MCA Semester-II Subject: Advanced Programming Technique-I [C++]

Practical Laboratory - 2

Topic/Unit: Class, Object, access specifier

Sr.	Write?	Task
1	*	Create a file person.cpp. In that file, create a class Person with following characteristics (data members): char name[10] char surname[10] int age char gender Add following behaviour/method (member functions) to the Person class. void setName (char nm[]); void setSurname (char snm[]); void setName (char nm[]); void setAge (int ag); void setGender (char gen); void show(); In main() function, create two objects 'ram' and 'rahim'. Demonstrate usage of
		member functions on the two objects ram and rahim. Also understand the meaning of 'message passing'.
2	*	- Add a method (behaviour) to the Person class: void setPerson(char nm[], char snm[], int ag, char gen); Let the setPerson() method utilize the services of previously defined methods- setName(), setSurname(), setAge() and setGender(). - Add a method to the Person class: void printFullName();
3	*	<pre>Create a class Student with data members: rollno, name, semester, c_marks, cpp_marks, java_marks, total_marks, percentage and grade. Add following behaviours to the Student class: void setStudent(int rno, char nm[], int sem, float cm, float cppm, float jm); void calculateTotalMarks(); void calculatePercentage(); void calculateGrade(); void showStudent(); Test following scenario for a Student object 'ram': Student ram; hardil.setStudent(22,"ram",2,45,46,45); hardil.calculateTotalMarks(); hardil.calculatePercentage(); hardil.calculateGrade(); hardil.showStudent();</pre> Test the above scenario for one more Student object 'mira'.

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4
        Create a class Employee with data members: empno, empname, gender,
        basic salary, da,
                               hra, monthly salary,
        yearly salary. (Assume suitable datatypes for the data members)
        Add following behaviours to the Student class:
             setEmployee(int eno, char enm[], char
                                                                    int
        bas sal);
        void calcDa();
        void calcHra();
        void calcMonthlySalary();
        void calcBonus();
        void calcYearlySalary();
        void show();
        Test following scenario for an Employee object 'ram':
        Employee krina;
        krina.setEmployee(19,"Krina S.",'F',20000);
        krina.calcDa();
        krina.calcHra();
        krina.calcMonthlySalary();
        krina.calcBonus();
        krina.calcYearlySalary();
        krina.show();
        Test the above scenario for one more object 'sham'.
        How much memory does the object sham occupy? How much memory does the
        object ram occupy? Why?
5
        Test the above Q.-4 for an array of Employees. Guideline scenario given below:
        const int N = 4;
        Employee emp arr[N];
        for (int i=0; i< N; i++)
            emp arr[i].setEmployee(....);
        }
        for (int i=0; i< N; i++)
            emp arr[i].calcDa();
            emp arr[i].calcHra();
            emp arr[i].calcMonthlySalary();
            emp arr[i].calcBonus();
            emp arr[i].calcYearlySalary();
        }
        cout<<endl<<"-----
        cout << endl << "-----";
        for (int i=0; i< N; i++)
            emp arr[i].show(); //show formatted output
```

		}
6	*	Add a member function to the class Employee: float getMonthlySalary(); < The method returns monthly salary. Using the getMonthlySalary(), find out the highest-earning and least-earning employees from the emp_arr array in the previous Q5.
7	*	<pre>Create a class Date with data members: int dd, int mm, int yyyy. Provide following member functions to the Date class: void setDD(int d); void setMM(int m); void setYYYY(int y); void set(int d, int m, int y); < let it take services of setDD(), setMM() and setYYYY(). int getDD(); int getMM(); int getYYYY(); void printShortDate(); void printLongDate(); int checkLeapYear(); //returns 1 if leap year, 0 otherwise int isValidDate(); //returns 1 if date is valid, 0 otherwise</pre>