

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE WEST INDIES  
Department of Computing  
COMP1127–Introduction to Computing II

Lab 3

The following code has been provided in lab3\_code.py. Download this file and add your code for problems 1, 2 and 3 to this file before uploading it on OurVLE.

A student record contains the following information: id, name, list of courses with a corresponding grade. A name consists of a first name and a last name. The following functions have been provided:

Type	Name	Description
Constructor	student()	Creates a student with an id, first name and last name as a list and the course codes and grades as a list of tuples.
Selector	get_id()	Returns the id value from the given student record.
Selector	get_name()	Returns student name as a list from the student record
Selector	get_courses()	Returns a list of tuples where first part of the tuple is the course and the second part of the tuple is the corresponding grade that the student has received.
Selector	get_fname()	Returns student's first name as a string given the student name list.
Selector	get_lname()	Returns student's last name as a string given the student name list.
Selector	get_ccode()	Returns the course code from a tuple of course code and grade.
Selector	get_grade()	Returns the grade from a tuple of course code and grade.

For example, student st1 has been created in the lab3\_code.py file. The following functions when invoked would produce the output shown below.

```
>>> st1 # makes a student st1
['620000101', ['John', 'Doe'], [('cs11q', 80), ('cs11r', 60), ('cs20r', 50), ('cs20s', 60),
('cs22q', 65), ('cs23q', 80)]]
>>> get_id(st1) # returns id of st1
'620000101'
>>> get_name(st1) # returns Name list of st1
['John', 'Doe']
>>> get_courses(st1) # returns a list of tuples of Course Codes and grades
[('cs11q', 80), ('cs11r', 60), ('cs20r', 50), ('cs20s', 60), ('cs22q', 65), ('cs23q', 80)]
>>> get_fname(get_name(st1)) # returns first name of st1
'John'
>>> get_lname(get_name(st1)) # returns last name of st1
'Doe'
>>> get_ccode(("CS11Q", 50)) # returns the course code from a tuple
'CS11Q'
>>> get_grade(("CS11Q", 50)) # returns the grade from a tuple
50
>>> map((get_grade), get_courses(st1)) # returns the grades from all the tuples in a list
[80, 60, 50, 60, 65, 80]
```

### Problem 1

Write a function `compute_letter_grade()` which takes a number grade and returns the corresponding letter grade.

M	Letter Grade
>85	"A+"
70-85	"A"
67-69	"A-"
63-66	"B+"
60-62	"B"
57-59	"B-"
53-56	"C+"
50-52	"C"
47-49	"C-"
43-46	"D+"
36-42	"D"
<=35	"F"

e.g. `compute_letter_grade(70) => 'A'`

### Problem 2

Write a function `calc_letter_grade()` which takes a student as input and returns a list of tuples where the first part of the tuple is the course code and second part of the tuple is the letter grade.

From the student structure, first extract the course list which is a list of tuples of course codes and the number grades. Get the number grades from the course list and create a new list in which each number grade is converted to a letter grade. Recreate a new courses list with the list of courses and the list of letter grades.

{Hint: Use `map` to apply a function to every element of the list. Also remember that `zip` takes two lists as inputs and creates a list of tuples e.g. `zip([1,2,3],[4,5,6])=>[(1, 4), (2, 5), (3, 6)]` }

```
>>> calc_letter_grade(st1)
[('cs11q', 'A'), ('cs11r', 'B'), ('cs20r', 'C'), ('cs20s', 'B'), ('cs22q', 'B+'), ('cs23q', 'A')]
```

### Problem 3

To calculate Grade point average (GPA) the letter grade for each course and the quality points for each letter grade are required. Each course has a corresponding credit weight associated with it and each letter grade has a corresponding quality point associated with it.

For each course a student has taken a grade point is calculated by multiplying the quality point associated with the letter grade that the student has gotten by the credit weight for that course. The GPA is calculated by dividing the total grade points of all courses by the total amount of credit hours.

For example if a student has taken two courses CS11Q and CS20S and the grades are "A+" and "C-", then the grade point average would be calculated as follows;

Course Code	Credit Weight	Grade	Quality Point	Grade Point
CS11Q	6	A+	4.3	25.8
CS20S	4	C-	1.7	6.8

$$\text{GPA} = (25.8+6.8)/10 = 3.26$$

- a) Write a function `convert_to_wtqp()` which takes a tuple of course code and the letter grade and uses these as keys to get the corresponding values from the dictionaries `credit_list` and `qp_list` and returns the values as a tuple. To access the first part of the tuple use the selector function `get_ccode()` and the second part of the tuple use `get_grade()`

```
>>> convert_to_wtqp(("cs11q", "A+"))  
(6, 4.3)
```

- b) Write a function `calc_gpa()` which takes a student record and calculates the gpa for the student. First extract the list of tuples of course codes and number grades and create a list of tuples with course codes and letter grade. Then create a list of corresponding wt and qp for each course code and letter grade, this can be created by applying `convert_to_wtqp()` to each element of the course code and letter grade list. Accumulate `grade_points` and `credit_weights` as shown in the table above and divide total grade points by total credit weights to calculate the Grade Point Average (GPA).

Use the function `print_students_gpa()`, which takes a student record as a parameter, to print the student's GPA.