

Faculty Business & Information Management

Research of caching strategies in mobile native applications using external data services

Appendix

Frederik De Smedt

Bachelor's thesis submitted to achieve the degree of Bachelor in the Applied Computer Science

Supervisor:
Joeri Van Herreweghe
Co-supervisor:
Jens Buysse

Organization: —

Academic year: 2015-2016

Examination period 2

Faculty	Business	&	Information	Management

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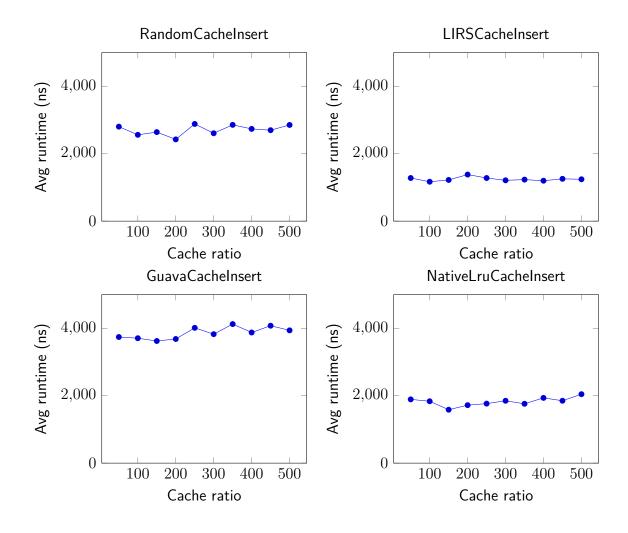
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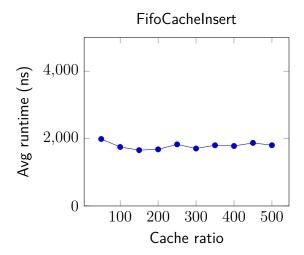
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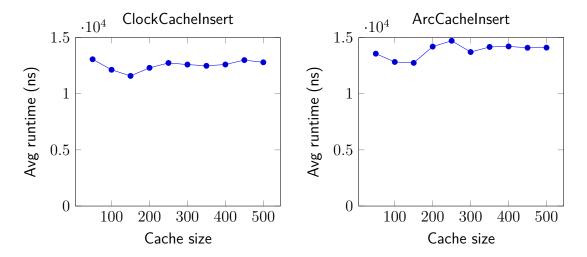
Appendix A

Insert benchmarks



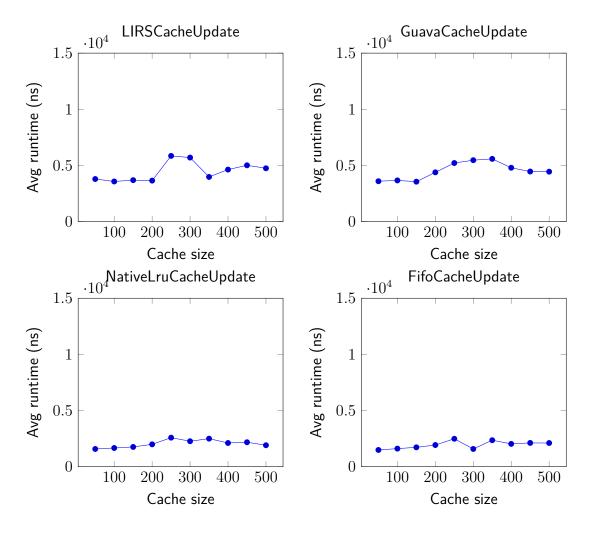


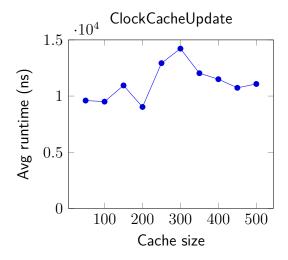
These benchmarks have an average execution time above 5000 ns. Due to the scale difference they are placed separately.



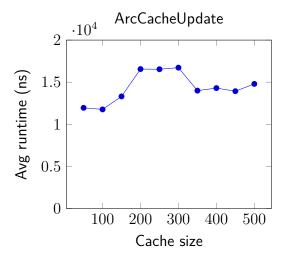
Appendix B

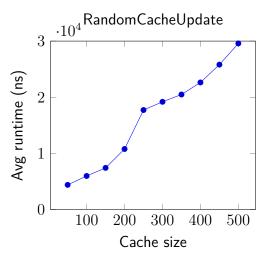
Update benchmarks





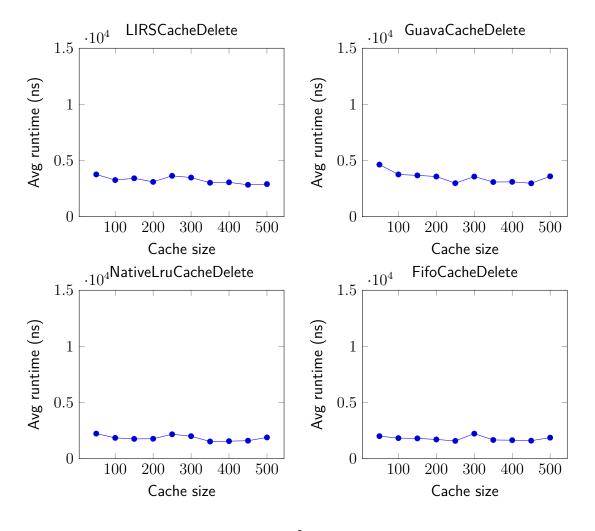
Due to high average runtimes of ARC and random cache, they are placed separately and each have a different scale.

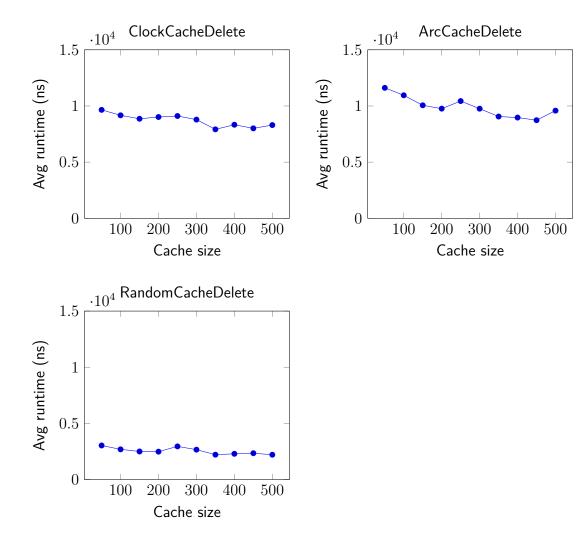




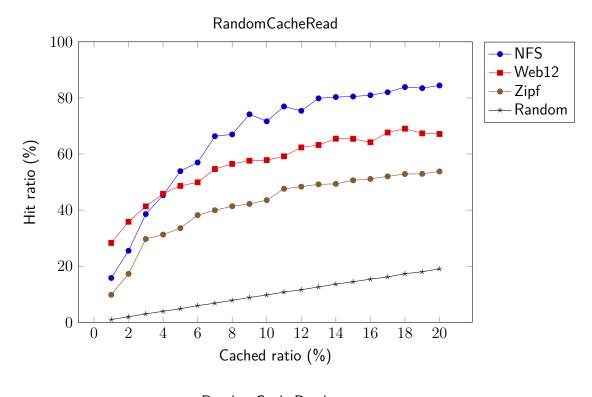
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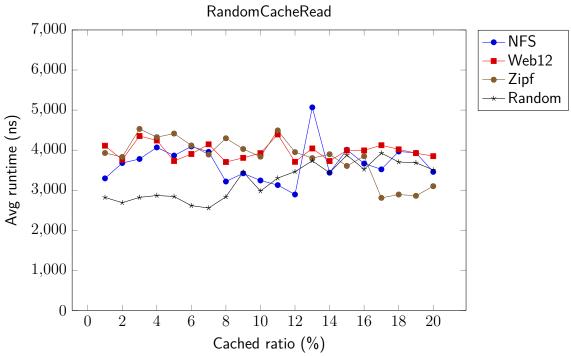
Delete benchmarks

