(lnth p' (Suc
i)) = g'' > by simp
                    have "energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength p') - 1) =
                          energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength (lappend p (LCons
g'' LNil)))"
                      using <the_enat (llength p') - 1 = the_enat (llength (lappend</pre>
p (LCons g'', LNil)))>
                      by simp
                    also have "... = energy_level e p' (Suc i)" using <llength (lappend</pre>
p (LCons g'', LNil)) = enat (Suc i) > by simp
                    also have "... = (if energy_level e p' i = None \times llength p'
\leq enat (Suc i) then None
                                       else apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth p' (Suc i))
(the (energy_level e p' i)))" using energy_level.simps by simp
                    also have "... = None " using <apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth p'</pre>
(Suc i)) (the (energy_level e p' i)) = None>
                      by simp
                    finally have "energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength p') - 1)
= None" .
                    hence "defender_wins_play e p'" unfolding defender_wins_play_def
by simp
                    have "valid play p'"
                      by (metis P <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'' LNil) > <weight
g' g'' \( \neq \text{None} \) energy_game.valid_play.intros(2) energy_game.valid_play_append lfinite_LConsI)
                    have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
g'', LNil)) e"
                    proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                      show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e"
                        using P by simp
                      show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                      show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons
g p)) - 1) \neq None
                         by (meson S defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strategy.elims(2))
```

```
show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil))"
                         using <valid_play p'> <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons</pre>
g'' LNil) > by simp
                       show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
    Some g'' =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                         using False P by simp
                     aed
                     hence "play_consistent_attacker s p' e"
                       using <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'' LNil) > by simp
                     hence "¬defender_wins_play e p'" using <valid_play p'> p'_def
S by simp
                     thus "False" using <defender_wins_play e p'> by simp
                   qed
                   define x where "x = (g'', the (apply_w g' g'' e'))"
                   have "wb x"
                   proof(rule ind)
                     have "(\exists p. lfinite p \land
             llast (LCons g p) = g'' ∧
             valid_play (LCons g p) ∧ play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e ∧
            Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength p)))"
                     proof
                       define p' where "p' = lappend p (LCons g'' LNil)"
                       show "lfinite p' \wedge
     llast (LCons g p') = g'' ∧
     valid_play (LCons g p') \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land
    Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                       proof
                         show "lfinite p'" using P p'_def by simp
                         show "llast (LCons g p') = g'' \land \land \text{
    valid_play (LCons g p') ∧
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \lambda
    Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                           show "llast (LCons g p') = g'' using p'_def
                             by (metis <lfinite p'> lappend.disc_iff(2) lfinite_lappend
llast_LCons llast_lappend_LCons llast_singleton llist.discI(2))
                           show "valid_play (LCons g p') \cap 
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e ∧
    Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                           proof
                             show "valid_play (LCons g p')" using p'_def P
                               using <weight g' g'' \neq None> lfinite_LCons valid_play.intros(2)
valid_play_append by auto
                             show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land \land
    Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p')) "
                             proof
```

```
have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g
p) (LCons g'' LNil)) e"
                               proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                                 show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e"
                                   using P by simp
                                 show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                                 show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength
(LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
                                   using P
                                   by (meson S defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strategy.
                                 show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'')
LNil))"
                                   using <valid_play (LCons g p')> p'_def by simp
                                 show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
                                       Some g', =
                                         s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast (LCons g p))"
                                   using False P by simp
                               qed
                               thus "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e" using
p'_def
                                 by (simp add: lappend_code(2))
                              have "∃i. Suc i = the_enat (llength p')" using p'_def
<lfinite p'>
                                 by (metis P length_append_singleton length_list_of_conv_the_ena
lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend)
                               from this obtain i where "Suc i = the_enat (llength
p')" by auto
                               hence "i = the_enat (llength p)" using p'_def
                                 by (smt (verit) One_nat_def <lfinite p'> add.commute
add_Suc_shift add_right_cancel length_append length_list_of_conv_the_enat lfinite_LNil
lfinite_lappend list.size(3) list.size(4) list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend
plus_1_eq_Suc)
                               hence "Suc i = llength (LCons g p)"
                                 using P eSuc_enat lfinite_llength_enat by fastforce
                               have "(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'')
LNil)" using p'_def by simp
                              have A: "lfinite (LCons g p) \land i < the_enat (llength</pre>
(LCons g p)) \land energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1)
≠ None"
                               proof
                                 show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                                 show " i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) \cap </pre>
    energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None "
                                 proof
                                   have "(llength p') = llength (LCons g p)" using
p'_def
                                     by (metis P <lfinite p'> length_Cons length_append_singlet
length_list_of lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend)
                                   thus "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))" using
<Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                     using lessI by force
                                   show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength
```

```
(LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None" using P
                                     by (meson S energy_game.defender_wins_play_def
energy_game.play_consistent_attacker.intros(2) attacker_winning_strategy.simps)
                                 qed
                               qed
                              hence "energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None"
                                 using energy_level_append
                                by (smt (verit) Nat.lessE Suc_leI <LCons g p' =</pre>
lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil) > diff_Suc_1 energy_level_nth)
                              have "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')"</pre>
                                 using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                 by (metis Suc_ile_eq <lfinite p'> ldropn_Suc_LCons
leI lfinite_conv_llength_enat lnull_ldropn nless_le the_enat.simps)
                              hence el_prems: "energy_level e (LCons g p') i \neq
None \( \) llength (LCons g p') > enat (Suc i) " using <energy_level e (LCons g p')
i \neq None > by simp
                              have "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = lnth (LCons g p) i"
                                 unfolding <(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons</pre>
g'', LNil) > using <i = the_enat (llength p) > lnth_lappend1
                                 by (metis A enat_ord_simps(2) length_list_of length_list_of_com
                               have "Inth (LCons g p) i = llast (LCons g p)" using
<Suc i = llength (LCons g p)>
                                 by (metis enat_ord_simps(2) lappend_LNil2 ldropn_LNil
ldropn_Suc_conv_ldropn ldropn_lappend lessI less_not_refl llast_ldropn llast_singleton)
                               hence "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'" using P
                                 by (simp add: <lnth (LCons g p') i = lnth (LCons</pre>
g p) i > )
                              have "(lnth (LCons g p') (Suc i)) = g''
                                 using p'_def <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                 by (smt (verit) <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g
p')> <lfinite p'> <llast (LCons g p') = g''> lappend_snocL1_conv_LCons2 ldropn_LNil
ldropn_Suc_LCons ldropn_Suc_conv_ldropn ldropn_lappend2 lfinite_llength_enat llast_ldropn
llast_singleton the_enat.simps wlog_linorder_le)
                              have "energy_level e (LCons g p) i = energy_level
e (LCons g p') i"
                                 using energy_level_append A <(LCons g p') = lappend</pre>
(LCons g p) (LCons g'', LNil) >
                                 by presburger
                              hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)"
                                 using P <i = the_enat (llength p)>
                                 by argo
                              have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (Suc i)" using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
by simp
                               also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (lnth
(LCons g p') (Suc i)) (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') i))"
                                 using energy_level.simps el_prems
                                 by (meson leD)
                               also have "... = apply_w g' g'' (the (energy_level)
e (LCons g p') i))"
                                 using <(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'> <(lnth (LCons</pre>
```

```
g p') (Suc i)) = g'' by simp
                               finally have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p')) = (apply_w g' g'' e')"
                                 using <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)>
                                 by (metis option.sel)
                               thus "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
                                 by (simp add: <apply_w g' g'' e' ≠ None>)
                             qed
                           qed
                         qed
                       qed
                    qed
                    thus "x ∈ reachable_positions s g e"
                       using x_def reachable_positions_def
                       by (simp add: mem_Collect_eq)
                    have "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = apply_w g' g'' e' \land
         (if g' \in \text{attacker then Some } g'' = s e' g' \text{ else weight } g' g'' \neq \text{None})"
                    proof
                       show "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = apply_w g' g'' e'"
                         by (simp add: <apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None>)
                       show "(if g' ∈ attacker then Some g'' = s e' g' else weight
g', g', \neq None)"
                         using False
                         by (simp add: <weight g' g'' ≠ None>)
                    qed
                    thus "strategy_order s x y" using strategy_order_def x_def <y</pre>
= (g', e')>
                       by simp
                   ged
                   thus "winning_budget_ind (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) g'' using
x_def wb_def
                    by force
                qed
              qed
            qed
          qed
          thus ?thesis using winning_budget_ind.intros by blast
        thus "wb y" using <y = (g', e') > wb_def by simp
      qed
    qed
  thus ?thesis using wb_def by simp
qed
```

We now prepare the proof of winning\_budget\_ind characterising subsets of winning\_budget\_nonpos for all positions. For this we introduce a construction to obtain a non-positional attacker winning strategy from a strategy at a next position.

```
fun nonpos_strat_from_next:: "'position \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow ('position list \Rightarrow 'position option)"
```

where

```
"nonpos strat from next g g' s [] = s [] " |
  "nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s (x#xs) = (if x=g then (if xs=[] then Some g'
                                              else s xs) else s (x#xs))"
lemma play_nonpos_consistent_next:
  assumes "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) (LCons
g (LCons g'xs)) []"
      and "g \in attacker" and "xs \neq LNil"
  shows "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g' xs) []"
  have X: "\Lambda1. 1\neq [] \implies (((nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) ([g] @ 1)) = s 1)" using
nonpos_strat_from_next.simps by simp
  have A1: "/s v l. play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g'
s) (LCons v LNi1) ([g]@1) \Longrightarrow (1 = [] \lor (last 1) \notin attacker \lor ((last 1)\inattacker
\wedge the (s 1) = v))"
  proof-
    fix s v l
    assume "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) (LCons
v LNil) ([g] @ 1)"
    show "1 = [] \vee last 1 \notin attacker \vee last 1 \in attacker \wedge the (s 1) = v "
    proof(cases "l=[]")
      case True
      then show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case False
      hence "l \neq []" .
      then show ?thesis proof(cases "last 1 ∉ attacker")
        case True
        then show ?thesis by simp
      next
        case False
        hence "the ((nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) ([g] @ 1)) = v"
          by (smt (verit) <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next
g g's) (LCons v LNil) ([g] @ 1) > append_is_Nil_conv assms(2) eq_LConsD last.simps
last_append lhd_LCons list.distinct(1) llist.disc(1) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps)
        hence "the (s 1) = v" using X \langle 1 \neq [] \rangle by auto
        then show ?thesis using False by simp
      qed
    qed
  qed
  have A2: "/s v Ps 1. play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next
g g' s) (LCons v Ps) ([g]@1) \land Ps\neqLNil \Longrightarrow play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_
g g' s) Ps ([g]@(l@[v])) \land (v∈attacker \longrightarrow lhd Ps = the (s (l@[v])))"
 proof-
    fix s v Ps 1
    assume play_cons: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g
g's) (LCons v Ps) ([g]@l) \land Ps\neqLNil"
    show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) Ps ([g]@(l@[v]))
\land (v∈attacker \longrightarrow 1hd Ps = the (s (10[v]))"
    proof
      show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) Ps ([g]@(1@[v]))"
using play_cons play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps
        by (smt (verit) append_assoc lhd_LCons llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2))
      show "v \in attacker \longrightarrow lhd Ps = the (s (l @ [v]))"
```

```
proof
               hence "lhd Ps = the ((nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) ([g]@(1 @ [v])))" using
play_cons play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps
                   by (smt (verit) append_assoc lhd_LCons llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2))
               thus "lhd Ps = the (s (1 @ [v]))" using X by auto
            qed
       qed
   qed
   have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s xs [g']" proof (rule play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_
        show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) xs ([g]@[g'])"
using assms(1)
           by (metis A2 append_Cons append_Nil assms(3) llist.distinct(1) play_consistent_attacker_m
        show "∧s v l.
             play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) (LCons v
LNil) ([g] 0 1) \Longrightarrow
             1 = [] \lor last 1 \notin attacker \lor last 1 \in attacker \land the (s 1) = v" using A1
by auto
       show "∧s v Ps 1.
             play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) (LCons v
Ps) ([g] 0 1) \land Ps \neq LNil \Longrightarrow
             play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) Ps ([g] @
1 @ [v]) \land (v \in attacker \longrightarrow 1hd Ps = the (s (1 @ <math>[v])))" using A2 by auto
   qed
   thus ?thesis
       by (metis A2 append.left_neutral append_Cons assms(1) llist.distinct(1) lnull_def
play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp)
We now introduce a construction to obtain a non-positional attacker winning strategy
from a strategy at a previous position.
fun nonpos_strat_from_previous:: "'position \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow
    ('position list \Rightarrow 'position option) \Rightarrow ('position list \Rightarrow 'position option)"
    "nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s [] = s []" |
    "nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s (x\#xs) = (if x=g' then s (g\#(g'\#xs))
                                                                                            else s (x#xs))"
lemma play_nonpos_consistent_previous:
   assumes "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s) p
([g']@1)"
                   and "g\inattacker \Longrightarrow g'=the (s [g])"
   shows "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s p ([g,g']@1)"
proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_coinduct)
   show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s) p (tl([g,g']@l))
\land length ([g,g']@1) > 1 \land hd ([g,g']@1) = g \land hd (tl ([g,g']@1)) = g'" using assms(1)
   have X: "\label{eq:lambda}1. nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s ([g']@1) = s ([g,g']@1)" using
nonpos_strat_from_previous.simps by simp
   have Y: "\bigwedge1. hd 1 \neq g' \Longrightarrow nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g 1 = s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_from_previous g 1 = s 1 = s 1" using nonpos_strat_
       by (metis list.sel(1) neq_Nil_conv)
   show "\wedges v 1.
```

```
play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s) (LCons
v LNil) (tl l) \wedge 1 < length l \wedge hd l = g \wedge hd (tl l) = g' \Longrightarrow
       1 = [] \lor last 1 \notin attacker \lor last 1 \in attacker \land the (s 1) = v"
  proof-
    fix s v l
    assume A: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g'
s) (LCons v LNil) (tl 1) \wedge 1 < length 1 \wedge hd 1 = g \wedge hd (tl 1) = g'"
    show "l = [] \vee last 1 \notin attacker \vee last 1 \in attacker \wedge the (s 1) = v"
    proof(cases "last 1 ∈ attacker")
      case True
      hence "last (tl 1) ∈ attacker"
        by (metis A hd_Cons_tl last_tl less_Suc0 remdups_adj.simps(2) remdups_adj_singleton
remdups_adj_singleton_iff zero_neq_one)
      hence "the (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s (tl 1)) = v" using play_consistent_attacker
Α
        by (smt (verit) length_tl less_numeral_extra(3) list.size(3) llist.disc(1)
llist.distinct(1) llist.inject zero_less_diff)
      hence "the (s 1) = v" using X A
        by (smt (verit, del_insts) One_nat_def hd_Cons_tl length_Cons less_numeral_extra(4)
list.inject list.size(3) not one less zero nonpos strat from previous.elims)
      then show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case False
      then show ?thesis by simp
  qed
  show "∧s v Ps 1.
       (play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s) (LCons
v Ps) (tl 1) ∧
        1 < length 1 \wedge hd 1 = g \wedge hd (tl 1) = g') \wedge
       Ps \neq LNil \Longrightarrow
       (play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s) Ps (t1
(1 @ [v])) \land
        1 < length (1 @ [v]) \wedge hd (1 @ [v]) = g \wedge hd (t1 (1 @ [v])) = g') \wedge
       (v \in attacker \longrightarrow lhd Ps = the (s (l @ [v])))"
  proof-
    fix s v Ps 1
    assume A: "(play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g')
s) (LCons v Ps) (tl 1) \wedge
        1 < length 1 \wedge hd 1 = g \wedge hd (t1 1) = g') \wedge Ps \neq LNil"
    show "(play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s) Ps
(tl (l @ [v])) \
        1 < length (1 @ [v]) \land hd (1 @ [v]) = g \land hd (tl (1 @ [v])) = g') \land
       (v \in attacker \longrightarrow lhd Ps = the (s (l @ [v])))"
      show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s)
Ps (tl (l @ [v])) \
    1 < length (1 @ [v]) \wedge hd (1 @ [v]) = g \wedge hd (tl (1 @ [v])) = g'"
      proof
        show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s)
Ps (tl (l @ [v]))" using A play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps
          by (smt (verit) lhd_LCons list.size(3) llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2)
not_one_less_zero tl_append2)
        show "1 < length (1 @ [v]) \wedge hd (1 @ [v]) = g \wedge hd (t1 (1 @ [v])) = g'"
using A
          by (metis Suc_eq_plus1 add.comm_neutral add.commute append_Nil hd_append2
```

```
length append singleton less numeral extra(4) list.exhaust sel list.size(3) tl append2
trans_less_add2)
      qed
      show "v \in attacker \longrightarrow lhd Ps = the (s (l @ [v]))"
      proof
        {\tt assume} \ {\tt "v} \ \in \ {\tt attacker"}
        hence "lhd Ps = the ((nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s) (tl (1 @ [v])))"
using A play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps
          by (smt (verit) lhd LCons list.size(3) llist.distinct(1) ltl simps(2)
not_one_less_zero tl_append2)
        thus "lhd Ps = the (s (1 @ [v]))" using X A
          by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) One_nat_def Suc_lessD <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos
(nonpos\_strat\_from\_previous g g' s) Ps (tl (l @ [v])) \land 1 < length (l @ [v]) \land hd
(1 @ [v]) = g \land hd (t1 (1 @ [v])) = g' \gt butlast.simps(2) butlast_snoc hd_Cons_tl
length_greater_0_conv list.inject nonpos_strat_from_previous.elims)
      ged
    qed
  qed
qed
With these constructions we can show that the winning budgets defined by non-
positional strategies are a fixed point of the inductive characterisation.
lemma nonpos_winning_budget_implies_inductive:
  assumes "nonpos_winning_budget e g"
  shows "g \in attacker \Longrightarrow (\existsg'. (weight g g' \neq None) \land (apply_w g g' e)\neq None
         ∧ (nonpos winning budget (the (apply w g g' e)) g'))" and
        "g \notin attacker \Longrightarrow (\forallg'. (weight g g' \neq None) \longrightarrow (apply_w g g' e)\neq None
         ∧ (nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))"
proof-
  from assms obtain s where S: "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s e g" unfolding
nonpos_winning_budget.simps by auto
  \verb"show"" g \in \verb"attacker" \implies (\exists \verb"g"." (weight g g" \neq \verb"None") \land (apply\_w g g" e) \neq \verb"None" \land
(nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))"
  proof-
    have finite: "lfinite (LCons g LNil)" by simp
    have play_cons_g: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g LNil) []"
      by (simp add: play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(2))
    have valid_play_g: "valid_play (LCons g LNil)"
      by (simp add: valid_play.intros(2))
    hence "-defender_wins_play e (LCons g LNil)" using nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps
S play_cons_g by auto
    hence "- deadend g" using finite defender_wins_play_def
      by (simp add: ⟨g ∈ attacker⟩)
    hence "s [g] \neq None" using nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps attacker_nonpos_strategy
      by (simp add: \langle g \in attacker \rangle)
    show "(\exists g'. (weight g g' \neq None) \land (apply_w g g' e) \neq None \land (nonpos_winning_budget)
(the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))"
      show "weight g (the (s [g])) \neq None \wedge apply_w g (the (s [g])) e \neq None \wedge
nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (the (s [g]))"
      proof
        show "weight g (the (s [g])) \neq None" using nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps
attacker_nonpos_strategy_def S <- deadend g>
```

```
using ⟨g ∈ attacker⟩ by (metis last ConsL not Cons self2)
        show "apply_w g (the (s [g])) e \neq None \land
              nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (the (s [g]))"
        proof
          show "apply_w g (the (s [g])) e \neq None"
          proof-
            have finite: "lfinite (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil))" by simp
            have play_cons_g': "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g (LCons
(the (s [g])) LNil)) [] " using play_cons_g play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros
              by (metis append_Nil lhd_LCons llist.disc(2))
            have valid_play_g': "valid_play (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil))"
using valid_play.intros valid_play_g
              using <weight g (the (s [g])) \neq None> by auto
            hence "¬defender_wins_play e (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil))" using
nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps S play_cons_g' by auto
            hence notNone: "energy_level e (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil))
1 \neq \texttt{None}" using finite defender_wins_play_def
              by (metis One_nat_def diff_Suc_1 length_Cons length_list_of_conv_the_enat
lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list.size(3) list_of_LCons list_of_LNil)
            hence "energy_level e (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil)) 1 = apply_w
(lnth (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil)) 0)(lnth (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g]))
LNil)) 1) (the (energy_level e (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil)) 0))"
              using energy_level.simps by (metis One_nat_def)
            hence "energy_level e (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) LNil)) 1 = apply_w
g (the (s [g])) e" by simp
            thus "apply_w g (the (s [g])) e \neq None" using notNone by simp
          qed
          show "nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (the (s
[g]))"
            unfolding nonpos_winning_budget.simps proof
            show "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy (nonpos_strat_from_previous g
(the (s [g])) s) (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (the (s [g]))"
              unfolding nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps proof
              show "attacker_nonpos_strategy (nonpos_strat_from_previous g (the
(s [g])) s)" using S nonpos_strat_from_previous.simps
                by (smt (verit) nonpos_strat_from_previous.elims nonpos_attacker_winning_strate
attacker_nonpos_strategy_def last.simps list.distinct(1))
              show "\forall p. play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
g (the (s [g])) s) (LCons (the (s [g])) p) [] \land
                    valid_play (LCons (the (s [g])) p) \longrightarrow
                    ¬ defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (LCons
(the (s [g])) p) "
              proof
                show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
g (the (s [g])) s) (LCons (the (s [g])) p) [] \land
                    valid_play (LCons (the (s [g])) p) \longrightarrow
                    ¬ defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (LCons
(the (s [g])) p) "
                proof
                  assume A: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
g (the (s [g])) s) (LCons (the (s [g])) p) [] \land
                    valid_play (LCons (the (s [g])) p)"
```

```
hence play_cons: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g (LCons
(the (s [g])) p)) []"
                               proof(cases "p = LNil")
                                  case True
                                  then show ?thesis using nonpos_strat_from_previous.simps play_consistent_at
                                      by (smt (verit) lhd_LCons llist.discI(2) self_append_conv2)
                               next
                                  case False
                                  hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
g (the (s [g])) s) p [(the (s [g]))] using A play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.cases
                                      using eq_Nil_appendI lhd_LCons by fastforce
                                  have "(the (s [g])) \in attacker \Longrightarrow lhd p = the ((nonpos_strat_from_previous))
g (the (s [g])) s) [(the (s [g]))])" using A play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.cases
                                      by (simp add: False play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp)
                                  hence "(the (s [g])) \in attacker \Longrightarrow 1hd p = the (s [g,(the (s
[g]))])" using nonpos_strat_from_previous.simps by simp
                                   then show ?thesis using play_nonpos_consistent_previous
                                      by (smt (verit, del_insts) False <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos</pre>
(nonpos_strat_from_previous g (the (s [g])) s) p [the (s [g])] > append_Cons lhd_LCons
llist.collapse(1) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(5) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.int
play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp self_append_conv2)
                               from A have "valid_play (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) p))"
                                  using <weight g (the (s [g])) \neq None> valid_play.intros(3)
by auto
                               hence not_won: "¬ defender_wins_play e (LCons g (LCons (the (s
[g])) p))" using S play_cons by simp
                               hence "lfinite (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) p))" using defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_play_defender_wins_
by simp
                               hence finite: "lfinite (LCons (the (s [g])) p)" by simp
                               from not_won have no_deadend: "¬(llast (LCons (the (s [g])) p)
∈ attacker ∧ deadend (llast (LCons (the (s [g])) p)))"
                                  by (simp add: defender_wins_play_def)
                               have suc: "Suc (the_enat (llength (LCons (the (s [g])) p)) - 1)
= (the_enat (llength (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) p))) - 1)" using finite
                                  by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) Suc_length_conv diff_Suc_1 length_list_of_conv_th
lfinite_LCons list_of_LCons)
                               have " the_enat (llength (LCons (the (s [g])) p)) - 1 < the_enat
(llength (LCons (the (s [g])) p))" using finite
                                    by (metis (no_types, lifting) diff_less lfinite_llength_enat
llength_eq_0 llist.disc(2) not_less_less_Suc_eq the_enat.simps zero_enat_def zero_less_Suc
zero_less_one)
                                hence cons_e_l:"valid_play (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) p))
\land lfinite (LCons (the (s [g])) p) \land ¬ lnull (LCons (the (s [g])) p) \land apply_w
g (lhd (LCons (the (s [g])) p)) e \neq None \wedge the_enat (llength (LCons (the (s [g]))
p)) - 1 < the_enat (llength (LCons (the (s [g])) p))"
                                    using <valid_play (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) p))> finite
<apply_w g (the (s [g])) e \neq None> by simp
                               from not_won have "energy_level e (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g]))
p)) (the_enat (llength (LCons g (LCons (the (s [g])) p))) - 1) \neq None"
                                  by (simp add: defender_wins_play_def)
```

```
hence "energy_level (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (LCons (the
(s [g])) p) (the_enat (llength (LCons (the (s [g])) p)) - 1) \neq None"
                     using energy_level_cons cons_e_l suc
                     by (metis enat_ord_simps(2) eq_LConsD length_list_of length_list_of_conv_th
                   thus "¬ defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g (the (s [g])) e)) (LCons
(the (s [g])) p) " using finite no_deadend defender_wins_play_def by simp
                 qed
               aed
             qed
          qed
        qed
      qed
    qed
  qed
  \verb"show" g \notin \verb"attacker" \Longrightarrow (\forall \, \verb"g". (weight g g" \neq \verb"None") \longrightarrow (\verb"apply_w" g g" e) \neq \verb"None"
∧ (nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))"
  proof-
    assume "g∉attacker"
    show "(\forall g'. (weight g g' \neq None) \longrightarrow (apply_w g g' e) \neq None \land (nonpos_winning_budget)
(the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))"
    proof
      fix g'
      \verb"show" (weight g g' \neq \verb"None") \longrightarrow (apply\_w g g' e) \neq \verb"None" \land (nonpos\_winning\_budget")
(the (apply_w g g' e)) g')"
      proof
        {\tt assume} \; \texttt{"(weight g g'} \neq \texttt{None)"}
        show "(apply_w g g' e)≠ None ∧ (nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g'
e)) g')"
        proof
          have "valid_play (LCons g (LCons g' LNil))" using <(weight g g' \neq None)>
            by (simp add: valid_play.intros(2) valid_play.intros(3))
          have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g' LNil) [g]" using play_consistent_at
            by (simp add: ⟨g ∉ attacker⟩)
          hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g (LCons g' LNil)) []"
using <g∉attacker> play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(5) by simp
          hence "¬defender_wins_play e (LCons g (LCons g' LNil))" using <valid_play
(LCons g (LCons g' LNil)) > S by simp
          hence "energy_level e (LCons g (LCons g' LNil)) (the_enat (llength (LCons
g (LCons g' LNil)))-1) \( \neq \text{None" using defender_wins_play_def by simp} \)
          hence "energy_level e (LCons g (LCons g' LNil)) 1 ≠ None"
             by (metis One_nat_def diff_Suc_1 length_Cons length_list_of_conv_the_enat
lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list.size(3) list_of_LCons list_of_LNil)
          thus "apply_w g g' e \neq None" using energy_level.simps
            by (metis One_nat_def lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons option.sel)
          show "(nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g')"
             unfolding nonpos_winning_budget.simps proof
             show "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy (nonpos_strat_from_previous g
g's) (the (apply_w g g'e)) g'"
               unfolding nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps proof
               show "attacker_nonpos_strategy (nonpos_strat_from_previous g g' s)"
using S
                 by (smt (verit, del_insts) nonpos_strat_from_previous.elims nonpos_attacker_win
attacker_nonpos_strategy_def last_ConsR list.distinct(1))
               show "\forall p. play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
```

```
g g' s) (LCons g' p) [] \wedge valid play (LCons g' p) \longrightarrow
                     defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g g'e)) (LCons g'p)"
              proof
               fix p
                show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
g g' s) (LCons g' p) [] \land valid_play (LCons g' p) \longrightarrow
                      ¬ defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g g' e)) (LCons g' p) "
                  assume A: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
g g' s) (LCons g' p) [] \( \text{valid_play (LCons g' p)"} \)
                  hence "valid_play (LCons g (LCons g' p))"
                   using <weight g g' \neq None > valid_play.intros(3) by auto
                  from A have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_previous
g g's) p [g']"
                   using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(1) play_consistent_attacker_no
by auto
                  hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s p [g,g']" using play_nonpos_consistent
<g∉attacker>
                   by fastforce
                 hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s (LCons g (LCons g' p))
[] "
                   by (smt (verit) A Cons_eq_appendI <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos</pre>
s (LCons g (LCons g' LNil)) [] > eq_Nil_appendI lhd_LCons llist.discI(2) llist.distinct(1)
ltl_simps(2) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps nonpos_strat_from_previous.simps(2))
                  hence not_won: "¬defender_wins_play e (LCons g (LCons g' p))"
using S <valid_play (LCons g (LCons g' p)) > by simp
                 hence finite: "lfinite (LCons g' p)"
                   by (simp add: defender_wins_play_def)
                  from not_won have no_deadend: "¬(llast (LCons g' p) ∈ attacker
∧ deadend (llast (LCons g' p)))" using defender_wins_play_def by simp
                 have suc: "Suc ((the_enat (llength (LCons g' p)) - 1)) = (the_enat
(llength (LCons g (LCons g' p))) - 1)"
                   using finite
                   by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) Suc_length_conv diff_Suc_1 length_list_of_conv_th
lfinite_LCons list_of_LCons)
                  from not_won have "energy_level e (LCons g (LCons g' p)) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g (LCons g' p))) - 1) ≠ None" using defender_wins_play_def by simp
                 hence "energy_level (the (apply_w g g' e)) (LCons g' p) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g' p)) - 1) \neq None"
                    using suc energy_level_cons
                   by (smt (verit, best) One_nat_def Suc_diff_Suc Suc_lessD <apply_w</pre>
energy_level.elims lessI lfinite_conv_llength_enat lhd_LCons llist.discI(2) llist.distinct(1)
local.finite option.collapse the_enat.simps zero_less_Suc zero_less_diff)
                   thus " - defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g g' e)) (LCons g'
p)" using defender_wins_play_def finite no_deadend by simp
                qed
              qed
            qed
          qed
       qed
      qed
```

```
qed
   qed
qed
lemma inductive_implies_nonpos_winning_budget:
   shows "g \in attacker \Longrightarrow (\existsg'. (weight g g' \neq None) \land (apply_w g g' e)\neq None
                 ∧ (nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))
                ⇒ nonpos_winning_budget e g"
                and "g \notin attacker \Longrightarrow (\forallg'. (weight g g' \neq None)
                \longrightarrow (apply_w g g' e)\neq None
                ∧ (nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))
                ⇒ nonpos_winning_budget e g"
proof-
   assume "(\exists g'. (weight g g' \neq None) \land (apply_w g g' e) \neq None \land (nonpos_winning_budget)
(the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))"
   from this obtain g' where A1: "(weight g g' \neq None) \wedge (apply_w g g' e)\neq None
∧ (nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g')" by auto
   hence "∃s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'" using
nonpos_winning_budget.simps by auto
   from this obtain s where s_winning: "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w
g g' e)) g'" by auto
   have "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) e g" unfolding
nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps
   proof
       show "attacker_nonpos_strategy (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s)"
           unfolding attacker_nonpos_strategy_def proof
           fix list
           show "list \neq [] \longrightarrow
             last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list) \longrightarrow
             \verb|nonpos_strat_from_next| g | g' | s | list \neq \verb|None| \land weight (last list) (the (nonpos_strat_from_last) | list | list) | list | list
g g' s list)) \neq None"
           proof
                assume "list \neq []"
                \verb|show| "last list| \in \verb|attacker| \land \neg | deadend (last list)| \longrightarrow
                             nonpos_strat_from_next g g's list \neq None \wedge weight (last list) (the
(nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s list)) \neq None"
               proof
                   assume "last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list)"
                   show "nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s list \neq None \weight (last list)
(the (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s list)) \neq None "
                   proof
                       from s_winning have "attacker_nonpos_strategy s" by auto
                       thus "nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s list \neq None" using nonpos_strat_from_next.simpa
\langle \text{list} \neq [] \rangle \langle \text{last list} \in \text{attacker} \land \neg \text{ deadend (last list)} \rangle
                           by (smt (verit) nonpos_strat_from_next.elims attacker_nonpos_strategy_def
last_ConsR option.discI)
                       show "weight (last list) (the (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s list))

\neq None "using nonpos_strat_from_next.simps(2) <list 
eq [] > <last list \in attacker
∧ ¬ deadend (last list)>
                           by (smt (verit) A1 <attacker_nonpos_strategy s> nonpos_strat_from_next.elims
attacker_nonpos_strategy_def last_ConsL last_ConsR option.sel)
               qed
            qed
```

```
{\tt show} \ \ "\forall {\tt p. play\_consistent\_attacker\_nonpos} \ \ ({\tt nonpos\_strat\_from\_next} \ {\tt g} \ {\tt g'} \ {\tt s}) \ \ ({\tt LCons}
g p) [] \land valid_play (LCons g p) \longrightarrow
        ¬ defender_wins_play e (LCons g p) "
    proof
      fix p
      show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g' s) (LCons
g p) [] \land valid_play (LCons g p) \longrightarrow
        ¬ defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)"
      proof
        assume A: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (nonpos_strat_from_next g g'
s) (LCons g p)[] \land valid_play (LCons g p)"
        hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s p []"
        proof(cases "p=LNil")
          case True
          then show ?thesis
            by (simp add: play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(1))
        next
          case False
          hence "∃v p'. p=LCons v p'"
            by (meson llist.exhaust)
          from this obtain v p' where "p= LCons v p'" by auto
          then show ?thesis
          proof(cases "p'=LNil")
            case True
            then show ?thesis
              by (simp add:  play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.intros(2))
          next
            case False
            from <p= LCons v p'> have "v=g'" using A nonpos_strat_from_next.simps
play_nonpos_consistent_previous ⟨g ∈ attacker⟩
              by (simp add: play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp)
            then show ?thesis using <p= LCons v p'> A nonpos_strat_from_next.simps
play_nonpos_consistent_next
              using False \langle g \in attacker \rangle by blast
          qed
        qed
        have "valid_play p" using A valid_play.simps
          by (metis eq_LConsD)
        hence notNil: "p≠LNil ⇒ ¬ defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g g' e)) p"
using s_winning <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s p [] > nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.elim
          by (metis A <g ∈ attacker > lhd_LCons not_lnull_conv option.sel play_consistent_attacker.)
nonpos_strat_from_next.simps(2))
        show " ¬ defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)"
        proof(cases "p=LNil")
          case True
          hence "lfinite (LCons g p)" by simp
          have "llast (LCons g p) = g" using True by simp
          hence not_deadend: "¬ deadend (llast (LCons g p))" using A1 by auto
          have "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1)
\neq None" using True
            by (simp add: gen_llength_code(1) gen_llength_code(2) llength_code)
          then show ?thesis using defender_wins_play_def not_deadend <lfinite (LCons
g p) > by simp
```

```
next
          case False
          hence "- defender_wins_play (the (apply_w g g' e)) p" using notNil by
simp
          hence not: "lfinite p \land energy_level (the (apply_w g g' e)) p (the_enat
(llength p) - 1) \neq None \land ¬(llast p \in attacker \land deadend (llast p))" using defender_wins_play
            by simp
          hence "lfinite (LCons g p)" by simp
          from False have "llast (LCons g p) = llast p"
            by (meson llast_LCons llist.collapse(1))
          hence "\neg(llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast (LCons g p)))"
using not by simp
          from <lfinite (LCons g p) > have "the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) = Suc
(the_enat (llength p))"
            by (metis eSuc_enat lfinite_LCons lfinite_conv_llength_enat llength_LCons
the_enat.simps)
          hence E:"(the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) = Suc (the_enat (llength
p) - 1) " using < lfinite (LCons g p) > False
            by (metis diff_Suc_1 diff_self_eq_0 gr0_implies_Suc i0_less less_enatE
less_imp_diff_less lfinite_llength_enat llength_eq_0 llist.collapse(1) not the_enat.simps)
          from False have "lhd p = g'" using A nonpos_strat_from_next.simps play_nonpos_consist
<g∈attacker>
            by (simp add: play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp)
          hence "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1)
= energy_level (the (apply_w g g' e)) p (the_enat (llength p) - 1)"
            using energy_level_cons A not False A1 E
            by (metis <the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) = Suc (the_enat (llength p))>
diff_Suc_1 enat_ord_simps(2) lessI lfinite_conv_llength_enat play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_co
the_enat.simps)
          hence "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1)
≠ None" using not by auto
          then show ?thesis using defender_wins_play_def < lfinite (LCons g p) > < \( \cap(1 \) (llast
(LCons g p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast (LCons g p))) \gt by auto
        qed
      qed
    qed
  qed
  thus "nonpos_winning_budget e g" using nonpos_winning_budget.simps by auto
  assume "g ∉ attacker"
  assume all: "(\forall g'. (weight g g' \neq None) \longrightarrow (apply_w g g' e) \neq None \land (nonpos_winning_budget)
(the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))"
 have valid: "attacker_nonpos_strategy (\lambdalist. (case list of
               [] \Rightarrow \texttt{None} \mid
               [x] \Rightarrow (if x \in attacker \land ¬deadend x then Some (SOME y. weight x
y \neq None) else None) |
               (x\#(g'\#xs)) \Rightarrow (if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then ((SOME s. nonpos_attacker_win
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs))
                                else (if (last (x\#(g'\#xs))) \in attacker \land \negdeadend
(last (x#(g'#xs))) then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x#(g'#xs))) y \neq None) else None)))"
    unfolding attacker_nonpos_strategy_def proof
```

```
fix list
    show "list \neq [] \longrightarrow
        last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list) \longrightarrow
        (case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then Some
(SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None
         | x # g' # xs \Rightarrow
             if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
             else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g' # xs))
                   then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else None)
\neq
        None \wedge
        weight (last list)
         (the (case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then
Some (SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None
                | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                     if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                     else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x #
g' # xs))
                          then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None)
else None)) \neq
       None"
    proof
      assume "list \neq []"
      \verb|show| "last list| \in \verb|attacker| \land \neg | \verb|deadend| (last list)| \longrightarrow
    (case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then Some (SOME
y. weight x y \neq None) else None
     | x # g' # xs \Rightarrow
          if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
          else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g' # xs))
                then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else None)
\neq
    None \wedge
    weight (last list)
     (the (case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then
Some (SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None
            | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                 if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                 else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                       then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None)) \neq
    None"
      proof
         show "(case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then
Some (SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None
     | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
          if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
          else if last (x \# g' \# xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last <math>(x \# g' \# xs))
                then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else None)
\neq
```

```
None \wedge
    weight (last list)
     (the (case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then
Some (SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None
            | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                      then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None)) \neq
    None"
        proof
           show "(case list of [] \Rightarrow None |
                  [x] \Rightarrow \text{if } x \in \text{attacker } \land \neg \text{ deadend } x \text{ then Some (SOME } y. \text{ weight}
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x # g' # xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                         then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None) \neq None"
           proof(cases "length list = 1")
             case True
             then show ?thesis
                by (smt (verit) One_nat_def <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last
list) > append_butlast_last_id append_eq_Cons_conv butlast_snoc length_0_conv length_Suc_conv_re
list.simps(4) list.simps(5) option.discI)
           next
             case False
             hence "\exists x y xs. list = x # (y # xs)"
                by (metis One_nat_def t ≠ [] > length_Cons list.exhaust list.size(3))
             from this obtain x y xs where "list = x # (y # xs)" by auto
             then show ?thesis proof(cases "(x=g \land weight x y \neq None)")
                case True
               hence A: "(case list of [] \Rightarrow None |
                  [x] \Rightarrow \text{if } x \in \text{attacker } \land \neg \text{ deadend } x \text{ then Some (SOME } y. \text{ weight}
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                         then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None) = (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w g y e)) y) (y#xs)"
                  using <list = x # y # xs> list.simps(5) by fastforce
                from all True have "3s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w
g y e)) y" by auto
                hence "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g y e)) y) (the (apply_w g y e)) y"
                 using some_eq_ex by metis
               hence "attacker_nonpos_strategy (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g y e)) y)"
                  by (meson nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.simps)
```

```
hence "(SOME s. nonpos attacker winning strategy s (the (apply w g
y e)) y) (y#xs) \neq None"
                  using <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list)>  < x
# (y # xs)>
                  by (simp add: list.distinct(1) attacker_nonpos_strategy_def)
                then show ?thesis using A by simp
                case False
               hence "(case list of [] \Rightarrow None |
                  [x] \Rightarrow \text{if } x \in \text{attacker} \land \neg \text{ deadend } x \text{ then Some (SOME y. weight)}
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                         then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None) =
               Some (SOME z. weight (last (x # y # xs)) z \neq None)"
                  using <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list)>  < list = x
# y # xs> by auto
               then show ?thesis by simp
             qed
           qed
           show "weight (last list)
                  (the (case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend
x then Some (SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None
                         | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                           if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_st
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                           else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last
(x # g' # xs))
                           then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None)
else None)) \( \neq \) None"
           proof(cases "length list =1")
             case True
             hence "the (case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend
x then Some (SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None
            | x # g' # xs \Rightarrow
                 if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                 else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                      then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None) = (SOME y. weight (last list) y \neq None)"
                using <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list)>
                by (smt (verit) Eps_cong One_nat_def <(case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x]
\Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then Some (SOME y. weight x y 
eq None) else None
| x # g' # xs \Rightarrow if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g' # xs) else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg
deadend (last (x # g' # xs)) then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq
None) else None) \( \neq \) None \( \) last_snoc length_0_conv length_Suc_conv_rev list.case_eq_if
list.sel(1) list.sel(3) option.sel self_append_conv2)
             then show ?thesis
```

```
by (smt (verit, del insts) <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last
list)> some_eq_ex)
           next
             case False
             hence "\exists x y xs. list = x # (y # xs)"
               by (metis One_nat_def <list \neq [] > length_Cons list.exhaust list.size(3))
             from this obtain x y xs where "list = x # (y # xs)" by auto
             then show ?thesis proof(cases "(x=g \land weight x y \neq None)")
               case True
               hence "(case list of [] \Rightarrow None |
                  [x] \Rightarrow \text{if } x \in \text{attacker} \land \neg \text{ deadend } x \text{ then Some (SOME y. weight)}
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                        then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None) = (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w g y e)) y) (y#xs)"
                  using <list = x # y # xs> list.simps(5) by fastforce
               from all True have "3s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w
g y e)) y" by auto
               hence "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g y e)) y) (the (apply_w g y e)) y"
                 using some_eq_ex by metis
               then show ?thesis
                  by (smt (verit) <(case list of [] \Rightarrow None | [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker
\land ¬ deadend x then Some (SOME y. weight x y \neq None) else None | x # g' # xs \Rightarrow
if x = g \land weight x g' \ne None then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s
(the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g' # xs) else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg
deadend (last (x # g' # xs)) then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq
None) else None) = (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w g y
e)) y) (y # xs)> <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list)> t = x # y
# xs> attacker_nonpos_strategy_def nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.elims(1) last_ConsR
list.distinct(1))
             next
               case False
               hence "(case list of [] \Rightarrow None |
                  [x] \Rightarrow \text{if } x \in \text{attacker } \land \neg \text{ deadend } x \text{ then Some (SOME } y. \text{ weight}
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                        then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None) =
               Some (SOME z. weight (last (x # y # xs)) z \neq None)"
                 using <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last list)>  < x
# y # xs> by auto
               then show ?thesis
                 by (smt (verit, del_insts) <last list \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last
list)> <list = x # y # xs> option.sel verit_sko_ex_indirect)
             qed
           qed
```

```
qed
      qed
    qed
  qed
  have winning: "(\forall p. (play\_consistent\_attacker\_nonpos (\lambda list. (case list of []))
\Rightarrow None |
                  [x] \Rightarrow \text{if } x \in \text{attacker } \land \neg \text{ deadend } x \text{ then Some (SOME y. weight)}
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x # g' # xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                         then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None)) (LCons g p) []
                  \land valid_play (LCons g p)) \longrightarrow \neg defender_wins_play e (LCons g p))"
  proof
    fix p
    show "(play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (\lambdalist. (case list of [] \Rightarrow None |
                   [x] \Rightarrow if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then Some (SOME y. weight
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x # g' # xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                         then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None)) (LCons g p) []
                  \land valid_play (LCons g p)) \longrightarrow \neg defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)"
       assume A: "(play_consistent_attacker_nonpos (\lambdalist. (case list of [] \Rightarrow None
                  [x] \Rightarrow \text{if } x \in \text{attacker } \land \neg \text{ deadend } x \text{ then Some (SOME } y. \text{ weight}
x y \neq None) else None
                  | x \# g' \# xs \Rightarrow
                  if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy)
s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g') (g'#xs)
                  else if last (x # g' # xs) \in attacker \land \neg deadend (last (x # g'
# xs))
                         then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x # g' # xs)) y \neq None) else
None)) (LCons g p) []
                  ∧ valid_play (LCons g p))"
       show "¬ defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)"
      proof(cases "p = LNil")
         case True
         hence "lfinite (LCons g p)"
           by simp
         from True have "llength (LCons g p) = enat 1"
           by (simp add: gen_llength_code(1) gen_llength_code(2) llength_code)
         hence "the_enat (llength (LCons g p))-1 = 0" by simp
         hence "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p))-1) = Some
e" using energy_level.simps
```

```
by simp
        thus ?thesis using <g ∉ attacker> <lfinite (LCons g p)> defender_wins_play_def
          by (simp add: True)
      next
        case False
        hence "weight g (lhd p) \neq None" using A
          using llist.distinct(1) valid_play.cases by auto
        hence "∃s. (nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w g (lhd p) e))
(lhd p)) \( \text{play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s p []"}
        proof-
          have "3s. (nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w g (lhd p)
e)) (lhd p))" using <weight g (lhd p) \neq None> all by simp
          hence a_win: "nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strat
s (the (apply_w g (lhd p) e)) (lhd p)) (the (apply_w g (lhd p) e)) (lhd p)"
            by (smt (verit, del_insts) list.simps(9) nat.case_distrib nat.disc_eq_case(1)
neq_Nil_conv take_Suc take_eq_Nil2 tfl_some verit_sko_forall')
          define strat where Strat: "strat ≡ (SOME s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy
s (the (apply_w g (lhd p) e)) (lhd p))"
          define strategy where Strategy: "strategy \equiv (\lambdalist. (case list of
                            [] \Rightarrow \texttt{None} \mid
                            [x] \Rightarrow (if x \in attacker \land \neg deadend x then Some (SOME))
y. weight x y \neq None) else None)
                            (x\#(g'\#xs)) \Rightarrow (if (x=g \land weight x g' \neq None) then ((SOME))
s. nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w g g' e)) g' ) (g'#xs))
                                else (if (last (x#(g'#xs))) \in attacker \land \negdeadend
(last (x#(g'#xs))) then Some (SOME y. weight (last (x#(g'#xs))) y \neq None) else None))))"
          hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos strategy (LCons g p) []" using
A by simp
          hence strategy_cons: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos strategy (ltl p)
[g, lhd p]" using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps
            by (smt (verit) False butlast.simps(2) last_ConsL last_ConsR lhd_LCons
list.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp snoc_eq_iff_butlast)
          have tail: ^{\prime\prime}p'. strategy (g#((lhd p)#p')) = strat ((lhd p)#p')" unfolding
Strategy Strat
            by (simp add: \langle weight g (lhd p) \neq None \rangle)
          define Q where Q: "\lands P 1. Q s P 1 \equiv play_consistent_attacker_nonpos
strategy P (g#1)
                                                      \land 1 \neq [] \land (\forallp'. strategy (g#((hd
1) #p')) = s ((hd 1) #p'))"
          have "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos strat (ltl p) [lhd p]"
          proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_coinduct)
             show "Q strat (ltl p) [lhd p]"
               unfolding Q using tail strategy_cons False play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_s
by auto
             show "\s v 1. Q s (LCons v LNil) 1 \Longrightarrow 1 = [] \lor last 1 \notin attacker \lor
last 1 \in attacker \land the (s 1) = v"
            proof-
               fix s v l
```

assume "Q s (LCons v LNil) 1"

```
have "1 \neq [] \land last 1 \in attacker \implies the (s 1) = v"
               proof-
                  assume "1 \neq [] \land last 1 \in attacker"
                  hence "(\forall p'. strategy (g\#((hd\ 1)\#p')) = s\ ((hd\ 1)\#p'))" using \langle Q
s (LCons v LNil) 1> Q by simp
                 hence "s l = strategy (g#l)"
                    by (metis \langle 1 \neq [] \land last 1 \in attacker \rangle list.exhaust list.sel(1))
                  from \langle 1 \neq [] \land last 1 \in attacker \rightarrow have "last (g#1) \in attacker" by
simp
                  from <Q s (LCons v LNil) 1> have "the (strategy (g#l)) = v" unfolding
Q using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps <last (g#1) \in attacker>
                    using eq_LConsD list.discI llist.disc(1) by blast
                  thus "the (s 1) = v" using \langle s | 1 = strategy (g#1) \rangle by simp
               thus "l = [] \lor last l \notin attacker \lor last l \in attacker \land the (s l)
= v" by auto
             qed
             show "\lands v Ps 1. Q s (LCons v Ps) 1 \land Ps \neq LNil \Longrightarrow Q s Ps (1 @ [v])
\land (v \in attacker \longrightarrow 1hd Ps = the (s (1 @ [v]))"
             proof-
               fix s v Ps 1
               assume "Q s (LCons v Ps) 1 \wedge Ps \neq LNil"
               hence A: "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos strategy (LCons v Ps) (g#1)
                                                        \land l\neq [] \land (\forallp'. strategy (g#((hd
1)#p')) = s ((hd 1)#p'))" unfolding Q by simp
               show "Q s Ps (1 @ [v]) \land (v \in attacker \longrightarrow 1hd Ps = the (s (1 @ [v])))"
               proof
                  show "Q s Ps (1 @ [v])"
                    unfolding Q proof
                    show "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos strategy Ps (g # 1 @ [v])"
                      using A play_consistent_attacker_nonpos.simps
                      by (smt (verit) Cons_eq_appendI lhd_LCons llist.distinct(1)
ltl_simps(2))
                    have "(\forall p'. strategy (g # hd (1 @ [v]) # p') = s (hd (1 @ [v])
# p'))" using A by simp
                    thus "l @ [v] \neq [] \wedge (\forallp'. strategy (g # hd (l @ [v]) # p') =
s (hd (1 @ [v]) # p')) " by auto
                  qed
                  show "(v \in attacker \longrightarrow lhd Ps = the (s (l @ [v])))"
                    hence "the (strategy (g#(10[v]))) = 1hd Ps" using A play_consistent_attacker_
                      by (smt (verit) Cons_eq_appendI <Q s (LCons v Ps) 1 \wedge Ps \neq
LNil> lhd_LCons llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2))
                    have "s (1 0 [v]) = strategy (g#(10[v]))" using A
                      by (metis (no_types, lifting) hd_Cons_tl hd_append2 snoc_eq_iff_butlast)
                    thus "lhd Ps = the (s (1 @ [v]))" using \langle the (strategy (g#(l@[v])))
= lhd Ps> by simp
```

```
qed
            qed
          qed
        qed
        hence "play_consistent_attacker_nonpos strat p []" using play_consistent_attacker_nonpos
          by (smt (verit) False <g ∉ attacker> <play_consistent_attacker_nonpos</pre>
strategy (LCons g p) [] > append_butlast_last_id butlast.simps(2) last_ConsL last_ConsR
lhd_LCons lhd_LCons_ltl list.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2) play_consistent_attacker_nonpos_cons_simp
tail)
        thus ?thesis using Strat a_win by blast
        qed
        from this obtain s where S: "(nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy s (the (apply_w
g (lhd p) e)) (lhd p)) \land play_consistent_attacker_nonpos s p []" by auto
        have "valid_play p" using A
         by (metis llist.distinct(1) ltl_simps(2) valid_play.simps)
        hence "\negdefender_wins_play (the (apply_w g (lhd p) e)) p" using S
          by (metis False nonpos_attacker_winning_strategy.elims(2) lhd_LCons llist.collapse(1)
not_lnull_conv)
        hence P: "lfinite p ∧ (energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p) e)) p (the_enat
(llength p)-1)) \neq None \land \neg ((llast p) \in attacker \land deadend (llast p))"
          using defender_wins_play_def by simp
        hence "∃n. llength p = enat (Suc n)" using False
          by (metis lfinite_llength_enat llength_eq_0 lnull_def old.nat.exhaust
zero_enat_def)
        from this obtain n where "llength p = enat (Suc n)" by auto
        hence "llength (LCons g p) = enat (Suc (Suc n))"
          by (simp add: eSuc_enat)
        hence "Suc (the_enat (llength p)-1) = (the_enat (llength (LCons g p))-1)"
using <llength p = enat (Suc n) > by simp
        from <weight g (lhd p) \neq None> have "(apply_w g (lhd p) e)\neq None"
          by (simp add: all)
        hence "energy_level (the (apply_w g (lhd p) e)) p (the_enat (llength p)-1)
= energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p))-1)"
          using P energy_level_cons <Suc (the_enat (llength p)-1) = (the_enat (llength
(LCons g p))-1) \rightarrow A
          by (metis (no_types, lifting) False ⟨∃n. llength p = enat (Suc n)⟩ diff_Suc_1
enat_ord_simps(2) lessI llist.collapse(1) the_enat.simps)
        hence "(energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p))-1)) \neq
None"
          using P by simp
        then show ?thesis using P
          by (simp add: False energy_game.defender_wins_play_def llast_LCons lnull_def)
      aed
    qed
 qed
 show "nonpos_winning_budget e g" using nonpos_winning_budget.simps nonpos_attacker_winning_st
winning valid
    by blast
qed
```

lemma winning\_budget\_ind\_implies\_nonpos:

```
assumes "winning budget ind e g"
  shows "nonpos_winning_budget e g"
proof-
  define f where "f = (\lambda p \times 1 \times 2).
                (\exists g e. x1 = e \land
                        x2 = g \wedge
                        g \notin attacker \land
                         (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                                 apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge p (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))
V
                (∃g e. x1 = e \land
                        x2 = g \land
                         g \, \in \, attacker \, \, \wedge \,
                         (\existsg'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                                 apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge p (the (apply_w g g' e)) g')))"
  have "f nonpos_winning_budget = nonpos_winning_budget"
     unfolding f_def
  proof
     fix e0
     show "(\lambdax2. (\existsg e. e0 = e \land
                              x2 = g \land
                              g ∉ attacker ∧
                              (\forall\, g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                                      apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge
                                      nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g')) \/
                     (\exists g e. e0 = e \land
                              x2 = g \land
                              g \in attacker \land
                              (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                                      apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge
                                      nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g')))
             nonpos_winning_budget e0"
     proof
       fix g0
       show "((\existsg e. e0 = e \land
                       g0 = g \wedge
                       g ∉ attacker ∧
                       (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                               apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge
                               nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g')) \/
              (\exists g e. e0 = e \land
                       g0 = g \wedge
                       g \, \in \, \texttt{attacker} \, \, \wedge \,
                       (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                               apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge
                               nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g g' e)) g'))) =
             nonpos_winning_budget e0 g0"
       proof
          assume " (\exists g e. e0 = e \land
              g0 = g \wedge
              g \notin attacker \land
              (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                      apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g
g' e)) g')) ∨
```

```
(\exists g e. e0 = e \land
            g0 = g \wedge
            g \in attacker \land
            (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                  apply_w g g' e ≠ None ∧ nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g
g' e)) g'))"
        thus "nonpos_winning_budget e0 g0" using inductive_implies_nonpos_winning_budget
      next
         assume "nonpos_winning_budget e0 g0"
        thus " (\existsg e. e0 = e \land
            g0 = g \wedge
            g ∉ attacker ∧
            (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                  apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g
g' e)) g')) ∨
    (\existsg e. e0 = e ∧
            g0 = g \wedge
            g \in attacker \land
            (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                  apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge nonpos_winning_budget (the (apply_w g
g' e)) g'))"
           using nonpos_winning_budget_implies_inductive
           by meson
      qed
    qed
  qed
  hence "lfp f \le nonpos_winning_budget "
    using lfp_lowerbound
    by (metis order_refl)
  hence "winning_budget_ind < nonpos_winning_budget"</pre>
    using f_def HOL.nitpick_unfold(211) by simp
  thus ?thesis using assms
    by blast
qed
Finally, we can state the inductive characterisation of attacker winning budgets assum-
ing energy-positional determinacy.
lemma inductive_winning_budget:
  assumes "nonpos_winning_budget = winning_budget"
  shows "winning_budget = winning_budget_ind"
proof
  fix e
  show "winning_budget e = winning_budget_ind e"
  proof
    fix g
    show "winning_budget e g = winning_budget_ind e g"
      assume "winning_budget e g"
      thus "winning_budget_ind e g"
        using winning_budget_implies_ind winning_budget.simps by auto
      assume "winning_budget_ind e g"
      hence "nonpos_winning_budget e g"
        using winning_budget_ind_implies_nonpos by simp
```

```
thus "winning_budget e g" using assms by simp qed qed end end
```

## 3 Galois Energy Games

```
theory Galois_Energy_Game
  imports Energy_Game Well_Quasi_Orders.Well_Quasi_Orders
begin
```

We now define Galois energy games over well-founded bounded join-semilattices. We do this by building on a previously defined energy\_game. In particular, we add a set of energies energies with an order order and a supremum mapping energy\_sup. Then, we assume the set to be partially ordered in energy\_order, the order to be well-founded in energy\_wqo, the supremum to map finite sets to the least upper bound bounded\_join\_semilattice and the set to be upward-closed w.r.t the order in upward\_closed\_energies. Further, we assume the updates to actually map energies (elements of the set enegies) to energies with upd\_well\_defined and assume the inversion to map updates to total functions between the set of energies and the domain of the update in inv\_well\_defined. The latter is assumed to be upward-closed in domain\_upw\_closed. Finally, we assume the updates to be Galois-connected with their inverse in galois. (This corresponds to section 2.3 in the preprint [6].)

