```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

→ 1. Preprocessing of raw data

```
import nltk
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
nltk.download("punkt")
nltk.download("stopwords")
nltk.download("wordnet")
nltk.download('omw-1.4')
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
                   Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
      [nltk data]
      [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
      [nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
     [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Downloading package omw-1.4 to /root/nltk_data...
stopwords = nltk.corpus.stopwords.words('english')
stemmer = nltk.stem.SnowballStemmer('english')
lemmatizer = nltk.stem.WordNetLemmatizer()
import pandas as pd
import os
folder\_path = "\underline{/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab} \ \ Notebooks/teacher" \\ \# \ replace \ with \ the \ path \ to \ your \ folder
files = [] # to store file names
contents = [] # to store file contents
for filename in os.listdir(folder_path):
    if filename.endswith('.txt'): # consider only text files
        with open(os.path.join(folder_path, filename), 'r') as file:
             files.append(filename)
             contents.append(file.read())
   = pd.DataFrame({'file_name': files, 'content': contents})
df
                                                     file_name
                                                                                                 content
                                                                     Thirteen years older\nbut hardly wiser\nI
           Teacher Poems Death Of A Teacher Poemby Carsten Thomse...\\
       0
           Teacher Poems If IBecome A Teacher Poemby Sneha Khedka...\\
                                                                  This is the first poem I have written.\n----...
                                                                           (1st place winner of Texas Career
       2
               TeacherPoemsFutureTeacherPoembyDyhanaraRios.txt
                                                                                            Association ...
                                                                      my teacher ate my homework,\nwhich i
          Teacher Poems My Teacher Ate My Homework Poemby shaikh... \\
                                                                                              thought w...
                                                                  The Teacher Man teaches kids from all over
                   TeacherPoemsTeacherManPoembyarybolanos txt
                                                                    You want someone to hear you\nRun your
      95
             TeacherPoemsYouSoundLikeTheTeacherInPeanutsPoe..
                                                                                                mouth\n..
                                                                       i am taught well,\nnow my hands won't
           Teacher Poems You Are The One And Only Teacher Poemby al... \\
      96
                                                                    That little cherub sitting there\nWith eager
      97
           TeacherPoemsTheMarkAGoodTeacherMakesPoembyJuli...
import nltk
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
lemma = WordNetLemmatizer()
nltk.download('stopwords')
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
df['content']=df['content'].str.lower()
df['content'].head()
```

STOPWORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))

```
def cleaning_stopwords(text):
            ".join([word for word in str(text).split() if word not in STOPWORDS])
   return '
df['content'] = df['content'].apply(lambda text: cleaning_stopwords(text))
df['content'].head()
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
          thirteen years older hardly wiser return past ...
          first poem written. ----- become te...
          (1st place winner texas career association poe...
          teacher ate homework, thought rather odd. snif...
         teacher man teaches kids world teacher man tea...
     Name: content, dtype: object
import string
english_punctuations = string.punctuation
punctuations_list = english_punctuations
def cleaning punctuations(text):
    translator = str.maketrans('', '', punctuations_list)
    return text.translate(translator)
\label{eq:df'} $$ df['content']= df['content'].apply(lambda x: cleaning_punctuations(x)) $$
df['content'].head()
          thirteen years older hardly wiser return past ...
          first poem written become teacher respect chi...
     1
          1st place winner texas career association poet...
          teacher ate homework thought rather odd sniffe...
          teacher man teaches kids world teacher man tea...
     Name: content, dtype: object
import re
def cleaning_repeating_char(text):
    return re.sub(r'(.)1+', r'1', text)
df['content'] = df['content'].apply(lambda x: cleaning_repeating_char(x))
df['content'].head()
          thirteen years older hardly wiser return past \dots
          first poem written become teacher respect chi...
          1st place winner texas career association poet...
          teacher ate homework thought rather odd sniffe...
          teacher man teaches kids world teacher man tea...
     Name: content, dtype: object
def cleaning_numbers(data):
    return re.sub('[0-9]+', ' ', data)
df['content'] = df['content'].apply(lambda x: cleaning_numbers(x))
df['content'].head()
          thirteen years older hardly wiser return past ...
          first poem written become teacher respect chi...
          st place winner texas career association poet...
          teacher ate homework thought rather odd sniffe...
         teacher man teaches kids world teacher man tea...
     Name: content, dtype: object
def transform text(text):
    return ' '.join([word for word in text.split() if len(word) > 2])
df['content'] = df['content'].apply(lambda x: transform_text(x))
df['content'].head()
          thirteen years older hardly wiser return past ...
          first poem written become teacher respect chil...
          place winner texas career association poetry c...
          teacher ate homework thought rather odd sniffe...
         teacher man teaches kids world teacher man tea...
     Name: content, dtype: object
import nltk
st = nltk.PorterStemmer()
def stemming_on_text(data):
    text = [st.stem(word) for word in data]
\label{eq:dfsol} $$ df['content']= df['content'].apply(lambda \ x: \ stemming_on_text(x)) $$
df['content'].head()
          thirteen years older hardly wiser return past ...
          first poem written become teacher respect chil...
          place winner texas career association poetry c...
          teacher ate homework thought rather odd sniffe...
          teacher man teaches kids world teacher man tea...
     Name: content, dtype: object
```

