

The Measurement Properties of Electoral Contestation

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Introduction

We begin with a descriptive question: What types of actions do Americans deem acceptable when someone disagrees with the results of an election? Here we focus on levels of support for various actions such as protesting, criticizing election integrity, burning the American flag, ballot recounts, or challenging the outcome in the courts. Moreover, we are interested in understanding the underlying structure of contestation preferences. Is a construct like contestation multidimensional?

On one hand, we might expect that contestation behaviors reside on a single underlying dimension, anchored by a preference for contestation behaviors on one pole, and an opposition to these behaviors at the other pole. However, there are several reasons to expect more nuance, due primarily to different norms surrounding such behaviors. For instance, while recounting ballots and supporting legal means to contest an election are common and generally perceived-to-be acceptable behaviors, attending a march or burning the flag are seen as more active and potentially transgressive behaviors. Contestation behaviors may be effectively disaggregated into forms that pose a relatively high cost for individual citizens (i.e, require action) versus forms of contestation that are passive and impose a low cost for citizens. They can also be viewed as a continuum of behaviors that range from less to more normatively acceptable.

Measuring Support for Contestation Behaviors

We measure support for behaviors aimed at contesting election results with a question battery that captures some of the most prominent ways election results are contested. Respondents were asked,

“Many people are unhappy with the outcomes of elections. How much do you support or oppose each of the following behaviors when people are unhappy with the outcome of an election?”

- Attend a march or demonstration [, even if it might turn chaotic or dangerous]
- Publicly criticize the integrity or fairness of the election [on social media]
- Burn the American flag
- Support ballot recounts
- Contest the outcome in the courts

Respondents were asked to rate their support for each behavior on a 5-point scale, ranging from 1 (strongly support) to 5 (strongly oppose).

Recoding and Scaling

We rely on six data sets in this project. The **Western States Survey** conducted in both 2020 and 2024. The **Arizona Voter Project** election surveys, conducted in 2023 and 2024. And the 2022 Congressional

Election Study BYU module and the 2022 Congressional Election Study ASU module.

The `electoralContestation` package includes a number of helper functions to clean and recode these data. Downloading the package comes with the data `electoral_contestation`. Absent the CES modules, there are 9,403 observations.

```
rm(list = ls())
#devtools::install_github("crweber9874/electoralContestation")
library(electoralContestation)
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(lavaan)
```

```
## This is lavaan 0.6-19
## lavaan is FREE software! Please report any bugs.
```

```
electoral_contestation <- electoral_contestation %>%
  filter(survey %in% c("wss20", "wss24", "avpw1", "avpw2"))

head(electoral_contestation)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 29
##   black white asian american_indian latino  age married college faminc state
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>          <dbl>  <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1     0     1     0              0     0    61       1       1     0 4
## 2     0     1     0              0     0    41       1       1     1 4
## 3     0     0     0              1     0    25       0       1     0 4
## 4     0     1     0              0     0    76       0       1     0 4
## 5     0     1     0              0     0    63       0       0     0 4
## 6     0     1     0              0     0    72       1       0     1 4
## # i 19 more variables: year <dbl>, survey <chr>, caseidID <dbl>,
## #   caseidID22 <dbl>, attend_march <dbl>, burn_flag <dbl>, court <dbl>,
## #   recount <dbl>, criticize_election <dbl>, auth_1 <dbl>, auth_2 <dbl>,
## #   auth_3 <dbl>, auth_4 <dbl>, party3 <dbl>, christian <dbl>,
## #   post_experimental_condition <chr>, experimental_condition_post <chr>,
## #   experimental_condition_pre <chr>, pre_post_election <dbl>
```

```

ordinal_data = c("burn_flag", "court", "recount", "criticize_election", "attend_march")

model <- ' f1 =~ court + recount + criticize_election + attend_march
          court ~~ recount'

fit <- cfa(model, data = electoral_contestation,
           ordered = ordinal_data,
           )

# mod indices
summary(fit, fit.measures = TRUE)

