


1. AB 实对称矩阵

$$\text{证: } \operatorname{tr}(AB)^2 \leq \operatorname{tr}(A^2 B^2)$$

Proof. 1.

$$E = AB - BA$$

$$E^T = BA - AB = -E$$

令 λ, μ 为 E -特征值, 特征向量

$$\begin{cases} E\eta = \lambda\eta \\ -\eta^* E = \bar{\lambda}\eta^* \quad (\text{共轭转置}) \end{cases}$$

\Downarrow

$$\begin{cases} \eta^* E \eta = \lambda \eta^* \eta \\ -\eta^* E \eta = \bar{\lambda} \eta^* \eta \end{cases} \Rightarrow \lambda + \bar{\lambda} = 0, \quad \lambda \text{ 为 } 0 \text{ 才纯虚数}$$

设 E 特征值为 $a_1, -a_1, a_2, -a_2, \dots, 0, 0, 0, \dots$

E^2 特征值为 $-|a_1|^2, -|a_1|^2, \dots, 0, \dots$

$$\operatorname{tr}(E^2) = \operatorname{tr}(AB)^2 + \operatorname{tr}(BA)^2 - \operatorname{tr}ABDA - \operatorname{tr}BAAB \geq 0$$

Q.E.D.

Proof. 2.

$$2\operatorname{tr}(AABB - ABAB) = \operatorname{tr}[(AB - BA)(AB - BA)^T] \geq 0$$