# Introduction to Algorithms: Section 3.2 exercises

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### 1 3.2-1

Let f(n) and g(n) be asymptotically nonnegative functions. Using the basic definition of  $\Theta$ -notation, prove that  $\max\{f(n),g(n)\}\in\Theta(f(n)+g(n))$ 

Solution:

$$\max\{f(n), g(n)\} = \begin{cases} f(n), & \text{if } f(n) > g(n) \\ g(n), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1)

 $\max\{f(n),g(n)\}$  grows at least as fast as f(n), as if f(n) is returned, it is larger than g(n). Thus  $\max\{f(n),g(n)\}\in\Omega(f(n))$ . And because f(n) and g(n) are both nonnegative, f(n)+g(n) is larger than f(n) or g(n) individually. So it can be said that  $\max\{f(n),g(n)\}\in O(f(n)+g(n))$ , because  $\max\{f(n),g(n)\}$  can grow no faster than f(n)+g(n). And because  $\Theta$ -notation characterizes the rate of growth from a constant factor above, and a constant factor below. It can be said that  $\max\{f(n),g(n)\}\in\Theta(f(n)+g(n))$ , given O(f(n)+g(n)) and  $\Omega(f(n))$ 

#### $2 \quad 3.2-2$

Explain why the statement, "The running time of algorithm A is at least  $O(n^2)$ ," is meaningless

#### $3 \quad 3.2-3$

Is  $2^{n+1} \in O(2^n)$ ? Is  $2^{2n} \in O(2^n)$ ?

#### 4 3.2-4

Prove Theorem 3.1:

For any two functions f(n) and g(n), we have  $f(n) \in \Theta(g(n))$  if and only if  $f(n) \in O(g(n))$  and  $f(n) \in \Omega(g(n))$ 

## 5 3.2-5

Prove that the running time of an algorithm is  $\Theta(g(n))$  if and only if its worst-case running time is O(g(n)) and its best-case running time is  $\Omega(g(n))$ 

# 6 3.2-6

Prove that  $o(g(n)) \cap \omega(g(n))$  is the empty set

# 7 3.2-7

We can extend our notation to the case of two parameters n and m that can go to  $\infty$  independently at different rates. For a given function g(n,m), we denote by O(g(n,m)) the set of functions

 $O(g(n,m)) \in \{f(n,m) : \text{there exist positive constants } c,n_0, \text{ and } m_0 \text{ such that } 0 \le f(n,m) \le cg(n,m) \text{ for all } n \ge n_0 \text{ or } m \ge m_0\}$ 

Give corresponding definitions for  $\Omega(g(n,m))$  and  $\Theta(g(n,m))$ 

# 8 Additional Notes

This is still a work in progress