```
locale galois_energy_game = energy_game attacker weight application
          attacker :: "'position set" and
          weight :: "'position \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow 'label option" and
          application :: "'label \Rightarrow 'energy \Rightarrow 'energy option" and
          inverse_application :: "'label \Rightarrow 'energy \Rightarrow 'energy option"
  fixes energies :: "'energy set" and
          order :: "'energy \Rightarrow 'energy \Rightarrow bool" (infix "e\leq" 80)and
          energy_sup :: "'energy set ⇒ 'energy"
       assumes
          energy_order: "ordering order (\lambdae e'. order e e' \wedge e \neq e')" and
          energy_wqo: "wqo_on order energies" and
         bounded_join_semilattice: "\bigwedge set s'. set \subseteq energies \Longrightarrow finite set
          \implies energy_sup set \in energies
               \land (\forall s. s \in set \longrightarrow order s (energy_sup set))
              \land (s' \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in set \longrightarrow order s s') \longrightarrow order (energy_sup
set) s')" and
          upward_closed_energies: "\lande e'. e \in energies \Longrightarrow e e\le e' \Longrightarrow e' \in energies"
and
          upd_well_defined: "\bigwedge p p' e. weight p p' \neq None
          \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None \Longrightarrow e \in energies
          \implies (the (application (the (weight p p')) e)) \in energies" and
          inv_well_defined: "\bigwedgep p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e \in energies
          \implies (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e) \neq None
          \land (the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e)) \in energies
          ∧ application (the (weight p p')) (the (inverse_application (the (weight
p p')) e)) \neq None" and
          {\tt domain\_upw\_closed: "} \backslash p \ p' \ e \ e'. \ {\tt weight} \ p \ p' \ \neq \ {\tt None} \implies {\tt order} \ e \ e'
          \implies application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
          \implies application (the (weight p p')) e' \neq None" and
          galois: "\Lambdap p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None
          \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p p')) e' \neq None
          \implies e \in energies \implies e' \in energies
          ⇒ order (the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e) e' = order e
(the (application (the (weight p p')) e'))"
begin
```

```
abbreviation "upd u e \equiv the (application u e)"
abbreviation "inv_upd u e ≡ the (inverse_application u e)"
abbreviation energy_1:: "'energy ⇒ 'energy ⇒ bool" (infix "e<" 80) where
  "energy_l e e' \equiv e e\leq e' \wedge e \neq e'"
```

## 3.1Properties of Galois connections

The following properties are described by Erné et al. [3].

```
lemma galois_properties:
  shows upd_inv_increasing:
   "\bigwedgep p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e\inenergies
    ⇒ order e (the (application (the (weight p p')) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e))))"
   and inv_upd_decreasing:
  "\bigwedgep p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e\inenergies
  \implies application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
  ⇒ the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) (the (application (the (weight
p p')) e))) e≤ e"
  and updates_monotonic:
  "\bigwedgep p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrowe\inenergies \Longrightarrow e e\leq e'
  \implies application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
  \implies the(application (the (weight p p')) e) e\leq the (application (the (weight p
p')) e')"
  and inverse_monotonic:
  "\landp p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e\inenergies \Longrightarrow e e\leq e'
  \implies inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
  \implies the( inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e) e\le the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e')"
proof-
  \verb|show| \verb|upd_inv_increasing: "| \land p | p' | e. | \verb|weight p | p' \neq \verb|None| \implies e \in energies|
    \Longrightarrow order e (the (application (the (weight p p')) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e))))"
  proof-
    fix p p' e
    assume "weight p p' \neq None"
    define u where "u= the (weight p p')"
    show "e∈energies ⇒ order e (the (application (the (weight p p')) (the (inverse_applicat:
(the (weight p p')) e))))"
    proof-
      have "order (inv_upd u e) (inv_upd u e)"
        by (meson local.energy_order ordering.eq_iff)
      define e' where "e' = inv_upd u e"
      have "(inv_upd u e e\leq e') = e e\leq upd u e'"
        unfolding u_def using <weight p p' \neq None > proof(rule galois)
        show "apply_w p p' e' ≠ None"
          using <e∈energies> <weight p p' ≠ None> e'_def inv_well_defined u_def
by presburger
         show "e∈energies" using <e∈energies>.
         show "e'∈energies" unfolding e'_def
           using <e∈energies> <weight p p' ≠ None> inv_well_defined u_def
          by blast
      qed
      hence "e e≤ upd u (inv_upd u e)"
```

```
using <inv upd u e e < inv upd u e > e' def by auto
      thus "order e (the (application (the (weight p p'))) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e))))"
        using u_def by auto
    qed
  qed
  show inv_upd_decreasing: "\langle p p \rangle e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e\in energies
  \implies application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
  ⇒ the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) (the (application (the (weight
p p')) e))) e≤ e"
  proof-
    fix p p' e
    assume "weight p p' \neq None"
    define u where "u= the (weight p p')"
    show "e\inenergies \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None \Longrightarrow the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) (the (application (the (weight p p')) e))) e\leq e"
    proof-
      assume "e∈energies" and "application (the (weight p p')) e ≠ None"
      define e' where "e'= upd u e"
      have "(inv_upd u e' e \le e) = e' e \le upd u e"
        unfolding u_def using <weight p p' \neq None > <application (the (weight p
p')) e \neq None > proof(rule galois)
        show <e∈energies> using <e∈energies> .
        show <e'∈energies> unfolding e'_def using <e∈energies>
          using <apply_w p p' e \neq None > <weight p p' \neq None > u_def upd_well_defined
by auto
      qed
      hence "inv_upd u (upd u e) e≤ e" using e'_def
        by (meson energy_order ordering.eq_iff)
      thus "the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) (the (application (the
(weight p p')) e))) e≤ e"
        using u_def by simp
    qed
  qed
  show updates_monotonic:"\bigwedge p p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e\in energies \Longrightarrow e e\leq
  \implies application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
  \implies the(application (the (weight p p')) e) e\leq the (application (the (weight p
p')) e')"
  proof-
    fix p p' e e'
    assume "weight p p' \neq None" and "e\inenergies" and "e e\leq e'" and "application
(the (weight p p')) e \neq None"
    define u where "u= the (weight p p')"
    define e'' where "e'' = upd u e"
    have "inv_upd u (upd u e) e \le e' = (upd u e) e \le upd u e'"
      unfolding u_def using <weight p p' ≠ None> proof(rule galois)
      show "apply_w p p' e' ≠ None"
        using <application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None <e e \leq e' domain_upw_closed
        using <weight p p' ≠ None> by blast
      show "(upd (the (weight p p')) e)∈energies"
        using <e∈energies> <weight p p' ≠ None> upd_well_defined
        using <apply_w p p' e \neq None> by blast
      show "e'∈energies"
```

```
using <e∈energies> <e e< e'> upward closed energies by auto
    qed
    have "inv_upd u (upd u e) e≤ e"
      unfolding u_def using <weight p p' \neq None> <e\inenergies> <application (the
(weight p p')) e \neq None
    proof(rule inv_upd_decreasing)
    qed
    hence "inv_upd u (upd u e) e e e' using < e e e e' energy_order ordering_def
      by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
    hence "upd u e e≤ upd u e'"
      using \langle inv\_upd u (upd u e) e \leq e' = (upd u e) e \leq upd u e' > by auto
    thus "the( application (the (weight p p')) e) e≤ the (application (the (weight
p p')) e')"
      using u_def by auto
 qed
 show inverse_monotonic: "\land p p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e\inenergies \Longrightarrow e
 \implies inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
 \implies the( inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e) e\le the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e')"
 proof-
   fix p p' e e'
    assume "weight p p' ≠ None"
    define u where "u= the (weight p p')"
    show "e\inenergies \implies e e\le e' \implies inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e

eq None \Longrightarrow the( inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e) e\le the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e')"
      assume "e∈energies" and " e e≤ e'" and " inverse_application (the (weight
p p')) e \neq None"
      define e'' where "e'' = inv_upd u e'"
      have "inv_upd u e e\leq e'' = e e\leq upd u e''"
        unfolding u_def using <weight p p' ≠ None> proof(rule galois)
        show "apply_w p p' e'' ≠ None"
          unfolding e''_def using <inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e \( \neq \)
None>
          using <e ∈ energies> <e e≤ e'> <weight p p' ≠ None> inv_well_defined
u_def upward_closed_energies by blast
        show "e∈energies" using <e∈energies>.
        hence "e'∈energies"
          using <e e≤ e'> energy_order ordering_def
          using upward_closed_energies by blast
        thus "e'', ∈energies"
          unfolding e''_def
          using <weight p p' \neq None> inv_well_defined u_def by blast
      qed
      have "e' e≤ upd u e''
        unfolding e''_def u_def using <weight p p' \neq None>
      proof(rule upd_inv_increasing)
        from <e∈energies> show "e'∈energies"
          using <e e≤ e'> energy_order ordering_def
```

```
using upward closed energies by blast
      qed
      hence "inv_upd u e e≤ inv_upd u e'"
         using \langle inv\_upd \ u \ e \ e \leq \ e'' = e \ e \leq \ upd \ u \ e'' \geq e''\_def
        using <e e≤ e'> energy_order ordering_def
        using upward_closed_energies
        by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
      thus "the( inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e) e  the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e')"
         using u_def by auto
    qed
 qed
qed
Galois connections compose. In particular, the "inverse" of u_q composed with that of
u_p is the "inverse" of u_p \circ u_q. This forms a Galois connection between the set of energies
and the reverse image under u_q of the domain of u_p, i.e. u_q^{-1}(\text{dom}(u_p))
lemma galois_composition:
  assumes "weight g g' \neq None" and "weight p p' \neq None"
  shows "\exists inv. \forall e \in energies. \forall e'\in energies. (application (the (weight g g'))
e' \neq None
           \land application (the (weight p p')) ((upd (the (weight g g')) e')) \neq None)
           \longrightarrow (order (inv e) e') = (order e (upd (the (weight p p')) ((upd (the
(weight g g')) e'))))"
proof
  define inv where "inv \equiv \lambda x. inv upd (the (weight g g')) (inv upd (the (weight
p p')) x)"
  show "\forall e\in energies. \forall e'\in energies. apply_w g g' e' \neq None \land apply_w p p' (upd
(the (weight g g')) e') \neq None \longrightarrow inv e e\leq e' = e e\leq upd (the (weight p p')) (upd
(the (weight g g')) e')"
 proof
    fix e
    assume E: "e∈energies"
    show "\foralle'\inenergies. apply_w g g' e' \neq None \land apply_w p p' (upd (the (weight
g g')) e') \neq None \longrightarrow inv e e\leq e' = e e\leq upd (the (weight p p')) (upd (the (weight
g g')) e')"
    proof
      fix e'
      assume E': "e'∈energies"
      show "apply_w g g' e' ≠ None ∧ apply_w p p' (upd (the (weight g g')) e')
\neq None \longrightarrow inv e e e' = e e upd (the (weight p p')) (upd (the (weight g g'))
e')"
        assume dom: "apply_w g g' e' \neq None \wedge apply_w p p' (upd (the (weight g
g')) e') \( \neq \text{None"}
         define x where "x=inv_upd (the (weight p p')) e "
        have "inv upd (the (weight g g')) x e < e' = x e < upd (the (weight g g'))
e'"
         proof(rule galois)
           show "weight g g' \neq None" using assms by simp
           show "apply_w g g' e' \neq None" using dom by simp
           {\tt show} "x \in energies"
             unfolding x_def using dom
```

```
using E assms(2) inv well defined by blast
          show "e' \in energies" using E'.
        aed
        hence A1: "inv e e e' = inv_upd (the (weight p p')) e e upd (the (weight
g g')) e'"
         unfolding inv_def x_def .
        define y where "y = (upd (the (weight g g')) e')"
        have "inv_upd (the (weight p p')) e e  y = e e upd (the (weight p p'))
у"
        proof(rule galois)
          show "weight p p' \neq None" using assms by simp
          show "apply_w p p' y \neq None" unfolding y_def using dom by simp
          show "e \in energies" using E .
          show "y ∈ energies" unfolding y_def
            using E' assms(1) dom upd_well_defined by auto
        qed
        hence A2: "inv_upd (the (weight p p')) e e upd (the (weight g g')) e' =
e e≤ upd (the (weight p p')) (upd (the (weight g g')) e')"
          unfolding inv def y def .
        show "inv e e \le e' = e \le upd (the (weight p p')) (upd (the (weight g g'))
e')"
          using A1 A2 by simp
      qed
   qed
  qed
qed
```

## 3.2 Properties of the Partial Order

We now establish some properties of the partial order focusing on the set of minimal elements.

```
definition energy_Min:: "'energy set ⇒ 'energy set" where
  "energy_Min A = {e\inA . \forall e'\inA. e\neqe' \longrightarrow \neg (e' e\leq e)}"
fun enumerate_arbitrary :: "'a set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a" where
  "enumerate_arbitrary A 0 = (SOME a. a \in A)" |
  "enumerate_arbitrary A (Suc n)
    = enumerate_arbitrary (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) n"
lemma enumerate_arbitrary_in:
  \verb"shows" infinite A \implies \verb"enumerate_arbitrary A i \in A"
proof(induct i arbitrary: A)
  then show ?case using enumerate_arbitrary.simps finite.simps some_in_eq by auto
next
  case (Suc i)
 hence "infinite (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0})" using infinite_remove by simp
 hence "enumerate_arbitrary (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) i ∈ (A - {enumerate_arbitrary
A 0})" using Suc.hyps by blast
  hence "enumerate_arbitrary A (Suc i) ∈ (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0})" using
enumerate_arbitrary.simps by simp
  then show ?case by auto
qed
```

```
lemma enumerate_arbitrary_neq:
  shows "infinite A \Longrightarrow i < j
        ⇒ enumerate_arbitrary A i ≠ enumerate_arbitrary A j"
proof(induct i arbitrary: j A)
  case 0
  then show ?case using enumerate_arbitrary.simps
    by (metis Diff_empty Diff_iff enumerate_arbitrary_in finite_Diff_insert gr0_implies_Suc
insert iff)
next
  case (Suc i)
  hence "∃j'. j = Suc j'"
    by (simp add: not0_implies_Suc)
  from this obtain j' where "j = Suc j'" by auto
  hence "i < j'" using Suc by simp
  from Suc have "infinite (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0})" using infinite_remove
by simp
  hence "enumerate_arbitrary (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) i \neq enumerate_arbitrary
(A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) j'" using Suc <i < j'>
    by force
  then show ?case using enumerate_arbitrary.simps
    by (simp add: <j = Suc j'>)
qed
lemma energy_Min_finite:
  assumes "A ⊆ energies"
  shows "finite (energy_Min A)"
proof-
  have "wqo_on order (energy_Min A)" using energy_wqo assms energy_Min_def wqo_on_subset
    by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq subsetI)
  hence wqoMin: "(\forall f \in SEQ \text{ (energy_Min A). } (\exists i j. i < j \land \text{ order (f i) (f j))})"
unfolding wqo_on_def almost_full_on_def good_def by simp
  have "\neg finite (energy_Min A) \Longrightarrow False"
  proof-
    assume "¬ finite (energy_Min A)"
    hence "infinite (energy_Min A)"
      by simp
    define f where "f ≡ enumerate_arbitrary (energy_Min A)"
    have fneq: "\bigwedgei j. f i \in energy_Min A \land (j \neq i \longrightarrow f j \neq f i)"
    proof
      show "f i ∈ energy Min A" unfolding f def using enumerate arbitrary in <infinite
(energy_Min A) > by auto
      show "j \neq i \longrightarrow f j \neq f i" proof
        assume "j \neq i"
        show "f j \neq f i" proof(cases "j < i")
          case True
          then show ?thesis unfolding f_def using enumerate_arbitrary_neq <infinite
(energy_Min A) > by auto
        next
           case False
          hence "i < j" using \langle j \neq i \rangle by auto
          then show ?thesis unfolding f_def using enumerate_arbitrary_neq <infinite
(energy_Min A) >
            by metis
```

```
qed
                                  qed
                      qed
                      hence "∃i j. i < j ∧ order (f i) (f j)" using wqoMin SEQ_def by simp
                      thus "False" using energy_Min_def fneq by force
          qed
          thus ?thesis by auto
qed
fun enumerate_decreasing :: "'energy set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'energy" where
           "enumerate_decreasing A 0 = (SOME a. a \in A)" |
            "enumerate_decreasing A (Suc n)
                      = (SOME x. (x \in A \land x \in A \land 
lemma energy_Min_not_empty:
          assumes "A \neq {}" and "A \subseteq energies"
          shows "energy_Min A \neq {}"
proof
          have "wqo_on order A" using energy_wqo assms wqo_on_subset
                      by (metis (no_types, lifting))
          hence wqoA: "(\forall f \in SEQ A. (\exists i j. i < j \land (f i) e \le (f j)))" unfolding wqo_on_def
almost_full_on_def good_def by simp
          assume "energy_Min A = {}"
          have seq: "enumerate_decreasing A \in SEQ A"
                      unfolding SEQ_def proof
                      show "\forall i. enumerate_decreasing A i \in A"
                      proof
                                 fix i
                                  \verb"show" enumerate_decreasing A i \in A"
                                  proof(induct i)
                                              case 0
                                             then show ?case using assms
                                                          by (simp add: some_in_eq)
                                 next
                                              case (Suc i)
                                              show ?case
                                              proof(rule ccontr)
                                                          assume "enumerate_decreasing A (Suc i) \notin A"
                                                         hence "\{x. (x \in A \land x \in A \land 
                                                                     by (metis (no_types, lifting) empty_Collect_eq someI_ex)
                                                          thus "False"
                                                                     using Suc <energy_Min A = {}> energy_Min_def by auto
                                              qed
                                  qed
                      qed
          qed
          have "\neg(\exists i j. i < j \land (enumerate\_decreasing A i) e \le (enumerate\_decreasing A j))"
                      have "\foralli j. \neg(i < j \land (enumerate_decreasing A i) e\leq (enumerate_decreasing A
j))"
                     proof
                                   show "\forall j. \neg(i < j \land (enumerate_decreasing A i) e \leq (enumerate_decreasing A
j))"
                                 proof
```

```
have leq: "i < j ⇒ (enumerate_decreasing A j) e< (enumerate_decreasing
A i)"
                                     proof(induct "j-i" arbitrary: j i)
                                               case 0
                                               then show ?case
                                                        using <i < j> by linarith
                                               case (Suc x)
                                               have suc_i: "enumerate_decreasing A (Suc i) e < enumerate_decreasing A
i"
                                               proof-
                                                       have "\{x. (x \in A \land x \in A \land x
                                                                  assume "\{x \in A. x \in A
                                                                 hence "enumerate_decreasing A i ∈ energy_Min A" unfolding energy_Min_def
                                                                           using seq by auto
                                                                 thus "False" using <energy_Min A = {}> by auto
                                                        thus ?thesis unfolding enumerate_decreasing.simps
                                                                  by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) empty_Collect_eq verit_sko_ex')
                                               have "j - (Suc i) = x" using Suc
                                                        by (metis Suc_diff_Suc nat.inject)
                                               then show ?case proof(cases "j = Suc i")
                                                        case True
                                                        then show ?thesis using suc_i
                                                                 by simp
                                               next
                                                        case False
                                                        hence "enumerate_decreasing A j e< enumerate_decreasing A (Suc i)"</pre>
                                                                  using Suc <j - (Suc i) = x>
                                                                  using Suc_lessI by blast
                                                        then show ?thesis using suc_i energy_order ordering_def
                                                                  by (metis (no_types, lifting) ordering_axioms_def partial_preordering.trans)
                                               qed
                                     qed
                                    hence "i \leq j \implies \neg (enumerate_decreasing A i) e\leq (enumerate_decreasing A
i)"
                                     proof-
                                               assume "i <j"
                                              hence "(enumerate_decreasing A j) e< (enumerate_decreasing A i)" using
leq by auto
                                              hence leq: "(enumerate_decreasing A j) e≤ (enumerate_decreasing A i)"
by simp
                                              have neq: "(enumerate_decreasing A j) \neq (enumerate_decreasing A i)"
                                                        using <(enumerate_decreasing A j) e< (enumerate_decreasing A i)>
                                                        by simp
                                               show "\neg(enumerate_decreasing A i) e\leq (enumerate_decreasing A j)"
                                                        assume "(enumerate_decreasing A i) e≤ (enumerate_decreasing A j)"
                                                        hence "(enumerate_decreasing A i) = (enumerate_decreasing A j)" using
```

```
leq leq energy_order ordering_def
                                 by (simp add: ordering.antisym)
                             thus "False" using neq by simp
                   aed
                   thus "\neg(i < j \land (enumerate_decreasing A i) e\le (enumerate_decreasing A j))"
by auto
              qed
         qed
         thus ?thesis
             by simp
    thus "False" using seq wqoA
         by blast
qed
lemma energy_Min_contains_smaller:
    assumes "a \in A" and "A \subseteq energies"
    shows "\existsb \in energy_Min A. b e\leq a"
proof-
    define set where "set \equiv {e. e \in A \land e e\leq a}"
    hence "a ∈ set" using energy_order ordering_def
        using assms ordering.eq_iff by fastforce
    hence "set \neq {}" by auto
    have "\bigwedges. s\in set \Longrightarrow s\in energies" using energy_order set_def assms
         by auto
    hence "energy_Min set \neq \{\}" using <set \neq \{\}\' energy_Min_not_empty
         by (simp add: subsetI)
    hence "\existsb. b \in energy_Min set" by auto
    from this obtain b where "b ∈ energy_Min set" by auto
    hence "\landb'. b'\in A \Longrightarrow b' \neq b \Longrightarrow \neg (b' e\leq b)"
    proof-
         fix b'
         \texttt{assume "b'} \in \texttt{A"}
         assume "b' \neq b"
         show "\neg (b' e\leq b)"
         proof
              assume "(b' e \le b)"
             hence "b' e≤ a" using <b ∈ energy_Min set> energy_Min_def energy_order ordering_def
                  by (metis (no_types, lifting) local.set_def mem_Collect_eq partial_preordering.trans)
             hence "b' ∈ set" using ⟨b' ∈ A⟩ set_def by simp
              thus "False" using \langle b \in \text{energy\_Min set} \rangle energy_Min_def \langle b' \in b \rangle \langle b' \neq b' \neq b' \rangle
b> by auto
         qed
    hence "b∈ energy_Min A" using energy_Min_def
         using \langle b \in energy\_Min set \rangle local.set_def by auto
    thus ?thesis using \begin{cal} \begin{ca
qed
lemma energy_sup_leq_energy_sup:
    assumes "A \neq {}" and "\( a. a \in A \ifftrace \eta b \in B. order a b" and \)
                        "\landa. a\in A\Longrightarrowa\inenergies" and "finite A" and "finite B" and "B\subseteqenergies"
                   shows "order (energy_sup A) (energy_sup B)"
proof-
```

```
have A: "\lands'. energy_sup A \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in A \longrightarrow s e\le energy_sup A) \land
(s' \in energies \land (\forall s. s \in A \longrightarrow s \in s') \longrightarrow energy\_sup A \in s')"
  proof(rule bounded_join_semilattice)
    fix s'
    show "finite A" using assms by simp
    \verb"show"A \subseteq energies" using assms"
       by (simp add: subsetI)
  qed
  have B: "\lands'. energy_sup B \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in B \longrightarrow s e\le energy_sup B) \land
(s' \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in B \longrightarrow s e\le s') \longrightarrow energy_sup B e\le s')"
  proof(rule bounded_join_semilattice)
    fix s'
    show " finite B" using assms by simp
    show "B ⊆ energies"
       using assms by simp
  ged
  have "energy_sup B \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in A \longrightarrow s \in energy_sup B)"
  proof
    \verb"show" "energy_sup B \in energies"
       using B by simp
    show " \forall s. s \in A \longrightarrow s e\leq energy_sup B "
    proof
       fix s
       show "s \in A \longrightarrow s e\le energy_sup B"
       proof
         \texttt{assume} \ \texttt{"s} \in \texttt{A"}
         from this obtain b where "s e \le b" and "b \in B" using assms
            by blast
         hence "b e≤ energy_sup B" using B by auto
         thus "s e\leq energy_sup B" using \langles e\leq b\rangle energy_order ordering_def
            by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
       qed
    qed
  qed
  thus ?thesis using A by auto
```

## 3.3 Winning Budgets Revisited

lemma upwards\_closure\_wb\_len:

We now redefine attacker winning budgets to only include energies in the set energies.

```
assumes "winning_budget_len e g" and "e e≤ e'"
  shows "winning_budget_len e' g"
using assms proof (induct arbitrary: e' rule: winning_budget_len.induct)
  case (defender e g)
  have "(\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
          application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \wedge
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g')"
  proof
    fix g'
    show " weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
          application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \wedge
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g'"
    proof
      assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
      hence A: "application (the (weight g g')) e \neq None \wedge
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)) g'" using
assms(1) winning_budget_len.simps defender by blast
      show "application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \land
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g'"
      proof
        show "application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None" using domain_upw_closed
assms(2) A defender <weight g g' \neq None> by blast
        have "order (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)) (the (application
(the (weight g g')) e'))" using assms A updates_monotonic
          using <weight g g' \neq None> defender.hyps defender.prems by presburger
        thus "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g'"
using defender <weight g g' ≠ None> by blast
      qed
    qed
thus ?case using winning_budget_len.intros(1) defender
  by (meson upward_closed_energies)
next
  case (attacker e g)
  from this obtain g' where G: "weight g g' \neq None \wedge
          application (the (weight g g')) e \neq None \wedge
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)) g' \lambda
          (\forall x. \text{ order (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)) } x \longrightarrow winning\_budget\_len
x g')" by blast
  have "weight g g' \neq None \wedge
          application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \wedge
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g'"
  proof
    show "weight g g' \neq None" using G by auto
    show "application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (the (application
(the (weight g g')) e')) g' "
    proof
      show "application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None" using G domain_upw_closed
assms attacker by blast
      have "order (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)) (the (application (the
(weight g g')) e'))" using assms G updates_monotonic
        using attacker.hyps attacker.prems by blast
      thus "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g' " using
G by blast
    qed
```

```
qed
  thus ?case using winning_budget_len.intros(2) attacker
    using upward_closed_energies by blast
qed
We now show that this definition is consistent with our previous definition of winning
budgets. We show this by well-founded induction.
abbreviation "reachable_positions_len s g e \equiv \{(g',e') \in \text{reachable_positions s}\}
g e . e'∈energies}"
lemma winning_bugget_len_is_wb:
  assumes "nonpos_winning_budget = winning_budget"
  shows "winning_budget_len e g = (winning_budget e g \land e \in energies)"
  assume "winning_budget_len e g"
  show "winning_budget e g \land e \in energies"
  proof
    have "winning_budget_ind e g"
      using <winning_budget_len e g> proof(rule winning_budget_len.induct)
      show "\bigwedgee g. e \inenergies \land
            g ∉ attacker ∧
            (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                   apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge
                   winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e) g' \land |
                  winning_budget_ind (upd (the (weight g g')) e) g') \Longrightarrow
            winning_budget_ind e g"
        using winning budget ind.simps
        by meson
      show "\bigwedgee g. e \inenergies \land
            g \in attacker \land
            (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                  apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge
                  winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e) g' \lambda
                  winning_budget_ind (upd (the (weight g g')) e) g') \Longrightarrow
            winning_budget_ind e g "
        using winning_budget_ind.simps
        by meson
    thus "winning_budget e g" using assms inductive_winning_budget
      by fastforce
    show "e ∈energies" using <winning_budget_len e g> winning_budget_len.simps
by blast
  qed
next
  show "winning_budget e g ∧ e ∈energies ⇒ winning_budget_len e g"
  proof-
    assume A: "winning_budget e g ∧ e ∈energies"
    hence "winning_budget_ind e g" using assms inductive_winning_budget by fastforce
    show "winning_budget_len e g"
    proof-
      define wb where "wb \equiv \lambda(g,e). winning_budget_len e g"
      from A have "∃s. attacker_winning_strategy s e g" using winning_budget.simps
by blast
```

from this obtain s where S: "attacker\_winning\_strategy s e g" by auto

```
have "reachable_positions_len s g e \subseteq reachable_positions s g e" by auto
      hence "wfp_on (strategy_order s) (reachable_positions_len s g e)"
         using strategy_order_well_founded S
         using Restricted_Predicates.wfp_on_subset by blast
      hence "inductive_on (strategy_order s) (reachable_positions_len s g e)"
         by (simp add: wfp_on_iff_inductive_on)
      hence "wb (g,e)"
      proof(rule inductive_on_induct)
         show "(g,e) ∈ reachable_positions_len s g e"
           unfolding reachable_positions_def proof-
           \textcolor{red}{\textbf{have}} \ \texttt{"lfinite} \ \texttt{LNil} \ \land \\
               llast (LCons g LNil) = g \land
               valid_play (LCons g LNil) \( \text{play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g LNil)} \)
e ∧
              Some e = energy_level e (LCons g LNil) (the_enat (llength LNil))"
              using valid_play.simps play_consistent_attacker.simps energy_level.simps
              by (metis lfinite_code(1) llast_singleton llength_LNil neq_LNil_conv
the enat 0)
           thus "(g, e) \in \{(g', e').
         (g', e')
         \in \{(g', e') | g'e'.
              \exists p. lfinite p \land
                  llast (LCons g p) = g' \land
                  valid_play (LCons g p) ∧
                  play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e \lambda
                  Some e' = energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p))} \lambda
          e'∈energies}" using A
              by blast
         ged
         show "\bigwedgey. y \in reachable_positions_len s g e \Longrightarrow
                (\bigwedge \mathtt{x}.\ \mathtt{x} \in \mathtt{reachable\_positions\_len}\ \mathtt{s}\ \mathtt{g}\ \mathtt{e} \implies \mathtt{strategy\_order}\ \mathtt{s}\ \mathtt{x}\ \mathtt{y} \implies
wb x) \implies wb y''
         proof-
           assume "y ∈ reachable_positions_len s g e"
           hence "∃e' g'. y = (g', e')" using reachable_positions_def by auto
           from this obtain e' g' where "y = (g', e')" by auto
           hence y len: "(\exists p. lfinite p \land llast (LCons g p) = g'
                                                             ∧ valid_play (LCons g p)
                                                             ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p) e
                                                             ∧ (Some e' = energy_level e
(LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p))))
                  ∧ e'∈energies"
             using \langle y \in \text{reachable\_positions\_len} \text{ s g e} \rangle unfolding reachable\_positions\_def
           from this obtain p where P: "(lfinite p \land llast (LCons g p) = g'
                                                             ∧ valid_play (LCons g p)
                                                             ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p) e)
                                                             ∧ (Some e' = energy_level e
```

```
(LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p)))" by auto
          show "(\Lambda x. x \in \text{reachable_positions_len s g e} \implies \text{strategy_order s x y}
\implies wb x) \implies wb y"
          proof-
            assume ind: "(x. x \in reachable_positions_len s g e \implies strategy_order)
s x y \Longrightarrow wb x)"
            have "winning_budget_len e' g'"
            proof(cases "g' \in attacker")
              case True
              then show ?thesis
              proof(cases "deadend g'")
                case True
                hence "attacker_stuck (LCons g p)" using ⟨g' ∈ attacker⟩ P
                   by (meson A defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strategy.elims(2))
                hence "defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)" using defender_wins_play_def
by simp
                have "-defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)" using P A S by simp
                 then show ?thesis using <defender_wins_play e (LCons g p) > by simp
              next
                 case False
                hence "(s e' g') \neq None \wedge (weight g' (the (s e' g')))\neqNone" using
S attacker_winning_strategy.simps
                  by (simp add: True attacker_strategy_def)
                 define x where "x = (the (s e' g'), the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g'))
e'))"
                 define p' where "p' = (lappend p (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil))"
                 hence "lfinite p'" using P by simp
                have "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g')" using p'_def <lfinite
p'>
                   by (simp add: llast_LCons)
                 have "the_enat (llength p') > 0" using P
                   by (metis LNil_eq_lappend_iff <lfinite p'> bot_nat_0.not_eq_extremum
enat_0_iff(2) lfinite_conv_llength_enat llength_eq_0 llist.collapse(1) llist.distinct(1)
p'_def the_enat.simps)
                hence "∃i. Suc i = the_enat (llength p')"
                   using less_iff_Suc_add by auto
                 from this obtain i where "Suc i = the_enat (llength p')" by auto
                 hence "i = the_enat (llength p)" using p'_def P
                   by (metis Suc_leI <lfinite p'> length_append_singleton length_list_of_conv_t
less_Suc_eq_le less_irrefl_nat lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil
list_of_lappend not_less_less_Suc_eq)
                hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)" using P by simp
                have A: "lfinite (LCons g p) \land i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))</pre>
\land energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
                 proof
                   show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                   show "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) \lambda energy_level e (LCons</pre>
g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
                     show "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))" using <i = the_enat</pre>
(llength p) > P
```

```
by (metis <finite (LCons g p) > length_Cons length_list_of_conv_the_enat
lessI list_of_LCons)
                    show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g
p)) - 1) \neq None" using P <i = the_enat (llength p)>
                      using S defender_wins_play_def by auto
                  qed
                qed
                hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)" using p'_def energy_level_app
P <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)>
                  by (metis lappend_code(2))
                hence "energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None"
                  by (metis option.distinct(1))
                have "enat (Suc i) = llength p'" using <Suc i = the_enat (llength</pre>
p')>
                  by (metis <lfinite p'> lfinite_conv_llength_enat the_enat.simps)
                also have "... < eSuc (llength p')"</pre>
                  by (metis calculation iless_Suc_eq order_refl)
                also have "... = llength (LCons g p')" using <lfinite p'> by simp
                finally have "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')".
                have "(lnth (LCons g p) i) = g'" using <i = the_enat (llength p)>
Ρ
                  by (metis lfinite_conv_llength_enat llast_conv_lnth llength_LCons
the_enat.simps)
                hence "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'" using p'_def
                  by (metis P <i = the_enat (llength p) > enat_ord_simps(2) energy_level.elims
lessI lfinite_llength_enat lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons lnth_lappend1 the_enat.simps)
                have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (Suc i)"
                  using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p') > by simp
                also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (lnth (LCons g p')
(Suc i)) (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') i))"
                  using energy_level.simps <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')>
<energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None>
                  by (meson leD)
                also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (lnth (LCons g p')
(Suc i)) e'" using <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)>
                  by (metis option.sel)
                also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (the (s e' g'))
e'" using p'_def <enat (Suc i) = llength p'>
                  by (metis <eSuc (llength p') = llength (LCons g p') > <llast (LCons
g p') = the (s e' g') > llast_conv_lnth)
                also have "... = apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'" using <(lnth (LCons
g p') i) = g' > by simp
                finally have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))
= apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'".
                have P': "lfinite p'∧
             llast (LCons g p') = (the (s e' g')) \land
             valid_play (LCons g p') \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e
            Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g
p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
```

```
proof
                  show "lfinite p'" using p'_def P by simp
                  show "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g') ∧
    valid_play (LCons g p') ∧
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land \text{
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                    show "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g')" using p'_def <lfinite</pre>
p'>
                       by (simp add: llast_LCons)
                     show "valid_play (LCons g p') \cap
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land (
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                       show "valid_play (LCons g p')" using p'_def P
                         using <s e' g' \neq None \wedge weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None>
valid_play.intros(2) valid_play_append by auto
                       show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land \land
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                       proof
                         have "(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s
e' g')) LNil)" using p'_def
                           by simp
                         have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
(the (s e' g')) LNil)) e"
                         proof (rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                           show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e"
                             using P by auto
                           show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by auto
                           show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons
g p)) - 1) \neq None" using P
                             using A by auto
                           show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e')
g')) LNil))"
                             using <valid_play (LCons g p') > <(LCons g p') = lappend</pre>
(LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil) > by simp
                           show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
    Some (the (s e' g')) =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                           proof
                             assume "llast (LCons g p) ∈ attacker"
                             show "Some (the (s e' g')) =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                               using <last (LCons g p) \in attacker> P
                               by (metis One_nat_def <s e' g' \neq None \land weight g'
(the (s e' g')) \neq None> diff_Suc_1' eSuc_enat lfinite_llength_enat llength_LCons
option.collapse option.sel the_enat.simps)
                           qed
                         qed
                         thus "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e" using < (LCons
g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil) > by simp
```

```
show "Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
                           by (metis <eSuc (llength p') = llength (LCons g p')> <enat</pre>
(Suc i) = llength p' < energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) = apply_w
g' (the (s e' g')) e' > <play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e > <valid_play
(LCons g p') > S defender_wins_play_def diff_Suc_1 eSuc_enat option.collapse attacker_winning_st
the_enat.simps)
                       qed
                     qed
                   qed
                 qed
                 have x_len: "(upd (the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e') \in energies"
using y_len
                   by (metis P' <energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))</pre>
= apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'> <s e' g' \neq None \wedge weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq
None> option.distinct(1) upd_well_defined)
                hence "x \in reachable_positions_len s g e" using P' reachable_positions_def
x_def by auto
                have "(apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e') \neq None" using P'
                   by (metis <energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))</pre>
= apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'> option.distinct(1))
                 have "Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = apply_w g' (the
(s e' g')) e' \land (if g' \in attacker then Some (the (s e' g')) = s e' g' else weight
g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None)"
                   g' (the (s e' g')) e') \neq None by simp
                hence "strategy_order s x y" unfolding strategy_order_def using
x_{def} < y = (g', e') >
                   by blast
                 hence "wb x" using ind \langle x \in reachable\_positions\_len \ s \ g \ e \rangle by simp
                hence "winning_budget_len (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'))
(the (s e' g'))" using wb_def x_def by simp
                 then show ?thesis using \langle g' \in attacker \rangle winning_budget_ind.simps
                   by (meson <apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e' \neq None> <s e' g' \neq
None \land weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None \gt winning_budget_len.attacker y_len)
               qed
            next
               case False
              hence "g' \notin attacker \land
             (\forallg''. weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
          apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \land winning_budget_len (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))
g'')"
               proof
                 show "\forallg''. weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
          apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))
g',"
                 proof
                   fix g''
                   show "weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
           apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \land winning_budget_len (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))
g', "
```

proof

```
assume "weight g' g'' ≠ None"
                    show "apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \lambda winning_budget_len (the (apply_w
g' g'' e')) g''"
                    proof
                      show "apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None"
                      proof
                        assume "apply_w g' g'' e' = None"
                        define p' where "p' ≡ (LCons g (lappend p (LCons g', LNil)))"
                        hence "lfinite p'" using P by simp
                        have "\existsi. llength p = enat i" using P
                          by (simp add: lfinite_llength_enat)
                        from this obtain i where "llength p = enat i" by auto
                        hence "llength (lappend p (LCons g', LNil)) = enat (Suc
i)"
                          by (simp add: <llength p = enat i > eSuc_enat iadd_Suc_right)
                        hence "llength p' = eSuc (enat(Suc i))" using p'_def
                          by simp
                        hence "the_enat (llength p') = Suc (Suc i)"
                          by (simp add: eSuc_enat)
                        hence "the_enat (llength p') - 1 = Suc i"
                          by simp
                        hence "the_enat (llength p') - 1 = the_enat (llength (lappend
p (LCons g'', LNil)))"
                          using <llength (lappend p (LCons g'' LNil)) = enat (Suc</pre>
i) >
                          by simp
                        have "(lnth p' i) = g'" using p'_def <llength p = enat i>
Ρ
                          by (smt (verit) One_nat_def diff_Suc_1' enat_ord_simps(2)
energy_level.elims lessI llast_conv_lnth llength_LCons lnth_0 lnth_LCons' lnth_lappend
the_enat.simps)
                        have "(lnth p' (Suc i)) = g'' using p'_def <llength p =</pre>
enat i>
                          by (metis <llength p' = eSuc (enat (Suc i)) > lappend.disc(2)
llast_LCons llast_conv_lnth llast_lappend_LCons llength_eq_enat_lfiniteD llist.disc(1)
llist.disc(2))
                        have "p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'', LNil)" using p'_def
by simp
                        hence "the (energy_level e p' i) = the (energy_level e (lappend
(LCons g p) (LCons g'' LNil)) i)" by simp
                        also have "... = the (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)" using
<llength p = enat i> energy_level_append P
                          by (metis diff_Suc_1 eSuc_enat lessI lfinite_LConsI llength_LCons
option.distinct(1) the_enat.simps)
                        also have "... = e'" using P
                          by (metis <llength p = enat i> option.sel the_enat.simps)
                        finally have "the (energy_level e p' i) = e'" .
                        hence "apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth p' (Suc i)) (the (energy_level
e p' i)) = None" using <apply_w g' g'' e'=None> <(lnth p' i) = g'> <(lnth p' (Suc
i)) = g'' > by simp
                        have "energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength p') - 1) =
                          energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength (lappend p (LCons
g'' LNil)))"
```

```
using <the_enat (llength p') - 1 = the_enat (llength (lappend</pre>
p (LCons g'', LNil)))>
                           by simp
                         also have "... = energy_level e p' (Suc i)" using <llength
(lappend p (LCons g'' LNil)) = enat (Suc i) > by simp
                         also have "... = (if energy_level e p' i = None \langle llength
p' \le enat (Suc i) then None
                                       else apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth p' (Suc i))
(the (energy_level e p' i)))" using energy_level.simps by simp
                         also have "... = None " using <apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth</pre>
p' (Suc i)) (the (energy_level e p' i)) = None>
                           by simp
                         finally have "energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength p') -
1) = None".
                         hence "defender_wins_play e p'" unfolding defender_wins_play_def
by simp
                         have "valid_play p'"
                           by (metis P <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil)>
<weight g' g' ' \neq None > energy_game.valid_play.intros(2) energy_game.valid_play_append
lfinite LConsI)
                         have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
g'', LNil)) e"
                         proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                           show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e"
                             using P by simp
                           show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                           show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons
g p)) - 1) \neq None
                             by (meson S defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strategy.elims(
                           show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil))"
                             using <valid_play p'> <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons</pre>
g'' LNil) > by simp
                           show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
    Some g'' =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                             using False P by simp
                         qed
                         hence "play_consistent_attacker s p' e"
                           using <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'', LNil) > by
simp
                         hence "¬defender_wins_play e p'" using <valid_play p'>
p'_def S by simp
                         thus "False" using <defender_wins_play e p'> by simp
                       qed
                       define x where "x = (g'', the (apply_w g' g'' e'))"
                       have "wb x"
                       proof(rule ind)
                         have X: "(\exists p. lfinite p \land
             llast (LCons g p) = g'' \land
             valid_play (LCons g p) \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e \land
```

```
Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength p)))"
                                                       define p' where "p' = lappend p (LCons g'' LNil)"
                                                       show "lfinite p' ∧
          llast (LCons g p') = g'' \wedge
          valid_play (LCons g p') \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land
        Some (the (apply_w g', g', e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                                                       proof
                                                           show "lfinite p'" using P p'_def by simp
                                                           show "llast (LCons g p') = g'' \land 
        valid_play (LCons g p') ∧
        play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land 
        Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                                                           proof
                                                                show "llast (LCons g p') = g'' using p'_def
                                                                   by (metis <lfinite p'> lappend.disc_iff(2) lfinite_lappend
llast_LCons llast_lappend_LCons llast_singleton llist.discI(2))
                                                               show "valid_play (LCons g p') \cap 
        play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land 
        Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                                                               proof
                                                                    show "valid_play (LCons g p')" using p'_def P
                                                                       using <weight g' g'' \neq None > lfinite_LCons valid_play.intros
valid_play_append by auto
                                                                    show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e
        Some (the (apply_w g', g', e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p')) "
                                                                    proof
                                                                        have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons
g p) (LCons g'' LNil)) e"
                                                                        proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                                                                            show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p)
e"
                                                                                using P by simp
                                                                             show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                                                                            show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength
(LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
                                                                                using P
                                                                                by (meson S defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strat
                                                                            show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
g'', LNil))"
                                                                                using <valid_play (LCons g p')> p'_def by
simp
                                                                             show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
                                                                                    Some g'' =
                                                                                     s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast (LCons g p))"
                                                                                using False P by simp
                                                                        thus "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p')
```

```
e" using p' def
                                     by (simp add: lappend_code(2))
                                   have "∃i. Suc i = the_enat (llength p')" using
p'_def <lfinite p'>
                                     by (metis P length_append_singleton length_list_of_conv_the
lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend)
                                   from this obtain i where "Suc i = the_enat (llength
p')" by auto
                                   hence "i = the_enat (llength p)" using p'_def
                                     by (smt (verit) One_nat_def <lfinite p'> add.commute
add_Suc_shift add_right_cancel length_append length_list_of_conv_the_enat lfinite_LNil
lfinite_lappend list.size(3) list.size(4) list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend
plus_1_eq_Suc)
                                   hence "Suc i = llength (LCons g p)"
                                     using P eSuc_enat lfinite_llength_enat by fastforce
                                   have "(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
g'' LNil)" using p'_def by simp
                                   have A: "lfinite (LCons g p) \wedge i < the_enat (llength
(LCons g p)) \( \) energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1)
≠ None"
                                   proof
                                     show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                                     show " i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) \cap </pre>
    energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None "
                                     proof
                                       have "(llength p') = llength (LCons g p)"
using p'_def
                                         by (metis P <lfinite p'> length_Cons length_append_sin
length_list_of lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend)
                                       thus "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))"</pre>
using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                         using lessI by force
                                       show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None" using P
                                         by (meson S energy_game.defender_wins_play_def
energy_game.play_consistent_attacker.intros(2) attacker_winning_strategy.simps)
                                     qed
                                   qed
                                   hence "energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None"
                                     using energy_level_append
                                     by (smt (verit) Nat.lessE Suc_leI <LCons g p'</pre>
= lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil) diff_Suc_1 energy_level_nth)
                                   have "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')"</pre>
                                     using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                     by (metis Suc_ile_eq <lfinite p'> ldropn_Suc_LCons
leI lfinite_conv_llength_enat lnull_ldropn nless_le the_enat.simps)
                                   hence el_prems: "energy_level e (LCons g p')
i \neq None \land llength (LCons g p') > enat (Suc i)" using <energy_level e (LCons g
p') i \neq None by simp
                                   have "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = lnth (LCons g p)
i"
                                     unfolding <(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p)</pre>
(LCons g'' LNil) > using <i = the_enat (llength p) > lnth_lappend1
```

```
by (metis A enat ord simps(2) length list of
length_list_of_conv_the_enat)
                                  have "lnth (LCons g p) i = llast (LCons g p)"
using <Suc i = llength (LCons g p)>
                                    by (metis enat_ord_simps(2) lappend_LNil2 ldropn_LNil
ldropn_Suc_conv_ldropn ldropn_lappend lessI less_not_refl llast_ldropn llast_singleton)
                                  hence "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'" using P
                                    by (simp add: <lnth (LCons g p') i = lnth (LCons
g p) i > )
                                  have "(lnth (LCons g p') (Suc i)) = g''
                                    using p'_def <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                    by (smt (verit) <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons
g p')> <lfinite p'> <llast (LCons g p') = g''> lappend_snocL1_conv_LCons2 ldropn_LNil
ldropn_Suc_LCons ldropn_Suc_conv_ldropn ldropn_lappend2 lfinite_llength_enat llast_ldropn
llast_singleton the_enat.simps wlog_linorder_le)
                                  have "energy_level e (LCons g p) i = energy_level
e (LCons g p') i"
                                    using energy_level_append A <(LCons g p') =</pre>
lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil)>
                                    by presburger
                                  hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p')
i)"
                                    using P <i = the_enat (llength p)>
                                    by argo
                                  have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (Suc i)" using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
by simp
                                  also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i)
(lnth (LCons g p') (Suc i)) (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') i))"
                                    using energy_level.simps el_prems
                                    by (meson leD)
                                   also have "... = apply_w g' g'' (the (energy_level
e (LCons g p') i))"
                                    using <(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'> <(lnth (LCons</pre>
g p') (Suc i)) = g'' by simp
                                  finally have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p')) = (apply_w g' g'' e')"
                                    using <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p')</pre>
i) >
                                    by (metis option.sel)
                                  thus "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
                                    using <apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None> by auto
                                qed
                              qed
                            qed
                          qed
                        qed
                        have x_len: "(upd (the (weight g' g'')) e') ∈energies" using
y_len
                          using <apply_w g' g'' e' ≠ None> <weight g' g'' ≠ None>
upd_well_defined by auto
```

```
thus "x ∈ reachable_positions_len s g e"
                           using X x_def reachable_positions_def
                           by (simp add: mem_Collect_eq)
                         have "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = apply_w g' g'' e'
\land
         (if g' \in attacker then Some g'' = s e' g' else weight g' g'' \neq None)"
                           show "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = apply_w g' g''
e'"
                             using <apply_w g' g'' e' ≠ None> by auto
                           show "(if g' ∈ attacker then Some g'' = s e' g' else weight
g' g'' \neq None)"
                             using False
                             by (simp add: <weight g' g'' \neq None>)
                         qed
                         thus "strategy_order s x y" using strategy_order_def x_def
\langle y = (g', e') \rangle
                           by simp
                       qed
                       thus "winning_budget_len (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) g'' " using
x_def wb_def
                         by force
                     qed
                   qed
                qed
              qed
              thus ?thesis using winning_budget_len.intros y_len by blast
            thus "wb y" using <y = (g', e') > wb_def by simp
        qed
      qed
      thus ?thesis using wb_def by simp
    qed
  qed
qed
end
end
```

## 4 Decidability of Galois Energy Games

```
theory Decidability
  imports Galois_Energy_Game Complete_Non_Orders.Kleene_Fixed_Point
begin
```

In this theory we give a proof of decidability for Galois energy games (over vectors of naturals). We do this by providing a proof of correctness of the simplifyed version of Bisping's Algorithm to calculate minimal attacker winning budgets. We further formalise the key argument for its termination. (This corresponds to section 3.2 in the preprint [6].)

locale galois\_energy\_game\_decidable = galois\_energy\_game attacker weight application
inverse\_application energies order energy\_sup
 for attacker :: "'position set" and
 weight :: "'position ⇒ 'position ⇒ 'label option" and
 application :: "'label ⇒ 'energy ⇒ 'energy option" and
 inverse\_application :: "'label ⇒ 'energy ⇒ 'energy option" and
 energies :: "'energy set" and
 order :: "'energy ⇒ 'energy ⇒ bool" (infix "e≤" 80)and
 energy\_sup :: "'energy set ⇒ 'energy"

## 4.1 Minimal Attacker Winning Budgets as Pareto Fronts

begin

We now prepare the proof of decidability by introducing minimal winning budgets.