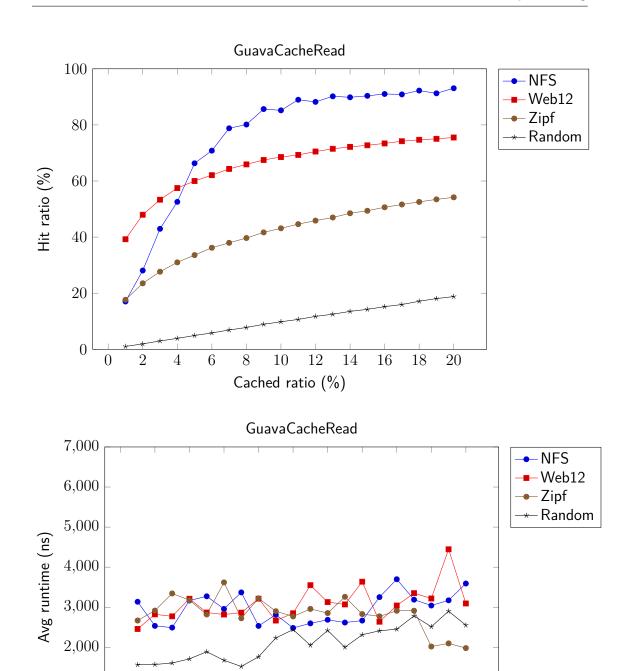




Appendix D Read benchmarks

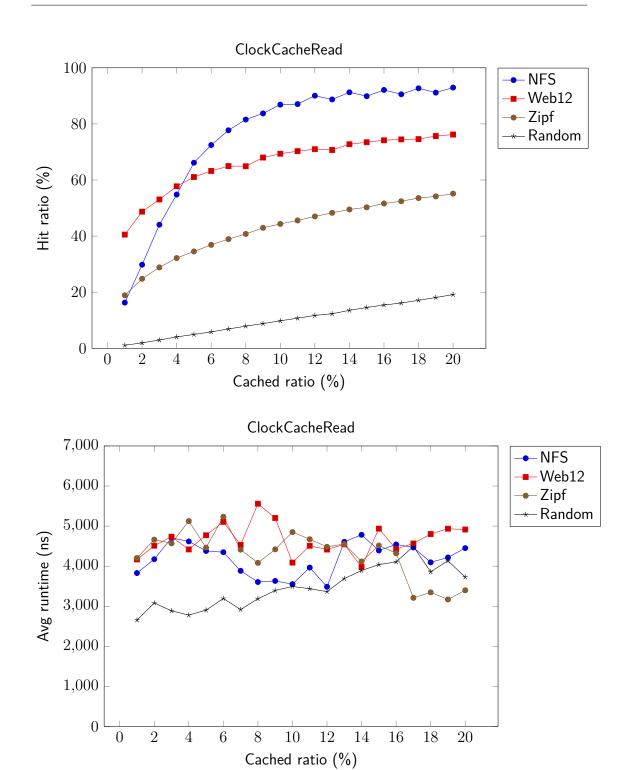


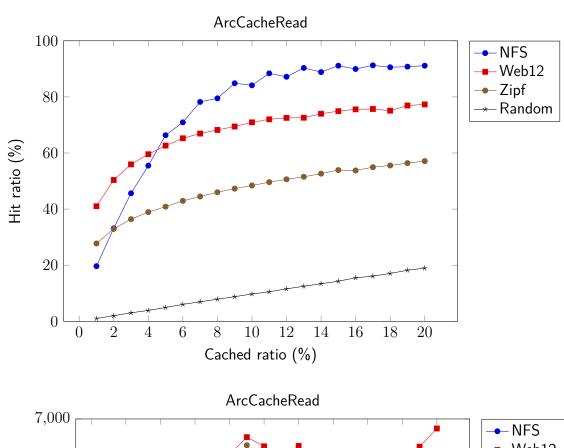


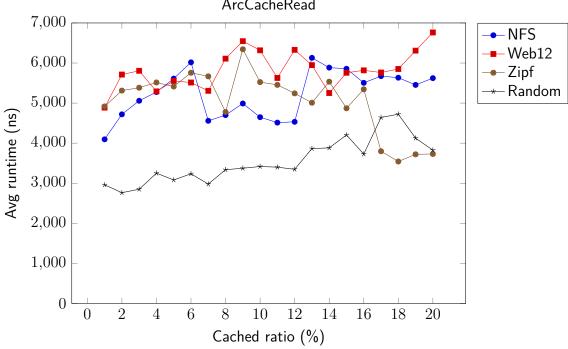


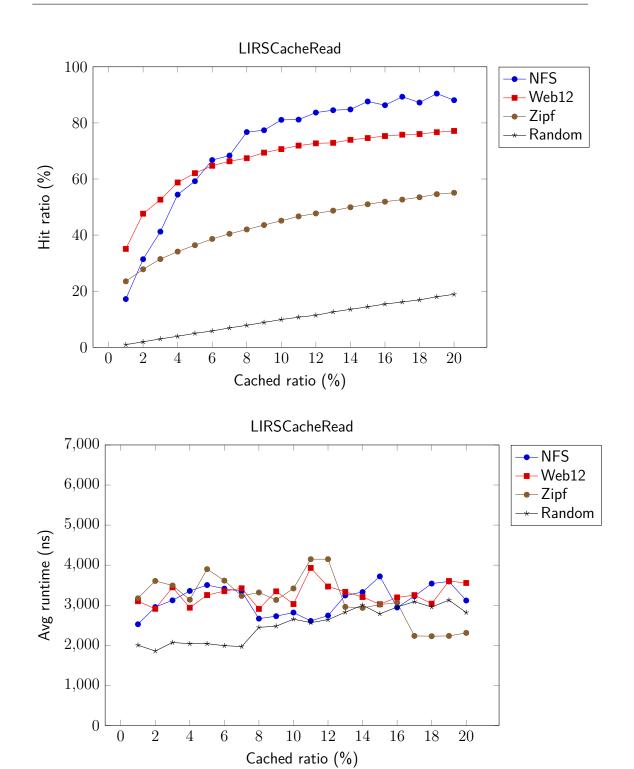
Cached ratio (%)