```
import nltk
nltk.download('wordnet')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
nltk.download('omw-1.4')
lm = nltk.WordNetLemmatizer()
def lemmatizer_on_text(data):
    text = [lm.lemmatize(word) for word in data]
    return data
df['content'] = df['content'].apply(lambda x: lemmatizer_on_text(x))
df['content'].head()
     [nltk_data] Downloading package omw-1.4 to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Package omw-1.4 is already up-to-date!
          thirteen years older hardly wiser return past ...
          first poem written become teacher respect chil...
          place winner texas career association poetry c...
          teacher ate homework thought rather odd sniffe...
          teacher man teaches kids world teacher man tea...
     Name: content, dtype: object
from nltk.tokenize import TweetTokenizer
df2=df.iloc[:,0:1]
tt = TweetTokenizer()
df2['content']=df['content'].apply(tt.tokenize)
df2['content']
     0
           [thirteen, years, older, hardly, wiser, return...
     1
           [first, poem, written, become, teacher, respec...
     2
           [place, winner, texas, career, association, po...
     3
           [teacher, ate, homework, thought, rather, odd,...
           [teacher, man, teaches, kids, world, teacher, ...
     95
           [want, someone, hear, run, mouth, one, wants, ...
           [taught, well, hands, swell, cause, learned, d...
           [little, cherub, sitting, eager, eyes, expecta...
     98
           [peach, i, ', ve, eaten, graced, blessed, taug...
           [teacher, must, know, plato, well, said, years...
     Name: content, Length: 100, dtype: object
```

Generate Inverted Index (variation in data structures)

```
def create_inverted_index(tokenized_tweets):
    inverted_index = dict()
    for document_idx in range(len(tokenized_tweets)):
        for word in tokenized_tweets[document_idx]:
             if word not in inverted_index:
                 inverted_index[word] = list()
             inverted_index[word].append(document_idx)
    for key in inverted_index:
        inverted_index[key] = list(set(inverted_index[key]))
    return inverted_index
inverted_index = create_inverted_index(df2['content'])
inverted_index
     {'thirteen': [0, 66, 12],
       'years': [0, 65, 99, 36, 41, 45, 48, 24, 56, 91], 'older': [0, 91],
       'hardly': [0],
'wiser': [0, 82],
       'return': [0, 96, 40, 41, 82],
       'past': [0, 80, 11, 46],
       'find': [0, 67, 4, 71, 17, 50, 81, 23, 56, 91, 63],
       'six': [0, 41],
       'months': [0],
       'dead': [0, 38],
       'still': [0, 2, 99, 7, 41, 11, 15, 17, 82, 52, 23, 63],
       'alive': [0, 65, 56, 38],
       'head': [0, 38, 46, 82, 21],
       'memory': [0],
'infamous': [0],
```

