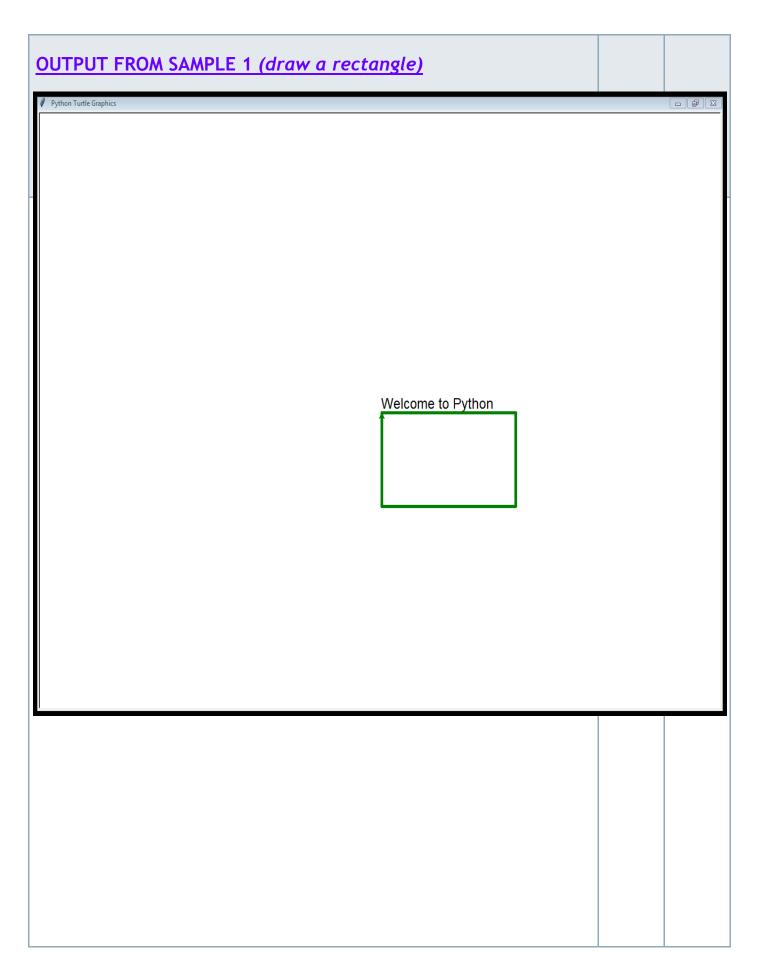
#### **SAMPLE - PYTHON GRAPHICS**



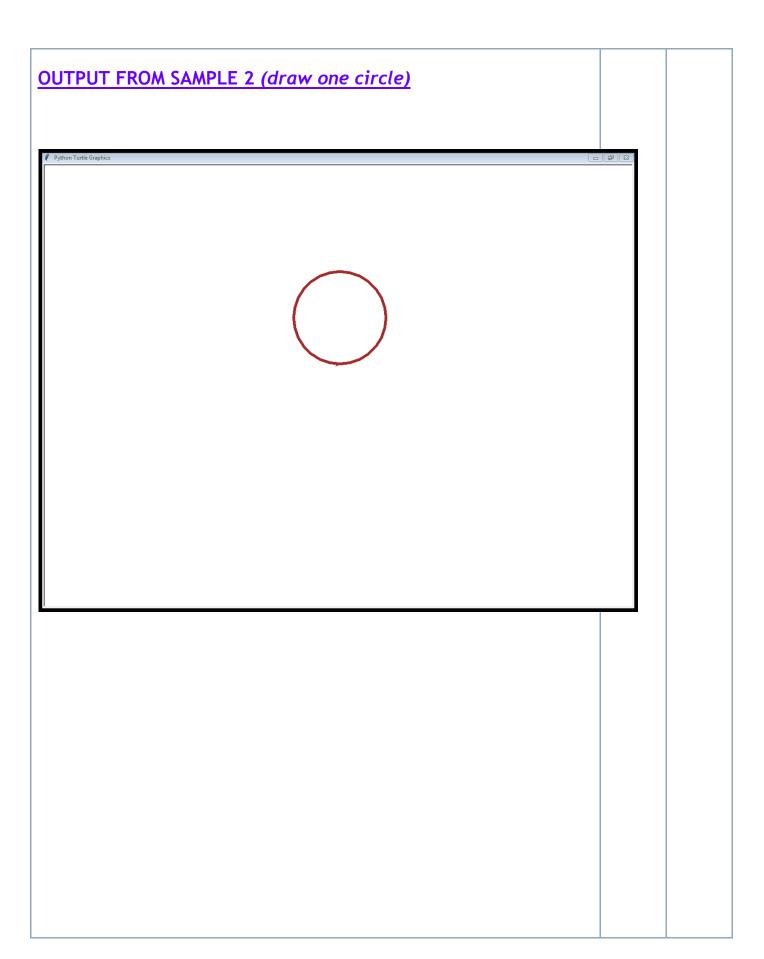
<u>Description</u> : The purpose of this assignment is to explore some of the graphic features of Python. You will study several of the attached sample programs to explore the different graphic features of Python	Score	Your Score
Chapters 2 -6 contains quite a bit of other examples.		
1. Also study the following examples carefully and make sure you understand how to create your own design or update a graphical design.		
SAMPLE 1 (Rectangle)		

