

Multi-Stage Reasoning with LLM Chains



Databricks Academy 2023



Learning Objectives

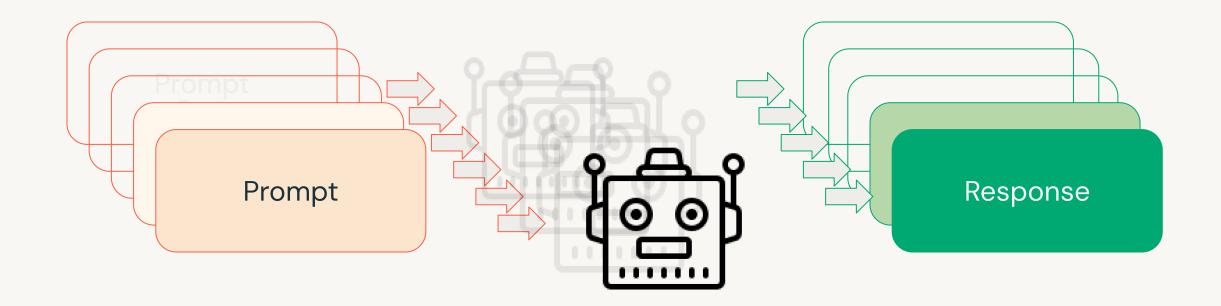
By the end of this module, you should be able to:

- Describe the flow of LLM pipelines with tools like LangChain.
- Apply LangChain to leverage multiple LLM providers such as OpenAI and Hugging Face.
- Create complex logic flow with agents in LangChain to pass prompts and use logical reasoning to complete tasks.



LLM Tasks vs. LLM-based Workflows

LLMs can complete a huge array of challenging tasks.



Summarization

Sentiment analysis

Translation

Zero-shot classification

Few-shot learning

Conversation / chat

Question-answering

Table question-answering

Token classification

Text classification

Text generation

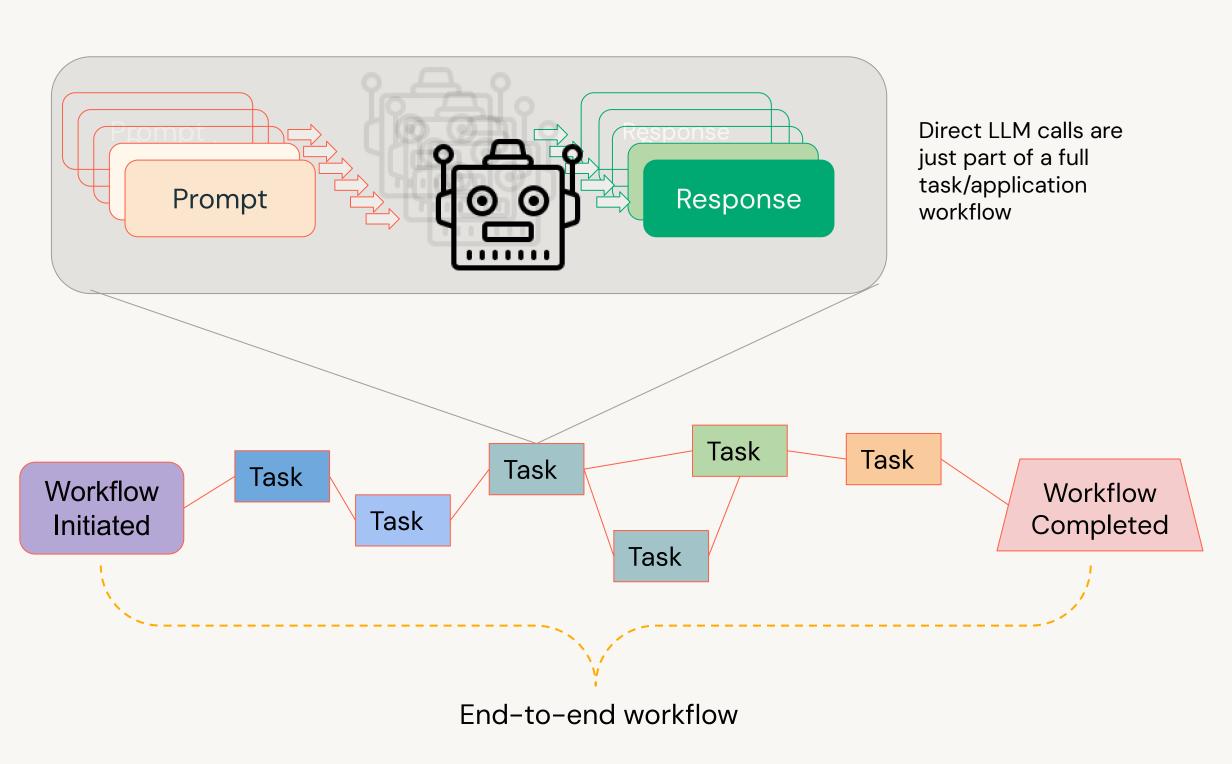


LLM Tasks vs. LLM-based Workflows

Typical applications are more than just a prompt-response system.

