

Table 1. Soil-2018 replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	Soil-2018 Internal replication based on Soil-2016 original experiment
Description of experiment	To evaluate the effect of a bio-surfactant on the assisted phytoremediation of contaminated soil
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>ETSIA-University of Seville</i> in <i>October 2015</i> and this replication, in <i>ETSIA-University of Seville</i> in <i>March 2018</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the experiment was carried out in a cultivation chamber. In replication , was carried out in a greenhouse In order to simulate natural conditions
Modified Dimension	Population , specifically experimental objects
Threat to validity	The change increases the external validity since it allows to generalize the results carrying out the replication in conditions closer to the natural ones
Change 2	Originally , two types of plants were used: <i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L. and <i>Brassica juncea</i> L. In replication , only <i>Brassica juncea</i> L. was used Because in the original experiment it was demonstrated that only <i>Brassica juncea</i> L. was a metal accumulator plant
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity
Change 3	Originally , there were two types of soil: Coria (pH=7.8) and Constantina (pH=5.5) In replication , only Constantina soil was used Because it was demonstrated that in the soil of Coria the metal was strongly adsorbed and the phytoextraction did not affect the biomass production
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity
Change 4	Originally , Copper (Cu) doses were 0, 500 and 1000 mg kg^{-1} In replication , Cu doses were adjusted to 0, 125, 250 and 500 mg kg^{-1} Because of Cu doses of 1000 mg kg^{-1} was toxic to the plant
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically independent variable dosisCu
Threat to validity	The change increases internal validity because the Cu dose is adjusted to non-toxic levels for the plant
Change 5	Originally , Cu was applied as Copper Nitrate In replication , Cu was applied as Copper Sulfate Because of is more accessible and the concentrations applied do not affect the plant
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity

Field	Value
Change 6	<p>Originally, the soil aging time (from the time Cu is applied until the plant is sown) is 45 days</p> <p>In replication, soil aging time is 15 days</p> <p>Because of time constraints and so that Cu is not so much retained</p>
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity
Change 7	<p>Originally, there were 6 treatments corresponding to the 3 levels of Cu and with/without <i>surfactant</i> (to facilitate Cu extraction). There were 2 soils and 2 types of plants. This represents 24 experimental units (3x2x2x2). For each experimental unit, 3 pots were prepared. In total there are 72 pots (3x2x2x2x3)</p> <p>In replication, there were 8 treatments corresponding to 4 level of Cu and with/without <i>surfactant</i>. There were 1 soil and 1 type of plant. This represents 8 experimental units. For each experimental unit, 4 pots were prepared and placed on a tray. In total there were 32 pots (4x2x4) distributed in 8 trays with 4 pots each. The trays are distributed completely randomly. This is repeated 3 times. The experimental unit was the tray</p> <p>Because by cultivating 4 pots in each tray sufficient biomass can be obtained</p>
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases internal validity because more biomass is obtained for further analysis
Change 8	<p>Originally, the biomass is collected when the plants have between 2 and 3 true leaves</p> <p>In replication, the plants are rinsed when they have between 2 and 3 real leaves and 4 plants are left by pot. The biomass is collected when the plants reach the fructification stage</p> <p>In order to avoid competition between plants, let the plants complete their vegetative cycle and thus obtain more biomass</p>
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases internal validity due to more biomass being obtained for further analysis
Change 9	<p>Originally, the pots are 300 ml tube type</p> <p>In replication, the pots are 500 ml bucket type.</p> <p>Because a greater volume of soil allows for greater root development and greater biomass production</p>
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases internal validity due to more biomass being obtained for further analysis