```

```
## lavaan 0.6-19 ended normally after 20 iterations
```

```
##
```

##	Estimator	DWLS	
##	Optimization method	NLMINB	
##	Number of model parameters	21	
##			
##		Used	Total
##	Number of observations	9397	9403
##			

```
## Model Test User Model:
```

##		Standard	Scaled
##	Test Statistic	4.064	8.080
##	Degrees of freedom	1	1
##	P-value (Chi-square)	0.044	0.004
##	Scaling correction factor		0.503
##	Shift parameter		0.000
##	simple second-order correction		
##			

```
## Model Test Baseline Model:
```

##			
##	Test statistic	10337.492	8732.950
##	Degrees of freedom	6	6
##	P-value	0.000	0.000
##	Scaling correction factor		1.184
##			

```
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
```

##			
##	Comparative Fit Index (CFI)	1.000	0.999
##	Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)	0.998	0.995
##			
##	Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)		0.999

```

## Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                                0.992
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
## RMSEA                                0.018            0.027
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower    0.002            0.012
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper    0.038            0.046
## P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050              0.998            0.977
## P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080              0.000            0.000
##
## Robust RMSEA                                0.030
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower    0.013
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper    0.050
## P-value H_0: Robust RMSEA <= 0.050      0.949
## P-value H_0: Robust RMSEA >= 0.080      0.000
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR                                0.006            0.006
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Parameterization                                Delta
## Standard errors                                Robust.sem
## Information                                Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model            Unstructured
##
## Latent Variables:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## f1 =~
## court           1.000
## recount         0.782    0.020  39.380    0.000
## criticize_lctn  1.322    0.038  34.689    0.000
## attend_march    0.932    0.024  38.792    0.000
##
## Covariances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## .court ~~
## .recount         0.166    0.010  15.850    0.000
##
## Thresholds:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## court|t1        -0.999    0.016 -64.161    0.000

```

```
##      court|t2      -0.437    0.013  -32.638    0.000
##      court|t3       0.395    0.013   29.679    0.000
##      court|t4       1.161    0.017   69.704    0.000
##      recount|t1     -1.637    0.022  -75.486    0.000
##      recount|t2     -1.135    0.016  -68.939    0.000
##      recount|t3     -0.307    0.013  -23.369    0.000
##      recount|t4       0.699    0.014   49.407    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t1  -0.456    0.013  -33.942    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t2   0.029    0.013    2.280    0.023
##      critcz_lctn|t3   0.692    0.014   48.994    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t4   1.295    0.018   72.945    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t1  -1.048    0.016  -66.017    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t2  -0.545    0.014  -39.903    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t3   0.234    0.013   17.943    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t4   1.006    0.016   64.422    0.000
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .court           0.673
##      .recount          0.800
##      .criticize_lctn   0.428
##      .attend_march     0.716
##      f1                0.327    0.012   26.285    0.000
```

The fit is good. With just these items, I don't find much of a multidimensional structure. I actually don't find much evidence of a two factor model for the surveys other than the 2020 Western; there also seems to be a bit of a problem with the burning flag item, as it doesn't seem all that related to the other items.

```
electoral_contestation %>%
  select("burn_flag", "court", "criticize_election", "attend_march", "recount") %>%
  # deal with NA
  na.omit() %>%
  cor()
```

```
##              burn_flag      court criticize_election attend_march
## burn_flag      1.00000000 0.1664893          0.03776088    0.2404490
## court          0.16648928 1.0000000          0.38231136    0.2582262
## criticize_election 0.03776088 0.3823114          1.00000000    0.3477097
## attend_march    0.24044899 0.2582262          0.34770971    1.0000000
## recount         0.12712382 0.3583892          0.27691073    0.2110060
##
##              recount
## burn_flag      0.1271238
## court          0.3583892
## criticize_election 0.2769107
```

```
## attend_march      0.2110060
## recount           1.0000000
```

