SPECT Firmware

API Documentation
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Version history

Version Tag	Date	Author	Description
0.1	25.3.2024	Vit Masek	Initial version (copy from TROPIC01 functional specification)

Contents

1   SPECT Operations

SPECT provides several operations for CPU that the CPU uses to perform more complex tasks, e. g. execute L3 Command packets.

SPECT comes with two types of firmware:

- **Boot FW** – small firmware to support boot-up sequence of the chip.

- **Application FW** – firmware that is preloaded into SPECTs instruction memory during boot-up sequence and used in final application.

> **Note**
>
> Besides these, another set of SPECT operations is available for debug purposes. These operations do not rely on functionality of SCB, CPB nor KBUS.

CPU specifies SPECT operation and SPECT firmware parameters by writing **SPECT_CFG_WORD** on address 0x0100 of SPECTs address space (Data RAM In).

SPECT_CFG_WORD:

[31:16]	[15:8]	[7:0]
SPECT_OP_DATA_IN_SIZE	SPECT_INOUT_SRC	SPECT_OP_ID

CPU selects input data source via **SPECT_INOUT_SRC[7:4]**.

- **SPECT_INOUT_SRC[7:4]**=0x0 – SPECT operation takes input data from its Data RAM In.

- **SPECT_INOUT_SRC[7:4]**=0x4 – SPECT operation takes input data from Command Buffer.

CPU selects output data destination via **SPECT_INOUT_SRC[3:0]**.

- **SPECT_INOUT_SRC[3:0]**=0x1 – SPECT operation stores output data to its Data RAM Out.

- **SPECT_INOUT_SRC[3:0]**=0x5 – SPECT operation stores output data to Result Buffer.

CPU indicates number of bytes in Command Buffer or Data RAM In via **SPECT_OP_DATA_IN_SIZE** field.

After SPECT finishes current operation, CPU reads **SPECT_RES_WORD** from address 0x1100 in SPECTs address space (Data RAM Out).

SPECT_RES_WORD:

[31:16]	[15:8]	[7:0]
SPECT_OP_DATA_OUT_SIZE	–	SPECT_OP_STATUS

SPECT indicates status of the executed operation via **SPECT_OP_STATUS**. SPECT also indicates number of bytes in Data RAM Out or Result Buffer via **SPECT_OP_DATA_OUT_SIZE**.

> **Note**
>
> When SPECT executes operation that corresponds to one whole L3 Command packet (L3 Command packet is not split into multiple SPECT operations), then **SPECT_OP_DATA_IN_SIZE** = **CMD_SIZE** and **SPECT_OP_DATA_OUT_SIZE** = **RES_SIZE**.

Values of **SPECT_OP_STATUS** after SPECT operation execution can be following:

Value	Description
0x00	SPECT Operation executed successfully
0xF1	SPECT Context error
0xF2	SPECT KBUS error
0xF3	SPECT Invalid OP_ID error
0xF4	SPECT Invalid Curve Type error
0xF5	SPECT GRV error
0x11	X25519 Error: invalid priv key
0x12	X25519 Error: invalid pub key
0x21	ECDSA Error: invalid ECDSA nonce ($k \equiv 0 \pmod{q_{P256}}$)
0x22	ECDSA Error: invalid ECDSA r ($r \equiv 0 \pmod{q_{P256}}$)
0x23	ECDSA Error: invalid ECDSA s ($s \equiv 0 \pmod{q_{P256}}$)
0x24	ECDSA Error: final verify fail A
0x34	EdDSA Error: invalid priv key s
0x35	EdDSA Error: invalid pub key A
0x36	EdDSA Error: final verify fail A
0x41	Point Integrity Error

To perform some more complex algorithm, such as EdDSA or secure channel establishment, CPU needs to invoke SPECT multiple times. In such a case, SPECT keeps context between execution of each partial operation.

SPECT Context is a set of values (e.g. keys or context of TMAC), that SPECT keeps inside and uses them during its next operations. CPU shall invoke only such SPECT operation, which input context matches the output context (or part of it) of previously invoked SPECT operation. Otherwise the context would be corrupted or the result of such SPECT operation undefined.