```
abbreviation minimal_winning_budget:: "'energy \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow bool" where "minimal_winning_budget e g \equiv e \in energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g}" abbreviation "a_win g \equiv {e. winning_budget_len e g}" abbreviation "a_win_min g \equiv energy_Min (a_win g)"
```

Since the component-wise order on energies is well-founded, we can conclude that minimal winning budgets are finite.

```
lemma minimal_winning_budget_finite:
    shows "\g. finite (a_win_min g)"
proof(rule energy_Min_finite)
    fix g
    show "a_win g ⊆ energies" using nonpos_eq_pos winning_budget_len.cases
        by blast
qed
```

We now introduce the set of mappings from positions to possible Pareto fronts, i.e. incomparable sets of energies.

```
definition possible_pareto:: "('position \Rightarrow 'energy set) set" where "possible_pareto \equiv {F. \forall g. F g \subseteq {e. e\inenergies} \land (\forall e e'. (e \in F g \land e' \in F g \land e \neq e') \longrightarrow (\neg e e\leq e' \land \neg e' e\leq e))}"
```

By definition minimal winning budgets are possible Pareto fronts.

```
lemma a_win_min_in_pareto:
    shows "a_win_min ∈ possible_pareto"
    unfolding energy Min def possible pareto def proof
```

```
show "\forallg. {e \in a_win g. \foralle'\in a_win g. e \neq e' \rightarrow \neg e' e\in e\in e energies}
Λ
                                   (∀e e'.
                                                   e \in \{e \in a\_win \ g. \ \forall e' \in a\_win \ g. \ e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg \ e' \ e \leq e\} \land 
                                                   \texttt{e'} \in \{\texttt{e} \in \texttt{a\_win g.} \ \forall \texttt{e'} \in \texttt{a\_win g.} \ \texttt{e} \neq \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \ \texttt{e} \leq \texttt{e} \} \ \land \ \texttt{e} \neq \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \ \texttt{e} \neq \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \ \texttt{e'} \ \texttt{e'} \longrightarrow \neg \
                                                    incomparable (e \le) e e') "
       proof
                 fix g
                 show "{e \in a win g. \forall e'\ina win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\in e} \subset {e. e\inenergies}
\wedge
                                       (∀e e'.
                                                        e \in \{e \in a\_win g. \forall e' \in a\_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e \leq e\} \land 
                                                        e' \in {e \in a_win g. \forall e' \in a_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e \leq e} \wedge e \neq e' \longrightarrow
                                                        incomparable (e≤) e e')"
                 proof
                         show "{e \in a_win g. \forall e'\ina_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e} \subseteq {e. e\inenergies}"
                                  using winning_budget_len.simps
                                  by (smt (verit) Collect_mono_iff mem_Collect_eq)
                           show "∀e e'.
                              e \in \{e \in a\_win \ g. \ \forall e' \in a\_win \ g. \ e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg \ e' \ e \leq e\} \land
                              e' \in \{e \in a\_win \ g. \ \forall e' \in a\_win \ g. \ e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg \ e' \ e \leq e\} \ \land \ e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg \ e' \ e \leq e \}
                              incomparable (e \le) e e' "
                         proof
                                  fix e
                                  \verb"show" \forall e'. e \in \{e \in a\_win g. \forall e' \in a\_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e \leq e\} \ \land
                                                             e' \in {e \in a_win g. \forall e' \in a_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e} \land e \neq e'
                                                             incomparable (e≤) e e'"
                                  proof
                                          fix e'
                                           show "e \in {e \in a_win g. \forall e'\ina_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e} \land
                                           e' \in {e \in a_win g. \forall e' \in a_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e} \land e \neq e' \longrightarrow
                                           incomparable (e\leq) e e'"
                                           proof
                                                   assume " e \in \{e \in a\_win \ g. \ \forall e' \in a\_win \ g. \ e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg \ e' \ e \leq e\} \land
                 e' \in {e \in a_win g. \forall\, e' \in a_win g. e \neq e' \longrightarrow\, \neg e' e \leq e} \land e \neq e'"
                                                   thus "incomparable (e≤) e e'"
                                                             by auto
                                           qed
                                  qed
                         qed
                 qed
        qed
qed
We define a partial order on possible Pareto fronts.
definition pareto_order:: "('position \Rightarrow 'energy set) \Rightarrow ('position \Rightarrow 'energy set)
\Rightarrow bool" (infix "\leq" 80) where
        "pareto_order F F' \equiv (\forall g e. e \in F(g) \longrightarrow (\exists e'. e' \in F'(g) \land e' e\leq e))"
lemma pareto_partial_order_vanilla:
        shows reflexivity: "\bigwedge F. F \in possible_pareto \implies F \leq F" and
transitivity: "\bigwedgeF F' F''. F \in possible_pareto \Longrightarrow F' \in possible_pareto
                                                                 \implies F'' \in possible_pareto \implies F \leq F' \implies F' \leq F''
                                                                 \implies F \preceq F'' " and
antisymmetry: "\bigwedge F F'. F \in possible_pareto \implies F' \in possible_pareto
```

```
\implies F \prec F' \implies F' \prec F \implies F = F'"
proof-
  fix F F' F''
  assume "F ∈ possible_pareto" and "F' ∈ possible_pareto" and "F'' ∈ possible_pareto"
  show "F \prec F"
     unfolding pareto_order_def energy_order ordering_def
     by (meson energy_order ordering.eq_iff)
  show "F \leq F' \Longrightarrow F' \leq F'' \Longrightarrow F \leq F'' "
  proof-
     assume "F \leq F'" and "F' \prec F''"
     show " F \leq F", "
       unfolding pareto_order_def proof
       show "\bigwedgeg. \foralle. e \in F g \longrightarrow (\existse'. e' \in F'' g \land e' e\leq e)"
       proof
          fix g e
          show "e \in F g \longrightarrow (\exists e'. e' \in F'' g \land e' e\le e)"
          proof
            \texttt{assume "e} \, \in \, \texttt{F g"}
            hence "(\exists e'. e' \in F' g \land e' e \leq e)" using (F \leq F') unfolding pareto_order_def
by simp
            from this obtain e' where "e' \in F' g \wedge e' e\le e" by auto
            hence "(\exists e''. e'' \in F'' g \land e'' e \le e')" using \langle F' \le F'' \rangle unfolding pareto_order_de
by simp
            from this obtain e'' where "e'' \in F'' g \land e'' e< e'" by auto
            hence "e'' \in F'' g \land e'' e\le e" using \lte' \in F' g \land e' e\le e> energy_order
ordering_def
               by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
            thus "\existse'. e' \in F'' g \land e' e\le e" by auto
          qed
       qed
     qed
  aed
  show "F \leq F' \Longrightarrow F' \leq F \Longrightarrow F = F'"
  proof-
     assume "F \leq F'" and "F' \leq F"
     show "F = F'"
     proof
       fix g
       show "F g = F' g"
       proof
          show "F g \subseteq F' g"
          proof
            fix e
            assume "e \in F g"
            hence "\existse'. e' \in F' g \land e' e\leq e" using \langleF \leq F'> unfolding pareto_order_def
by auto
            from this obtain e' where "e' \in F' g \wedge e' e\le e" by auto
            hence "\existse''. e'' \in F g \land e'' e\le e'" using \langleF' \le F\rangle unfolding pareto_order_def
by auto
            from this obtain e'' where "e'' \in F g \wedge e'' e\le e'" by auto
            hence "e'' = e ∧ e' = e" using possible_pareto_def ⟨F ∈ possible_pareto⟩
energy_order ordering_def
              by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) \langle e \in F g \rangle \langle e' \in F' g \wedge e' e \leq e \rangle mem_Collect_eq
ordering.antisym partial_preordering_def)
            thus "e \in F' g" using \langlee' \in F' g \wedge e' e\leq e\rangle by auto
          qed
```

```
show "F' g ⊂ F g"
         proof
            fix e
            assume "e \in F' g"
            hence "\existse'. e' \in F g \land e' e\leq e" using \langleF' \leq F> unfolding pareto_order_def
by auto
            from this obtain e' where "e' \in F g \wedge e' e\leq e" by auto
            hence "\existse''. e'' \in F' g \land e'' e\leq e'" using \langleF \leq F'> unfolding pareto_order_def
by auto
            from this obtain e'' where "e'' \in F' g \wedge e'' e\le e'" by auto
            hence "e'' = e \land e' = e" using possible_pareto_def \ltF' \in possible_pareto\gt
energy_order ordering_def
              by (smt (verit, best) \langle F g \subseteq F' g \rangle \langle e \in F' g \rangle \langle e' \in F g \wedge e' e \leq e \rangle
in_mono mem_Collect_eq)
            thus "e \in F g" using \langlee' \in F g \wedge e' e\leq e\rangle by auto
         ged
       qed
    qed
  qed
qed
lemma pareto_partial_order:
  shows "reflp_on possible_pareto (\leq)" and
         "transp_on possible_pareto (\leq)" and
         "antisymp_on possible_pareto (\leq)"
proof-
  show "reflp_on possible_pareto (≤)"
    using reflexivity
    by (simp add: reflp_onI)
  show "transp_on possible_pareto (\leq)"
    using transitivity
    using transp_onI by blast
  show "antisymp_on possible_pareto (≤)"
    using antisymmetry
    using antisymp_onI by auto
qed
By defining a supremum, we show that the order is directed-complete bounded join-
semilattice.
definition pareto_sup:: "('position \Rightarrow 'energy set) set \Rightarrow ('position \Rightarrow 'energy
set)" where
  "pareto_sup P g = energy_Min {e. \exists F. F\in P \land e \in F g}"
lemma pareto_sup_is_sup:
  \verb"assumes" "P \subseteq possible_pareto"
  shows "pareto_sup P \in possible_pareto" and
         "\bigwedgeF. F \in P \Longrightarrow F \leq pareto_sup P" and
         "\bigwedgeFs. Fs \in possible_pareto \Longrightarrow (\bigwedgeF. F \in P \Longrightarrow F \preceq Fs)
          \implies pareto_sup P \leq Fs"
proof-
  show "pareto_sup P \in possible_pareto" unfolding pareto_sup_def possible_pareto_def
energy_Min_def
    by (smt (verit, ccfv_threshold) Ball_Collect assms mem_Collect_eq possible_pareto_def)
  show "\bigwedgeF. F \in P \Longrightarrow F \leq pareto_sup P"
  proof-
```

```
fix F
     assume "F \in P"
     show "F \leq pareto_sup P"
       unfolding pareto_order_def proof
       show "\bigwedgeg. \foralle. e \in F g \longrightarrow (\existse'. e' \in pareto_sup P g \land e' e\leq e)"
       proof
          fix g e
          show "e \in F g \longrightarrow (\existse'. e' \in pareto_sup P g \land e' e\le e)"
          proof
            have in_energy: "{e. \exists F. F \in P \land e \in F g} \subseteq energies"
               using assms possible_pareto_def by force
             \verb"assume" "e \in F g"
             hence "e \in \{(e::'energy). (\exists F. F \in P \land e \in (Fg))\}" using \langle F \in P \rangle by auto
            hence "\existse'. e' \in energy_Min {(e::'energy). (\existsF. F \in P \land e \in (F g))} \land
e, e< e.
               using energy_Min_contains_smaller in_energy
               by meson
             thus "\existse'. e' \in pareto_sup P g \land e' e \le e" unfolding pareto_sup_def by
simp
          qed
       qed
     qed
  show "\bigwedgeFs. Fs \in possible_pareto \Longrightarrow (\bigwedgeF. F \in P \Longrightarrow F \preceq Fs) \Longrightarrow pareto_sup P
≺ Fs"
  proof-
     fix Fs
     assume "Fs \in possible_pareto" and "(\bigwedgeF. F \in P \Longrightarrow F \preceq Fs)"
     show "pareto_sup P ≤ Fs"
       unfolding pareto_order_def proof
       show "\bigwedge g. \forall e. e \in pareto_sup P g \longrightarrow (\exists e'. e' \in Fs g \land e' e \leq e)"
       proof
          fix g e
          show "e \in pareto_sup P g \longrightarrow (\existse'. e' \in Fs g \land e' e\le e)"
          proof
            assume "e ∈ pareto_sup P g"
            hence "e \in \{e. \exists F. F \in P \land e \in F g\}" unfolding pareto_sup_def using energy_Min_def
by simp
            from this obtain F where "F \in P \land e \in F g" by auto
             thus "\existse'. e' \in Fs g \land e' e\leq e" using \langle (\land F. F \in P \Longrightarrow F \leq Fs) \rangle pareto_order_def
by auto
          qed
       qed
     qed
  qed
qed
lemma pareto_directed_complete:
  shows "directed_complete possible_pareto (\leq)"
  unfolding directed_complete_def
proof-
  show "(\lambdaX r. directed X r \wedge X \neq {})-complete possible_pareto (\leq)"
    unfolding complete_def
  proof
     fix P
     {\tt show} "P \subseteq possible_pareto \longrightarrow
```

```
directed P (\prec) \land P \neq {} \longrightarrow (\exists s. \text{ extreme bound possible pareto } (\prec) P
s)"
              proof
                      assume "P ⊆ possible_pareto"
                      show "directed P (\leq) \land P \neq {} \longrightarrow (\existss. extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq)
P s)"
                            assume "directed P (\leq) \land P \neq {}"
                            show "∃s. extreme bound possible pareto (≺) P s"
                                   show "extreme_bound possible_pareto (≤) P (pareto_sup P)"
                                           unfolding extreme_bound_def
                                   proof
                                           show "pareto_sup P \in \{b \in possible\_pareto. bound P (<math>\leq) b}"
                                                  using pareto_sup_is_sup \langle P \subseteq possible_pareto \rangle \langle directed P (<math>\leq) \wedge
P \neq \{\}
                                                 by blast
                                           show \fint \fint
P \leq x"
                                          proof-
                                                 fix x
                                                  assume "x \in \{b \in possible\_pareto. bound P (\preceq) b\}"
                                                  thus "pareto_sup P ≤ x"
                                                         using pareto_sup_is_sup \langle P \subseteq possible\_pareto \rangle \langle directed P (<math>\leq)
\land P \neq \{\}
                                                         by auto
                                           qed
                                   qed
                            qed
                      qed
              qed
      qed
qed
lemma pareto_minimal_element:
       shows "(\lambda g. \{\}) \leq F"
       unfolding pareto_order_def by simp
```

## 4.2 Proof of Decidability

Using Kleene's fixed point theorem we now show, that the minimal attacker winning budgets are the least fixed point of the algorithm. For this we first formalise one iteration of the algorithm.

We now show that iteration is a Scott-continuous functor of possible Pareto fronts.

lemma iteration\_pareto\_functor:

```
assumes "F ∈ possible pareto"
  {	t shows} "iteration {	t F} \in {	t possible_pareto}"
  unfolding possible_pareto_def
proof
  show "\forallg. iteration F g \subseteq {e. e\inenergies} \land
         (\foralle e'. e \in iteration F g \land e' \in iteration F g \land e \neq e' \longrightarrow incomparable
(e≤) e e')"
  proof
    fix g
    show "iteration F g \subseteq {e. e\inenergies} \land
         (\forall e e'. e \in iteration F g \land e' \in iteration F g \land e \neq e' \longrightarrow incomparable
(e<) e e')"
    proof
      show "iteration F g \subseteq {e. e\inenergies}"
      proof
         show "e \in {e. e\inenergies}"
         proof
           show "e∈energies"
           proof(cases "g ∈ attacker")
             case True
             hence "e ∈ energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' | e' g'. e'∈energies
\land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in F g'}"
               using \langle e \in iteration \ F \ g \rangle \ iteration\_def \ by \ auto
             then show ?thesis using assms energy_Min_def
                using inv_well_defined by force
           next
             case False
             hence "e ∈ energy_Min {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index
g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None} | e_index. (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies
\land e_index g' \in F g'))}"
                using \langle e \in iteration \ F \ g \rangle iteration_def by auto
             hence "e ∈ {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'.
weight g g' \neq None}| e_index. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g')\inenergies
\land e_index g' \in F g'))}"
                using energy_Min_def
                by simp
              from this obtain e_index where E: "e = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}" and A:"(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None
\longrightarrow ((e_index g')\inenergies \land e_index g' \in F g'))"
                by blast
             have fin: "finite {inv upd (the (weight g g')) (e index g') | g'. g'
∈ positions}" using finite_positions
             proof -
               have "finite \{p. p \in positions\}"
                 using finite_positions by auto
               then show ?thesis
                  using finite_image_set by fastforce
             have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' ≠ None}
\subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'. g' \in positions}"
               by blast
             hence fin: "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)" using fin
               by (meson finite_subset)
```

```
have "{inv upd (the (weight g g')) (e index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}
⊆ energies"
             proof
               fix x
               assume "x ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight
g g' \neq None}"
               from this obtain g' where "x=inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index
g') and "weight g g' \neq None" by auto
               hence "(e index g')∈energies ∧ e index g' ∈ F g'" using A
                  by blast
               thus "x \in energies" using inv_well_defined
                  using \langle weight g g' \neq None \rangle \langle x = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index)
g') > by blast
             then show ?thesis using bounded_join_semilattice fin E
               by meson
           qed
         qed
       qed
      show "(\foralle e'. e \in iteration F g \land e' \in iteration F g \land e \neq e' \longrightarrow incomparable
(e<) e e')"
         using possible_pareto_def iteration_def energy_Min_def
         by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
    qed
  qed
qed
lemma iteration monotonic:
  assumes "F \in possible_pareto" and "F' \in possible_pareto" and "F \preceq F'"
  shows "iteration F \leq iteration F"
  unfolding pareto_order_def
proof
  show "\forall e. e \in iteration F g \longrightarrow (\exists e'. e' \in iteration F' g \land e' e\leq e)"
  proof
    fix e
    show "e \in iteration F g \longrightarrow (\exists e'. e' \in iteration F' g \land e' e\le e)"
      show "(\exists e'. e' \in iteration F' g \land e' e \leq e)"
      proof(cases"g∈ attacker")
         case True
        hence "e ∈ energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' | e' g'. e' ∈ energies
\land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in F g'}"
           using iteration_def <e ∈ iteration F g> by simp
         from this obtain e' g' where E: "e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' \lambda e'
\in energies \land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in F g'"
           using energy_Min_def by auto
         hence "\existse''. e'' \in F' g' \land e'' e\leq e'" using pareto_order_def assms by simp
         from this obtain e'' where "e'' \in F' g' \wedge e'' e\le e'" by auto
        have "F' g' ⊆ {e. e ∈ energies}" using assms(2) unfolding possible_pareto_def
         hence E'': "e'' \in energies" using \langle e'' \in F' \text{ g'} \land e'' \text{ e} \leq e' \rangle
           by auto
```

```
have uE: "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'' e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
e'"
         proof(rule inverse_monotonic)
           show " weight g g' ≠ None"
              by (simp add: E)
            show "e'' e\leq e'" using <e'' \in F' g' \wedge e'' e\leq e'> by simp
            show "e'' ∈ energies" using E''.
            thus "inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'' \neq None"
              using <weight g g' \neq None > inv_well_defined
              by auto
         qed
         hence "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'' \( \inv_upd \) (the (weight g g')) e'
| e' g'. e' \in energies \land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in F' g'}"
           using E'' <e'' \in F' g' \land e'' e\le e'> E
         hence "∃e'''. e''' energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' | e' g'.
e' \in energies \land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in F' g'} \land e''' e\leq inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) e''"
           using energy_Min_contains_smaller
            by (smt (verit, del insts) inv well defined mem Collect eq subset iff)
         hence "\existse'''. e''' \in iteration F' g \land e''' e\leq inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
e''"
           unfolding iteration_def using True by simp
         from this obtain e''', where E''': "e''', \in iteration F' g \land e''', e< inv upd
(the (weight g g')) e'' by auto
         hence "e''' e≤ e" using E uE energy_order
            by (smt (verit, ccfv_threshold) E'' assms(2) energy_wqo galois_energy_game_decidable.
galois_energy_game_decidable_axioms in_mono inv_well_defined iteration_pareto_functor
mem_Collect_eq transp_onD wqo_on_imp_transp_on)
         then show ?thesis using E''' by auto
         case False
         hence "e\in (energy_Min {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index }})
g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}| e_index. (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ( (e_index
g') \in \text{energies} \land e_{\text{index } g'} \in F g')) \})"
           using iteration_def \langle e \in iteration \ F \ g \rangle by simp
         from this obtain e_index where E: "e= energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g
g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}" and "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index
g') \in energies \land e_index g' \in F g')"
           using energy_Min_def by auto
         hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \exists e'. e' \in F' g' \land e' e\leq e_index g'"
            using assms(3) pareto_order_def by force
         define e_index' where "e_index' \equiv (\lambdag'. (SOME e'. (e' \in F' g' \wedge e' e\leq
e_index g')))"
         hence E': "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index' g' \in F' g' \land e_index'
g' e≤ e_index g'"
           \textbf{using } ` \land \texttt{g'}. \text{ weight g g'} \neq \texttt{None} \Longrightarrow \exists \, \texttt{e'}. \,\, \texttt{e'} \in \texttt{F'} \,\, \texttt{g'} \,\, \land \,\, \texttt{e'} \,\, \texttt{e} \leq \, \texttt{e\_index}
g'> some_eq_ex
           by (metis (mono_tags, lifting))
         hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index'
g') e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')"
            using inverse_monotonic
            using \langle \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow (e_index <math>g') \in energies \land e_index
g' ∈ F g'>
            using inv_well_defined energy_order
            by (smt (verit) Collect_mem_eq assms(2) galois_energy_game_decidable.possible_pareto_
```

```
galois_energy_game_decidable_axioms mem_Collect_eq subsetD)
        hence leq: "∧a. a∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \exists b. b \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) (e\_index g') | g'. weight g' \}
g g' \neq None} \wedge a e\leq b"
          by blast
        have len: "\ a. a\in \{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow a \in energies"
          using E' E inv_well_defined
          using \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow (e_index g') \in energies \land e_index
g' ∈ F g'> energy_order
           using assms(2) galois_energy_game_decidable.possible_pareto_def galois_energy_game_de
in_mono by blast
        hence leq: "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None} e \leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None"
        proof(cases "{g'. weight g g' \neq None} = {}")
          case True
          hence "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight g g' ≠ None}
= \{\} \land \{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' \neq \{None\} = \{\}"
            by simp
          then show ?thesis
             by (simp add: bounded_join_semilattice)
        next
           case False
          have in_energy: "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
             using \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index g' \in energies \land e_index
g' ∈ F g' > inv_well_defined by blast
          have fin: "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \wedge finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None}"
           proof
             have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight g g' \neq
None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'. g' \in positions}"
               by auto
             thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'. weight
g g' ≠ None}"
               using finite_positions
               using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
             have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}
\subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. g' \in positions}"
               by auto
             thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g
g' ≠ None}"
               using finite_positions
               using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
           from False have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \neq {}" by simp
          then show ?thesis using energy_sup_leq_energy_sup len leq fin in_energy
        qed
```

```
have "\bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies (e_index' g') \in energies" using E' <math>\langle \forall g'.
weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow (e_index g')\in energies \land e_index g' \in F g'>
           using assms(2) galois_energy_game_decidable.possible_pareto_def galois_energy_game_de
in_mono by blast
         hence "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \in {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight
g g' \neq None}| e_index. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g')\in energies \land
e_index g' ∈ F' g'))}"
           using E'
           by blast
         hence "∃e'. e' ∈ energy_Min {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index
g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}| e_index. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g')
\in energies \land e_index g' \in F' g'))}
                \land e' e\le energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'.
weight g g' \neq None}"
           using energy_Min_contains_smaller
         proof -
           obtain ee :: "'energy \Rightarrow 'energy set \Rightarrow 'energy" and eea :: "'energy \Rightarrow
'energy set \Rightarrow 'energy" where
              f1: "\foralle E. ee e E e< e \land ee e E \in energy Min E \lor \neg E \subset energies \lor
e ∉ E"
              using energy_Min_contains_smaller by moura
           have "finite ({}::'energy set)"
              by blast
           have in_energy: "\bigwedge f. \forall p. weight g p \neq None \longrightarrow f p \in energies <math>\land f p
\in F' p \Longrightarrow {inv_upd (the (weight g p)) (f p) |p. weight g p \neq None} \subseteq energies"
              using inv_well_defined by blast
           have "\bigwedgef. \forallp. weight g p \neq None \longrightarrow f p \in energies \land f p \in F' p \Longrightarrow
finite \{inv\_upd\ (the\ (weight\ g\ p))\ (f\ p)\ |p.\ weight\ g\ p \neq None\}"
           proof-
              have "{inv_upd (the (weight g p)) (f p) |p. weight g p \neq None} \subseteq {inv_upd
(the (weight g p)) (f p) |p. p \in positions\}" by auto
              thus "\forall \, p. weight g p \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow f \ p \in \text{energies} \, \land \, f \ p \in F \text{'} \ p \Longrightarrow \text{finite}
\{\text{inv\_upd (the (weight g p)) (f p) | p. weight g p} \neq \text{None}\}" using finite_positions
                by (simp add: rev_finite_subset)
           qed
           then have "{energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g p)) (f p) |p. weight g
p \neq None\} \mid f. \ \forall p. weight g p \neq None \longrightarrow f p \in energies <math>\land f p \in F' p\} \subseteq energies"
              using in_energy bounded_join_semilattice
              by force
           then show ?thesis
              using f1 <energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'.
weight g g' \neq None} \in {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'.
weight g g' \neq None\} | e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index g' \in energies
\land e_index g' \in F' g'} by blast
         aed
         hence "\existse'. e' \in iteration F' g \land e' e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None} "
           unfolding iteration_def using False by auto
         from this obtain e' where "e' \in iteration F' g" and "e' e\le energy_sup {inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None} " by auto
         hence " e' e energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'.
weight g g' ≠ None}"
           using leq energy_order ordering_def
           by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
```

```
then show ?thesis using E energy order ordering def <e' ∈ iteration F'
g>
                               by auto
                   qed
            qed
      qed
qed
lemma finite directed set upper bound:
      assumes "\Lambda F F'. F \in P \Longrightarrow F' \in P \Longrightarrow \exists F''. F'' \in P \land F \prec F'' \land F' \prec F''"
                               and "P \neq {}" and "P' \subseteq P" and "finite P'" and "P \subseteq possible_pareto"
      shows "\existsF'. F' \in P \land (\forallF. F \in P' \longrightarrow F \preceq F')"
      using assms proof(induct "card P'" arbitrary: P')
      case 0
      then show ?case
            by auto
next
      case (Suc x)
      hence "\existsF. F \in P'"
           by auto
      from this obtain F where "F \in P'" by auto
      define P'' where "P'' = P' - {F}"
      hence "card P'' = x" using Suc card_Suc_Diff1 <F ∈ P'> by simp
      hence "\exists F'. F' \in P \land (\forall F. F \in P'' \longrightarrow F \prec F')" using Suc
            using P''_def by blast
      from this obtain F' where "F' \in P \land (\forallF. F \in P'' \longrightarrow F \preceq F')" by auto
      hence "\exists F''. F'' \in P \land F \leq F'' \land F' \leq F''" using Suc
            by (metis (no_types, lifting) \langle F \in P' \rangle in_mono)
      from this obtain F'' where "F'' \in P \wedge F \leq F'' \wedge F' \leq F'' by auto
      show ?case
      proof
            show "F'' \in P \land (\forall F. F \in P' \longrightarrow F \prec F'')"
                   show "F'' \in P" using \langleF'' \in P \wedge F \preceq F'' \wedge F' \preceq F''> by simp
                   show "\forall F. F \in P' \longrightarrow F \leq F''"
                  proof
                         fix FO
                         show "F0 \in P' \longrightarrow F0 \preceq F''"
                         proof
                              assume "FO ∈ P'"
                              show "F0 \leq F''"
                               proof(cases "F0 = F")
                                     case True
                                     then show ?thesis using \langle F', e' \in P \land F \leq F', e' \wedge F' \leq F', e' \rangle by simp
                               next
                                     case False
                                     hence "F0 \in P''" using P''_def \langleF0 \in P'\rangle by auto
                                     hence "F0 \leq F'" using \langleF' \in P \wedge (\forallF. F \in P'' \longrightarrow F \leq F')> by simp
                                     then show ?thesis using \langle F', e P \land F \leq F', e F \leq F', f \leq F'
Suc
                                           by (smt (z3) \langle F' \in P \land (\forall F. F \in P'' \longrightarrow F \leq F') \rangle \langle F0 \in P' \rangle subsetD)
                               qed
                         qed
                   qed
            qed
```

```
qed
qed
lemma iteration_scott_continuous_vanilla:
  assumes "P \subseteq possible_pareto" and
           "\bigwedge F F'. F \in P \Longrightarrow F' \in P \Longrightarrow \exists F''. F'' \in P \land F \preceq F'' \land F' \preceq F''' and
"P \( \frac{1}{2} \)"
  shows "iteration (pareto_sup P) = pareto_sup {iteration F \mid F. F \in P}"
proof(rule antisymmetry)
  from assms have "(pareto_sup P) ∈ possible_pareto" using assms pareto_sup_is_sup
  thus A: "iteration (pareto_sup P) ∈ possible_pareto" using iteration_pareto_functor
by simp
  have B: "{iteration F |F. F \in P} \subseteq possible_pareto"
  proof
    fix F
     \mbox{assume "F} \in \{\mbox{iteration F} \ | \mbox{F}. \ \mbox{F} \in \mbox{P}\}" 
    from this obtain F' where "F = iteration F'" and "F' \in P" by auto
    thus "F \in possible_pareto" using iteration_pareto_functor
      using assms by auto
  qed
  thus "pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F ∈ P} ∈ possible_pareto" using pareto_sup_is_sup
by simp
  show "iteration (pareto_sup P) \leq pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P}"
    unfolding pareto_order_def proof
    fix g
    show " \forall e. e \in iteration (pareto_sup P) g \longrightarrow
               (\exists\, e'. e' \in pareto_sup {iteration F |F. F \in P} g \land e' e\leq e)"
    proof
       fix e
       \verb"show"" e \in iteration (pareto_sup P) g \longrightarrow
               (\exists e'. e' \in pareto\_sup \{iteration F | F. F \in P\} g \land e' e \leq e)"
      proof
         assume "e ∈ iteration (pareto_sup P) g"
         show "\existse'. e' \in pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P} g \land e' e\leq e"
         proof(cases "g ∈ attacker")
           case True
           hence "e \in energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' | e' g'. e' \in energies
\land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in (pareto_sup P) g'}"
              using iteration_def <e ∈ iteration (pareto_sup P) g> by auto
           from this obtain e' g' where "e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'" and
"e' \in energies \land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in (pareto_sup P) g'"
              using energy_Min_def by auto
           hence "∃F. F∈ P ∧ e' ∈ F g'" using pareto_sup_def energy_Min_def by simp
           from this obtain F where "F\in P \land e' \in F g'" by auto
           hence E: "e \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' | e' g'. e' \in energies
\land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in F g'}" using \lte = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'>
              using \langle e' \in energies \land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in pareto\_sup P g' \rangle
by blast
           have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' | e' g'. e' \in energies \land weight g
g' \neq None \land e' \in F g' \subseteq energies"
              using inv_well_defined by blast
           hence "\existse''. e'' \in energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' | e' g'.
```

```
e' \in energies \land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in F g' \land e'' e \leq e''
              using energy_Min_contains_smaller E
              by meson
            hence "\existse''. e'' \in iteration F g \land e'' e\leq e" using True iteration_def
by simp
            from this obtain e'' where "e'' \in iteration F g \land e'' e\le e" by auto
            have "\existse''' \in pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P} g. e''' e\leq e''"
              unfolding pareto_sup_def proof(rule energy_Min_contains_smaller)
              show "e'' \in {e. \existsF. F \in {iteration F | F. F \in P} \land e \in F g}"
                 using <e'' \in iteration F g \land e'' \in e>
                 using \langle F \in P \land e' \in F \text{ g'} \rangle by blast
               show "{e. \exists F. F \in {iteration F | F. F \in P} \land e \in F g} \subseteq energies"
              proof
                 fix x
                 assume X: "x \in \{e. \exists F. F \in \{iteration F \mid F. F \in P\} \land e \in F g\}"
                 from this obtain F where "F \in {iteration F | F. F \in P} \wedge x \in F g"
by auto
                 from this obtain F' where "F = iteration F'" and "F' \in P" by auto
                 hence "F ∈ possible_pareto" using assms
                   using iteration_pareto_functor by auto
                 thus "x \in energies " unfolding possible_pareto_def using X
                   using \langle F \in \{\text{iteration } F \mid F. F \in P\} \land x \in F \not g \rangle by blast
              qed
            qed
            then show ?thesis
              using \langle e'' \in \text{iteration F g } \land e'' \in e \in e \text{ energy_order ordering_def}
              by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
         next
            case False
            hence "e \in energy_Min {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index
g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None} | e_index. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g')
∈ energies ∧ e_index g' ∈ (pareto_sup P) g'))}"
              using iteration_def <e ∈ iteration (pareto_sup P) g> by auto
            from this obtain e_index where "e= energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g
g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}" and "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow (
(e_{index g'}) \in e_{index g'} \in (pareto_{sup P) g'})"
              using energy_Min_def by auto
            hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index g' \in (pareto_sup P) g'" by
auto
            hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \exists F'. F' \in P \land e_{index g'} \in F' g'"
using pareto_sup_def energy_Min_def
              by (simp add: mem_Collect_eq)
            define F index where "F index \equiv \lambda g'. SOME F'. F' \in P \land e index g' \in F'
g'"
            hence Fg: "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow F_index g' \in P \land e_index g' \in
F_index g' g'"
              using \langle Ag'. weight g \ g' \neq None \implies \exists \ F'. F' \in P \land e_index \ g' \in F'
g'> some_eq_ex
              by (smt (verit))
            have "\exists F'. F' \in P \land (\forall F. F \in \{F_{index g'} \mid g'. weight g g' \neq None\} \longrightarrow
F \leq F')"
            proof(rule finite_directed_set_upper_bound)
              show "\bigwedge F F'. F \in P \Longrightarrow F' \in P \Longrightarrow \exists F''. F'' \in P \land F \preceq F'' \land F' \preceq F'
F''' using assms by simp
              show "P \neq {}" using assms by simp
```

```
show "{F index g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq P"
               using Fg
               using subsetI by auto
             have "finite \{g'.\ weight\ g\ g'\neq None\}" using finite_positions
               by (metis Collect_mono finite_subset)
             thus "finite \{F_{index g' \mid g'. weight g g' \neq None\}" by auto
             show "P \subseteq possible_pareto" using assms by simp
           from this obtain F where F: "F \in P \land (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow F_index
g' \leq F)" by auto
           hence "F ∈ possible_pareto" using assms by auto
           have "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \existse'. e' \in F g' \land e' e\leq e_index g'"
           proof-
             fix g'
             assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
             hence "e_index g' ∈ F_index g' g'" using Fg by auto
             have "F_index g' \leq F" using F <weight g g' \neq None>
             thus "\existse'. e' \in F g' \land e' e\leq e_index g'" unfolding pareto_order_def
                using <e_index g' ∈ F_index g' g' > by fastforce
           qed
           define e_index' where "e_index' \equiv \lambda g'. SOME e'. e' \in F g' \wedge e' e\leq e_index
g'"
           hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index' g' \in F g' \land e_index' g' \in
e_index g'"
             using \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies \exists e'. e' \in F g' \land e' e \leq e_{index}
g'> some_eq_ex by (smt (verit))
           hence "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None} e \leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
g g' ≠ None}"
           proof(cases "{g'. weight g g' \neq None} = {}")
             case True
             hence "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight g g' \neq
None\} = \{\}" by simp
             have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}
= {}" using True by simp
             then show ?thesis unfolding energy_order using < {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None} = {}>
                using energy_order ordering.eq_iff by fastforce
           next
             case False
             show ?thesis
             proof(rule energy_sup_leq_energy_sup)
                show "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \neq {}"
                 using False by simp
                show "Aa. a \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow
                      \exists b \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) (e\_index g') | g'. weight g
g' \neq None. a e \le b"
                proof-
                  fix a
                  assume "a ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \) None}"
                  from this obtain g' where "a=inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index'
g')" and "weight g g' \neq None" by auto
```

```
have "(e_index' g') e≤ (e_index' g')"
                    using <weight g g' \neq None \Rightarrow <\sqrt{g'}. weight g g' \neq None \Rightarrow e_index'
g' \in F g' \land e_index' g' e\le e_index g'>
                    by (meson energy_order ordering.eq_iff)
                  have "(e_index' g') \in energies "
                    using \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies e_index' <math>g' \in F g' \land e_index'
g' e\leq e_index g'> possible_pareto_def <weight g g' \neq None> F assms
                    by blast
                  hence "a e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')"
                    using <a=inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')> <(e_index'</pre>
g') e\leq (e_index' g')> inverse_monotonic \langle weight g g' \neq None>
                    using inv_well_defined by presburger
                  hence "a e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')"
                    using \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index' g' \in F g' \wedge e_index'
g' e≤ e_index g'>
                    using <a = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')> <e_index'</pre>
g' \in energies> <weight g g' \neq None> inv_well_defined inverse_monotonic by blast
                  thus "∃b∈{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight
g g' \neq None\}. a e\leq b"
                    using <weight g g' ≠ None> by blast
                qed
                show "Aa. a \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None \implies
                      a \in energies"
               proof-
                  fix a
                  assume "a ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \) None}"
                  from this obtain g' where "a=inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index'
g')" and "weight g g' \neq None" by auto
                  hence "e_index' g' \in F g' using \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index'
g'\in F g' \land e_index' g' e\le e_index g'>
                    by simp
                  hence "(e_index' g') ∈ energies" using <F ∈ possible_pareto > possible_pareto_c
                    by blast
                  thus "a \in energies" using \( a = inv_upd \) (the (weight g g')) (e_index')
g')> <weight g g' \neq None>
                    using inv_well_defined by blast
                qed
                have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
                thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') |g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)"
                  using finite_positions
                 using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq
None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
                thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \) None}"
                  using finite_positions
                  using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                show "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq
None} ⊆ energies"
                  using \forall g'. weight g g' \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow e_{\text{index }} g' \in \text{energies } \land e_{\text{index }}
g' ∈ pareto_sup P g'> inv_well_defined by blast
```

```
hence leq: "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g')| g'.
weight g g' \neq None} e\leq e"
             using <e= energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'.</pre>
weight g g' \neq None} by simp
           have in_energies: "{energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')}
|g'. weight g g' \neq None} |e_index. \forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index g' \in energies
\land e_index g' \in F g'} \subseteq energies"
           proof
             fix x
             assume "x ∈ {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'.
weight g g' \neq None} | e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index g' \in energies
\land e_index g' \in F g'}"
             from this obtain e_index where X: "x = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}" and "\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
e_index g' \in energies \land e_index g' \in F g'" by auto
             have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
             hence fin: "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \) None}" using finite_positions
               using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
             have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}
⊆ energies"
               using \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index <math>g' \in energies \land e_index
g' \in F g' inv_well_defined by force
             thus "x \in energies" unfolding X using bounded_join_semilattice fin
                by meson
           qed
           have in_energies2: "{e. \exists F. (F \in \{\text{iteration } F \mid F. F \in P\} \land e \in F g)}
             using assms unfolding possible_pareto_def
             by (smt (verit) B mem_Collect_eq possible_pareto_def subset_iff)
           have "\bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies e_index' <math>g' \in F g'" using \bigwedge g'. weight
g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index' g' \in F g' \land e_index' g' e\leq e_index g' \triangleright
             by simp
           hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow (e_index' g') \in energies" using \langle F
∈ possible_pareto > possible_pareto_def
             by blast
           hence "(energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight
g g' ≠ None}) ∈ {energy_sup
             {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None} |
            e index.
            \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow (e_index g') \in energies \land e_index g' \in
F g'}"
             using \langle Ag'. weight gg' \neq None \implies e_index' <math>g' \in Fg' \land e_index' g'
e≤ e_index g'> by auto
           hence "\existse'. e' \in iteration F g \land e' \in (energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index' g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
             unfolding iteration_def using energy_Min_contains_smaller False in_energies
             by meson
           from this obtain e' where E': "e' \in iteration F g \land e' e\le (energy_sup
{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index' g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
           hence "e' \in {(e::'energy). (\exists F. F\in {iteration F | F. F\in P} \land e\in (F
g))}" using F by auto
```

```
hence "\existsa. a \in pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P} g \land a e\leq e'"
             unfolding pareto_sup_def using energy_Min_contains_smaller in_energies2
by meson
           from this obtain a where "a \in pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P} g \land
a e \le e'' by auto
           hence "a e≤ e" using E' leq energy_order ordering_def
             by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
           then show ?thesis using <a \in pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P} g \wedge a
e< e'> by auto
         qed
       qed
    qed
  qed
  show "pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P} \leq iteration (pareto_sup P)"
  proof(rule pareto_sup_is_sup(3))
    show "{iteration F | F. F \in P} \subseteq possible_pareto" using B by simp
    show "iteration (pareto_sup P) ∈ possible_pareto" using A by simp
    show "\bigwedgeF. F \in {iteration F | F. F \in P} \Longrightarrow F \preceq iteration (pareto_sup P)"
    proof-
      fix F
      assume "F \in \{\text{iteration } F \mid F. F \in P\}"
      from this obtain F' where "F = iteration F'" and "F' \in P" by auto
      hence "F' ≤ pareto_sup P" using pareto_sup_is_sup
         by (simp add: assms)
       thus "F ≤ iteration (pareto_sup P)" using <F = iteration F' > iteration_monotonic
assms
         by (simp add: \langle F' \in P \rangle \langle pareto\_sup P \in possible\_pareto \rangle subsetD)
    qed
  qed
qed
lemma iteration_scott_continuous:
  shows "scott_continuous possible_pareto (≤) possible_pareto (≤) iteration"
proof
  show "iteration ' possible_pareto ⊆ possible_pareto"
    using iteration_pareto_functor
    by blast
  show "\bigwedgeX s. directed_set X (\leq) \Longrightarrow
            X \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow
            \mathtt{X} \subseteq \mathtt{possible\_pareto} \Longrightarrow
            extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq) X s \Longrightarrow
            extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq) (iteration ' X) (iteration s)"
  proof-
    assume A1: "directed_set P (\leq)" and A2: "P \neq {}" and A3: "P \subseteq possible_pareto"
and
            A4: "extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq) P s"
    hence A4: "s = pareto_sup P" unfolding extreme_bound_def using pareto_sup_is_sup
      by (metis (no_types, lifting) A4 antisymmetry extreme_bound_iff)
    from A1 have A1: "\bigwedge F F'. F \in P \Longrightarrow F' \in P \Longrightarrow \exists F''. F'' \in P \land F \preceq F'' \land F'

    ∀ F''"

      unfolding directed_set_def
      by (metis A1 directedD2)
```

```
hence "iteration s = pareto_sup {iteration F |F. F \in P}"
      using iteration_scott_continuous_vanilla A2 A3 A4 finite_positions
      by blast
    show "extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq) (iteration 'P) (iteration s)"
      {f unfolding} <iteration s = pareto_sup {iteration F | F. F \in P}> extreme_bound_def
      have A3: "{iteration F |F. F \in P} \subseteq possible pareto"
        using iteration_pareto_functor A3
        by auto
      thus "pareto_sup {iteration F |F. F \in P\} \in \{b \in possible\_pareto. bound (iteration)\}
'P) (≼) b}"
      using pareto_sup_is_sup
      by (simp add: Setcompr_eq_image bound_def)
      show "\bigwedge x. x \in \{b \in possible\_pareto. bound (iteration 'P) <math>(\preceq) b} \Longrightarrow
         pareto_sup {iteration F |F. F \in P} \leq x"
        using A3 pareto_sup_is_sup
        by (smt (verit, del_insts) bound_def image_eqI mem_Collect_eq)
    qed
  qed
qed
We now show that a win min is a fixed point of iteration.
lemma a_win_min_is_fp:
  shows "iteration a_win_min = a_win_min"
proof
 have minimal_winning_budget_attacker: "\bigwedgeg e. g \in attacker \Longrightarrow minimal_winning_budget
e g = (e \in energy_Min {e. \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget e'
g' \( \text{e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))})"
 proof-
    fix g e
    have attacker_inv_in_winning_budget: "\bigwedge g g' e'. g \in attacker \implies weight g g'

\neq None \implies winning_budget_len e' g' \implies winning_budget_len (inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) e') g"
    proof-
      fix g g' e'
      assume A1: "g ∈ attacker" and A2: " weight g g' ≠ None" and A3: "winning_budget_len
      show "winning_budget_len (inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e') g"
        from A3 have "e' ∈ energies" using winning_budget_len.simps
          by blast
        show "(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e')) ∈ energies ∧ g
\in attacker \land
            (\exists g'a. weight g g'a \neq None \land
           application (the (weight g g'a)) (the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e')) \neq None \wedge
           winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g'a)) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e')))) g'a) "
        proof
          show "(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e')) ∈ energies" using
```

```
<e' ∈ energies> A2
            using inv_well_defined by blast
          show "g \in attacker \land
           (\exists g'a. weight g g'a \neq None \land
           application (the (weight g g'a)) (the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e')) \neq None \wedge
           winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g'a)) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e')))) g'a) "
          proof
             show "g ∈ attacker" using A1 .
            show "\existsg'a. weight g g'a \neq None \land
          application (the (weight g g'a)) (the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e')) \neq None \wedge
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g'a)) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e')))) g'a"
            proof
               show "weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                 application (the (weight g g')) (the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e')) \neq None \wedge
                winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) (the (inverse_applicat
(the (weight g g')) e')))) g'"
               proof
                 show "weight g g' ≠ None" using A2 .
                 show "application (the (weight g g')) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e')) \neq None \wedge
                     winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) (the
(inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e')))) g'"
                 proof
                   from A1 A2 show "application (the (weight g g')) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e')) \( \neq \text{None" using inv_well_defined} \)
                     by (simp add: ⟨e' ∈ energies⟩)
                   have "order e' (the (application (the (weight g g')) (the (inverse_application)
(the (weight g g')) e'))))" using upd_inv_increasing
                     using A2 <e' ∈ energies> by blast
                   thus "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g'))
(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e')))) g'" using upwards_closure_wb_len
                     using A3 by auto
                 qed
               qed
            qed
          qed
        qed
      qed
    qed
    have min_winning_budget_is_inv_a: "\lande g. g \in attacker \Longrightarrow minimal_winning_budget
e g \Longrightarrow \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = (inv_upd (the
(weight g g')) e')"
    proof-
      fix e g
      assume A1: "g ∈ attacker" and A2: " minimal_winning_budget e g"
      show "\existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = (inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) e')"
      proof-
        from A1 A2 have "winning_budget_len e g" using energy_Min_def by simp
        hence <e ∈ energies> using winning_budget_len.simps by blast
```