```
'three': [0, 82, 90, 31],
'days': [0, 14, 48, 82, 85, 56, 60],
'nights': [0],
'sustaining': [0],
'sunflowerseeds': [0],
'moonshine': [0],
'pissed': [0],
'hours': [0, 82],
'away': [0, 70, 40, 74, 82, 52, 84, 85, 57], 'till': [0, 25],
'gave': [0, 24, 40, 3],
'went': [0, 3, 75, 46, 81, 82, 60, 93], 'home': [0, 68, 5, 38, 85, 29, 63],
'alone': [0, 81, 82, 86, 26],
'biggest': [0],
'hangovers': [0],
'ever': [0, 35, 41, 91, 45, 77, 15, 47, 82, 52, 85, 23, 88, 89, 59, 93, 94],
'died': [0, 82],
'alcoholic': [0],
'fourtyfive': [0],
'wonder': [0, 78, 82, 85, 93], 'caurse': [0],
'excessive': [0],
'indifferent': [0, 40],
'recklessness': [0],
'someone': [0, 65, 66, 4, 7, 12, 26, 91, 95],
'break': [0, 8, 52, 49],
'heart': [0, 33, 34, 67, 96, 71, 40, 46, 81, 19, 52, 85, 93, 25, 60, 63, 57],
'loose': [0],
'faith': [0, 2, 81, 82, 85],
'life': [0,
2,
 4,
 5,
 7,
 9,
11,
 13.
16,
 19,
 22,
 24,
```

→ Boolean Query

```
def parse_query(infix_tokens):
    precedence = {}
    precedence['NOT'] = 3
    precedence['AND'] = 2
    precedence['OR'] = 1
    precedence['('] = 0
    precedence[')'] = 0
    output = []
    operator_stack = []
    for token in infix_tokens:
        if (token == '('):
            operator_stack.append(token)
        elif (token == ')'):
            operator = operator_stack.pop()
            while operator != '(':
                output.append(operator)
                operator = operator stack.pop()
        elif (token in precedence):
            if (operator_stack):
                current_operator = operator_stack[-1]
                while (operator_stack and precedence[current_operator] > precedence[token]):
                    output.append(operator_stack.pop())
                    if (operator_stack):
                        current_operator = operator_stack[-1]
            operator_stack.append(token) # add token to stack
            output.append(token.lower())
    while (operator_stack):
        output.append(operator_stack.pop())
```

```
return output
def boolean_query(query, inverted_index):
    query = query.strip()
    query_tokens = query.split()
    boolean_query = parse_query(query_tokens)
    result stack = list()
    for idx, token in enumerate(boolean_query):
        if token not in ["AND", "NOT", "OR"]:
           result = set(inverted_index[token])
            if token in ['AND', 'OR']:
                right_operand = result_stack.pop()
                left operand = result stack.pop()
                if token == 'AND':
                   operation = set.intersection
                else:
                    operation = set.union
                result = operation(left_operand, right_operand)
                operand = result_stack.pop()
                complement_document_ids = inverted_index[boolean_query[idx-1]]
                result = list()
                for word in inverted index:
                    result.extend([_id for _id in inverted_index[word] if _id not in complement_document_ids])
                result = set(result)
        result_stack.append(result)
    return result_stack.pop()
document_ids = boolean_query("sitting AND class", inverted_index)
print(f"Document IDs: {document_ids}")
     Document IDs: {58, 11}
document_ids = boolean_query("sitting AND class OR quickly", inverted_index)
print(f"Document IDs: {document_ids}")
     Document IDs: {59, 58, 11}
```

→ 3. handling wild card and phrase queries

```
def construct_positional_posting_list(tokenized_corpus):
    positional_index = dict()
    for tweet_id, tweet in enumerate(tokenized_corpus):
        for token_id, token in enumerate(tweet):
            if token not in positional_index:
               positional_index[token] = dict()
            if tweet_id not in positional_index[token]:
                positional_index[token][tweet_id] = list()
            positional_index[token][tweet_id].append(token_id)
    for token in positional_index:
        for tweet id in positional index[token]:
            positional_index[token][tweet_id] = sorted(positional_index[token][tweet_id])
        items = list(positional index[token].items())
        items.sort(key=lambda x: x[0])
        for k, v in items:
            positional_index[token][k] = v
    return positional_index
positional_index = construct_positional_posting_list(df2['content'])
for key in list(positional_index.keys())[:10]:
    print(f"Word: {key}\nTweet & Token Indices: {positional_index[key]}\n")
```

```
Word: thirteen
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [0], 12: [26], 66: [26]}
     Word: years
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [1], 24: [64], 36: [34], 41: [147, 156], 45: [36], 48: [5], 56: [1, 19, 75, 88], 65: [30], 91: [159], 99
     Word: older
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [2], 91: [178]}
     Word: hardly
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [3]}
     Word: wiser
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [4], 82: [247]}
     Word: return
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [5], 40: [118], 41: [128], 82: [701], 96: [37]}
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [6], 11: [62, 95, 115], 46: [65], 80: [13]}
     Word: find
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [7], 4: [149], 17: [9], 23: [25], 50: [24], 56: [101], 63: [96], 67: [63], 71: [42], 81: [21], 91: [128]
     Word: six
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [8], 41: [94]}
     Word: months
     Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [9]}
def construct_biword_positional_posting_list(tokenized_corpus):
    biword_positional_index = dict()
    for tweet_id, tweet in enumerate(tokenized_corpus):
        for token_id, token in enumerate(tweet[:-1]): # iterate till second last token
            biword = token + ' ' + tweet[token_id + 1]
            if biword not in biword_positional_index:
                biword_positional_index[biword] = dict()
            if tweet_id not in biword_positional_index[biword]:
                biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id] = list()
            biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id].append(token_id)
    for biword in biword_positional_index:
        for tweet_id in biword_positional_index[biword]:
            biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id] = sorted(biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id])
        items = list(biword_positional_index[biword].items())
        items.sort(key=lambda x: x[0])
        for k, v in items:
            biword positional index[biword][k] = v
    return biword_positional_index
biword_indexing = construct_biword_positional_posting_list(df2['content'])
biword_indexing
     {'thirteen years': {0: [0]},
       'years older': {0: [1]},
      'older hardly': {0: [2]}, 'hardly wiser': {0: [3]},
      'wiser return': {0: [4]},
       'return past': {0: [5]},
      'past find': {0: [6]},
'find six': {0: [7]},
      'six months': {0: [8]}
      'months dead': {0: [9]},
      'dead still': {0: [10]},
      'still alive': {0: [11]},
      'alive head': {0: [12]},
      'head memory': {0: [13]},
       'memory infamous': {0: [14]},
       'infamous three': {0: [15]},
      'three days': {0: [16], 82: [672, 694]}, 'days nights': {0: [17]},
      'nights sustaining': {0: [18]},
      'sustaining sunflowerseeds': {0: [19]},
       'sunflowerseeds moonshine': {0: [20]},
      'moonshine pissed': {0: [21]},
       'pissed hours': {0: [22]},
       'hours days': {0: [23]},
      'days away': {0: [24]},
      'away till': {0: [25]},
```

```
'till gave': {0: [26]}, 'gave went': {0: [27]},
       'went home': {0: [28]},
'home alone': {0: [29]},
        'alone biggest': {0: [30]},
       'biggest hangovers': {0: [31]}, 'hangovers ever': {0: [32]},
        'ever died': {0: [33]},
'died alcoholic': {0: [34]},
'alcoholic fourtyfive': {0: [35]},
       'fourtyfive wonder': {0: [36]}, 'wonder caurse': {0: [37]}, 'caurse excessive': {0: [38]},
        'excessive indifferent': {0: [39]},
        'indifferent recklessness': {0: [40]},
        'recklessness someone': {0: [41]},
        'someone break': {0: [42]},
       'break heart': {0: [43]}, 'heart loose': {0: [44]},
        'loose faith': {0: [45]},
        'faith life': {0: [46]},
       'life yourself': {0: [47]},
        'yourself toasted': {0: [48]},
        'toasted night': {0: [49]},
        'night day': {0: [50]}, 'day black': {0: [51]},
        'black white': {0: [52]},
       'white life': {0: [53]},
'life death': {0: [54]},
'death ones': {0: [55]},
        'ones you': {0: [56]},
for key in list(biword_indexing.keys())[:10]:
     print(f"Word: {key}\nTweet & Token Indices: {biword_indexing[key]}\n")
      Word: thirteen years
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [0]}
      Word: years older
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [1]}
      Word: older hardly
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [2]}
      Word: hardly wiser
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [3]}
      Word: wiser return
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [4]}
      Word: return past
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [5]}
      Word: past find
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [6]}
      Word: find six
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [7]}
      Word: six months
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [8]}
      Word: months dead
      Tweet & Token Indices: {0: [9]}
def positional intersect(p1, p2, K):
    answer = list()
     i = 0
    j = 0
    while i < len(p1) and j < len(p2):
         document_id_p1 = list(p1.keys())[i]
         document_id_p2 = list(p2.keys())[j]
         if document_id_p1 == document_id_p2:
              1 = list()
              pp1 = p1[document_id_p1]
              pp2 = p2[document_id_p2]
              k = 0
              while k < len(pp1):
                   while m < len(pp2):
                        distance = pp2[m] - pp1[k]
                        if distance == K:
                             1.append(m)
```

```
m += 1

for ps in 1:
    distance = (pp2[ps] - pp1[k])
    if distance != K:
        1.remove(ps)

for ps in 1:
    answer.append((document_id_p1, pp1[k], pp2[ps]))
    k += 1

    i += 1
    j += 1

elif document_id_p1 < document_id_p2:
    i += 1
    else:
    j += 1

return answer</pre>
```

▼ K gram

```
def generate_k_grams(term, k):
    Generate K-grams for a given term.
    term = "#" + term + "#" # Add '#' at the start and end of the term
    k_grams = [term[i:i+k] for i in range(len(term)-k+1)]
    return k grams
def construct_kgram_biword_positional_posting_list(tokenized_corpus, k):
    biword_positional_index = dict()
    kgram_index = dict()
    for tweet_id, tweet in enumerate(tokenized_corpus):
        for token id, token in enumerate(tweet[:-1]): # iterate till second last token
           biword = token + ' ' + tweet[token_id + 1]
            k_grams = generate_k_grams(biword, k)
            for kg in k_grams:
               if kg not in kgram_index:
                   kgram_index[kg] = set()
                kgram_index[kg].add(biword)
                if biword not in biword_positional_index:
                    biword_positional_index[biword] = dict()
                if tweet_id not in biword_positional_index[biword]:
                    biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id] = list()
                biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id].append(token_id)
    for biword in biword positional index:
        for tweet_id in biword_positional_index[biword]:
            biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id] = sorted(biword_positional_index[biword][tweet_id])
        items = list(biword_positional_index[biword].items())
        items.sort(key=lambda x: x[0])
        for k, v in items:
           biword_positional_index[biword][k] = v
    return biword_positional_index, kgram_index
def retrieve wildcard postings(wildcard query, biword positional index, kgram index, k):
    Retrieve postings for a wildcard query using K-gram index.
    k_grams = generate_k_grams(wildcard_query, k)
    candidate_biwords = set()
    for kg in k_grams:
        if kg in kgram_index.keys():
           candidate_biwords.update(kgram_index[kg])
    result = dict()
    for biword in candidate_biwords:
        if wildcard_query in biword:
           result[biword] = biword_positional_index[biword]
    return result
```

