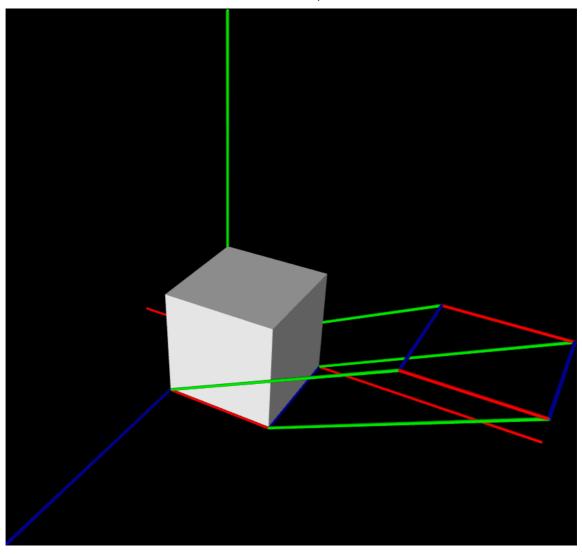
Chapter 5. Elementary Operation and Matrix Invariants

5.1. Elementary matrices and operations

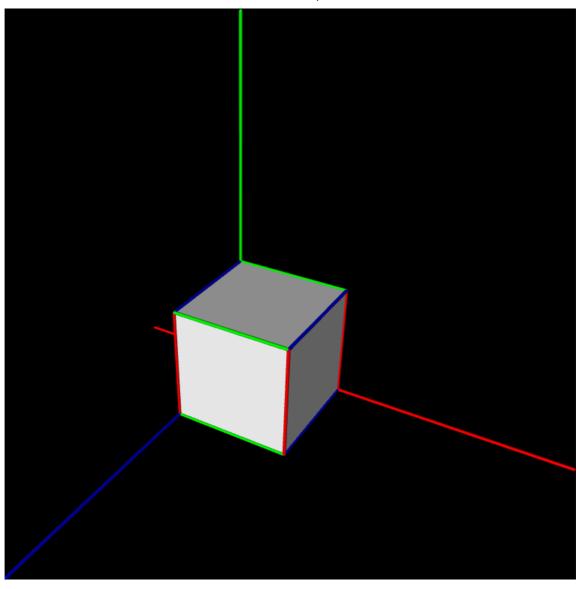
Program:elementary_vp.py

```
In [1]: from vpython import *
        import numpy as np
        o = vec(0, 0, 0)
        x, y, z = vec(1, 0, 0), vec(0, 1, 0), vec(0, 0, 1)
        yz, zx, xy = [0, y, z, y+z], [0, z, x, z+x], [0, x, y, x+y]
        def T(A, u): return vec(*np.dot(A, (u.x, u.y, u.z)))
        E1 = [[1, 2, 0], [0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
        E2 = [[0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
        E3 = [[2, 0, 0], [0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
        def draw(E):
            scene = canvas(width=600, height=600)
            scene.camera.pos = vec(3, 4, 5)
            scene.camera.axis = -\text{vec}(3, 4, 5)
            box(pos=(x+y+z)/2)
            for axis in [x, y, z]:
                curve(pos=[-axis, 3*axis], color=axis)
            for axis, face in [(x, yz), (y, zx), (z, xy)]:
                for side in face:
                    A = F
                    curve(pos=[T(A, side), T(A, axis+side)], color=axis)
```

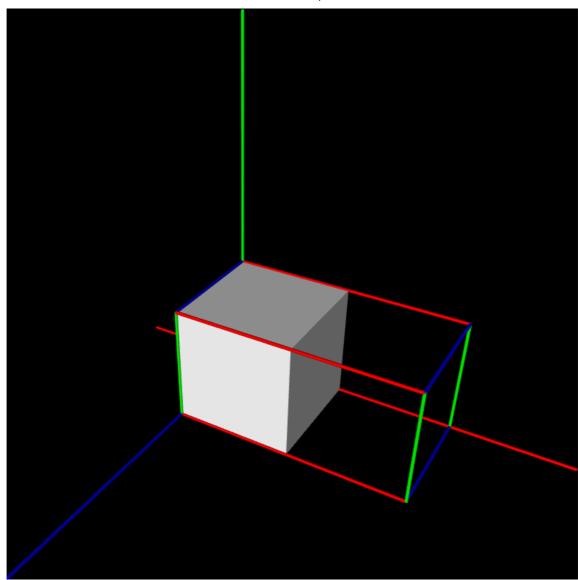
```
In [2]: draw(E1)
```



In [3]: draw(E2)