Testing for measurement invariance across party categories.

```
# Configural Invariance: This assumes total variation of parameters across groups
fit_configural <- cfa(model, data = electoral_contestation, ordered = ordinal_data, group = "party3")
```

```
## Warning: lavaan->lav_data_full():
## group variable 'party3' contains missing values
```

```
# Scalar Invariance: This assumes equal factor loadings and intercepts across groups
fit_scalar2 <- cfa(model, data = electoral_contestation, ordered = ordinal_data, group = "party3", group = "party3")
```

```
## Warning: lavaan->lav_data_full():
## group variable 'party3' contains missing values
```

```
# summary(fit_scalar, fit.measures = TRUE)
```

```
# Compare models
```

```
anova(fit_configural, fit_scalar2)
```

```
##
## Scaled Chi-Squared Difference Test (method = "satorra.2000")
##
## lavaan->lavTestLRT():
## lavaan NOTE: The "Chisq" column contains standard test statistics, not the
## robust test that should be reported per model. A robust difference test is
## a function of two standard (not robust) statistics.
##           Df AIC BIC      Chisq Chisq diff Df diff Pr(>Chisq)
## fit_configural  3          22.695
## fit_scalar2    33      1993.588      1491.5      30 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

There fairly substantial differences in comparing the fully variant model to the one that is equal across partisan groups. There seems to be measurement variance. Here is the fully varying model – though note that without some common items it's not really possible to compare estimates

```
summary(fit_configural, fit.measures = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-19 ended normally after 57 iterations
##
## Estimator                      DWLS
## Optimization method           NLMINB
```

```

##      Number of model parameters                63
##
##      Number of observations per group:          Used      Total
##      3                                3435      3439
##      1                                4216      4217
##      2                                1431      1432
##
## Model Test User Model:
##                                Standard      Scaled
##      Test Statistic                22.695      44.597
##      Degrees of freedom                3          3
##      P-value (Chi-square)            0.000      0.000
##      Scaling correction factor                0.509
##      Shift parameter                0.016
##      simple second-order correction
##      Test statistic for each group:
##      3                                6.187      6.187
##      1                                34.721      34.721
##      2                                3.689      3.689
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##      Test statistic                11572.116      9600.426
##      Degrees of freedom                18          18
##      P-value                0.000      0.000
##      Scaling correction factor                1.206
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##      Comparative Fit Index (CFI)                0.998      0.996
##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                0.990      0.974
##
##      Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)                0.993
##      Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                0.957
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##      RMSEA                0.047      0.068
##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower      0.030      0.051
##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper      0.065      0.086
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050                0.584      0.041
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080                0.001      0.139
##

```

```

## Robust RMSEA 0.071
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.053
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.091
## P-value H_0: Robust RMSEA <= 0.050 0.031
## P-value H_0: Robust RMSEA >= 0.080 0.245
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR 0.014 0.014
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Parameterization Delta
## Standard errors Robust.sem
## Information Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Unstructured
##
##
## Group 1 [3]:
##
## Latent Variables:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## f1 =~
## court 1.000
## recount 0.760 0.026 29.191 0.000
## criticize_lctn 1.204 0.036 33.835 0.000
## attend_march 0.979 0.028 35.292 0.000
##
## Covariances:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## .court ~~
## .recount 0.154 0.015 10.202 0.000
##
## Thresholds:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## court|t1 -1.134 0.027 -41.663 0.000
## court|t2 -0.605 0.023 -26.462 0.000
## court|t3 0.191 0.022 8.849 0.000
## court|t4 0.983 0.026 38.402 0.000
## recount|t1 -1.755 0.039 -45.082 0.000
## recount|t2 -1.318 0.030 -44.351 0.000
## recount|t3 -0.536 0.023 -23.767 0.000
## recount|t4 0.456 0.022 20.546 0.000

```