```
from A1 A2 <winning budget len e g> have " (\existsg'. (weight g g' \neq None) \land
(application (the (weight g g')) e)\neq None \wedge (winning_budget_len (the (application
(the (weight g g')) e)) g') )"
          using winning_budget_len.simps
          by blast
        from this obtain g' where G: "(weight g g' \neq None) \land (application (the
(weight g g')) e)\neq None \wedge (winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g
g')) e)) g')" by auto
        hence "(the (application (the (weight g g')) e)) ∈ energies"
          using <e ∈ energies> upd_well_defined by blast
        hence W: "winning_budget_len (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))
(the (application (the (weight g g')) e)))) g" using G attacker_inv_in_winning_budget
          by (meson A1)
        have "order (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (the (application
(the (weight g g')) e)))) e" using inv_upd_decreasing
          using \langle e \in energies \rangle by blast
        hence E: "e = (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (the (application
(the (weight g g')) e))))" using W A1 A2 energy_Min_def
          by auto
        show ?thesis
        proof
          show "\existse'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = the (inverse_application)
(the (weight g g')) e') "
          proof
             show "weight g g' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (the (application (the
(weight g g')) e)) g' \lambda e = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (the (application
(the (weight g g')) e)))"
               using G E by simp
        qed
      qed
    qed
    have min_winning_budget_a_iff_energy_Min: "minimal_winning_budget e g
    \longleftrightarrow e \in energy_Min {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e'
g' \land e=(inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) e')}"
      have len: "\lande. e\in {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e'
g' \land e=(the (inverse\_application (the (weight g g')) e'))) \implies e \in energies"
      proof-
        assume "e\in {e. \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g' \land
e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}"
        hence "\existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g' \land e=(the
(inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))" by auto
        from this obtain g'e' where eg: "weight g g' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len
e' g' \wedge e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))" by auto
        hence "weight g g' \neq None" by auto
        from eg have "e' \in energies" using winning_budget_len.simps by blast
        thus "e ∈ energies" using eg <e' ∈ energies>
          using inv_well_defined by blast
      qed
      show ?thesis
      proof
```

```
assume "minimal winning budget e g"
         e'g) using energy_Min_def by auto
         hence E: "e\in {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g'
\land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}"
           \underline{\tt using} \ \underline{\tt min\_winning\_budget\_is\_inv\_a} \ \ \langle \tt g \in \tt attacker \rangle
           by (simp add: <minimal_winning_budget e g>)
         have "\bigwedge x. x \in \{e. \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g'
\land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))} \land order x e \Longrightarrow e=x"
         proof-
           fix x
           assume X: "x \in \{e. \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning\_budget\_len e'
g' \land e=(the (inverse\_application (the (weight g g')) e'))} \land order x e"
           have "winning_budget_len x g"
           proof
             \verb"show" x \in \texttt{energies} \ \land
                g \, \in \, attacker \, \, \wedge \,
                (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
             application (the (weight g g')) x \neq None \land winning\_budget\_len (the
(application (the (weight g g')) x)) g')"
             proof
                show "x \in energies" using len X by blast
                {	t show} "g \in attacker \wedge
                  (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land)
                  application (the (weight g g')) x \neq None \land winning\_budget\_len (the
(application (the (weight g g')) x)) g')"
                proof
                  show "g \in attacker" using \langle g \in attacker \rangle.
                  from X have "∃g' e'.
                weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                winning_budget_len e' g' \land x = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'"
                    by blast
                  from this obtain g' e' where X: "weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                winning_budget_len e' g' \land x = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'" by
auto
                  show "\existsg'. weight g g' \neq None \land
          apply_w g g' x ≠ None ∧ winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) x)
g'"
                  proof
                    show "weight g g' \neq None \wedge
          apply_w g g' x \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) x)
g'"
                      show "weight g g' ≠ None" using X by simp
                       show "apply_w g g' x \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (upd (the
(weight g g')) x) g'"
                      proof
                         have "e' e \le (upd (the (weight g g')) x)"
                           using X upd_inv_increasing
                           by (metis winning_budget_len.simps)
                         have "winning_budget_len (inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e')
g"
```

```
using X attacker inv in winning budget <weight g g' ≠ None>
⟨g ∈ attacker⟩
                                               by blast
                                           thus "winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) x) g'"
                                               using <e' e≤ (upd (the (weight g g')) x)> upwards_closure_wb_len
X by blast
                                           have "inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e' ≠ None"
                                               using inv_well_defined <weight g g' \neq None>
                                               by (metis X winning_budget_len.simps)
                                           thus "apply_w g g' x ≠ None"
                                               using X inv_well_defined
                                               using nonpos_eq_pos winning_bugget_len_is_wb by blast
                                       qed
                                   qed
                               qed
                           qed
                       qed
                   qed
                   thus "e=x" using X A
                       by metis
               qed
               thus "e \in energy_Min {e. \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len
e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}"
                   using E energy_Min_def
                   by (smt (verit, del_insts) mem_Collect_eq)
               e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}"
               hence E: "e \in {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g'
∧ e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}"
                   using energy_Min_def by auto
               have "winning_budget_len e g \land (\foralle'. e' \neq e \longrightarrow order e' e \longrightarrow ¬ winning_budget_len
e'g)"
               proof
                   \verb|show W: "winning_budget_len e g" using len E < g \in attacker> winning_budget_len.introduction | the state of the state 
                       by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) attacker_inv_in_winning_budget mem_Collect_eq)
                   from W have "e∈ {e''. order e'' e ∧ winning_budget_len e'' g}" using energy_order
ordering_def
                       by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq partial_preordering_def)
                   hence notempty: "\{\} \neq \{e', order e', e \land winning budget len e', g\}"
by auto
                   have "\early e''. e'' ∈ {e''. order e'' e \times winning_budget_len e'' g} ⇒ e''
∈ energies"
                      using winning_budget_len.simps by blast
                   hence "{} ≠ energy_Min {e''. order e'' e ∧ winning_budget_len e'' g}"
using energy_Min_not_empty notempty
                       by (metis (no_types, lifting) subsetI)
                   hence "\existse''. e'' \in energy_Min {e''. order e'' e \land winning_budget_len
e'' g}" by auto
                   from this obtain e'' where "e'' ∈ energy_Min {e''. order e'' e ∧ winning_budget_len
e'' g}" by auto
                   hence X: "order e'' e \land winning_budget_len e'' g \land (\forall e'. e' \in {e''. order
e'' e \land winning_budget_len e'' g} \longrightarrow e'' \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg order e' e'')"
                       using energy_Min_def by simp
```

```
have "(\forall e' \neq e'). order e' e' \rightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e' g)"
           proof
             fix e'
             show " e' \neq e'' \longrightarrow order e' e'' \longrightarrow ¬ winning_budget_len e' g"
             proof
                assume " e' \neq e''"
                show "order e' e'' → ¬ winning_budget_len e' g"
               proof
                  assume "order e' e''"
                  from <order e' e'' have "order e' e" using X energy_order ordering_def</pre>
                    by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
                  show "¬ winning_budget_len e' g"
                    assume "winning_budget_len e' g"
                    hence "e'\in{e''. order e'' e \land winning_budget_len e'' g}" using
<order e' e' by auto</pre>
                    hence "\neg order e' e'' using X <e' \neq e'' by simp
                    thus "False" using <order e' e''> by simp
                  qed
                qed
             qed
           qed
          hence E: "order e'' e \land winning_budget_len e'' g \land (\forall e' \neq e''. order
e' e'' \longrightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e' g)" using X
             by meson
           hence "order e'' e \land minimal_winning_budget e'' g" using energy_Min_def
by auto
           hence "\existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g' \land e''=(the
(inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))"
             using min_winning_budget_is_inv_a X ⟨g ∈ attacker⟩ by simp
           hence "e'' \in {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g'
\land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}" by auto
           hence "e=e''" using \langle g \in attacker \rangle X energy_Min_def E
             by (smt (verit, best) \langle e \in energy\_Min \ \{e. \ \exists \ g' \ e'. \ weight \ g \ g' \neq None \ \}
\land winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e')}>
mem_Collect_eq)
           thus "(\forall e'. e' \neq e \longrightarrow order e' e \longrightarrow \neg winning\_budget\_len e' g)" using
E by auto
        thus "minimal_winning_budget e g" using energy_Min_def by auto
      qed
    qed
    have min_winning_budget_is_minimal_inv_a: "∧e g. g ∈ attacker ⇒ minimal_winning_budget
e g \Longrightarrow \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget e' g' \land e=(inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) e')"
    proof-
      fix e g
       assume A1: "g ∈ attacker" and A2: "minimal_winning_budget e g"
      show "\existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget e' g' \land e=(inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) e')"
         from A1 A2 have "winning_budget_len e g" using energy_Min_def by simp
         from A1 A2 have "\foralle' \neq e. order e' e \longrightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e' g" using
energy_Min_def
```

```
using mem Collect eq by auto
        hence "\existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' g' \land e=(the
(inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))"
           using min_winning_budget_is_inv_a A1 A2 <winning_budget_len e g> by auto
        from this obtain g'e' where G: "weight g g' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len
e' g' \wedge e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))" by auto
        hence "e' ∈ {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e e'}" using energy_order
ordering_def
           using partial_preordering.refl by fastforce
        have "\lande'. e' \in {e. winning_budget_len e g' \land order e e'} \Longrightarrow e' \in energies"
using winning_budget_len.simps by blast
         hence "energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' \land order e e'} \neq {}" using
\langle e' \in \{e. winning\_budget\_len e g' \land order e e'\} \rangle energy\_Min\_not\_empty
           by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) empty_iff energy_order mem_Collect_eq ordering.eq_iff
subsetI)
        hence "∃e''. e'' ∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e e'}"
by auto
        from this obtain e'' where "e'' \( \) energy_Min \( \) (e. winning_budget_len e g'
∧ order e e'}" by auto
        have <minimal_winning_budget e'' g'>
           unfolding energy_Min_def proof
           show "e'' \in a_win g' \land (\forall e'\ina_win g'. e'' \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e'')"
             have "winning_budget_len e'' g' \lambda order e'' e'"
               using <e'' ∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e e'}>
energy_Min_def by auto
             thus "e'' \in a_win g'" by auto
             show "(\forall e'\ina_win g'. e'' \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e'')"
             proof
               fix e
               assume "e∈a_win g'"
               show "e'' \neq e \longrightarrow \neg e e\leq e''"
               proof
                 assume "e", \neq e"
                  show "¬ e e≤ e''"
                 proof
                    assume "e e\leq e''
                    hence "e e\leq e'" using <winning_budget_len e'' g' \wedge order e''
e'> energy_order ordering_def
                      by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
                    hence "winning_budget_len e g' \land order e e'"
                      using \langle e \in a\_win g' \rangle by auto
                    hence "e \in {e. winning_budget_len e g' \land order e e'} \land e'' \neq
e \ e e < e''"
                      by (simp add: \langle e \ e \leq e', \rangle \langle e', \neq e \rangle)
                    thus "False"
                      using <e'', ∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order
e e'}> energy_Min_def
                      by auto
                  qed
               qed
             qed
           qed
        qed
        from <e'' ∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e e'}> have
```

```
"e'' ∈ {e. winning budget len e g' ∧ order e e'}" using energy Min def by auto
        hence "winning_budget_len e'' g' \land order e'' e'" by simp
        have "order e'' e'" using <e'' ∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g'
∧ order e e'}> energy_Min_def by auto
        hence "order (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'')) (the (inverse_applicat
(the (weight g g')) e'))"
          using inverse_monotonic
           using G inv_well_defined energy_order nonpos_eq_pos winning_bugget_len_is_wb
          using <winning_budget_len e'' g' ∧ e'' e≤ e'> by presburger
        hence "order (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'')) e" using
G by auto
        hence "e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e''))" using <winning_budget_len
e'' g' \land order e'' e'\lor \lor \lor e' \ne e. order e' e \longrightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e' g\lor
           by (metis A1 G attacker_inv_in_winning_budget)
        thus ?thesis using G <minimal_winning_budget e'' g'' by auto
      qed
    qed
    show "minimal_winning_budget e g = (e \in energy_Min {e. \exists g' e'. weight g g'
\neq None \wedge minimal_winning_budget e' g' \wedge e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e'))})"
    proof
      assume "minimal_winning_budget e g"
      show "(e \in energy_Min {e. \exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget
e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))})"
        from \langle g \in attacker \rangle have exist: "\exists g' e'. weight g \ g' \neq None \land minimal\_winning\_budget
e' g' \wedge e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'"
         using <minimal_winning_budget e g> min_winning_budget_is_minimal_inv_a
        have "\lande''. e'' e\le e \land e \ne e'' \Longrightarrow e'' \notin {e. \exists g' e'. weight g g' \ne None
\land minimal_winning_budget e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))
e'))}"
        proof-
          fix e''
           show "e'' e\leq e \wedge e \neq e'' \Longrightarrow e'' \notin {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \wedge
minimal_winning_budget e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))) e'))}"
          proof-
             assume "e', e\leq e \wedge e \neq e', "
             show "e'' \notin {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget
e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}"
             proof
               assume "e'' \in {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget
e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))}"
               hence "\exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget e' <math>g'
∧ e''=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))"
                 by auto
               from this obtain g'e' where EG: "weight g g' \neq None \wedge minimal_winning_budget
e' g' \wedge e''=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))" by auto
               hence "winning_budget_len e' g'" using energy_Min_def by simp
               hence "winning_budget_len e'' g" using EG winning_budget_len.simps
                 by (metis <g < attacker> attacker_inv_in_winning_budget)
               then show "False" using <e'' e\leq e \wedge e \neq e'' \wedge <minimal_winning_budget
e g> energy_Min_def by auto
             qed
```

```
qed
         qed
         thus "(e \in energy_Min {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget
e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))})"
           using exist energy_Min_def
           by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
      qed
      assume emin: "(e \in energy_Min {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget
e' g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))})"
      show "minimal_winning_budget e g"
         from emin have "\existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land minimal_winning_budget e'
g' \land e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))" using energy_Min_def
by auto
        hence "\exists g' e'. weight g g' \neq None \land winning_budget_len e' <math>g' \land e = (the
(inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'))" using energy_Min_def
           by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
         hence element_of: "e∈{e. ∃g'e'.
                     weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                     winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'}"
by auto
        have "\lande''. e'' e< e \implies e'' \notin {e. \existsg' e'.
                     weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                     winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'}"
         proof
           fix e''
           assume "e', e< e"
           assume "e'' \in \{e. \exists g' e'.
                     weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                     winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'}"
           hence "∃g' e'.
                     weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                     winning_budget_len e' g' \land e'' = inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
e'" by auto
           from this obtain g' e' where E'G': "weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                     winning_budget_len e' g' \land e'' = inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
e'" by auto
           hence "e' ∈ {e. winning_budget_len e g'}" by simp
           hence "∃e_min. minimal_winning_budget e_min g' ∧ e_min e≤ e'"
             using energy_Min_contains_smaller
             by (metis mem_Collect_eq nonpos_eq_pos subsetI winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
           from this obtain e_min where "minimal_winning_budget e_min g' \lambda e_min
e≤ e'" by auto
           have "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e_min e inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
e'"
           proof(rule inverse_monotonic)
             \verb"show" "weight g g' \neq \verb"None""
               using weight g g' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len e' g' \wedge e'' = inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) e'> by simp
             show "e_min e\leq e'" using <minimal_winning_budget e_min g' \wedge e_min e\leq
e'>
               by auto
             {\tt hence} \ {\tt "e\_min} \ \in \ {\tt energies"} \ {\tt using} \ {\tt winning\_budget\_len.simps}
               by (metis (no_types, lifting) <minimal_winning_budget e_min g' \lambda</pre>
```

```
e_min e < e'> energy_Min_def mem_Collect_eq)
            thus "inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e_min \neq None"
              using inv_well_defined <weight g g' \neq None > by auto
            show "e_min ∈ energies"
              by (simp add: ⟨e_min ∈ energies⟩)
          qed
          hence "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e_min e< e" using <e'' e< e> E'G'
            using energy_order ordering_def
            by (metis (no_types, lifting) ordering.antisym partial_preordering.trans)
          have "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e_min \in {e. \existsg' e'. weight g g' \neq None
∧ minimal_winning_budget e' g' ∧ e=(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))
e'))}"
            using <minimal_winning_budget e_min g' ∧ e_min e≤ e'> E'G'
          thus "False" using <inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e_min e< e> energy_Min_def
emin
            by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
        qed
        hence "e ∈ energy_Min
            {e. ∃g' e'.
                   weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                   winning_budget_len e' g' \land e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'}"
          using energy_Min_def element_of
          by (smt (verit, ccfv_threshold) mem_Collect_eq)
        then show ?thesis using min_winning_budget_a_iff_energy_Min ⟨g ∈ attacker⟩
by simp
    qed
 qed
 have minimal_winning_budget_defender: " \( g \) e. g \( \phi \) attacker \( ⇒ \) minimal_winning_budget
e g = (e\in energy_Min {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the
(inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                  \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})})"
 proof-
    fix g e
    assume "g ∉ attacker"
    have sup_inv_in_winning_budget: "\((strat:: 'position ⇒ 'energy) g. g∉attacker
\implies \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e | e.
winning_budget_len e g' } \iff winning_budget_len (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight
g g' \neq None) g''
   proof-
      fix strat g
      (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len e g' }"
     hence A2: " \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len e g' }"
       by simp
      show "winning_budget_len (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' 
eq None}) g"
      proof (rule winning_budget_len.intros(1))
        have A: "(\forall g'). weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
```

```
application (the (weight g g')) (energy sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g'
\neq None\}) \neq None \land
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat
g' |g'. weight g g' \neq None}))) g') "
        proof
          fix g'
          show "weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
          application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g'
\neq None\}) \neq None \land
          winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat
g' |g'. weight g g' \neq None}))) g'"
             assume "weight g g' \neq None"
             hence "strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) |
e. winning_budget_len e g' }" using A2 by simp
             hence "∃e. strat g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e)
∧ winning_budget_len e g'" by blast
             from this obtain e where E: "strat g' = the (inverse_application (the
(weight g g')) e) ∧ winning_budget_len e g'" by auto
             hence "e ∈ energies" using winning_budget_len.simps by blast
             hence "inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e \neq None" using inv_well_defined
<weight g g' \neq None> by simp
             have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies \land finite {strat
g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
               \verb"show" "\{\verb"strat" g' | \verb"g". weight g g" \neq \verb"None"\} \subseteq \verb"energies""
                 by (smt (verit, best) A2 inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq nonpos_eq_pos
subsetI winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
               have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq {strat g' | g'. g' \in positions}"
by auto
               thus "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
                 using finite_positions
                 using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
             aed
             hence leq: "order (strat g') (energy_sup {strat g' |g'. weight g g'
\neq None})"
               using bounded_join_semilattice <weight g g' ≠ None>
               by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
             show "application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight
g g' \neq None\wedge
             winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup
\{ \text{strat g' } | \text{g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None} \} ) )  g'"
               have "application (the (weight g g')) (strat g') = application (the
(weight g g')) (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e))" using E
                 by simp
               also have "... \neq None" using <inverse_application (the (weight g
g')) e \( \neq \text{None} \text{inv_well_defined} \)
                using \langle e \in energies \rangle \langle weight g g' \neq None \rangle by presburger
               finally have "application (the (weight g g')) (strat g') \neq None".
               thus "application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight
g g' \neq None) \neq None"
                 using leq domain_upw_closed
```

```
using <weight g g' ≠ None> by blast
                                have "order e (the (application (the (weight g g')) (strat g')))"
using upd_inv_increasing
                                      by (metis <application (the (weight g g')) (strat g') = application</pre>
(the (weight g g')) (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e)) > ⟨e ∈ energies⟩
<weight g g' \neq None>)
                                hence W: "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g'))
(strat g'))) g'" using E upwards_closure_wb_len
                                     by blast
                                 have "order (the (application (the (weight g g')) (strat g'))) (the
(application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None})))"
                                      using updates_monotonic
                                      using <apply_w g g' (strat g') ≠ None> <weight g g' ≠ None> <{strat
g' |g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies \land finite {strat g' |g'. weight g g' \neq None}>
leq by blast
                                thus "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup
\{strat\ g'\ | g'.\ weight\ g\ g' \neq None\})))\ g'''
                                      using W upwards closure wb len by blast
                            qed
                       qed
                   qed
                  have "(energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}) ∈ energies"
                   proof-
                       have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq {strat g' | g'. g' \in positions}"
by auto
                       hence fin: "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}" using finite_positions
                            using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                       have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None} ⊆ energies"
                            using A2
                            by (smt (verit) inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq subsetI winning_budget_len.cases)
                       thus ?thesis using bounded_join_semilattice fin by auto
                   ged
                   thus "(energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}) ∈ energies ∧ g ∉
attacker \wedge
                        (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                       application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g'
\neq None\}) \neq None \land
                       winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) (energy_sup {strat
g' |g'|. weight g' \neq None))) g') "
                       using A1 A by auto
              qed
         qed
         \verb|have min_winning_budget_is_inv_d: " \land e g. g \notin attacker \implies minimal_winning_budget|
e g \Longrightarrow \exists \, \text{strat.} (\forall \, \text{g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow \text{strat g'} \in \{\text{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')} \mid \text{strat g'} \in \text{strat
g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len e g'})
                                          \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
         proof-
              fix e g
              assume A1: "g∉attacker" and A2: " minimal_winning_budget e g"
              show "\existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight
```

g g')) e | e. winning\_budget\_len e g'})

```
\land e = (energy sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
      proof-
        from A2 have "e ∈ energies" using winning_budget_len.simps energy_Min_def
          by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
        from A1 A2 have W: "(\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                   application (the (weight g g')) e \neq None \wedge
                   winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)) g')"
using winning_budget_len.simps energy_Min_def
          by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
        define strat where S: "\forallg'. strat g' = the ((inverse_application (the (weight
g g'))) (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)))"
        have A: "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) |e. winning_budget_len e g'})"
        proof
          fix g'
          show "weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application (the
(weight g g')) e) |e. winning_budget_len e g'}"
          proof
            assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
            hence "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e))
g'" using W by auto
            thus "strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) |e.
winning_budget_len e g'}" using S by blast
        qed
        hence W: "winning_budget_len (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None})
g" using sup_inv_in_winning_budget A1 by simp
        have "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow order (strat g') e"
        proof-
          fix g'
          assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
          hence "application (the (weight g g')) e \neq None" using W
             using A1 A2 winning_budget_len.cases energy_Min_def
             by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
          from \langle weight g g' \neq None \rangle have "strat g' = the ((inverse_application
(the (weight g g'))) (the (application (the (weight g g')) e)))" using S by auto
          thus "order (strat g') e" using inv_upd_decreasing <application (the
(weight g g')) e \neq None
            using <e ∈ energies> <weight g g' ≠ None> by presburger
        qed
        have BJSL: "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \wedge {strat g' | g'.
weight g g' \neq None}\subseteq energies"
        proof
          have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq {strat g' | g'. g'\inpositions}"
            by auto
          thus "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}"
            using finite_positions
             using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
          show "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
          proof
             assume "x \in \{\text{strat g' | g'}. \text{ weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\}"
             from this obtain g' where "x = strat g'" and "weight g g' ≠ None" by
auto
```

```
hence "x \in \{\text{the (inverse application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning budget len}
e g'}" using A
                by simp
              thus "x ∈ energies"
                using <weight g g' \neq None > inv_well_defined nonpos_eq_pos winning_bugget_len_is_
by auto
           qed
         qed
         hence "(\forall s. s \in \{\text{strat g'} \mid \text{g'}. \text{ weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\} \longrightarrow \text{s e} < \text{e}) \longrightarrow \text{energy sup}
{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} e\leq e"
           using bounded_join_semilattice
           by (meson <e ∈ energies>)
         hence "order (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}) e"
           using \langle g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies order (strat g') e
         hence "e = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}" using W A1 A2
energy_Min_def
           by force
         thus ?thesis using A by blast
       qed
    qed
    have min_winning_budget_d_iff_energy_Min: "\( \)e g. g∉attacker \( \iff \)e e energies
\implies ((e\in energy_Min {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len e g'})
                     \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})})
         ←→ minimal_winning_budget e g)"
    proof-
      fix e g
       show "g ∉ attacker ⇒
            e \in energies \Longrightarrow
             (e \in energy_Min
                     {e''.
                      \exists strat.
                          (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                                strat g'
                                 ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. winning_budget_len
e g'}) ∧
                         e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}) =
            minimal_winning_budget e g"
       proof-
         assume A1: "g ∉ attacker" and A2: "e ∈ energies"
         show "(e ∈ energy_Min
                     {e''.
                      \exists strat.
                          (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                                 strat g'
                                 \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. winning_budget_len
e g'}) ∧
                         e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}) =
            minimal_winning_budget e g"
           assume assumption: "e\in energy_Min {e''. \exists strat. (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq N one
→ strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len
e g'})
```

```
\land e'' = (energy sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
           show "minimal_winning_budget e g"
             unfolding energy_Min_def
           proof
             show "e \in {e. winning_budget_len e g} \land (\foralle',\in{e. winning_budget_len
e g}. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e)"
             proof
               show "e ∈ {e. winning_budget_len e g}"
               proof
                 from A1 A2 assumption have "\exists strat. (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len
e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
                    using energy_Min_def by simp
                 thus "winning_budget_len e g" using sup_inv_in_winning_budget A1
A2 by blast
               ged
               hence W: "winning_budget_len e g" by simp
               hence "e ∈ energies" using winning_budget_len.simps by blast
               hence "e∈ {e''. order e'' e ∧ winning_budget_len e'' g ∧ e'' ∈ energies}"
using W energy_order ordering_def ⟨g ∉ attacker⟩
                 using energy_wqo reflp_onD wqo_on_imp_reflp_on by fastforce
               hence "{e''. order e'' e \land winning_budget_len e'' g \land e'' \in energies}
\neq {}" by auto
               hence "energy_Min {e''. order e'' e \lambda winning_budget_len e'' g \lambda e''
\in energies} \neq {}" using energy_Min_not_empty
                 by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq subsetI)
               hence "∃e''. e'' ∈ energy_Min {e''. order e'' e ∧ winning_budget_len
e'' g \land e'' \in energies}" by auto
               from this obtain e'', where "e'' e energy_Min {e''. order e'' e \lambda winning_budget_
e'' g \land e'' \in energies}" by auto
               hence X: "order e'' e ∧ winning_budget_len e'' g ∧ e'' ∈ energies
                       ∧ ( ∀e'. e'∈{e''. order e'' e ∧ winning_budget_len e'' g
\land e'' \in energies \}\longrightarrow e'' \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg order e' e'')" using energy_Min_def
                 by simp
               have "(\foralle' \neq e''. order e' e'' \longrightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e' g)"
                 show " e' \neq e'' \longrightarrow order e' e'' \longrightarrow ¬ winning_budget_len e' g"
                 proof
                    assume " e' \neq e''
                    show "order e' e'' → ¬ winning_budget_len e' g"
                    proof
                      assume " order e' e''
                      from <order e' e'' > have "order e' e" using X energy_order
ordering_def
                        by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
                      show "¬ winning_budget_len e' g"
                      proof(cases "e' ∈ energies")
                        case True
                        show ?thesis
                        proof
                          assume "winning_budget_len e' g"
                          hence "e'\in{e''. order e'' e \land winning_budget_len e'' g \land
e'' \in energies\}" using \langlee' \in energies\rangle \langleorder e' e\rangle by auto
```

```
hence "\neg order e' e'' using X <e' \neq e'' by simp
                           thus "False" using <order e' e''> by simp
                         qed
                      next
                         case False
                         then show ?thesis
                           by (simp add: nonpos_eq_pos winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
                      qed
                    qed
                  qed
                qed
                hence "order e'' e \land winning_budget_len e'' g \land (\forall e' \neq e''. order
e' e'' \longrightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e' g)" using X
                  by meson
               hence E: "order e'' e \land minimal_winning_budget e'' g" using energy_Min_def
                  by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
               hence "\existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application)
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
                  using min winning budget is inv d
                  by (simp add: X A1)
               hence "e=e'' using assumption X energy_Min_def by auto
                thus "(\forall e' \in \{e. \text{ winning\_budget\_len e g}\}. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e \leq e" using
Ε
                  using \forall e'. e' \neq e'' \rightarrow e' e \leq e'' \rightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e'
g> by fastforce
             qed
           qed
         next
           assume assumption: "minimal_winning_budget e g"
           show "e\in energy_Min {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat
g' \in {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len e
g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
             unfolding energy_Min_def
           proof
             using A2 by blast
             show "e \in {e''.
           ∃strat.
               (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                     strat g' \in \{\text{the (inverse\_application (the (weight g g')) e) } | e.
winning budget len e g'}) \
              e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}} \land
           (∀e'∈{e''.
            ∃strat.
                (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                      strat g' \in \{\text{the (inverse\_application (the (weight g g')) e}\}\
|e. winning_budget_len e g'}) ∧
                e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}.
           e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg \text{ order } e' e)"
             proof
                from A1 A2 assumption have "\existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
strat g' \in \{\text{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len
e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})" using
```

```
min winning budget is inv d by simp
                thus "e \in {e''. \existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in
{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}" by
auto
                show " ∀e'∈{e''.
           \exists strat.
               (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                     strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) |e.
winning_budget_len e g'}) \
              e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}.
       e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg order e' e"
               proof
                  fix e'
                  assume "e' \in {e''.
                  \exists strat.
                      (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                            strat g' \in {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))
e) |e. winning_budget_len e g'}) \
                     e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}"
                  hence "∃strat.
                     (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                            strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))
e) |e. winning_budget_len e g'}) \
                     e' = energy_sup {strat g' |g'. weight g g' \neq None}" by auto
                  from this obtain strat where S: "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                            strat g' \in {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))
e) |e. winning_budget_len e g'}) \
                     e' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" by auto
                  have "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \wedge {strat g' | g'.
weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
                  proof
                    have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq {strat g' | g'. g'
∈ positions}" by auto
                    thus "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" using finite_positions
                      using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                    show "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
                      fix x
                      assume "x \in \{strat\ g'\ | g'.\ weight\ g\ g' \neq None\}"
                      thus "x \in energies" using S
                         by (smt (verit, ccfv_threshold) inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq
nonpos_eq_pos winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
                    qed
                  qed
                  hence "e' ∈ energies" using bounded_join_semilattice S
                    by (meson empty_iff empty_subsetI finite.emptyI upward_closed_energies)
                  show "e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg order e' e "
                  proof
                    assume "e \neq e'"
                    have "(\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
             application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \wedge
             winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g')"
                    proof
                      fix g'
```

```
show "weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
               application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (the
(application (the (weight g g')) e')) g' '
                     proof
                       assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
                       hence "strat g' \in {the (inverse_application (the (weight g
g')) e) |e. winning_budget_len e g'}" using S by auto
                       hence "∃e''. strat g'= the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e'') \( \text{winning_budget_len e'' g'" by auto} \)
                       from this obtain e'' where E: "strat g'= the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e'') ∧ winning_budget_len e'' g'" by auto
                       hence "e'' ∈ energies" using winning_budget_len.simps by blast
                       show "application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len
(the (application (the (weight g g')) e')) g' "
                          have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies \landfinite
{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
                          proof
                            show "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
using S
                             using <finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \land
\{\text{strat g' }|\text{g'}.\text{ weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\} \subseteq \text{energies} > \text{by blast}
                            have "\{\text{strat g' | g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\} \subseteq \{\text{strat g'}\}
|g'. g' \in positions\}" by auto
                            thus "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
                              using finite_positions
                              using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                          aed
                          hence "order (strat g') e' using S bounded_join_semilattice
<weight g g' ≠ None>
                            by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
                          have "application (the (weight g g')) (strat g') ≠ None"
using E inv_well_defined inv_well_defined <e'', ∈ energies>
                            by (metis <weight g g' ≠ None> )
                          thus "application (the (weight g g')) e' \neq None" using domain_upw_close
<order (strat g') e'>
                            using <weight g g' \neq None> by blast
                          have "order e'' (the (application (the (weight g g')) (strat
g')))" using E upd_inv_increasing
                            using <e'', ∈ energies> <weight g g' ≠ None> by metis
                          hence W: "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight
g g')) (strat g'))) g'" using upwards_closure_wb_len
                            using E by blast
                          from <order (strat g') e'> have "order (the (application
(the (weight g g')) (strat g'))) (the (application (the (weight g g')) e'))"
                            using updates_monotonic <application (the (weight g g'))</pre>
(strat g') \neq None
                            by (metis E <e'' ∈ energies> <weight g g' ≠ None> inv_well_defined)
                          thus "winning_budget_len (the (application (the (weight
g g')) e')) g' " using upwards_closure_wb_len W
                            by blast
                       qed
                     qed
                   hence "winning_budget_len e' g" using winning_budget_len.intros(1)
A1 ⟨e' ∈ energies⟩
```

```
by blast
                    thus "¬ order e' e " using assumption <e ≠ e'> energy_Min_def
by auto
                  qed
                qed
             qed
           qed
        qed
      qed
    qed
    have min_winning_budget_is_minimal_inv_d: "\e g. g∉attacker ⇒ minimal_winning_budget
e g \Longrightarrow \exists \, \text{strat.} (\forall \, \text{g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow \text{strat g'} \in \{ \text{the (inverse\_application} \}
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
    proof-
      fix e g
      assume A1: "g∉attacker" and A2: "minimal_winning_budget e g"
      show "\existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
      proof-
         from A1 A2 have "winning_budget_len e g" using energy_Min_def by simp
         from A1 A2 have "\foralle' \neq e. order e' e \longrightarrow \neg winning_budget_len e' g" using
energy_Min_def
           using mem_Collect_eq by auto
         \texttt{hence "e} \in \texttt{energy\_Min \{e''. \exists strat. (} \forall \texttt{g'}. \texttt{weight g g'} \neq \texttt{None} \longrightarrow \texttt{strat g'}
∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
           using <winning_budget_len e g> A1 A2 min_winning_budget_d_iff_energy_Min
           by (meson winning_budget_len.cases)
        hence " \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})" using
energy_Min_def by auto
         from this obtain strat where Strat: "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat
g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len e
g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})" by auto
         define strat_e where "strat_e \equiv \lambdag'.(SOME e. strat g' = the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) \( \text{winning_budget_len e g')"}
         have Strat_E: "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow strat g' = the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) (strat_e g')) ∧ winning_budget_len (strat_e g') g'"
         proof-
           fix g'
           have Strat_E: "strat_e g' = (SOME e. strat g' = the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) \( \text{winning_budget_len e g')" using strat_e_def by simp} \)
           assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
           hence "strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e.
winning_budget_len e g'}" using Strat by simp
           hence "∃e. strat g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e)
∧ winning_budget_len e g'" by auto
           thus "strat g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (strat_e
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g')) \( \text{winning budget len (strat e g') g'"} \)
             using Strat_E by (smt (verit, del_insts) some_eq_ex)
         qed
        have exists: \fingledge Markov Mone \implies \exists \, e. \, e \in \, energy\_Min \, \{e. \, winning\_budget\_len \, \}
e g' \land order e (strat_e g')}"
        proof-
           fix g'
           assume "weight g g' ≠ None "
           hence notempty: "strat_e g' ∈ {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e (strat_e
g')}" using Strat_E energy_order ordering_def
             using partial_preordering.refl by fastforce
           have "\forall e \in \{e. \text{ winning\_budget\_len } e \text{ g'} \land \text{ order } e \text{ (strat\_e g')}\}. e \in \text{energies}"
             using winning_budget_len.cases by auto
           hence "{} ≠ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e (strat_e
g')}"
             using energy_Min_not_empty notempty
             by (metis (no_types, lifting) empty_iff subsetI)
           thus "∃e. e∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e (strat_e
g')}" by auto
        qed
         define strat' where "strat' \equiv \lambda g'. the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) (SOME e. e∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e (strat_e g')}))"
        have "(\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat' g' \in \{the (inverse_application \})
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat' g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
        proof
           show win: "\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat' g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) |e. minimal_winning_budget e g'}"
           proof
             fix g'
             show "weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat' g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) |e. minimal_winning_budget e g'}"
               assume "weight g g' \neq None"
               hence "strat' g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (SOME
e. e \in energy_Min \{e. winning_budget_len e g' \land order e (strat_e g')\}))"
                using strat'_def by auto
               hence "∃e. e∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e (strat_e
g')} \( \text{ strat' g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e)"}
                 using exists <weight g g' \neq None> some_eq_ex
                 by (metis (mono_tags))
               from this obtain e where E: "e∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len
e g' \land order e (strat_e g')} \land strat' g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e)" by auto
               have "minimal_winning_budget e g'"
                 unfolding energy_Min_def
               proof
                 show "e \in a_win g' \land (\forall e'\ina_win g'. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e)"
                    show "e ∈ a_win g'"
                      using E energy_Min_def
                      by simp
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show "(\forall e' \in a \text{ win } g'. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e \leq e)"
                     proof
                       fix e'
                       show "e' \in a_win g' \Longrightarrow e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg e' e\leq e"
                       proof
                         assume "e' \in a_win g'" and "e \neq e'"
                         hence "winning_budget_len e' g'" by simp
                         show "¬ e' e≤ e"
                         proof
                           assume "e' e< e"
                           have "order e (strat_e g')" using E energy_Min_def by auto
                           hence "order e' (strat_e g')" using ⟨e' e≤ e⟩ energy_order
ordering_def
                              by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
                           hence "e'∈{e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e (strat_e
g')}" using <winning_budget_len e' g'> by auto
                           thus "False" using E \langle e \neq e' \rangle \langle e' e \leq e \rangle energy_Min_def
                              by fastforce
                         qed
                       qed
                     qed
                  qed
                qed
                thus "strat' g' \in \{\text{the (inverse\_application (the (weight g g')) e}\}\
|e. minimal_winning_budget e g'}" using E
                  by blast
             qed
           qed
           have "(\Lambda g'). weight g' \neq N one \Longrightarrow
            strat' g' \in \{\text{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. winning_budget_len
e g'})"
             using win energy_Min_def
             by (smt (verit, del_insts) mem_Collect_eq)
           hence win: "winning_budget_len (energy_sup {strat' g' | g'. weight g g'
\neq None}) g"
             using sup_inv_in_winning_budget A1 A2 by simp
           have "order (energy_sup {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}) (energy_sup
\{\text{strat g'} | \text{g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\}"
           proof(cases " \{g'. weight g g' \neq None\} = \{\}"\}
              case True
             then show ?thesis using bounded_join_semilattice
                by auto
           next
             case False
              show ?thesis
              proof(rule energy_sup_leq_energy_sup)
                show "{strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \neq {}" using False by simp
                have A: "\landa. a \in {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow \exists b\in{strat
g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}. order a b \wedge a \in energies"
                proof-
                  assume "a ∈{strat' g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}"
```

```
hence "\exists g'. a = strat' g' \land weight g g' \neq None" by auto
                  from this obtain g' where "a = strat' g' ∧ weight g g' ≠ None"
by auto
                  have "(strat' g') = (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g'))
                    (SOME e. e \in energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' \land order e
(strat_e g')})))" using strat'_def by auto
                 hence "∃e. e∈ energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e
(strat_e g')} ∧ strat' g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e)"
                    using exists <a = strat' g' ∧ weight g g' ≠ None> some_eq_ex
                    by (metis (mono_tags))
                  from this obtain e where E: "e energy_Min {e. winning_budget_len
e g' \( \) order e (strat_e g')} \( \) strat' g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e)" by auto
                  hence "order e (strat_e g')" using energy_Min_def by auto
                  hence "a \in energies " using <a = strat' g' \wedge weight g g' \neq None>
energy_Min_def
                    by (metis (no_types, lifting) E inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq
nonpos_eq_pos winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
                  have leq: "order (the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e))
(the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (strat_e g')))"
                  proof(rule inverse_monotonic)
                    show "order e (strat_e g')" using <order e (strat_e g')>.
                    show "weight g g' \neq None" using <a = strat' g' \wedge weight g g'
\neq None> by simp
                    from E have "e∈ {e. winning_budget_len e g' ∧ order e (strat_e
g')}" using energy_Min_def
                      by auto
                    hence "winning_budget_len e g'"
                      by simp
                    thus "e \in energies"
                      using winning_budget_len.simps
                      by blast
                    thus "inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e \neq None"
                      using inv_well_defined <weight g g' \neq None >
                  qed
                  have "the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (strat_e g'))
= strat g'" using Strat_E <a = strat' g' \land weight g g' \neq None> by auto
                 hence "order (strat' g') (strat g')" using leq E by simp
                  hence "\exists b \in \{\text{strat g' | g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\}. order a b" using
\langle a = strat' g' \land weight g g' \neq None \rangle by auto
                  thus "\exists b \in {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}. order a b \land a \in energies"
using \langle a \in energies \rangle by simp
               thus "\landa. a \in {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow \exists b\in{strat
g' |g'. weight g g' \neq None}. order a b" by simp
                \verb"show" \land \verb"a. a \in \{\verb"strat", g", |g". weight g g" \neq \verb"None"\} \implies \texttt{a} \in \texttt{energies}
" using A by simp
               have "\{\text{strat' g' | g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\} \subseteq \{\text{strat' g' | g'. g'} \in \text{Mone}\}
positions}" by auto
               thus "finite {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}" using finite_positions
rev_finite_subset by fastforce
```

```
have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subset {strat g' | g'. g' \in positions}"
by auto
                thus "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}" using finite_positions
rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                show "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
                  by (smt (verit) Strat_E inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq subsetI
winning_budget_len.simps)
             qed
           qed
           thus "e = energy_sup {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}" using <g ∉
attacker> Strat win
             by (metis (no_types, lifting) \forall e'. e' \neq e \longrightarrow order e' e \longrightarrow ¬ winning_budget_le.
e'g>)
         qed
         thus ?thesis by blast
      ged
    qed
    show "minimal_winning_budget e g =
             (e \in energy_Min
                    {e''.
                      \exists strat.
                          (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                                strat g'
                                \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'}) ∧
                         e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}})"
    proof
      assume "minimal_winning_budget e g"
      hence exist: "\exists strat. (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                     \land e= (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
         using min_winning_budget_is_minimal_inv_d <g ∉ attacker> by simp
      have "\lande''. e'' e< e \Longrightarrow \neg e'' \in {e''. \existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None
\longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'})
                     \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
      proof-
         fix e''
         show "e'' e< e \Longrightarrow \neg e'' \in {e''. \exists strat. (\forall g'). weight g \in g' \neq \emptyset None \longrightarrow
strat g' \in \{\text{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'})
                     \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
         proof-
           assume "e'' e< e"
           show "¬ e'' \in {e''. \exists strat. (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in
{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                     \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
           proof
              assume "e'' \in {e''. \existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in
{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
             hence " \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})" by auto
              from this obtain strat where E'': "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat
```

```
g' ∈ {the (inverse application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal winning budget
e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})" by auto
             hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow
            strat g' \in \{\text{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len e g'}\"
using energy_Min_def
                by (smt (verit, del_insts) mem_Collect_eq)
             hence "winning_budget_len (energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None})
g" using sup_inv_in_winning_budget ⟨g ∉ attacker⟩ by simp
             hence "winning_budget_len e'' g" using E'' by simp
             thus "False" using <e'' e< e> <minimal_winning_budget e g> energy_Min_def
by auto
           qed
         qed
      qed
      thus "e\in energy_Min {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in
{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) \mid e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
         using exist energy_Min_def by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
      assume A: "(e\in energy_Min {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat
g' \in \{\text{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget}
e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})})"
      hence emin: "e\in energy_Min {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat
g' \in \{\text{the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget}
e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}" using
A by simp
      hence "\existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})" using
energy_Min_def by auto
      hence "∃strat.
                  (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                         strat g' ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. winning_budget_len
e g'}) ∧
                  e = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" using energy_Min_def
         by (smt (verit, ccfv_threshold) mem_Collect_eq)
      hence element_of: "e \in {e',.
              ∃strat.
                  (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                         strat g' \in \{\text{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len
e g'}) ∧
                  e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}" by auto
      hence "e ∈ energies"
        using <g ∉ attacker> sup_inv_in_winning_budget winning_budget_len.simps
by blast
      have "\wedgee'. e' e< e \Longrightarrow e' \notin {e''.
               \exists strat.
                  (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                         strat g' \in \{\text{inv_upd} (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len
e g'}) ∧
                  e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}"
```

```
proof
        fix e'
         assume "e' e< e"
         assume A: "e' \in {e''. \existsstrat.
                  (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                         strat g' \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning\_budget\_len \}
e g'}) ∧
                  e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}"
        hence "∃strat.
                  (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                         strat g' \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning\_budget\_len
e g'}) ∧
                  e' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" by auto
        from this obtain strat where Strat: "(\forall \, g'. weight g \, g' \neq \, \text{None} \, \longrightarrow \,
                         strat g' \in \{\text{inv_upd} (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len
e g'}) ∧
                  e' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" by auto
        {\color{red} \textbf{hence}} \ "\texttt{e'} \in \texttt{energies"}
         proof-
           have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subset {strat g' | g'. g' \in positions}"
by auto
           hence fin: "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}"
             using finite_positions
             using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
           have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies" using Strat
             by (smt (verit, best) inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq nonpos_eq_pos
subsetI winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
           thus ?thesis using bounded_join_semilattice fin Strat
             by auto
         qed
         define the_e where "the_e \equiv \lambda g'. (SOME x. strat g' = inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) x \land winning_budget_len x g')"
         define strat' where "strat' \equiv \lambda g'. (SOME x. x \in {inv_upd (the (weight g
g')) x|
                                                               x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g')"
         have some_not_empty: "\bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \{inv\_upd (the (weight g))\}
g g')) x|x. (minimal_winning_budget x g' \land x e\le the_e g')} \ne {}"
         proof-
           fix g'
           assume "weight g g' \neq None"
           hence "strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. winning_budget_len
e g'}" using Strat by auto
          hence "∃e. strat g' = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e ∧ winning_budget_len
e g'" by auto
           hence "strat g' = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (the_e g') \land winning_budget_len
(the_e g') g'" using the_e_def some_eq_ex
             by (metis (mono_tags, lifting))
           hence "the_e g' ∈ {x. winning_budget_len x g'}" by auto
           hence "∃x. (minimal_winning_budget x g' ∧ x e≤ the_e g')" using energy_Min_contains
<the_e g' ∈ {x. winning_budget_len x g'}>
             by (metis mem_Collect_eq nonpos_eq_pos subsetI winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
           hence "\{x. (minimal_winning_budget x g' \land x e \le the_e g')\} \ne \{\}" by auto
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```
thus "{inv upd (the (weight g g')) x|x. (minimal winning budget x g' \lambda
x \in the_e g') \neq {}"
             by auto
         qed
         hence len: "\landa. a \in {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow a \in energies"
         proof-
           fix a
           assume "a ∈ {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}"
           hence "\exists g'. a= strat' g' \land weight g g' \neq None" by auto from this obtain g' where "a= strat' g' \land weight g g' \neq None" by auto
           hence some_not_empty: " {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x|x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g') \(\frac{1}{2} \)
             using some_not_empty by blast
           have "strat' g' = (SOME x. x \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) x|\}
                                                                x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g')"
             using strat'_def by auto
           hence "strat' g' ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x | x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g')"
             using some_not_empty some_in_eq
             by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) Eps_cong)
           hence "∃x. strat' g' = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x ∧ minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g''
             by simp
           from this obtain x where X: "strat' g' = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x
\land minimal_winning_budget x g' \land x e\le the_e g'" by auto
           hence "winning_budget_len x g'" using energy_Min_def by simp
           hence "x ∈ energies" using winning_budget_len.simps
             by blast
           have "a=inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x" using X \langlea= strat' g' \wedge weight
g g' \neq None > by simp
           thus "a \in energies"
             using <a = strat' g' ∧ weight g g' ≠ None> <x ∈ energies> inv_well_defined
by blast
         qed
         show "False"
         proof(cases "deadend g")
           case True
           from emin have "∃strat.
              (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                    strat g' \in \{\text{inv_upd}\) (the (weight g g')) e |e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'}) ∧
             e = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}" using energy_Min_def
by auto
           from this obtain strat where "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                    strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'}) ∧
              e = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" by auto
           hence "e = energy_sup {}" using True by simp
           have "energy_sup \{\} \in energies \land (\forall s. s \in \{\} \longrightarrow \text{order } s \text{ (energy_sup } \})
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\{\})) \land (e' \in energies \land (\forall s. s \in \{\} \longrightarrow \text{order } s \text{ e'}) \longrightarrow \text{order } (\text{energy sup } \{\}) \text{ e'})"
             using bounded_join_semilattice by blast
           hence "e e\leq e'" using \langle e = energy_sup \{\}\rangle \langle e' \in energies\rangle by auto
           from \langle e' e \rangle have "e' e \leq e \wedge e' \neq e" using energy_order ordering_def
ordering.strict_iff_order
             by simp
           hence "e' e \le e" by simp
           hence "e' = e" using <e e < e' > using energy_order ordering_def ordering.antisym
             by fastforce
           thus ?thesis using \langle e' e \leq e \wedge e' \neq e \rangle by auto
           case False
           hence notempty: "{strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \neq {}" by auto
           have fin: "finite {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \wedge finite {strat
g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
           proof
             have "{strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq {strat' g' | g'. g' \in positions}"
by auto
             thus "finite {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" using finite_positions
                using finite_image_set rev_finite_subset by fastforce
             have "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq {strat g' | g'. g' \in positions}"
by auto
             thus "finite {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" using finite_positions
                using finite_image_set rev_finite_subset by fastforce
           have "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow strat' g' e\leq strat g'"
           proof-
             assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
             hence some_not_empty: "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x|x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g') \(\frac{1}{2} \)
                using some_not_empty by auto
             have "strat' g' = (SOME x. x \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) x | \}
                                                                 x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g')"
                using strat'_def by auto
             hence "strat' g' ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x | x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g')"
                using some_not_empty some_in_eq
                by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) Eps_cong)
             hence "∃x. strat' g' = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x ∧ minimal_winning_budget
x g' \wedge x e\leq the_e g'"
                by simp
              from this obtain x where X: "strat' g' = inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
x \wedge minimal_winning_budget x g' \wedge x e\leq the_e g'" by auto
             {\tt hence} \ {\tt "x} \ \in \ energies" \ {\tt using} \ {\tt winning\_budget\_len.simps} \ energy\_{\tt Min\_def}
                by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
             hence "strat' g' e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (the_e g')" using inverse_monoton.
Х
                by (metis <weight g g' ≠ None> inv_well_defined)
             have "strat g' \in \{\text{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e | e. winning_budget_len
e g'}" using Strat <weight g g' \neq None > by auto
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hence "∃e. strat g' = inv upd (the (weight g g')) e ∧ winning budget len
e g'" by auto
             hence "strat g' = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (the_e g') \land winning_budget_len
(the_e g') g'" using the_e_def some_eq_ex
               by (metis (mono_tags, lifting))
             thus "strat' g' e \le  strat g'" using < strat' g' e \le  inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (the_e g')> by auto
           qed
           hence leq: "(\bigwedgea. a \in {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow \exists b \in {strat
g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}. a e\leq b) " by auto
           have in_energy: "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies \land {strat'
g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
             show "{strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
               using Strat
               by (smt (verit, ccfv_threshold) inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq nonpos_eq_pos
subsetI winning_bugget_len_is_wb)
             show "{strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
               unfolding strat'_def
               using len strat'_def by blast
           qed
           hence "energy_sup {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} e\leq e'"
             using notempty len Strat energy_sup_leq_energy_sup fin leq
             by presburger
           hence le: "energy_sup {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} e < e" using
<e' e< e> in_energy
             by (smt (verit) <e ∈ energies> <e' ∈ energies> energy_order energy_wqo
fin galois_energy_game.bounded_join_semilattice galois_energy_game_axioms ordering.antisym
transp_onD wqo_on_imp_transp_on)
           have "energy_sup {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \in {e''. \exists strat.
(\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application (the (weight
g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
             have "(\forall g'). weight g \circ g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat' \circ g' \in \{the (inverse_application )\}
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})"
             proof
               fix g'
               show "weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                      strat' g' \in \{\text{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e | e. minimal_winning_budget}\}
e g'}"
               proof
                 assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
                 hence some_not_empty: "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x |x. minimal_winning_budge
x g' \land x e \le the_e g' \ne {}"
                   using some_not_empty by auto
                 have "strat' g' = (SOME x. x \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) x | \}
                                                              x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g')"
                    using strat'_def by auto
                 hence "strat' g' ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) x | x. (minimal_winning_budget
x g' \land x e \le the_e g')"
                    using some_not_empty some_in_eq
```