In [4]: draw(E3)



elementary_sp.ipynb

```
In [1]: from sympy import Matrix, var
           var('x y a11 a12 a13 a21 a22 a23 a31 a32 a33')
           E1 = Matrix([[1, x, 0], [0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1]])
           E2 = Matrix([[0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1]])
           E3 = Matrix([[1, 0, 0], [0, y, 0], [0, 0, 1]])
           A = Matrix([[a11, a12, a13], [a21, a22, a23], [a31, a32, a33]])
In [2]: E1 * A
Out[2]:
           \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} + a_{21}x & a_{12} + a_{22}x \end{bmatrix}
                                           a_{13} + a_{23}x
                 a_{21}
                                a_{22}
                                               a_{23}
                 a_{31}
                                a_{32}
                                               a_{33}
In [3]: E2 * A
Out[3]:
           \lceil a_{21} \rceil
                          a_{23}
             a_{11}
                   a_{12}
                          a_{13}
            \lfloor a_{31} \rfloor
                   a_{32}
                          a_{33}
```

```
In [4]: E3 * A
 Out [4]: [a_{11}]
                           a_{12}
                                     a_{13}
                 a_{21}y a_{22}y
                                    a_{23}y
                 a_{31}
                            a_{32}
                                     a_{33}
 In [5]: A * E1
 Out [5]: [a_{11}]
                         a_{11}x + a_{12} a_{13}
                         a_{21}x + a_{22}
                 a_{21}
                                           a_{23}
                \lfloor a_{31} 
floor
                         a_{31}x + a_{32} a_{33}
 In [6]: A * E2
 Out[6]: \lceil a_{12} \quad a_{11} \quad a_{13} \mid
                 a_{22}
                         a_{21} a_{23}
                \left[ egin{array}{ccc} a_{32} & a_{31} & a_{33} \end{array} 
ight]
 In [7]: A * E3
 Out[7]: \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12}y & a_{13} \end{bmatrix}
                 a_{21} a_{22}y a_{23}
                \left[ \begin{array}{ccc} a_{31} & a_{32}y & a_{33} \end{array} \right]
 In [8]: B = A.copy(); B[1,:] *= x; B
 Out[8]: [a_{11}]
                            a_{12}
                                     a_{13}
                 a_{21}x a_{22}x a_{23}x
                \lfloor a_{31}
                            a_{32}
                                     a_{33}
 In [9]: B = A.copy(); B[:,2] *= x; B
 Out[9]:
               \lceil a_{11} \rceil
                         a_{12} a_{13}x
                 a_{21}
                         a_{22} a_{23}x
                         a_{32} a_{33}x
                \lfloor a_{31} \rfloor
In [10]: B = A.copy(); B[0,:], B[1,:] = B[1,:], B[0,:]; B
Out[10]:
                \lceil a_{21} \rceil
                         a_{22} a_{23}
                 a_{11}
                         a_{12} a_{13}
                \lfloor a_{31} 
floor
                         a_{32} a_{33}
In [11]: B = A.copy(); B[:,1], B[:,2] = B[:,2], B[:,1]; B
Out[11]:
                \lceil a_{11} \rceil
                         a_{13} a_{12}
                 a_{21}
                         a_{23} a_{22}
                \lfloor a_{31} 
floor
                         a_{33} a_{32}
In [12]: B = A.copy(); B[0,:] += y * B[1,:]; B
```

```
Out[12]:
           | a_{11} + a_{21}y \quad a_{12} + a_{22}y \quad a_{13} + a_{23}y
                              a_{32}
                                            a_{33}
In [13]: B = A.copy(); B[:,1] += y * B[:,2]; B
Out[13]:
           \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} + a_{13}y \end{bmatrix}
             a_{21} a_{22} + a_{23}y
            \left\lfloor \,a_{31}\quad a_{32}+a_{33}y\quad a_{33}\,
ight
floor
           Untitled.ipynb
In [1]: from numpy import array
           A = array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
           B = A.copy(); B[[0, 1], :] = B[[1, 0], :]; B
Out[1]: array([[4, 5, 6],
                   [1, 2, 3],
                   [7, 8, 9]])
In [2]: B = A.copy(); B[:, [1, 2]] = B[:, [2, 1]]; B
Out[2]: array([[1, 3, 2],
                   [4, 6, 5],
                   [7, 9, 8]])
          5.2. Rank
           Untitled.ipynb
 In [1]: from numpy import *
           A = array([[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 4], [3, 4, 5]])
           linalq.matrix rank(A)
Out[1]: 2
           prob_rank.ipynb
In [1]: from numpy.random import seed, choice, permutation
           from sympy import Matrix
           def f(P, m1, m2, n):
               if n > min(m1, m2):
                    return Matrix(choice(P, (m1, m2)))
                    while True:
                         X, Y = \text{choice}(P, (m1, n)), \text{choice}(P, (n, m2))
                         A = Matrix(X.dot(Y))
                         if A.rank() == n:
                              return A
           m1, m2 = 3, 4
           seed(2021)
```

```
for i in permutation(max(m1, m2)):
    print(f([-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3], m1, m2, i+1))

Matrix([[-3, 3, 2, 1], [3, 3, 3, -3], [2, -2, 3, -2]])
Matrix([[5, -2, 1, -14], [-5, 2, -9, 4], [-4, 1, -3, 11]])
Matrix([[3, -1, -2, 2], [-7, 4, 7, -3], [1, 3, 4, 4]])
Matrix([[-2, -1, 3, 1], [4, 2, -6, -2], [4, 2, -6, -2]])
```

5.3. Determinant

Program: determinant.ipynb

```
In [1]: from functools import reduce
        def P(n):
            if n == 1:
                return [([0], 1)]
            else:
                Q = []
                for p, s in P(n-1):
                    Q.append((p + [n-1], s))
                     for i in range(n-1):
                         q = p + [n-1]
                         q[i], q[-1] = q[-1], q[i]
                         Q.append((q, -1*s))
                 return 0
        def prod(L): return reduce(lambda x, y: x*y, L)
        def det(A):
            n = len(A)
            a = sum([s * prod([A[i][p[i]] for i in range(n)]))
                      for p, s in P(n)])
             return a
        if __name__ == '__main__':
            A = [[1, 2], [2, 3]]
            B = [[1, 2], [2, 4]]
            C = [[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 4], [3, 4, 5]]
            D = [[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2]]
            print(det(A), det(B), det(C), det(D))
        -1 0 0 -18
```

Untitled.ipynb

```
In [1]: from numpy.linalg import det
A = [[1, 2], [2, 3]]
B = [[1, 2], [2, 4]]
C = [[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 4], [3, 4, 5]]
D = [[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2]]
det(A), det(B), det(C), det(D)
Out[1]: (-1.0, 0.0, -7.401486830834414e-17, -18.0000000000000000)
```

Program: error.ipynb

```
In [1]: from numpy.linalg import det, matrix_rank
         from numpy.random import seed, normal
         seed(123)
         n = 20
         F = normal(0, 1, (n, n-1))
         G = F.dot(F.T)
         print(f'shape = {G.shape}')
         print(f'det = {det(G)}')
         print(f'rank = {matrix_rank(G)}')
         shape = (20, 20)
         det = 23.147833157995517
         rank = 19
         Untitled1.ipynb
In [1]: from sympy import Matrix, symbols
         A = Matrix([[1, 2], [2, 3]])
         B = Matrix([[1, 2], [2, 4]])
         C = Matrix([[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 4], [3, 4, 5]])
         D = Matrix([[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2]])
         A.det(), B.det(), C.det(), D.det()
Out[1]: (-1, 0, 0, -18)
In [2]: a11, a12, a13 = symbols('a11, a12, a13')
         a21, a22, a23 = symbols('a21, a22, a23')
         a31, a32, a33 = symbols('a31, a32, a33')
         E = Matrix([[a11,a12], [a21,a22]])
         F = Matrix([[a11,a12,a13], [a21,a22,a23], [a31,a32,a33]])
         E.det()
Out[2]: a_{11}a_{22}-a_{12}a_{21}
In [3]: F.det()
\texttt{Out[3]:} \quad a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}
         Program: prob_det.ipynb
In [1]: from numpy.random import seed, choice, permutation
         from sympy import Matrix
         def f(P, m, p):
             while True:
                  A = Matrix(choice(P, (m, m)))
                  if p == 0:
                      if A.det() == 0:
                           return A
                  elif A.det() != 0:
                      return A
         m = 3
         seed(2021)
```

```
for p in permutation(2):
    print(f([-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3], m, p))

Matrix([[3, -2, -3], [3, 2, 1], [3, 3, 3]])
Matrix([[1, -2, 1], [-2, -2, 1], [1, -2, 1]])
```

5.4. Trace

Empty

5.5. Systems of linear equations

Untitled.ipynb

```
In [1]: from numpy.linalg import solve
    solve([[1,2,3],[2,3,1],[3,1,2]],[6,9,12])
Out[1]: array([3.5, 0.5, 0.5])
```

Program: prob_eqn.ipynb

```
\{x: 19 - 7*z, y: 9*z - 25\}
```

```
\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 8 & 6 & 2 \\ 7 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}
```

5.6. The inverse matrix

Untitled.ipynb

```
In [1]: from sympy import Matrix
```

```
A = Matrix([[1, 2, 3, 1, 0, 0],
                               [2, 3, 1, 0, 1, 0],
                               [3, 1, 2, 0, 0, 1]])
In [2]: A[1, :] = A[0, :] * 2; A[2, :] = A[0, :] * 3; A
Out[2]:
In [3]: A[1, :] /= -1; A
Out[3]:
In [4]: A[0, :] = A[1, :] * 2; A[2, :] += A[1, :] * 5; A
Out[4]:
In [5]: A[2, :] /= 18; A
             \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -7 & -3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{18} & -\frac{5}{18} & \frac{1}{18} \end{bmatrix}
Out[5]:
In [6]: A[0, :] += A[2, :] * 7; A[1, :] -= A[2, :] * 5; A
Out[6]: \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{18} & \frac{1}{18} & \frac{7}{18} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{18} & \frac{7}{18} & -\frac{5}{18} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{18} & -\frac{5}{18} & \frac{1}{18} \end{bmatrix}
             Program: inv.ipynb
In [1]: from numpy import array, linalg, random
             n = 5
             A = random.randint(0, 10, (n, n))
             K = [[j \text{ for } j \text{ in } range(n) \text{ if } j != i] \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(n)]
             B = array([[(-1) ** (i+j) * linalg.det(A[K[i], :][:, K[j]])
                               for i in range(n)] for j in range(n)])
```

print(A.dot(B/linalg.det(A)))

In []