

1. 卡特兰数解决问题

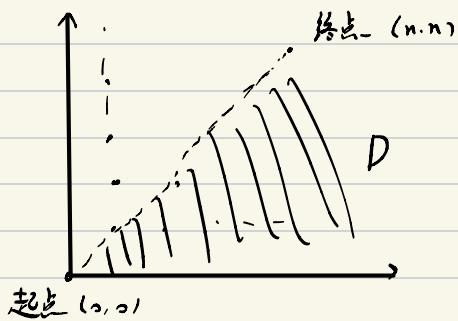
2. 分值思想



1. 考虑如下格点网络

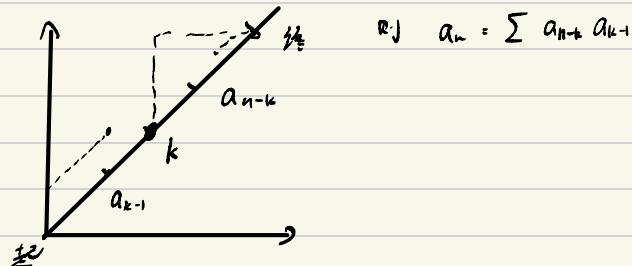
问有多少种方法从起点到终点

且不接触区域  $D: x < y$



Sol.

令一方案为  $k$ -方案，如果它在  $(k,k)$  处第一次接触  $\partial D$   
令  $a_k$  为  $k$ -方案数量



$$\text{设 } f(x) = a_0 + a_1 x + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{则 } [f(x)]^2 &= a_0^2 + (a_0 a_1 + a_1 a_2) x + (a_0 a_2 + a_1 a_3 + a_2 a_3) x^2 + \dots \\ &= (f(x) - 1)/x \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{即 } f(x) = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4x}}{2x} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+1} \binom{2n}{n} x^n \quad (\text{卡特兰数列})$$

□

2 将正整数  $n$  的二进制表达写为如下:

$$n = 2^0 \cdot b_0 + 2^1 \cdot b_1 + \dots + 2^k \cdot b_k \quad b_i \in \{0, 1\}$$

令  $a_n$  为:

$$a_n = 2^0 b_0 + 2^1 b_1 + \dots + 2^k b_k$$

证  $\forall n \cdot \exists m \text{ s.t. } a_n < a_m \leq a_{m+1}$

Proof.

设  $a_t$  为最小的  $t$  使得  $a_n < a_t$

则  $a_{t-1} \leq a_n$

if  $t-1$  even:

$$\begin{aligned} t-1 &= 0 + b_1 \cdot 2^1 + \dots \\ t &= 1 \cdot 2^0 + b_1 \cdot 2^1 + \dots \end{aligned} \Rightarrow a_t = a_{t-1} + 1$$

if  $t-1$  odd:

$$t-1 = 1 \cdot 2^0 + b_1 \cdot 2^1 + \dots + b_l \cdot 2^l + \dots$$

where  $b_l$  是最小的非  $b_i$

设  $t = 1 \cdot 2^l + \dots$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{t-1} &= 1t q + \dots + q^{l-1} + x_{l+1} \cdot q^{l+1} + \dots \\ a_t &= q^l + x_{l+1} \cdot q^{l+1} + \dots \end{aligned} \Rightarrow a_t \leq a_{t-1} + 1$$

则有  $\forall t, a_t \leq a_{t-1} + 1$

则  $a_n < a_t \leq a_{t-1} + 1 \leq a_n + 1$

□