# Programmer: Prof. Parham # Program Name: Sample 1 Graphics in Python # Date Written: October 15, 2013 Illustrating some of the basic methods and functions used with the turtle module/library This Python sample program draws a square shape with a welcome message at the top of the square. import turtle; ''' This command imports all functions defined in the turtle module and makes them available for you to use. ''' turtle.showturtle(); # displays current location and direction of the turtle (prompt) turtle.write("Welcome to Python ", font=("Arial", "18", "normal"));'''defines the font size and type, size before writing message''' turtle.color("green"); # defines line color of design as green turtle.width(5); # defines width of line color turtle.forward(250); # moves the turtle forward 250 pixels turtle.right(90); # moves turtle right 90 degrees (angle) turtle.forward(150); # moves turtle forward 150 pixels turtle.right(90); # moves turtle right 90 degrees (angle) turtle.forward(250); # moves the turtle forward 250 pixels turtle.right(90); # moves turtle right 90 degrees (angle) turtle.forward(150); # moves turtle forward 150 pixels #End Program



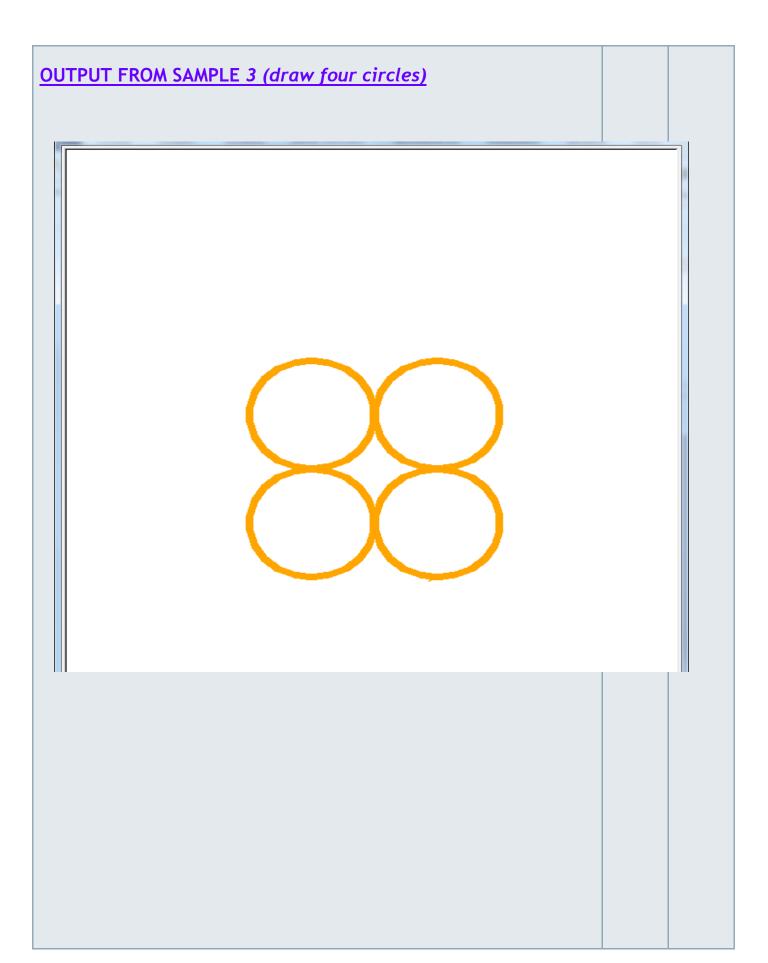
### **SAMPLE 2 (CIRCLE)**

```
# Programmer:
                Prof. Parham
# Program Name: Sample 2 - Drawing a Circle
# Date Written: October 15, 2013
# Draws a Circle displaying in the color RED
# Moving the pen to any location using the goto(x, y) function
# Using the penup(); pendown();
import tkinter; # built in GUI for creating graphics in python
import turtle; # built in module for creating basic graphical designs
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(0,50); # Moves turtle to absolute screen position 0, 50
turtle.pendown();
turtle.color("brown");
turtle.pensize(6);
turtle.circle(100); # Draw a circle with radius 100
# The statements below creates animation effect and the circle disappears
turtle.mode("logo");
turtle.colormode(255);
turtle.speed(0);
# End Program
```