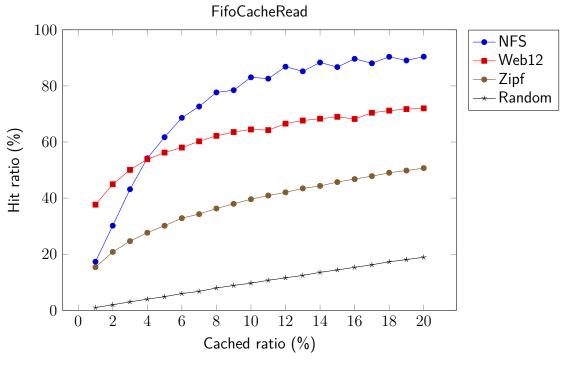
1,000

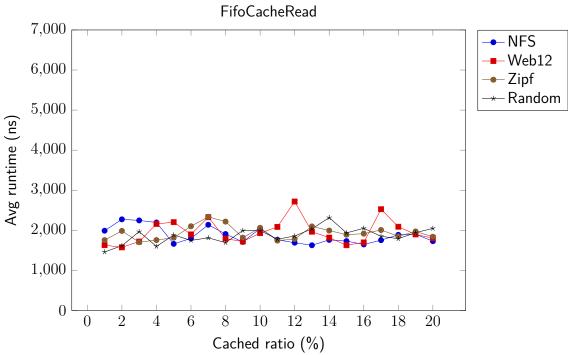


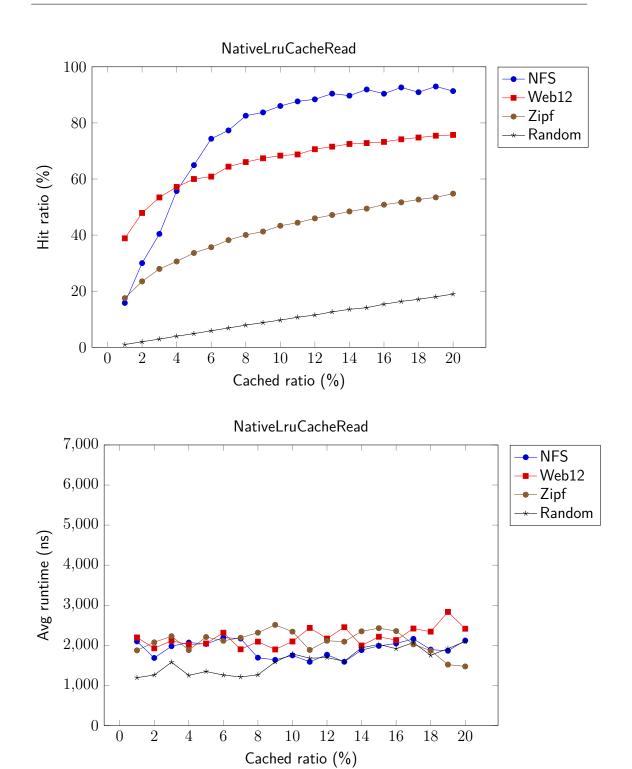


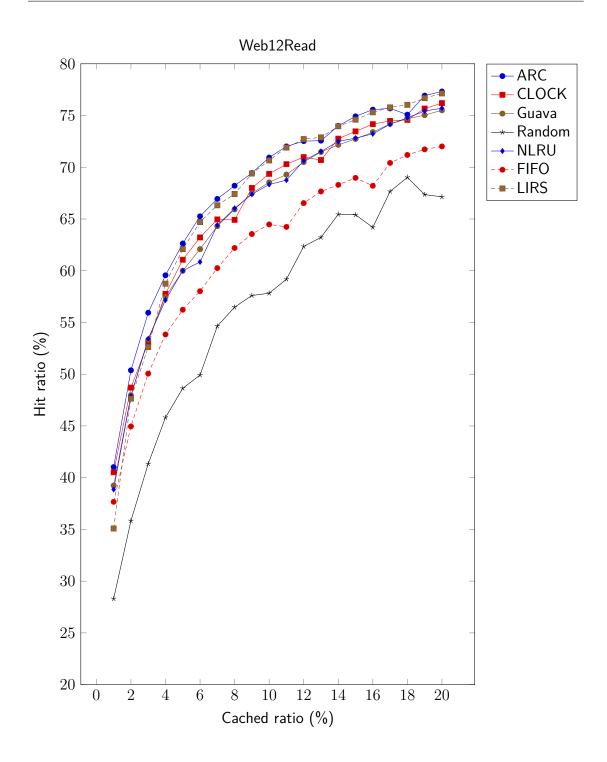


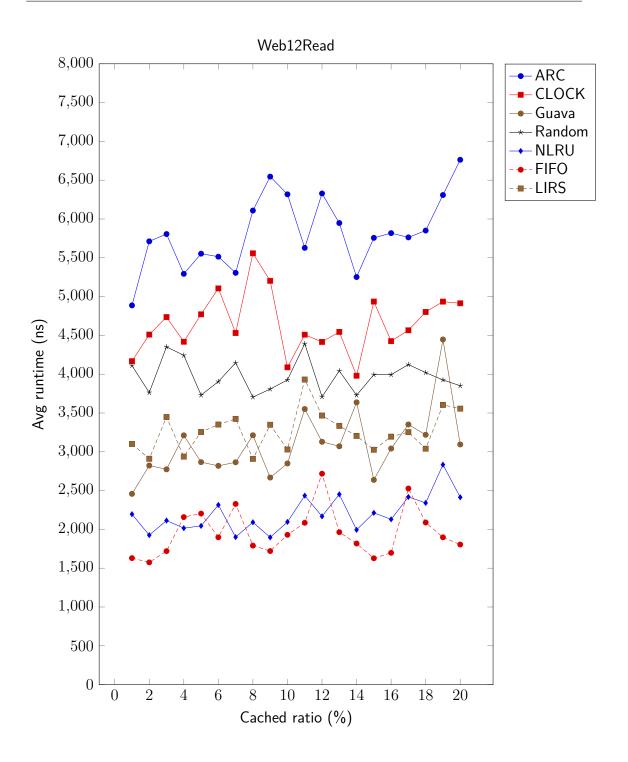


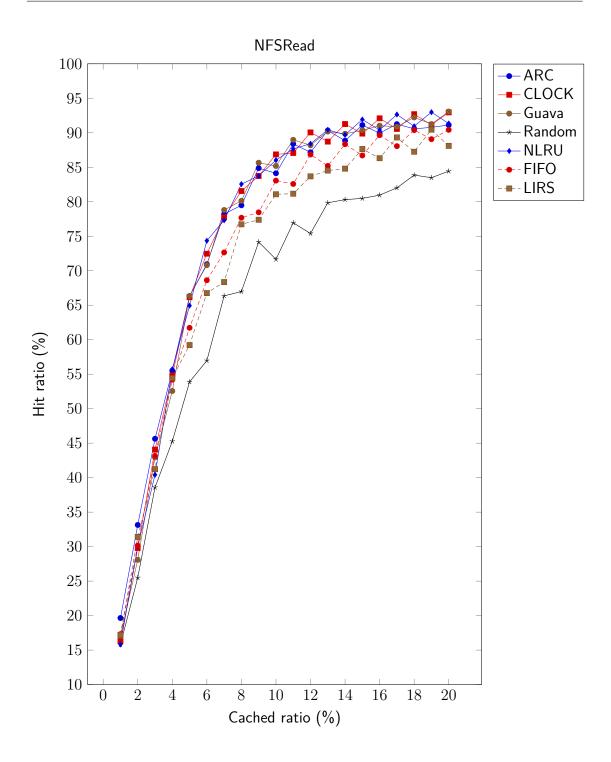


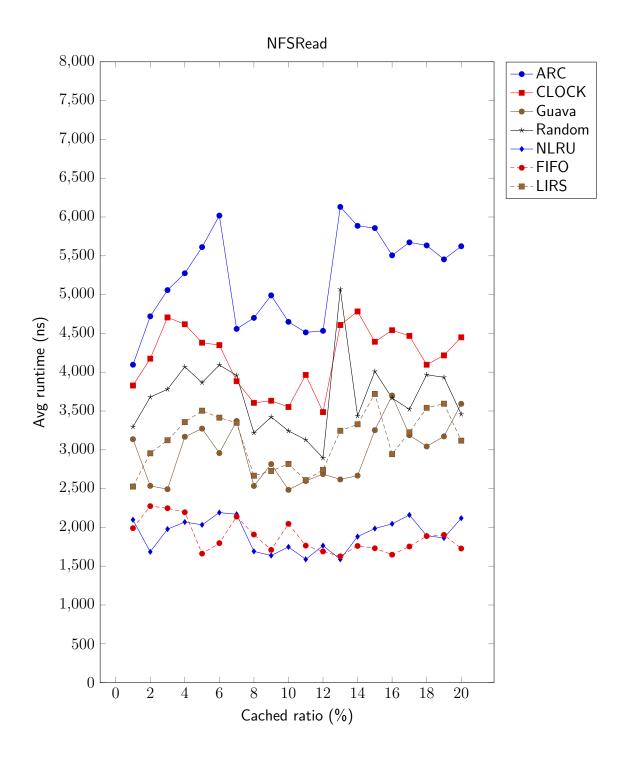


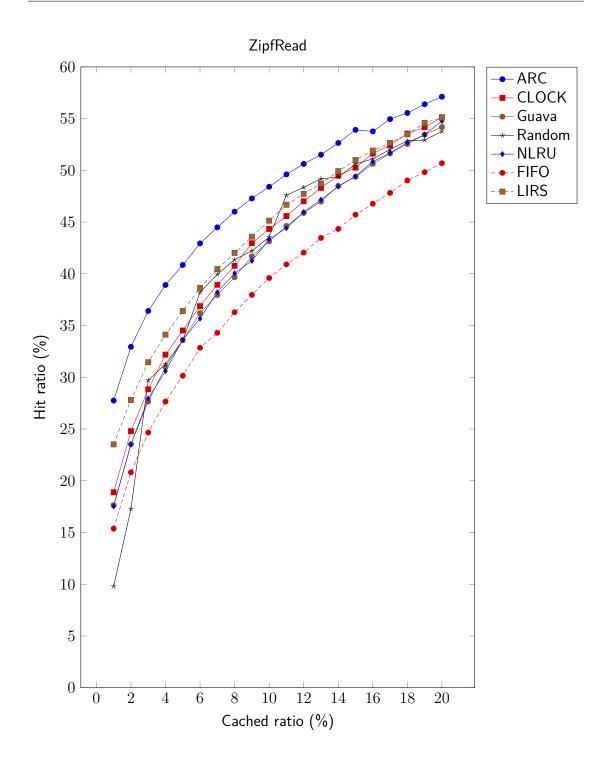


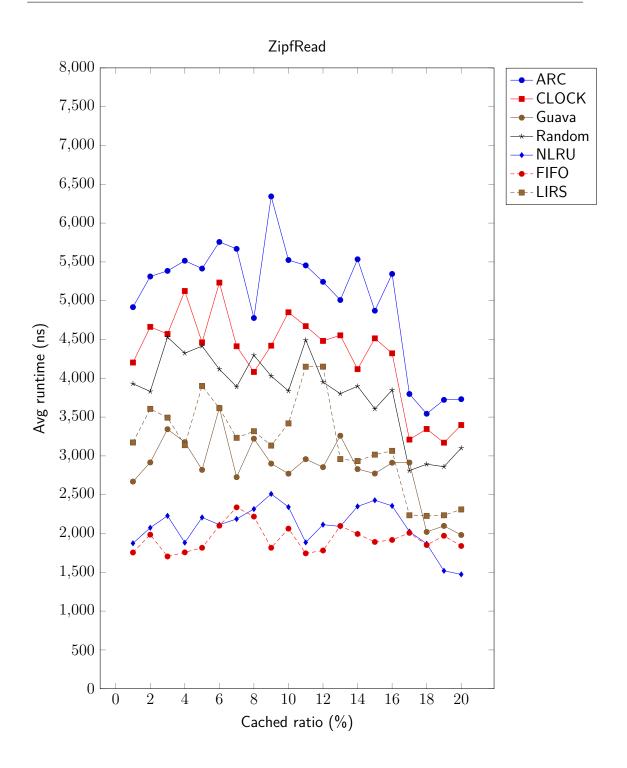


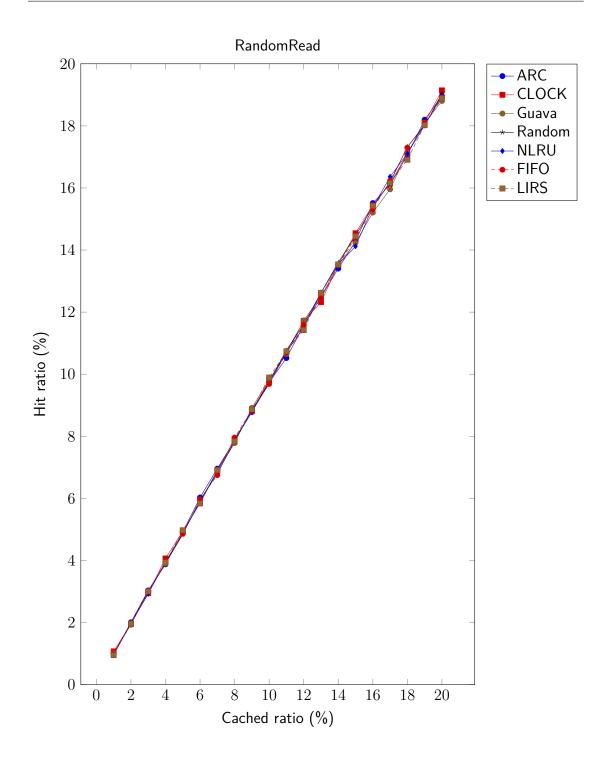


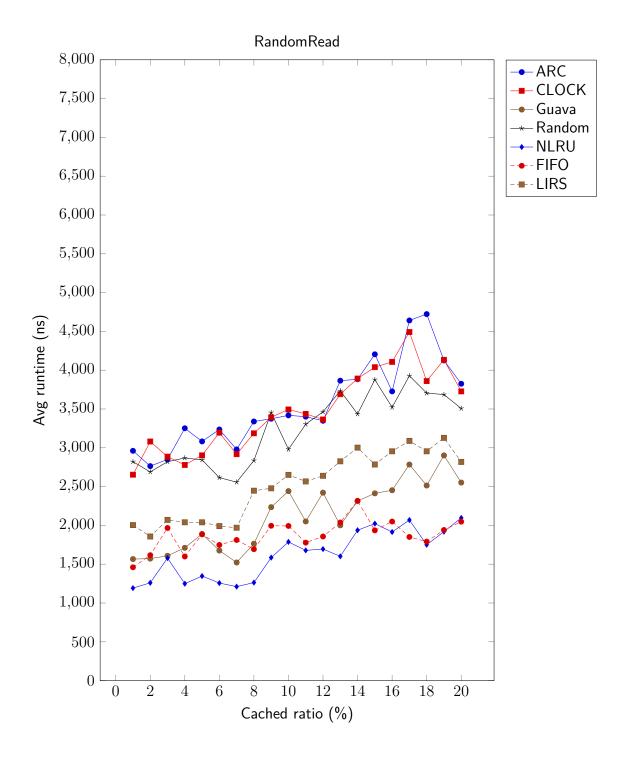












Appendix E

Code

E.1 Package cachebenchmarking

Listing E.1: desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.BenchmarkRunner

```
package desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking;
import android.util.Log;
import android.util.Pair;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.lang.ref.PhantomReference;
import java.lang.ref.ReferenceQueue;
import java.lang.ref.SoftReference;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Queue;
import java.util.concurrent.ExecutorService;
import java.util.concurrent.Executors;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark.BaseBenchmark;
\textbf{import} \quad \texttt{desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark.Cache2} KBenchmark;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark.CustomBenchmark;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark.GuavaBenchmarks;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark.JackRabbitLIRSBenchmark;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark.NativeLruBenchmarks;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache.Cache;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache.FIFOCache;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache.RandomCache;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.Generator;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.NfsGenerator;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.RandomGenerator;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.SearchEngineGenerator;
import \ desmedt. frederik. cachebench marking. generator. Web 12 Generator;\\
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.ZipfGenerator;
```

```
* Responsible for running all {@link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration}s.
public class BenchmarkRunner {
          private static final String TAG = BenchmarkRunner.class.getSimpleName();
          \textbf{private} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{Map} \hspace{-0.1cm} < \hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{String} \hspace{0.1cm}, \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{List} \hspace{-0.1cm} < \hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{CacheBenchmarkConfiguration} \hspace{0.1cm}. \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{CacheStats} > \hspace{-0.1cm} > \hspace{-0.1cm} \\ > \hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{CacheBenchmarkConfiguration} \hspace{0.1cm} . \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{CacheStats} > \hspace{-0.1cm} > \hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{CacheBenchmarkConfiguration} \hspace{0.1cm} . \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{CacheStats} > \hspace{-0.1cm} > \hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{CacheBenchmarkConfiguration} \hspace{0.1cm} . \hspace{0.1cm} \hspace{0.1cm} \hspace{0.1cm} . \hspace{0.1cm} \hspace{0.1cm} \hspace{0.1cm} . \hspace{0.1cm} \hspace{
                    benchmarkResults = new HashMap<>();
          /**
             * ExecutorService executing every benchmark in a serializable fashion.
                       Meaning none of them will
             * run parallel to another benchmark. This is way more reliable than parallel
                      execution as in
                parallel scenario's different benchmarks are both competing for the same
                      resources and locks.
          \label{eq:private_private} \textbf{private} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{ExecutorService} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{benchmarkRunnerService} \hspace{0.2cm} = \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{Executors} \,.
                    newSingleThreadExecutor();
          private Generator<Cache<Integer , Integer>>> generateRandomCache(final int
                    cacheSize) {
                    return new Generator<Cache<Integer , Integer >>() {
                               @Override
                               public Cache<Integer, Integer> next() {
                                         return new RandomCache<>(cacheSize);
                               }
                    };
          }
          private Generator<Cache<Integer , Integer>>> generateFifoCache(final int
                    cacheSize) {
                    return new Generator < Cache < Integer , Integer >> () {
                               @Override
                               public Cache<Integer , Integer > next() {
                                         return new FIFOCache <> (cacheSize);
                    };
         }
          public void runBenchmarks() {
                    NfsGenerator nfsGenerator = new NfsGenerator();
                     for (int i = 1; i \le 20; i++) {
                               submitCountedReadBenchmarks (NfsGenerator.getLowerBound(), NfsGenerator
                                         .getUpperBound(), (double) i / 100, NfsGenerator.TRACE_TAG,
                                         nfsGenerator, 1000, NfsGenerator.getUpperBound() * 50);
                     nfsGenerator = null; // remove strong reference
                    SearchEngineGenerator searchEngineGenerator = new SearchEngineGenerator();
                    for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
                              \dot{submit} Counted Read Benchmarks (\ Search Engine Generator. get Lower Bound ()\ ,
