

## CSE-3216

### LAB-01

- i) Find mean, median and mode from an array of numbers.
- ii) Take a binary stream, divide it into k parts and find the checksum.

MEAN	<b>The sum of all the items, divided by the number of items in the set. Also called the <u>average</u>.</b>	2,4,3,6 <b><math>2 + 4 + 3 + 6 = 15</math></b> <b><math>15 \div 4 = 3.75</math></b> <b>Mean = 3.75</b>
MEDIAN	<b>The middle value when the data are in numerical order. If there are two numbers in the middle, find the mean (average) of those two numbers.</b>	2,4,3,6,8,5 <b><u>2,3,4,5,6,8</u></b> <b><math>4+5=9</math></b> <b><math>9 \div 2 = 4.5</math></b> <b>4.5 = median</b>
		2,4,3,6,8,5,7 <b><u>2,3,4,5,6,7,8</u></b> <b>5 = median</b>
MODE	<b>The value or values that occurs most often in a set of data.</b>	4,5,3,4,3,2,4,6 <b>4 = mode</b>

## Checksum

- In checksum error detection scheme, the data is divided into  $k$  segments each of  $m$  bits.
- In the sender's end the segments are added using 1's complement arithmetic to get the sum. The sum is complemented to get the checksum.
- The checksum segment is sent along with the data segments.
- At the receiver's end, all received segments are added using 1's complement arithmetic to get the sum. The sum is complemented.
- If the result is zero, the received data is accepted; otherwise discarded.