```

##      critcz_lctn|t1  -0.367    0.022  -16.731    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t2  -0.079    0.021   -3.702    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t3   0.462    0.022   20.782    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t4   1.129    0.027   41.560    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t1  -0.782    0.024  -32.653    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t2  -0.265    0.022  -12.218    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t3   0.478    0.022   21.454    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t4   1.258    0.029   43.630    0.000
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .court          0.566
##      .recount         0.749
##      .criticize_lctn  0.370
##      .attend_march    0.584
##      f1               0.434    0.018   24.165    0.000
##
##
## Group 2 [1]:
##
## Latent Variables:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      f1 =~
##      court           1.000
##      recount         0.830    0.036   22.900    0.000
##      criticize_lctn  1.125    0.060   18.830    0.000
##      attend_march    0.987    0.050   19.657    0.000
##
## Covariances:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .court ~~
##      .recount         0.104    0.018    5.793    0.000
##
## Thresholds:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      court|t1        -0.857    0.022  -38.754    0.000
##      court|t2        -0.245    0.020  -12.553    0.000
##      court|t3         0.524    0.020   25.824    0.000
##      court|t4         1.314    0.027   49.087    0.000
##      recount|t1       -1.571    0.031  -50.638    0.000
##      recount|t2       -1.018    0.023  -43.460    0.000
##      recount|t3       -0.243    0.020  -12.430    0.000
##      recount|t4        0.867    0.022   39.090    0.000

```

```

##      critcz_lctn|t1  -0.511    0.020  -25.250    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t2   0.153    0.019   7.881    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t3   0.844    0.022  38.332    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t4   1.447    0.029  50.268    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t1  -1.311    0.027 -49.053    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t2  -0.777    0.022 -35.992    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t3  -0.054    0.019  -2.772    0.006
##      attend_mrch|t4   0.793    0.022  36.567    0.000
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .court          0.692
##      .recount         0.788
##      .criticize_lctn   0.611
##      .attend_march     0.700
##      f1               0.308    0.022   14.216    0.000
##
##
## Group 3 [2]:
##
## Latent Variables:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      f1 =~
##      court           1.000
##      recount         0.861    0.051   16.741    0.000
##      criticize_lctn   1.373    0.091   15.110    0.000
##      attend_march     1.092    0.064   17.057    0.000
##
## Covariances:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .court ~~
##      .recount         0.144    0.024   5.990    0.000
##
## Thresholds:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      court|t1        -1.100    0.042  -26.474    0.000
##      court|t2        -0.564    0.035  -16.047    0.000
##      court|t3         0.450    0.034   13.088    0.000
##      court|t4         1.153    0.043   27.116    0.000
##      recount|t1       -1.590    0.054  -29.499    0.000
##      recount|t2       -1.113    0.042  -26.638    0.000
##      recount|t3       -0.143    0.033   -4.307    0.000
##      recount|t4        0.788    0.037   21.213    0.000

```

```
##      critcz_lctn|t1  -0.483    0.035  -13.974    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t2  -0.013    0.033   -0.396    0.692
##      critcz_lctn|t3   0.781    0.037   21.065    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t4   1.294    0.045   28.452    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t1  -1.060    0.041  -25.927    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t2  -0.576    0.035  -16.356    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t3   0.440    0.034   12.827    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t4   1.100    0.042   26.474    0.000
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .court          0.703
##      .recount         0.780
##      .criticize_lctn  0.440
##      .attend_march    0.646
##      f1              0.297    0.028   10.490    0.000
```

```
electoral_contestation$survey <- as.character(electoral_contestation$survey)
# one hot encode survey
electoral_contestation <- electoral_contestation %>%
  mutate(wss20 = as.numeric(survey == "wss20"),
         wss24 = as.numeric(survey == "wss24"),
         avpw1 = as.numeric(survey == "avpw1"),
         avpw2 = as.numeric(survey == "avpw2"))

model <- ' f1 =~ court + recount + criticize_election + attend_march + burn_flag
          court ~~ recount
          f1 ~ wss20 + wss24 + avpw1'

fit_modified <- sem(model, data = electoral_contestation,
                   ordered = ordinal_data,
                   group = "party3"
                   )
```

```
## Warning: lavaan->lav_data_full():
##      group variable 'party3' contains missing values
```

```
summary(fit_modified, fit.measures = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-19 ended normally after 68 iterations
##
##      Estimator                      DWLS
##      Optimization method           NLMINB
```