                                         Search Engine Generator.\, get Upper Bound ()\,,\,\, \left(\,\textbf{double}\,\right)\,\,\, i\,\,\,/\,\,\, 1000\,,
                                         Search Engine Generator .TRACE_TAG, search Engine Generator, 1000, 10
                                         _000);
                    search Engine Generator = null; // remove strong reference
                    Web12Generator web12Generator = new Web12Generator();
                    for (int i = 1; i \le 20; i++) {
                              submit Counted Read Benchmarks (0\,,\ Web 12 Generator.get Upper Bound ()\,,\ (\textbf{double})
                                         ) i / 100, Web12Generator.TRACE_TAG, web12Generator, 1000, 100_000
```

```
);
}
web12Generator = null;
ZipfGenerator zipfGenerator = new ZipfGenerator(0, 50000);
for (int i = 1; i \le 20; i++) {
           submitCountedReadBenchmarks (0, 50000, (double) i / 100, ZipfGenerator.
                      TRACE_TAG, zipfGenerator, 1000, 100_000);
zipfGenerator = null;
Random Generator \ \ random Generator = \ \textbf{new} \ \ Random Generator (0\,,\ 50000)\,;
for (int i = 1; i \le 20; i++) {
           submitCountedReadBenchmarks(0, 50000, (double) i / 100,
                       RandomGenerator.TRACE_TAG, randomGenerator, 1000, 100_000);
randomGenerator = null;
/* Insert benchmarks */
for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
            final int upperBound = 500;
            double cacheRatio = (double) i / 10;
            final int cacheSize = Math.round(upperBound * ((float) i / 10));
           submitCountedBenchmark(new\ GuavaBenchmarks.Insert(cacheRatio,\ 0,
                       upperBound));
           submitCountedBenchmark(new NativeLruBenchmarks.Insert(cacheRatio, 0,
                       upperBound));
           submitCountedBenchmark (new CustomBenchmark . Insert ("FifoCache",
                       cacheRatio , 0, upperBound , generateFifoCache(cacheSize)));
            submitCountedBenchmark (new CustomBenchmark . Insert ("RandomCache",
                       {\tt cacheRatio}\;,\;\; {\tt 0}\;,\;\; {\tt upperBound}\;,\;\; {\tt generateRandomCache}(\; {\tt cacheSize}\;)\;)\;)\;;
            submitCountedBenchmark(new JackRabbitLIRSBenchmark.Insert(cacheRatio,
                       0, upperBound));
           submitCountedBenchmark(new Cache2KBenchmark.Insert(Cache2KBenchmark.
                       CLOCK_CACHE, cacheRatio, 0, upperBound));
            submitCountedBenchmark (new Cache2KBenchmark . Insert (Cache2KBenchmark .
                      ARC_CACHE, cacheRatio, 0, upperBound));
/* Update benchmarks */
for (int i = 1; i \le 10; i++) {
            final int upperBound = 500;
            double cacheRatio = (double) i / 10;
            \label{eq:final_int} \textbf{final int} \  \  \mathsf{cacheSize} = \big( \, \textbf{int} \, \big) \  \, \mathsf{Math.round} \big( \, \mathsf{upperBound} \, \, * \, \, \mathsf{cacheRatio} \, \big) \, ;
           submitCountedBenchmark(new GuavaBenchmarks.Update(cacheRatio, 0,
                       upperBound));
            submitCountedBenchmark(new NativeLruBenchmarks.Update(cacheRatio, 0,
                       upperBound)):
            submitCountedBenchmark(new\ CustomBenchmark.Update("FifoCache"
                       cacheRatio, 0, upperBound, generateFifoCache(cacheSize)));
           submitCountedBenchmark (\textbf{new} CustomBenchmark. Update ("RandomCache")) \\
                       cacheRatio, 0, upperBound, generateRandomCache(cacheSize)));
           submitCountedBenchmark(new JackRabbitLIRSBenchmark Update(cacheRatio,
                       0, upperBound));
            submitCountedBenchmark (\textbf{new} \ Cache2KBenchmark . \ Update (Cache2KBenchmark . \ Update (Cache2KBen
                      CLOCK_CACHE, cacheRatio, 0, upperBound));
            submit Counted Benchmark (\textbf{new} \ Cache 2KBenchmark . \ Update (Cache 2KBenchmark . \ Update 
                       ARC_CACHE, cacheRatio, 0, upperBound));
```

```
}
            /* Delete benchmarks */
            for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
                         final int upperBound = 500;
                         double cacheRatio = (double) i / 10;
                         final int cacheSize = Math.round(upperBound * ((float) i / 10));
                         submitCountedBenchmark (new GuavaBenchmarks. Delete (cacheRatio, 0,
                                     upperBound));
                         submitCountedBenchmark(new NativeLruBenchmarks.Delete(cacheRatio, 0,
                                     upperBound));
                         submitCountedBenchmark (new CustomBenchmark . Delete ("FifoCache",
                                     cacheRatio , 0, upperBound , generateFifoCache(cacheSize)));
                         submitCountedBenchmark (\textbf{new} CustomBenchmark . \ Delete ("RandomCache", like the context of 
                                     {\tt cacheRatio}\;,\;\;0\;,\;\;upperBound\;,\;\;generateRandomCache(\;cacheSize\;)\;)\;)\;;
                         submitCountedBenchmark(new\ JackRabbitLIRSBenchmark.Delete(cacheRatio, new JackRabbitLIRSBenchmark)
                                     0, upperBound));
                         submit Counted Benchmark (\textbf{new} \ Cache 2 KBenchmark . \ Delete (Cache 2 KBenchmark .
                                    CLOCK_CACHE, cacheRatio, 0, upperBound));
                         submitCountedBenchmark (new Cache2KBenchmark . Delete (Cache2KBenchmark .
                                    ARC_CACHE, cacheRatio, 0, upperBound));
            benchmarkRunnerService.submit(new Runnable() {
                         @Override
                         public void run() {
                                     logBenchmarkResults();
            });