## **SAMPLE 3 (Drawing four circles)**

```
Prof. Parham
# Programmer:
# Program Name: Sample 3 - Drawing 4 circles
# Date Written: October 15, 2013
# Sample Graphics drawing four different circles
# This program draws and connects 4 circles together
import turtle;
radius = eval(input("Enter radius (numeric value between (20-100): "));
# draws 1st circle
turtle.color("orange");
turtle.pensize(8);
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(-radius, 0);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(radius);
# draws 2nd circle immediately below or at the bottom of the first circle
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(-radius, -2 * radius);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(radius);
# draws 3rd circle immediately to the right of the first circle
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(radius, 0);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(radius);
# draws 4th circle immediately below the 3rd circle
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(radius, -2 * radius);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(radius);
input("Press any key to exit...")
 End program
```



### **SAMPLE 4 (Four Hexagons)**

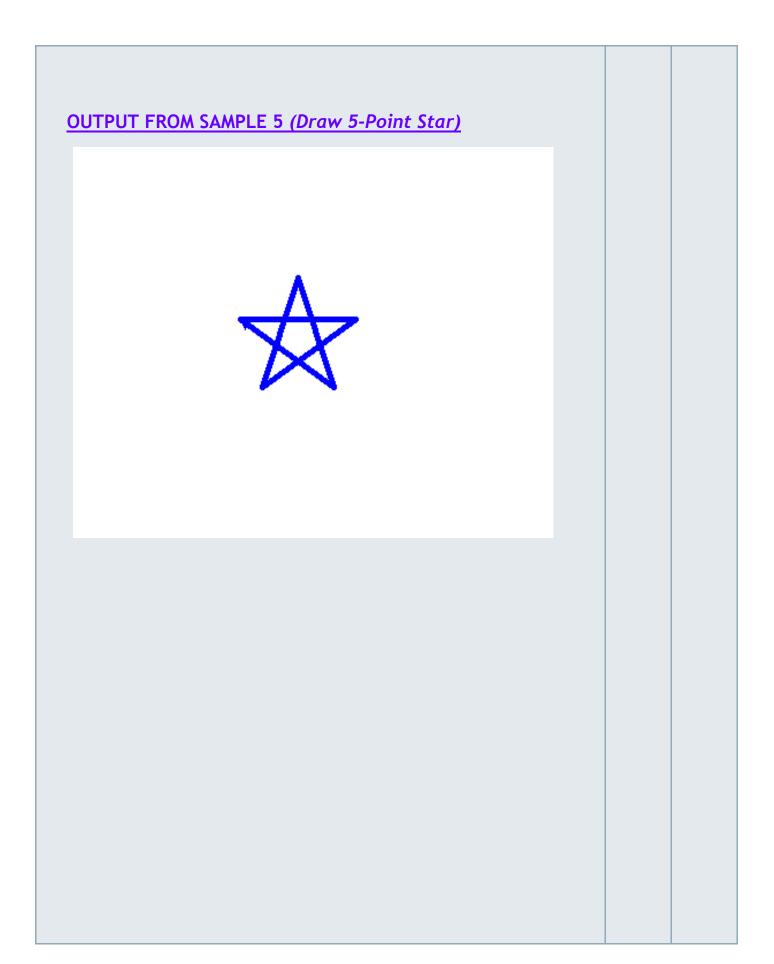
```
riie Luit Format Kun Options Windows Fielp
# Programmer:
               Prof. Parham
# Program Name: Sample 4 - Drawing 4 Hexagon shapes
# Date Written: October 15, 2013
# Sample Graphics drawing four different hexagons
# This program draws 4 different hexagon (6 sided shapes)
import turtle
turtle.pensize(6);
turtle.color("teal");
# Draws 1st hexagon shape
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(-50, 0)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.circle(50, steps = 6)
# Draws 2nd hexagon shape at bottom of first one
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(-50, -100)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.circle(50, steps = 6)
# Draws 3rd hexagon shape to the right of the first one
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(50, 0)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.circle(50, steps = 6)
# Draws 4th hexagon at bottom of 3rd shape
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(50, -100)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.circle(50, steps = 6)
input("Press any key to exit...")
#End Program
```