```

##      Number of model parameters                87
##
##      Number of observations per group:          Used      Total
##      3                                     3435      3439
##      1                                     4216      4217
##      2                                     1430      1432
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Standard      Scaled
##      Test Statistic      650.290      672.427
##      Degrees of freedom           48           48
##      P-value (Chi-square)         0.000         0.000
##      Scaling correction factor           0.989
##      Shift parameter              14.758
##      simple second-order correction
##      Test statistic for each group:
##      3                     421.406      421.406
##      1                     163.405      163.405
##      2                      87.616      87.616
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##      Test statistic      12675.889      10259.234
##      Degrees of freedom           30           30
##      P-value                 0.000         0.000
##      Scaling correction factor           1.236
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##      Comparative Fit Index (CFI)           0.952         0.939
##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)             0.970         0.962
##
##      Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)           NA
##      Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)             NA
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##      RMSEA                0.064         0.066
##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower      0.060         0.061
##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper      0.069         0.070
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050              0.000         0.000
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080              0.000         0.000
##

```

```

## Robust RMSEA NA
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower NA
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper NA
## P-value H_0: Robust RMSEA <= 0.050 NA
## P-value H_0: Robust RMSEA >= 0.080 NA
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR 0.030 0.030
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Parameterization Delta
## Standard errors Robust.sem
## Information Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Unstructured
##
##
## Group 1 [3]:
##
## Latent Variables:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## f1 =~
## court 1.000
## recount 0.714 0.027 26.956 0.000
## criticize_lctn 1.415 0.045 31.426 0.000
## attend_march 0.941 0.028 33.992 0.000
## burn_flag 0.627 0.034 18.447 0.000
##
## Regressions:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## f1 ~
## wss20 -1.031 0.048 -21.386 0.000
## wss24 -0.352 0.043 -8.261 0.000
## avpw1 0.055 0.051 1.084 0.278
##
## Covariances:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
## .court ~~
## .recount 0.195 0.014 13.713 0.000
##
## Thresholds:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)

```

##	court t1	-1.503	0.054	-27.586	0.000
##	court t2	-0.969	0.054	-18.101	0.000
##	court t3	-0.147	0.054	-2.744	0.006
##	court t4	0.678	0.055	12.305	0.000
##	recount t1	-2.359	0.066	-35.800	0.000
##	recount t2	-1.922	0.063	-30.482	0.000
##	recount t3	-1.122	0.062	-18.170	0.000
##	recount t4	-0.084	0.059	-1.424	0.154
##	critcz_lctn t1	-1.260	0.059	-21.224	0.000
##	critcz_lctn t2	-0.821	0.057	-14.322	0.000
##	critcz_lctn t3	-0.103	0.057	-1.800	0.072
##	critcz_lctn t4	0.674	0.059	11.496	0.000
##	attend_mrch t1	-1.170	0.055	-21.218	0.000
##	attend_mrch t2	-0.621	0.054	-11.572	0.000
##	attend_mrch t3	0.167	0.054	3.119	0.002
##	attend_mrch t4	0.979	0.056	17.391	0.000
##	burn_flag t1	-0.587	0.131	-4.496	0.000
##	burn_flag t2	0.369	0.126	2.921	0.003
##	burn_flag t3	1.077	0.128	8.431	0.000
##	burn_flag t4	1.738	0.131	13.292	0.000

##

Variances:

##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
##	.court	0.638			
##	.recount	0.815			
##	.criticize_lctn	0.274			
##	.attend_march	0.679			
##	.burn_flag	0.857			
##	.f1	0.362	0.016	23.239	0.000

##

##

Group 2 [1]:

##

Latent Variables:

##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
##	f1 =~				
##	court	1.000			
##	recount	0.840	0.034	24.999	0.000
##	criticize_lctn	1.074	0.045	23.957	0.000
##	attend_march	1.104	0.045	24.567	0.000
##	burn_flag	0.991	0.041	24.109	0.000

##

Regressions:

```

##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##  f1 ~
##      wss20           0.012    0.046    0.269    0.788
##      wss24          -0.157    0.046   -3.421    0.001
##      avpw1          -0.081    0.056   -1.451    0.147
##
## Covariances:
##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##  .court ~~
##      .recount         0.121    0.015    8.011    0.000
##
## Thresholds:
##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      court|t1        -0.984    0.068  -14.447    0.000
##      court|t2        -0.371    0.066   -5.618    0.000
##      court|t3         0.400    0.066    6.063    0.000
##      court|t4         1.190    0.070   17.027    0.000
##      recount|t1       -1.519    0.060  -25.228    0.000
##      recount|t2       -0.958    0.059  -16.170    0.000
##      recount|t3       -0.173    0.059   -2.942    0.003
##      recount|t4        0.946    0.061   15.615    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t1   -0.739    0.088   -8.367    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t2   -0.069    0.085   -0.816    0.415
##      critcz_lctn|t3    0.619    0.086    7.218    0.000
##      critcz_lctn|t4    1.219    0.090   13.598    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t1   -1.383    0.060  -22.992    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t2   -0.848    0.058  -14.578    0.000
##      attend_mrch|t3   -0.125    0.058   -2.154    0.031
##      attend_mrch|t4    0.722    0.059   12.226    0.000
##      burn_flag|t1     -0.631    0.079   -7.970    0.000
##      burn_flag|t2      0.006    0.076    0.076    0.940
##      burn_flag|t3      0.803    0.077   10.474    0.000
##      burn_flag|t4      1.412    0.079   17.921    0.000
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .court           0.704
##      .recount         0.792
##      .criticize_lctn   0.659
##      .attend_march     0.640
##      .burn_flag        0.710
##      .f1               0.296    0.018   16.781    0.000
##

```

```

##
## Group 3 [2]:
##
## Latent Variables:
##      Estimate   Std.Err   z-value   P(>|z|)
##   f1 =~
##     court           1.000
##     recount         0.850    0.051   16.614    0.000
##     criticize_lctn   1.283    0.076   16.855    0.000
##     attend_march     1.139    0.065   17.570    0.000
##     burn_flag        0.777    0.058   13.492    0.000
##
## Regressions:
##      Estimate   Std.Err   z-value   P(>|z|)
##   f1 ~
##     wss20          -0.530    0.076   -6.937    0.000
##     wss24          -0.324    0.075   -4.314    0.000
##     avpw1          -0.233    0.088   -2.648    0.008
##
## Covariances:
##      Estimate   Std.Err   z-value   P(>|z|)
##   .court ~~
##     .recount        0.140    0.023    6.210    0.000
##
## Thresholds:
##      Estimate   Std.Err   z-value   P(>|z|)
##     court|t1      -1.519    0.106  -14.290    0.000
##     court|t2      -0.979    0.103   -9.551    0.000
##     court|t3       0.046    0.103    0.443    0.658
##     court|t4       0.762    0.105    7.227    0.000
##     recount|t1     -2.015    0.102  -19.802    0.000
##     recount|t2     -1.542    0.098  -15.789    0.000
##     recount|t3     -0.568    0.098   -5.781    0.000
##     recount|t4      0.372    0.098    3.790    0.000
##     critcz_lctn|t1 -1.020    0.109   -9.372    0.000
##     critcz_lctn|t2 -0.497    0.105   -4.731    0.000
##     critcz_lctn|t3  0.355    0.105    3.382    0.001
##     critcz_lctn|t4  0.889    0.107    8.305    0.000
##     attend_mrch|t1 -1.456    0.103  -14.102    0.000
##     attend_mrch|t2 -0.967    0.101   -9.587    0.000
##     attend_mrch|t3  0.061    0.101    0.606    0.545
##     attend_mrch|t4  0.729    0.104    7.031    0.000
##     burn_flag|t1   -0.617    0.157   -3.921    0.000

```


##	burn_flag t2	0.004	0.151	0.023	0.981
##	burn_flag t3	0.981	0.152	6.456	0.000
##	burn_flag t4	1.565	0.156	10.033	0.000
##					
##	Variances:				
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
##	.court	0.701			
##	.recount	0.784			
##	.criticize_lctn	0.507			
##	.attend_march	0.611			
##	.burn_flag	0.819			
##	.f1	0.299	0.027	11.025	0.000