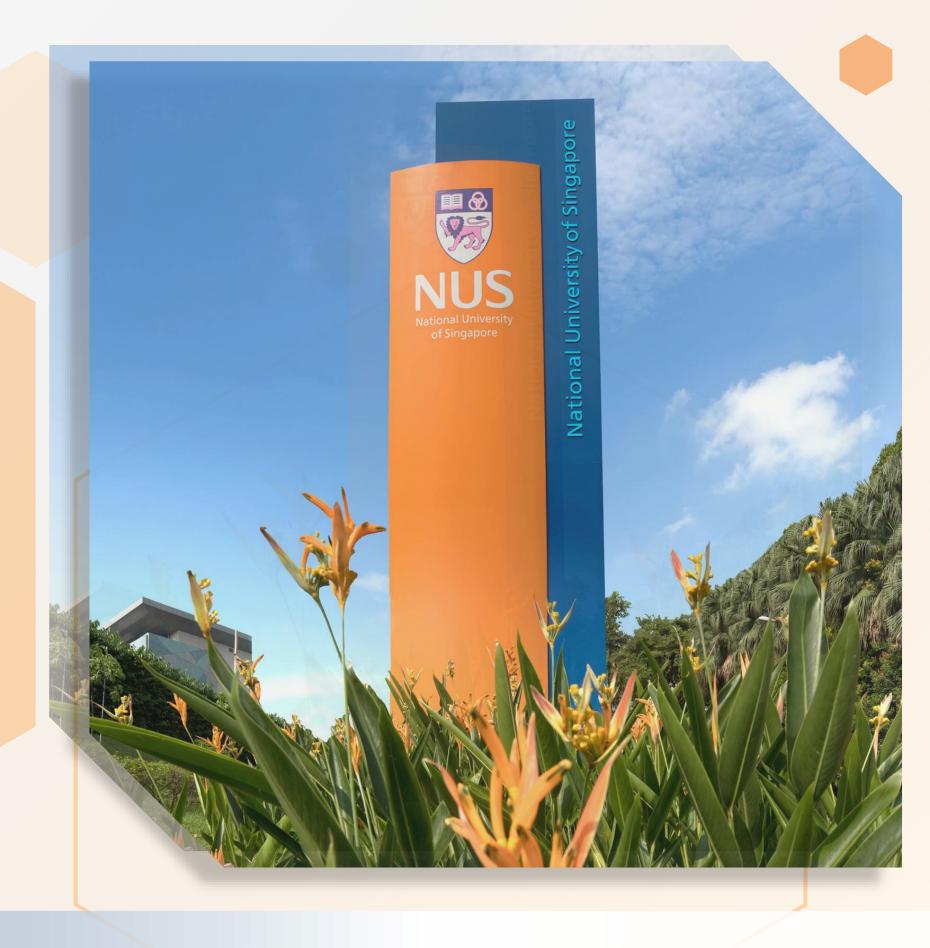
Full Stack Development with Al Programme

Session 10



Nida

Tuesday, 17 Jun 2025





Agenda

- Handle HTML and React Events
- . Difference between props and states
- React Hooks and State Variables
- Controlled vs. Uncontrolled React Components
- Fetch() API
- useEffect Hook
- React Router

Handle HTML and React Events

- HTML Events: onclick, onchange, etc.
- React Events: Synthetic events (eg., onClick, onChange)
- Why use synthetic events? Performance and cross-browser compatibility.

```
function ClickHandler() {
    function handleClick() {
        alert("Button clicked!");
    }
    return <button onClick={handleClick}>Click Me</button>;
}
export default ClickHandler;
```

Difference between Props and State

Props: Read-only, passed from parent to child

State: Managed within a component, mutable.

React Hooks and State Variables

- What are hooks?
 - Hooks are special functions in React that let you use state and other React features in functional components. Before hooks, state and lifecycle methods were only available in class components. Hooks were introduced in React 16.8 to simplify React development by allowing functional components to manage state and side effects.
- Common hooks: useState, useEffect, useRef

Controlled vs. Uncontrolled React Components

- Controlled Components:
 - State is managed by React (useState).
- Uncontrolled Components:
 - · State is managed by the DOM (useRef).

```
import { useRef } from "react";
function UncontrolledInput() {
  const inputRef = useRef();
  function handleSubmit() {
    alert(inputRef.current.value);
  return (
    <div>
      <input ref={inputRef} />
      <button onClick={handleSubmit}>Submit</button>
    </div>
```

Fetch() API

```
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
function DataFetcher() {
  const [data, setData] = useState([]);
  useEffect(() => {
   fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts")
      .then(response => response.json())
      .then(data => setData(data));
 }, []);
  return (
   <l
     {data.slice(0, 5).map(post => (
       {post.title}
     ))}
```

useEffect Hook

- When to use useEffect
- Dependency arrays and cleanup functions

```
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
function Timer() {
 const [seconds, setSeconds] = useState(0);
 useEffect(() => {
    const interval = setInterval(() => {
      setSeconds(s \Rightarrow s + 1);
    }, 1000);
   return () => clearInterval(interval);
 }, []);
 return Seconds: {seconds};
```

useRefHook

- useRef for referencing DOM elements
- useRef for persisting values across renders

```
import { useRef } from "react";
function FocusInput() {
  const inputRef = useRef();
  function focus() {
    inputRef.current.focus();
  return (
    <div>
      <input ref={inputRef} />
      <button onClick={focus}>Focus Input</button>
    </div>
```

React Router

```
import { BrowserRouter, Route, Routes, Link } from "react-router-dom";
function Home() {
  return <h1>Home Page</h1>;
function About() {
  return <h1>About Page</h1>;
function App() {
  return (
    <BrowserRouter>
      <nav>
        <Link to="/">Home</Link> | <Link to="/about">About</Link>
      </nav>
      <Routes>
        <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
        <Route path="/about" element={<About />} />
      </Routes>
    </BrowserRouter>
```

LIVE SESSION EXPERIENCE SURVEY

Before we proceed to Q&A

Take 2 minutes to share your feedback with Us!







THANK YOU

