# ECTester Quick Start Guide

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# **Table of Contents**

1. Introduction	1
About this Manual	1
Architectures	1
2. ECTester Setup	2
Requirements	2
ECTester Setup	2
3. Java SmartCards	3
Section title	3
4. Java Libraries	4
Section title	4
5. Native Libraries	5
Environmental variables	5
Build library shims	5
Build ECTesterStandalone.jar	6
Run the collection	
Plot the graphs	7
A. CVE Findings	
Java SmartCards	8
Java Libraries	8
Native Libraries	
Index	9

# **Chapter 1. Introduction**

ECTester is a Java based elliptic curve cryptography security testing and evaluation tool (ST&E) written by Ján Jančár. The tool tests behavior of elliptic curve cryptography implementations on JavaCards (TYPE\_EC\_FP and TYPE\_EC\_F2M) and selected software libraries.

ECTester has successfully tested a number of SmartCards and libraries, including XXX, YYY, ZZZ, Botan, Crypto++ and OpenSSL.

ECTester also produces heat maps to display the leaks as a dot density graph.

#### About this Manual

The ECTester book has five chapters. The first chapter details ECTester setup. The chapter discusses how to setup a rig to test Java and native libraries. The second chapter is Java SmartCards. The chapter discusses how to test Java SmartCards. The third chapter is Java libraries. The chapter discusses how to test Java libraries. The fourth chapter is Native libraries. The chapter discusses how to test native libraries like Botan, Crypto++ and OpenSSL. The final chapter is an appendix. The appendix provides CVE findings discovered in Java Smart-Cards, Java Libraries, and Native Libraries.

#### **Architectures**

The examples in the book use i686 and x86\_64 for testing. ECTester will work equally well on other architectures, like ARM, Aarch64 and PowerPC.

# Chapter 2. ECTester Setup

This chapter discusses system requirements and ECTester setup on Linux. Windows Setup will be similar to Linux.

## Requirements

ECTester is a Java based application. Java 8 is required to build and run the program. You should install the Java 8 SDK to install the Java compiler and other SDK tools. On Debian and derivatives install package XXX. On Red Hat and derivatives, Like Fedora, install java-1.8.0-openjdk and java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel packages.

In addition you should install ant package.

Java SmartCard testing requires XXX.

Java Libraries testing requires XXX.

Native Libraries testing requires common build tools, like make, a C or C++ compiler, an assembler, and a linker. You may also need Autotools like autoconf and automake, depending on the library.

On Debian and derivatives you can install the build-essentials package. On Red Hat systems, like CentOS and Fedora, you should install the gcc, gcc-c++, make, autoconf and automake packages.

# **ECTester Setup**

The source code for ECTester is located at crocs-muni GitHub. You can clone it with the following command.

git clone https://github.com/crocs-muni/ECTester

# **Chapter 3. Java SmartCards**

TODO: discuss testing Java SmartCards.

# **Section title**

TODO: discuss the details of testing Java SmartCards.

# **Chapter 4. Java Libraries**

TODO: discuss testing Java libraries.

# **Section title**

TODO: discuss the details of testing Java libraries.

# **Chapter 5. Native Libraries**

Many popular elliptic curve libraries are written in C, C++ and other languages. This chapter discusses how to test native libraries like Botan, Crypto++ and OpenSSL.

There are fours steps to test a native library using ECTester. The first step is build the ECTester shim library. The second step is build ECTesterStandalone.jar. The third step is running the collection to collect data. The fourth step is plot the graphs to visualize the data.

The steps below use Crypto++ as an example. You should use the appropriate library name when testing other libraries, such as BoringSSL, Botan, or OpenSSL.

#### **Environmental variables**

There are two important environmental variables that should be set. First, you should set JA-VA\_HOME. The tooling uses JAVA\_HOME to locate native Java library headers, like jni.h. Second, you should set PKG\_CONFIG\_PATH. The makefile uses PKG\_CONFIG\_PATH to locate a library's \*.pc file.