            benchmarkRunnerService.shutdown();
public void resetEnvironment() {
            gc();
public void logBenchmarkResults() {
            for (Map. Entry < String, List < Cache Benchmark Configuration. Cache Stats >>> entry
                             : benchmarkResults.entrySet()) \{
                         Log.i(TAG, TableFormatter.generateHitRatioTable(entry.getKey(), entry.
                                     getValue()));
                         Log.\ i\ (TAG,\ TableFormatter.generateAvgReadRuntimeTable(entry.getKey()),
                                     entry.getValue());
                         Log.\ i\ (TAG,\ Table Formatter.generate AvgRuntime Table (
                                     CacheBenchmarkConfiguration.StatType.INSERT, entry.getKey(), entry
                                      .getValue()));
                         Log.i(TAG, TableFormatter.generateAvgRuntimeTable(
                                     CacheBenchmarkConfiguration.StatType.UPDATE, entry.getKey(), entry
                                      .getValue()));
                         Log.i(TAG, TableFormatter.generateAvgRuntimeTable(
                                     CacheBenchmarkConfiguration.StatType.DELETE, entry.getKey(), entry
                                     . getValue()));
            }
                   Table Formatter\ \ hit Ratio Formatter\ =\ new\ \ Table Formatter (String.format("\%35)) \ \ and \ \ the substitute of 
s", "Benchmark name"), "Min hitrate", "Max hitrate");
                   int i = 0:
                   for (String benchmark: benchmarks) {
```

```
hitRatioFormatter.addRow(benchmark, String.format("\%.4f", minHitrateList.get(i)), String.format("\%.4f", maxHitrateList.get(i++))); \\
            Log.i(TAG, hitRatioFormatter.toString());
public ExecutorService getBenchmarkRunnerService() {
        return benchmarkRunnerService;
private void submitCountedBenchmark(final CacheBenchmarkConfiguration
        benchmarkConfiguration) {
        submitCountedBenchmark(benchmarkConfiguration, 100, 1_000_000);
private void submitCountedBenchmark(final CacheBenchmarkConfiguration
        benchmarkConfiguration, final long warmupIterations, final long
        runlterations) {
        benchmarkRunnerService.submit(new Runnable() {
                @Override
                public void run() {
                        benchmark Configuration.run Many (warm up Iterations, run Iterations);\\
                        {\sf CacheBenchmarkConfiguration.CacheStats\ stats\ =\ }
                                benchmarkConfiguration.getStats();
                        if (benchmarkResults.containsKey(stats.getPolicyTag())) {
                                benchmarkResults.get(stats.getPolicyTag()).add(stats);
                        } else {
                                benchmarkResults.put(stats.getPolicyTag(), new LinkedList<>(
                                        Arrays.asList(stats)));
                        Log.i(TAG, benchmarkConfiguration.getStats().toString());
                        resetEnvironment();
               }
       });
}
private void submitCountedReadBenchmarks(int lowerBound, int upperBound,
       double cachedRatio , String traceTag , Generator < Integer > generator , int
        warmuplterations, int runlterations) {
        final int cacheSize = (int) Math.round((upperBound - lowerBound) *
               cached Ratio):
        submitCountedBenchmark (new GuavaBenchmarks.Read (traceTag, generator,
               cachedRatio, lowerBound, upperBound), warmupIterations, runIterations)
        submitCountedBenchmark(new NativeLruBenchmarks.Read(traceTag, generator,
               cachedRatio, lowerBound, upperBound), warmupIterations, runIterations)
        submitCountedBenchmark (new CustomBenchmark . Read (FIFOCache . CACHE_TAG,
               trace Tag \ , \ generator \ , \ cached Ratio \ , \ lower Bound \ , \ upper Bound \ ,
                generateFifoCache(cacheSize)), warmupIterations, runIterations);
        submitCountedBenchmark (new Cache2KBenchmark . Read (Cache2KBenchmark .
               RANDOM\_CACHE, \ traceTag \ , \ generator \ , \ cachedRatio \ , \ lowerBound \ , \ upperBound
                ), warmupIterations, runIterations);
       submitCountedBenchmark(new JackRabbitLIRSBenchmark.Read(traceTag,
                generator, cachedRatio, lowerBound, upperBound), warmupIterations,
                runlterations);
        submit Counted Benchmark (\textbf{new} \ Cache 2 K Benchmark . \ Read (Cache 2 K Benchmark . \ Read 
               \mathsf{CLOCK\_CACHE}, \mathsf{traceTag}, \mathsf{generator}, \mathsf{cachedRatio}, \mathsf{lowerBound}, \mathsf{upperBound})
                , warmuplterations, runlterations);
```

```
submitCountedBenchmark(new\ Cache2KBenchmark.Read(Cache2KBenchmark.
             ARC_CACHE, traceTag, generator, cachedRatio, lowerBound, upperBound),
             warmuplterations, runlterations);
    }
     * Force the garbage collection to run, rather than suggesting it. This will
          make sure that every
     * benchmark will be run in a "fresh" memory environment, without the garbage
          collector kicking in
       clearing objects of previous benchmarks during recording.
    private void gc() {
        Log.v(TAG, "Running_garbage_collector");
Object obj = new Object();
         ReferenceQueue queue = new ReferenceQueue();
         PhantomReference ref = new PhantomReference <> (obj , queue);
         obj = null;
         long end = System.currentTimeMillis() + 2_000;
         while (!ref.isEnqueued()) {
             System.gc();
             if (System.currentTimeMillis() > end) {
                  Log.v(TAG, "No_{\square}garbage_{\square}collection_{\square}needed!");
                  return:
         }
        Log.v(TAG, "Memory_{\sqcup}is_{\sqcup}garbage_{\sqcup}collected");
    }
}
```