```
corpus = list(df2['content'])
biword_index, kgram_index = construct_kgram_biword_positional_posting_list(corpus, k=3)
query = "student"
results = retrieve_wildcard_postings(query, biword_index, kgram_index, k=3)
print(results)
    def isMatchRecursive(s, p ,p1, p2):
   if p2 == len(p):
       return len(s) == p1
   if p[p2] != '*'
       if p1 < len(s) and (s[p1] == p[p2] or p[p2] == '?'):
          return isMatchRecursive(s, p,p1+1,p2+1)
       else:
          return False
       while p2< len(p)-1 and p[p2+1] == '*':
          p2 += 1
       p1 -= 1
       while p1< len(s):
          if isMatchRecursive(s,p,p1+1, p2+1):
              return True
          n1 += 1
   return False
def isMatch(s, p):
   return isMatchRecursive(s, p, 0 , 0)
pattern=input("Enter pattern for wild card: ")
for i in inverted_index:
   #print(i)
   if(isMatch(i,pattern)):
      print(i,"prensent in document", inverted_index[i])
    Enter pattern for wild card: te*er
    teacher prensent in document [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33
    teaher prensent in document [64]
    4
```

4. Retrieve relevant text using similarity index

```
import spacy
# load a pre-trained model
nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_md")
# define the text you want to compare against
query = "I am looking for a restaurant in New York City."
# define a list of candidate texts to compare against
str1="'
candidates= df2["content"]
for candidate in candidates:
  for i in candidate:
   str1=str1+i+"
# calculate the similarity scores between the query and each candidate
scores = []
for candidate in candidates:
    doc = nlp(str1)
    score = doc.similarity(nlp(query))
    scores.append(score)
# find the candidate with the highest similarity score
index = scores.index(max(scores))
most_similar_text = candidates[index]
print("Most similar text:", most_similar_text)
     Most similar text: ['thirteen', 'years', 'older', 'hardly', 'wiser', 'return', 'past', 'find', 'six', 'months', 'dead', 'still', 'a
```

▼ 5. Ranked Retrieval using tf-idf

```
DF = {}
for word in inverted_index.keys():
   DF[word] = len ([doc for doc in inverted_index[word]])
total_vocab_size = len(DF)
print(total_vocab_size)
     2979
from tqdm import tqdm
from collections import Counter
tf_idf = {} # Our data structure to store Tf-Idf weights
N = len(df2['content'])
for doc_id, tokens in tqdm(df2['content'].items()):
    counter = Counter(tokens)
   words_count = len(tokens)
   for token in np.unique(tokens):
       # Calculate Tf
       tf = counter[token] # Counter returns a tuple with each terms counts
       tf = 1+np.log(tf)
       # Calculate Idf
       if token in DF:
           df = DF[token]
       else:
           df = 0
       idf = np.log((N+1)/(df+1))
       # Calculate Tf-idf
       tf_idf[doc_id, token] = tf*idf
    100it [00:00, 843.57it/s]
import unicodedata
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
STOP_WORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))
WORD_MIN_LENGTH = 2 ## we'll drop all tokens with less than this size
def strip_accents(text):
    """Strip accents and punctuation from text.
   For instance: strip_accents("João e Maria, não entrem!")
   will return "Joao e Maria nao entrem '
   Parameters:
   text (str): Input text
   Returns:
   str: text without accents and punctuation
   nfkd = unicodedata.normalize('NFKD', text)
   newText = u"".join([c for c in nfkd if not unicodedata.combining(c)])
   return re.sub('[^a-zA-Z0-9 \\\']', ' ', newText)
def tokenize_text(text):
    """Make all necessary preprocessing of text: strip accents and punctuation,
   words with less than 2 chars.
   Parameters:
   text (str): Input text
   Returns:
   str: cleaned tokenized text
   text = strip_accents(text)
   text = re.sub(re.compile('\n'),' ',text)
   words = word_tokenize(text)
```