```
by (smt (verit, ccfv SIG) Eps cong)
                 thus "strat' g' ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'}"
                   by auto
               qed
             qed
             hence "\existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                   \land energy_sup {strat' g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None} = (energy_sup
\{\text{strat g'} | \text{g'. weight g g'} \neq \text{None}\}"
               by blast
             then show ?thesis
               by simp
           ged
           then show ?thesis
             using energy_Min_def emin le
             by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
        qed
      qed
      hence "e ∈ energy_Min
             {e''.
              ∃strat.
                 (\forall\, {\tt g} '. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                        strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. winning_budget_len
e g'}) ∧
                 e'' = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}}" using element_of
energy_Min_def
        by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
      thus "minimal_winning_budget e g"
        using min_winning_budget_d_iff_energy_Min <g ∉ attacker> <e ∈ energies>
by blast
    qed
  qed
  have "\bigwedgeg e. e \in a_win_min g \Longrightarrow e \in energies"
    using winning_budget_len.simps energy_Min_def
    by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
  hence D: "\bigwedge g e. e \in a_win_min g = (e \in a_win_min g \land e \in energies)" by auto
  show "iteration a_win_min g = a_win_min g"
  proof(cases "g ∈ attacker")
    case True
    have "a_win_min g = {e. minimal_winning_budget e g}" by simp
    hence "a_win_min g = energy_Min {e. \exists g' e'.
                    weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                    minimal_winning_budget e' g' \land e = inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
e'}"
      using minimal_winning_budget_attacker True by simp
    also have "... = energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'|g' e'.
                    weight g g' \neq None \wedge
                    minimal_winning_budget e' g' }"
      by meson
    also have "... = energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'|e' g'.
```

```
weight g g' \neq None \wedge e' \in a win min g'}"
      by (metis (no_types, lifting) mem_Collect_eq)
    also have "... = energy_Min {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'|e' g'. e' ∈ energies
Λ
                      weight g g' \neq None \wedge e' \in a_win_min g'}"
      using D by meson
    also have "... = iteration a_win_min g" using iteration_def True by simp
    finally show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    have "a_win_min g = {e. minimal_winning_budget e g}" by simp
    hence minwin: "a_win_min g = energy_Min \{e', \exists strat. (\forall g', weight g g' \neq None\}
→ strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'})
                     \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
      using minimal_winning_budget_defender False by simp
    hence "a_win_min g = energy_Min {energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None}
| strat. (\forall\,g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application (the
(weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})}"
      by (smt (z3) Collect_cong)
    have iteration: "energy_Min {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index
g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None} |
            e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies \land e_index
g' ∈ a_win_min g')} = iteration a_win_min g"
      using iteration_def False by simp
    have "{e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                     \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}
         ={energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g g'
\neq None} |
            e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies \land e_index
g' \in a_{\min_{i}} g')
    proof
       \textbf{show "} \{\texttt{e''}. \ \exists \, \texttt{strat. (} \forall \, \texttt{g'}. \ \texttt{weight g g'} \neq \texttt{None} \longrightarrow \texttt{strat g'} \in \{\texttt{the (inverse\_application g')}\}
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}
              ⊆{energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
            e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in \text{energies} \land e_index)
g' ∈ a_win_min g')}"
      proof
         fix e
         assume "e \in {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the
(inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
         hence "\existsstrat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
           by auto
         from this obtain strat where S: "(\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat <math>g'
∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e
g'})
                     \land e = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})"
         define e_index where "e_index \equiv \lambda g'. (SOME e''. e'' \in a_win_min g' \wedge strat
```

```
g' = the (inverse application (the (weight g g')) e''))"
         hence index: "\landg'. weight g g' \neq None \implies (e_index g') \in a_win_min g' \land
strat g' = the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (e_index g'))"
         proof-
           fix g'
           have I: "e_index g' = (SOME e''. e'' ∈ a_win_min g' ∧ strat g' = the (inverse_application)
(the (weight g g')) e''))"
             using e_index_def by simp
           assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
           hence "strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e.
minimal_winning_budget e g'}"
              using S by simp
           hence "strat g' ∈ {the (inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e) | e.
e ∈ a_win_min g'}" by simp
           hence "∃e''. e'' ∈ a_win_min g' ∧ strat g' = the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e'', by auto
           thus "(e_index g') \in a_win_min g' \wedge strat g' = the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) (e_index g'))"
              unfolding e_index_def using some_eq_ex
              by (smt (verit, del insts))
         qed
         show "e ∈ {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
             e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies \land e_index
g' \in a_{\min_{g'}}"
           show "∃e_index. e = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')
|g'. weight g g' \neq None} \wedge
        (\forall \, g'. \,\, \text{weight g g'} \neq \, \text{None} \,\, \longrightarrow \,\, ((\text{e\_index g'}) \,\, \in \,\, \text{energies} \,\, \wedge \,\, \text{e\_index g'} \in \, \text{a\_win\_min}
g'))"
           proof
              show "e = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'.
weight g g' \neq None} \wedge
        (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies \land e_index g' \in a_win_min
g'))"
                show "e = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'.
weight g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)"
                  using index S
                  by (smt (verit) Collect_cong)
                have "\forall g'. weight g g' \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow e_{\text{index } g'} \in a_{\text{win_min } g'}"
                  using index by simp
                thus "\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies \land e_index
g' ∈ a_win_min g')"
                  using D by meson
              aed
           qed
         qed
       show "{energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g
g' \neq None |
             e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies \land e_index
g' \in a_win_min g')
            \subseteq {e''. \exists strat. (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_application
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
```

```
\land e'' = (energy sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
      proof
        fix e
         assume "e ∈ {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'.
weight g g' \neq None} |
            e_index. \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow ((e_index g') \in energies \land e_index
g' ∈ a_win_min g')}"
        from this obtain e_index where I: "e = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \wedge (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index
g' ∈ a_win_min g')"
           by blast
         define strat where "strat \equiv \lambda g'. inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')"
         show "e \in {e''. \exists strat. (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow strat g' \in {the (inverse_applicat
(the (weight g g')) e) | e. minimal_winning_budget e g'})
                    \land e'' = (energy_sup {strat g'| g'. weight g g' \neq None})}"
        proof
           show "∃strat.
        (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
              strat g' \in \{\text{inv upd (the (weight g g')) e | e. minimal winning budget}
e g'}) ∧
       e = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}"
             show "(\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
              strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. minimal_winning_budget
e g'}) ∧
       e = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}"
             proof
               show "\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
          strat g' \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e |e. minimal_winning_budget e
g'}"
                 using I strat_def by blast
               show "e = energy_sup {strat g' | g'. weight g g' \neq None}" using I strat_def
                  by blast
             qed
           qed
         qed
      qed
    qed
    thus ?thesis using minwin iteration by simp
  qed
qed
With this we can conclude that iteration maps subsets of winning budgets to subsets
of winning budgets.
lemma iteration_stays_winning:
  assumes "F \in possible_pareto" and "F \preceq a_win_min"
  shows "iteration F ≤ a_win_min"
proof-
  have "iteration F \leq iteration a_win_min"
    using assms iteration_monotonic a_win_min_in_pareto by blast
  thus ?thesis
    using a_win_min_is_fp by simp
qed
```

We now prepare the proof that a\_win\_min is the *least* fixed point of iteration by introducing S.

```
inductive S:: "'energy \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow bool" where
  "S e g" if "g \notin attacker \land (\exists index. e = (energy_sup
                 {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None})
                 \land (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow S (index g') g'))" |
  "S e g" if "g \in attacker \land (\existsg'.( weight g g' \neq None
                 \land (\exists\, e'.\ S\ e'\ g'\ \land\ e\ =\ inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) e')))"
lemma length_S:
  shows "\bigwedgee g. S e g \Longrightarrow e \in energies"
proof-
  fix e g
  assume "S e g"
  \textbf{thus} \ \texttt{"e} \in \texttt{energies"}
  proof(rule S.induct)
     show "\bigwedgeg e. g \notin attacker \land
             (\exists \, \mathtt{index}.
                  energy_sup
                   {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\wedge
                  (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow S (index g') g' \land (index g') \in energies))
             e \in energies"
    proof-
       fix e g
       assume "g ∉ attacker ∧
             (\exists index.
                  e =
                  energy_sup
                   {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\land
                  (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow S (index g') g' \land (index g') \in energies))"
       from this obtain index where E: "e =
                   {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
and "(\forall g'). weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow S (index <math>g') g' \land (index g') \in energies" by
auto
       hence in_energy: "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq energies"
         using inv_well_defined by blast
       have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq
{inv upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
       hence "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
         using finite_positions rev_finite_subset by fastforce
       thus "e \in energies" using E in_energy bounded_join_semilattice by meson
    qed
    show "\bigwedgeg e. g \in attacker \land
             (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land)
                     (\exists e'. (S e' g' \land e' \in energies) \land 
                            e = inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) e')) \Longrightarrow
             e ∈ energies"
    proof-
```

```
fix e g
       {\tt assume} \ {\tt "g} \, \in \, {\tt attacker} \, \, \wedge \,
              (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                      (\exists\, \mathtt{e'}. (S e' g' \land e' \in energies) \land
                              e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'))"
       from this obtain g' e' where "weight g g' \neq None" and "(S e' g' \wedge e' \in energies)
\land
                              e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'" by auto
       thus "e \in energies"
          using inv_well_defined by blast
     qed
  qed
qed
lemma a_win_min_is_minS:
  shows "energy_Min {e. S e g} = a_win_min g"
proof-
     have "{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e} = a_win g"
  proof
     show "{e. \existse'. S e' g \land e' e< e} \subseteq a win g"
     proof
       fix e
       assume "e \in {e. \existse'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e}"
       from this obtain e' where "S e' g \land e' e\le e" by auto
       have "e' \in a_win g"
       proof(rule S.induct)
          show "S e' g" using \langleS e' g \wedge e' e\leq e\rangle by simp
          show "\bigwedgeg e. g \notin attacker \land
              (\exists index.
                   e =
                   energy_sup
                    {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\wedge
                   (\forall\, g'. \text{ weight } g\ g' \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow S\ (\text{index } g')\ g'\ \land\ \text{index } g' \in a\_win
g')) \Longrightarrow
              e\,\in\,a\_{\tt win}\,\,{\tt g"}
          proof
             fix e g
             assume A: "g \notin attacker \land
              (\exists index.
                   e =
                   energy_sup
                    {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\wedge
                   (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow S (index g') g' \land index g' \in a\_win
g'))"
             from this obtain index where E: "e =
                   energy_sup
                    {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\wedge
                   (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow S (index g') g' \land index g' \in a\_win
g')" by auto
             show "winning_budget_len e g"
             proof(rule winning_budget_len.intros(1))
               show "e \in energies \land
     g \notin attacker \land
```

```
(\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
           apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g')"
             proof
                have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. g' \in positions }" by auto
                hence fin: "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight
g g' ≠ None}"
                  using finite_positions rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' ≠ None}
\subseteq energies" using E
                  using inv_well_defined length_S by blast
                thus "e ∈ energies" using E fin bounded_join_semilattice by meson
                show "g ∉ attacker ∧
     (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
           apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g')"
                proof
                  show "g ∉ attacker"
                    using A by simp
                  show "\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
          apply_w g g' e \neq None \land winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g'"
                  proof
                    fix g'
                    show "weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
          apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g'"
                    proof
                       assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
                      hence "S (index g') g' \wedge index g' \in a_win g'" using E
                         by simp
                       show "apply_w g g' e \neq None \winning_budget_len (upd (the
(weight g g')) e) g'"
                      proof
                         from E have E: "e = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
(index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}" by simp
                         have "\s'. energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index
g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None} \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
(index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None} \longrightarrow s e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g
g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}) \land (s' \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in {inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None} \longrightarrow s e\leq s') \longrightarrow energy_sup
{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None} e \leq s')"
                         proof(rule bounded_join_semilattice)
                           show "\s'. {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'.
weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
                           proof-
                             fix s'
                             show "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
                               using <{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'.</pre>
weight g g' \neq None} \subseteq energies> by auto
                           ged
```

```
show "\s'. finite {inv upd (the (weight g g')) (index g')
|g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
                        proof-
                          fix s'
                          have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight
g g' \neq None \subseteq \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. g' \in positions\}" by
auto
                          thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'.
weight g g' \( \neq \) None}" using finite_positions
                            using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                        qed
                      qed
                      hence "(\forall s. s \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'.
weight g g' \neq None} \longrightarrow s e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g')}
|g'. weight g g' \neq None}) | by auto
                      hence leq: "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') e≤ e"
                        unfolding E
                        using <weight g g' ≠ None> by blast
                      show "apply_w g g' e ≠ None"
                      using <weight g g' \neq None > proof(rule domain_upw_closed)
                        show "apply_w g g' (inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g'))
\neq None"
                          using inv_well_defined <weight g g' ≠ None> <S (index
g') g' \wedge index g' \in a_win g'' winning_budget_len.simps
                          by (metis inv_well_defined mem_Collect_eq)
                        show "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') e \le e" using
leq by simp
                      qed
                      have A1: "index g' e≤ upd (the (weight g g')) (inv_upd (the
(weight g g')) (index g'))"
                        using upd_inv_increasing ⟨S (index g') g' ∧ index g' ∈
a_win g'> winning_budget_len.simps
                        using <weight g g' \neq None> by blast
                      have A2: "upd (the (weight g g')) (inv_upd (the (weight g
g')) (index g')) e≤
    using ⟨S (index g') g' ∧ index g' ∈ a_win g' > inv_well_defined
length_S by blast
                      hence "index g' e \le upd (the (weight g g')) e using A1 energy_order
ordering def
                        by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) partial_preordering.trans)
                      thus "winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e) g'"
                        using upwards_closure_wb_len <S (index g') g' \land index g'</pre>
\in a_win g'> by blast
                    qed
                  qed
                qed
              qed
            qed
```

qed

```
show "\bigwedgeg e. g \in attacker \land
            (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                   (\exists e'. (S e' g' \land e' \in a\_win g') \land e = inv\_upd (the (weight g g'))
e')) \Longrightarrow
            e \in a\_win g "
         proof
           fix e g
           (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land)
                    (\exists e'. (S e' g' \land e' \in a\_win g') \land e = inv\_upd (the (weight g g'))
e'))"
           from this obtain g' e' where "weight g g' \neq None" and "(S e' g' \wedge e'
\in a_win g') \land e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'" by auto
           hence "e' e \le upd (the (weight g g')) e"
             using updates_monotonic inv_well_defined inv_well_defined
             by (metis length_S upd_inv_increasing)
           show "winning_budget_len e g"
           proof(rule winning_budget_len.intros(2))
             {\tt show} "e \in energies \land
    g \in attacker \land
    (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
           apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g')"
               have "e' \in energies " using < (S e' g' \wedge e' \in a_win g') \wedge e = inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) e'> winning_budget_len.simps
                  by blast
                {\tt show} "e \in energies"
                  using \langle (S e' g' \land e' \in a\_win g') \land e = inv\_upd (the (weight g g'))
    <e' ∈ energies> <weight g g' ≠ None>
                 using inv_well_defined by blast
                \verb"show"" g \in \verb"attacker" \land
    (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land)
           apply_w g g' e \neq None \wedge winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g')"
                proof
                  show "g \in attacker" using A by simp
                  show "\existsg'. weight g g' \neq None \land
          apply_w g g' e ≠ None ∧ winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g' "
                  proof
                    show " weight g g' \neq None \wedge
          apply_w g g' e \neq None \land winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e)
g'"
                    proof
                       show "weight g g' ≠ None"
                         using <weight g g' \neq None> .
                       show "apply_w g g' e \neq None \winning_budget_len (upd (the
(weight g g')) e) g'"
                         show "apply_w g g' e ≠ None"
                           using <weight g g' \neq None> <(S e' g' \wedge e' \in a_win g')
A e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'>
```

```
<e' e < upd (the (weight g g')) e > updates monotonic inv well defined
inv_well_defined
                         by (metis mem_Collect_eq winning_budget_len.cases)
                       show "winning_budget_len (upd (the (weight g g')) e) g'"
                         using <e' e≤ upd (the (weight g g')) e> upwards_closure_wb_len
<(S e' g' \land e' \in a_win g') \land e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'> by blast
                   qed
                 qed
              qed
            qed
          qed
        qed
      qed
      thus "e \in a_win g" using \langleS e' g \wedge e' e\leq e\rangle upwards_closure_wb_len
        by blast
    qed
 next
    show "a_win g \subseteq {e. \existse'. S e' g \land e' e\le e}"
    proof
      define P where "P \equiv \lambda(g,e). (e \in \{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e \leq e\})"
      fix e
      from this obtain s where S: "attacker_winning_strategy s e g"
        using nonpos_eq_pos
        by (metis winning_bugget_len_is_wb mem_Collect_eq winning_budget.elims(2))
      have "reachable_positions_len s g e ⊆ reachable_positions s g e" by auto
      hence "wfp_on (strategy_order s) (reachable_positions_len s g e)"
        using strategy_order_well_founded S
        using Restricted_Predicates.wfp_on_subset by blast
      hence "inductive_on (strategy_order s) (reachable_positions_len s g e)"
        by (simp add: wfp_on_iff_inductive_on)
      hence "P (g,e)"
      proof(rule inductive_on_induct)
        show "(g,e) ∈ reachable_positions_len s g e"
          unfolding reachable_positions_def proof-
          have "lfinite LNil \wedge
             llast (LCons g LNil) = g \land
             valid_play (LCons g LNil) \( \text{play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g LNil)} \)
e ∧
            Some e = energy_level e (LCons g LNil) (the_enat (llength LNil))"
            using valid_play.simps play_consistent_attacker.simps energy_level.simps
            by (metis lfinite_code(1) llast_singleton llength_LNil neq_LNil_conv
the_enat_0)
          thus "(g, e)
    ∈ {(g', e').
        (g', e')
        ∈ {(g', e') |g' e'.
            \exists p. lfinite p \land
                llast (LCons g p) = g' \land
                 valid_play (LCons g p) ∧
                 play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e \land Some e' = energy_level
```

```
e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p))} \
        e' ∈ energies}"
             using <e ∈ a_win g> nonpos_eq_pos winning_bugget_len_is_wb
        qed
         show "\bigwedgey. y \in reachable_positions_len s g e \Longrightarrow
               (\land x. \ x \in reachable\_positions\_len \ s \ g \ e \Longrightarrow strategy\_order \ s \ x \ y \Longrightarrow
P x) \implies P v''
        proof-
           fix y
           assume "y ∈ reachable_positions_len s g e"
           hence "\existse' g'. y = (g', e')" using reachable_positions_def by auto
           from this obtain e' g' where "y = (g', e')" by auto
           hence y_len: "(\exists p. lfinite p \land llast (LCons g p) = g'
                                                          ∧ valid_play (LCons g p)
                                                          ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p) e
                                                          ∧ (Some e' = energy_level e
(LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p))))
                 \land e' \in energies"
             using <y ∈ reachable_positions_len s g e > unfolding reachable_positions_def
             by auto
           from this obtain p where P: "(lfinite p \land llast (LCons g p) = g'
                                                          ∧ valid_play (LCons g p)
                                                          ∧ play_consistent_attacker s
(LCons g p) e)
                                                          ∧ (Some e' = energy_level e
(LCons g p) (the_enat (llength p)))" by auto
           show "(\Lambda x. x \in \text{reachable_positions_len s g e} \implies \text{strategy_order s x y}
\implies P x) \implies P y"
          proof-
            assume ind: "(\Lambda x. x \in \text{reachable_positions_len s g e} \Rightarrow \text{strategy_order}
s x y \implies P x)"
             thus "P y"
             proof(cases "g' ∈ attacker")
               case True
               then show ?thesis
               proof(cases "deadend g'")
                 case True
                 hence "attacker_stuck (LCons g p)" using ⟨g' ∈ attacker⟩ P
                    by (meson defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strategy.elims(2))
                 hence "defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)" using defender_wins_play_def
by simp
                 have "¬defender_wins_play e (LCons g p)" using P S by simp
                 then show ?thesis using <defender_wins_play e (LCons g p) > by simp
               next
                 case False
                 hence "(s e' g') \neq None \wedge (weight g' (the (s e' g')))\neqNone" using
S attacker_winning_strategy.simps
                    by (simp add: True attacker_strategy_def)
                 define x where "x = (the (s e' g'), the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g'))
```

```
e'))"
                define p' where "p' = (lappend p (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil))"
                hence "lfinite p'" using P by simp
                have "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g')" using p'_def <lfinite
p'>
                  by (simp add: llast_LCons)
                have "the_enat (llength p') > 0" using P
                  by (metis LNil_eq_lappend_iff <lfinite p'> bot_nat_0.not_eq_extremum
enat_0_iff(2) lfinite_conv_llength_enat llength_eq_0 llist.collapse(1) llist.distinct(1)
p'_def the_enat.simps)
                hence "∃i. Suc i = the_enat (llength p')"
                  using less_iff_Suc_add by auto
                from this obtain i where "Suc i = the_enat (llength p')" by auto
                hence "i = the_enat (llength p)" using p'_def P
                  by (metis Suc_leI <lfinite p'> length_append_singleton length_list_of_conv_t
less_Suc_eq_le less_irrefl_nat lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil
list_of_lappend not_less_less_Suc_eq)
                hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)" using P by simp
                have A: "lfinite (LCons g p) \land i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))</pre>
\land energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
                  show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                  show "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) \land energy_level e (LCons</pre>
g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
                    show "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))" using <i = the_enat</pre>
(llength p) > P
                      by (metis <lfinite (LCons g p) > length_Cons length_list_of_conv_the_enat
lessI list_of_LCons)
                    show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g
p)) - 1) ≠ None" using P <i = the_enat (llength p)>
                      using S defender_wins_play_def by auto
                  qed
                qed
                hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)" using p'_def energy_level_app
P <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)>
                  by (metis lappend_code(2))
                hence "energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None"
                  by (metis option.distinct(1))
                have "enat (Suc i) = llength p'" using <Suc i = the_enat (llength</pre>
p')>
                  by (metis <1finite p'> lfinite_conv_llength_enat the_enat.simps)
                also have "... < eSuc (llength p')"</pre>
                  by (metis calculation iless_Suc_eq order_refl)
                also have "... = llength (LCons g p')" using <lfinite p'> by simp
                finally have "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')".
                have "(lnth (LCons g p) i) = g'" using <i = the_enat (llength p)>
Р
                  by (metis lfinite_conv_llength_enat llast_conv_lnth llength_LCons
the_enat.simps)
                hence "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'" using p'_def
```

```
by (metis P <i = the enat (llength p) > enat ord simps(2) energy level.elims
lessI lfinite_llength_enat lnth_0 lnth_Suc_LCons lnth_lappend1 the_enat.simps)
                have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (Suc i)"
                   using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')> by simp
                also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (lnth (LCons g p')
(Suc i)) (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') i))"
                  using energy_level.simps <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')>
<energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None>
                   by (meson leD)
                also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (lnth (LCons g p')
(Suc i)) e'" using <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p') i)>
                   by (metis option.sel)
                also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i) (the (s e' g'))
e'" using p'_def <enat (Suc i) = llength p'>
                  by (metis <eSuc (llength p') = llength (LCons g p')> <llast (LCons</pre>
g p') = the (s e' g') > llast_conv_lnth)
                also have "... = apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'" using <(Inth (LCons</pre>
g p') i) = g' > by simp
                finally have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))
= apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'".
                have P': "lfinite p' \land
             llast (LCons g p') = (the (s e' g')) \land
             valid_play (LCons g p') \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e
            Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g
p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
                proof
                   show "lfinite p'" using p'_def P by simp
                   show "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g') \land
    valid_play (LCons g p') ∧
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land \text{
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                   proof
                     show "llast (LCons g p') = the (s e' g')" using p'_def <lfinite</pre>
p'>
                      by (simp add: llast_LCons)
                    show "valid_play (LCons g p') \cap 
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land 
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                    proof
                       show "valid_play (LCons g p')" using p'_def P
                        using \langle s e' g' \neq None \land weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None \rangle
valid_play.intros(2) valid_play_append by auto
                       show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land 
    Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p'))"
                       proof
                         have "(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s
e' g')) LNil)" using p'_def
                           by simp
                         have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
```

```
(the (s e' g')) LNil)) e"
                        proof (rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                          show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e"
                            using P by auto
                          show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by auto
                          show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons
g(p)) - 1) \neq None" using P
                            using A by auto
                          show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e')
g')) LNil))"
                            using <valid_play (LCons g p') > <(LCons g p') = lappend</pre>
(LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil) by simp
                          show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
    Some (the (s e' g')) =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                          proof
                            show "Some (the (s e' g')) =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                              using <llast (LCons g p) ∈ attacker> P
                              by (metis One_nat_def <s e' g' ≠ None ∧ weight g'</pre>
(the (s e' g')) ≠ None > diff_Suc_1' eSuc_enat lfinite_llength_enat llength_LCons
option.collapse option.sel the_enat.simps)
                          qed
                        qed
                        thus "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e" using < (LCons
g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons (the (s e' g')) LNil) > by simp
                        show "Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
                          by (metis <eSuc (llength p') = llength (LCons g p')> <enat</pre>
(Suc i) = llength p'> <energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p')) = apply_w
g'(the(s e' g')) e'> <play_consistent_attacker s(LCons g p') e> <valid_play
(LCons g p') > S defender_wins_play_def diff_Suc_1 eSuc_enat option.collapse attacker_winning_st
the_enat.simps)
                      qed
                    qed
                  qed
                qed
                have x_len: "(upd (the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e') ∈ energies"
using y_len
                  by (metis P' <energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))</pre>
= apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'> <s e' g' \neq None \wedge weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq
None > option.distinct(1) upd_well_defined)
                hence "x \in reachable\_positions\_len s g e" using P' reachable\_positions\_def
x_def by auto
                have "(apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e') \neq None" using P'
                  by (metis <energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))</pre>
= apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'> option.distinct(1))
                have "Some (the (apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e')) = apply_w g' (the
(s e' g')) e' \land (if g' \in attacker then Some (the (s e' g')) = s e' g' else weight
```

```
g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None)"
                   using \langle (s e' g') \neq None \land (weight g' (the (s e' g'))) \neq None \rangle \langle (apply_w) \rangle
g' (the (s e' g')) e') \neq None by simp
                 hence "strategy_order s x y" unfolding strategy_order_def using
x_{def} < y = (g', e')
                    by blast
                 hence "P x" using ind \langle x \in reachable_positions_len s g e \rangle by simp
                 hence "\existse''. S e'' (the (s e' g')) \land e'' e\leq ( upd (the (weight
g' (the (s e' g')))) e')" unfolding P_def x_def by simp
                 from this obtain e'' where E: "S e'' (the (s e' g')) ∧ e'' e≤ (upd
(the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e')" by auto
                 hence "S (inv_upd (the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e'') g'" using
True S.intros(2)
                    using \langle s e' g' \neq None \wedge weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None \rangle by
blast
                 have "(inv_upd (the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e'') e inv_upd
(the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) (upd (the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e')"
                   using E inverse_monotonic \langle s e' g' \neq None \land weight g' (the (s
e' g')) \( \ne \) None >
                   using x_len
                    using inv_well_defined length_S by blast
                 hence "(inv_upd (the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e'') e≤ e'" using
inv_upd_decreasing \langle s e' g' \neq None \land weight g' (the (s e' g')) \neq None \rangle
                    using <apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e' \neq None > energy_order ordering_def
                    by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) E <apply_w g' (the (s e' g')) e'</pre>

\neq None> <y = (g', e')> <y \in reachable_positions_len s g e> case_prodD galois_energy_game.galorenters
galois_energy_game_decidable.length_S galois_energy_game_decidable_axioms galois_energy_game_ax
mem_Collect_eq)
                 thus "P y" unfolding P_def <y = (g', e')>
                    using <S (inv_upd (the (weight g' (the (s e' g')))) e'') g' by
blast
               qed
             next
               case False
               hence P: "g' ∉ attacker ∧
             (\forall g''. weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
           apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \wedge P (g'', (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))))"
                 show "\forallg''. weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
           apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \wedge P (g'', (the (apply_w g' g'' e')))"
                 proof
                   fix g''
                    show "weight g' g'' \neq None \longrightarrow
            apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \wedge P (g'', (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))) "
                    proof
                      show "apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None \wedge P (g'', (the (apply_w g'
g'' e')))"
                      proof
                        show "apply_w g' g'' e' ≠ None"
                          assume "apply_w g' g'' e' = None"
```

```
define p' where "p' \equiv (LCons g (lappend p (LCons g', LNil)))"
                        hence "lfinite p'" using P by simp
                        have "∃i. llength p = enat i" using P
                          by (simp add: lfinite_llength_enat)
                        from this obtain i where "llength p = enat i" by auto
                        hence "llength (lappend p (LCons g', LNil)) = enat (Suc
i)"
                          by (simp add: <llength p = enat i> eSuc_enat iadd_Suc_right)
                        hence "llength p' = eSuc (enat(Suc i))" using p' def
                          by simp
                        hence "the_enat (llength p') = Suc (Suc i)"
                          by (simp add: eSuc_enat)
                        hence "the_enat (llength p') - 1 = Suc i"
                          by simp
                        hence "the_enat (llength p') - 1 = the_enat (llength (lappend
p (LCons g'', LNil)))"
                          using <llength (lappend p (LCons g', LNil)) = enat (Suc</pre>
i) >
                          by simp
                        have "(lnth p' i) = g'" using p'_def <llength p = enat i>
Р
                          by (smt (verit) One_nat_def diff_Suc_1' enat_ord_simps(2)
energy_level.elims lessI llast_conv_lnth llength_LCons lnth_0 lnth_LCons' lnth_lappend
the_enat.simps)
                        have "(lnth p' (Suc i)) = g'' using p'_def <llength p =</pre>
enat i>
                          by (metis <llength p' = eSuc (enat (Suc i)) > lappend.disc(2)
llast_LCons llast_conv_lnth llast_lappend_LCons llength_eq_enat_lfiniteD llist.disc(1)
llist.disc(2))
                        have "p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil)" using p'_def
by simp
                        hence "the (energy_level e p' i) = the (energy_level e (lappend
(LCons g p) (LCons g'' LNil)) i)" by simp
                        also have "... = the (energy_level e (LCons g p) i)" using
<llength p = enat i> energy_level_append P
                          by (metis diff_Suc_1 eSuc_enat lessI lfinite_LConsI llength_LCons
option.distinct(1) the_enat.simps)
                        also have "... = e'" using P
                          by (metis <llength p = enat i> option.sel the_enat.simps)
                        finally have "the (energy_level e p' i) = e'" .
                        hence "apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth p' (Suc i)) (the (energy_level
e p' i)) = None" using <apply_w g' g'' e'=None> <(lnth p' i) = g'> <(lnth p' (Suc
i)) = g'' > by simp
                        have "energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength p') - 1) =
                          energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength (lappend p (LCons
g'', LNil))))"
                          using <the_enat (llength p') - 1 = the_enat (llength (lappend</pre>
p (LCons g'', LNil)))>
                          by simp
                        also have "... = energy_level e p' (Suc i)" using <llength</pre>
(lappend p (LCons g', LNil)) = enat (Suc i) > by simp
                        also have "... = (if energy_level e p' i = None \langle llength
p' \le enat (Suc i) then None
```

```
else apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth p' (Suc i))
(the (energy_level e p' i)))" using energy_level.simps by simp
                         also have "... = None " using <apply_w (lnth p' i) (lnth</pre>
p' (Suc i)) (the (energy_level e p' i)) = None>
                           by simp
                         finally have "energy_level e p' (the_enat (llength p') -
1) = None".
                         hence "defender_wins_play e p'" unfolding defender_wins_play_def
by simp
                         have "valid_play p'"
                           by (metis P <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil)>
<weight g' g'' \neq None> energy_game.valid_play.intros(2) energy_game.valid_play_append
lfinite_LConsI)
                         have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
g'', LNil)) e"
                         proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                           show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e"
                             using P by simp
                           show "lfinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                           show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons
g p)) - 1) \neq None
                             using P
                             by (meson S defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strategy.elims(
                           show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil))"
                             using <valid_play p'> <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons</pre>
g'' LNil) > by simp
                           \verb"show" "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
    Some g'' =
    s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast
(LCons g p))"
                             using False P by simp
                         qed
                         hence "play_consistent_attacker s p' e"
                           using <p' = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g'', LNil) > by
simp
                         hence "-defender_wins_play e p'" using <valid_play p'>
p'_def S by simp
                         thus "False" using <defender_wins_play e p'> by simp
                       qed
                       define x where "x = (g'', the (apply_w g' g'' e'))"
                       have "P x"
                       proof(rule ind)
                         have X: "(\exists p. lfinite p \land
             llast (LCons g p) = g', \land
             valid_play (LCons g p) \wedge play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p) e \wedge
            Some (the (apply_w g', g', e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength p)))"
                           define p' where "p' = lappend p (LCons g'' LNil)"
                           show "lfinite p' \wedge
     llast (LCons g p') = g'' ∧
     valid_play (LCons g p') \land play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land
```

```
Some (the (apply w g' g'' e')) = energy level e (LCons g p') (the enat (llength
p'))"
                           proof
                             show "lfinite p'" using P p'_def by simp
                             show "llast (LCons g p') = g'' \land \land \]
    valid_play (LCons g p') \land
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e \land
    Some (the (apply_w g', g', e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                             proof
                               show "llast (LCons g p') = g'' using p'_def
                                 by (metis <lfinite p'> lappend.disc_iff(2) lfinite_lappend
llast_LCons llast_lappend_LCons llast_singleton llist.discI(2))
                               show "valid_play (LCons g p') \cap 
    play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e ∧
    Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p'))"
                               proof
                                 show "valid_play (LCons g p')" using p'_def P
                                   using <weight g' g'' \neq None > lfinite_LCons valid_play.intros
valid_play_append by auto
                                 show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p') e
    Some (the (apply_w g', g', e')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p')) "
                                 proof
                                   have "play_consistent_attacker s (lappend (LCons
g p) (LCons g'' LNil)) e"
                                   proof(rule play_consistent_attacker_append_one)
                                     show "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p)
e"
                                       using P by simp
                                     show "Ifinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                                     show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength
(LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None"
                                       using P
                                       by (meson S defender_wins_play_def attacker_winning_strat
                                     show "valid_play (lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
g'' LNil))"
                                       using <valid_play (LCons g p')> p'_def by
simp
                                     show "llast (LCons g p) \in attacker \longrightarrow
                                         Some g', =
                                         s (the (energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g p)) - 1))) (llast (LCons g p))"
                                       using False P by simp
                                   thus "play_consistent_attacker s (LCons g p')
e" using p'_def
                                     by (simp add: lappend_code(2))
                                   have "∃i. Suc i = the_enat (llength p')" using
p'_def <lfinite p'>
                                     by (metis P length_append_singleton length_list_of_conv_the
lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend)
```

```
from this obtain i where "Suc i = the enat (llength
p')" by auto
                                  hence "i = the_enat (llength p)" using p'_def
                                     by (smt (verit) One_nat_def <lfinite p'> add.commute
add_Suc_shift add_right_cancel length_append length_list_of_conv_the_enat lfinite_LNil
lfinite_lappend list.size(3) list.size(4) list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend
plus_1_eq_Suc)
                                  hence "Suc i = llength (LCons g p)"
                                     using P eSuc_enat lfinite_llength_enat by fastforce
                                  have "(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p) (LCons
g'' LNil)" using p'_def by simp
                                  have A: "lfinite (LCons g p) \wedge i < the_enat (llength
(LCons g p)) \land energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1)
≠ None"
                                  proof
                                     show "Ifinite (LCons g p)" using P by simp
                                     show " i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) \land
    energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat (llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None "
                                     proof
                                       have "(llength p') = llength (LCons g p)"
using p'_def
                                         by (metis P <lfinite p'> length_Cons length_append_sin
length_list_of lfinite_LConsI lfinite_LNil list_of_LCons list_of_LNil list_of_lappend)
                                       thus "i < the_enat (llength (LCons g p))"
using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                         using lessI by force
                                       show "energy_level e (LCons g p) (the_enat
(llength (LCons g p)) - 1) \neq None" using P
                                         by (meson S energy_game.defender_wins_play_def
energy_game.play_consistent_attacker.intros(2) attacker_winning_strategy.simps)
                                   ged
                                  hence "energy_level e (LCons g p') i ≠ None"
                                     using energy_level_append
                                     by (smt (verit) Nat.lessE Suc_leI <LCons g p'</pre>
= lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil) diff_Suc_1 energy_level_nth)
                                  have "enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons g p')"</pre>
                                     using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                     by (metis Suc_ile_eq <lfinite p'> ldropn_Suc_LCons
leI lfinite_conv_llength_enat lnull_ldropn nless_le the_enat.simps)
                                  hence el_prems: "energy_level e (LCons g p')
i ≠ None ∧ llength (LCons g p') > enat (Suc i)" using <energy_level e (LCons g
p') i \neq None by simp
                                  have "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = lnth (LCons g p)
i"
                                    unfolding <(LCons g p') = lappend (LCons g p)</pre>
(LCons g'' LNil) > using <i = the_enat (llength p) > lnth_lappend1
                                     by (metis A enat_ord_simps(2) length_list_of
length_list_of_conv_the_enat)
                                  have "lnth (LCons g p) i = llast (LCons g p)"
using <Suc i = llength (LCons g p)>
                                    by (metis enat_ord_simps(2) lappend_LNil2 ldropn_LNil
ldropn_Suc_conv_ldropn ldropn_lappend lessI less_not_refl llast_ldropn llast_singleton)
                                  hence "(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'" using P
```

```
by (simp add: <lnth (LCons g p') i = lnth (LCons
g p) i > )
                                   have "(lnth (LCons g p') (Suc i)) = g''
                                     using p'_def <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
                                     by (smt (verit) <enat (Suc i) < llength (LCons</pre>
g p')> <lfinite p'> <llast (LCons g p') = g''> lappend_snocL1_conv_LCons2 ldropn_LNil
ldropn_Suc_LCons ldropn_Suc_conv_ldropn ldropn_lappend2 lfinite_llength_enat llast_ldropn
llast_singleton the_enat.simps wlog_linorder_le)
                                   have "energy_level e (LCons g p) i = energy_level
e (LCons g p') i"
                                     using energy_level_append A <(LCons g p') =</pre>
lappend (LCons g p) (LCons g', LNil)>
                                     by presburger
                                   hence "Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p')
i)"
                                     using P <i = the_enat (llength p)>
                                     by argo
                                  have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength
p')) = energy_level e (LCons g p') (Suc i)" using <Suc i = the_enat (llength p')>
by simp
                                   also have "... = apply_w (lnth (LCons g p') i)
(lnth (LCons g p') (Suc i)) (the (energy_level e (LCons g p') i))"
                                     using energy_level.simps el_prems
                                     by (meson leD)
                                   also have "... = apply_w g' g'' (the (energy_level
e (LCons g p') i))"
                                     using <(lnth (LCons g p') i) = g'> <(lnth (LCons</pre>
g p') (Suc i)) = g'' > by simp
                                   finally have "energy_level e (LCons g p') (the_enat
(llength p')) = (apply_w g' g', e')"
                                     using <Some e' = (energy_level e (LCons g p')</pre>
i) >
                                     by (metis option.sel)
                                   thus "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = energy_level
e (LCons g p') (the_enat (llength p'))"
                                     using <apply_w g' g'' e' \ne None by auto
                              qed
                             qed
                           qed
                        qed
                        have x_len: "(upd (the (weight g', g',')) e') ∈ energies"
using y_len
                          using <apply_w g' g'' e' ≠ None> <weight g' g'' ≠ None>
upd_well_defined by blast
                        thus "x ∈ reachable_positions_len s g e"
                          using X x_def reachable_positions_def
                          by (simp add: mem_Collect_eq)
                        have "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = apply_w g' g'' e'
         (if g' \in attacker then Some g'' = s e' g' else weight g' g'' \neq None)"
```

```
proof
                              show "Some (the (apply_w g' g'' e')) = apply_w g' g''
e'"
                                using <apply_w g' g'' e' \neq None> by auto
                              show "(if g' ∈ attacker then Some g'' = s e' g' else weight
g', g', \neq None)"
                                using False
                                by (simp add: ⟨weight g' g'' ≠ None⟩)
                           aed
                            thus "strategy_order s x y" using strategy_order_def x_def
\langle y = (g', e') \rangle
                              by simp
                         qed
                         thus "P (g'', (the (apply_w g' g'' e')))" using x_def by simp
                       ged
                    qed
                  qed
                qed
                hence "\bigwedgeg''. weight g' g'' \neq None \Longrightarrow \exists e0. S e0 g'' \land e0 e\leq (the
(apply_w g' g'' e'))" using P_def
                  by blast
                define index where "index = (\lambda g''. SOME e0. S e0 g'' \wedge e0 e\leq (the
(apply_w g' g'' e')))"
                hence I: "\bigwedge g''. weight g' g'' \neq None \Longrightarrow S (index g'') g'' \wedge (index
g'') e\leq (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))"
                  using \langle \bigwedge g', weight g' g', \neq None \Longrightarrow \exists e0. S e0 g', \land e0 e\leq (the
(apply_w g' g'' e'))> some_eq_ex
                  by (smt (verit, del_insts))
                hence "\bigwedgeg''. weight g' g'' \neq None \Longrightarrow inv_upd (the (weight g' g''))
(index g'') e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (the (apply_w g' g'' e'))"
                  using inverse_monotonic P
                  by (meson inv_well_defined length_S)
                hence "\gray{g'}'. weight g' g'' \neq None \Longrightarrow inv_upd (the (weight g' g''))
(index g'') e≤ e'"
                  using inv_upd_decreasing P
                  by (meson I galois length_S y_len)
                hence all: "\foralls. s \in {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'') | g''.
weight g' g'' \neq None}\longrightarrow s e\leq e'"
                  by auto
                have "\s'. energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'')|
g''. weight g' g'' \neq None} \in energies \land (\foralls. s \in {inv_upd (the (weight g' g''))
(index g'')| g''. weight g' g'' \neq None} \longrightarrow s e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g'g'')) (index g'')| g''. weight g'g'' \neq None}) \wedge (s' \in energies \wedge (\foralls. s \in
{inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'')| g''. weight g' g'' \neq None} \longrightarrow s e\leq
s') \longrightarrow energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'') | g''. weight g' g''}
\neq None} e\leq s')"
                proof(rule bounded_join_semilattice)
                  show "\s'. {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'') | g''. weight
g' g'' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
                  proof-
                     show "{inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'') | g''. weight
g' g'' \neq None} \subseteq energies"
```

```
using I inv well defined length S by blast
                  qed
                  show "\s'. finite {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'') | g''.
weight g' g'' ≠ None}"
                  proof-
                     fix s'
                     have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
                    thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'') | g''.
weight g' g'' \neq None \rightarrow using finite_positions
                       using rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                  qed
                qed
                hence leq: "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'')|
g''. weight g' g'' \neq None} e\leq e'"
                  using all
                  using y_len by blast
                have "S (energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g' g'')) (index g'') | g''.
weight g' g'' \( \neq \text{None} \) g'"
                  using False S.intros(1) I
                  by blast
                thus "P y" using leq P_def
                  using \langle y = (g', e') \rangle by blast
              aed
           qed
         qed
      qed
      thus "e \in {e. \existse'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e}" using P_def by simp
    qed
  hence "energy_Min {e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e} = a_win_min g" by simp
  have "energy_Min {e. \existse'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e} = energy_Min {e. S e g}"
  proof
    have "\{e. S e g\} \subseteq \{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e \leq e\}"
      using energy_order ordering.eq_iff by fastforce
    show "energy_Min {e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e} \subseteq energy_Min {e. S e g}"
    proof
      fix x
      assume "x \in energy_Min \{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e \le e\}"
      hence "\existse'. S e' g \land e' e\leq x"
         using energy_Min_def by auto
      from this obtain e' where "S e' g \wedge e' e\leq x" by auto
      hence "S e' g \wedge e' e\leq e'" using energy_order ordering_def
         using ordering.eq_iff by fastforce
      hence "e' \in {e. \exists\, e'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e} \land e' e\leq x"
         using \langle S e' g \wedge e' e \leq x \rangle by auto
      hence "x = e' using energy_Min_def
         using \langle x \in \text{energy\_Min } \{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e \leq e\} \rangle by auto
      hence "S x g"
         by (simp add: \langle S e' g \wedge e' e \leq x \rangle)
       show "x ∈ energy_Min {e. S e g}"
      proof(rule ccontr)
```

```
assume "x ∉ energy Min {e. S e g}"
         hence "\exists x'. x' e< x \land x' \in \{e. S e g\}"
           using <S x g> energy_Min_def
           by auto
         from this obtain x' where "x' e< x" and "S x' g"
           by auto
         hence "S x' g \wedge x' e\leq x'" using energy_order ordering_def
           using ordering.eq_iff by fastforce
         hence "x' \in {e. \existse'. S e' g \land e' e< e}" by auto
         thus "False"
           using <x ∈ energy_Min {e. ∃e'. S e' g ∧ e' e ≤ e} > unfolding energy_Min_def
using <x' e< x>
           by auto
      qed
    show "energy_Min {e. S e g} \subseteq energy_Min {e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e\le e} "
    proof
      fix x
      assume "x ∈ energy_Min {e. S e g}"
      hence "S x g" using energy Min def by auto
      hence "x \in \{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e \le e\}" using energy_Min_def energy_order
ordering_def
        using ordering.eq_iff by fastforce
      show "x \in energy\_Min \{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e \le e\}"
      proof(rule ccontr)
         assume "x ∉ energy_Min {e. ∃e'. S e' g ∧ e' e≤ e}"
         from this obtain x' where "x'\in{e. \existse'. S e' g \land e' e\leq e}" and "x' e< x"
           using energy_Min_def
           using \langle x \in \{e. \exists e'. S e' g \land e' e \leq e\} \rangle by auto
         from this(1) obtain e' where "S e' g \wedge e' e\leq x'" by auto
         hence "e' e< x" using <x' e< x> energy_order ordering_def
           by (metis (no_types, lifting) ordering_axioms_def partial_preordering_def)
         thus "False"
           using \langle S e' g \wedge e' e \leq x' \rangle \langle x \in energy_Min_{e. S e g} \rangle energy_Min_def
           by auto
       qed
    qed
  qed
  thus "energy_Min {e. S e g} = a_win_min g" using <energy_Min {e. ∃e'. S e' g
\wedge e' e < e } = a win min g > by simp
We now conclude that the algorithm indeed returns the minimal attacker winning
budgets.
lemma a_win_min_is_lfp_sup:
  shows "pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{i}) (\lambda g. {}) |. i} = a_win_min"
proof(rule antisymmetry)
  have in_pareto_leq: "\label{eq:n}n. (iteration ^^ n) (\label{eq:leq:n}e possible_pareto \label{eq:pareto} (iteration
^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) \leq a_win_min"
  proof-
    show "(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) \in possible_pareto \wedge (iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {})
```

```
\prec a win min"
    proof(induct n)
       case 0
       show ?case
       proof
         show "(iteration \hat{\ } 0) (\lambdag. {}) \in possible_pareto"
           using funpow_simps_right(1) possible_pareto_def by auto
         have "(\lambda g. \{\}) \leq a_{\min}"
           unfolding pareto_order_def by simp
         thus "(iteration ^{0} 0) (\lambda g. {}) \leq a_{\min}\min" using funpow_simps_right(1)
by simp
       qed
    next
       case (Suc n)
       have "(iteration ^^ (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}) = iteration ((iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}))"
         by simp
       then show ?case using Suc iteration_stays_winning iteration_pareto_functor
by simp
    qed
  qed
  show "pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \in possible_pareto"
  proof(rule pareto_sup_is_sup)
    show "{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \subseteq possible_pareto"
       using in_pareto_leq by auto
  qed
  show "a_win_min ∈ possible_pareto"
    using a_win_min_in_pareto by simp
  show "pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \leq a_win_min"
    using pareto_sup_is_sup in_pareto_leq a_win_min_in_pareto image_iff rangeE
    by (smt (verit) subsetI)
  define Smin where "Smin = (\lambda g. \text{ energy\_Min } \{e. S e g\})"
  have "Smin \leq pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}"
    unfolding pareto_order_def proof
    fix g
    \verb"show" \forall\, \verb"e. e \in \verb"Smin" g \longrightarrow
                (\exists e'. e' \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} g \land e' e \leq e)"
    proof
       fix e
       \verb"show"" e \in Smin g \longrightarrow
           (\exists e'. e' \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} g \land e' e \leq e)"
       proof
         \texttt{assume} \ \texttt{"e} \in \texttt{Smin} \ \texttt{g"}
         hence "S e g" using energy_Min_def Smin_def by simp
         thus "\existse'. e' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g \land e' e\leq e"
         proof(rule S.induct)
            show "\bigwedgeg e. g \notin attacker \land
             (\exists \, \mathtt{index}.
                  e =
                  energy_sup
                   {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}
```

```
\wedge
                    (\forall\, {\tt g'}.\ {\tt weight}\ {\tt g}\ {\tt g'}\ \neq\ {\tt None}\ \longrightarrow
                            S (index g') g' ∧
                            (\exists e'. e' \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} g'
Λ
                                    e' e\leq index g'))) \Longrightarrow
              \exists e'. e' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g \land e' e\leq e"
             proof-
                \mathtt{fix} \ \mathtt{e} \ \mathtt{g}
                assume A: "g \notin attacker \land
               (\exists \, \mathtt{index}.
                    energy_sup
                     {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}
\land
                    (\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                            S (index g') g' \wedge
                            (\exists e'. e' \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} g'
\land
                                    e' e index g')))"
                from this obtain index where "e =
                    energy_sup
                     {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
and
                    "\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                            S (index g') g' \wedge
                            (\exists e'. e' \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} g'
\wedge
                                    e' e\leq index g')" by auto
                define index' where "index' \equiv \lambda g'. SOME e'. e' \in pareto_sup {(iteration
^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g' \wedge
                                    e' e≤ index g'"
                have "Ag'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \exists e'. e' \in pareto_sup {(iteration
^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g' \wedge
                                    e' e\leq index g'" using \langle \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                            S (index g') g' \wedge
                            (\exists\, e'.\ e'\in pareto\_sup\ \{(iteration\ \widehat{\ }n)\ (\lambda g.\ \{\})\ |.\ n\}\ g'
Λ
                                    e' e≤ index g')> by simp
                hence "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow index' g' \in pareto_sup {(iteration
^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g' \wedge
                                    index' g' e≤ index g'" unfolding index'_def using some_eq_ex
                  by (metis (mono_tags, lifting))
                hence F: "\g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \exists F. F \in \{(\text{iteration $\widehat{\ }} \cap n) \ (\lambda g.
\{\}) |. n} \land index' g' \in F g'"
                  unfolding pareto_sup_def using energy_Min_def by simp
                have index'_len: \frac{1}{2} \gamma'. weight g g' \neq None \implies (index' g') \in energies"
                proof-
                  fix g'
                  assume "weight g g' ≠ None"
                  hence "\existsF. F \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \land index' g' \in F g'"
using F by auto
                  from this obtain F where F: "F \in {(iteration ^{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}
```