Listing E.2: desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.CacheBenchmarkConfiguration

```
package desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking;
import android.util.Log;
import android.util.Pair;
 * A benchmark configuration ran by the {@link BenchmarkRunner}.
 * 
 * Note how this class is immutable, this is to enforce a reliable never-changing
     configuration
 * that maintains the integrity of the end results.
 * After the benchmark is run \{@link\ CacheStats\} are generated that can be
     retrieved.
 * 
 * Every cache benchmark configuration handles keys and values, where the key is {
      @link Comparable \}.
\textbf{public abstract class} \ \ \mathsf{CacheBenchmarkConfiguration} < \!\! \mathsf{K} \ \ \mathsf{extends} \ \ \mathsf{Comparable} \ , \ \ \mathsf{V} \!\!> \ \{
      * How many times should the configuration log updates in a complete
          configuration run
      * ({ @link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#runMany(long, long)} or { @link
          CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#runTimed(long, long) }.
    \label{eq:private_static} \textbf{private static final int } CONFIGURATION\_RUN\_LOG\_POINT\_COUNT = 5;
```

```
public final String TAG;
private final String name;
private final String policyTag;
private final String traceTag;
private final double cacheRatio;
private K lowerKeyBound;
private K upperKeyBound;
private CacheStats stats;
private long totalTimeNanos;
public CacheBenchmarkConfiguration(String policyTag, String traceTag, double
    cacheRatio *100 + ")";
    this .policyTag = policyTag;
    this.traceTag = traceTag;
    this.cacheRatio = cacheRatio;
    TAG = CacheBenchmarkConfiguration.class.getSimpleName() + "_u-_u" + name;
    this . lowerKeyBound = lowerBound;
    this .upperKeyBound = upperBound;
}
public K getLowerKeyBound() {
    return lowerKeyBound;
public K getUpperKeyBound() {
    return upperKeyBound;
public String getName() {
    return name;
public double getCacheRatio() {
    return cacheRatio;
public String getPolicyTag() {
    return policyTag;
public String getTraceTag() {
   return traceTag;
 * Run the operation the benchmark is supposed to evaluate exactly once. The
     behaviour,
 * such as the speed, of this method is recorded and used to generate the final result of the
  configuration. Therefore it is essential that this is as high performance
     as it can be, e.g.
  you shouldn't log non-essential information or have an entire try-catch block unless if this
 * is absolutely necessary.
 * @param key
               The key used in the operation, can be null if it is not used
     in some specific
                implementation. The key will always be within the lower and
```

```
upper bounds.
  st @param value The value used in the operation, can be null if it is not used
            in some specific
                               implementation.
  * Oreturn true if the run succeeded, say by a cache success, false if the run
          did not succeed,
  * say by a cache miss
protected abstract boolean run(K key, V value);
  st Generates a possible input for the next run. If the input to \{	extstyle 0 | 	extstyle 1 \ 	extstyle 2 \ 	extstyle 1 \ 	extstyle 2 \ 	extstyle 3 \ 	extstyle 2 \ 	extstyle 3 \ 	extstyle 2 \ 	extstyle 4 \ 	extstyle 2 \ 	extstyle 3 \ 	extstyle 4 \ 	e
         CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#run(Comparable, Object)}
  * is irrelevant this could return <code>null</code>. Note how this can have
         an arbitrary
  * probability distribution when picking a value from the input space. In
         other words, you could
  st always return the same value from the input space (the obvious one being <
        code>null</code>),
  * or you could have a perfectly random distribution. This method is not
         recorded/timed.
  * Oreturn A key-value pair used as a possible input for a single run
protected abstract Pair<K, V> generateInput();
 * Generates statistics regarding the cache that is being benchmarked. Based
         on the type of benchmark
  * some of the properties of the returned stats are allowed to be null.
  * This method should not be used when trying to get an overview of benchmark
         statistics
  * {@link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#getStats()} should be used instead.
  * Oreturn Statistics relating to the cache
  * Osee CacheStats
protected abstract CacheStats generateStats();
 * Optional step performed after initialization and before the benchmark run.
  * Here the benchmark configuration has the chance of performing operations
        that should be run a
  st single time before the benchmark is started, like initializing the cache.
  * This method is not recorded/timed.
protected void setup() {
 * Optional step performed after the complete benchmark run with
  * {@link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#runMany(long, long)} and
  * { @link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#runTimed(long, long) }. Here the
         benchmark configuration has
  * the chance of performing operations that should be run a single time after
         the benchmark run,
  * like purging the cache. This method is not recorded/timed.
protected void tearDown() {
```

```
* Optional intermediary step performed before each single run. Here the
     benchmark configuration has
 st the chance of performing dependent operations that are required in the run,
      yet should not be
 * recorded. Therefore this method is not recorded/timed.
protected void prepare() {
 * Optional intermediary step performed after each single run. Here the
     benchmark configuration has the
 * chance of cleaning everything up to maintain reliable runs. This method is
     not\ recorded/timed\,.
 * @param key
                    The key of the last run
                    The value of the last run
 * @param value
 * Oparam succeeded Whether the last run succeeded or not
protected void cleanup(K key, V value, boolean succeeded) {
 * Generates a legal key-value pair to be used as an input for a single run by
      using
  {@link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#generateInput()} and then checking the
     lower and upper bounds.
 * @return A legal input key-value pair
private Pair<K, V> generateLegalInput() {
    final Pair < K, V > input = generateInput();
    if (input != null && (input.first.compareTo(lowerKeyBound) < 0 || input.</pre>
        toString\left(\right)\ +\ "\_that\_is\_either\_lower\_or\_higher\_than\_the\_lower\_or\_
            upper_bound!");
    return input;
}
 * Runs the configuration <code>warmuplterations + runIterations </code> times,
  \{@link\ CacheBenchmarkConfiguration\#run(Comparable,\ Object)\} to execute the
     operation and
  {@link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#generateInput()} to generate a random
     input. These results will
 * then be collected and returned.
   Oparam warmupIterations How many iterations the configuration should be run
      before recording
                           the results
 * @param runlterations
                          How many iterations the configuration should be run
     and recorded
 * Oreturns The final result after completing all iterations
public final void runMany(long warmuplterations, long runlterations) {
    setup();
```

```
final long logPoint = runIterations / CONFIGURATION_RUN_LOG_POINT_COUNT;
    Log.v(TAG, "Starting warmup");
     \mbox{for (int $i=0$; $i<$ warmuplterations$; $i++$) } \{
        runAndRecord();
    Log.v(TAG, "Completed warmup, starting run");
    for (int i = 0; i < runlterations; i++) {
        runAndRecord();
        if (i % logPoint == 0 && i != 0) {
             Log.v(TAG, String.format("Reached_%d_iterations_after_1%d_millis",
                 i, totalTimeNanos / 1_000_000);
    }
    stats = generateStats();
    stats.benchmarkName = getName();
    stats.policyTag = policyTag;\\
    stats.traceTag = traceTag;
    stats.cacheRatio = cacheRatio;
    {\tt stats.averageRunTime} \ = \ {\tt totalTimeNanos} \ \ / \ \ {\tt runIterations} \ ;
    tearDown();
Log.v(TAG, "Completed⊔run");
/**
 * Runs the configuration for <code>millis</code> milliseconds, using
 * {@link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#run(Comparable, Object)} to execute the
     operation and
   \{\mathit{@link}\;\;\mathsf{CacheBenchmarkConfiguration\#generateInput()}\} to \mathit{generate}\;\;\mathit{a}\;\;\mathit{random}
     input. These results will
 * then be collected and returned.
 * @param warmupMillis How long the warmup run should be in milliseconds
 * @param runMillis
                        How long the actual recorded run should be in
     milliseconds
  @returns The final result after completing all iterations fitting in <code>
     run Millis </code> milliseconds
public final void runTimed(long warmupMillis, long runMillis) {
    long nextLogPoint = runMillis / CONFIGURATION_RUN_LOG_POINT_COUNT;
    Log.i(TAG, "Starting warmup");
    while (totalTimeNanos < warmupMillis) {</pre>
        runAndRecord();
    }
    Log.i(TAG, "Completed_warmup,_starting_run");
    total Time Nanos\,=\,0;
    int totallterations = 0;
    while (totalTimeNanos < runMillis) {</pre>
        totallterations++;
        runAndRecord();
        if (totalTimeNanos / 1_000_000 >= runMillis) {
             // Stop the loop as the recording passed the specified run time
             ^{\prime\prime}/ Repeating the run until there is a recording that fits in the
                 specified run time
             // is both indeterministic and unfair.
```

```
break;
         }
         if (totalTimeNanos >= nextLogPoint) {
             Log.v(TAG, String.format("Reachedu%duiterationsuafteru%dumillis",
                  totallterations,
                      totalTimeNanos / 1_000_000));
             nextLogPoint = nextLogPoint + runMillis /
                 CONFIGURATION_RUN_LOG_POINT_COUNT;
         }
    }
    stats = generateStats();
    stats.benchmarkName = getName();
    {\tt stats.policyTag} \ = \ {\tt policyTag} \ ;
    stats.traceTag = traceTag;
    stats.cacheRatio = cacheRatio;
    {\tt stats.averageRunTime} \ = \ {\tt totalTimeNanos} \ \ / \ \ {\tt totalIterations} \ ;
    tearDown();
Log.i(TAG, "Completed⊔run");
private void runAndRecord() {
    prepare();
    final Pair < K, V >> input = generateLegalInput();
    long before = 0;
    long after = 0;
    boolean succeeded;
    if (input = null) {
         {\tt before} \ = \ {\sf System.nanoTime()} \ ;
         succeeded = run(null, null);
         after = System.nanoTime();
    } else {
         before = System.nanoTime();
         {\tt succeeded} \, = \, {\tt run} \, (\, {\tt input.first} \, \, , \, \, {\tt input.second} \, ) \, ;
         after = System.nanoTime();
    cleanup(input.first , input.second , succeeded);
    totalTimeNanos += after - before;
 * Get stats of the benchmark configuration, consisting of a combination of
     statistics generated
 * by the base \{@link\ CacheBenchmarkConfiguration\} and statistics generated by
      the cache itself.
 * 
 * When the benchmark configuration is has not been run or is not yet finished
     , this will return
 * null.
 * Oreturn Reliable cache statistics
 */
public CacheStats getStats() {
    return stats;
}
 * Represents statistics of the cache used in the cache benchmark. Several
     statistics might be null
```

```
* based on the use case.
public static class CacheStats {
    private Integer successCount;
    private Integer failureCount;
    private Integer maxCacheSize;
    private Integer cacheEntryCount;
    private String benchmarkName;
    private double averageRunTime;
    private String policyTag;
    private String traceTag;
    private double cacheRatio;
    private final StatType type;
    private CacheStats(StatType type) {
        this.type = type;
    /**
     * A Simple Factory used for creating {@link CacheStats} of a cache
         benchmark where reading
     * a cache is recorded.
     * @param successCount
                              The amount of successful reads that have
         occurred in the current benchmark
                              configuration
                              The amount of failed reads that have occurred in
     * @param failureCount
          the current benchmark
                              configuration
                              The cache size of the cache used in the
     * @param cacheSize
         benchmark configuration (in entries), with
                              a dynamically sized cache this is the maximum
         amount of entries
     * @param cacheEntryCount The amount of cache entries in the cache used in
         the benchmark configuration
     * @return A {@link CacheStats} object containing the specified data
    public static CacheStats read(int successCount, int failureCount, int
        cacheSize, int cacheEntryCount) {
        CacheStats metrics = new CacheStats(StatType.READ);
        metrics.successCount = successCount;
        metrics.failureCount = failureCount;
        metrics.maxCacheSize = cacheSize;
        metrics.cacheEntryCount = cacheEntryCount;
        return metrics;
   }
    /**
     * A Simple Factory used for creating {@link CacheStats} of a cache
         benchmark where
     * inserting, updating or deleting a cache is recorded.
     * @param maxCacheSize
                              The cache size of the cache used in the
         benchmark configuration (in entries), with
                              a dynamically sized cache this is the maximum
         amount of entries
     * @param cacheEntryCount The amount of cache entries in the cache used in
          the benchmark configuration
```

```
* @return A {@link CacheStats} object containing the specified data
public static CacheStats nonRead(StatType type, int maxCacheSize, int
    cacheEntryCount) {
    CacheStats metrics = new CacheStats(type);
    metrics.maxCacheSize = maxCacheSize;
    metrics.cacheEntryCount = cacheEntryCount;\\
    return metrics;
}
 * Oreturn The amount of successful reads that have occurred in the
     current benchmark
 * configuration. Null if the benchmark configuration is not a reading
    benchmark.
public Integer getSuccessCount() {
    return successCount;
 * Oreturn The amount of failed reads that have occurred in the current
    benchmark
  configuration. Null if the benchmark configuration is not a reading
    benchmark.
public Integer getFailureCount() {
   return failureCount;
 * @return The cache size of the cache used in the benchmark configuration
     (in entries), with
 * a dynamically sized cache this is the maximum amount of entries.
public Integer getMaxCacheSize() {
    return maxCacheSize;
 * @return The amount of cache entries in the cache used in the benchmark
     configuration \ .
  Null if this does not make sense in the current benchmark configuration
    , e.g. a delete
 st benchmark that should always have 0 cache entries after each run.
public Integer getCacheEntryCount() {
    return cacheEntryCount;
private void setBenchmarkName(String benchmarkName) {
    this . benchmarkName = benchmarkName;
private void setCacheRatio(double cacheRatio) {
    this. cacheRatio = cacheRatio;
private void setPolicyTag(String policyTag) {
    this.policyTag = policyTag;
```

```
private void setTraceTag(String traceTag) {
   this.traceTag = traceTag;
* Sets the average runtime, should only be set by the base {@link
    CacheBenchmarkConfiguration \}.
* @param averageRunTime The average runtime in nanoseconds
*/
private void setAverageRunTime(double averageRunTime) {
   this averageRunTime = averageRunTime;
public double getAverageRunTime() {
   return averageRunTime;
public String getBenchmarkName() {
   return benchmarkName;
* Oreturn The average hitrate of the run, which is a number where {Ocode
    0 <= val <= 100
public double getHitrate() {
   return (double) successCount / (successCount + failureCount) * 100;
public String getPolicyTag() {
   return policyTag;
public String getTraceTag() {
   return traceTag;
public double getCacheRatio() {
   return cacheRatio;
public String getPolicyWithCacheRatio() {
   return policyTag + "u(" + String.format("%.3f)", cacheRatio);
public StatType getStatType() {
   return type;
@Override
public String toString() {
   , benchmarkName));
   builder.append(String.format("Cache_size:_%-5d_", maxCacheSize));
   if (getStatType() == StatType.READ) {
       successCount / (successCount + failureCount) * 100));
   }
```

```
builder.append(String.format("Averageu(ns):u%-7.1fuuuuu", averageRunTime));

if (successCount != null) {
    builder.append(String.format("Successes:u%-8duuuuuu", successCount));
}

if (failureCount != null) {
    builder.append(String.format("Failures:u%-8duuuuuu", failureCount));
}

if (cacheEntryCount != null) {
    builder.append(String.format("Cacheuentries:u%-5d", cacheEntryCount));
}

return builder.toString();
}

public enum StatType {
    READ, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
}
```