# **Build library shims**

There are two ways to build the shared libraries. First, from the ECTester and <code>jni/</code> directory, make using the <code>Makefile</code>.

```
cd src/cz/crcs/ectester/standalone/libs/jni
PKG_CONFIG_PATH=/usr/lib64/pkgconfig/ make cryptopp
```

Note the use of make <code>cryptopp</code> to build just the Crypto++ library. If all goes well then you should see output similar to the following.

```
g++ -I/usr/local/include -fPIC -I"/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-o penjdk-1.8.0.212.b04-0.fc30.x86_64/include" -I"/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.212.b04-0.fc30.x86_64/include/linux " -I. -O2 -c cryptopp.cpp g++ -fPIC -I"/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.212.b04-0.fc30.x86_64/include" -I"/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.212.b04-0.fc30.x86_64/include/linux" -I. -O2 -c cpp_utils.cpp cc -o lib_timing.so -shared -fPIC -I"/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.212.b04-0.fc30.x86_64/include" -I"/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.212.b04-0.fc30.x86_64/include" -I"/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.212.b04-0.fc30.x86_64/include/linux" -I. -O2 -Wl,-soname,lib_timing.so c_timing.c g++ -fPIC -shared -O2 -o cryptopp_provider.so -Wl,-rpath,/lib cryptopp.o cpp_utils.o -L. -L/usr/local/lib -lcryptopp -l:lib_timing.so
```

#### Tip

Crypto++ is unique among packages because it has different names depending on the distro. On Debian and derivatives, like Ubuntu, the library name is libcrypto++, and the development package with header files is crypto++-dev. On Red Hat and derivatives, like Fedora, the library name is cryptopp, and the development package with header files is cryptopp-devel.

If you need to change the library name then use sed on the file. For example, to change the makefile, run the command

```
sed -i 's/libcrypto++/libcryptopp/g' Makefile
```

Second, from the ECTester source code directory, use ant to build the source code.

```
ant -f build-standalone.xml libs
```

This will compile the shared libraries which ECTester uses via the Java Native Interface to work with native libraries. That makefile uses pkg-config to find Crypto++, so all of that should apply.

# **Build ECTesterStandalone.jar**

Build ECTesterStandalone.jar with ant -f build-standalone.xml jar, possibly run this twice. If all goes well then the build should finish with the message BUILD SUCCESS-FUL.

```
Buildfile: /home/test/ECTester/build-standalone.xml
-pre-init:
-init-private:
-init-user:
-do-jar-copylibs:
 [copylibs] Copy libraries to /home/test/ECTester/dist/lib.
 [copylibs] Building jar: /home/test/ECTester/dist/ECTesterS
tandalone.jar
     [echo] To run this application from the command line wi
thout Ant, try:
     [echo] java -jar "/home/test/ECTester/dist/ECTesterStan
dalone.jar"
. . .
jar:
BUILD SUCCESSFUL
Total time: 11 seconds
```

## Run the collection

Go to dist/ and run the collection.

```
cd dist/
java -jar ECTesterStandalone.jar list-libs
```

It should list Crypto++ as available, together with other libraries that ECTester was able to compile the shims for (they were available in the system) and with pure Java libraries. If it doesn't list Crypto++, something went wrong with the above steps.

Then do something like the following.

```
java -jar ECTesterStandalone.jar ecdsa \
  -n 500000 -nc secg/sect233r1 \
  -o out.csv Crypto++
```

That should perform 500k signatures over the sect233r1 curve and output the data into out.csv.

# Plot the graphs

Go to  $\mathtt{util/}$ , run the  $\mathtt{plot\_dsa.ipynb}$  Jupyter notebook and follow the instructions there to plot the ECDSA data from out.csv.

# **Appendix A. CVE Findings**

The tables below presents Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) found by ECTester.

## **Java SmartCards**

The table below shows vulnerabilities discovered in Java SmartCards.

SmartCard	CVE	Comment
Unknown	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown

## **Java Libraries**

The table below shows vulnerabilities discovered in Java libraries.

Library	CVE	Comment
BouncyCastle	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
Sun EC	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown

## **Native Libraries**

The table below shows vulnerabilities discovered in native libraries.

Library	CVE	Comment
BoringSSL	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
Botan	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
Crypto++	CVE-2019-14318	Information leaks in prime fields and binary curves.
Intel PPC	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
libgcrypt	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
libtomcrypt	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
MatrixSSL	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
MbedTLS	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
Microsoft CNG	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
OpenSSL	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown
wolfSSL	CVE-2019-NNNN	Unknown

# Index