## **OUTPUT FROM SAMPLE 4(draw four hexagons)**



## **SAMPLE 5 (5-point Star)**

```
Prof. Parham
 Programmer:
# Program Name: Sample 5 - Drawing 5-Point Star
 Date Written: October 15, 2013
import turtle;
turtle.width(5);
turtle.color("blue");
turtle.forward(100);
turtle.right(144);
turtle.forward(100);
turtle.right(144);
turtle.forward(100);
turtle.right(144);
turtle.forward(100);
turtle.right(144);
turtle.forward(100);
#End Program
```



## **SAMPLE 6 (Olympic Rings Logo)**

```
# Drawing the Olympic Rings Logo
import turtle
turtle.width(10); # Changes pixels to a more pronounced, well defined display
turtle.color("blue");
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(-110, -25);
turtle.pendown();
turtle. circle(45);
turtle.color("black");
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(0, -25);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(45);()
turtle.color("red");
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(110, -25);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(45);
turtle.color("yellow");
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(-55, -75);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(45);
turtle.color("green");
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(55, -75);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.circle(45);
# End
```

**OUTPUT FROM SAMPLE 6 (Olympic Rings Logo)** 



## **SAMPLE 7 (Smiley Face)**

```
# This program draws a smiley face in the color purple
from turtle import *
import time;
speed(5); # draw fast (to make faster increase number)!
#right side of face
import turtle;
turtle.color("purple");
turtle.width(10); # Changes pixels to a more pronounced, well defined display
penup();
forward(75);
#draw an eye
pendown();
right (90);
circle(25);
circle(10);
#left side of face
penup();
right(90);
forward(150);
#draw an eye
pendown();
right(90);
circle(25);
circle(10);
#center and down
penup();
right (90);
forward(75);
right(90);
forward(50);
```