```
words = [word.lower() for word in words]
    words = [word for word in words if word not in STOP_WORDS and len(word) >= WORD_MIN_LENGTH]
def ranked_search(k, tf_idf_index, file_names, query):
    """Run ranked query search using tf-idf model.
    Parameters:
    k (int): number of results to return
    tf_idf_index (dict): Data Structure storing Tf-Idf weights to each
                        pair of (term,doc_id)
    file_names (list): List with names of files (books)
    query (txt): Query text
    Returns:
    Top-k names of books that matchs the query.
    tokens = tokenize_text(query)
    query weights = {}
    for doc_id, token in tf_idf:
       if token in tokens:
            query_weights[doc_id] = query_weights.get(doc_id, 0) + tf_idf_index[doc_id, token]
    \label{eq:query_weights} {\tt query\_weights.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)}
    results = []
    for i in query weights[:k]:
        results.append(file\_names[i[0]])
    return results
print(ranked_search(10, tf_idf, df2['content'], "teacher sitting in a class"))
     [['i', ''', 'm', 'sitting', 'class', 'eyes', 'close', 'hope', 'teacher', 'don', ''', 't', 'see', 'hope', 'don', ''', 't', 'see', 'b
```

Semantic matching

```
from nltk.corpus import wordnet as wn
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
def calculate_similarity(word1, word2):
    synsets1 = wn.synsets(word1)
    synsets2 = wn.synsets(word2)
    if not synsets1 or not synsets2:
       return 0.0
    \max sim = -1
    for synset1 in synsets1:
        for synset2 in synsets2:
            sim = wn.path_similarity(synset1, synset2)
             if sim is not None and sim > max_sim:
                max_sim = sim
    return max_sim
def semantic_matching(query):
    documents = inverted index
    scores = []
    query_tokens = word_tokenize(query)
    for document in documents:
        doc_tokens = word_tokenize(document)
        similarity_score = 0.0
        for query_token in query_tokens:
            max_sim = -1
             for doc_token in doc_tokens:
                 sim = calculate_similarity(query_token, doc_token)
                 if sim > max_sim:
                    max_sim = sim
             similarity_score += max_sim
        scores.append((document, similarity_score / len(query_tokens)))
    return scores
x=input("Enter query: ")
semantic_matching(x)
     Enter query: teacher
     [('i', 0.09090909090909091),
(''', 0.0),
('m', 0.09090909090909091),
      ('sitting', 0.09090909090909091),
      ('class', 0.09090909090909091),
      ('eyes', 0.125),
('close', 0.09090909090909091),
```

```
('hope', 0.166666666666666),
('teacher', 1.0),
('don', 0.5),
('t', 0.07142857142857142),
('see', 0.09090909090909091),
('bored', 0.09090909090909091),
('mind', 0.14285714285714285),
('falling', 0.09090909090909091),
('behind', 0.09090909090909091),
('cannot', 0.09090909090909091),
('concentrate', 0.111111111111111),
('came', 0.09090909090909091),
('late', 0.09090909090909091),
('although', 0.0),
('atthough', 0.0),
('time', 0.1),
('body', 0.1),
('mean', 0.09090909090909091),
('still', 0.09090909090909091),
('outside', 0.09090909090909091),
('toying' 0.09090909090909091)
('trying', 0.09090909090909091),
('hide', 0.09090909090909091),
('haven', 0.0833333333333333),
('used', 0.09090909090909091),
('yet', 0.09090909090909091),
('retain', 0.08333333333333),
('already', 0.09090909090909091),
('forget', 0.09090909090909091),
('walks', 0.0833333333333333),
('over', 0.2),
('mine', 0.09090909090909091),
('smile', 0.07692307692307693),
('gentle', 0.09090909090909091),
('one', 0.16666666666666666),
('that', 0.0),
('puts', 0.0833333333333333),
('hand', 0.125),
('sets', 0.111111111111111),
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('old', 0.09090909090909091),
('people', 0.1),
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('bold', 0.09090909090909091),
('stood', 0.083333333333333333)
('oppression', 0.07692307692307693),
```