Table 2. Soil-2019 replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	Soil-2019 Internal replication based on Soil-2016 original experiment
Description of experiment	To evaluate the effect of a bio-surfactant on the assisted phytoremediation of contaminated soil
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>ETSIA-University of Seville</i> in <i>October 2015</i> and this replication, in <i>ETSIA-University of Seville</i> in <i>March 2019</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the experiment was carried out in a cultivation chamber In replication , was carried out in a greenhouse In order to simulate natural conditions
Modified Dimension	Population , specifically experimental objects
Threat to validity	The change increases the external validity since it allows to generalize the results performing the replication in conditions closer to the natural ones
Change 2	Originally , two types of plants were used: <i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L. and <i>Brassica juncea</i> L. In replication , only <i>Brassica juncea</i> L. was used Because in the original experiment it was demonstrated that only <i>Brassica juncea</i> L. was a metal accumulator plant
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity
Change 3	Originally , there were two types of soil: Coria (pH=7.8) and Constantina (pH=5.5) In replication , there were three types of soil: Miraflores-1 (pH=x, Pb=158 y Zn=125, Cu=36) and Miraflores-2 (pH=y, Pb=375 Zn=192 Cu=206) and Lebrija (not contaminated by metals) In order to experiment with naturally contaminated soils. Miraflores soils are urban gardens with natural contamination and Lebrija soil was used as control
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increase external validity since it allows to generalize the results in natural soils
Change 4	Originally , Copper (Cu) doses were 0, 500 and 1000 mg kg^{-1} applied as Copper Nitrate In replication , the soils are not artificially contaminated with Cu Because of these soils are urban orchard-gardens with natural pollution (Cu levels 36 and 206 mg kg^{-1})
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically independent variable dosisCu
Threat to validity	The change increase external validity since it allows to generalize the results in natural soils

Field	Value
Change 5	<p>Originally, there were 6 treatments corresponding to the 3 levels of Cu and with/without <i>surfactant</i> (to facilitate Cu extraction). There were 2 soils and 2 types of plants. This represents 24 experimental units (3x2x2x2). For each experimental unit, 3 pots were prepared. In total there are 72 pots (3x2x2x2x3)</p> <p>In replication, there were 2 treatments corresponding to with/without <i>surfactant</i>. There were 3 soils and 1 type of plant. This represents 6 experimental units. Each experimental unit was repeated 4 times (2x3x4 pots) forming a block. This is repeated 3 times to have 3 blocks. In total there are 72 pots (2x3x4x3). Within each block, pots are randomly distributed. The experimental unit is the pot.</p> <p>Because of</p>
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental design
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity
Change 6	<p>Originally, the biomass is collected when the plants have between 2 and 3 true leaves</p> <p>In replication, the plants are rinsed when they have between 2 and 3 real leaves and only 1 plant is left by pot. The biomass is collected when the plants reach the fructification stage.</p> <p>In order to avoid competition between plants, let the plants complete their vegetative cycle and thus obtain more biomass</p>
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases internal validity due to more biomass being obtained for further analysis
Change 7	<p>Originally, the pots are 300 ml tube type</p> <p>In replication, the pots are 500 ml bucket type.</p> <p>Because a greater volume of soil allows for greater root development and greater biomass production</p>
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases internal validity due to more biomass being obtained for further analysis

Table 3. VOO-2016V replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	VOO-2016V Internal replication based on VOO-2016A original experiment
Description of experiment	To evaluate the effect of the olive variety on the quality of the virgin olive oil (VOO) obtained
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>October 2016</i> and this replication, in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>2016</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the type of olive was <i>Arbequina</i> In replication , the type of olive was <i>Verdial</i> In order to study the difference in quality of oil from different varieties

Table 4. VOO-2016P replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	VOO-2016P Internal replication based on VOO-2016A original experiment
Description of experiment	To evaluate the effect of the olive variety on the quality of the virgin olive oil (VOO) obtained
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>October 2016</i> and this replication, in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>2016</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the type of olive was <i>Arbequina</i> In replication , the type of olive was <i>Picual</i> In order to study the difference in quality of oil from different varieties

Table 5. VOO-2017A replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	VOO-2017A Internal replication based on VOO-2016A original experiment
Description of experiment	To evaluate the effect of the olive variety on the quality of the virgin olive oil (VOO) obtained
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>October 2016</i> and this replication, in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>2017</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the weather conditions are those of 2016 In replication , the climatic conditions are different as they correspond to 2017 In order to analyze data corresponding to different campaigns
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically context variable
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity since the data corresponds to more than one campaign