#### **CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE**

**SAMPLE 7 (Smiley Face Continued)** 

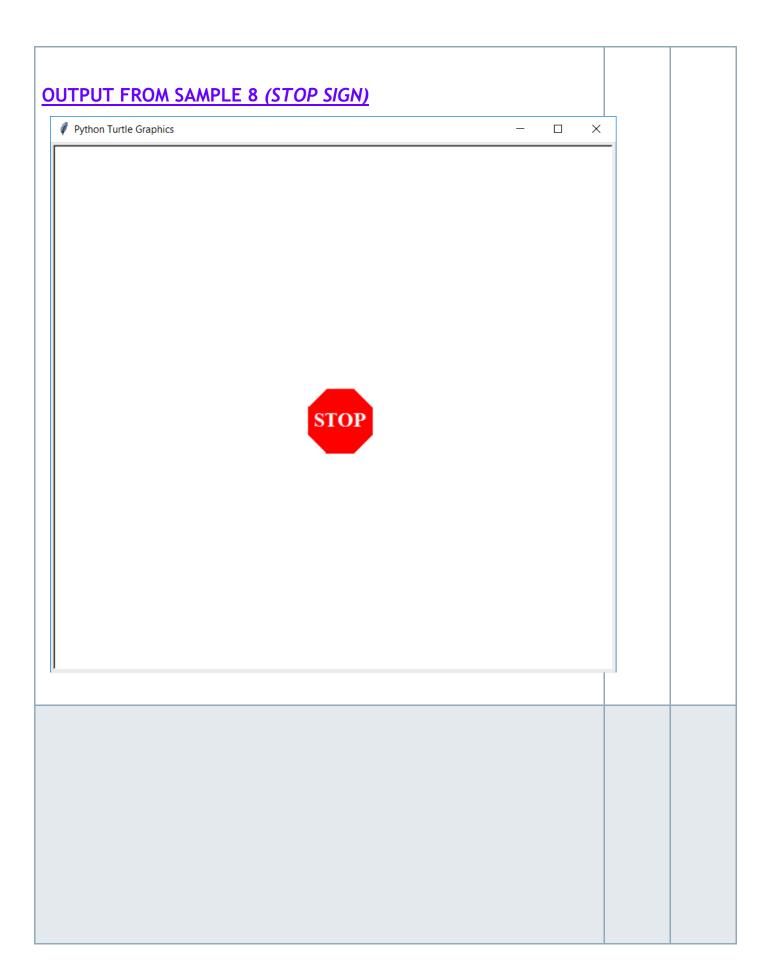
```
#draw a nose
pendown();
left(45);
forward(40);
right (135);
forward(56.56);
right(135);
forward(40);
#center, down, then 100 left
penup();
right (135);
forward(50);
right (90);
forward(100);
left(90); # need to face east
#smile
pendown();
circle(100, 180);
time.sleep(3); # hold for 3 seconds so we can see
# End Program
```

# **OUTPUT FROM SAMPLE 7 (Smiley Face)**



## SAMPLE 8 (STOP sign)

```
# Programmer:
                Prof. Parham
# Program Name: Sample 8 Drawing a stop sign (8-sided shape)
# Date WRitten: January 29, 2017
# This program draws a Traffic STOP sign
import turtle;
turtle.pensize(3);  # Set pen thickness to 3 pixels
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(20, -50);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.begin fill();  # Begin to fill color in a shape
turtle.color("red");
turtle.setheading(22);
turtle.circle(40, steps = 8) # Draw an Octagon
turtle.end fill(); # Fill the shape
turtle.color("white");
turtle.penup();
turtle.goto(-25, -25);
turtle.pendown();
turtle.write("STOP", font = ("Times", 18, "bold"));
turtle.hideturtle();
turtle.done();
# End Program
```