```
\land index' g' \in F g'"
                                       by auto
                                  hence "F ∈ possible_pareto"
                                      using in_pareto_leq by auto
                                   thus "(index' g') ∈ energies"
                                       unfolding possible_pareto_def using F
                                       using subset_iff by blast
                              qed
                              define index_F where "index_F = (\lambdag'. (SOME F. (F \in {(iteration ^^ n)
(\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} \land index' g' \in F g'))"
                              have IF: \frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\frak{mathemath{n}}\f
(\lambda g. {}) |. n} \wedge index' g' \in index_F g' g'"
                                   unfolding index_F_def using some_eq_ex \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow
\exists F. F \in \{(\text{iteration } \hat{\ } n) \ (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} \land \text{index' } g' \in F \ g' > \}
                                   by (metis (mono_tags, lifting))
                             have "\exists F. (F∈ {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \land (\forallg'. weight g g'
\neq None \longrightarrow index_F g' \leq F))"
                             proof-
                                   define P' where "P' = {index_F g' | g'. weight g g' ≠ None}"
                                  have "\existsF'. F' \in {(iteration \hat{} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \wedge (\forallF. F \in P' \longrightarrow
F ≤ F')"
                                   proof(rule finite_directed_set_upper_bound)
                                        show "∧F F'.
                 {\tt F} \, \in \, \{({\tt iteration} \,\, {\tt \^{}} \,\, {\tt n}) \,\, (\lambda {\tt g}. \,\, \{\}) \,\, \, | \, . \,\, {\tt n}\} \, \Longrightarrow \,\,
                 F' \in {(iteration ^n n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \Longrightarrow
                 \exists \texttt{F''}. \texttt{F''} \in \{(\texttt{iteration $\widehat{\ }} \texttt{n}) \ (\lambda \texttt{g}. \ \{\}) \ | . \ \texttt{n}\} \ \land \ \texttt{F} \preceq \texttt{F''} \ \land \ \texttt{F'} \preceq \texttt{F''}"
                                       proof-
                                            fix F F'
                                             assume "F \in {(iteration ^{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}" and "F' \in {(iteration
^{n} n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n}"
                                            from this obtain n m where "F = (iteration ^n n) (\lambda g. {})" and
"F' = (iteration \hat{ } m)(\lambdag. {})" by auto
                                             show "\existsF''. F'' \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \wedge F \preceq F''
∧ F' ≤ F''"
                                             proof
                                                 show "((iteration \hat{ } (max n m)) (\lambdag. {})) \in {(iteration \hat{ } n)
(\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} \land F \preceq ((iteration ^^ (max n m)) (\lambda g. \{\})) \land F' \preceq ((iteration ^^
(\max n m)) (\lambda g. \{\}))"
                                                 proof-
                                                      have "\Lambdai j. i \leq j \Longrightarrow ((iteration \hat{} i) (\lambdag. {})) \leq ((iteration
^{1} j) (\lambdag. {}))"
                                                      proof-
                                                           fix i j
                                                            show " i \leq j \Longrightarrow ((iteration \hat{\ } i) (\lambdag. {})) \leq ((iteration
^{1} j) (\lambda g. {}))"
                                                           proof-
                                                                assume "i \leq j"
                                                                thus "(iteration \hat{ } i) (\lambda g. {}) \leq (iteration \hat{ } j) (\lambda g.
{})"
                                                                proof(induct "j-i" arbitrary: i j)
                                                                      case 0
                                                                     hence "i = j" by simp
                                                                     then show ?case
                                                                           by (simp add: in_pareto_leq reflexivity)
```

```
next
                                 case (Suc x)
                                 show ?case
                                 proof(rule transitivity)
                                   show A: "(iteration \hat{ } i) (\lambda g. {}) \in possible_pareto"
using in_pareto_leq by simp
                                   show B: "(iteration \hat{\ } (Suc i)) (\lambdag. {}) \in possible_pareto"
using in_pareto_leq by blast
                                   show C: "(iteration \hat{j}) (\lambda g. {}) \in possible_pareto"
using in_pareto_leq by simp
                                   have D: "(iteration ^{\circ} (Suc i)) (\lambda g. {}) = iteration
((iteration \hat{\ } i) (\lambda g. {}))" using funpow.simps by simp
                                   have "((iteration \hat{\ } i) (\lambdag. {})) \leq iteration ((iteration
^{1} i) (\lambda g. {}))"
                                   proof(induct i)
                                      case 0
                                      then show ?case using pareto_minimal_element in_pareto_leq
                                        by simp
                                   next
                                      case (Suc i)
                                      then show ?case using in_pareto_leq iteration_monotonic
funpow.simps(2)
                                        by (smt (verit, del_insts) comp_eq_dest_lhs)
                                   qed
                                   thus "(iteration \hat{ } i) (\lambda g. {}) \leq (iteration \hat{ } (Suc
i)) (\lambda g. \{\})"
                                     unfolding D by simp
                                   have "x = j - (Suc i)" using Suc by simp
                                   have "(Suc i) < j"
                                      using diff_diff_left Suc by simp
                                   show "(iteration ^{\circ} (Suc i)) (\lambdag. {}) \leq (iteration
\hat{j} (\lambdag. {})"
                                      using Suc \langle x = j - (Suc i) \rangle \langle (Suc i) \leq j \rangle by blast
                                 qed
                              qed
                            qed
                          qed
                          thus ?thesis
                            using \langle F = (iteration ^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \rangle \langle F' = (iteration )
^^ m)(\lambda g. {})> <F' \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n}> max.cobounded2 by auto
                       qed
                     qed
                   qed
                   show "{(iteration \hat{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \neq {}"
                     by auto
                   show "P' \subseteq {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}" using P'_def IF
                     by blast
                   have "finite \{g'.\ weight\ g\ g'\ne None\}" using finite_positions
                     by (smt (verit) Collect_cong finite_Collect_conjI)
                   thus "finite P'" unfolding P'_def using nonpos_eq_pos
                   show "{(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n} \subseteq possible_pareto" using
```

```
in_pareto_leq by auto
                aed
                from this obtain F' where "F' \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \wedge
(\forall F. F \in P' \longrightarrow F \leq F')" by auto
                hence "F' \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \wedge (\forallg'. weight g g'
\neq None \longrightarrow index_F g' \leq F')"
                  using P'_def
                  by auto
                thus ?thesis by auto
              from this obtain F' where F': "F' \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}
\land (\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow index_F g' \leq F')" by auto
              have IE: "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow \existse'. e' \in F' g' \land e' e\leq index'
g'"
              proof-
                fix g'
                assume "weight g g' \neq None"
                hence "index_F g' ≤ F'" using F' by simp
                thus "\existse'. e' \in F' g' \land e' e\leq index' g'" unfolding pareto_order_def
using IF <weight g g' ≠ None>
                  by simp
              qed
              define e_index where "e_index = (\lambda g'). SOME e'. e' \in F' g' \wedge e' e\leq
index' g')"
              hence "\bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies e_index <math>g' \in F' g' \land e_index g'
e≤ index' g'"
                using IE some_eq_ex
                by (metis (no_types, lifting))
              have sup_leq1: "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')|
g'. weight g g' \neq None} e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g')|
g'. weight g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)"
              proof(cases "{g'. weight g g' \neq None} = {}")
                case True
                then show ?thesis
                  by (simp add: bounded_join_semilattice)
                case False
                hence "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \neq {}" by simp
                then show ?thesis
                proof(rule energy_sup_leq_energy_sup)
                  show "\Lambdaa. a \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
          \exists b \in \{\text{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') | g'. weight g g' } \neq \text{None}\}.
a e≤ b"
                  proof-
                     fix a
                     assume "a ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight
g g' ≠ None}"
                     from this obtain g' where "weight g g' \neq None" and "a=inv_upd
(the (weight g g')) (e_index g')" by auto
                     have "a e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g')"
                       unfolding <a=inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')>
```

```
using <weight g g' \neq None>
                    proof(rule inverse_monotonic)
                       show "e_index g' e\leq index' g'" using \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None
\implies e_index g' \in F' g' \land e_index g' e\le index' g' \gt <weight g g' \ne None \gt by auto
                      hence "(e_index g') \in energies" using index'_len <weight g
g' \neq None > energy_order ordering_def
                         by (smt (z3) F' \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index g' \in
F' g' ∧ e_index g' e≤ index' g'> full_SetCompr_eq in_pareto_leq mem_Collect_eq
possible_pareto_def subset_iff)
                      thus "inverse_application (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') \(\neq \)
None"
                         using inv_well_defined <weight g g' \neq None>
                         by auto
                       show "(e_index g') ∈ energies"
                         using <(e_index g') ∈ energies> by auto
                    thus "\exists b \in \{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None}. a e\leq b"
                      using <weight g g' ≠ None>
                      by blast
                  aed
                  have "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow (e_index g') \in energies"
                    using index'_len energy_order ordering_def
                    by (smt (z3) F' \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index g' \in F'
g' \lambda e_index g' e\le index' g' full_SetCompr_eq in_pareto_leq mem_Collect_eq possible_pareto_de
subset_iff)
                  thus "Aa. Aa AE (inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow
          \mathtt{a} \, \in \, \mathtt{energies"}
                    using inv_well_defined by blast
                  have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
                  thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \) None}"
                    using finite_positions finite_image_set rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                  have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') | g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') | g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
                  thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') |g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)"
                    using finite_positions finite_image_set rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                  show "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq energies"
                    have "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow index' g' \in energies"
                      by (simp add: index'_len)
                    thus ?thesis
                      using inv_well_defined by blast
                  qed
                qed
             qed
             have sup_leq2: "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g')|g'.
weight g g' \neq None} e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'.
```

```
weight g g' \neq None}"
             proof(cases "{g'. weight g g' \neq None} = {}")
               case True
               then show ?thesis
                 using sup_leq1 by force
             next
               case False
               hence "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') | g'. weight g g' ≠
None \neq {}" by simp
               then show ?thesis
               proof(rule energy_sup_leq_energy_sup)
                  show "\Lambdaa. a \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None \implies
          \exists b \in \{\text{inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'. weight g g' } \neq \text{None} \}. a
e≤ b"
                  proof-
                    fix a
                    assume "a ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') |g'. weight
g g' ≠ None}"
                    from this obtain g' where "weight g g' \neq None" and "a=inv upd
(the (weight g g')) (index' g')" by auto
                    hence "a e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g')"
                      using inverse_monotonic \langle \wedge g' \rangle. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow e_index
g' ∈ F' g' ∧ e_index g' e≤ index' g'> F' possible_pareto_def
                      using \langle g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies index' <math>g' \in pareto\_sup
{(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n} g' \wedge index' g' e\leq index g'> energy_order
                      by (meson inv_well_defined index'_len)
                    thus "∃b∈{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight
g g' \neq None\}. a e\leq b"
                      using <weight g g' ≠ None>
                      by blast
                  show "\landa. a \in {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') |g'. weight
g g' \neq None} \Longrightarrow
          a \in energies"
                    using index'_len inv_well_defined by blast
                  have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
                  thus " finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)"
                    using finite_positions finite_image_set rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                  have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') | g'. g' \in positions}" by auto
                  thus "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') |g'. weight
g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)"
                    using finite_positions finite_image_set rev_finite_subset by fastforce
                  show " {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g'
\neq None} \subseteq energies"
                    using inv_well_defined
                    by (smt (verit, best) \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g g' \neq None \implies index' <math>g'
\in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g' \wedge index' g' e\leq index g'> galois_energy_game.
galois_energy_game_axioms index'_len mem_Collect_eq subsetI)
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have "\bigwedgeg'. weight g g' \neq None \Longrightarrow (e_index g') \in energies"
             proof-
                fix g'
                assume "weight g g' \neq None"
                hence "e_index g' \in F' g' \wedge e_index g' e\leq index' g'" using \langle \wedge g' \rangle.
weight g g' ≠ None ⇒ e_index g' ∈ F' g' ∧ e_index g' e≤ index' g'>
                thus "(e_index g') ∈ energies" using F' possible_pareto_def
                  using in_pareto_leq by blast
             ged
             hence es_in: "energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')|g'.
weight g g' \neq None} \in {energy_sup
                           {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g
g' ≠ None} |
                          e_index.
                          \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                                (e_index g') ∈ energies ∧ e_index g' ∈ F' g'}"
                using \langle \bigwedge g'. weight g \ g' \neq None \implies e_index <math>g' \in F' \ g' \land e_index
g' e≤ index' g'>
                by blast
             have "{energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight
g g' \neq None} |e_index. \forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index g' \in energies \land e_index
g' \in F' g' \subseteq energies"
             proof
                fix x
                assume "x ∈ {energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')}
|g'. weight g g' \neq None\} |e_index. \forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index g' \in energies
\land e_index g' \in F' g'}"
                from this obtain e_index where "x = energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}" and "\forallg'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
e_index g' \in energies \land e_index g' \in F' g'"
                  by auto
                have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') | g'. weight g g' \neq
None} \subseteq {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. g' \in positions}"
                  by auto
                hence fin: "finite {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'.
weight g g' \( \neq \text{None}\)"
                  using finite_positions
                  by (simp add: Collect_mem_eq finite_image_set rev_finite_subset)
                have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq
None} ⊆ energies"
                  using inv_well_defined
                  using \forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow e_index g' \in energies \land e_index
g' \in F' g' > by blast
                thus "x \in energies" unfolding \langle x = energy\_sup \{inv\_upd (the (weight)\}\}
g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}> using bounded_join_semilattice fin
                  by simp
             qed
             hence "\existsem. em \in energy_Min
                         {energy_sup
                            {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |g'. weight g
g' \neq None
                          e_index.
```

```
\forall g'. weight g g' \neq None \longrightarrow
                                 (e_{index g'}) \in energies \land e_{index g'} \in F' g'
                     ∧ em e≤ energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g') |
g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
                using energy_Min_contains_smaller es_in
                by meson
              hence "\existsem. em\in iteration F' g \land em e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
                unfolding iteration_def using A
                by simp
              from this obtain em where EM: "em \in iteration F' g \land em e\leq energy_sup
{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')| g'. weight g g' \neq None}"
                 by auto
              from F' have F': "iteration F' \in {(iteration ^{\circ} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}" using
funpow.simps image_iff rangeE
                by (smt (z3) UNIV_I comp_eq_dest_lhs)
              hence EMO: "em \in {e. \exists F. F \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \wedge e
∈ F g}"
                using EM by auto
              have "{e. \exists F. F \in {(iteration \hat{} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \wedge e \in F g} \subseteq energies"
                using possible_pareto_def
                using in_pareto_leq by fastforce
              hence "\exists em'. em' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g \land
em' e< em"
                unfolding pareto_sup_def using F' energy_Min_contains_smaller EMO
by meson
              from this obtain em' where EM': "em' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n)
(\lambda g. {}) |. n} g \wedge em' e\leq em" by auto
              hence "em' e \le em" by simp
              hence "em' e\leq energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (e_index g')|
g'. weight g g' \neq None}" using EM energy_order ordering_def
                by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
              hence "em' e≤ energy_sup {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index' g') |g'.
weight g g' \neq None}" using sup_leq1 energy_order ordering_def
                by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
              hence "em' e \le energy_sup \{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') | g'.
weight g g' \neq None}" using sup_leq2 energy_order ordering_def
                by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
              hence "em' e \le e" using \langle e =
                 energy_sup
                   {inv_upd (the (weight g g')) (index g') |g'. weight g g' \neq None}>
energy_order ordering_def
                by (metis (no_types, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
              thus " \exists e'. e' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g \wedge e'
e≤ e"
                using EM' by auto
           qed
            show "\bigwedgeg e. g \in attacker \land
             (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land
                    (∃e'. (S e' g' ∧
                            (\exists e'a. e'a \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\}
g' \land e'a e\le e')) \land
                           e = inv\_upd (the (weight g g')) e')) \Longrightarrow
             \exists\, \texttt{e'.\ e'} \in \texttt{pareto\_sup}\ \{(\texttt{iteration\ \^{^{}}\ n)}\ \ \ (\lambda \texttt{g.\ }\{\})\ \ |\ .\ n\}\ \texttt{g}\ \land\ \texttt{e'}\ \texttt{e} \leq\ \texttt{e"}
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```
proof-
             fix g e
             assume A: "g \in attacker \land
            (\exists g'. weight g g' \neq None \land)
                   (∃e'. (S e' g' ∧
                           (\exists e'a. e'a \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\}
g' \land e'a e\le e')) \land
                          e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'))"
             from this obtain g' e' e'' where " weight g g' \neq None" and "S e' g'"
and "e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' and
                         "e'' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g' \wedge e''
e \le e'' by auto
             have "e'' \in energies" using \langlee'' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag.
{}) |. n} g' \land e'' e\le e'' in_pareto_leq possible_pareto_def
                using <pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n} \in possible_pareto>
by blast
             have "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'' e≤ inv_upd (the (weight g g'))
e'"
                using <weight g g' ≠ None>
             proof(rule inverse_monotonic)
               show "e'' e\leq e'" using \langlee'' \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {})
|. n} g' \land e'' e\le e'> by auto
               have "e' ∈ energies" using length_S <weight g g' ≠ None> <S e' g'>
by auto
                show "inverse_application (the (weight g g')) e'', ≠ None"
                  using inv_well_defined <weight g g' ≠ None> <e'' ∈ energies>
                  by blast
                show "e'' \in energies"
                  by (simp add: ⟨e'' ∈ energies⟩)
             have "e'' \in energy_Min {e. \exists F. F \in {(iteration \hat{} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}
\land e \in F g'}"
               using \langle e'' \in pareto\_sup \{(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. \{\}) \mid . n\} g' \land e''
e≤ e'> unfolding pareto_sup_def by simp
             hence "\existsn. e'' \in (iteration \hat{} n) (\lambdag. {}) g'"
               using energy_Min_def
             from this obtain n where "e'' \in (iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. {}) g'" by auto
             hence e''in: "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'' ∈ {inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) e' le' g'.
            e' \in energies \land weight g g' \neq None \land e' \in (iteration \hat{} n) (\lambdag. {})
g'}"
                using <weight g g' ≠ None> length_S <S e' g'> <e'' ∈ pareto_sup
{(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n} g' \wedge e'' e\leq e' \wedge <e'' \in energies \rangle by blast
             define Fn where "Fn = (iteration ^n n) (\lambdag. {})"
             have "{inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e' |e' g'. e' \in energies \land weight
g g' \neq None \wedge e' \in Fn g'} \subseteq energies"
                using inv_well_defined by auto
             hence "\existse'''. e''' \in iteration Fn g \land e''' e\leq inv_upd (the (weight
g g')) e''"
               unfolding iteration_def using Fn_def energy_Min_contains_smaller A
e''in
               by meson
```

```
from this obtain e''', where E''': "e''' ∈ iteration ((iteration ^^ n)
(\lambda g. \{\})) g \wedge e''' e\leq inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e''"
                using Fn_def by auto
             hence "e''' \in ((iteration ^^ (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {})) g" by simp
             hence E'''1: "e''' \in {e. \existsF. F \in {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}
\land e \in F g}" by blast
             have "{e. \exists F. F \in {(iteration \hat{\ } n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} \wedge e \in F g} \subseteq energies"
                using possible_pareto_def in_pareto_leq by blast
             hence "\existsem. em \in pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{\ } n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g \wedge em
e< e','"
                unfolding pareto_sup_def using energy_Min_contains_smaller E'''1
             from this obtain em where EM: "em \in pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{\ } n) (\lambdag.
\{\}) |. n} g \land em e\leq e''' by auto
              show " \existse'. e' \in pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g \wedge e'
e≤ e"
                show "em \in pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} g \wedge em e\leq
e"
               proof
                  show "em \in pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n} g" using
EM by simp
                  have "inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'' e≤ e"
                    using <e = inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'> <inv_upd (the (weight</pre>
g g')) e'' e\leq inv_upd (the (weight g g')) e'' by simp
                  hence "e''' e≤ e" using E''' energy_order ordering_def
                    by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
                  thus "em e≤ e" using EM energy_order ordering_def
                    by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) partial_preordering_def)
                qed
             qed
           qed
         qed
       qed
    qed
  qed
  thus "a_win_min \leq pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}"
    using a_win_min_is_minS Smin_def by simp
qed
We can argue that the algorithm always terminates by showing that only finitely many
iterations are needed before a fixed point (the minimal attacker winning budgets) is
reached.
lemma finite_iterations:
  shows "\existsi. a_win_min = (iteration ^{\circ} i) (\lambdag. {})"
 have in_pareto_leq: "\Lambdan. (iteration \hat{ }n) (\lambdag. {}) \in possible_pareto \wedge (iteration
^{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) \leq a_win_min"
  proof-
    fix n
    show "(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. {}) \in possible_pareto \wedge (iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. {})
proof(induct n)
```

case 0

```
show ?case
      proof
         show "(iteration \hat{ } 0) (\lambdag. {}) \in possible_pareto"
           using funpow.simps possible_pareto_def by auto
         have "(\lambda g. \{\}) \leq a_{\min}"
           unfolding pareto_order_def by simp
         thus "(iteration \hat{0} 0) (\lambda g. {}) \leq a_win_min" using funpow.simps by simp
       qed
    next
       case (Suc n)
      have "(iteration ^{\circ} (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}) = iteration ((iteration ^{\circ} n) (\lambdag. {}))"
         using funpow.simps by simp
       then show ?case using Suc iteration_stays_winning iteration_pareto_functor
by simp
    qed
  qed
  have A: "\bigwedge g n m e. n \leq m \Longrightarrow e \in a_win_min g \Longrightarrow e \in (iteration \hat{} n) (\lambda g. {})
g \Longrightarrow e \in (iteration \hat{ } m)(\lambda g. \{\}) g"
  proof-
    fix g n m e
    assume "n \leq m" and "e \in a_win_min g" and "e\in (iteration \hat{} n) (\lambdag. {}) g"
    thus "e\in(iteration ^n m)(\lambdag. {}) g"
    proof(induct "m-n" arbitrary: n m)
      case 0
       then show ?case by simp
    next
       case (Suc x)
      hence "Suc n \le m"
         by linarith
      have "x = m - (Suc n)" using Suc by simp
      have "e \in (iteration \hat{\ } (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}) g"
       proof-
         have "(iteration ^^ n) (\lambda g. {}) \leq (iteration ^^ (Suc n)) (\lambda g. {})"
         proof(induct n)
           case 0
           then show ?case
              by (simp add: pareto_minimal_element)
           case (Suc n)
           have "(iteration ^{\circ} (Suc (Suc n))) (\lambdag. {}) = iteration ((iteration ^{\circ}
(Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}))"
              using funpow.simps by simp
           then show ?case using Suc iteration_monotonic in_pareto_leq funpow.simps(2)
              by (smt (verit) comp_apply)
         qed
         hence "\existse'. e' \in (iteration \cap (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}) g \wedge e' e\leq e"
           unfolding pareto_order_def using Suc by simp
         from this obtain e' where "e' \in (iteration ^^ (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}) g \wedge e'
e \le e'' by auto
         hence "(\exists e''. e'' \in a\_win\_min g \land e'' e \leq e')" using in_pareto_leq unfolding
pareto_order_def
           by blast
         from this obtain e'' where "e'' \in a_win_min g \wedge e'' e\leq e'" by auto
         hence "e'' = e" using Suc energy_Min_def <e' \in (iteration \cap (Suc n)) (\lambdag.
```

```
\{\}) g \land e' e < e >
           by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) mem_Collect_eq upwards_closure_wb_len)
         hence "e = e'" using <e' \in (iteration ^{\circ} (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}) g \wedge e' e\leq e^{>}
\langle e'' \in a\_win\_min g \land e'' e \leq e' \rangle
           by (meson energy_order ordering.antisym)
         thus ?thesis using <e' \in (iteration ^{\circ} (Suc n)) (\lambdag. {}) g \wedge e' e\leq e\geq by
simp
      then show ?case using Suc \langle x = m - (Suc n) \rangle \langle Suc n < m \rangle by auto
  qed
  hence A1: "\bigwedge g n m. n \leq m \Longrightarrow a_win_min g = (iteration \widehat{\ } n) (\lambda g. {}) g \Longrightarrow a_win_min
g = (iteration ^ m)(\lambda g. {}) g"
  proof-
    fix g n m
    assume "n \leq m" and "a_win_min g = (iteration \hat{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) g"
    show "a_win_min g = (iteration ^n m)(\lambdag. {}) g"
       show "a_win_min g \subseteq (iteration ^n m)(\lambdag. {}) g"
      proof
         fix e
         assume "e ∈ a_win_min g"
         hence "e \in (iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambdag. {}) g" using \langlea_win_min g = (iteration
^{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) g> by simp
         thus "e \in (iteration ^^ m)(\lambdag. {}) g" using A <n \leq m> <e \in a_win_min g>
by auto
       qed
       show "(iteration ^^ m)(\lambdag. {}) g \subseteq a_win_min g"
      proof
         fix e
         assume "e \in (iteration ^{n} m)(\lambdag. {}) g"
         hence "\existse'. e' \in a_win_min g \land e' e\subseteq e" using in_pareto_leq unfolding pareto_order_de:
by auto
         from this obtain e' where "e' \in a_win_min g \wedge e' e\leq e" by auto
         ^{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) g> by simp
         hence "e' \in (iteration \hat{ } m)(\lambda g. {}) g" using A \langle n \leq m \rangle \langle e' \in a_win_min
g \wedge e' e \le e' by simp
         hence "e = e'" using in_pareto_leq unfolding possible_pareto_def
           using \langle e \in (iteration \hat{ } m)(\lambda g. {\}}) g> \langle e' \in a\_win\_min g \land e' e \leq e \rangle
by blast
         thus "e \in a_win_min g" using \langle e' \in a_win_min g \wedge e' e\leq e> by simp
      qed
    qed
  qed
  have "\bigwedge g e. e \in a_win_min g \Longrightarrow \exists n. e \in (iteration \widehat{} n) (\lambda g. {}) g"
  proof-
    fix g e
    hence "e \in (pareto_sup {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}) g" using a_win_min_is_lfp_sup
finite_positions nonpos_eq_pos by simp
    thus "\existsn. e \in (iteration \widehat{\ }n) (\lambdag. {}) g" unfolding pareto_sup_def energy_Min_def
       by auto
  define n_e where "n_e = (\lambda g e. SOME n. e \in (iteration ^n n) (\lambdag. {}) g)"
```

```
hence "\Lambda g e. n_e g e = (SOME n. e \in (iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) g)"
    by simp
  hence n_e: "\bigwedge g e. e \in a_win_min g \Longrightarrow e \in (iteration ^^ (n_e g e)) (\lambda g. {}) g"
    using some_eq_ex \langle \Lambda g e . e \in a_{\min} min g \Longrightarrow \exists n. e \in (iteration ^ n) (\lambda g.
{}) g>
    by metis
  have fin_e: "\g. finite {n_e g e | e. e \in a_win_min g}"
    using minimal_winning_budget_finite by fastforce
  define m_g where "m_g = (\lambda g. \text{ Max } \{n_e g e \mid e. e \in a_win_min g\})"
  hence n_e_leq: "Ag e. e \in a_win_min g \implies n_e g e \le m_g g" using A fin_e
    using Collect_mem_eq Max.coboundedI by fastforce
  have MG: "\Lambdag. a_win_min g = (iteration \hat{f} (m_g g)) (\lambdag. {}) g"
  proof
    fix g
    show "a_win_min g \subseteq (iteration ^{\circ} (m_g g)) (\lambdag. {}) g"
    proof
       fix e
       assume "e∈ a_win_min g"
      hence "e \in (iteration \hat{} (n e g e)) (\lambdag. {}) g"
         using n_e by simp
      thus "e \in (iteration ^{\circ} (m_g g)) (\lambdag. {}) g"
         using A <e∈ a_win_min g> n_e_leq
         by blast
    show "(iteration ^{\circ} (m_g g)) (\lambdag. {}) g \subseteq a_win_min g"
    proof
      fix e
       assume "e \in (iteration \hat{} (m_g g)) (\lambdag. {}) g"
       hence "\exists\, e'.\ e'\in a\_win\_min\ g\ \land\ e'\ e\leq\ e"
         using in_pareto_leq unfolding pareto_order_def
         by simp
       from this obtain e' where "e' \in a_win_min g \wedge e' e\leq e" by auto
       hence "e' \in (iteration \hat{} (m_g g)) (\lambdag. {}) g" using \in (iteration
^{\text{n}} (m_g g)) (\lambdag. {}) g> by auto
       hence "e = e'" using <e' \in a_win_min g \land e' e\le e> in_pareto_leq unfolding
possible_pareto_def
         using \langle e \in (iteration \hat{\ } (m_g g)) (\lambda g. \{\}) g \rangle by blast
       thus "e \in a_win_min g" using \langle e' \in a_win_min g \wedge e' e\leq e> by auto
    qed
  qed
  have fin_m: "finite \{m_g g | g. g \in positions\}"
  proof-
    have "finite \{p. p \in positions\}"
      using finite_positions by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
       using finite_image_set by blast
  qed
  hence \fint Mg. \fint m_g g \le Max \{ fm_g g | g. g \in positions \} \fint Mg
    using Max_ge by blast
  have "\deltag. a_win_min g = (iteration ^^ (Max {m_g g | g. g \in positions})) (\lambda g. \{\frac{1}{2}})
  proof-
    have G: "a_win_min g = (iteration ^{(m_g g)}) (\lambda g. {}) g" using MG by simp
```

```
using Max_ge by blast
    thus "a_win_min g = (iteration ^{\circ} (Max {m_g g | g. g \in positions})) (\lambdag. {})
g"
      using A1 G by simp
  qed
  hence "a_win_min \leq (iteration ^{\circ} (Max {m_g g | g. g \in positions})) (\lambdag. {})"
    using pareto_order_def
    using in_pareto_leq by auto
  thus "a_win_min = (iteration ^{\circ} (Max {m_g g| g. g \in positions})) (\lambdag. {})"
    using in_pareto_leq \langle g. a_win_min g = (iteration ^^ (Max \{m_g g | g. g \in positions\}))
(\lambda g. \{\}) g> by auto
qed
4.3
      Applying Kleene's Fixed Point Theorem
We now establish compatablity with Complete_Non_Orders.thy.
sublocale attractive possible_pareto pareto_order
  unfolding attractive_def using pareto_partial_order(2,3)
  by (smt (verit) attractive_axioms_def semiattractiveI transp_on_def)
abbreviation pareto_order_dual (infix "> 80) where
  "pareto_order_dual \equiv (\lambdax y. y \leq x)"
We now conclude, that Kleene's fixed point theorem is applicable.
lemma kleene lfp iteration:
  shows "extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq) {(iteration ^{\circ} i) (\lambdag. {}) |. i} =
         extreme \{s \in possible\_pareto. sympartp (<math>\leq) (iteration s) s\} (\succeq)"
proof(rule kleene_qfp_is_dual_extreme)
  show "omega_chain-complete possible_pareto (≤)"
    unfolding omega_chain_def complete_def
  proof
    fix P
    \verb"show" "P \subseteq possible_pareto \longrightarrow
          (\exists f. monotone (\leq) (\leq) f \land range f = P) \longrightarrow (\exists s. extreme\_bound possible\_pareto
(≺) P s)"
    proof
      {\tt assume} \ {\tt "P} \subseteq {\tt possible\_pareto"}
      show "(\exists f. monotone (\leq) (\leq) f \land range f = P) \longrightarrow (\exists s. extreme_bound possible_pareto
(<u>≺</u>) P s) "
      proof
         assume "\existsf. monotone (\leq) (\leq) f \land range f = P"
         show "∃s. extreme_bound possible_pareto (≤) P s"
         proof
           show "extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq) P (pareto_sup P)"
             unfolding extreme_bound_def extreme_def using pareto_sup_is_sup
             using ⟨P ⊆ possible_pareto⟩ by fastforce
         qed
      qed
    qed
  show "omega_chain-continuous possible_pareto (≤) possible_pareto (≤) iteration"
    using finite_positions iteration_scott_continuous scott_continuous_imp_omega_continuous
by simp
```

from fin\_m have " $\bigwedge$ g. m\_g g  $\leq$  Max {m\_g g | g. g  $\in$  positions}"

We now apply Kleene's fixed point theorem, showing that minimal attacker winning budgets are the least fixed point.

```
lemma a_win_min_is_lfp:
  shows "extreme \{s \in possible\_pareto. (iteration s) = s\} (\succeq) a_win_min"
proof-
  have in_pareto_leq: "\Lambdan. (iteration \hat{} n) (\lambdag. {}) \in possible_pareto \wedge (iteration
^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) \leq a_win_min"
  proof-
    fix n
    show "(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) \in possible_pareto \wedge (iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {})
\leq a_win_min"
    proof(induct n)
       case 0
       show ?case
       proof
         show "(iteration \hat{ } 0) (\lambda g. {}) \in possible_pareto"
            using funpow.simps possible_pareto_def by auto
         have "(\lambda g. \{\}) \leq a_{\min}"
            unfolding pareto_order_def by simp
         thus "(iteration \hat{} 0) (\lambda g. {}) \leq a_win_min" using funpow.simps by simp
       qed
    next
       case (Suc n)
       have "(iteration ^{\circ} (Suc n)) (\lambda g. {}) = iteration ((iteration ^{\circ} n) (\lambda g. {}))"
         using funpow.simps by simp
       then show ?case using Suc iteration_stays_winning iteration_pareto_functor
by simp
    qed
  qed
  have "extreme_bound possible_pareto (\leq) {(iteration ^{n} n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} a_win_min"
    show "\wedgeb. bound {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n} (\preceq) b \Longrightarrow b \in possible_pareto
\implies b \succeq a_win_min"
    proof-
       fix b
       assume "bound {(iteration \hat{ } n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n} (\preceq) b" and "b \in possible_pareto"
       hence "\Lambdan. (iteration \hat{ }n) (\lambdag. {}) \leq b"
         by blast
       hence "pareto_sup {(iteration \hat{n} n) (\lambda g. {}) |. n} \leq b"
         using pareto_sup_is_sup in_pareto_leq ⟨b ∈ possible_pareto⟩
         using nonpos_eq_pos finite_iterations a_win_min_is_lfp_sup by auto
       thus "b \( \simega \) a_win_min"
         using nonpos_eq_pos a_win_min_is_lfp_sup
         by simp
     show "\bigwedge x. x \in \{(\text{iteration } \widehat{\ } n) \ (\lambda g. \ \{\}) \ |. \ n\} \implies a\_\text{win\_min} \succeq x"
```

```
proof-
     fix F
     assume "F \in {(iteration ^^ n) (\lambdag. {}) |. n}"
     thus "a_win_min ≽ F"
        using pareto_sup_is_sup in_pareto_leq by force
   qed
    \verb"show" a_win_min \in possible_pareto"
     by (simp add: a_win_min_in_pareto)
 qed
 thus "extreme {s \in possible_pareto. (iteration s) = s} (\succeq) a_win_min"
   using kleene_lfp_iteration nonpos_eq_pos
   by (smt (verit, best) Collect_cong antisymmetry iteration_pareto_functor reflexivity
sympartp_def)
qed
end
end
```

## 5 Vectors of (extended) Naturals as Energies

```
theory Energy_Order
imports Main List_Lemmas "HOL-Library.Extended_Nat" Well_Quasi_Orders.Well_Quasi_Orders
begin
```

We consider vectors with entries in the extended naturals as energies and fix a dimension later. In this theory we introduce the component-wise order on energies (represented as lists of enats) as well as a minimum and supremum.

```
type_synonym energy = "enat list"
definition energy_leq:: "energy ⇒ energy ⇒ bool" (infix "e≤" 80) where
  "energy_leq e e' = ((length e = length e')
                        \land (\forall i < length e. (e ! i) \leq (e' ! i)))"
abbreviation energy_1:: "energy ⇒ energy ⇒ bool" (infix "e<" 80) where
  "energy 1 e e' \equiv e e< e' \wedge e \neq e'"
We now establish that energy_leg is a partial order.
interpretation energy_leq: ordering "energy_leq" "energy_l"
proof
  fix e e' e''
  show "e e\leq e" using energy_leq_def by simp
  show "e e\le e' \Longrightarrow e' e\le e'' \Longrightarrow e e\le e''" using energy_leq_def by fastforce
  show "e e< e' = e e< e' by simp</pre>
  show "e e < e' \Rightarrow e' e < e \Rightarrow e = e' using energy leg def
    by (metis (no_types, lifting) nth_equalityI order_antisym_conv)
qed
```

We now show that it is well-founded when considering a fixed dimension n. For the proof we define the subsequence of a given sequence of energies such that the last entry is increasing but never equals  $\infty$ .

```
fun subsequence_index::"(nat \Rightarrow energy) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat" where
  "subsequence_index f 0 = (SOME x. (last (f x) \neq \infty))" |
  "subsequence_index f (Suc n) = (SOME x. (last (f x) \neq \infty
             ∧ (subsequence_index f n) < x</pre>
             \land (last (f (subsequence_index f n)) \leq last (f x)))"
lemma energy_leq_wqo:
  shows "wqo_on energy_leq {e::energy. length e = n}"
  show "transp_on {e. length e = n} (e \le)"
    by (metis energy leq.trans transp onI)
  show "almost_full_on (e <) {e::energy. length e = n}"</pre>
  proof(induct n)
    case 0
    then show ?case
      by (smt (verit, del_insts) almost_full_onI energy_leq.refl good_def length_0_conv
mem_Collect_eq zero_less_Suc)
    case (Suc n)
    hence allF: "\forall f \in SEQ {e::energy. length e = n}. (\exists i j. i < j \land (f i) e\leq (f
j))"
      unfolding almost_full_on_def good_def by simp
```

```
have "\{e::energy. length e = Suc n\} = \{e@[x] | e x::enat. e \in \{e::energy. length\}
e = n}"
       using length_Suc_conv_rev by auto
     show ?case
     proof
       fix f
       show "\forall i. f i \in {e::energy. length e = Suc n} \Longrightarrow good (e\le) f"
          assume "\forall i. f i \in {e::energy. length e = Suc n}"
          show "good (e≤) f" unfolding good_def proof-
            show "\existsi j. i < j \land f i e\leq f j"
            proof(cases "finite {i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty}")
               case True
               define upbound where "upbound = Sup \{(f i) ! n | i :: nat. (f i) ! n \neq
\infty}"
               then show ?thesis
               proof(cases "upbound = \infty")
                 case True
                 have exist: "\bigwedgei. (f i) ! n \neq \infty \Longrightarrow \exists j. i < j \land (f j) ! n \neq \infty \land
(f i) ! n \le (f j) ! n"
                 proof-
                   fix i
                    assume "(f i) ! n \neq \infty"
                    have "\neg(\exists j. i < j \land (f j) ! n \neq \infty \land (f i) ! n \leq (f j) ! n) \Longrightarrow
False"
                    proof-
                      assume "\neg(\exists j. i < j \land (f j) ! n \neq \infty \land (f i) ! n \leq (f j) ! n)"
                      hence A: "\bigwedge j. i < j \Longrightarrow (f j) ! n = \infty \lor (f i) ! n > (f j) !
n" by auto
                      define max_value where "max_value = Max \{(f k) ! n | k. k \le i \land \}
(f k) ! n \neq \infty}"
                      have "\bigwedgek. (f k) ! n \neq \infty \Longrightarrow (f k) ! n \leq max_value"
                      proof-
                         fix k
                         assume not_inf: "(f k) ! n \neq \infty"
                         show "(f k) ! n \le max_value"
                         proof(cases "k \le i")
                           case True
                           hence "(f k) ! n \in \{(f k) ! n | k. k \le i \land (f k) ! n \ne \infty\}"
using not_inf by auto
                           then show ?thesis using Max_ge \langle (f k) | n \in \{(f k) | n | k.
k \le i \land (f k) ! n \ne \infty} max_value_def by auto
                         next
                           case False
                           hence "(f k) ! n < (f i) ! n" using A not_inf</pre>
                              by (meson leI)
                           have "(f i) ! n \in \{(f k) ! n | k. k \le i \land (f k) ! n \ne \infty\}"
using \langle (f i) | n \neq \infty \rangle by auto
                           hence "(f i) ! n \le max_value" using Max_ge max_value_def by
auto
                           then show ?thesis using \langle (f k) | n \langle (f i) | n \rangle by auto
                         qed
                      qed
                      hence "upbound = max_value" using upbound_def
```

```
by (smt (verit) Sup least True antisym enat ord code(3) mem Collect eq)
                     have " (f i)! n \in \{(f k) \mid n \mid k. k \leq i \land (f k) \mid n \neq \infty\}" using
\langle (f i) ! n \neq \infty \rangle by auto
                     hence notempty: "{(f k) ! n | k. k \le i \lambda (f k) ! n \neq \infty} \neq \{\right\}"
by auto
                     have "finite {(f k) ! n| k. k \leq i \wedge (f k) ! n \neq \infty}" by simp
                     hence "max_value \in \{(f \ k) \ ! \ n | \ k. \ k \leq i \land (f \ k) \ ! \ n \neq \infty\}" unfolding
max value def using Max in notempty by blast
                     hence "max_value \neq \infty" using max_value_def by auto
                     hence "upbound \neq \infty" using <upbound = max_value> by simp
                     thus "False" using True by simp
                   qed
                   thus "\exists j. i < j \land (f j) ! n \neq \infty \land (f i) ! n \leq (f j) ! n"
                     by blast
                qed
                define f' where "f' \equiv \lambda i. butlast (f (subsequence_index f i))"
                have "f' ∈ SEQ {e::energy. length e = n}"
                proof
                   show "\forall i. f' i \in {e. length e = n}"
                   proof
                     have "(f (subsequence_index f i)) \in {e. length e = Suc n}" using
\forall i. f i \in {e::energy. length e = Suc n}>
                       by simp
                     thus "f' i \in \{e. length e = n\}"
                       using f'_def by auto
                   qed
                aed
                hence "(\exists i j. i < j \land (f' i) e \le (f' j))"
                  using allF by simp
                from this obtain i j where ij: "i < j \land (f' i) e\le (f' j)" by auto
                hence le: "butlast (f (subsequence_index f i)) e butlast (f (subsequence_index
f j))" using f'_def by simp
                have last: \/\x. last (f x) = (f x) ! n" using last_len
                   using \langle \forall i. f i \in \{e. length e = Suc n\} \rangle by auto
                have "\{x. (last (f x) \neq \infty)\} \neq \{\}"
                proof
                   assume "\{x. \text{ last } (f x) \neq \infty\} = \{\}"
                  hence "\bigwedge x. last (f x) = \infty" by auto
                  hence "\bigwedge x. (f x) ! n = \infty" using \bigwedge x. last (f x) = (f x) ! n> by
auto
                   thus "False" using <finite {i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty} by simp
                qed
                hence subsequence_index_0: "(last (f (subsequence_index f 0)) \neq \infty)"
                   using subsequence_index.simps(1)
                   by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) Collect_empty_eq some_eq_imp)
                have subsequence_index_Suc: "\m. (last (f (subsequence_index f (Suc
m))) \neq \infty \land \text{(subsequence\_index f m)} < \text{(subsequence\_index f (Suc m))} \land \text{(last (f m))} 
(subsequence_index f m)) < last (f (subsequence_index f (Suc m))))"
                proof-
```

```
have some: "subsequence_index f (Suc m) = (SOME x. last (f x) \neq
\infty \wedge subsequence_index f m < x \wedge last (f (subsequence_index f m)) \leq last (f x))"
using subsequence_index.simps(2) by auto
                 show "(last (f (subsequence_index f (Suc m))) \neq \infty \land (subsequence_index
f m) < (subsequence_index f (Suc m)) \wedge (last (f (subsequence_index f m)) \leq last
(f (subsequence_index f (Suc m))))"
                 proof(induct m)
                   case 0
                   have "\{x. last (f x) \neq \infty \land subsequence\_index f 0 < x \land last
(f (subsequence_index f 0)) \leq last (f x)} \neq {}"
                     unfolding last using subsequence_index_0 exist
                     by (simp add: last)
                   then show ?case using some some_eq_ex
                     by (smt (z3) empty_Collect_eq subsequence_index.simps(2))
                   case (Suc m)
                   hence "{x. last (f x) \neq \infty \land subsequence_index f (Suc m) < x
\land last (f (subsequence_index f (Suc m))) \le last (f x)} \ne {}"
                     unfolding last using exist by simp
                   then show ?case using some some_eq_ex
                     by (smt (z3) empty_Collect_eq subsequence_index.simps(2))
               qed
               hence "\bigwedgei j. i < j \Longrightarrow subsequence_index f i < subsequence_index
fj"
                 by (simp add: lift_Suc_mono_less)
               hence "subsequence_index f i < subsequence_index f j" using <i < j
\land (f' i) e\le (f' j)> by simp
               have "\bigwedgei j. i < j \Longrightarrow last (f (subsequence_index f i)) \le last (f
(subsequence_index f j))"
               proof-
                 fix i j
                 show "i < j \Longrightarrow last (f (subsequence_index f i)) \le last (f (subsequence_index
f j))"
                 proof-
                   assume "i < j"
                   show "last (f (subsequence_index f i)) < last (f (subsequence_index</pre>
f j))" using <i < j>
                   proof(induct "j-i" arbitrary: i j)
                     case 0
                     then show ?case by simp
                   next
                     case (Suc x)
                     then show ?case
                     proof(cases "x = 0")
                        case True
                       hence "j = Suc i" using Suc
                          by (simp add: Nat.lessE Suc_pred diff_diff_cancel)
                        then show ?thesis using subsequence_index_Suc by simp
                     next
                        case False
                       hence "\exists x'. x = Suc x'"
                          by (simp add: not0_implies_Suc)
                        then show ?thesis using Suc subsequence_index_Suc
```

```
by (smt (verit, ccfv SIG) Suc leD diff Suc Suc diff diff cancel
diff_le_self dual_order.strict_trans2 not_less_eq_eq verit_comp_simplify1(3) zero_less_diff)
                     qed
                   qed
                 qed
               qed
               hence "(f (subsequence_index f i))!n \le (f (subsequence_index f j))!n"
using \langle i < j \land (f' i) e \leq (f' j) \rangle last by simp
               have "(f (subsequence_index f i)) e < (f (subsequence_index f j))"</pre>
unfolding energy_leq_def
                 show "length (f (subsequence_index f i)) = length (f (subsequence_index
f j))" using \forall i. f i \in \{e::energy. length e = Suc n\} > by simp
                 show "∀ia<length (f (subsequence_index f i)). f (subsequence_index</pre>
f i) ! ia \leq f (subsequence_index f j) ! ia "
                 proof
                   fix ia
                   show "ia < length (f (subsequence_index f i)) \longrightarrow f (subsequence_index
f i) ! ia \le f (subsequence_index f j) ! ia"
                   proof
                     assume "ia < length (f (subsequence_index f i))"</pre>
                     hence "ia < Suc n" using \forall i. f i \in \{e::energy. length e = energy. length e = energy. length e = energy. length e = energy.
Suc n} > by simp
                     show "f (subsequence_index f i) ! ia \leq f (subsequence_index
f j) ! ia "
                     proof(cases "ia < n")</pre>
                        case True
                       hence "f (subsequence_index f i) ! ia = (butlast (f (subsequence_index
f i))) ! ia" using nth_butlast <ia < length (f (subsequence_index f i))> <\forall i.f
i ∈ {e::energy. length e = Suc n}>
                          by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) SEQ_iff <f' ∈ SEQ {e. length
e = n}> f'_def mem_Collect_eq)
                        also have "... \leq (butlast (f (subsequence_index f j))) ! ia"
using le unfolding energy_leq_def using True <f' ∈ SEQ {e. length e = n}> f'_def
by simp
                        also have "... = f (subsequence_index f j) ! ia" using True
nth_butlast <ia < length (f (subsequence_index f i)) > ⟨∀i. f i ∈ {e::energy. length
e = Suc n}
                          by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) SEQ_iff <f' ∈ SEQ {e. length
e = n}> f'_def mem_Collect_eq)
                        finally show ?thesis .
                     next
                        case False
                       hence "ia = n" using <ia < Suc n> by simp
                       then show ?thesis using <(f (subsequence_index f i))!n \le \tag{7}
(f (subsequence_index f j))!n> by simp
                     qed
                   qed
                 qed
               qed
               then show ?thesis using <subsequence_index f i < subsequence_index
f j> by auto
             next
               case False
               hence "∃upbound_nat. upbound = enat upbound_nat" by simp
```

```
from this obtain upbound nat where "upbound = enat upbound nat" by
auto
                have "\neg(\exists x. infinite \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x\}) \Longrightarrow False "
                proof-
                  assume "\neg(\exists x. infinite \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x\})"
                  hence allfinite: "\bigwedge x. x \leq upbound \implies finite {i::nat. (f i) ! n}
= x}" by auto
                  have "\bigwedge k. k \neq \infty \implies finite \{n :: enat. n \leq k\}"
                    by (metis finite_enat_bounded mem_Collect_eq not_enat_eq)
                  hence "finite (\{x. x \leq upbound\} \cup \{\infty\}) " using False by simp
                  hence "finite \{\{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x\} | x. x \le upbound \lor x = \infty\}"
by simp
                  upbound \forall x = \infty)" using finite_Union allfinite True by auto
                  have "{i::nat. True} = (\bigcup {{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x}| x. x \le upbound
\vee x = \infty)"
                  proof
                    show "{i. True} \subseteq \bigcup {{i. f i ! n = x} |x. x \le upbound \lor x =
\infty}"
                    proof
                       show "x \in \{i. True\} \implies x \in \bigcup \{\{i. f i ! n = x\} | x. x \le upbound \}
\vee x = \infty
                       proof-
                         assume "x \in \{i. True\}"
                         hence "x \in \{i. f i ! n = f x ! n\}" by simp
                         show "x \in \bigcup \{\{i. f i ! n = x\} | x. x \le upbound \lor x = \infty\}"
                         proof(cases "f x ! n = \infty")
                           case True
                           thus "x \in \bigcup \{\{i. f i ! n = x\} | x. x \le upbound \lor x = \infty\}"
using \langle x \in \{i. f i ! n = f x ! n\} \rangle
                              by auto
                         next
                           case False
                           hence "f x ! n \le upbound" using upbound_def
                              by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) Sup_upper mem_Collect_eq)
                           thus "x \in \bigcup \{\{i. f i ! n = x\} | x. x \le upbound \lor x = \infty\}"
using \langle x \in \{i. f i ! n = f x ! n\} \rangle
                              by auto
                         qed
                       qed
                    aed
                    show "\bigcup {{i. f i ! n = x} |x. x \le upbound \lor x = \infty} \subseteq {i. True}"
by simp
                  qed
                  thus "False" using union_finite by simp
                qed
                hence "\exists x. infinite {i::nat. (f i) ! n = x}" by auto
                from this obtain x where inf_x: "infinite {i::nat. (f i) ! n = x}"
by auto
```