Table 6. Olive-Des replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	<i>Olive-Des</i> Internal replication based on <i>Olive-2015</i> original experiment
Description of experiment	Extraction phenolic compounds (EPC) from virgin olive oil with green solvents (Deep Eutectic Solvents DES)
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>2015</i> and this replication, in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>2015</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and Glycerol (1:2)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 2	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and Lactic acid (1:2)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 3	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and Urea (1:2)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 4	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and Sucrose (1:1)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 5	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and Sucrose (4:1)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 6	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and 1,4-Butanediol (1:5)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>

Field	Value
Change 7	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and Xylitol (2:1)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 8	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and 1,2-Propanediol (1:1)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 9	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride and Malonic acid (1:1)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 10	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>Choline chloride, Urea and Glycerol (1:1:1)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>
Change 11	<p>Originally, the extraction is done with a solution 80% (v/v) <i>methanol and water</i></p> <p>In replication, the extraction is done with a solution <i>D-(-)-Fructose D-(+)-Glucose and Sucrose (1:1:1)</i></p> <p>In order to analyze non-toxic alternatives for the extraction of <i>phenolic compounds</i></p>

Table 7. Diet-Hiper replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	<i>Diet-Hiper</i> Internal replication based on <i>Diet-Normo</i> original experiment
Description of experiment	Effect of meal rich in oleic acid on <i>hypertriglyceridemic</i> subjects
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>2006</i> and this replication, in <i>Instituto de la Grasa (CSIC) Sevilla</i> in <i>2006</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , Subjects have blood pressure levels within the limits considered normal In replication , Subjects are <i>hypertensive</i> In order to study the effect of the diet rich in oleic acid on <i>hypertriglyceridemic</i> subjects who are also <i>hypertensive</i>

Table 8. Test-NF replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	<i>Test-NF</i> Internal replication based on <i>Test-F</i> original experiment
Description of experiment	Prioritization of test case execution to accelerate the detection of faults in highly configurable systems
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2015</i> and this replication, in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2015</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , <i>objective functions</i> are <i>functional</i> In replication , <i>objective functions</i> are <i>non-functional</i> In order to compare differences in favour of multi-objective prioritization over mono-objective prioritization using non-functional objectives
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically dependent variable
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity because dependent variables of the original are replaced by other dependent variables, however the validity is not affected

Table 9. Test-F&NF replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	Test-F&NF Internal replication based on Test-Funct original experiment
Description of experiment	Prioritization of test case execution to accelerate the detection of faults in highly configurable systems
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2015</i> and this replication, in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2015</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , <i>objective functions</i> are <i>functional</i> In replication , <i>objective functions</i> combine <i>functional</i> and <i>non-functional</i> In order to analyse whether <i>multi-objective</i> prioritization using <i>functional</i> and <i>non-functional</i> objectives outperform prioritization driven by a single objective, either functional or non-functional
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically dependent variable
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity because dependent variables of the original are replaced by other dependent variables, however the validity is not affected

Table 10. Test-FvsNF replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	Test-FvsNF Internal replication based on Test-Funct original experiment
Description of experiment	Prioritization of test case execution to accelerate the detection of faults in highly configurable systems
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2015</i> and this replication, in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2015</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , <i>objective functions</i> are <i>functional</i> In replication , <i>objective functions</i> combine <i>functional</i> and <i>non-functional</i> In order to analyze the domain of <i>non-functional objectives</i> over <i>functional objectives</i> , especially when these are combined in a <i>multi-objective</i> perspective
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically dependent variable
Threat to validity	The change does not affect validity because dependent variables of the original are replaced by other dependent variables, however the validity is not affected

Table 11. SPL-Pr&Com replication specification using the template

Field	Value
Replication	SPL-Pr&Com Internal replication based on SPL-Pr original experiment
Description of experiment	Comparison of test case prioritization criteria for Software Product Lines (SPL)
Site and Date	The base experiment was carried out in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2014</i> and this replication, in <i>ETSII-University of Seville</i> in <i>2014</i>
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , only a test suite was generated In replication , for each model, 2-wise test suite was generated In order to obtain a list of products covering all the possible pairs of features on each model
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	the change does not affect validity
Change 2	Originally , a test suite was randomly generated using SPLAR tool In replication , test suite was randomly generated using SPLCAT tool Because SPLCAT increase the fault detection rate and thus it is considered as an extra prioritization approach in our comparison
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	the change does not affect validity because because only the tool used changes