### **SAMPLE 9 (Cool Colorful Shapes)**

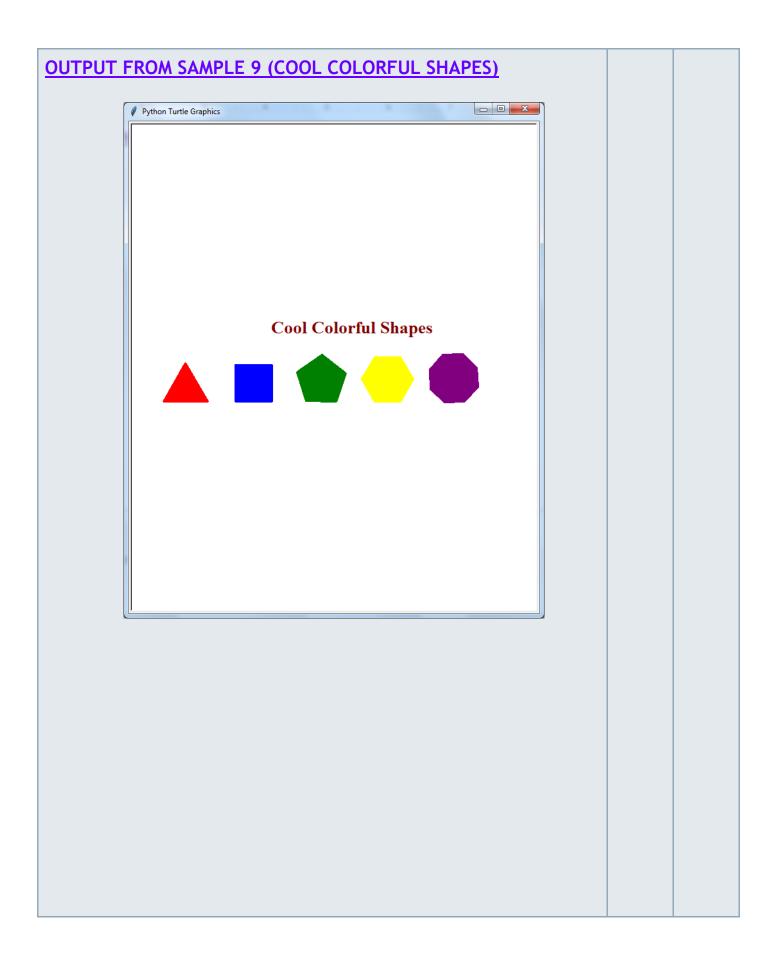
```
Programmer:
                Prof. Parham
 Program Name: Sample 9 - Drawing and coloring shapes
 Date Written: October 15, 2013
 This program colors / fills and draws five (5) shapes
# with bottom edges parallel to the x-axis
import turtle
# Color/Fill and Draw Triangle shape
turtle.pensize(3) # Set pen thickness to 3 pixels
turtle.penup() # Pull the pen up
turtle.goto(-200, -50)
turtle.setheading(60)
turtle.pendown() # Pull the pen down
turtle.begin_fill() # Begin to fill color in a shape
turtle.color("red")
turtle.circle(40, steps = 3) # Draw a triangle
turtle.end fill() # Fill the shape
# Color/Fill and Draw Square shape
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(-100, -50)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.begin_fill() # Begin to fill color in a shape
turtle.color("blue")
turtle.setheading(45)
turtle.circle(40, steps = 4) # Draw a square
turtle.end_fill() # Fill the shape
# Color/Fill and Draw pentagon shape
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(0, -50)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.begin fill() # Begin to fill color in a shape
turtle.color("green")
turtle.setheading(35)
turtle.circle(40, steps = 5) # Draw a pentagon
turtle.end fill() # Fill the shape
```

## SAMPLE 9 (COOL COLORFUL SHAPES) CONTINUE

#### **CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE**



```
# Color/Fill and Draw Hexagon shape
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(100, -50)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.begin fill() # Begin to fill color in a shape
turtle.color("yellow")
turtle.setheading(30)
turtle.circle(40, steps = 6) # Draw a hexagon
turtle.end fill() # Fill the shape
# Color/Fill and Draw Octagon Shape
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(200, -50)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.begin fill() # Begin to fill color in a shape
turtle.color("purple")
turtle.setheading(25)
turtle.circle(40, steps = 8) # Draw a circle
turtle.end fill() # Fill the shape
turtle.color("maroon")
turtle.penup()
turtle.goto(-100, 50)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.write("Cool Colorful Shapes", font = ("Times", 20, "bold"))
turtle.hideturtle()
turtle.done()
# End Program
```



## SAMPLE 10 (COLORS) → USING A FOR LOOP

```
# PROGRAM NAME: Sample program #10
 This program draws squres and changes the pen size and color (creates a color wheel)
from turtle import *
import time
colormode (255) # colors in range 0-255
# initialize variables
def initializeVariables():
    global blue, color inc, green, pen inc, pen limit, pen width, red, side length;
    blue = 50;
    color inc = 10;
    green = 0;
    pen inc = 1;
    pen limit = 5;
    pen_width = 1;
    red = 100;
    side length = 50;
# This function draws a square, side length, color fill tuple
def square(length, fill_tuple):
    fillcolor(fill tuple);
    begin fill();
    for count in range (0,4, 1):
        forward(length)
        right(90);
    end fill();
# Main Program
initializeVariables();
speed(0);
for count in range(0, 36, 1):
    square(side length, (red, green, blue));
    right(10);
    red = (red + color inc) % 255; # range 0-254
   blue = (blue + color inc) % 255
    green = (green + color inc) % 255
    side length = side length + 3;
    # range 1-pen limit
   pen width = ((pen width + pen inc) % pen limit) + 1;
   pensize (pen width);
time.sleep(5);
#End program
```