```
define f' where "f' \equiv \lambda i. butlast (f (enumerate {i::nat. (f i) !
n = x} i))"
               have "\forall i. f' i \in {e. length e = n}"
               proof
                 fix i
                 have "f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x\} i) \in \{e. length e = Suc
n}" using \langle \forall i. f i \in \{e::energy. length e = Suc n\} \rangle by simp
                 hence "length (f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x\} i)) = Suc n"
by simp
                 hence "length (butlast (f (enumerate {i::nat. (f i) ! n = x} i)))
= n" using length_butlast
                    by simp
                 hence "butlast (f (enumerate {i::nat. (f i) ! n = x} i)) \in {e. length
e = n}" by simp
                 thus "f' i ∈ {e. length e = n}" using f'_def by simp
               qed
               hence "f' ∈ SEQ {e::energy. length e = n}"
                 unfolding SEQ_def by simp
               hence "(\exists i j. i < j \land (f' i) e \le (f' j))"
                 using allF by simp
               from this obtain i j where ij: "i < j \land (f' i) e < (f' j)" by auto
               hence le: "(enumerate {i::nat. (f i) ! n = x} i) < (enumerate {i::nat.</pre>
(f i) ! n = x} j)"
                 using enumerate_mono inf_x by simp
               have "(f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x\} i)) e \leq (f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = x\} i))
(f i) ! n = x} j))"
                 unfolding energy_leq_def
               proof
                 show " length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} i))
                       length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} j))"
                    using \forall i. f i \in \{e::energy. length e = Suc n\} > by simp
                 show "∀ia<length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x}</pre>
i)).
                        f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} i) ! ia

    f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} j) ! ia "

                 proof
                    fix ia
                    show "ia < length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n =</pre>
x} i)) \longrightarrow
                        f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} i) ! ia

    f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} j) ! ia"

                      assume "ia < length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i !</pre>
n = x i)"
                      hence "ia < Suc n" using \forall i. f i \in {e::energy. length e =
Suc n}> by simp
                      show "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} i) ! ia
                          \leq f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} j) ! ia"
                      proof(cases "ia < n")</pre>
                        case True
                        hence "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} i) !
```

```
ia = (f' i) ! ia" using f' def
                          by (smt (verit) SEQ_iff <f' \in SEQ {e. length e = n} > mem_Collect_eq
nth_butlast)
                        also have "... \leq (f' j) ! ia" using ij energy_leq_def True
\langle f' \in SEQ \{e. length e = n\} \rangle
                          by simp
                        also have "... = f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n
= x} j) ! ia" using f'_def True
                          by (smt (verit) SEQ iff <f' \in SEQ \{e. length e = n\} mem Collect eq
nth_butlast)
                        finally show ?thesis .
                        case False
                        hence "ia = n" using <ia < Suc n> by simp
                        hence "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} i) !
ia = x"
                          using enumerate_in_set <infinite {i::nat. (f i) ! n = x}>
                          by auto
                        hence "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} i) !
ia = f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = x} j) ! ia"
                          using enumerate_in_set <infinite {i::nat. (f i) ! n = x}>
\langle ia = n \rangle
                          by force
                        then show ?thesis by simp
                      qed
                    qed
                 qed
               qed
               then show ?thesis using le by auto
             qed
           next
             case False
             define f' where "f' \equiv \lambda i. butlast (f (enumerate {i::nat. (f i) ! n
= \infty} i))"
             have "\forall i. f' i \in {e. length e = n}"
             proof
               fix i
               have "f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty\} i) \in \{e. length e = Suc \}
n}" using \langle \forall i. f i \in \{e::energy. length e = Suc n\} \rangle by simp
               hence "length (f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty\} i)) = Suc n"
by simp
               hence "length (butlast (f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty\} i)))
= n" using length butlast
                 by simp
               hence "butlast (f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty\} i)) \in \{e. length\}
e = n}" by simp
               thus "f' i \in \{e. length e = n\}" using f'_def by simp
             qed
             hence "f' ∈ SEQ {e::energy. length e = n}"
               unfolding SEQ_def by simp
             hence "(\exists i j. i < j \land (f' i) e \le (f' j))"
               using allF by simp
             from this obtain i j where ij: "i < j \land (f' i) e\le (f' j)" by auto
             hence le: "(enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty\} i) < (enumerate \{i::nat.
(f i) ! n = \infty} j)"
               using enumerate_mono False by simp
```

```
have "(f (enumerate \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty\} i)) e \le (f (enumerate <math>\{i::nat. \})
(f i) ! n = \infty} j))"
               unfolding energy_leq_def
             proof
               show " length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i))
                       length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} j))"
                 using \forall i. f i \in \{e::energy. length e = Suc n\} > by simp
               show "\forall ia<length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i)).
                        f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i) ! ia
                        \leq f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} j) ! ia "
               proof
                 fix ia
                 show "ia < length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty}
i)) \longrightarrow
                        f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i) ! ia
                        \leq f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} j) ! ia"
                 proof
                    assume "ia < length (f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n</pre>
= \infty} i))"
                    hence "ia < Suc n" using <∀i. f i ∈ {e::energy. length e = Suc
n} > by simp
                    show "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i) ! ia
                           \leq f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} j) ! ia"
                    proof(cases "ia < n")</pre>
                      case True
                      hence "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i) !
ia = (f' i) ! ia" using f'_def
                        by (smt (verit) SEQ_iff \langle f' \in SEQ \ \{e. length \ e = n\} \rangle mem_Collect_eq
nth_butlast)
                      also have "... ≤ (f' j) ! ia" using ij energy_leq_def True <f'
\in SEQ {e. length e = n}>
                        by simp
                      also have "... = f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n =
\infty} j) ! ia" using f'_def True
                        by (smt (verit) SEQ_iff <f' \in SEQ {e. length e = n}> mem_Collect_eq
nth_butlast)
                      finally show ?thesis .
                    next
                      case False
                      hence "ia = n" using <ia < Suc n> by simp
                      hence "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i) ! ia
= \infty"
                        using enumerate_in_set <infinite {i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty}
                        by auto
                      hence "f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} i) ! ia
= f (wellorder_class.enumerate {i. f i ! n = \infty} j) ! ia"
                        using enumerate_in_set <infinite \{i::nat. (f i) ! n = \infty\}
\langle ia = n \rangle
                        by force
                      then show ?thesis by simp
                    qed
```

```
qed
qed
qed
qed
thus "∃i j. i < j ∧ (f i) e≤ (f j)"using le by auto
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
```

```
Minimum
definition energy_Min:: "energy set ⇒ energy set" where
  "energy_Min A = \{e \in A : \forall e' \in A. e \neq e' \longrightarrow \neg (e' e \leq e)\}"
We now observe that the minimum of a non-empty set is not empty. Further, each
element a \in A has a lower bound in energy_Min A.
lemma energy_Min_not_empty:
  assumes "A \neq {}" and "\hat\text{e. e}\in A \implies\text{length e = n"}
  shows "energy_Min A ≠ {}"
using assms proof(induction n arbitrary: A)
  case 0
  hence "{[]} = A" using assms by auto
  hence "[] \in energy_Min A" using energy_Min_def by auto
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n)
  have "{butlast a | a. a \in A} \neq {}" using Suc(2) by simp
  have "\landa. a \in {butlast a | a. a \in A} \Longrightarrow length a = n" using Suc(3) by auto
  hence "energy_Min {butlast a | a. a \in A} \neq {}" using < {butlast a | a. a \in A} \neq
{} > Suc(1)
    by meson
  hence "\exists x. x \in energy\_Min \{butlast a | a. a \in A\}" by auto
  from this obtain x where "x\in energy_Min {butlast a |a. a \in A}" by auto
  hence "x \in \{butlast \ a \ | a. \ a \in A\}" using energy_Min_def by auto
  hence "\existsa. a\in A \land x = butlast a" by auto
  from this obtain a where "a\in A \wedge x = butlast a" by auto
  have "last a \in \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A\}"
    by (metis Suc.prems(2) Zero_neq_Suc \langle a \in A \land x = butlast a \rangle append_butlast_last_id
list.size(3) mem_Collect_eq)
  hence "\{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A\} \neq \{\}" by auto
  have "\existsB. finite B \land B\subseteq {x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A} \land Inf {x. (butlast a)@[x] \in
A} = Min B"
  proof(cases "Inf {x. butlast a @ [x] \in A} = \infty")
    case True
    hence "\infty \in \{x. \text{ (butlast a)Q[x]} \in A\}" using \{x. \text{ (butlast a)Q[x]} \in A\} \neq \{\}
       by (metis < last a \in {x. butlast a @ [x] \in A} > wellorder InfI)
    hence "finite \{\infty\} \land \{\infty\} \subseteq \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A} \landInf \{x. (butlast a)@[x]
\in A\} = Min \{\infty\}"
       by (simp add: True)
    then show ?thesis by blast
  next
```

case False

```
hence "\existsm. (enat m) \in {x. butlast a @ [x] \in A}"
      by (metis Inf_{top\_conv}(2) Succ\_def \langle a \in A \land x = butlast a \rangle not\_infinity\_eq
top_enat_def)
    from this obtain m where "(enat m) \in \{x. \text{ butlast a @ } [x] \in A\}" by auto
    hence finite: "finite \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A \land x \le enat m\}"
      by (metis (no_types, lifting) finite_enat_bounded mem_Collect_eq)
    have subset: "\{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A \land x \le enat m\} \subseteq \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A \land x \le enat m\}
A}" by (simp add: Collect_mono)
    m}" using <(enat m) \in {x. butlast a @ [x] \in A}>
      by (smt (verit) Inf_lower mem_Collect_eq nle_le wellorder_InfI)
    hence "Inf \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A\} = Min \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A \land x \le enat\}
m}" using \langle (enat m) \in \{x. butlast a @ [x] \in A\} \rangle
      using finite
      by (smt (verit, best) False Inf_enat_def Min_Inf)
    hence "finite \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A \land x \le enat m\} \land \{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A \land x \le enat m\}
A \land x\le enat m} \subseteq {x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A} \land Inf {x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A} = Min
{x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A \land x\le enat m}"
      using finite subset by simp
    then show ?thesis by blast
  qed
  from this obtain B where B: "finite B \wedge B\subseteq {x. (butlast a)@[x] \in A} \wedge Inf {x.
(butlast a)@[x] \in A} = Min B" by auto
  hence "((butlast a)@[Min B])∈ A"
    by (metis <last a \in {x. butlast a @ [x] \in A}> mem_Collect_eq wellorder_InfI)
  have "\forall b \in A. ((butlast a)@[Min B])\neq b \longrightarrow \neg (energy_leq b ((butlast a)@[Min B]))"
  proof
    fix b
    assume "b∈ A"
    have "energy_leq b (butlast a @ [Min B]) ⇒ butlast a @ [Min B] = b"
    proof-
      assume "energy_leq b (butlast a @ [Min B])"
      have "energy_leq (butlast b) (butlast a)"
         unfolding energy_leq_def proof
         show "length (butlast b) = length (butlast a)"
           using \langle A a. a \in {butlast a | a. a \in A} \Longrightarrow length a = n\rangle \langle a \in A \wedge x =
butlast a> ⟨b ∈ A> mem_Collect_eq by blast
         show "\forall i<length (butlast b). butlast b ! i \leq butlast a ! i"
         proof
           fix i
           show "i < length (butlast b) \longrightarrow butlast b ! i \leq butlast a ! i "
             assume " i < length (butlast b)"</pre>
             hence "i <length b"
               by (simp add: Suc.prems(2) \langle b \in A \rangle)
             hence B: "b ! i \leq (butlast a @ [Min B]) !i" using <energy_leq b (butlast
a @ [Min B]) > energy_leq_def by auto
             have "butlast b ! i = b! i" using <i < length (butlast b)> nth_butlast
by auto
             have "butlast a ! i = (butlast a @ [Min B]) !i "
               by (metis <i < length (butlast b) > <length (butlast b) = length (butlast
a)> butlast_snoc nth_butlast)
```

```
thus "butlast b ! i \le butlast a ! i " using B \le butlast b ! i = b! i \rangle
by auto
            qed
         qed
       qed
       hence "butlast b = butlast a" using x \in \text{energy_Min \{butlast a | a. a \in A\}}
\langle a \in A \land x = butlast a \rangle energy_Min_def \langle b \in A \rangle by auto
       hence "(butlast a)@[last b] ∈ A" using Suc(3)
         by (metis \langle b \in A \rangle append butlast last id list.size(3) nat.discI)
       hence "Min B \leq last b"
         by (metis (no_types, lifting) B Inf_lower mem_Collect_eq)
       \label{eq:barbon} \textbf{have "last b} \leq \mbox{Min B" using <energy\_leq b (butlast a @ [Min B])> energy\_leq\_def}
         by (metis (no_types, lifting) <butlast b = butlast a> append_butlast_last_id
butlast.simps(1) dual_order.refl impossible_Cons length_Cons length_append_singleton
lessI nth_append_length)
       hence "last b = Min B" using \langle Min B \leq last b \rangle by simp
       thus "butlast a @ [Min B] = b" using <butlast b = butlast a > Suc(3)
         by (metis Zero_not_Suc <b \in A > append_butlast_last_id list.size(3))
    thus "butlast a @ [Min B] \neq b \longrightarrow ¬ energy_leq b (butlast a @ [Min B])"
       by auto
  qed
  hence "((butlast a)@[Min B]) ∈ energy_Min A" using energy_Min_def <((butlast
a)@[Min B])∈ A>
    by simp
  thus ?case by auto
qed
lemma energy_Min_contains_smaller:
  \texttt{assumes} \ \texttt{"a} \in \texttt{A"}
  shows "\exists\, b \in \text{energy\_Min A. b e} \leq a"
proof-
  define set where "set \equiv {e. e \in A \land e e\le a}"
  \texttt{hence "a} \in \texttt{set"}
    by (simp add: assms(1) energy_leq.refl)
  hence "set \neq {}" by auto
  have "\lands. s\in set \Longrightarrowlength s = length a" using energy_leq_def set_def
    by simp
  hence "energy_Min set \neq {}" using \langle set \neq {}\rangle energy_Min_not_empty by simp
  hence "\existsb. b \in energy_Min set" by auto
  from this obtain b where "b ∈ energy_Min set" by auto
  hence "\landb'. b'\in A \Longrightarrow b' \neq b \Longrightarrow \neg (b' e\leq b)"
  proof-
    fix b'
    assume "b' \in A"
    assume "b' \neq b"
    show "¬ (b' e≤ b)"
    proof
       assume "(b' e \le b)"
       hence "b' e \le a" using \langle b \in energy\_Min set \rangle energy\_Min\_def
         by (simp add: energy_leq.trans local.set_def)
       hence "b' ∈ set" using ⟨b' ∈ A⟩ set_def by simp
       thus "False" using \langle b \in \text{energy\_Min set} \rangle energy_Min_def \langle b' \in b \rangle \langle b' \neq b' \neq b' \rangle
b> by auto
    qed
```

```
hence "b∈ energy_Min A" using energy_Min_def
    using <b ∈ energy_Min set> local.set_def by auto
  thus ?thesis using <b \( \) energy_Min set > energy_Min_def set_def by auto
qed
We now establish how the minimum relates to subsets.
lemma energy Min subset:
  \verb"assumes" A \subset B"
  shows "A ∩ (energy_Min B) ⊆ energy_Min A" and
         "energy_Min B \subseteq A \Longrightarrow energy_Min B = energy_Min A"
proof-
  show "A ∩ energy_Min B ⊆ energy_Min A"
  proof
    fix e
    \texttt{assume} \ \texttt{"e} \in \texttt{A} \ \cap \ \texttt{energy\_Min} \ \texttt{B"}
    hence "\existsa \in energy_Min A. a e\leq e" using assms energy_Min_contains_smaller by
blast
    from this obtain a where "a \in energy_Min A" and " a e\le e" by auto
    hence "a = e" using <e ∈ A ∩ energy_Min B> unfolding energy_Min_def
      using assms by auto
    thus "e \in energy_Min A" using \langlea \in energy_Min A\rangle by simp
  assume "energy_Min B ⊆ A"
  hence "energy_Min B \subseteq energy_Min A" using \langleA \cap energy_Min B \subseteq energy_Min A\rangle by
  \verb|have "energy_Min A \subseteq energy_Min B"|
  proof
    fix a
    assume "a ∈ energy Min A"
    hence "a ∈ B" unfolding energy_Min_def using assms by blast
    hence "\existsb \in energy_Min B. b e\leq a" using assms energy_Min_contains_smaller by
blast
    from this obtain b where "b \in energy_Min B" and "b e \le a" by auto
    hence "a = b" using <energy_Min B \subseteq A> energy_Min_def
      using <a ∈ energy_Min A> by auto
    thus "a \in energy_Min B"
      using <b ∈ energy_Min B> by simp
  thus "energy_Min B = energy_Min A" using <energy_Min B ⊆ energy_Min A> by simp
We now show that by well-foundedness the minimum is a finite set. For the proof we
first generalise enumerate.
fun enumerate_arbitrary :: "'a set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a"
  "enumerate_arbitrary A 0 = (SOME a. a \in A)" |
  "enumerate_arbitrary A (Suc n)
    = enumerate_arbitrary (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) n"
lemma enumerate arbitrary in:
  shows "infinite A \Longrightarrow enumerate_arbitrary A i \in A"
proof(induct i arbitrary: A)
  then show ?case using enumerate_arbitrary.simps finite.simps some_in_eq by auto
next
```

```
case (Suc i)
  hence "infinite (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0})" using infinite_remove by simp
  hence "Energy_Order.enumerate_arbitrary (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) i ∈ (A
- {enumerate_arbitrary A 0})" using Suc.hyps by blast
  hence "enumerate_arbitrary A (Suc i) \in (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0})" using
enumerate_arbitrary.simps by simp
  then show ?case by auto
lemma enumerate_arbitrary_neq:
  shows "infinite A \Longrightarrow i < j
        \implies enumerate_arbitrary A i \neq enumerate_arbitrary A j"
proof(induct i arbitrary: j A)
  then show ?case using enumerate_arbitrary.simps
    by (metis Diff_empty Diff_iff enumerate_arbitrary_in finite_Diff_insert gr0_implies_Suc
insert_iff)
next.
  case (Suc i)
  hence "\exists j'. j = Suc j'"
    by (simp add: not0_implies_Suc)
  from this obtain j' where "j = Suc j'" by auto
  hence "i < j'" using Suc by simp
  from Suc have "infinite (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0})" using infinite_remove
  hence "enumerate_arbitrary (A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) i ≠ enumerate_arbitrary
(A - {enumerate_arbitrary A 0}) j'" using Suc <i < j'>
    by force
  then show ?case using enumerate_arbitrary.simps
    by (simp add: <j = Suc j'>)
qed
lemma energy_Min_finite:
  assumes "\bigwedgee. e\in A \Longrightarrow length e = n"
  shows "finite (energy_Min A)"
proof-
  have "wqo_on energy_leq (energy_Min A)" using energy_leq_wqo assms
    by (smt (verit, del_insts) Collect_mono_iff energy_Min_def wqo_on_subset)
  hence wqoMin: "(\forall f \in SEQ \text{ (energy_Min A). } (\exists i j. i < j \land energy_leq (f i) (f j)))"
unfolding wqo_on_def almost_full_on_def good_def by simp
  have "¬ finite (energy_Min A) ⇒ False"
  proof-
    assume "- finite (energy Min A)"
    hence "infinite (energy_Min A)"
      by simp
    define f where "f ≡ enumerate_arbitrary (energy_Min A)"
    have fneq: "\bigwedgei j. f i \in energy_Min A \land (j \neq i \longrightarrow f j \neq f i)"
    proof
      fix i j
      show "f i \in energy_Min A" unfolding f_def using enumerate_arbitrary_in <infinite
(energy_Min A) > by auto
      show "j \neq i \longrightarrow f j \neq f i" proof
        assume "j \neq i"
        show "f j \neq f i" proof(cases "j < i")
          case True
```

```
then show ?thesis unfolding f def using enumerate arbitrary neq <infinite
(energy_Min A) > by auto
         next
           case False
           hence "i < j" using \langle j \neq i \rangle by auto
           then show ?thesis unfolding f_def using enumerate_arbitrary_neq <infinite
(energy_Min A)>
             by metis
         aed
       qed
    qed
    hence "∃i j. i < j ∧ energy_leq (f i) (f j)" using wqoMin SEQ_def by simp
    thus "False" using energy_Min_def fneq by force
  qed
  thus ?thesis by auto
qed
Supremum
definition energy_sup :: "nat \Rightarrow energy set \Rightarrow energy" where
"energy_sup n A = map (\lambdai. Sup {(e!i)|e. e \in A}) [0..<n]"
We now show that we indeed defined a supremum, i.e. a least upper bound, when
considering a fixed dimension n.
lemma energy_sup_is_sup:
  shows energy_sup_in: "\landa. a \in A \Longrightarrow length a = n \Longrightarrow a e\le (energy_sup n A)" and
         energy_sup_leq: "\lands. (\landa. a\in A \Longrightarrowa e\le s) \Longrightarrow length s = n
                           \implies (energy_sup n A) e\leq s"
proof-
  fix a
  assume A1: "a \in A" and A2: "length a = n"
  show "a e≤ (energy_sup n A)"
    unfolding energy_leq_def energy_sup_def
  proof
    show "length a = length (map (\lambdai. Sup {(v!i)|v. v \in A}) [0..<n])" using A2
    show "\forall i<length a. a ! i \leq map (\lambdai. Sup {(v!i)|v. v \in A}) [0..<n] ! i "
       show "i < length a \longrightarrow a ! i \le map (\lambdai. Sup {(v!i)|v. v \in A}) [0..<n] ! i
       proof
         assume "i < length a"</pre>
         thus "a ! i \leq map \ (\lambda i. \ Sup \ \{(v!i)|v.\ v \in A\}) \ [0.. < n] \ ! \ i " using A1 A2
         by (smt (verit, del_insts) Sup_upper diff_add_inverse length_upt mem_Collect_eq
minus_nat.diff_0 nth_map nth_upt)
       qed
    qed
  qed
next
  fix x
  assume A1: "\landa. a\in A \Longrightarrowa e\le x" and A2: "length x = n"
  show "(energy_sup n A) e≤ x"
    unfolding energy_leq_def
    show L: "length (energy_sup n A) = length x" using A2 energy_sup_def by simp
```

```
show "\forall i<length (energy sup n A). energy sup n A ! i < x ! i "
    proof
      fix i
      show "i < length (energy_sup n A) \longrightarrow energy_sup n A ! i \leq x ! i "
      proof
        assume "i < length (energy_sup n A)"</pre>
        hence "i < length [0..<n]" using L A2 by simp
        from A1 have "\landa. a\in{v ! i | v. v \in A} \Longrightarrow a \leq x ! i"
        proof-
           fix a
           assume "a\in{v ! i |v. v \in A} "
           hence "\exists v \in A. a = v ! i" by auto
           from this obtain v where "v\in A" and "a=v !i" by auto
           thus " a \le x ! i" using A1 energy_leq_def L <i < length (energy_sup n
A) > by simp
         qed
        have "(energy_sup n A) ! i = (map (\lambda i. Sup \{(v!i)|v. v \in A\}) [0.. n] ! i)
" using energy_sup_def by auto
         also have "... = (\lambda i. \text{Sup } \{(v!i)|v. v \in A\}) ([0..<n] ! i)" using nth_map
<i < length [0..<n]>
           by auto
         also have "... = Sup \{v \mid i \mid v. v \in A\}"
           using <i < length [0..<n] > by auto
         also have "...\leq (x ! i) " using \langle A a. a \in \{v : i | v . v \in A\} \implies a \leq x : i \rangle
           by (meson Sup_least)
         finally show "energy_sup n A ! i \le x ! i".
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed
We now observe a version of monotonicity. Afterwards we show that the supremum of
the empty set is the zero-vector.
lemma energy_sup_leq_energy_sup:
  assumes "A \neq {}" and "\( a. a \in A \iffty \equiv b \in B\). energy_leq a b" and
           "\landa. a\in A \Longrightarrow length a = n"
  shows "energy_leq (energy_sup n A) (energy_sup n B)"
proof-
  have len: "length (energy_sup n B) = n" using energy_sup_def by simp
  have "\landa. a\in A \Longrightarrow energy_leq a (energy_sup n B)"
  proof-
    fix a
    assume "a∈ A"
    hence "∃b∈ B. energy_leq a b" using assms by simp
    from this obtain b where "b \in B" and "energy_leq a b" by auto
    hence "energy_leq b (energy_sup n B)" using energy_sup_in energy_leq_def
      by (simp add: \langle a \in A \rangle assms(3))
    thus "energy_leq a (energy_sup n B)" using <energy_leq a b> energy_leq.trans
by blast
  qed
  thus ?thesis using len energy_sup_leq by blast
qed
lemma empty_Sup_is_zero:
  assumes "i < n"
```

```
shows "(energy_sup n {}) ! i = 0" proof- have "(energy_sup n {}) ! i = (map (\lambdai. Sup {(v!i)|v. v \in {}}) [0..<n]) ! i" using energy_sup_def by auto also have "... = (\lambdai. Sup {(v!i)|v. v \in {}}) ([0..<n] ! i)" using nth_map assms by simp finally show "(energy_sup n {}) ! i = 0" by (simp add: bot_enat_def) qed end
```

## 6 Bisping's Updates

```
theory Update
  imports Energy_Order
begin
```

In this theory we define a superset of Bisping's updates and their application. Further, we introduce Bisping's "inversion" of updates and relate the two.

## 6.1 Bisping's Updates

Bisping allows three ways of updating a component of an energy: zero does not change the respective entry, minus\_one subtracts one and min\_set A for some set A replaces the entry by the minimum of entries whose index is contained in A. We further add plus\_one to add one and omit the assumption that the a minimum has to consider the component it replaces. Updates are vectors where each entry contains the information, how the update changes the respective component of energies. We now introduce a datatype such that updates can be represented as lists of update\_components.

```
datatype update_component = zero | minus_one | min_set "nat set" | plus_one
type_synonym update = "update_component list"

abbreviation "valid_update u = (\forall i D. u ! i = min_set D
```

 $\longrightarrow$  D  $\neq$  {}  $\land$  D  $\subseteq$  {x. x < length u})"

Now the application of updates apply\_update will be defined.

We now observe some properties of updates and their application. In particular, the application of an update preserves the dimension and the domain of an update is upward closed.

```
lemma len_appl:
    assumes "apply_update u e ≠ None"
    shows "length (upd u e) = length e"
proof -
    from assms have "apply_update u e = those (map (λn. apply_component n (u ! n)
e) [0..<length e])" by auto
    thus ?thesis using assms len_those
        using length_map length_upt by force

qed

lemma apply_to_comp_n:
    assumes "apply_update u e ≠ None" and "i < length e"</pre>
```

```
shows "(upd u e) ! i = the (apply component i (u ! i) e)"
proof-
 have "(the (apply_update u e)) ! i =(the (those (map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u
! n) e) [0..<length e])))!i" using apply_update.simps
    using assms by auto
 also have "... = the ((map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e) [0..<length e])!
i)" using the those n
    by (metis (no_types, lifting) apply_update.simps assms(1) assms(2) calculation
length map map nth)
 also have "... = the ( apply_component i (u ! i) e)" using nth_map
    by (simp add: assms(2) calculation linordered_semidom_class.add_diff_inverse
not_less_zero nth_map_upt)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma upd_domain_upward_closed:
 assumes "apply_update u e \neq None" and "e e\leq e',"
 shows "apply_update u e' \neq None"
proof
 assume "apply update u e' = None"
 from assms have "length u = length e'" unfolding apply_update.simps energy_leq_def
by metis
 hence A: "apply_update u e' = those (map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e') [0..<length
e'])" using apply_update.simps by simp
 hence "those (map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e') [0..<length e']) = None"
using <apply_update u e' = None> by simp
 hence "\neg (\foralln < length e'. (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e') ([0..<length e']
! n) \( \neq \text{None} \) " using those_map_not_None
    by (metis (no_types, lifting) length_map map_nth)
 hence "\existsn< length e'. (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e') ([0..<length e'] ! n)
= None" by auto
 from this obtain n where "n< length e'" and "(\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e')
([0..<length e'] ! n) = None" by auto
 hence "apply_component n (u ! n) e' = None" by simp
 hence "u ! n = minus_one" using apply_component.elims by blast
 hence "e'! n = 0" using <apply_component n (u ! n) e' = None > apply_component.elims
    by fastforce
 hence "e ! n = 0" using assms(2) energy_leq_def <n < length e'> by auto
 hence "(\lambda n. apply_component n (u ! n) e) ([0..<length e] ! n) = None" using <u
! n = minus_one > apply_component.simps(2)
    using <n < length e'> assms(2) energy_leq_def by auto
 hence "those (map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e) [0..<length e]) = None" using
those.simps option.map sel <n < length e'>
    by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) <length u = length e'> apply_update.simps assms(1)
length_map map_nth nth_map those_all_Some)
 hence "apply_update u e = None" by simp
 thus "False" using assms(1) by simp
qed
Now we show that all valid updates are monotonic. The proof follows directly from the
definition of apply_update and valid_update.
lemma updates_monotonic:
 assumes "apply_update u e \neq None" and "e e\leq e'" and "valid_update u"
 shows "(upd u e) e≤ (upd u e')"
 unfolding energy_leq_def proof
 have "apply_update u e' \neq None" using assms upd_domain_upward_closed by auto
```

```
thus "length (the (apply update u e)) = length (the (apply update u e'))" using
assms len_appl
    by (metis energy_leq_def)
  show "\foralln<length (the (apply_update u e)). the (apply_update u e) ! n \leq the (apply_update
u e') ! n "
  proof
    fix n
    show "n < length (the (apply_update u e)) \longrightarrow the (apply_update u e) ! n \leq the
(apply update u e') ! n"
    proof
      assume "n < length (the (apply_update u e))"</pre>
      hence "n < length e" using len_appl assms(1)</pre>
        by simp
      hence " e ! n \leq e' !n " using assms energy_leq_def
      consider (zero) "(u ! n) = zero" | (minus_one) "(u ! n) = minus_one" | (min_set)
"(\existsA. (u ! n) = min_set A)" | (plus_one) "(u ! n) = plus_one"
        using update_component.exhaust by auto
      thus "the (apply_update u e) ! n \le the (apply_update u e') ! n"
      proof (cases)
        case zero
        then show ?thesis using apply_update.simps apply_component.simps assms <e
! n \le e' !n > \langle apply\_update u e' \ne None > 
          by (metis <n < length (the (apply_update u e)) > apply_to_comp_n len_appl
option.sel)
      next
        case minus_one
        hence "the (apply_update u e) ! n = the (apply_component n (u ! n) e)" using
apply_to_comp_n assms(1)
          by (simp add: <n < length e>)
        from assms(1) have A: "(map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) e) [0..<length
e]) ! n \neq None" using <n < length e> those_all_Some apply_update.simps
          by (metis (no_types, lifting) length_map map_nth)
        hence "(apply_component n (u ! n) e) = (map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u !
n) e) [0..<length e]) ! n " using <n < length e>
          by simp
        hence "(apply_component n (u ! n) e) \neq None" using A by simp
        hence "e ! n >0 " using minus_one apply_component.elims by auto
        hence "(e ! n) -1 \le (e' ! n) -1" using \langle e | n \le e' ! n \rangle by (metis eSuc_minus_1)
iadd_Suc ileI1 le_iff_add)
        from <e ! n >0> have "e' ! n > 0" using assms(2) energy_leq_def
          using \langle e \mid n \leq e' \mid n \rangle by auto
        have A: "the (apply_update u e') ! n = the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')"
using apply_to_comp_n <apply_update u e' ≠ None>
          using <n < length e> assms(2) energy_leq_def by auto
        have "the (apply_component n (u ! n) e' )= (e' ! n) -1" using minus_one
<e' ! n >0>
          by simp
        hence "the (apply_update u e') ! n = (e' ! n) -1" using A by simp
        then show ?thesis using \langle (e \mid n) -1 \leq (e' \mid n) -1 \rangle
          using <0 < e ! n> <the (apply_update u e) ! n = the (apply_component</pre>
n (u ! n) e) > minus_one by auto
        case min_set
```

```
from this obtain A where "u ! n = min set A" by auto
        hence " A \subset \{x. \ x < length \ e\}" using assms(3) by (metis apply update.elims
assms(1)
        hence "\forall a \in A. e!a \leq e'!a" using assms(2) energy_leq_def
           by blast
        have "\forall a \in A. (Min (set (nths e A))) \leq e! a" proof
          fix a
           \texttt{assume} \ \texttt{"a} \in \texttt{A"}
           hence "e!a \in set (nths e A)" using set nths nths def
             using \langle A \subseteq \{x. \ x < length \ e\} \rangle in_mono by fastforce
           thus "Min (set (nths e A)) \leq e ! a " using Min_le by simp
         hence "\forall a \in A. (Min (set (nths e A))) \leq e'! a" using \langle \forall a \in A. e!a \leq e'!a\rangle
           using dual_order.trans by blast
         hence "\forall x \in (\text{set (nths e' A)}). (Min (set (nths e A))) \leq x" using set_nths
           by (smt (verit) mem_Collect_eq)
         from assms(2) have "A \neq \{\}"
           using <u ! n = min_set A> assms(3) by auto
        have "A \subseteq {x. x < length e'}" using <A \subseteq {x. x < length e}> assms
           using energy_leq_def by auto
        hence "set (nths e' A) \neq {}" using <A \neq{}> set_nths
           by (smt (verit, best) Collect_empty_eq Collect_mem_eq Collect_mono_iff)
        hence "(nths e' A) \neq []" by simp
         from A \neq \{\} have "set (nths e A) \neq \{\}" using set_nths A \subseteq \{x. x < length\}
e}> Collect_empty_eq <n < length e> <u ! n = min_set A>
           by (smt (verit, best) \langle \text{set (nths e' A)} \neq \{\} \rangle \text{ assms(2) energy_leq_def} \rangle
        hence "(nths e A) \neq []" by simp
         hence "(min_list (nths e A)) = Min (set (nths e A))" using min_list_Min
by auto
         also have "... \leq Min (set (nths e' A))"
           using \forall x \in (\text{set (nths e' A)}). (\text{Min (set (nths e A)})) \leq x
           by (simp add: <nths e' A \neq []>)
         finally have "(min_list (nths e A)) \le min_list (nths e' A)" using min_list_Min
\langle (\text{nths e' A}) \neq [] \rangle \text{ by metis}
         then show ?thesis using apply_to_comp_n assms(1) <apply_update u e' \neq None>
apply_component.simps(3) <u ! n = min_set A>
           by (metis <length (the (apply_update u e)) = length (the (apply_update
u e'))> <n < length e> len_appl option.sel)
      next
         case plus_one
         have "upd u e ! n = the (apply_component n (u ! n) e)" using apply_to_comp_n
<n < length e> assms(1) by auto
         also have "... = (e!n) +1" using apply_component.elims plus_one
          by simp
         also have "... \leq (e'!n) +1"
          using \langle e \mid n \leq e' \mid n \rangle by auto
         also have "... = upd u e' ! n" using apply_to_comp_n <n < length e> assms
apply_component.elims plus_one
           by (metis <apply_update u e' \neq None > apply_component.simps(4) energy_leq_def
option.sel)
         finally show ?thesis by simp
    qed
  qed
```

## 6.2 Bisping's Inversion

The "inverse" of an update u is a function mapping energies e to  $\min\{e' \mid e \leq u(e')\}$  w.r.t the component-wise order. We start by giving a calculation and later show that we indeed calculate such minima. For an energy  $e = (e_0, ..., e_{n-1})$  we calculate this component-wise such that the i-th component is the maximum of  $e_i$  (plus or minus one if applicable) and each entry  $e_j$  where  $i \in u_j \subseteq \{0, ..., n-1\}$ . Note that this generalises the inversion proposed by Bisping [1].

We now observe the following properties, if an update u and an energy e have the same dimension:

- apply\_inv\_update preserves dimension.
- The domain of apply\_inv\_update u is  $\{e \mid |e| = |u|\}$ .
- apply\_inv\_update u e is in the domain of the update u.

The first two proofs follow directly from the definition of apply\_inv\_update, while the proof of inv\_not\_none\_then is done by a case analysis of the possible update\_components.

```
lemma len_inv_appl:
 assumes "length u = length e"
 shows "length (inv_upd u e) = length e"
 using assms apply_inv_update.simps length_map option.sel by auto
lemma inv_not_none:
 assumes "length u = length e"
 shows "apply_inv_update u e ≠ None"
 using assms apply_inv_update.simps by simp
lemma inv_not_none_then:
 \verb"assumes" "apply_inv_update u e \neq \verb"None""
 shows "(apply_update u (inv_upd u e)) \( \neq \) None"
proof -
 have len: "length u = length (the (apply_inv_update u e))" using assms apply_inv_update.simps
len those
    by auto
 have "∀n<length u. (apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update u e)))≠None"
```

```
proof
    fix n
    show "n < length u \longrightarrow apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update u e))
\neq None "
    proof
       assume "n<length u"
       consider (zero) "(u ! n) = zero" | (minus_one) "(u ! n) = minus_one" | (min_set)
"(\exists A. (u ! n) = min_set A)" | (plus_one) "(u ! n) = plus_one"
         using update component.exhaust by auto
       then show "apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update u e)) \( \neq \) None"
       proof(cases)
         case zero
         then show ?thesis by simp
         case minus_one
         have nth: "(the (apply_inv_update u e)) ! n = apply_inv_component n u e"
using apply_inv_update.simps
           by (metis (no_types, lifting) <n < length u> add_0 assms len length_map
nth_map nth_upt option.sel)
         have n_minus_one: "List.enumerate 0 u ! n = (n,minus_one) " using minus_one
           by (simp add: <n < length u> nth_enumerate_eq)
         have "(\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                  min_{set} A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)))(n, minus_one) = (e
! n) +1"
           by simp
         hence "(e ! n) +1 \in set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                  minus one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                  \label{eq:min_set} \texttt{Min}\_\texttt{set} \ \texttt{A} \ \Rightarrow \ (\texttt{if} \ \texttt{n} \in \texttt{A} \ \texttt{then} \ (\texttt{nth} \ \texttt{e} \ \texttt{m}) \ \texttt{else} \ \texttt{0}) \ \texttt{|}
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0)))(List.enumerate 0 u))"
using n_minus_one
           by (metis (no_types, lifting) <n < length u> case_prod_conv length_enumerate
length_map nth_map nth_mem update_component.simps(15))
         hence "(nth e n)+1 \le apply_inv_component n u e" using minus_one nth apply_inv_component
Max_ge
         hence "(nth (the (apply_inv_update u e)) n >0)" using nth by fastforce
         then show ?thesis by (simp add: minus_one)
       next
         case min set
         then show ?thesis by auto
         case plus_one
         then show ?thesis by simp
    qed
  qed
  hence "\forall n < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)). apply_component n (u ! n) (the
(apply_inv_update u e)) \neq None"
    using len by presburger
  hence "those (map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update u e)))
[0..<length (the (apply_inv_update u e))]) \neq None"
```

```
using those map not None
    by (smt (verit) add_less_cancel_left gen_length_def length_code length_map map_nth
nth_upt)
  thus ?thesis using apply_update.simps len by presburger
Now we show that apply_inv_update u is monotonic for all updates u. The proof follows
directly from the definition of apply_inv_update and a case analysis of the possible
update components.
lemma inverse_monotonic:
  assumes "e e≤ e'" and "length u = length e'"
  shows "(inv_upd u e) e < (inv_upd u e')"</pre>
  unfolding energy_leq_def proof
  show "length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) = length (the (apply_inv_update u e'))"
using assms len_inv_appl energy_leq_def
    by simp
  show "\forall i<length (the (apply_inv_update u e)). the (apply_inv_update u e) ! i \leq
the (apply_inv_update u e') ! i "
    fix i
    show "i < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) \longrightarrow the (apply_inv_update u e)
! i \le the (apply_inv_update u e') ! i "
      assume "i < length (the (apply_inv_update u e))"</pre>
      have "the (apply_inv_update u e) ! i = (map (\lambdai. apply_inv_component i u e)
[0..<length e]) ! i"
        using apply_inv_update.simps assms
        using energy_leq_def by auto
      also have "... = (\lambda i. apply_inv_component i u e) ([0..<length e] ! i)" using
nth map
        by (metis (full_types) <i < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) > add_less_mono
assms(1) assms(2) energy_leq_def diff_add_inverse gen_length_def len_inv_appl length_code
less_add_same_cancel2 not_less_less_Suc_eq nth_map_upt nth_upt plus_1_eq_Suc)
      also have "... = apply_inv_component i u e"
        using <i < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) > assms(1) assms(2) energy_leq_def
by auto
      finally have E: "the (apply inv update u e) ! i =
                 Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0) |
                 minus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e ! i)+1 else 0) |
                 min_set A \Rightarrow (if i \in A then (e ! m) else 0) |
                plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" using apply_inv_component.simps
        by presburger
      have "the (apply_inv_update u e') ! i = (map (\lambdai. apply_inv_component i u
e') [0..<length e']) ! i"
        using apply_inv_update.simps assms
        using energy leq def by auto
      also have "... = (\lambda i. apply_inv_component i u e') ([0..<length e'] ! i)"
using nth_map
        by (metis (full_types) <i < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) > add_less_mono
assms(1) assms(2) energy_leq_def diff_add_inverse gen_length_def len_inv_appl length_code
less_add_same_cancel2 not_less_less_Suc_eq nth_map_upt nth_upt plus_1_eq_Suc)
```

also have "... = apply\_inv\_component i u e'"

```
using <i < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) > assms(1) assms(2) energy_leq_def
by auto
       finally have E': "the (apply_inv_update u e') ! i =
                   Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                   zero \Rightarrow(if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
                   minus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e' ! i)+1 else 0) |
                  min\_set A \Rightarrow (if i \in A then (e'! m) else 0) |
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate
0 u)))" using apply_inv_component.simps
         by presburger
       have fin': "finite (set (map (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                   zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
                   minus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e' ! i)+1 else 0) |
                   min\_set A \Rightarrow (if i \in A then (e'! m) else 0)
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" by simp
       have fin: "finite (set (map (\lambda(m, up).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0) | minus_one
\Rightarrow if i = m then e ! i + 1 else 0
                               \mid min set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e ! m else 0 \mid
                                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))
                       (List.enumerate 0 u)))" by simp
       have "\bigwedge x. x \in (\text{set (map }(\lambda(m,up)). (case up of )
                   zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0) |
                   minus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e ! i)+1 else 0) |
                   min\_set A \Rightarrow (if i \in A then (e ! m) else 0) |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u))) \Longrightarrow (\exists y. x\leq y \land y\in (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                   zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
                   minus one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e' ! i)+1 else 0) |
                   min\_set A \Rightarrow (if i \in A then (e'! m) else 0)
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate
0 u))))"
       proof-
         fix x
         assume "x \in set (map (\lambda(m, up)).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0) | minus_one
\Rightarrow if i = m then e ! i + 1 else 0
                               | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e ! m else 0 |
                   plus one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))
                       (List.enumerate 0 u))"
         hence "\exists j < length u. x = (map (\lambda(m, up)).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0) | minus_one
\Rightarrow if i = m then e ! i + 1 else 0
                               | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e ! m else 0 |
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))
                       (List.enumerate 0 u)) ! j" using in_set_conv_nth
            by (metis (no_types, lifting) length_enumerate length_map)
         from this obtain j where "j < length u" and X: "x = (map (\lambda(m, up).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0)| minus_one
\Rightarrow if i = m then e ! i + 1 else 0
                               | min_{set} A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e ! m else 0 |
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))
                       (List.enumerate 0 u)) ! j" by auto
```

```
hence "(List.enumerate 0 u) ! j = (j, (u ! j))"
           by (simp add: nth_enumerate_eq)
        hence X: "x=(case (u !j) of zero \Rightarrow (if i=j then (nth e i) else 0) | minus_one
\Rightarrow if i = j then e ! i + 1 else 0
                             | min_{set} A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e ! j else 0 |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=j then (nth e i)-1 else 0))" using X
           by (simp add: <j < length u>)
         consider (zero) "(u !j) = zero" | (minus_one) "(u !j) = minus_one" | (min_set)
"\exists A. (u !j) = min_set A" | (plus_one) "(u!j) = plus_one"
           by (meson update_component.exhaust)
         thus "(\exists y. x \le y \land y \in (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e' ! i)+1 else 0) |
                  min\_set A \Rightarrow (if i \in A then (e'! m) else 0)
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate
0 u))))"
        proof(cases)
           case zero
           hence "x= (if i=j then (nth e i) else 0)" using X by simp
           also have "... \leq (if i=j then (nth e' i) else 0)" using assms
             using <i < length (the (apply_inv_update u e))> energy_leq_def
             by force
           also have "... = (\lambda(m, up).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                               | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e'! m else 0 |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))(j, (u ! j))"
             by (simp add: zero)
           finally have "x \leq (map (\lambda(m, up).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                               | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0|
                               plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))
                        (List.enumerate 0 u))!j"
             by (simp add: <List.enumerate 0 u ! j = (j, u ! j)> <j < length u>)
           then show ?thesis
             using < j < length u> by auto
           case minus_one
           hence X: "x = (if i=j then (e ! i)+1 else 0)" using X by simp
           then show ?thesis proof(cases "i=j")
             case True
             hence "x = (e ! i) +1" using X by simp
             also have "...≤ (e' ! i) +1" using assms
               using True < j < length u> energy_leq_def by auto
             also have "... = (\lambda(m, up)).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                               | min_{set} A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0 |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))(j, (u ! j))"
             by (simp add: minus_one True)
              finally have "x \leq (map (\lambda(m, up).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow(if i=m then (nth e'i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
```

```
| min set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0|
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))
                        (List.enumerate 0 u))!j"
             by (simp add: <List.enumerate 0 u ! j = (j, u ! j)> <j < length u>)
           then show ?thesis
             using < j < length u> by auto
           next
             case False
             hence "x = 0 " using X by simp
             also have "... \leq 0"
                by simp
              also have "... = (\lambda(m, up)).
                                case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                                | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0 |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))(j, (u ! j))"
              by (simp add: minus_one False)
               finally have "x \leq (map (\lambda(m, up).
                               case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                                | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0 | plus_one
\Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))
                        (List.enumerate 0 u))!j"
             by (simp add: \langle List.enumerate 0 u ! j = (j, u ! j) \rangle \langle j \langle length u \rangle)
           then show ?thesis
             using < j < length u> by auto
           qed
         next
           case min_set
           from this obtain A where A: "u ! j = min_set A " by auto
           hence X: "x = (if i ∈ A then e ! j else 0)" using X by auto
           then show ?thesis proof(cases "i \in A")
             case True
             hence "x=e ! j" using X by simp
              also have "... \leq e'!j" using assms
                using <j < length u> energy_leq_def by auto
              also have "... = (\lambda(m, up)).
                                case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                                | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0 | plus_one
\Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))(j, (u ! j))"
                by (simp add: A True)
              finally have "x \leq (map (\lambda(m, up).
                                case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                                | min_set A ⇒ if i ∈ A then e' ! m else O | plus_one
\Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))
                        (List.enumerate 0 u))!j"
                by (simp add: <List.enumerate 0 u ! j = (j, u ! j) \langle j \langle length u\rangle)
              then show ?thesis
                using <j < length u> by auto
           next
              case False
             hence "x=0" using X by simp
              also have "... = (\lambda(m, up)).
                                case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
```

```
minus one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                              \mid min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e'! m else 0 \mid plus_one
\Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))(j, (u ! j))"
               by (simp add: A False)
             finally have "x \leq (map (\lambda(m, up).
                              case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                              | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0 | plus_one
\Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))
                       (List.enumerate 0 u))!j"
               by (simp add: <List.enumerate 0 u ! j = (j, u ! j) > <j < length u >)
             then show ?thesis
               using <j < length u> by auto
           qed
        next
           case plus_one
           then show ?thesis proof(cases "i=j")
             case True
             hence "x=e!i -1" using X plus_one by simp
             have "x < e'! i -1"
             proof(cases "e!i =0")
               case True
               then show ?thesis
                 by (simp add: \langle x = e \mid i - 1 \rangle)
             next
               case False
               then show ?thesis
               proof(cases "e!i = \infty")
                 case True
                 then show ?thesis using assms
                   using <i < length (inv_upd u e)> energy_leq_def by fastforce
               next
                 case False
                 from this obtain b where "e!i = enat (Suc b)" using \langle e ! i \neq 0\rangle
                   by (metis list_decode.cases not_enat_eq zero_enat_def)
                 then show ?thesis
                 proof(cases "e'!i = \infty")
                   case True
                   then show ?thesis
                      by simp
                 next
                   case False
                   from this obtain c where "e'!i = enat (Suc c)" using <e!i = enat
(Suc b) > assms
                      by (metis (no_types, lifting) Nat.lessE Suc_ile_eq <i < length</pre>
(inv_upd u e) > enat.exhaust enat_ord_simps(2) energy_leq_def len_inv_appl)
                   hence "b \leq c" using assms
                      using <e ! i = enat (Suc b)> <i < length (inv_upd u e)> energy_leq_def
by auto
                   then show ?thesis using <e!i = enat (Suc b)> <e'!i = enat (Suc
c) >
                      by (simp add: <x = e ! i - 1> one_enat_def)
               qed
             qed
             show ?thesis using plus_one True
```

```
by (smt (verit) <List.enumerate 0 u ! j = (j, u ! j) > <j < length
u> <x \leq e' ! i - 1> case_prod_conv length_enumerate length_map nth_map_enumerate
nth_mem update_component.simps(17))
            next
              case False
              hence "x = 0" using X
                 using plus_one by auto
              also have "...\leq 0" by simp
              also have "... = (\lambda(m, up)).
                                  case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e' ! i + 1 else 0
                                  \mid min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e'! m else 0 \mid
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))(j, (u ! j))"
                 by (simp add: plus_one False)
               finally have "x \leq (map (\lambda(m, up).
                                  case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
minus_one \Rightarrow if i = m then e'! i + 1 else 0
                                  | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e' ! m else 0 | plus_one
\Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))
                          (List.enumerate 0 u))!j"
                 by (simp add: <List.enumerate 0 u ! j = (j, u ! j) \langle j \langle length u\rangle)
              then show ?thesis
                 using < j < length u> by auto
            qed
         qed
       qed
       hence "\forall x \in (\text{set (map } (\lambda(m, up)).
                                case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0) | minus_one
\Rightarrow if i = m then e ! i + 1 else 0
                                | \min_{s} A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e ! m else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow
(if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))
                       (List.enumerate 0 u))).
              x \le Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                   zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
                   minus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e' ! i)+1 else 0) |
                   min\_set A \Rightarrow (if i \in A then (e'! m) else 0) | plus\_one \Rightarrow (if i=m)
then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0 u)))"
         using fin'
         by (meson Max.coboundedI dual_order.trans)
       hence "Max (set (map (\lambda(m, up).
                                case up of zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e i) else 0) | minus_one
\Rightarrow if i = m then e ! i + 1 else 0
                                | min_set A \Rightarrow if i \in A then e ! m else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow
(if i=m then (nth e i)-1 else 0))
                       (List.enumerate 0 u)))
               \leq Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                   zero \Rightarrow (if i=m then (nth e' i) else 0) |
                   minus_one \Rightarrow (if i=m then (e' ! i)+1 else 0) |
                    \texttt{min\_set} \ \texttt{A} \ \Rightarrow \ (\texttt{if} \ \texttt{i} \in \texttt{A} \ \texttt{then} \ (\texttt{e'} \ ! \ \texttt{m}) \ \texttt{else} \ \texttt{0}) \ | \ \texttt{plus\_one} \ \Rightarrow \ (\texttt{if} \ \texttt{i=m} ) 
then (nth e' i)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0 u)))"
          using fin assms Max_less_iff
         by (metis (no_types, lifting) Max_in <i < length (the (apply_inv_update
u e)) > <length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) = length (the (apply_inv_update u e')) >
ex_in_conv len_inv_appl length_enumerate length_map nth_mem)
```

```
thus "the (apply_inv_update u e) ! i \leq the (apply_inv_update u e') ! i " using E E' by presburger qed qed qed
```

## 6.3 Relating Updates and "Inverse" Updates

Since the minimum is not an injective function, for many updates there does not exist an inverse. The following 2-dimensional examples show, that the function apply\_inv\_update does not map an update to its inverse.