E.2 Package cachebenchmarking.benchmark

Listing E.3: desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark.BaseBenchmark

```
package desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.benchmark;
import android.util.Pair;
import java.util.Random;
import\ desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.CacheBenchmarkConfiguration;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.Generator;
\textbf{import} \quad \text{desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.} \\ Random Generator;
\textbf{import} \quad \text{desmedt.} \\ \text{frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.} \\ \textbf{ZipfGenerator}; \\
 * A collection of basic {@link desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.
     CacheBenchmarkConfiguration } that
 * implement common code while remaining cache independent.
public class BaseBenchmark {
    public static final String INSERT_TAG = "Insert";
    {\color{red}\textbf{public static final String DELETE\_TAG = "Delete";}}
    public static final String UPDATE_TAG = "Update";
     * Base benchmark configuration used by all static classes in {@link
         BaseBenchmark \}.
     * It contains all common functionalities of its subclasses as well as
          management of benchmark
```

```
* { @link CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#setup()} and { @link
     CacheBenchmarkConfiguration#tearDown()}
 * 
 * It expects the cache to be based on {@link Integer} keys.
 * Oparam <V> The type of values that will be stored in the cache
public static abstract class BaseBenchmarkConfiguration<V> extends
    {\sf CacheBenchmarkConfiguration}{<} {\sf Integer} \ , \ \ {\sf V}{\gt} \ \ \{
    private int cacheSize;
    public BaseBenchmarkConfiguration(String policyTag, String traceTag,
        double cachedRatio , Integer lowerBound , Integer upperBound ) {
super(policyTag , traceTag , cachedRatio , lowerBound , upperBound);
        cacheSize = (int) Math.round((upperBound - IowerBound) * cachedRatio);
    }
    @Override
    protected void setup() {
        createCache(cacheSize);
    @Override
    protected void tearDown() {
        clearCache();
     * Generate a random value to be used as a value in a run.
     * @return A random value
    protected abstract V generateValue();
     * Create the cache that is used for benchmarking of size {@code cacheSize
        }. This method is
     * called only once before the benchmark run and is not timed.
     * Oparam cacheSize The maximum amount of entries the cache should have
     */
    protected abstract void createCache(int cacheSize);
     * Completely clear the cache used for benchmarking. This means cleaning
         as much as possible
     * and possibly even removing the cache reference for the garbage
         collector in case there are
     st lots of strong references that are maintained. This method is called
         only after the complete
     st benchmark run and is not timed.
    protected abstract void clearCache();
    public int getCacheSize() {
        return cacheSize;
}
public static abstract class Read<V> extends BaseBenchmarkConfiguration<V> {
```

```
private Generator<Integer> randomGenerator;
     * Oparam name The name of the cache policy used
     * Oparam traceTag The name of trace used
     * Oparam traceGenerator A generator representing some trace
     * Oparam cachedRatio How much of the total key space should be available
        in the cache, \{@code\ 0 <= cachedRatio <= 1\}
     * Oparam lowerBound The lower bound of the key space
     * @param upperBound The upper bound of the key space
    \textbf{public} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{Read(String name, String traceTag, Generator} < \textbf{Integer} >
        traceGenerator, double cachedRatio, Integer lowerBound, Integer
        randomGenerator = traceGenerator;
    protected abstract void addToCache(Integer key, V value);
    protected\ void\ cleanup(Integer\ key,\ V\ value,\ boolean\ succeeded) {
        if (!succeeded) {
            addToCache(key, value);
    }
    @Override
    protected Pair<Integer, V> generateInput() {
        return new Pair <> (randomGenerator.next(), generateValue());
}
 * A default benchmark configuration for reading a cache. It simulates random
     cache access by
 * continuously generating random values before each individual run.
 * 
 * It expects the cache to be based on {@link Integer} keys.
 * Oparam <V> The type of the values that will be stored in the cache
public static abstract class RandomRead<V> extends BaseBenchmark.Read<V> {
    public RandomRead (String name, double cached Ratio, Integer lowerBound,
        Integer upperBound) {
        super (name, Random Generator. TRACE_TAG, new Random Generator (lower Bound,
             upperBound), cachedRatio, lowerBound, upperBound);
}
 * A default benchmark configuration for reading a cache. It simulates GET
    HTTP requests that
  pass by the cache by continuously generating random values according to a
     Zipf probability
 * distribution (\{@link\ ZipfGenerator\}) before each individual run.
  * It expects the cache to be based on {@link Integer} keys.
 * @param <V> The type of the values that will be stored in the cache
```

```
public static abstract class ZipfRead<V> extends BaseBenchmark.Read<V> {
    public ZipfRead(String name, double cachedRatio, Integer lowerBound,
       Integer upperBound) {
       super(name, ZipfGenerator.TRACE\_TAG, new ZipfGenerator(lowerBound,
           upperBound), cachedRatio, lowerBound, upperBound);
   }
}
 * A default insert benchmark, that is used to monitor the performance of
    inserting key-value pairs
 * in a cache. The key passed to the run will always be a key of an entry that
      is not currently
 * stored in the cache. Therefore it will always be a pure insert run and will
      never be updating
 * an existing entry.
 * 
 * It expects the cache to be based on {@link Integer} keys.
 * The keys that are used are completely random.
 st @param <V> The type of the values that will be stored in the cache
private Generator<Integer> generator;
    private int nextKey;
    public Insert (String name, double cached Ratio, Integer lower Bound, Integer
        upperBound) {
        super(name + INSERT_TAG, RandomGenerator TRACE_TAG, cachedRatio,
           lowerBound , upperBound );
        generator = new RandomGenerator(lowerBound, upperBound);
    protected abstract void removeElement(Integer key);
    protected abstract V generateValue();
    @Override
    protected void cleanup(Integer key, V value, boolean succeeded) {
       nextKey = generator.next();
        removeElement(key);
    protected Pair<Integer, V> generateInput() {
        return new Pair <> (nextKey, generateValue());
}
 * A default benchmark configuration for deleting an entry from a cache.
 * The key passed to the run will always be a key of an existing entry in the
    cache. Therefore
 st the run is never told to try and remove the entry bound to the key that is
    not in the cache.
 * 
 * It expects the cache to be based on {@link Integer} keys.
 * The keys generated are completely random.
```

```
st @param <V> The type of the values that will be stored in the cache
public static abstract class Delete<V> extends BaseBenchmarkConfiguration<V> {
    private Generator<Integer> generator;
    private int nextKey;
     public Delete (String name, double cached Ratio, Integer lower Bound, Integer
          upperBound) {
         super(name + DELETE_TAG, RandomGenerator.TRACE_TAG, cachedRatio,
              lowerBound , upperBound );
         generator = new RandomGenerator(lowerBound, upperBound);
    }
     public abstract void addToCache(int key, V value);
     protected abstract V generateValue();
     OOverride
     protected void setup() {
         super.setup();
          \mbox{for (int $i=0$; $i<$getCacheSize()$; $i++) } \{ \label{eq:continuous} 
              prepare();
         }
    }
     @Override
     protected void prepare() {
         nextKey = generator.next();
         addToCache(nextKey, generateValue());
     @Override
    protected Pair<Integer, V> generateInput() {
         return new Pair <> (nextKey, generateValue());
}
 * A default benchmark configuration for updating entries in a cache.
 * The key passed to the run might be bound to an already existing entry in
     the cache, yet this
 * is not enforced. Considering that a cache update is almost always used with
      а
 * "update or add if non existent" semantics.
 * 
 * It expects the cache to be based on {@link Integer} keys.
 * The keys generated are completely random.
 * @param <V> The type of the values that will be stored in the cache
\textbf{public static abstract class} \ \ \textbf{Update} < \! \textbf{V} \!\!> \\ \textbf{extends} \ \ \textbf{BaseBenchmarkConfiguration} < \! \textbf{V} \!\!> \\ \{
     private Generator<Integer> generator;
    private int nextKey;
     \textbf{public} \quad \textbf{Update} \big( \, \textbf{String name}, \, \, \textbf{double} \, \, \, \textbf{cachedRatio} \, , \, \, \, \textbf{Integer lowerBound} \, , \, \, \, \textbf{Integer} \, \,
          upperBound) {
         super(name + UPDATE_TAG, RandomGenerator.TRACE_TAG, cachedRatio,
              lowerBound , upperBound );
         generator = new RandomGenerator(lowerBound, upperBound);
```

```
protected abstract void addToCache(int key, V value);

protected abstract V generateValue();

@Override
protected void prepare() {
    nextKey = generator.next();
    addToCache(nextKey, generateValue());
}

@Override
protected Pair<Integer, V> generateInput() {
    return new Pair<>(nextKey, generateValue());
}
```

