

Variance Structure Function(aka the variogram)

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This equation defines the semivariogram $\gamma(h)$ for a stochastic process $Z(x)$. It has the two forms:

1. The discrete form:

$$\gamma(h) = \lim_{\Delta h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2 N(\Delta h)} \sum_{i=1}^{N(\Delta h)} (Z(x_i) - Z(x_i + \Delta h))^2$$

This expression calculates the average squared differences between values of the process at points separated by a distance Δh , as Δh approaches zero. The factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ normalizes the semivariogram.

2. The continuous form:

$$\gamma(h) = \frac{1}{2L} \int_0^L (Z(x) - Z(x+h))^2 dx$$

Here, the semivariogram is expressed as a continuous integral over a domain of length L , considering the squared differences of the processes value at every pair of points x and $x+h$.