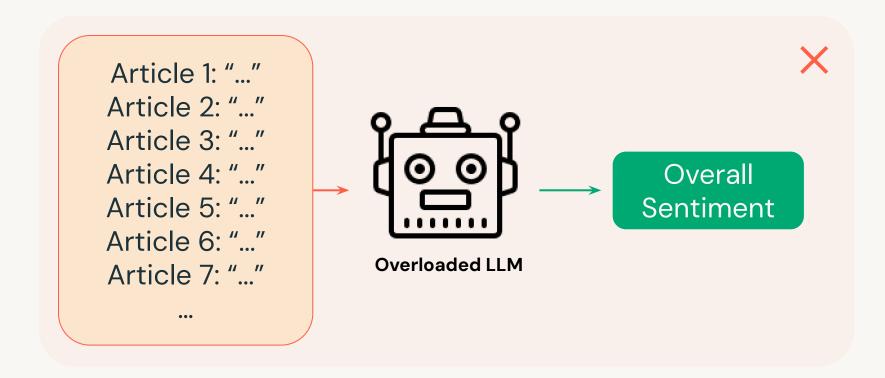
Tasks: Single interaction with an LLM

Workflow: Applications with more than a single interaction



Summarize and Sentiment

Example multi-LLM problem: get the sentiment of many articles on a topic

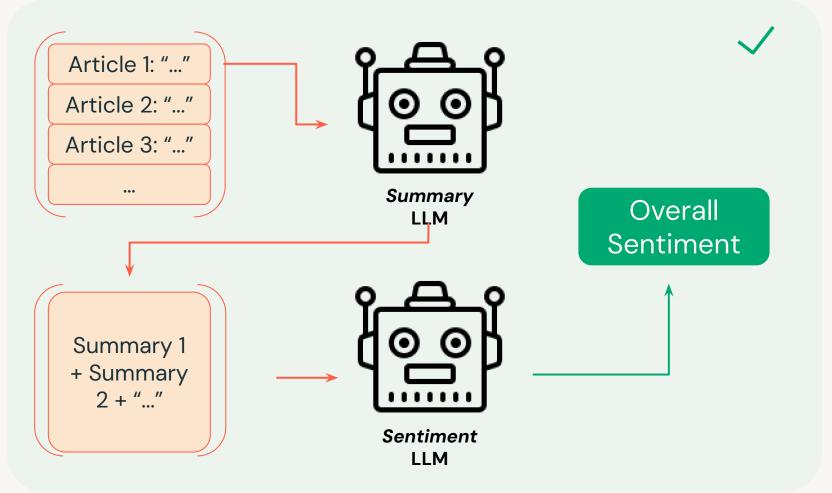


Initial solution

Put all the articles together and have the LLM parse it all

Issue

Can quickly overwhelm the model input length



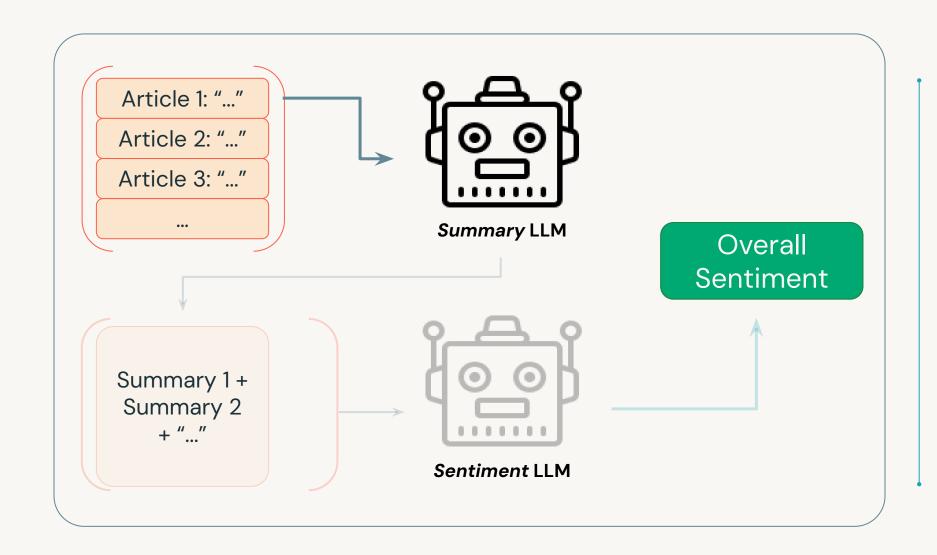
Better solution

A two-stage process to first summarize, then perform sentiment analysis.