Table 12. Instantiation of the proposed template in Mind#2

Field	Value
<i>Mind#2</i>	Replication of experiment <i>Mind#1</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Confirm results
Change 1	Originally , for 4 weeks Mindfulness was practiced 4 days a week in 10-minute sessions In replication In replication the sessions were 12 minutes long and for 6 weeks in order to make more evident the benefits of Mindfulness
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>Training Workshop</i>
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity
Change #2	Originally , the assignment of subjects to treatment was not randomized In replication it becomes random in order to remedy threats to the internal validity of quasi-experiments
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change #3	Originally , an public speaking workshop was given to the control group as a placebo In replication the oratory workshop took place after the experiment in order to avoid a possible effect of such a workshop on the measurements of dependent variables
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>Training Workshop</i>
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity

Table 13. Instantiation of the proposed template in Mind#3

Field	Value
<i>Mind#3</i>	Replication of experiment <i>Mind#2</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Confirm results
Change 1	Originally , students make two exercises of conceptual modeling, one before and one after treatment. In replication the order of the exercises is swapped in order to demonstrate that it does not affect the results
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity

Table 14. Instantiation of the proposed template in Q-2009

Field	Value
<i>Q-2009</i>	Replication of experiment <i>Q-2007</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Confirm results
Change 1	Originally , analysts' effectiveness in interview sessions is analysed In replication effectiveness is not analysed because of the high cost of transcribing and analyzing all interviews
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the dependent variable <i>effectiveness</i>
Threat to validity	The change *** (<i>Threat</i>)
Change 2	Originally , the retention capacity is analyzed In replication retention capacity is not analysed because of the high cost of transcribing and analyzing all interviews
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the dependent variable <i>retention capacity</i>
Threat to validity	The change *** (<i>Threat</i>)
Change 3	Originally , no account is taken of development experience In replication experience in development is considered to calculate the independent variable experience because of *** (<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the dependent variable <i>development experience</i>
Threat to validity	The change *** (<i>Threat</i>)
Change 4	Originally , interviews are conducted in Spanish In replication interviews are conducted in English because of English was a requirement of the master to which the students belonged
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 5	Originally , a person responds in interviews In replication the person who answers the interviews is changed because of *** (<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Stakeholder , specifically the <i>monitor</i>
Threat to validity	The change *** (<i>Threat</i>)

Table 15. Instantiation of the proposed template in Q-2011

Field	Value
<i>Q-2011</i>	Replication of experiment <i>Q-2009</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , interviews between subjects (analysts) and experimenter are individual In replication interviews are in groups because of the cost and effort involved in conducting individual interviews and the experimenter's fatigue
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 2	Originally , experience in requirements analysis is considered In replication experience is determined by years of experience and the skill the subject claims to have because of ***(<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>skill in requirements</i> and <i>skill in interviews</i>
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)
Change 3	Originally , the duration of the interviews is 30 min. In replication the duration of the interviews is 60 min because of the interview is in group
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 4	Originally , The subject (analyst) has 7 days to present in writing the information gathered in the interview. In replication the written presentation is immediately after the interview. in order to avoid loss of information
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 5	Originally , the time elapsed between the interview and the written presentation of the information collected is not measured In replication the time elapsed between the interview and the written presentation of the information is set at 120 min. because of the written presentation is immediately after the interview
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 6	Originally , a person responds in interviews In replication the person who answers the interviews is changed because of ***(<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Stakeholder , specifically the <i>monitor</i>
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)

Table 16. Instantiation of the proposed template in Q-2012

Field	Value
<i>Q-2012</i>	Replication of experiment <i>Q-2011</i>
Type of replication	External
Purpose	Confirm results
Change 1	Originally , the subjects are Master's students In replication the subjects are professionals because of replication is performed at the International Working Conference on Requirements Engineering
Modified Dimension	Population , specifically the experimental subjects
Threat to validity	The change increases the external validity
Change 2	Originally , subjects have little or no development experience In replication the subjects are professionals with experience in development because of replication is performed at the International Working Conference on Requirements Engineering
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>development skill</i>
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)
Change 3	Originally , the duration of the interviews is 120 min. In replication the duration of the interviews is 30 min because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 4	Originally , the experiment is carried out at the end of the course, i.e. after the training period In replication no training period because of replication is performed at the International Working Conference on Requirements Engineering
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)