SPECT is capable of processing these L3 Command packets by it self:

- **ECC_Key_Generate** – ecc_key_generate SPECT Op

- **ECC_Key_Store** – ecc_key_store SPECT Op

- **ECC_Key_Read** – ecc_key_read SPECT Op

- **ECC_Key_Erase** – ecc_key_erase SPECT Op

- **ECDSA_Sign** – ecdsa_sign SPECT Op

> **Note**
>
> **SPECT_INOUT_SRC** is used for debug purpose, when unencrypted L3 Command packet is send to the device. That allows the CPU to bypass SCB and CPB and load the content of the L3 Command packet directly to SPECTs Data RAM In. In final implementation, no such bypass shall be possible.

1.1   Application Firmware

Control Operations

clear	SPECT_OP_ID:	0x00
Clears all GPRs and Data RAM In/Out. Clears context of SHA512 and TMAC.		

ECC Key Operations

Following operations corresponds to eponymous L3 Command packets. The value of each **SPECT_OP_ID** is equal to corresponding L3 Command packets **CMD_ID**. The layout of inputs and outputs is also the same.

ecc_key_generate		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x60
Generates ECC key trio (d, w, A) for ECDSA/EdDSA and stores it to slot i of ECC Private/Public Key partition.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	1B	**CMD_ID**	
0x01	1B	**SLOT** (Key slot i)	
0x02	1B	**CURVE** (Curve Type (P256 - ECDSA, Ed25519 - EdDSA))	
Result Buffer / Data RAM Out			
0x00	1B	**RESULT**	

ecc_key_store		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x61
Generates ECC key trio (d, w, A) for ECDSA/EdDSA based on k and stores it to slot i of ECC Private/Public Key partition.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	1B	**CMD_ID**	
0x01	1B	**SLOT** (Key slot i)	
0x02	1B	**CURVE** (Curve Type (P256 - ECDSA, Ed25519 - EdDSA))	
0x10	32B	**K** (k)	
Result Buffer / Data RAM Out			
0x00	1B	**RESULT**	

ecc_key_read		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x62
Reads ECDSA/EdDSA public key A from slot i of ECC Public Key partition.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	1B	**CMD_ID**	
0x01	1B	**SLOT** (Key slot i)	
Result Buffer / Data RAM Out			
0x00	1B	**RESULT**	
0x01	1B	**CURVE** (Curve Type (P256, Ed25519))	
0x02	1B	**ORIGIN** (Identifier weather the key was stored or generated.)	
0x10	32/64B	**PUB_KEY** (ECDSA/EdDSA ECC Pub Key A)	

ecc_key_erase		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x63
Erase ECDSA/EdDSA keys from slot i of ECC Public/Private Key partition.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	1B	**CMD_ID**	
0x01	1B	**SLOT** (Key slot i)	
Result Buffer / Data RAM Out			
0x00	1B	**RESULT**	

Secure Channel Handshake Operations

All SPECT operations in this section are supported only with use of Data RAM In / Out
(**SPECT_INOUT_SRC**=0x10).

x25519_kpair_gen		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x11
Generates ephemeral X25519 key pair used during secure channel handshake.			
Data RAM Out			
0x1020	32B	E_{TPUB}	
Context In		Context Out	
None		$\{E_{TPRIV}\}$	

x25519_sc_et_eh		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x12
Calculates $X1 = \text{X25519}(E_{TPRIV}, E_{HPUB})$.			
Data RAM In			
0x0020	32B	E_{HPUB}	
Data RAM Out			
0x1020	32B	$R1$	
Context In		Context Out	
$\{E_{TPRIV}\}$		$\{E_{TPRIV}, E_{HPUB}\}$	

x25519_sc_et_sh		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x13
Calculates $R2 = \text{X25519}(E_{TPRIV}, S_{HIPUB})$.			
Data RAM In			
0x0020	1B	Key slot i	
Data RAM Out			
0x1020	32B	$R2$	
Context In		Context Out	
$\{E_{TPRIV}, E_{HPUB}\}$		$\{E_{HPUB}\}$	

x25519_sc_st_eh		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x14
Calculates $R3 = \text{X25519}(S_{TPRIV}, E_{HPUB})$.			
Data RAM Out			
0x1020	32B	$R3$	
Context In		Context Out	
$\{E_{HPUB}\}$		None	

