

LESSON 02 Introduction to Market Structure Science



Market Fundamentals

The basic questions on markets:

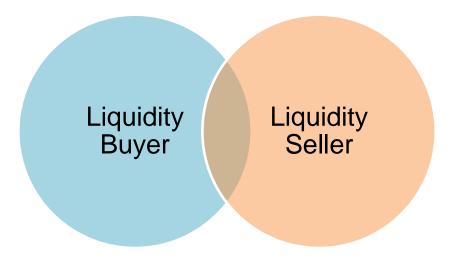
Q: What is a market?

A: A market is a cultural system

Q: How do we define market participants?

Q: What is "Liquidity"?

Every market is divided into **two fundamental groups**:



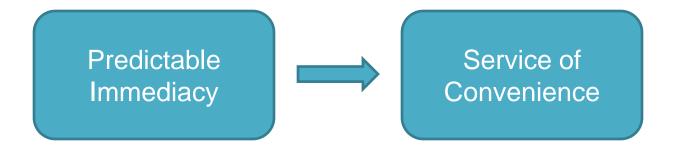


What is Liquidity?

Before we can discuss the two groups, we must agree on what liquidity is as a construct

Defining "Liquidity" is impossible because liquidity is a subjective measurement and can not be measured quantitatively

Liquidity is best described as "predictable immediacy"



In every market there is one group looking to purchase predictable immediacy and another group who's business it is to provide the service



Looking outside of financial markets, we can numerous examples of how liquidity is demanded and provided

Real-Estate Industry

Who is the buyer of liquidity?

Who is the seller of liquidity?

How is the liquidity provider compensated?



Looking outside of financial markets, we can numerous examples of how liquidity is demanded and provided

Transportation Industry

Who is the buyer of liquidity?

Who is the seller of liquidity?

How is the liquidity provider compensated?



Looking outside of financial markets, we can numerous examples of how liquidity is demanded and provided

Food Industry

Who is the buyer of liquidity?

Who is the seller of liquidity?

How is the liquidity provider compensated?



Industry	Buyers	Sellers	Compensation
Food	Restaurant patrons, grocery store shoppers	Restaurants, Grocery Stores	Mark up
Travel	Travelers	Taxis, Public Transportation, Airlines	Mark up
Real-Estate	Buyers and sellers of property	Brokers	Explicit Commission
Financial Markets	Mutual funds, asset managers, hedge funds	Market makers, specialist, broker dealers	Mark up, commission, order flow, privileges