```
lemma not_right_inverse_example:
 shows "apply_update [minus_one, (min_set {0,1})] [1,2] = Some [0,1]"
        "apply_inv_update [minus_one, (min_set {0,1})] [0,1] = Some [1,1]"
 by (auto simp add: nths_def)
lemma not_right_inverse:
 shows "∃u. ∃e. apply_inv_update u (upd u e) ≠ Some e"
 using not_right_inverse_example by force
lemma not_left_inverse_example:
  shows "apply_inv_update [zero, (min_set {0,1})] [0,1] = Some [1,1]"
        "apply_update [zero, (min_set {0,1})] [1,1] = Some [1,1]"
 by (auto simp add: nths_def)
lemma not_left_inverse:
 shows "∃u. ∃e. apply_update u (inv_upd u e) ≠ Some e"
 by (metis option.sel apply_update.simps length_0_conv not_Cons_self2 option.distinct(1))
We now show that the given calculation apply_inv_update indeed calculates e \mapsto
\min\{e' \mid e \leq u(e')\}\ for all valid updates u. For this we first name this set possible_inv
u e. Then we show that inv_upd u e is an element of that set before showing that it
is minimal. Considering one component at a time, the proofs follow by a case analysis
of the possible update components from the definition of apply_inv_update
abbreviation "possible_inv u e \equiv {e'. apply_update u e' \neq None
                                          \land (e e \leq (upd u e'))}"
lemma leq_up_inv:
 assumes "length u = length e" and "valid_update u"
 shows "e e < (upd u (inv_upd u e))"</pre>
 unfolding energy_leq_def proof
 from assms have notNone: "apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e)) \( \neq \) None"
using inv_not_none_then inv_not_none by blast
 thus len1: "length e = length (the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e))))"
using assms len_appl len_inv_appl
    by presburger
 show "\foralln<length e. e ! n \le the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e)))
! n "
 proof
    show "n < length e \longrightarrow e ! n \leq the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u
e))) ! n "
    proof
```

```
assume "n < length e"
      have notNone_n: "(map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update
u e))) [0..<length (the (apply_inv_update u e))]) ! n ≠ None" using notNone apply_update.simps
        by (smt (verit) <n < length e> assms(1) length_map map_nth nth_map option.distinct(1)
those_all_Some)
      have "the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e))) ! n = the (those (map
(\lambda n. apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update u e))) [0..<length (the (apply_inv_update
u e))])) ! n"
        using apply_update.simps assms(1) len1 notNone by presburger
      also have " ... = the ((map (\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update
u e))) [0..<length (the (apply_inv_update u e))]) ! n)" using the_those_n notNone
        by (smt (verit) <n < length e> apply_update.elims calculation assms(1)
length_map map_nth nth_map)
      also have "... = the ((\lambdan. apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update
u e))) ([0..<length (the (apply_inv_update u e))] ! n))" using nth_map
        using <n < length e> assms len_inv_appl minus_nat.diff_0 nth_upt by auto
      also have " ... = the (apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update u
e)))" using <n < length e> assms len_inv_appl
        by (simp add: plus_nat.add_0)
      finally have unfolded_apply_update: "the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update
u e))) ! n = the (apply_component n (u ! n) (the (apply_inv_update u e)))" .
      have "(the (apply_inv_update u e)) ! n = (the (Some (map (\lambdan. apply_inv_component
n u e) [0..<length e])))!n " using apply_inv_update.simps assms(1) by auto</pre>
      also have "... = (map (\lambdan. apply_inv_component n u e) [0..<length e]) ! n"
by auto
      also have "... = apply_inv_component n u e" using nth_map map_nth
        by (smt (verit) Suc_diff_Suc <n < length e> add_diff_inverse_nat diff_add_0
length_map less_diff_conv less_one nat_1 nat_one_as_int nth_upt plus_1_eq_Suc)
      finally have unfolded_apply_inv: "(the (apply_inv_update u e)) ! n = apply_inv_component
nue".
      consider (zero) "u ! n = zero" |(minus_one) "u ! n = minus_one" |(min_set)
"\exists A. min_set A = u ! n" | (plus_one) "u!n = plus_one"
        by (metis update_component.exhaust)
      thus "e ! n \le the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e))) ! n"
      proof (cases)
        case zero
        hence "(List.enumerate 0 u) ! n = (n, zero)"
          by (simp add: <n < length e> assms(1) nth_enumerate_eq)
        hence nth in set: "e ! n \in set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0) |
                plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u))" using nth_map
          by (smt (verit) <n < length e> assms(1) length_enumerate length_map nth_mem
old.prod.case update_component.simps(14))
        from zero have "the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e))) ! n =
the (apply_component n zero (the (apply_inv_update u e)))" using unfolded_apply_update
by auto
        also have "... = ((the (apply_inv_update u e)) ! n)" using apply_component.simps(1)
```

by simp

```
also have "... = apply_inv_component n u e" using unfolded_apply_inv by
auto
         also have "... = Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                 minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0) |
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" using apply_inv_component.simps by auto
        also have "... > e ! n " using nth in set by simp
        finally show ?thesis .
      next.
         case minus_one
        hence A: "(\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                 minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (n,(u!n)) = (e!n)
+1"
           by simp
        have "(List.enumerate 0 u)!n = (n,(u!n))"
           using <n < length e> assms(1) nth_enumerate_eq
           by (metis add_0)
        hence "(e!n) +1 \in (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                 minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" using A nth_map_enumerate
           by (metis (no_types, lifting) <n < length e> assms(1) length_enumerate
length_map nth_mem)
        hence leq: "(e!n) +1 \leq Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow(if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                 minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" using Max_ge by simp
        have notNone_comp: "apply_component n minus_one (the (apply_inv_update u
e)) \( \neq \text{None" using notNone} \)
           by (smt (z3) <n < length e> add_0 len1 len_appl length_map length_upt
map_nth minus_one notNone_n nth_map_upt)
        from minus_one have "the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e))) !
n = the (apply_component n minus_one (the (apply_inv_update u e)))" using unfolded_apply_update
by auto
        also have "... = ((the (apply_inv_update u e)) ! n) -1" using apply_component.simps(2)
notNone_comp
           using calculation option.sel by auto
         also have "... = apply_inv_component n u e -1" using unfolded_apply_inv
by auto
        also have "... = Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                 minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
```

```
u))) -1" using apply_inv_component.simps by auto
         also have "... \geq e ! n" using leq
           by (smt (verit) add.assoc add_diff_assoc_enat le_iff_add)
         finally show ?thesis .
      next
         case min_set
         from this obtain A where "min_set A = u ! n" by auto
         have "upd u (inv_upd u e) ! n = the (apply_component n (min_set A) (inv_upd
u e))"
           using <min_set A = u ! n> unfolded_apply_update by auto
         also have "... = (min_list (nths (inv_upd u e) A))"
           using apply_component.elims
           by simp
         have leq: "\bigwedge j. j \in A \implies e!n \le (inv\_upd u e)!j"
         proof-
           fix j
           assume "j ∈ A"
           hence "j < length e" using assms
             by (metis <min_set A = u ! n> in_mono mem_Collect_eq)
           hence "j < length [0..<length e]"</pre>
             by simp
           have "(inv_upd u e)!j = (map (\lambdai. apply_inv_component i u e) [0..<length
e])!j"
             using apply_inv_update.simps assms
             by simp
           hence "(inv_upd u e)!j = apply_inv_component j u e"
             using nth_map < j < length [0..<length e] >
             by (metis < j < length e> nth_upt plus_nat.add_0)
           hence "(inv_upd u e)!j = Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j) else 0) |
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)+1 else 0) |
                  \label{eq:min_set} \mbox{\tt Min\_set A} \ \Rightarrow \ \mbox{\tt (if} \ j{\in}\mbox{\tt A} \ \mbox{\tt then (nth e m) else 0)} \, |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))"
             by auto
           have "(List.enumerate 0 u)! n = (n, u ! n)"
             by (simp add: <n < length e> assms(1) nth_enumerate_eq)
           have fin: "finite (set (map (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j) else 0) |
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)+1 else 0) |
                  min\_set A \Rightarrow (if j \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" by auto
           have "e!n = (case (min_set A) of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if j=n then (nth e j) else 0) |
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if j=n then (nth e j)+1 else 0) |
                  min\_set A \Rightarrow (if j \in A then (nth e n) else 0)
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if j=n then (nth e j)-1 else 0))"
             by (simp add: \langle j \in A \rangle)
           hence "e!n = (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j) else 0) |
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)+1 else 0) |
```

```
min set A \Rightarrow (if j \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)-1 else 0))) (n, u ! n)"
              using <min_set A = u ! n> by simp
            hence "e!n \in (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                   zero \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j) else 0) |
                   minus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)+1 else 0) |
                   \label{eq:min_set} \mbox{\tt min\_set A} \ \Rightarrow \ \mbox{\tt (if} \ j{\in}\mbox{\tt A} \ \mbox{\tt then (nth e m) else 0)} \, |
                   plus_one \Rightarrow (if j=m then (nth e j)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))"
              using <(List.enumerate 0 u)! n = (n, u ! n)> nth_map_enumerate
              by (metis (no_types, lifting) <n < length e> assms(1) in_set_conv_nth
length_enumerate length_map)
            thus "e!n \le (inv_upd u e)!j"
              using fin Max_le_iff
              using <inv_upd u e ! j = Max (set (map (\lambda(k, y)). case y of zero \Rightarrow (if
j=k then (nth e j) else 0) | minus_one \Rightarrow if j = k then e ! j + 1 else 0 | min_set
A \Rightarrow if j \in A then e ! k else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow if j = k then e ! j - 1 else 0) (List.enumerate
0 u)))> by fastforce
         qed
         have "A \neq {} \wedge A \subseteq {x. x < length u}" using assms
           by (simp add: <min_set A = u ! n>)
         hence "A \neq {} \wedge A \subseteq {x. x < length (inv_upd u e)}" using assms
            by auto
         have "set (nths (inv_upd u e) A) = {(inv_upd u e) ! i | i. i < length (inv_upd
u e) \land i \in A
            using set_nths by metis
         hence not_empty: "(set (nths (inv_upd u e) A)) \neq \{\}"
            using \langle A \neq \{\} \land A \subseteq \{x. x < length (inv_upd u e)\} \rangle
            by (smt (z3) Collect_empty_eq equals0I in_mono mem_Collect_eq)
         hence "(nths (inv_upd u e) A) \neq []"
            by blast
         hence min_eq_Min: "min_list (nths (inv_upd u e) A) = Min (set (nths (inv_upd
u e) A))"
           using min_list_Min by blast
         have "finite (set (nths (inv_upd u e) A))" using assms <min_set A = u !
n>
            by simp
         hence "(e!n \leq Min (set (nths (inv_upd u e) A))) = (\forall a\in(set (nths (inv_upd
u e) A)). e!n < a)"
            using not_empty Min_ge_iff by auto
         have "e!n \le Min (set (nths (inv_upd u e) A))"
            unfolding \langle (e!n \leq Min (set (nths (inv_upd u e) A))) = (\forall a \in (set (nths (inv_upd u) A))) = (\forall a \in (set (nths (inv_upd u) A)))
(inv_upd u e) A)). e!n \le a)>
         proof
            assume "x ∈ set (nths (inv_upd u e) A)"
            hence "x \in \{(inv\_upd\ u\ e)\ !\ i\ | i.\ i < length\ (inv\_upd\ u\ e)\ \land\ i \in A\}"
              using set_nths
              by metis
            hence "\exists j. j \in A \land x = (inv_upd u e)!j"
              by blast
```

```
thus "e ! n < x " using leq
             by auto
         qed
        hence "e!n \le (min_list (nths (inv_upd u e) A))"
           using min_eq_Min
           by metis
         thus ?thesis
           using calculation by auto
      next
         case plus_one
         hence A: "(\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow(if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (n,(u!n)) = (e!n)
-1"
           by simp
         have "(List.enumerate 0 u)!n = (n,(u!n))"
           using <n < length e> assms(1) nth_enumerate_eq
           by (metis add 0)
        hence "(e!n) -1 \in (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                 minus one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" using plus_one nth_map_enumerate A
           by (metis (no_types, lifting) <n < length e> assms(1) length_enumerate
length_map nth_mem)
        hence leq: "(e!n) -1 \leq \text{Max} (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                  minus one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0)
                  min_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" using Max_ge by simp
        have "e ! n \le ((e!n)-1)+1"
           by (metis dual_order.trans eSuc_minus_1 eSuc_plus_1 le_iff_add linorder_le_cases
plus_1_eSuc(1))
         also have "... \leq ( Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0) |
                 minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                 min set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))) +1" using leq
           by simp
         also have "... = (inv upd u e) ! n +1"
           using apply_inv_component.simps unfolded_apply_inv by presburger
         also have "... = upd u (inv_upd u e) ! n"
           using unfolded_apply_update plus_one by auto
         finally show ?thesis .
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed
```

```
lemma apply_inv_is_min:
  assumes "length u = length e" and "valid_update u"
  shows "energy_Min (possible_inv u e) = {inv_upd u e}"
proof
 have apply_inv_leq_possible_inv: "\forall e' \in (possible_inv \ u \ e). (inv_upd u e) e \le e'"
 proof
    fix e'
    assume "e' ∈ possible_inv u e"
    hence "energy_leq e (the (apply_update u e'))" by auto
    hence B: "\forall n < length e. e! n \leq (the (apply_update u e')) ! n" unfolding energy_leq_def
by auto
    from <e' ∈ possible_inv u e' have "apply_update u e' ≠ None" by simp</pre>
    have geq_0: \[ \text{$^{\circ}$} i. i < length $u \Longrightarrow u!i = minus_one \Longrightarrow e'!i >0 \]
    proof-
      fix i
      assume "i < length u" and "u!i = minus_one"</pre>
      have " e'!i =0 ⇒ False"
      proof-
        assume "e'!i =0"
        hence "apply_component i minus_one e' = None"
        hence "apply_component i (u!i) e' = None"
          using <u!i = minus_one> by simp
        from <apply_update u e' \neq None> have "those (map (\lambdai. apply_component i
(u ! i) e') [0..<length e'])≠ None" unfolding apply_update.simps
          by meson
        hence "(map (\lambdai. apply_component i (u ! i) e') [0..<length e']) ! i \neq None"
using those_all_Some
          by (metis <apply_update u e' \neq None > <i < length u > apply_update.simps
length_map map_nth)
        hence "(\lambdai. apply_component i (u ! i) e') ([0..<length e'] ! i) \neq None"
using nth_map
          by (metis <apply_update u e' \neq None > <i < length u > apply_update.simps
length_map map_nth)
        hence "apply_component i (u ! i) e' \neq None"
          by (metis <apply_update u e' \neq None > <i < length u > apply_update.elims
nth_upt plus_nat.add_0)
        thus "False"
          using <apply_component i (u!i) e' = None > by simp
      qed
      then show " e'!i >0"
        by auto
    aed
    show "energy_leq (the (apply_inv_update u e)) e'" unfolding energy_leq_def
    proof
      show "length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) = length e' using assms
        by (metis (mono_tags, lifting) <e' < possible_inv u e > energy_leq_def len_appl
len_inv_appl mem_Collect_eq)
      show "∀n<length (the (apply_inv_update u e)). the (apply_inv_update u e) !</pre>
n \leq e' ! n"
```

```
proof
         fix n
         show " n < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) --> the (apply_inv_update
u e) ! n < e' ! n"
         proof
           assume "n < length (the (apply_inv_update u e))"</pre>
           have "the (apply_inv_update u e) ! n = (map (\lambdan. apply_inv_component n
u e) [0..<length e]) ! n" using apply_inv_update.simps</pre>
             by (metis assms(1) option.sel)
           also have "... = apply_inv_component n u e"
              by (metis <n < length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) > assms(1) len_inv_appl
minus_nat.diff_0 nth_map_upt plus_nat.add_0)
           also have "... = Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0)|
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                  min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0) |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))" using apply_inv_component.simps by auto
           finally have inv_max: "the (apply_inv_update u e) ! n = Max (set (map
(\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0)
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                  min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0) |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u)))".
           from B have "e ! n \le (the (apply_update u e')) ! n" using <n < length
(the (apply_inv_update u e))>
             using assms(1) len_inv_appl by auto
           hence upd_v: "e ! n \leq the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')" using apply_to_comp_n
             using <length (the (apply_inv_update u e)) = length e'> <n < length
(the (apply_inv_update u e)) > ⟨e' ∈ possible_inv u e> by auto
           have Max_iff: "(Max (set (map (\lambda(m,up). (case up of
                  zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0)
                  minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                  min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0) |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u))) \leq e' ! n)
                  = (\forall a \in (\text{set (map } (\lambda(m,up)). (\text{case up of }
                  zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n) else 0)|
                  minus one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)+1 else 0) |
                  min set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth e m) else 0)
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth e n)-1 else 0))) (List.enumerate 0
u))). a \le e'! n"
           proof(rule Max_le_iff)
             show "finite (set (map (\lambda(m, y). case y of zero \Rightarrow if n = m then e !
n else 0 | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n + 1 else 0 | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then
e ! m else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n - 1 else 0) (List.enumerate 0 u)))"
                by simp
              show "set (map (\lambda(m, y). case y of zero \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n else
0 | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n + 1 else 0 | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then e !
m else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n - 1 else 0) (List.enumerate 0 u)) \neq {}
                by (metis (no_types, lifting) <n < length (inv_upd u e)> assms(1)
empty_iff len_inv_appl length_enumerate length_map nth_mem)
```

```
show "the (apply_inv_update u e) ! n ≤ e' ! n"
             unfolding inv_max Max_iff
           proof
             fix a
             assume "a \in (set (map (\lambda(m, up). case up of zero \Rightarrow if n = m then e !
n else 0 | minus one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n + 1 else 0 | min set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then
e ! m else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n - 1 else 0) (List.enumerate 0 u)))"
             hence "\existsi. i< length (List.enumerate 0 u) \land a = (\lambda(m, up). case up
of zero \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n else 0 | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n + 1 else
0 | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then e ! m else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n -
1 else 0) ((List.enumerate 0 u) ! i) "
               using set_map
               by (metis (no_types, lifting) in_set_conv_nth length_map nth_map)
             from this obtain m where A: "a = (\lambda(m, up)). case up of zero \Rightarrow if n
= m then e ! n else 0 | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n + 1 else 0 | min_set A
\Rightarrow if n \in A then e ! m else 0 | plus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then e ! n - 1 else 0) (m,
(u!m))"
               and "m < length u"
               using nth_enumerate_eq by fastforce
             consider (zero) "u ! m = zero" | (minus one) "u ! m = minus one" | (min)
"\( \alpha\) . u !m = min_set A" | (plus_one) "u!m = plus_one"
               using update_component.exhaust by auto
             then show " a \le e' ! n " proof(cases)
               case zero
               hence A: "a= (if n = m then e ! n else 0)" using A by simp
               then show ?thesis
               proof(cases "n=m")
                 case True
                 hence "a= e!n" using zero A by simp
                 also have "... \le the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')" using upd_v
by simp
                 also have "... = the (apply_component n zero e')" using zero True
by simp
                 also have "... = e'!n"
                   by simp
                 finally show ?thesis by simp
               next
                 case False
                 then show ?thesis using zero A by simp
               qed
             next
               case minus_one
               hence A: "a= (if n = m then e ! n + 1 else 0)" using A by simp
               then show ?thesis
               proof(cases "n=m")
                 case True
                 hence "a = e!n +1" using minus_one A by simp
                 also have "... \leq (the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')) +1" using
upd_v by simp
                 also have "... = (the (apply_component n minus_one e')) +1" using
minus_one True by simp
                 also have "... = (the (if ((e' ! n) > 0) then Some ((e' ! n) - 1)
```

```
else None)) +1" using apply_component.simps
                  by auto
                also have "... = (e'!n -1) +1" using geq_0
                  using True <n < length (inv_upd u e) > assms(1) minus_one by fastforce
                also have "... = e'!n"
                proof(cases "e'!n = \infty")
                  case True
                  then show ?thesis
                    by simp
                  case False
                  hence "∃b. e'! n = enat (Suc b)" using geq_0 True <n < length
(inv_upd u e) > assms(1) minus_one
                    by (metis len_inv_appl not0_implies_Suc not_enat_eq not_iless0
zero_enat_def)
                  from this obtain b where "e' ! n = enat (Suc b)" by auto
                  then show ?thesis
                    by (metis eSuc enat eSuc minus 1 eSuc plus 1)
                qed
                finally show ?thesis .
              next
                case False
                then show ?thesis using minus_one A by simp
              qed
            next
              case min
              from this obtain A where "u !m = min_set A" by auto
              hence A: "a = (if n \in A then e! m else 0)" using A by simp
              then show ?thesis
              proof(cases "n \in A")
                case True
                hence "a = e!m" using A min by simp
                have "(set (nths e' A)) \neq {}" using set_nths True assms
                  by (smt (verit) Collect_empty_eq <length (inv_upd u e) = length</pre>
e'> <n < length (inv_upd u e)>)
                hence "(nths e' A) \neq []"
                  by auto
                from B have "e! m ≤ (the (apply_update u e')) ! m"
                  using <m < length u> assms(1) len_inv_appl by auto
                hence upd_v: "e ! m \leq the (apply_component m (u ! m) e')" using
apply_to_comp_n <m < length u>
                  by (metis <apply_update u e' \neq None > <length (inv_upd u e) =
length e'> assms(1) len_inv_appl)
                hence "e ! m \leq the (apply_component m (min_set A) e')" using \langle u \rangle
!m = min_set A> by simp
                also have "... = the (Some (min_list (nths e' A)))"
                  by simp
                also have "... = (min_list (nths e' A))"
                  by simp
                also have "... = Min (set (nths e' A))" using min_list_Min <(nths</pre>
e' A) \neq []>
```

```
by auto
                also have "... \leq e'!n" using True Min_le
                  using <length (inv_upd u e) = length e'> <n < length (inv_upd</pre>
u e) > set_nths by fastforce
                finally show ?thesis using <a = e!m>
                  by simp
              next
                case False
                then show ?thesis using <u !m = min set A> A by simp
              qed
            next
              case plus_one
              hence A: "a= (if n = m then e ! n - 1 else 0)" using A by simp
              then show ?thesis
              proof(cases "n=m")
                case True
                hence "a =(e!n) -1" using plus_one A by simp
                also have "... ≤ (the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')) -1"
                proof(cases "(the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')) = 0")
                  case True
                  hence "e!n = 0" using upd_v
                    by simp
                  then show ?thesis using True
                    by auto
                next
                  case False
                  then show ?thesis
                  proof(cases "e!n = \infty")
                    case True
                    then show ?thesis using upd_v
                      by simp
                  next.
                     case False
                    then show ?thesis
                    proof(cases "e!n =0")
                       case True
                      then show ?thesis
                        by simp
                    next
                       case False
                      hence "\existsa. e!n = enat (Suc a)" using < e! n \neq \infty>
                        by (metis enat.exhaust old.nat.exhaust zero_enat_def)
                      then show ?thesis
                      proof(cases "(the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')) = \infty")
                        case True
                        then show ?thesis
                          by simp
                      next
                         case False
                        hence "∃b. (the (apply_component n (u ! n) e')) = enat (Suc
b)" using < (the (apply_component n (u ! n) e'))\neq 0>
                          by (metis enat.exhaust old.nat.exhaust zero_enat_def)
                         then show ?thesis using ⟨∃a. e!n = enat (Suc a)⟩ upd_v
                           by (metis Suc_le_eq diff_Suc_1 enat_ord_simps(1) idiff_enat_enat
less_Suc_eq_le one_enat_def)
```

```
qed
                    qed
                  qed
                qed
                also have "... = (the (apply_component n plus_one e')) -1" using
plus_one True by simp
                also have "... = the (Some ((e'!n)+1)) -1" using apply_component.simps
                also have "... = (e'!n +1) -1"
                  using True <n < length (inv_upd u e) > assms(1) plus_one by fastforce
                also have "... = e'!n"
                proof(cases "e'!n = \infty")
                  case True
                  then show ?thesis
                    by simp
                next
                  case False
                  then show ?thesis
                    by (simp add: add.commute)
                finally show ?thesis .
              next
                case False
                then show ?thesis using plus_one A by simp
              qed
            qed
          qed
        qed
      qed
    ged
  qed
  have apply_inv_is_possible_inv: "\u00e9u v. length u = length v ⇒ valid_update u
\implies inv_upd u v \in possible_inv u v"
  using leq_up_inv inv_not_none_then inv_not_none by blast
  show "energy_Min (possible_inv u e) \subseteq {the (apply_inv_update u e)}"
    using apply_inv_leq_possible_inv apply_inv_is_possible_inv energy_Min_def assms
    by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) Collect_cong insert_iff mem_Collect_eq subsetI)
  \verb|show| "\{the (apply_inv_update u e)\} \subseteq energy_Min (possible_inv u e)"|
    using apply_inv_leq_possible_inv apply_inv_is_possible_inv energy_Min_def
    by (smt (verit, ccfv_SIG) <energy_Min (possible_inv u e) ⊆ {the (apply_inv_update
u e)}> assms(1) assms(2) energy_leq.strict_trans1 insert_absorb mem_Collect_eq subset_iff
subset_singletonD)
qed
We now show that apply_inv_update u is decreasing.
lemma inv_up_leq:
  assumes "apply_update u e \neq None" and "valid_update u"
  shows "(inv_upd u (upd u e)) e = e"
  unfolding energy_leq_def proof
  from assms(1) have "length e = length u"
    by (metis apply_update.simps)
```

```
hence "length (the (apply_update u e)) = length u" using len_appl assms(1)
    by presburger
  hence "(apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))) \( \neq \) None"
    using inv_not_none by presburger
  thus "length (the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e)))) = length e" using
len_inv_appl <length (the (apply_update u e)) = length u> <length e = length u>
    by presburger
  show "∀n<length (the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e)))).</pre>
       the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))) ! n \le e ! n "
  proof
    fix n
    the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))) ! n \le e ! n"
      assume "n < length (the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))))"</pre>
      hence "n < length e"
        using <length (the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e)))) = length</pre>
e> by auto
      show "the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))) ! n ≤ e ! n"
      proof-
        have "the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))) !n = (map (\lambdan. apply_inv_compor
n u (the (apply_update u e))) [0..<length (the (apply_update u e))]) ! n " using
apply_inv_update.simps
          using <length (the (apply_update u e)) = length u> <length e = length
u> option.sel by auto
        hence A: "the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))) !n = apply_inv_component
n u (the (apply_update u e))"
          by (metis <length (the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))))
= length e> <length (the (apply_update u e)) = length u> <length e = length u>
<n < length (the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))))> diff_diff_left
length_upt nth_map nth_upt plus_nat.add_0 zero_less_diff)
        have "apply_inv_component n u (the (apply_update u e)) \leq e ! n" proof-
          have "\forall x \in \text{set (map } (\lambda(m, up)). (case up of
                zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n) else 0) |
                minus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)+1 else
0) |
                min_{set} A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) m) else
0) |
                plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0)
                )) (List.enumerate 0 u)). x < e ! n"
          proof
            fix x
            assume X: "x \in set (map (\lambda(m, up).
                           case up of zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update
u e)) n) else 0)
                           | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then the (apply_update u e) !
n + 1 else 0
                           | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then the (apply_update u e) !
m else 0|
                plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0))
                    (List.enumerate 0 u))"
            hence "\existsm < length (List.enumerate 0 u). x = (map (\lambda(m, up).
```

```
case up of zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update
u e)) n) else 0)
                             | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then the (apply_update u e) !
n + 1 else 0
                             | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then the (apply_update u e) !
m else 0 |
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0))
                     (List.enumerate 0 u)) ! m" using in_set_conv_nth
               by (metis (no_types, lifting) length_map)
             from this obtain m where "m < length (List.enumerate 0 u)" and "x =
(map (\lambda(m, up).
                             case up of zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update
u e)) n) else 0)
                             | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then the (apply_update u e) !
n + 1 else 0
                             | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then the (apply_update u e) !
m else 0 |
                  plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0))
                     (List.enumerate 0 u)) ! m" by auto
             hence "x = (\lambda(m, up).
                             case up of zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update
u e)) n) else 0)
                             | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then the (apply_update u e) !
n + 1 else 0
                             | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then the (apply_update u e) !
m else 0 |
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0))
                     ((List.enumerate 0 u) ! m)" using nth_map <m < length (List.enumerate
0 u)>
               by simp
             hence X: "x= (\lambda(m, up).
                             case up of zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update
u e)) n) else 0)
                             | minus_one \Rightarrow if n = m then the (apply_update u e) !
n + 1 else 0
                             | min_set A \Rightarrow if n \in A then the (apply_update u e) !
m else 0 |
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0))
                     (m, (u ! m))"
               by (metis (no_types, lifting) <m < length (List.enumerate 0 u) > add_cancel_left_
length_enumerate nth_enumerate_eq)
             consider (zero) "u ! m = zero" | (minus_one) "u ! m = minus_one" | (min)
"\exists A. u !m = min_set A" | (plus_one) "u!m = plus_one"
               using update_component.exhaust by auto
             thus "x \le e ! n" proof(cases)
               case zero
               hence "x = (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n) else 0)"
using X by simp
                 then show ?thesis proof(cases "n=m")
```

```
case True
                  hence "x= upd u e ! n"
                    by (simp add: \langle x = (if n = m then upd u e ! n else 0) \rangle)
                  also have "... = the (apply_component n (u!n) e)"
                    using <n < length e> apply_to_comp_n assms(1) by auto
                  also have "... = the (apply_component n zero e)" using zero True
by simp
                  also have "... = e!n"
                    by simp
                  finally show ?thesis by auto
                next.
                  case False
                  hence "x= 0"
                    by (simp add: \langle x = (if n = m then upd u e ! n else 0) \rangle)
                  then show ?thesis by simp
                qed
              next
                case minus_one
                then show ?thesis proof(cases "m=n")
                  case True
                  hence "u ! n = minus_one" using minus_one by simp
                  have "(apply_component n (u ! n) e) \neq None" using assms(1) those_all_Some
apply_update.simps apply_component.simps <n < length e>
                    by (smt (verit) add_cancel_right_left length_map map_nth nth_map
nth_upt)
                  hence "e ! n > 0" using <u ! n = minus_one > by auto
                  hence "((e!n) -1 )+1 = e!n" proof(cases "e ! n = \infty")
                    case True
                    then show ?thesis by simp
                  next
                    case False
                    hence "\existsb. e ! n = enat b" by simp
                    from this obtain b where "e ! n = enat b" by auto
                    hence "\existsb'. b = Suc b'" using \langlee ! n > 0>
                      by (simp add: not0_implies_Suc zero_enat_def)
                    from this obtain b' where "b = Suc b' " by auto
                    hence "e ! n = enat (Suc b')" using <e ! n = enat b> by simp
                    hence "(e!n)-1 = enat b'
                     by (metis eSuc_enat eSuc_minus_1)
                    hence "((e!n) -1)+1 = enat (Suc b')"
                      using eSuc_enat plus_1_eSuc(2) by auto
                    then show ?thesis using <e ! n = enat (Suc b') > by simp
                  qed
                  from True have "x = (the (apply_update u e) ! n) +1" using X minus_one
by simp
                  also have "... = (the (apply_component n (u ! n) e)) +1" using
apply_to_comp_n assms
                    e)))) = length e> <n < length (the (apply_inv_update u (the (apply_update u e))))>
by presburger
                  also have "... = ((e !n) -1 ) +1" using <u ! n = minus_one > assms
those_all_Some apply_update.simps apply_component.simps
                    using <0 < e ! n> by auto
                  finally have "x = e ! n using < ((e!n) -1) + 1 = e!n > by simp
                  then show ?thesis by simp
```

```
next
                   case False
                   hence "x = 0" using X minus_one by simp
                   then show ?thesis
                     by simp
                 qed
              next
                 case min
                from this obtain A where "u ! m = min set A" by auto
                hence "A\neq{} \wedge A \subseteq {x. x < length e}" using assms
                   by (simp add: <length e = length u>)
                 then show ?thesis proof(cases "n \in A")
                   case True
                   hence "x = the (apply_update u e) ! m" using X <u ! m = min_set</pre>
A> by simp
                   also have "... = (the (apply_component n (u ! m) e))" using apply_to_comp_n
                     by (metis <length e = length u> <m < length (List.enumerate
0 u) > <u ! m = min_set A > apply_component.simps(3) assms(1) length_enumerate)
                   also have "... = (min_list (nths e A))" using <u ! m = min_set</pre>
A> apply_component.simps by simp
                   also have "... = Min (set (nths e A))" using \langle A \neq \{\} \land A \subseteq \{x.\}
x < length e}> min_list_Min
                     by (smt (z3) True <n < length e> less_zeroE list.size(3) mem_Collect_eq
set_conv_nth set_nths)
                   also have "... \leq e!n" using True Min_le \langle A \neq \{\} \land A \subseteq \{x. x < \} \rangle
length e}>
                     using List.finite_set <n < length e> set_nths by fastforce
                   finally show ?thesis .
                 next
                   case False
                   hence "x = 0" using X <u ! m = min_set A> by simp
                   then show ?thesis by simp
                 ged
               next
                 case plus_one
                 hence X: "x= (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0)" using X
                   by simp
                 then show ?thesis
                 proof(cases "n=m")
                   case True
                   hence X: "x=(nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1" using X by simp
                   have "nth (the (apply_update u e)) n = the (apply_component n
(u!n) e)" using apply_update.simps
                     using <n < length e> apply_to_comp_n assms(1) by auto
                   also have "... = the (apply_component n plus_one e)" using plus_one
True by simp
                   also have "... = (e ! n + 1)" unfolding apply_component.simps
                   finally have "x = (e ! n + 1)-1" using X
                     by simp
                   then show ?thesis
                     by (simp add: add.commute)
                 next
                   case False
```

```
hence "x = 0" using X plus one by simp
                   then show ?thesis by simp
                 qed
               qed
             qed
          hence leq: "\forall x \in (\text{set (map }(\lambda(\texttt{m,up})). (\text{case up of }))
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n) else 0) |
                 minus one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply update u e)) n)+1 else
0) [
                 min_set A \Rightarrow (if n\inA then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) m) else
0) |
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0))) (List.enumerate 0 u))). x \le e ! n" by blast
          have "apply_inv_component n u (the (apply_update u e)) = Max (set (map
(\lambda(m,up)). (case up of
                 zero \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n) else 0) |
                 minus one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply update u e)) n)+1 else
0) [
                 min\_set A \Rightarrow (if n \in A then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) m) else
0)|
                 plus_one \Rightarrow (if n=m then (nth (the (apply_update u e)) n)-1 else
0))) (List.enumerate 0 u)))" using apply_inv_component.simps
             by blast
          also have "... \leq e! n" using leq Max_le_iff
             by (smt (verit) List.finite_set <length e = length u> <n < length e>
empty_iff length_enumerate length_map nth_mem)
          finally show ?thesis .
        thus ?thesis using A by presburger
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed
We now conclude that for any valid update the functions e \mapsto \min\{e' \mid e \le u(e')\} and u
form a Galois connection between the domain of u and the set of energies of the same
length as u w.r.t to the component-wise order.
lemma galois_connection:
  assumes "apply_update u e' \neq None" and "length e = length e'" and
           "valid_update u"
  shows "(inv_upd u e) e \le e' = e \in (upd u e')"
  show "energy_leq (the (apply_inv_update u e)) e' \Longrightarrow energy_leq e (upd u e')"
  proof-
    assume A: "energy_leq (the (apply_inv_update u e)) e'
    from assms(1) have "length u = length e" using apply_update.simps assms(2) by
    hence leq: "energy_leq e (the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e))))"
using leq_up_inv assms(3) inv_not_none
      by presburger
    have "(apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e))) \neq None" using <length u
= length e>
```

```
using inv_not_none inv_not_none_then by blast
    hence "energy_leq (the (apply_update u (the (apply_inv_update u e)))) (the (apply_update
u e'))" using A updates_monotonic
      using <length u = length e > assms(3) inv_not_none len_inv_appl by presburger
    thus "energy_leq e (the (apply_update u e'))" using leq
      using energy_leq.trans by blast
  qed
  show "energy_leq e (the (apply_update u e')) \Rightarrow energy_leq (the (apply_inv_update
u e)) e' "
  proof-
    assume A: "energy_leq e (the (apply_update u e'))"
    have "apply_inv_update u e \neq None" using assms
      by (metis apply_update.simps inv_not_none)
    have "length u = length e" using assms
     by (metis apply_update.elims)
     \begin{center}  from A have "e' \in possible_inv u e" \end{center} 
     using assms(1) mem_Collect_eq by auto
    thus "energy_leq (the (apply_inv_update u e)) e'" using apply_inv_is_min assms
<length u = length e> energy_Min_def
      by (smt (verit) A Collect_cong energy_leq.strict_trans1 inv_up_leq inverse_monotonic
len_appl)
  qed
qed
end
```

## 7 Galois Energy Games over Naturals

```
theory Natural_Galois_Energy_Game
imports Energy_Game Energy_Order Decidability Update
begin
```

We now define Galois energy games over vectors of naturals with the component-wise order. We formalise this in this theory as an energy\_game with a fixed dimension. In particular, we assume all updates to have an upward-closed domain (as domain\_upw\_closed) and be length-preserving (as upd\_preserves\_length). We assume the latter for the inversion of updates too (as inv\_preserves\_length) and assume that the inversion of an update is a total mapping from energies to the domain of the update (as domain\_inv). (This corresponds to section 4.2 in the preprint [6].)

```
locale natural_galois_energy_game = energy_game attacker weight application
          attacker :: "'position set" and
          weight :: "'position \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow 'label option" and
          application :: "'label \Rightarrow energy \Rightarrow energy option" and
          inverse_application :: "'label \Rightarrow energy \Rightarrow energy option"
  fixes dimension :: "nat"
  assumes
    domain_upw_closed: "\bigwedgep p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e e\leq e' \Longrightarrow application
(the (weight p p')) e \neq None \implies application (the (weight p p')) e' \neq None"
    and updgalois: "\bigwedge p p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p
p')) e \neq None \Longrightarrow length (the (application (the (weight p p')) e)) = length e"
    and inv_preserves_length: "\bigwedgep p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow length e = dimension
⇒ length (the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e)) = length e"
     and domain_inv: "\bigwedgep p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow length e = dimension \Longrightarrow (inverse_application)
(the (weight p p')) e) \neq None \wedge application (the (weight p p')) (the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e)) \neq None"
     and galois: "\bigwedge p p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p
p')) e' \neq None \Longrightarrow length e = dimension \Longrightarrow length e' = dimension \Longrightarrow (the (inverse_applicatio
(the (weight p p')) e)) e\leq e' = e e\leq (the (application (the (weight p p')) e'))"
sublocale natural_galois_energy_game ⊆ galois_energy_game attacker weight application
inverse_application "{e::energy. length e = dimension}" energy_leq "\lambdas. energy_sup
dimension s"
proof
  show "wqo_on energy_leq {e::energy. length e = dimension}"
    using Energy_Order.energy_leq_wqo .
  show "\land set s'. set \subseteq {e::energy. length e = dimension} \Longrightarrow finite set \Longrightarrow energy_sup
dimension set \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \land (\foralls. s \in set \longrightarrow energy leq
s (energy_sup dimension set)) \land (s' \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \land (\foralls.
s \in set \longrightarrow energy\_leq s s') \longrightarrow energy\_leq (energy\_sup dimension set) s')"
  proof-
    show "\lands'. set \subseteq {e::energy. length e = dimension} \Longrightarrow finite set \Longrightarrow energy_sup
dimension set \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \land (\foralls. s \in set \longrightarrow energy_leq
s (energy_sup dimension set)) \land (s' \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \land (\foralls.
\texttt{s} \, \in \, \texttt{set} \, \longrightarrow \, \texttt{energy\_leq} \, \, \texttt{s} \, \, \texttt{s'}) \, \longrightarrow \, \texttt{energy\_leq} \, \, \texttt{(energy\_sup dimension set)} \, \, \texttt{s'}) \texttt{"}
    proof
       fix s'
       assume "set \subseteq {e. length e = dimension}" and "finite set"
       show "energy_sup dimension set \in {e. length e = dimension}"
```

```
unfolding energy_sup_def
         by simp
       \verb"show" (\forall \verb"s." s \in \verb"set" \longrightarrow \verb"energy_leq" s (energy_sup dimension set)) \land (\verb"s"` \in \{e::energy."
length e = dimension\} \land (\forall s. s \in set \longrightarrow energy\_leq s s') \longrightarrow energy\_leq (energy\_sup)
dimension set) s')"
       proof
          show "(\foralls. s \in set \longrightarrow s e\leq energy_sup dimension set)"
            using energy_sup_is_sup(1) <set ⊆ {e. length e = dimension}>
          show "s' \in {e. length e = dimension} \land (\foralls. s \in set \longrightarrow s e\leq s') \longrightarrow energy_sup
dimension set e≤ s' "
          proof
            assume "s' \in {e. length e = dimension} \land (\foralls. s \in set \longrightarrow s e\leq s')"
            show "energy_sup dimension set e≤ s'"
            proof(rule energy_sup_is_sup(2))
               show "\landa. a \in set \Longrightarrow a e\leq s'"
                 by (simp add: \langle s' \in \{e. length \ e = dimension\} \land (\forall s. s \in set \longrightarrow for add)
s e≤ s')>)
               show "length s' = dimension"
                 using \langle s' \in \{e. \text{ length } e = \text{ dimension}\} \land (\forall s. s \in \text{set } \longrightarrow s e \langle s' \rangle) \rangle
by auto
            qed
          qed
       qed
    qed
  qed
  show "\lande e'. e \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \Longrightarrow e e\le e' \Longrightarrow e' \in {e::energy.
length e = dimension}"
    unfolding Energy_Order.energy_leq_def by simp
  show "\bigwedgep p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p p')) e \neq None
\implies e \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \implies (the (application (the (weight p p'))
e)) ∈ {e::energy. length e = dimension}"
    using inv_preserves_length
    by (simp add: updgalois)
  show "\bigwedge p p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e \in {e::energy. length e = dimension}
\implies (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e) \neq None \land (the (inverse_application
(the (weight p p')) e)) \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \land application (the (weight
p p')) (the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e)) \( \neq \text{None"} \)
    using inv_preserves_length domain_inv by simp
  show "\bigwedgep p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow energy_leq e e' \Longrightarrow application (the
(weight p p')) e \neq None \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p p')) e' \neq None"
    using local.domain_upw_closed .
  show "\bigwedge p p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow application (the (weight p p')) e'

\neq None \implies e \in {e::energy. length e = dimension} \implies e' \in {e::energy. length e
= dimension} \Longrightarrow energy_leq (the (inverse_application (the (weight p p')) e)) e'
= energy_leq e (the (application (the (weight p p')) e'))"
    using galois by simp
qed
locale natural_galois_energy_game_decidable = natural_galois_energy_game attacker
```

```
for attacker :: "'position set" and
      weight :: "'position \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow 'label option" and
      application :: "'label \Rightarrow energy \Rightarrow energy option" and
       inverse_application :: "'label \Rightarrow energy \Rightarrow energy option" and
      dimension :: "nat"
assumes nonpos_eq_pos: "nonpos_winning_budget = winning_budget" and
         finite_positions: "finite positions"
sublocale natural_galois_energy_game_decidable ⊆ galois_energy_game_decidable attacker
weight application inverse_application "{e::energy. length e = dimension}" energy_leq
"\lambdas. energy_sup dimension s"
proof
  show "nonpos_winning_budget = winning_budget" and "finite positions" using nonpos_eq_pos
finite_positions by auto
Bisping's only considers declining energy games over vectors of naturals. We generalise
this by considering all valid updates. We formalise this in this theory as an energy_game
with a fixed dimension and show that such games are Galois energy games.
locale bispings_energy_game = energy_game attacker weight apply_update
  for attacker :: "'position set" and
      weight :: "'position \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow update option"
  fixes dimension :: "nat"
  assumes
    valid_updates: "\forall p. \forall p'. ((weight p p' \neq None )
                       → ((length (the (weight p p')) = dimension)
                      ^ valid_update (the (weight p p'))))"
sublocale bispings_energy_game ⊆ natural_galois_energy_game attacker weight apply_update
apply_inv_update dimension
proof
  show "\bigwedgep p' e e'. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow e e\leq e' \Longrightarrow apply_w p p' e \neq None \Longrightarrow
apply_w p p' e' \neq None"
    using upd_domain_upward_closed
    by blast
  show "\bigwedgep p' e. weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow apply_w p p' e \neq None \Longrightarrow length (upd
(the (weight p p')) e) = length e"
    using len_appl
    by simp
  show "∧p p' e. weight p p' ≠ None ⇒ length e = dimension ⇒ length (inv_upd
(the (weight p p')) e) = length e"
    using len_inv_appl valid_updates
    by blast
  show "\p p' e.
       weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow
        length e = dimension \Longrightarrow
        apply_inv_update (the (weight p p')) e \( \int \) None \( \lambda \) apply_w p p' (inv_upd (the
(weight p p')) e) ≠ None"
    using inv_not_none inv_not_none_then
    using valid_updates by presburger
  show "\bigwedge p p' e e'.
       weight p p' \neq None \Longrightarrow
       apply_w p p' e' \neq None \Longrightarrow
        length e = dimension \Longrightarrow
```

```
length e' = dimension \implies inv_upd (the (weight p p')) e e\le e' = e e\le upd
(the (weight p p')) e'"
    using galois_connection
    by (metis valid_updates)
qed
locale bispings_energy_game_decidable = bispings_energy_game attacker weight dimension
  for attacker :: "'position set" and
      weight :: "'position \Rightarrow 'position \Rightarrow update option" and
      dimension :: "nat"
assumes nonpos_eq_pos: "nonpos_winning_budget = winning_budget" and
        finite_positions: "finite positions"
{\tt sublocale} bispings_energy_game_decidable \subseteq natural_galois_energy_game_decidable
attacker weight apply_update apply_inv_update dimension
proof
  show "nonpos_winning_budget = winning_budget" using nonpos_eq_pos.
  show "finite positions" using finite_positions .
qed
end
```

### 8 References

### References

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- [2] T. Brihaye and A. Goeminne. Multi-weighted reachability games. In *Reachability Problems*, volume 14235 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 85–97. Springer Nature Switzerland, 2023.
- [3] M. Erné, J. Koslowski, A. Melton, and G. E. Strecker. A primer on galois connections. *Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences*, 704(1):103–125, 1993.
- [4] M. Künnemann, F. Mazowiecki, L. Schütze, H. Sinclair-Banks, and K. Węgrzycki. Coverability in vass revisited: Improving rackoffs bound to obtain conditional optimality. 261:131:1–131:20, 2023.
- [5] C. Lemke. A formal proof of decidability of multi-weighted declining energy games. Master's thesis, Technische Universität Berlin, 2024.
- [6] C. Lemke and B. Bisping. Galois energy games: To solve all kinds of quantitative reachability problems, 2025.

# A Appendix

#### A.1 List Lemmas

```
theory List Lemmas
 imports Main
begin
In this theory some simple equalities about lists are established.
lemma len_those:
 assumes "those 1 \neq None"
 shows "length (the (those 1)) = length 1"
using assms proof(induct 1)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons a 1)
 hence "∃x. a = Some x" using those.simps
   using option.collapse by fastforce
 then obtain x where "a=Some x" by auto
 hence AL: "those (a#1) = map_option (Cons x) (those 1)" using those.simps by auto
 hence "those 1 \neq None" using assms Cons.prems by auto
 hence "length (the (those 1)) = length 1" using Cons by simp
 then show ?case using AL <those 1 \neq \text{None} by (simp add: option.map_sel)
lemma the_those_n:
 assumes "those (1:: 'a option list) \neq None" and "(n::nat) < length 1"
 shows "(the (those 1)) ! n = the (1 ! n)"
 using assms proof (induct 1 arbitrary: n)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
 case (Cons a 1)
 from assms(1) have l_notNone: "those 1 \neq None" using those.simps(2)
   by (metis (no_types, lifting) Cons.prems(1) option.collapse option.map_disc_iff
option.simps(4) option.simps(5))
 from assms(1) have "∃b. a=Some b" using those.simps
   using Cons.prems(1) not_None_eq by fastforce
 from this obtain b where "a=Some b" by auto
 hence those_al: "those (a#1) = (Some (b# (the (those 1))))" using those.simps
l_notNone by simp
 then show ?case proof(cases "n=0")
   case True
   have "the (those (a # 1)) ! n = the (Some (b# (the (those 1)))) ! n" using those_al
nth_def by simp
   also have "... = b" using True by simp
   also have "... = the ((a # 1) ! n)" using <a=Some b> True by simp
   finally show ?thesis .
 next
   case False
   hence "∃m. n= Suc m" using old.nat.exhaust by auto
   from this obtain m where "n = Suc m" by auto
   hence "m < length 1" using assms(2) Cons.prems(2) by auto
   hence "the (those 1) ! m = the (1 ! m)" using Cons 1 notNone by simp
   hence A: "the (those 1) ! m = the ((a#1) ! n)" using <n = Suc m> by auto
```

```
have "the (those 1) ! m = the (those (a # 1)) ! n" using <n = Suc m> those.simps(2)
those_al nth_def
      by simp
    then show ?thesis using A by simp
  qed
qed
lemma those_all_Some:
  assumes "those 1 \neq None" and "n < length 1"
  shows "(1 ! n)≠None"
  using assms proof(induct l arbitrary:n)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a 1)
  from assms(1) have 1_notNone: "those 1 \neq None" using those.simps(2)
    by (metis (no_types, lifting) Cons.prems(1) option.collapse option.map_disc_iff
option.simps(4) option.simps(5))
  from assms(1) have "∃b. a=Some b" using those.simps
    using Cons.prems(1) not None eq by fastforce
  from this obtain b where "a=Some b" by auto
   then show ?case proof(cases "n=0")
     case True
     then show ?thesis using <a=Some b> by fastforce
   next
     case False
     hence "∃m. n= Suc m" using old.nat.exhaust by auto
     from this obtain m where "n = Suc m" by auto
     hence "m < length 1" using assms(2) Cons.prems(2) by auto
     hence "l ! m \neq None" using Cons l_notNone by simp
     then show ?thesis using <n = Suc m> by simp
   aed
qed
lemma nth_map_enumerate:
  shows "n < length xs \implies (map f (List.enumerate 0 xs))!n = f((List.enumerate 0
xs)!n)"
proof (induct xs arbitrary: n)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  then show ?case using less_Suc_eq_0_disj
    by (metis length_enumerate nth_map)
qed
lemma those_map_not_None:
  assumes "\forall n< length xs. f (xs ! n) \neq None"
  shows "those (map f xs) \neq None"
using assms proof (induct xs)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
  case (Cons a xs)
  hence "f ((a # xs) ! 0) \neq None" using Cons(2) by auto
  hence "∃b. f a = Some b" by auto
```

```
from this obtain b where "f a = Some b" by auto
  have "those (map f xs) \neq None" using Cons(1) assms those.simps
   by (smt (verit) Cons.prems Ex_less_Suc length_Cons less_trans_Suc nth_Cons_Suc)
  then show ?case using those.simps <f a = Some b>
    by (simp add: option.simps(5))
qed
lemma last len:
  assumes "length xs = Suc n"
  shows "last xs = xs ! n"
  using assms proof(induct xs arbitrary: n)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  show ?case proof(cases "xs = Nil")
   case True
   then show ?thesis
     using Cons.prems by auto
 next
    case False
   hence "∃m. n = Suc m" using Cons
     using not0_implies_Suc by auto
   from this obtain m where "n = Suc m" by auto
   hence "length xs = Suc m" using Cons by simp
   have "last (a#xs) = last xs"
     using False by simp
    also have "... = xs ! m" using Cons <length xs = Suc m> by simp
    also have "... = (a#xs) ! (Suc m)" by simp
    finally show ?thesis using <n = Suc m> by simp
  qed
qed
end
```