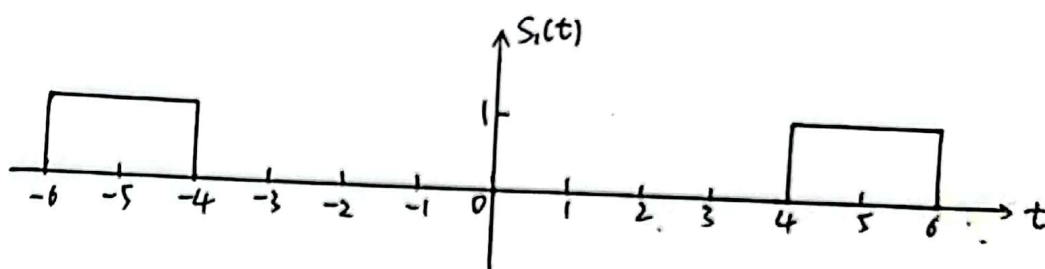


2-15

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) \quad S_1(t) &= f_1(t) * f_2(t) = [u(t+1) - u(t-1)] * [\delta(t+5) + \delta(t-5)] \\
 &= u(t+1) * \delta(t+5) + u(t+1) * \delta(t-5) - u(t-1) * \delta(t+5) - u(t-1) * \delta(t-5) \\
 &= u(t+6) + u(t-4) - u(t+4) - u(t-6)
 \end{aligned}$$

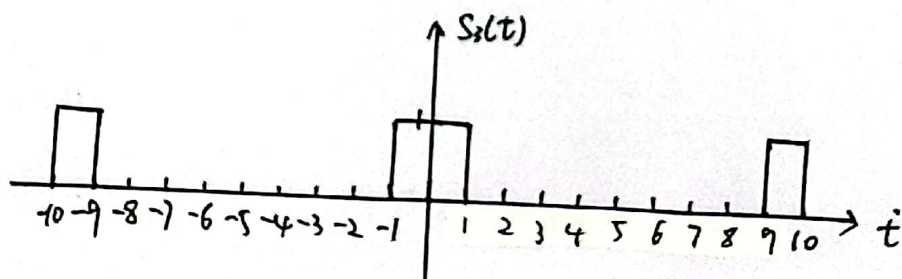


$$(3) \quad S_3(t) = \{ [f_1(t) * f_2(t)] [u(t+5) - u(t-5)] \} * f_2(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] [u(t+5) - u(t-5)] \\
 &= [u(t+6) + u(t-4) - u(t+4) - u(t-6)] [u(t+5) - u(t-5)] \\
 &= u(t+5) + u(t-4) - u(t+4) - u(t-5)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$S_3(t) = \{ u(t+5) + u(t-4) - u(t+4) - u(t-5) \} * [\delta(t+5) + \delta(t-5)]$$

$$= u(t+10) + u(t+1) - u(t+9) - u(t) + u(t) + u(t-9) - u(t-1) - u(t-10)$$



3-3

11) 周期矩形波的傅里叶级数  $f(t) = \frac{ET}{T_1} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2E}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi T}{T_1}\right) \cos(n\omega_1 t)$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1,3,\dots}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} (-1)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \cos(n\omega_1 t)$$

不考虑直流分量, 谱线间隔为  $\frac{2}{T} = 2000 \text{ kHz}$ , 考虑直流分量, 间隔为  $\frac{1}{T} = 1000 \text{ kHz}$

$n=2$  时, 出现第一个零点, 带宽  $\frac{2}{T} = 2000 \text{ kHz}$

12) 同(1)  $f_2(t) = \frac{3}{2} + \sum_{n=1,2,\dots}^{\infty} \frac{6}{n\pi} (-1)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \cos(n\omega_1 t)$

不考虑直流分量, 谱线间隔为  $\frac{2}{T} = \frac{2000}{3} \text{ kHz}$ ; 考虑直流分量, 间隔为  $\frac{1}{T} = \frac{1000}{3} \text{ kHz}$

带宽为  $\frac{2000}{3} \text{ kHz}$

13) 基波幅度之比 =  $\frac{2}{\pi} : \frac{6}{\pi} = 1:3$

14)  $f_1(t)$  基波  $f_2(t)$  谐波比 =  $\frac{2}{\pi} : \frac{6}{3\pi} = 1:1$

3-5

$T = \frac{1}{f} = 0.1 \text{ ms}$ ,  $\omega_1 = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 2 \times 10^4 \pi$ ,  $f(t) = E \cos(2\pi f t)$   $(-\frac{T}{4} < t < \frac{T}{4})$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{4}}^{\frac{T}{4}} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{T} \cdot \frac{E}{2\pi f} \cdot \sin(\omega_1 t) \Big|_{-\frac{T}{4}}^{\frac{T}{4}} = \frac{E}{\pi}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(t) \cdot \cos n\omega_1 t dt = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{4}}^{\frac{T}{4}} E \cos(\omega_1 t) \cdot \cos(n\omega_1 t) dt$$

① 当  $n=1$  时,  $a_n = \frac{2E}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{4}}^{\frac{T}{4}} \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\omega_1 t) + 1] dt = \frac{E}{2}$

②  $n \neq 1$  时,  $a_n = \frac{2E}{T\omega_1} \left\{ \frac{\sin[(n+1)\omega_1 t]}{n+1} + \frac{\sin[(n-1)\omega_1 t]}{n-1} \right\} \Big|_0^{\frac{T}{4}} = \frac{2E}{(1-n^2)\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & n \text{ 为奇}, n > 1 \\ (-1)^{\frac{n}{2}} \frac{2E}{(1-n^2)\pi}, & n \text{ 为偶} \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{E}{\pi} + \frac{E}{2} \cos(\omega_1 t) + \sum_{n=2,4,\dots}^{\infty} (-1)^{\frac{n}{2}} \cdot \frac{2E}{(1-n^2)\pi} \cdot \cos(n\omega_1 t)$$

$$C_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2} = |a_n|$$