Summarize and Sentiment

Step 1: Let's see how we can build this example.



Goal:

Create a reusable workflow for multiple articles.

For this we'll focus on the first task first.

How do we make this process systematic?



Multi-Stage Reasoning with LLM Chains:

Prompt Engineering



Prompt Engineering - Templating

Task: Summarization

```
# Example template for article summary
# The input text will be the variable {article}
summary_prompt_template = """
Summarize the following article, paying close attention to emotive phrases: {article}
Summary: """
```

{article} is the variable in the prompt template.



Prompt Engineering - Templating

Use generalized template for any article



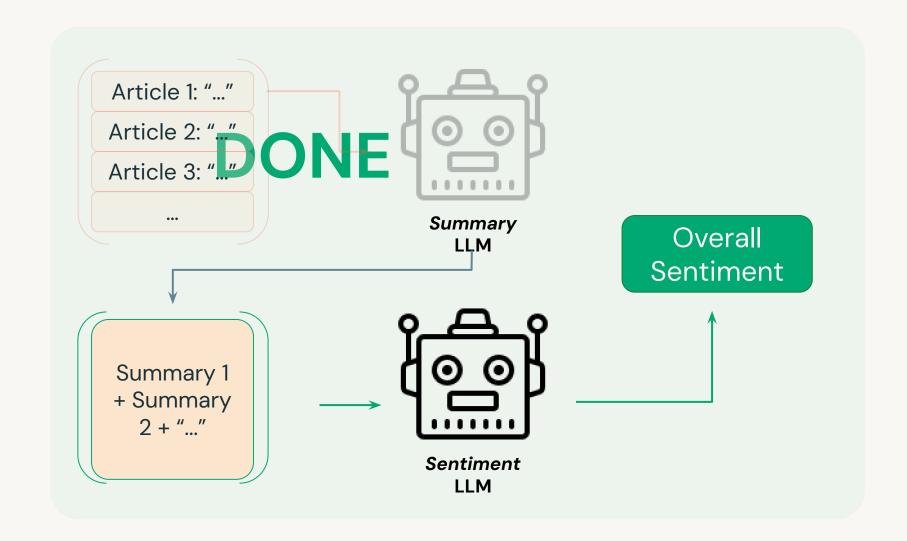
Prompt Engineering - Templating

We can create many prompt versions and feed them into LLMs

```
# Example template for summarization
# The input text will be the variable {article}
summary prompt template =
Summarize the following article, paying close attention to emotive phrases: {article}
Summary: """
# Now, construct an engineered prompt that takes two parameters: template and a list of input variables
summary prompt = PromptTemplate(template = summary prompt template, input variables=["article"])
# To create an instance of this prompt with a specific article, we pass the article as an argument.
summary_prompt(article=my_article)
# Loop through all articles
for next_article in articles:
  next_prompt = summary_prompt(article=next_article)
  summary = llm(next_prompt)
```

Multiple LLM interactions in a sequence

Chain prompt outputs as input to LLM



Now we need the **output** from our new engineered prompts to be the **input** to the sentiment analysis LLM.

For this we're going to chain together these LLMs.



Multi-Stage Reasoning with LLM Chains:

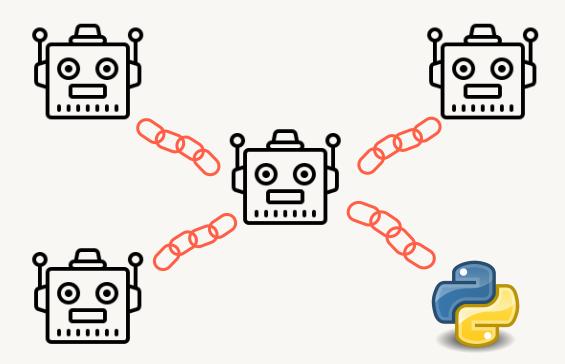
LLM Chains

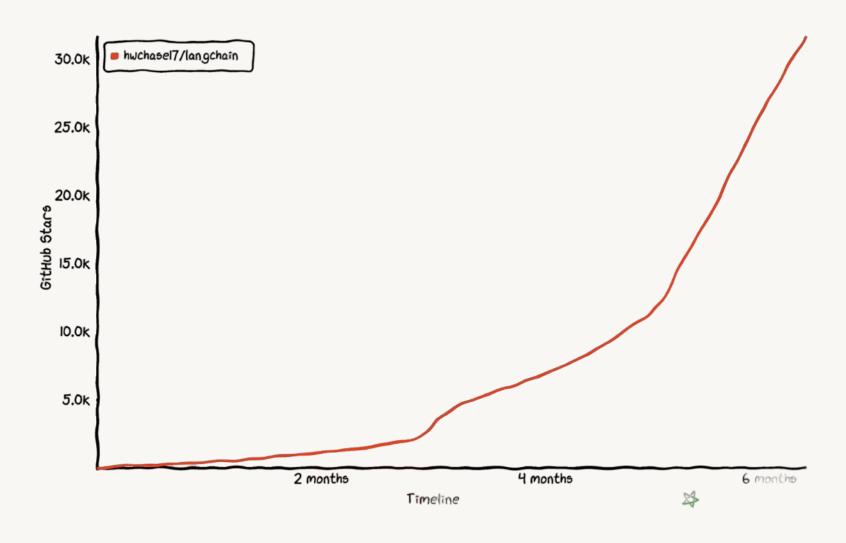


LLM Extension Libraries

LangChain

- Released in late 2022
- Useful for multi-stage reasoning,
 LLM-based workflows







Multi-stage LLM Chains

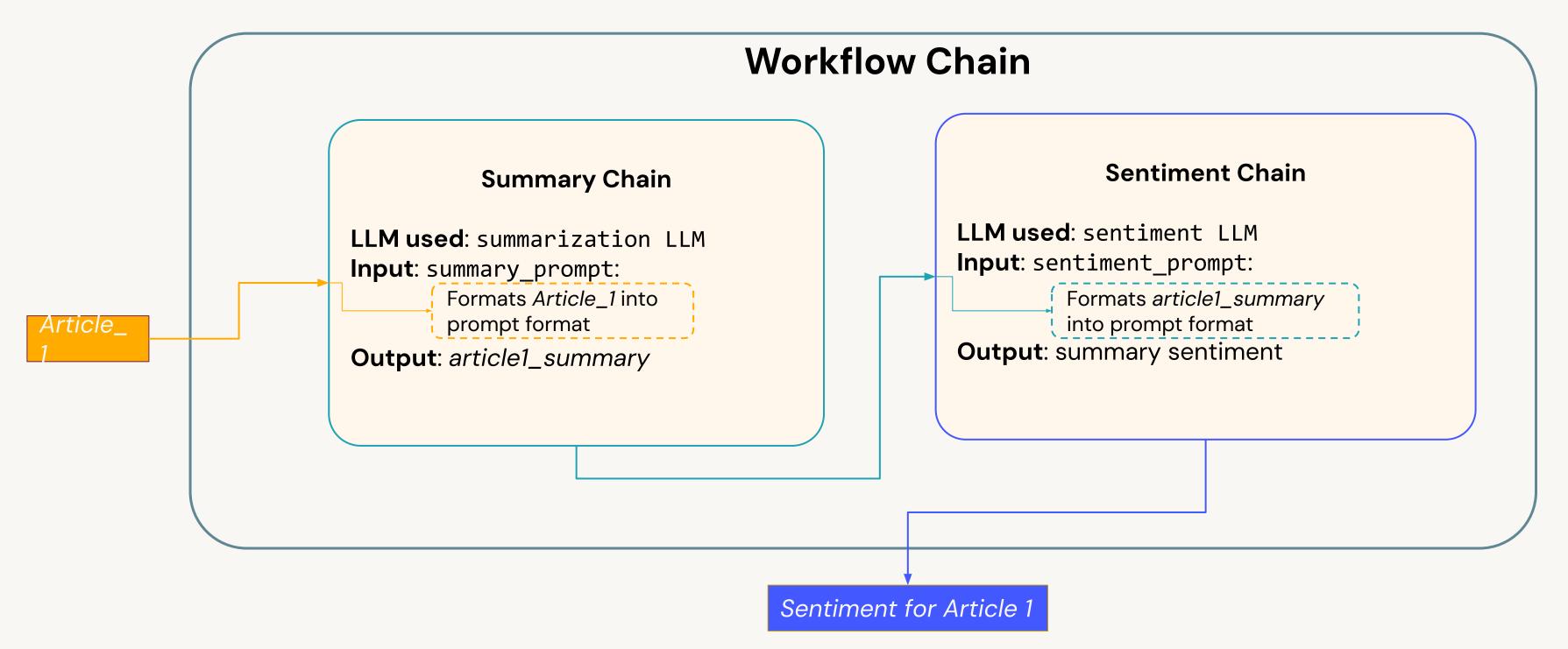
Build a sequential flow: article summary output feeds into a sentiment LLM

```
# Firstly let's create our two llms
summary_llm = summarize()
sentiment_llm = sentiment()
# We will also need another prompt template like before, a new sentiment prompt
sentiment_prompt_template =
Evaluate the sentiment of the following summary: {summary}
Sentiment: """
# As before we create our prompt using this template
sentiment_prompt = promptTemplate(template=sentiment_prompt_template, input_variable=["summary"])
```



Multi-stage LLM Chains

Let's look at the logic flow of this LLM Chain



Chains with non-LLM tools?

Example: LLMMath in LangChain

Q: How to make an LLMChain that evaluates mathematical questions?

- The LLM needs to take in the question and return executable code
- 2. Need to add an evaluation tool for correctness
- 3. The results need to be passed back

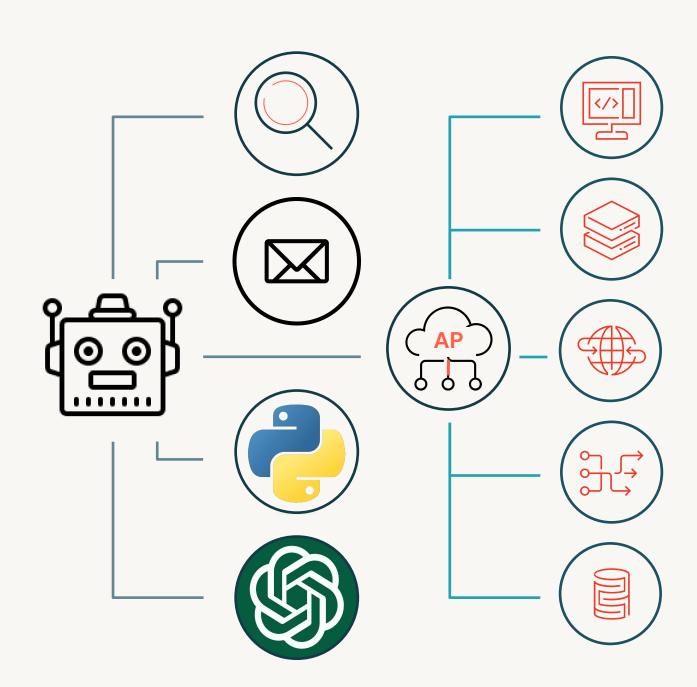
```
class LLMMathChain(Chain):
   """Chain that interprets a prompt and executes python code
to do math."""
                                                   Python library
                                                   'numexpr' used to
                                                   evaluate the
                                                  numerical expression
   def _evaluate_expression(expression,2)
       output = str( numexpr.evaluate(expression))
   def process_llm_result(llm_output):
        text match = re.search(r"^\`\text()
                                      LLM response is checked for code
llm_output, re.DOTALL)
                                      snippets that typically have a ``
                                      code ``` format in most training
        if text_match:
                                      datasets
            output = self._evaluate_expression(text_match)
           3
                            "_call()" function controls
                            the logic of this custom
                            LLMChain
   def _call(input,llm):
       llm executor = LLMChain(prompt=input, llm=llm)
        llm_output = llm(input)
        return process_llm_result(llm output)
```

Going even further

What if we want to use our LLM results to do more?

- Search the web
- Interact with an API
- Run more complex Python code
- Send emails
- Even make more versions of itself!
- •

For this, we will look at toolkits and agents!





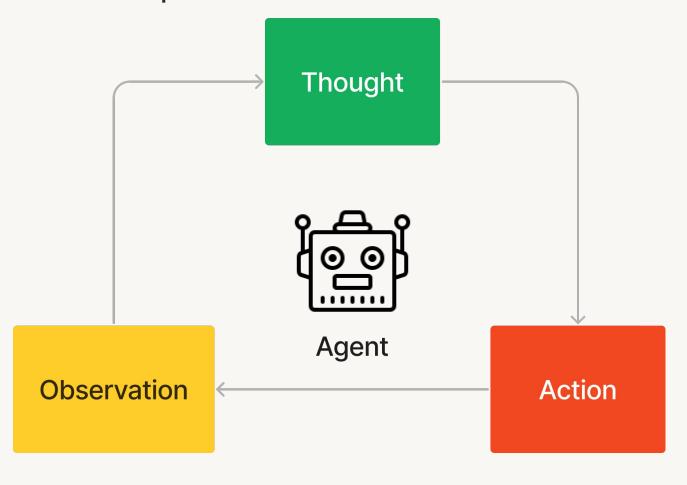
Multi-Stage Reasoning with LLM Chains:

Agents

LLM Agents

Building reasoning loops

Agents are LLM-based systems that execute the **Re**ason**Act**ion loop.



```
Simplified code
def plan():
                                                                            from the LangChain
"""Given input, decided what to do.
                                                                              Agent Source
intermediate_steps: Steps the LLM has taken to date, along with observations
  output = self.llm chain.run(intermediate steps=intermediate steps)
  return self.output_parser.parse(output)
def take_next_step() : """Take a single step in the thought-action-observation loop."""
 # Call the LLM to see what to do.
 output = self.agent.plan(intermediate_steps, **inputs)
 # If the tool chosen is the finishing tool, then we end and return.
 for agent action in actions:
     self.callback_manager.on_agent_action(agent_action)
    # Otherwise we lookup the tool. Call the tool input to get an observation
    observation = tool.run(agent_action.tool_input)
def call(): """Run text through and get agent response."""
 iterations = 0
 # We now enter the agent loop (until it returns something).
 while self._should_continue():
    next_step_output = take_next_step(name_to_tool_map, .., inputs, intermediate_steps)
    iterations += 1
    output = self.agent.return_stopped_response(intermediate_steps, **inputs)
    return self._return(output, intermediate_steps)
```

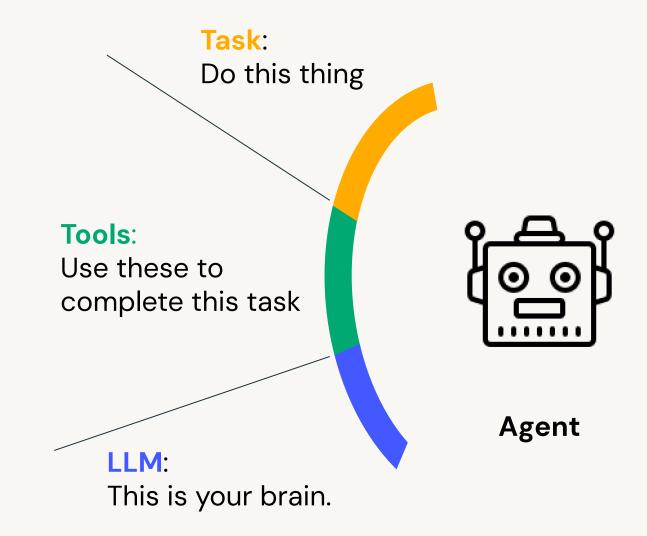
LLM Agents

Building reasoning loops with LLMs

To solve the task assigned, agents make use of two key components:

An LLM as the reasoning/decision making entity.

A set of tools that the LLM will select and execute to perform steps to achieve the task.



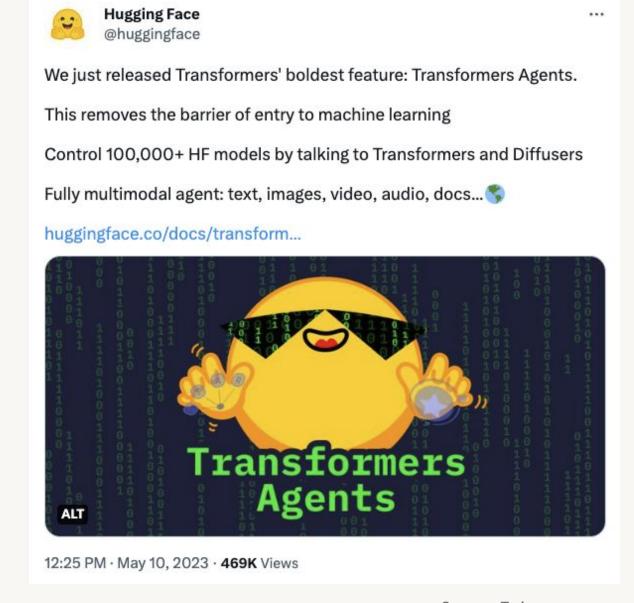
```
tools = load_tools([Google Search,Python Interpreter])
agent = initialize_agent(tools, llm)
agent.run("In what year was Isaac Newton born? What is
that year raised to the power of 0.3141?"))
```

Simplified code from the LangChain Agent

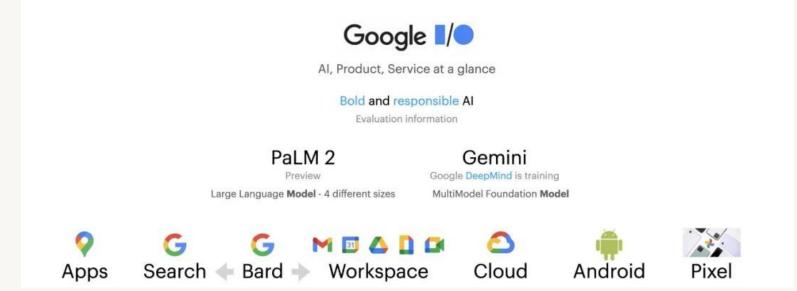


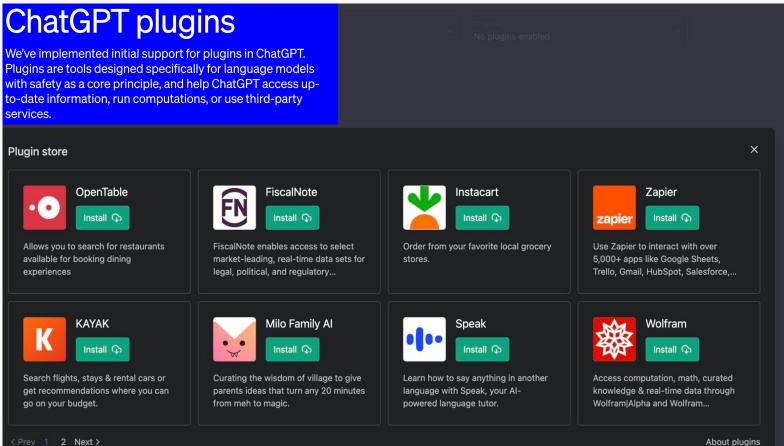
LLM Plugins are coming

LangChain was first to show LLMs+tools. But companies are catching up!



Source: <u>Twitter.com</u>



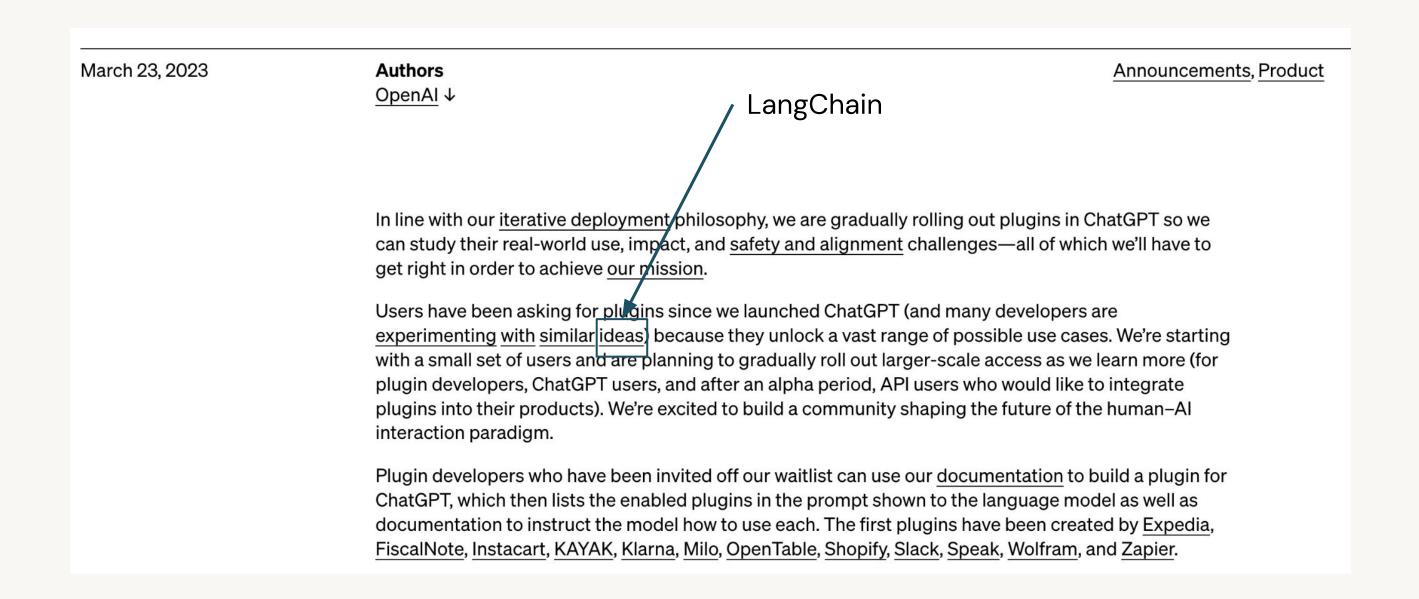




Source: csdn.net

OpenAl and ChatGPT Plugins

OpenAI acknowledged the open-sourced community moving in similar directions

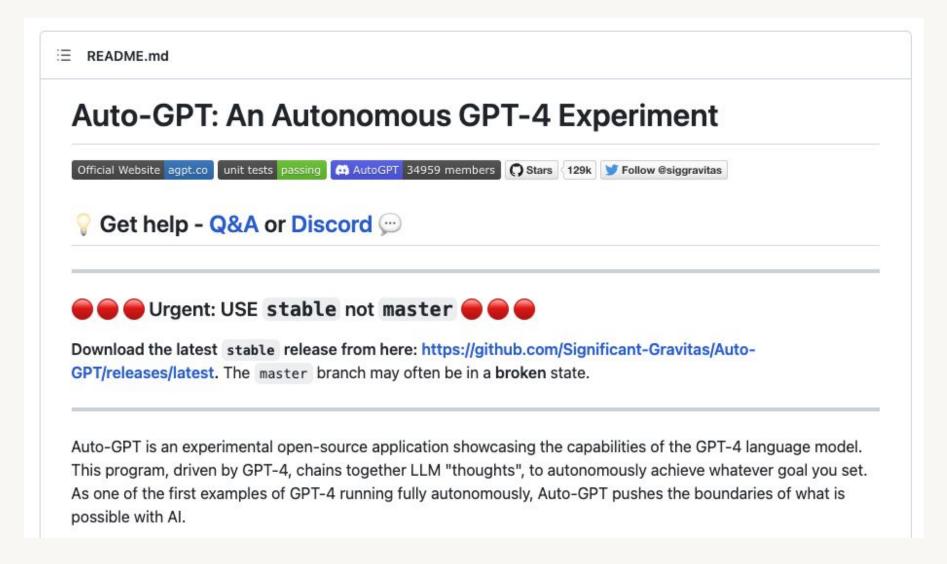




Automating plugins: self-directing agents

AutoGPT (early 2023) gains notoriety for using GPT-4 to create copies of itself

- Used self-directed format
- Created copies to perform any tasks needed to respond to prompts





Multi-stage Reasoning Landscape

Guided SaaS to perform tasks Tools used to create Dust.tt with LLM agents using predictable steps to solve ChatGPT low/no-code approaches tasks with LLM agents plugins Al21 labs A 21 **Transformers HF transformers Agents Proprietary Open Source BabyAGI HuggingGPT/Jarvis AutoGPT** SaaS to perform tasks with LLM self-directing agents using low/no-code OSS self-guided LLM-based agents approaches **Unguided**



Demo

Multi-Stage Reasoning with LLM Chains

Outline:

- Building a self moderating system
 - Building the prompt
 - Building the LLM
 - Building Prompt-LLM chain
 - Building a moderator chain
- Building an agent based on the ReAct paradigm
 - Building the agent
 - Testing agent skills



Lab

Multi-Stage Reasoning with LLM Chains

Outline:

- Building a personalized document oracle
 - Step 1: Loading documents into vector store
 - Step 2: Chunking and embeddings
 - Creating document Q/A LLM chain
 - Talking to the data
- Exercises





Module Summary and Next Steps

Databricks Academy 2023



Module Summary

Let's review

- LLM Chains help incorporate LLMs into larger workflows, by connecting prompts, LLMs, and other components.
- LangChain provides a wrapper to connect LLMs and add tools from different providers.
- LLM agents help solve problems by using models to plan and execute tasks.
- Agents can help LLMs communicate and delegate tasks.



Helpful Resources

Resources and tools for multi-stage reasoning systems with LLM chains

- LLM Chains
 - LangChain
 - OpenAl ChatGPT Plugins
- LLM Agents
 - Transformers Agents
 - AutoGPT
 - Baby AGI
 - Dust.tt

- Multi-stage Reasoning in LLMs
 - CoT Paradigms
 - ReAct Paper
 - <u>Demonstrate-Search-Predict Framework</u>