EdDSA Operations

eddsa_set_context		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x41
Sets context for Edwards Digital Signature Algorithm such as keys ($s, prefix, A$) and Secure Channel data (SC_H, SC_N).			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x01	1B	Key slot i	
Data RAM In			
0x00A0	32B	Secure Channel Hash SC_H	
0x00C0	4B	Secure Channel Nonce SC_N	
Context In		Context Out	
None		{keys, SC_N, SC_H}	

eddsa_nonce_init		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x42
Initialize EdDSA nonce r derivation – TMAC_INIT($prefix$, 0x0C).			
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, SC_N, SC_H}		{keys, TMAC ctx}	

eddsa_nonce_update		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x43
Processes next 144 bytes of decrypted message M. Updates TMAC context.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	144B	Next 144 bytes of decrypted message M	
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, TMAC ctx}		{keys, TMAC ctx}	

eddsa_nonce_finish		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x44
Finishes the EdDSA nonce derivation: $r =$TMAC($prefix$, SC_H || SC_N || M, 0x0C) $\pmod{q_{Ed25519}}$.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	–	Last up to 144 bytes of decrypted message M	
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, TMAC ctx, part of M}		{keys, r, M size}	

eddsa_R_part		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x45
Computes part R of the signature – $R = r \cdot G_{Ed25519}$.			
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, r, M size}		{keys, R}	

eddsa_e_at_once		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x46
Computes e at once in case of size of the message is less 64 bytes.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	–	First up to 63 bytes of decrypted message M	
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, R}		{keys, R, e}	

eddsa_e_prep		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x47
Prepares for derivation of e.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	64	First 64 bytes of decrypted message M	
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, R}		{keys, R, SHA512 ctx}	

eddsa_e_update		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x48
Processes next 128 bytes of decrypted message M. Updates SHA512 context.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	128B	Next 128 bytes of decrypted message M	
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, R, SHA512 ctx}		{keys, R, SHA512 ctx}	

eddsa_e_finish		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x49
Finishes derivation of $e =$SHA512(R||A||M).			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x00	–	Last up to 128 bytes of decrypted message M	
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, R, SHA512 ctx}		{keys, R, e}	

eddsa_finish		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x4A
Computes second part S of the signature – $S = r + e \times s \pmod{q_{Ed25519}}$			
Result Buffer / Data RAM Out			
0x00	1B	**RESULT**	
0x10	64B	Signature (**R**, **S**)	
Context In		Context Out	
{keys, R, e}		None	

ECDSA Operations

ecdsa_sign		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x70
Generate signature (r, s) of a message digest z with Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm using ECC keys from slot i.			
Command Buffer / Data RAM In			
0x01	1B	**SLOT** (ECC Key slot i)	
0x10	32B	**MSG_HASH** (Message digest/hash z)	
Data RAM In			
0x00A0	32B	Secure Channel Hash h	
0x00C0	4B	Secure Channel Nonce n	
Result Buffer / **SPECT_OP_DATA_OUT**			
0x0	1B	**RESULT** (Command Result)	
0x10	64B	Signature (**R**, **S**)	

Note
eddsa_set_context and ecdsa_sign SPECT operation takes Secure Channel Handshake Hash (h) and Secure Channel Session Nonce (n) always from Data RAM In, never from Command Buffer regardless of **SPECT_INOUT_SRC** value.

1.2   Boot Firmware

EdDSA Verify

eddsa_verify		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x4B
Verifies a EdDSA signature of 64 bytes message M using public key A.			
Data RAM In			
0x0020	64B	Signature (**R**, **S**)	
0x0060	32B	Public key A	
0x0080	64B	Message M	
Data RAM Out			
0x0000	4B	Result: 0x0 verified, else failed	

SHA512 Operations

sha512_init	SPECT_OP_ID:	0x51
Initialize SHA512 unit.		
Context In	Context Out	
None	SHA512 ctx	

sha512_update		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x52
Process one 128B block of data with SHA512.			
Data RAM In			
0x10	128B	Data	
Context In		Context Out	
SHA512 ctx		SHA512 ctx	

sha512_final		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x53
Process last 128B block of data that contains SHA512 padding.			
Data RAM In			
0x10	128B	Data	
Data RAM Out			
0x10	64B	Digest	
Context In		Context Out	
SHA512 ctx		None	

SHA512 example:

Let **M** be a 326 byte data (`u8 M [326]`). SHA512(**M**) is computed as follows:

