FRAMING CRYPTOS IN CAPITAL MARKETS LEGISLATION — THE MICAR PROPOSAL

Filippo Annunziata



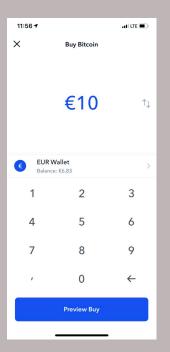


- CRIPTO-ASSETS:
- CRYPTO CURRENCIES (more than 2.000 see Advice Esma, 9.1.2019)
- TOKENS (ICOs)

1	B	Bitcoin BTC	4.471,19€	+5,89%	088.6B	Effettua transazioni
2	(Ethereum ETH	151,77€	+9,22%	018.0B	Effettua transazioni
3	\otimes	XRP XRP	0,32€	+7,39%	015.1B	Effettua transazioni
4	Ł	Litecoin LTC	77,87 €	+23,93%	05.4B	Effettua transazioni
5	#	Bitcoin Cash BCH	254,43€	+39,40%	05.1B	Effettua transazioni
6	Ø	Stellar Lumens XLM	0,11€	+8,61%	02.5B	Effettua transazioni
7		Ethereum Classic ETC	5,14€	+10,50%	0632.1M	Effettua transazioni
8	2	Zcash ZEC	65,81 €	+10,70%	0461.4M	Effettua transazioni
9		Basic Attention Token BAT	0,27€	+1,92%	0385.3M	Effettua transazioni
10	(5)	USD Coin USDC	0,89€	-0,34%	0256.4M	
11	3	0x ZRX	0,34€	+6,73%	0224.5M	Effettua transazioni

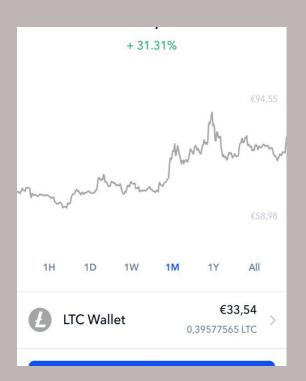
- PAYMENT TOKENS: outside capital markets regulation
- UTILITY TOKENS: outside capital markets regulation
- ASSET TOKENS: if financial instruments, included in the scope of MiFID and prospectus
- Other categories may exist under national law (ITALY FINANCIAL PRODCT; USA «Howey test»)

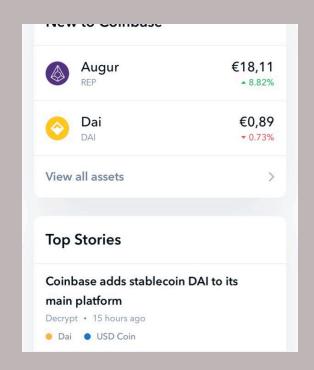


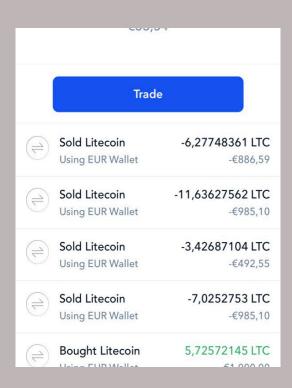


PLATFORMS

BUY and SELL BTC







LITECOIN

- information
- trading
- centralised

 UTILITY TOKENS AS WELL 	might be Financial instruments falling within the scope
of MiFID) if they are	

Traded on a MiFID trading venue

AND

Qualify as derivatives

PROPOSAL FOR A REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ON MARKETS IN CRYPTO-ASSETS (MICA)





Article 2

Scope and exemptions

- 1. This Regulation applies to entities engaged in the issuance of crypto-assets and services related to crypto-assets in the Union.
- 2. This Regulation shall not apply to crypto-assets that qualify as:
 - (a) financial instruments within the meaning of Article 4(1)(15) of Directive 2014/65/EU³⁰;
 - (b) electronic money within the meaning of Article 2(2) of Directive 2009/110/EC³¹, except if they qualify as an electronic money token under this Regulation;
 - (c) deposits within the meaning of Article 2(1)(3) of Directive $2014/49/EU^{32}$;
 - (d) structured deposits within the meaning of Article 4(1)(43) of Directive 2014/65/EU.
 - (e) securitisation within the meaning of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2402³³.

Chapter 2: authorisation and supervision of asset-referenced token issuers

Article 30

Authorisation as an issuer of asset-referenced tokens and approval of the initial whitepaper

- 1. A legal person which intends to offer asset-referenced tokens in the EU or seek their admission to trading on a trading platform for crypto-assets shall apply to the competent authority of its home Member State for authorisation as an issuer of asset-referenced tokens.
- 2. The application referred to in paragraph 1 shall include, in particular, the following information:
 - (a) the address of the prospective issuer of asset-referenced tokens;
 - (b) the legal status of the prospective issuer of asset-referenced tokens;
 - (c) the articles of association of the prospective issuer of asset-referenced tokens;
 - (d) a programme of operations setting out the business model that the issuer of assetreferenced tokens intends to carry out;
 - (e) a legal opinion that the proposed activity does not fall within the scope of other financial services legislation, such as those specified in Article 2(2);
 - (f) a description of the prospective issuer's governance arrangements;
 - (g) the identity of the members of the management body of the prospective issuer of asset-referenced tokens;
 - (h) proof that the persons referred to in point (g) are of good repute and possess appropriate knowledge and experience to manage the prospective issuer of asset-referenced tokens;
 - (i) where applicable, proof that natural persons who either own, directly or indirectly, more than 20% of the issuer's share capital or voting rights, or who