E.3 Package cachebenchmarking.cache

Listing E.4: desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache.Cache

```
package desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache;
* Interface for every custom cache implementation.
public interface Cache<K extends Comparable<K>, V> {
     * Get the value of the entry associated with the key or null if there is no
        entry in the cache
     * linked to the key.
     * Oparam key The key associated with the entry
* Oreturn The value if the key exists in the cache, false otherwise
    V get(K key);
    * Put a new entry in the cache with a key and a value.
     * Oparam key The key of the entry
     * Oparam value The value of the entry
    void put(K key, V value);
     * Removes a single entry from the cache, or does nothing if the key is not
         present.
     * @param key The key of the entry that should be removed
    void remove(K key);
    /**
```

```
* Removes all elements from the cache.
    void removeAll();
     * Oreturn The maximum amount of entries present in the cache at any given
         time
    int maxSize();
     * @return The current amount of entries present in the cache
    int size();
    class Element<K extends Comparable<K>, V> implements Comparable<K> \{
        private K key;
        private V value;
        public Element (K key, V value) {
             this.key = key;
             this.value = value;
        public K getKey() {
             return key;
        public void setKey(K key) {
             this.key = key;
        public V getValue() {
            return value;
        public void setValue(V value) {
             \textbf{this} \, . \, \texttt{value} \, = \, \texttt{value} \, ;
        @Override
        public boolean equals(Object o) {
             if (o instanceof Element) {
                 return key.equals(((Element) o).getKey()) && value.equals(((
                     Element) o).getValue());
             } else {
                 return key.equals(o);
             }
        }
        @Override
        public int compareTo(K key) {
            return getKey().compareTo(key);
    }
}
```

Listing E.5: desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache.FIFOCache

package desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache;

```
import \ java.util.LinkedHashMap;\\
import java.util.ListIterator;
import java.util.Map;
st A simple FIFO cache replacement policy implementation. Uses the FIFO mode of \{
      @link LinkedHashMap}
 * to store, retrieve and remove its elements.
public class FIFOCache<K extends Comparable<K>, V> implements Cache<K, V> {
    public static final String CACHE_TAG = "FifoCache";
    private LinkedHashMap < K, V > heap = new LinkedHashMap < > ();
    private int maxSize = 0;
    public FIFOCache(int maxSize) {
         this.maxSize = maxSize;
    @Override
    \textbf{public} \ \ \textbf{V} \ \ \texttt{get} (\textbf{K} \ \ \texttt{key}) \ \ \{
         return heap.get(key);
    @Override
    public\ void\ put(K\ key,\ V\ value)\ \{
         heap.put(key, value);
         if (maxSize < heap.size()) {</pre>
             removeElement();
    \begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{private} & \textbf{void} & \texttt{removeElement()} & \{ \end{tabular}
         K key = heap.keySet().iterator().next();
         heap.remove(key);
    public void remove(K key) {
         heap remove (key);
     @Override
    public void removeAll() {
         heap.clear();
    @Override
    public int maxSize() {
         return maxSize;
    @Override\\
    public int size() {
         return heap.size();
}
```

Listing E.6: desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache.RandomCache

```
package desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.Random;
import java.util.StringTokenizer;
import desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.cache.Cache;
* A simple random cache replacement policy implementation.
\textbf{public class} \ \ \textbf{RandomCache} < \textbf{K} \ \ \textbf{extends} \ \ \ \textbf{Comparable} < \textbf{K} > , \ \ \textbf{V} > \ \textbf{implements} \ \ \textbf{Cache} < \textbf{K}, \ \ \textbf{V} > \ \ \{
    public static final String CACHE_TAG = "RandomCache";
    private int maxSize:
    private LinkedList < Element < K, V >> heap = new LinkedList < >();
    private Random random = new Random();
    public RandomCache(int maxSize) {
         this .maxSize = maxSize;
    @Override
    public V get(K key) {
         final int index = Collections.binarySearch(heap, key);
         return index < 0 ? null : heap.get(index).getValue();
    @Override
    public void put(K key, V value) {
         int index = Collections.binarySearch(heap, key);
         if (index < 0) {
             if (maxSize < heap.size() + 1) {
                  removeElement();
             int insertIndex = -(index + 1);
             if (insertIndex = heap.size() + 1) {
                  heap.add(new Element<K, V>(key, value));
             } else {
                  heap.add(insertIndex, new Element<>(key, value));
        } else {
             heap.get(index).setValue(value);
    }
    @Override
    public void remove(K key) {
        int index = Collections.binarySearch(heap, key);
         if (index > 0) {
             heap.remove(index);
        }
    }
    @Override
    public void removeAll() {
```

```
heap.clear();
}

private void removeElement() {
    final int index = random.nextInt(maxSize);
    heap.remove(index);
}

@Override
public int maxSize() {
    return maxSize;
}

@Override
public int size() {
    return heap.size();
}
```

E.4 Package cachebenchmarking.generator

Listing E.7: desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator.Generator

```
package desmedt.frederik.cachebenchmarking.generator;

/**
 * Something that can generate values of type {@code E}. This interface is used with arbitrary
 * semantics, be it as a random instance generator or a one-time single instance generator.
 */
public interface Generator<E> {
    E next();
}
```