1. Pad the data with SHA512 padding to multiple of 128B, see 1.

2. Initialize SPECTs SHA512 unit with **sha512_init()**.

3. Process first chunk with **sha512_update(M[0:127])**.

4. Process second chunk with **sha512_update(M[128:255])**.

5. Process the rest of **M** with **sha512_final(M[256:383])**.
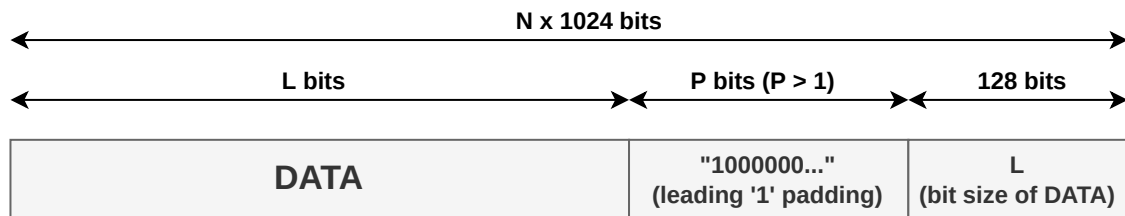
6. Data RAM Out now contains the SHA512 digest of **M**.

Figure 1: SHA512 Padding

1.3   Debug Operations

All SPECT operations in this section are supported only with use of Data RAM In / Out
(**SPECT_INOUT_SRC**=0x10).

x25519_dbg		SPECT_OP_ID:	0x9F
Performs general X25519 algorithm. $R = \text{X25519}(Priv, Pub)$			
Data RAM In			
0x0020	32B	Private key $Priv$	
0x0040	32B	Public key Pub	
Data RAM Out			
0x1020	32B	Result R	

ecdsa_sign_dbg		SPECT_OP_ID:	0xAF
Computes signature of message digest z using ECDSA.			
Data RAM In			
0x0010	32B	Message digest z	
0x0040	64B	Private key pair (d, w)	
0x00A0	32B	Secure Channel Hash SC_H	
0x00C0	4B	Secure Channel Nonce SC_N	
0x0160	64B	Public key (A_x, A_y)	
Data RAM Out			
0x1010	64B	Signature	

eddsa_set_context_dbg		SPECT_OP_ID:	0xBF
Sets context for EdDSA sequence from Data RAM In only.			
Data RAM In			
0x0040	64B	Private keys $(s, prefix)$	
0x00A0	32B	Secure Channel Hash SC_H	
0x00C0	4B	Secure Channel Nonce SC_N	
0x0300	32B	Public key A	
Context In		Context Out	
None		{keys, SC_N, SC_H}	

Processing L3 Command packet using SPECT

CPU always issues first 16 byte chunk of L3 Command packet to SCB. SCB decrypts the chunk and passes it to CPB. CPB checks user access privileges and stores the **CMD_** L3 Command packet for SPECT into Command Buffer. After first 16 byte chunk, CPU reads **CMD_ID** from CPB. If **CMD_ID** corresponds to Commands to be executed by SPECT, CPU invokes according SPECT operation.

CPU always issues first 16 byte chunk of L3 Command packets **CMD_CIPHERTEXT** to SCB. SCB decrypts the chunk and passes it to CPB. CPB checks user access privileges and stores the decrypted **CMD_CIPHERTEXT** into Command Buffer. Then CPU reads the L3 Command packets **CMD_ID** from CPB. Following three cases may occur:

CMD_ID corresponds to one of *ECC_Key_*

In this case, CPU issues the rest of **CMD_CIPHERTEXT** to SCB. After that, Command Buffer contains all data and information needed for executing the corresponding SPECT operation. CPU sets **SPECT_INOUT_SRC**=0x54 and invokes SPECT.

SPECT reads Command Buffer and performs the corresponding SPECT operation. Then it stores all output data for the L3 Command packet to Result Buffer, sets **SPECT_OP_DATA_OUT_SIZE** to number of bytes it has stored and notifies CPU.

CPU reads **SPECT_OP_DATA_OUT_SIZE** bytes from Result Buffer, that are encrypted by SCB resulting in **RES_CIPHERTEXT** of the L3 Result packet.

CMD_ID corresponds to *ECDSA_Sign*

In this case, the process is almost the same as in the case of ***ECC_Key_****. In addition, CPU reads the Secure Channel Nonce and Secure Channel Hash from SCB and loads it in to SPECTs Data RAM In before invoking SPECT.

