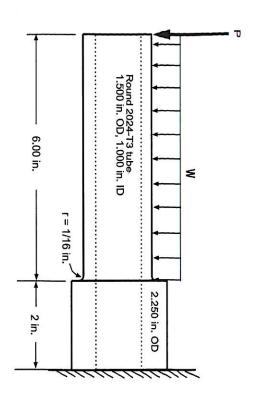
Design Homework 4

determining Kt, allowing you to find Kf. = 33.7 ksi-in¹/2, β = 1.03, Paris Law parameters C = 5.4 x 10⁻¹¹ and m = 4, and notch sensitivity using fracture mechanics and the Paris Law. Material properties: UTS = 68 ksi, $S_Y = 47$ ksi, K_1c present in radius region at the top of the tube. which cycles between 900 lb. and zero. It is suspected that a crack of length 2a = 0.020 in. is factor q = 0.75. The stress concentration factor chart for solid shafts given below will suffice for The cantilevered aluminum tube shown below is loaded with a steady w = 150 lb/inDetermine the remaining fatigue lifetime in cycles 900 16. 180 B/m and P



0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.75 = Kf-1 7= .0625=.04167 Kx = 1.65 Ky= 1.4875

7.14

5

D = 1.686

-1

 $\frac{D}{3} = 1.1111$

inned proof 10 1.3

33.7=1,03(30,46373) TT as a, = 0.010 m a= 0.36717 m 16 = 20, 309.15 Pa 6max = - Mc = 8100(-75) 6 min = 2700(.75) = 10154.58 psi 6 may = 30,463.73 psi Mmin = - 900(3)=-2700 lbin Mmax = - } 900(6)+900(3)} Mmex =-8100 16, m TT (1.54-14)/64

= 7N = NP = Nf = 2001,53 | 36717 5.4 × 10-11 11(1.03)1.4875(20.30915XTTA]4 .36717 = 194,702 cycles = 194,700 cycles w Ksi