Table 17. Instantiation of the proposed template in E-2012A

Field	Value
E-2012A	Replication of experiment <i>Q-2012</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , knowledge is defined as familiarity through subjective assessment In replication knowledge is defined as an independent variable with two levels: known and unknown problem because of in the experimental population (post-graduate students) it is possible to know whether or not they know a certain domain of the problem
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>knowledge</i>
Threat to validity	The change *** (<i>Threat</i>)
Change 2	Originally , the interviews to know the requirements are carried out on two different days, to avoid fatigue in the experimenter In replication the design is changed to a design of repeated measurements (within-subjects) because of this design does not require a large number of subjects
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 3	Originally , interviews between subjects (analysts) and experimenters are in groups In replication interviews are individual because of there are two experimenters (responders) with two languages
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 4	Originally , there are no blocking variables In replication there is a blocking variable per language because of subjects who use their mother tongue will be more effective than subjects who use a second language
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 5	Originally , there are no blocking variables In replication there is one blocking variable per experimenter (respondent) because experimental subjects conduct the interview in their own language.
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 6	Originally , there is a experimenter (respondent) In replication there are two experimenters (respondents) In order to alleviate the effects of fatigue and learning of the experimenter (respondents)
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity

Field	Value
Change 7	Originally , there is the same problem (experimental object) for all subjects In replication there are two problems because of groups are made due to blocking variables
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 8	Originally , the duration of the interviews is 60 min. In replication the duration of the interviews is 30 min. because the interview is individual
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 9	Originally , the time elapsed between the interview and the written presentation is 30 min. In replication the time elapsed between the interview and the written presentation is 90 min. because the recommended duration of 90 minutes
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 10	Originally , the difficulty of the problem is not measured In replication the difficulty variable indicates the difficulty of the problem because there are two problems
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>difficulty</i>
Threat to validity	The change *** (<i>Threat</i>)

Table 18. Instantiation of the proposed template in E-2012B

Field	Value
<i>E-2012B</i>	Replication of experiment <i>E-2012A</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Confirm results
Change 1	Originally , two problem domains are used in the experiment, one known domain (DC) and the other unknown domain (DD) In replication the problem domains used in the experiment have been modified, but one is still a known domain (DC) and the other is an unknown domain (DD) because of ***(<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 2	Originally , first the known domain problem is performed and then the unknown domain problem. In replication the order of the problems is swapped because of ***(<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 3	Originally , the experiment was carried out at the beginning of the course; In replication the experiment is carried out after the subjects have received training in Requirements Engineering because of ***(<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , ***(<i>Context</i>)
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity

Table 19. Instantiation of the proposed template in E-2013

Field	Value
<i>E-2013</i>	Replication of experiment <i>E-2012B</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the design is of repeated measurements In replication the design is between-subjects In order to avoid the learning effect
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 2	Originally , no short training (warming up) before the course In replication the brief training (warming up) is 1 week Because of ***(<i>Reason</i>)
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , ***(<i>Name</i>)
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity

Table 20. Instantiation of the proposed template in E-2014

Field	Value
<i>E-2014</i>	Replication of experiment <i>E-2013</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , in the interviews, there are two respondents In replication there is only one responder because of the unavailability of one of the respondents Protocol , specifically the guides
Modified Dimension	The change increases the internal validity
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 2	Originally , the brief training (warming up) is 1 week In replication the brief training (warming up) is 6 week In order to explore the warming up effect
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , ***(<i>Name</i>)
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity

Table 21. Instantiation of the proposed template in E-2015

Field	Value
<i>E-2015</i>	Replication of experiment <i>E-2013</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the brief training (warming up) is 1 week In replication the brief training (warming up) is 2 week In order to explore the warming up effect
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , ***(<i>Name</i>)
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity

Table 22. Instantiation of the proposed template in VV-UPM1

Field	Value
VV-UPM1	Replication of experiment <i>VV-UPM</i>
Type of replication	Internal
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the visibility of the fault is not analysed In replication the influence of the visibility of the fault is analysed in order to draw new conclusions
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , ***(<i>Name</i>)
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)
Comments	Laboratory package developed by Kamsties and Lott is used
Change 2	Originally , the influence of the programme is not analysed In replication two versions of each program are implemented and is a new factor because the programs are not very long and therefore the errors are masked from each other
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>version</i>
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)
Change 3	Originally , three of the fault types appear only once while the other three types appear twice In replication all types of faults are duplicated because there are two versions of each program
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 4	Originally , subjects generate their test cases to detect code failures In replication first, the subjects apply the technique to generate the test cases and then execute the test cases provided to them to detect program failures in order to check whether the visibility of faults influences their detection
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 5	Originally , four programs are used In replication three programs are used, one is discarded in order to balance the design
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental material
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 6	Originally , each subject applies a technique In replication each subject applies the three techniques because the design is changed
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity

Table 23. Instantiation of the proposed template in VV-UPV

Field	Value
VV-UPV	Replication of experiment <i>VV-UPM</i>
Site	Polytechnic University of Valencia
Type of replication	External
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the three verification and validation techniques are used: code reading, equivalence partitioning and branch testing In replication the code reading technique is omitted because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>technique</i>
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity
Comment	The baseline experiment are UPM replications treated as one
Change 2	Originally , the duration of the 3 sessions is 4h. each, i.e. the time is unlimited In replication the duration of each of the 3 sessions is 2h. because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 3	Originally , subjects receive three four-hour training sessions to learn how to apply the techniques In replication the training consists of two two-hour tutorials because he subjects are already familiar with the techniques
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>training</i>
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity
Change 4	Originally , the training in the use of the techniques is before the experiment is executed In replication Each tutorial is carried out before the application of the technique, in the first 2 sessions; i. e., the training is interspersed with the operation of the experiment because he subjects are already familiar with the techniques
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , ***(<i>Context</i>)
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity
Change 5	Originally , subjects apply a technique to a program in each session In replication subjects apply the same technique to different programs in each session because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 6	Originally , The subjects execute test cases with the application of the technique; that is to say in each session In replication Subjects run test cases for one of the programs they have tested in a separate session, i.e. in session 3 because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity

Table 24. Instantiation of the proposed template in VV-Uds

Field	Value
VV-Uds	Replication of experiment <i>VV-UPM</i>
Type of replication	External
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the duration of the 3 sessions is 4h. each, i.e. the time is unlimited In replication the duration of each of the 3 sessions is 2h. because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 2	Originally , the subjects execute test cases with the application of the technique; i. e. in each session In replication the subjects execute test cases for one of the programs they have tested in a later session, i.e. in session 4 because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 3	Originally , subjects work individually In replication subjects work in pairs because there are not enough computers
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 4	Originally , subjects receive three four-hour training sessions to learn how to apply the techniques In replication the training consists of two two-hour tutorials because he subjects are already familiar with the techniques
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>training</i>
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity
Change 5	Originally , the training in the use of the techniques is before the experiment is executed In replication each tutorial is conducted before the application of the technique in each of the three sessions in which each technique is examined; i.e., the training is interspersed with the operation of the experiment because he subjects are already familiar with the techniques
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , *** (<i>Context</i>)
Threat to validity	The change increases the construct validity

Table 25. Instantiation of the proposed template in VV-ORT

Field	Value
VV-ORT	Replication of experiment <i>VV-UPM</i>
Type of replication	External
Purpose	Extend results
Change 1	Originally , the three techniques of verification and validation are used: code reading, equivalence partitioning and branch testing In replication the code reading technique is omitted because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Operationalization , specifically the independent variable <i>technique</i>
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)
Change 2	Originally , three program codes are used In replication one of the programs is discarded because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental material
Threat to validity	The change ***(<i>Threat</i>)
Change 3	Originally , the experiment is carried out in three sessions each of four hours In replication the experiment is executed in a single session because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically the guides
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity
Change 4	Originally , subjects apply a different technique to evaluate a program in each of the three sessions In replication the subjects apply the two techniques to the two programs in a single session because of time constraints
Modified Dimension	Protocol , specifically experimental design
Threat to validity	The change increases the internal validity