CMD_ID corresponds to *EDDSA_Sign*

In this case, the L3 Command packet has arbitrary length, depending on the length of the **MSG** field. Therefore the ***EDDSA_Sign*** L3 Command packet is processed with a sequence of SPECT operations from 1.1. We can divide this sequence into 5 phases:

1. Setting context and loading keys – eddsa_set_context / eddsa_set_context_dbg

2. Computing nonce r using TMAC – eddsa_nonce_*

3. Computing signature part **R** – eddsa_R_part

4. Computing e = SHA512(**R**, A, **MSG**) – eddsa_e_*

5. Computing signature part **S** – eddsa_finish

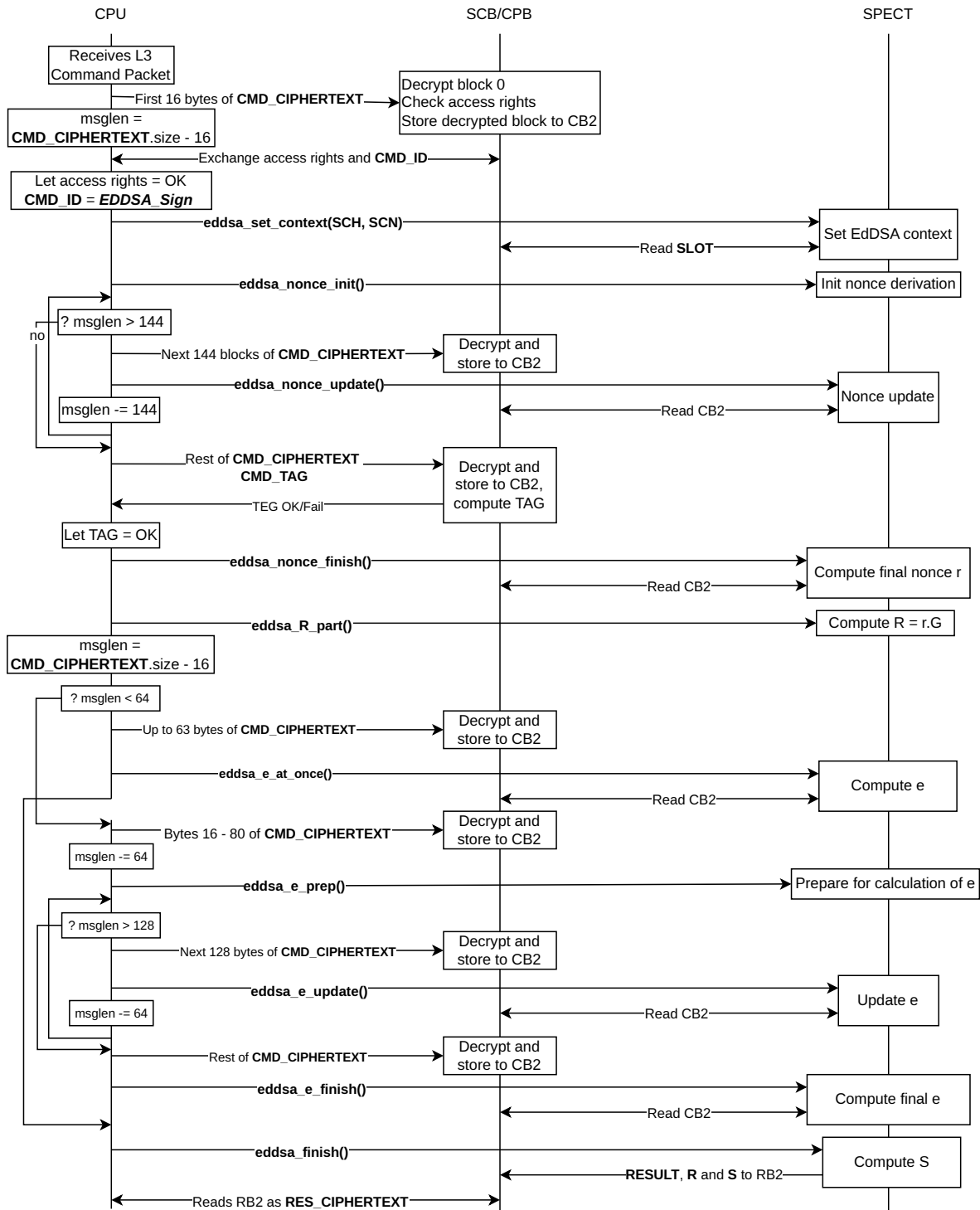Figures 2 shows the sequence in a detail.

Figure 2: SPECT Firmware - EDDSA Data Flow

2   Open Issues

Document contains following open issues: