

ETL Metadata Injection

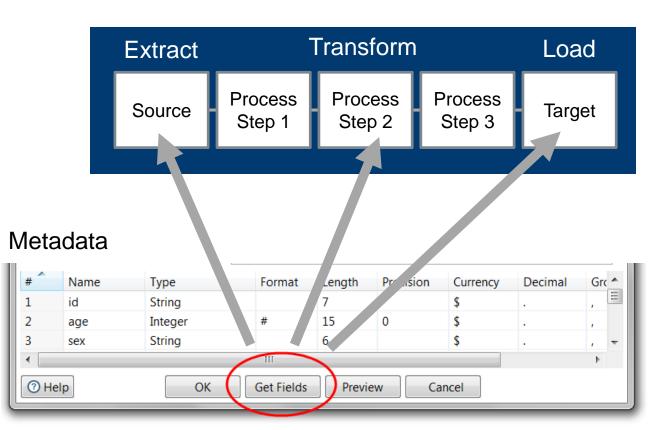
A template-based approach to dynamic data integration

Traditional ETL – Hardcoded Metadata



Metadata details (fields, datatypes, etc.) are required for various steps within a transformation: sources, targets, and/or transformation steps.

Legacy ETL tools require you to hardcode the metadata at development time.



Dynamic ETL

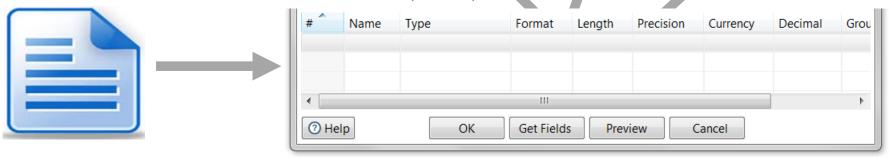


ETL Metadata Injection lets you inject the metadata into a template at runtime.

Template



Metadata (blank)



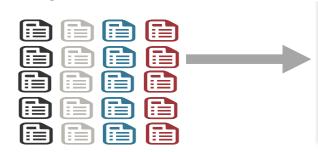
Use Case 1 – Scalability / Reuse



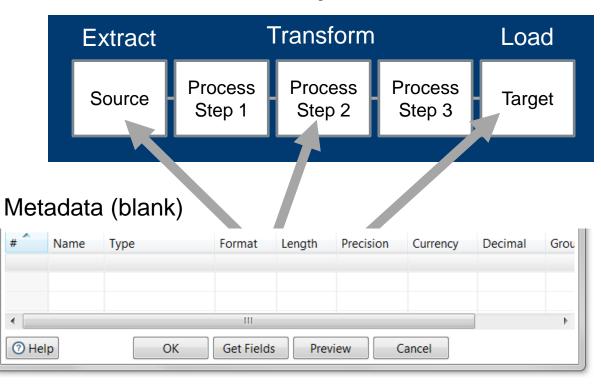
Same workflow, many different files/tables, etc.

Maintain metadata in a list/table and reuse a single workflow template.

Example: migrate 1,500 tables



Template



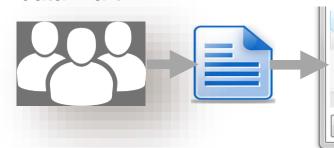
Use Case 2 - Self-service



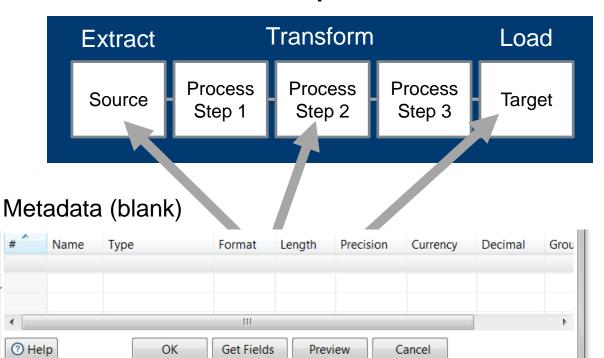
Allow user/customer to enter metadata in a simple web form

Example:

select fields for a template to pull data from Hadoop and build an on-demand data mart



Template



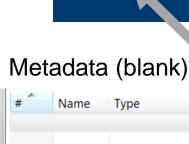
Use Case 3 – Auto-Discovery



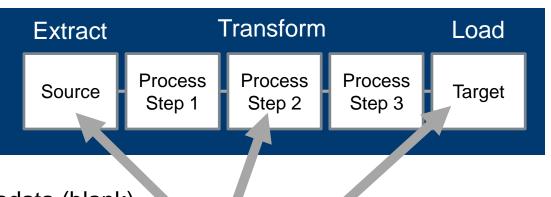
Parse out metadata dynamically at runtime.

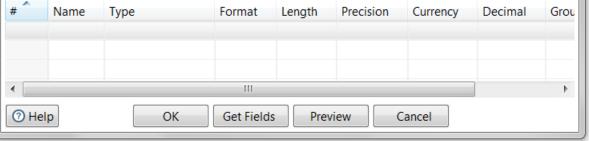
Example:

Dynamically parse messages of varying formats



Template





DRY Principle – Don't Repeat Yourself

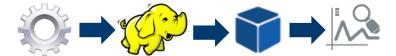


Use a Templated Approach





Large Oil & Gas Co.







Major Professional Services Firm



Use Cases

Scalability: simplified data onboarding & management

Auto-Discovery: dynamic parsing of log files for cybersecurity

Self-service: customer on-boarding

Scalability: large data migration